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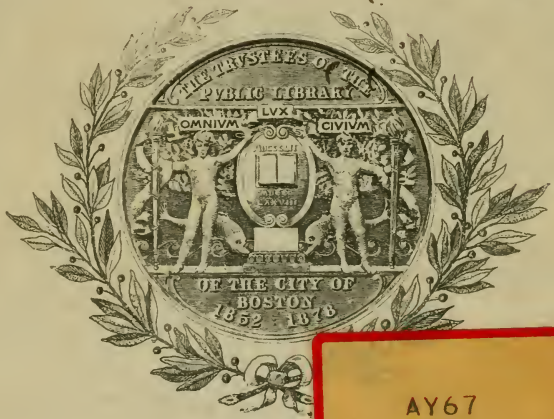

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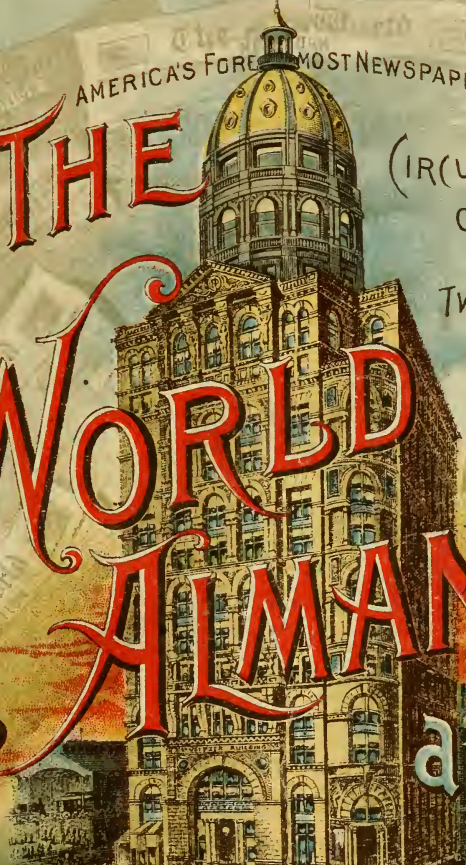

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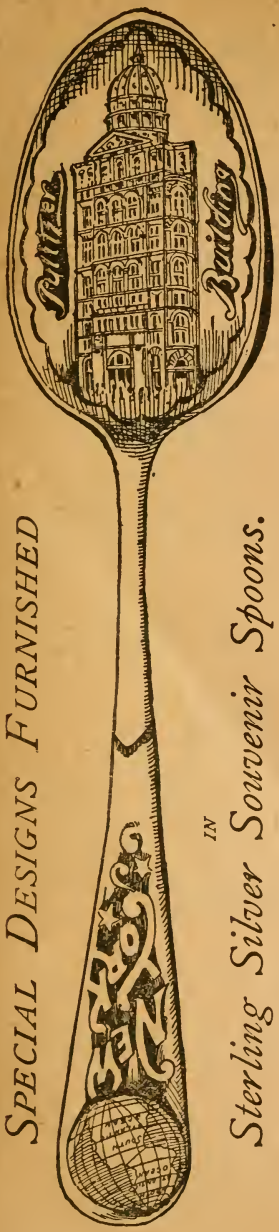

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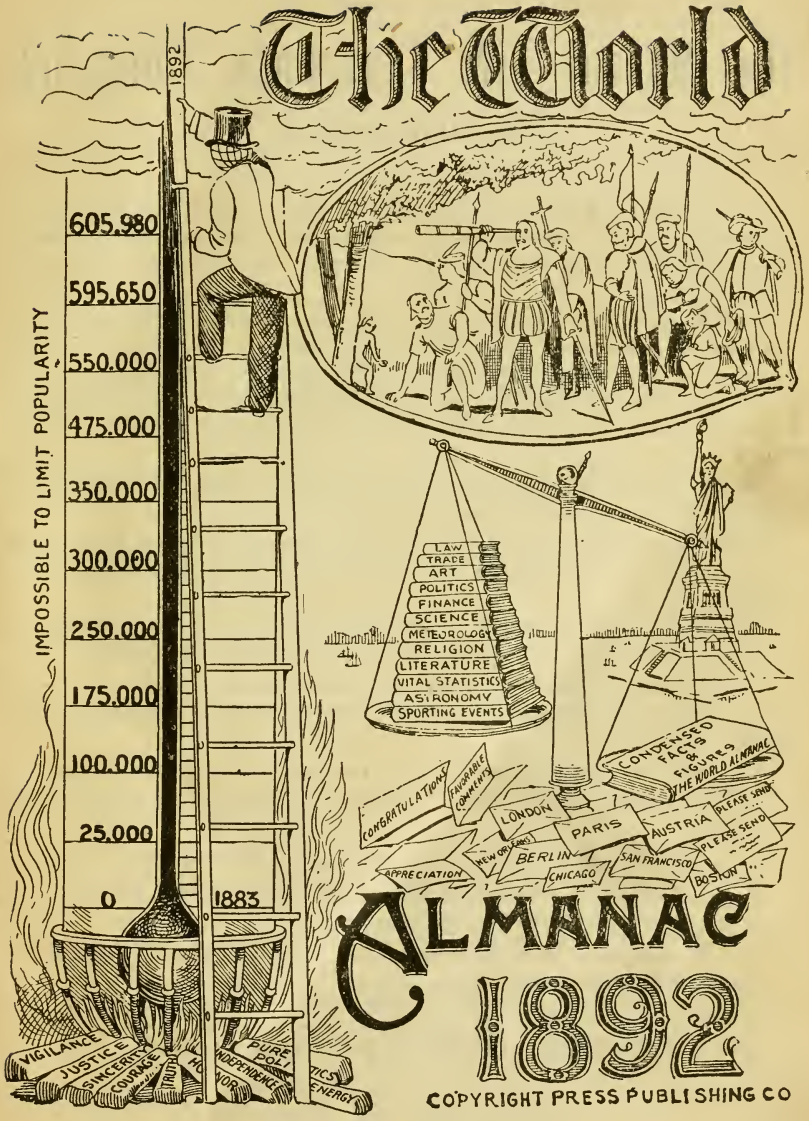

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PREFACE.

THE enlargement of THE WORLD ALMANAC to a size unprecedented in the experience of newspaper annuals is in response to the solicitation of a great number of its users for a still more comprehensive and varied presentation of the facts of the time A very important and pressing demand has come from a class whose wishes have always been law in THE WORLD Office—its home clientage—for a department of local information in the ALMANAC. To meet this requirement, some forty pages have been bestowed upon a directory of places and official personages of the great city, embellished by a series of fine tinted maps in the best style of the engraver's art.

Other important topics have contributed to the enlargement of the ALMANAC. This issue appears in the year of the great quadrennial contest for the Presidency, and special consideration has been given to the desire of the public for such facts and figures as will help to a clear understanding of the issues involved in the election, and the methods and machinery by which the people's will is carried into effect. Recognition is also given in the ALMANAC this year to the growing interest among intelligent Americans in the affairs of foreign countries and in the persons who are conspicuous in directing them. When the newspapers of our day devote so large a share of their space to happenings abroad, it would seem that a want exists for statistical information of other lands that the ALMANAC should supply. Our reading public has become almost as familiar with the incidents of English life as with our own, and this has induced the insertion in the ALMANAC of several pages of information about Great Britain, its possessions and its people.

It will be seen that some part of the increase in the bulk of the ALMANAC is due to a liberal reproduction in its pages of the figures of the Census Report of 1890, so far as they have been made public. Everything of interest available at the time the ALMANAC goes to press has been used. Disappointment will naturally be felt that greater progress has not been made by the Government in the publication of the statistics gathered by the census takers. The census announcements to the present time have been largely fragmentary in their character, and the results of the inquiry into such important subjects as manufactures, transportation, agricultural productions and population by age, sex and occupation have been but meagrely reported, or not reported at all. This must be the explanation for the absence of these statistics from the pages of the ALMANAC this year.

It is believed that no matter of acute interest to the public has been overlooked in this year's issue. Articles specially written for the ALMANAC on the World's Columbian Exposition, the building of our new navy, and scientific progress in 1891, appear. The statement of the laws governing marriage and divorce has been revised to date. Pains have been taken to improve and widen the permanent departments of information, particularly those of education, sports, meteorology and astronomical phenomena. The latter is a special feature of THE WORLD ALMANAC—the work of an expert of the highest qualifications—and is unequalled by any other American annual of the kind.

In seeking for information for the ALMANAC, neither labor nor expense has been spared, and the greater part of the matter presented is original. The editor has not, however, hesitated to draw upon the best sources of information for statistics and facts regarding foreign nations, and his acknowledgments are due to Whitaker's admirable publication and to the Almanach de Gotha for much interesting matter. Quotations have also been made from Mr. Mulhall's new Dictionary of Statistics. The old rule is faithfully observed in the ALMANAC of giving credit for all important selected matter. It is regretted that similar fairness is not accorded to THE WORLD ALMANAC by some other annuals. The publication issued by another New-York daily newspaper is a flagrant sinner in this respect. THE WORLD ALMANAC has been from the beginning the common raiding ground of unscrupulous book-makers. Attention is directed to the fact that its contents are copyrighted. No proper request for permission to use its original matter will be refused, when due acknowledgment is to be printed with it.

THE WORLD ALMANAC has now an established position among statistical annuals. Its circulation is co-extensive with the planet. It has received commendation from such wide extremes as Iceland and Western Australia. It is known to be welcomed equally in the home of a great English scholar and the domestic circle of the Grand Turk. THE WORLD ALMANAC, grateful for this appreciation, is also mindful of the fallibility of the human brain and eye. Sources of information are sometimes at fault, and, typographically speaking, there are five million figures and letters in the ALMANAC. Errors are inevitable under such conditions. But the utmost that human endeavor can accomplish has been done to secure accuracy and completeness, and the editor can only reiterate his request that such errors and omissions as may be discovered will be kindly pointed out.

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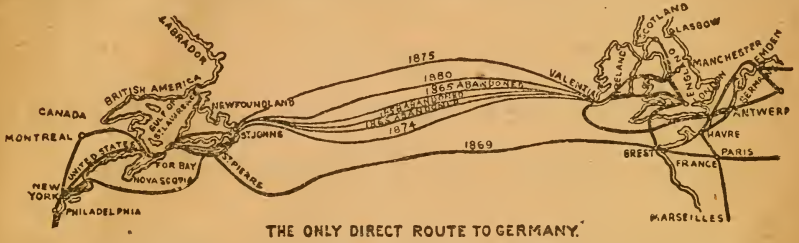

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THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR 1892.

THE astronomical calculations in this Almanac are expressed in local *mean time*, and were specially prepared for it by J. Morrison, M.D., Ph.D., of the Nautical Almanac Office, Navy Department, Washington, D. C.

The Year 1892

(being bissextile, or leap year) corresponds to the year 7400–01 of the Byzantine era; to 5652–53 of the Jewish era, the year 5653 beginning at sunset on September 21; to 1309–10 of the Mohammedan era, the year 1310 beginning on July 26; to 2645 of the foundation of Rome, according to Varro; and to 2552 of the Japanese era, or to the 25th of the period entitled Meiji. The 117th year of the independence of the United States begins July 4.

Chronological Cycles.

Dominical Letter	C.B.	Lunar Cycle, or Golden Number	12	Roman Indiction	5
Epact	1	Solar Cycle	25	Julian Period	6605

Astronomical Days and Years.

The interval between two consecutive transits of a fixed star over any meridian or the interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution on its axis is called a *Sidereal* Day, and is invariable, while the interval between two consecutive transits of the Sun over any meridian is called an *Apparent* Solar Day, and its length varies from day to day by reason of the variable motion of the earth in its orbit, and the inclination of this orbit to the equator, on which time is measured.

A *Mean* Solar Day is the average or mean of all the apparent solar days in a year. *Mean Solar Time* is that shown by a well-regulated clock or watch, while *Apparent Solar Time* is that shown by a well-constructed sun dial; the difference between the two at any time is the "*Equation of Time*," and may amount to 16 minutes and 21 seconds. The Astronomical Day begins at noon and the Civil Day at the preceding midnight. The Sidereal and Mean Solar Days are both invariable, but one day of the latter is equal to 1 day, 3 minutes and 56.555 seconds of the former.

The interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution round the Sun is called a *Sidereal Year*, and consists of 365 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes and 9.6 seconds, which is invariable.

The Tropical Year is the interval between two consecutive returns of the Sun to the Vernal Equinox. If this were a fixed point, the Sidereal and Tropical Years would be identical; but in consequence of the disturbing influence of the moon and planets on the spheroidal figure of the earth, the Equinox has a slow retrograde mean motion of 50.26" annually, so that the Sun returns to the Equinox sooner every year than he otherwise would by 20 minutes, 23.6 seconds; the Tropical Year, therefore, consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 46 seconds. The Tropical Year is not of uniform length; it is now slowly decreasing at the rate of 0.595 seconds per century, but this variation will not always continue. A Julian Year, established by Julius Cæsar, in B.C. 46, consists of 365¼ Mean Solar Days, which exceeds the Tropical Year by 11 minutes and 14 seconds.

The Gregorian Year was introduced in 1582 by Pope Gregory XIII., with the view of keeping the Equinox to the same day of the month. It consists of 365 days, but every year, exactly divisible by 4, and the centennial years, which are exactly divisible by 400 and 4,000, contain 366 days, by which arbitrary division the error in the Gregorian system will amount only to one day in about 100,000 years. The length of the mean Gregorian Year may, therefore, be set down at 365 days, 5 hours, 49 minutes, 12 seconds. The Gregorian Calendar was introduced into England and her colonies in 1752, at which date the Equinox had retrograded 11 days since the Council of Nice in A.D. 325, when the festival of Easter was established and the Equinox occurred on March 21; and hence, September 3, 1752, was called the 14th, and at the same time the commencement of the legal year was changed from March 25 to January 1, so that the year 1751 lost the months of January and February, and the first 24 days of March. The difference between the Julian and Gregorian Calendars is now 12 days. The former is still used in Russia.

In the monthly calendars the times of rising and setting of the sun are for the *upper limb*, and of the moon for the *centre*. Refraction and parallax have been taken into account in both cases. Although computed for Boston, New-York, Washington and Charleston, they will serve, with sufficient accuracy, for all ordinary purposes for all other places situated on or near the same parallel of latitude.

Memoranda for the Year 1892.

January.

1 Friday.
3 ii. Sunday after Xmas.
6 Epiphany.
10 i. Sunday after Epiph.
17 ii. Sunday " "
24 iii. Sunday " "
31 iv. Sunday " "

February.

1 Monday.
7 v. Sunday after Epiph.
14 Septuagesima Sunday.
21 Sexagesima " "
28 Quinquagesima " "

March.

1 Shrove Tu. (Mardi-Gras)
2 Ash Wednesday.
6 i. Sunday in Lent.
13 ii. " " "
20 iii. " " "
27 iv. " " "

April.

1 Friday.
3 v. Sunday in Lent.
10 Palm Sunday.
15 Good Friday.
17 Easter Sunday.
23 St. George's Day.
24 Low Sunday.

May.

1 ii. Sunday after Easter.
8 iii. Sunday " "
15 iv. Sunday " "
22 Rogation Sunday.
26 Ascension Day.
29 Sunday after Ascension.

June.

1 Wednesday.
5 Whitsun Day.
12 Trinity Sunday.
16 Corpus Christi.
19 i. Sunday after Trinity.
24 St. John Baptist.

July.

1 Friday.
3 ii. Sunday aft. Trinity.
10 iii. Sunday " "
17 iv. Sunday " "
24 v. Sunday " "
31 vi. Sunday " "

August.

1 Monday.
7 vii. Sunday aft. Trinity.
14 viii. Sunday " "
21 ix. Sunday " "
28 x. Sunday " "

September.

1 Thursday.
4 xi. Sunday aft. Trinity.
11 xii. Sunday " "
18 xiii. Sunday " "
25 xiv. Sunday " "

October.

1 Saturday.
2 xv. Sunday aft. Trinity.
9 xvi. Sunday " "
16 xvii. Sunday " "
23 xviii. Sunday " "
30 xix. Sunday " "

November.

1 Tuesday.
6 xx. Sunday aft. Trinity
13 xxi. Sunday " "
20 xxii. Sunday " "
27 i Sunday in Advent
30 St. Andrew's Day.

December.

1 Thursday.
4 ii. Sunday in Advent.
11 iii. Sunday " "
18 iv. Sunday " "
21 St. Thomas's Day.
25 Christmas.
27 St. John Evangelist.

Principal Elements of the Solar System.

Name.	Mean Distance, From Sun Millions of Miles.	Sidereal Period, Days.	Orbit Velocity, Miles per Second.	Mean Diameter, Miles.	Mass. Earth = 1.	Volume. Earth = 1.	Density. Earth = 1.	Gravity at Surface. Earth = 1.
Sun	.....	.....	.....	866,400	331100	1310000	0.25	27.65
Mercury...	36.0	87.969	23 to 35	3,030	0.125	0.056	2.23	0.85
Venus... .	67.2	224.701	21.9	7,700	0.78	0.92	0.86	0.83
Earth.	92.9	365.256	18.5	7,918	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Mars	141.5	686.950	15.0	4,230	0.107	0.152	0.72	0.38
Jupiter....	483.3	4332.58	8.1	86,500	316.0	1309	0.24	2.65
Saturn. ...	886.0	10759.22	6.0	71,000	94.9	721	0 13	1.18
Uranus	1781.9	30686.82	4.2	31,900	14.7	65	0.22	0.91
Neptune...	2791.6	60181.11	3.4	34,800	17.1	85	0.20	0.88

The number of asteroids discovered up to present date is 321. A number of these small planets have not been observed since their discovery, and are practically lost. Consequently it is now sometimes a matter of doubt, until the elements have been computed, if the supposed new planet is really new, or only an old one rediscovered.

It is supposed that *a* Centauri, one of the brightest stars of the Southern hemisphere, is the nearest of the fixed stars to the earth. The researches on its parallax by Henderson and Maclear gave it for its distance from the earth, in round numbers, 20,000,000,000,000 of miles. At the inconceivably rapid rate at which light is propagated through space, it would require three years and three months to reach the earth from this star.—*Whitaker.*

Leap Year.

The year 1892 is *bissextile*, or *leap* year, and contains 366 days.

Julius Cæsar, in B.C. 45, was the first to reform the calendar by ordering that every year whose date number is exactly divisible by 4 contain 366 days, and all other years 365 days. The intercalary day was introduced by counting the *sixth* day before the Kalends of March *twice*; hence the name bissextile, from bis, twice, and sex, six. He also changed the beginning of the year from 1st of March to the 1st of January, and also changed the name of the fifth month (Quintilis) to July, after himself. The average length of the Julian year is therefore 365¼ days, which, however, is too long by 11 minutes and 14 seconds, and this would accumulate in 400 years to about three days. The Julian Calendar continued in use until A. D. 1582, when the date of the beginning of the seasons occurred 11 days later than in B. C. 45, when this mode of reckoning time was introduced; and in order to rectify this discrepancy Pope Gregory reformed the Julian Calendar by ordering that every year whose number is exactly divisible by 4 contain 366 days, except the centurial years, and that the centurial years exactly divisible by 400 also contain 366 days, and all other years 365 days. He also added on the 10 days by which the Julian and true calendars differed, thus making the vernal equinox occur on or near the 21st of March in every year thereafter. Russia and the Greek Church still use the Julian Calendar for civil and ecclesiastical purposes.

The French Revolutionary Era.

In September, 1793, the convention decreed that the common era should be abolished in all civil affairs, and that the new French era should begin on September 22, 1792, the day of the true autumnal equinox, and that each succeeding year should begin at the midnight of the day on which the true autumnal equinox falls. The year was divided into twelve months of 30 days each. In ordinary years there were five extra days, from the 17th to the 21st of our September, and at the end of every fourth year was a sixth complementary day. This reckoning was first used on November 22, 1793, and was continued until December 31, 1805, when it was discontinued, and the Gregorian calendar, used throughout the rest of Europe, was resumed. The following were the dates for the year 1804, the last complete year of this style of reckoning:

Vendémiaire	(Vintage),	Sept. 23 to Oct. 22.	Germinal	(Budding),	Mar. 22 to April 21.
Brumaire	(Foggy),	Oct. 23 to Nov. 22.	Floréal	(Flowery),	April 21 to May 20.
Frimaire	(Sleety),	Nov. 22 to Dec. 21.	Prairial	(Pasture),	May 21 to June 20.
Nivôse	(Snowy),	Dec. 22 to Jan. 21.	Messidor	(Harvest),	June 20 to July 19.
Pluviôse	(Rainy),	Jan. 21 to Feb. 20.	Thermidor	(Hot),	July 20 to Aug. 19.
Ventôse	(Windy),	Feb. 20 to Mar. 19.	Fructidor	(Fruit),	Aug. 19 to Sept. 18.

The months were divided into three decades of ten days each, but to make up the 365, five were added at the end of September; Primidi, dedicated to Virtue; Duodi, to Genius; Tridi, to Labor; Quartidi, to Opinion; and Quintidi, to Rewards. To Leap Year, called Olympic, a sixth day, September 22 or 23, Sextidi, "the day of the Revolution," was added.

The current French names of the months are: Janvier (January), Février (February), Mars (March), Avril, (April), Mai (May), Juin (June), Juillet (July), Août (August), Septembre (September), Octobre (October), Novembre (November), Décembre (December).

The days of the week are: Dimanche (Sunday), Lundi (Monday), Mardi (Tuesday), Mercredi (Wednesday), Jeudi (Thursday), Vendredi (Friday), Samedi (Saturday).

Large Telescopes in the United States in 1892.

REFRACTING TELESCOPES.

In the table which follows, only refracting telescopes of six inches aperture and upward are included.

Observatory or College.	Aperture.	Maker.
	Inches.	
Univ. of California, Berkeley, Cal.	6	Clark.
Bowdoin College, Brunswick, Me.	6	Wray.
Chamberlain Obs., Denver, Col...	6	Brashear.
Knox College, Galesburg, Ill.....	6	Clark.
Lyons, N. Y., Mr. Veeder.....	6	.....
High School Obs., Philadelphia, Pa	6	Merz.
Univ. of the Pacific, San José, Cal	6	Clark.
Hathorn Obs., Saratoga, N. Y....	6	Clark.
Swarthmore College, Pa.....	6	Clark.
Normal School, Baltimore, Md...	6	.....
Tarrytown, N. Y., Mr. Rockwell..	6¼	Hastings.
Bates College, Lewiston, Me.....	6¼	Fitz.
Lick Obs., Mt. Hamilton, Cal.....	6½	Clark.
Davidson Obs., S. Francisco, Cal..	6 2-5	Clark.
Washington Univ., St. Louis, Mo.	6½	Clark.
Lawrence Obs., Amherst, Mass...	7¼	Clark.
U. S. Nav. Acad., Annapolis, Md.	7¾	Clark.
Boston University, Boston, Mass..	7¼	Clacey.
Univ. of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.	7½	Merz.
Hamburg, N. Y., Mr. Fish.....	7½	Clark.
Hopkins Obs., Williamstown, Mass	7⅝	Clark.
Allegheny Coll., Meadville, Pa...	7	Clark.
Boswell Obs., Crete, Neb.....	8	Clark.
Holden Obs., Univ., Syracuse, N. Y	8	Clark.
Iowa Coll. Obs., Grinnell, Ia.....	8	Clark.
Univ. of Alabama, Tuscaloosa, Ala	8	Simms.
Winchester Obs., Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.....	8	Clark.
Williston Obs., S. Hadley, Mass..	8	Clark.
Fall River High School, Mass.....	8	Clark.
Seagrave Obs., Providence, R. I..	8¼	.....
Carleton College, Northfield, Minn	8¼	Clark.
Chabot Obs., Oakland, Cal.....	8½	Clark.
Hobart College, Geneva, N. Y....	8¾	Fitz.
Alfred Obs., Alfred, N. Y.....	9	Fitz.
Parkhurst Obs., Brooklyn, N. Y...	9	Fitz.
Shattuck Obs., Dartmouth Coll., N. H.....	9¼	Clark.
Halsted Obs., Princeton, N. J.....	9½	Clark.
Smith Obs., Beloit Coll., Wis.....	9½	Clark.
Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, Md.....	9½	Hastings.
McKim Obs., De Pauw Univ., Ind.	9½	Clark.
High School, Hartford, Conn.....	9½	Clark.
Naval Obs., Washington, D. C....	9 3-5	Merz.
U. S. Military Acad., West Pt., N. Y.	9 4-5	Fitz.
Haverford Coll., Haverford, Pa...	10	Clark.
Underwood Obs., Lawrence Univ., Wis.....	10	Clark.
Bucknell Coll. Obs., Lewisburg, Pa.	10	Clark.
Smith Obs., Geneva, N. Y.....	10¼	Clacey.
Franklin & Marshall Coll. Obs., Pa	11	Clark.
Cincinnati Obs., Cincinnati, O....	11¼	Merz.
Wesleyan Univ., Middletown, Conn.....	11½	Clark.
Kenwood Phys. Obs., Chicago, Ill.	12 1-5	Brashear.
Lick Obs., Mt. Hamilton, Cal.....	12	Clark.
Ladd Obs., Brown Univ., Providence, R. I.....	12	Clark.
Morrison Obs., Glasgow, Mo.....	12¼	Clark.
Vassar Coll. Obs., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.....	12¼	Clark.
Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.	12 2-5	Fitz.
Columbia Coll., New-York City...	13	Fitz.
Dudley Obs., Albany, N. Y.....	13	Fitz.
Allegheny Obs., Allegheny, Pa...	13	Fitz.
Litchfield Obs., Clinton, N. Y....	13½	Spencer & Eaton.
Harvard Univ., Cambridge, Mass.	15	Merz.
Washburn Obs., Madison, Wis....	15½	Clark.
Warner Obs., Rochester, N. Y....	16	Clark.
Carleton Coll. Obs., Northfield, Minn.....	16 1-5	Clark.
Dearborn Obs., Evanston, Ill.....	18½	Clark.
Chamberlain Obs., Denver, Col....	20	Clark.
Halsted Obs., Princeton, N. J.....	23	Clark.
Naval Obs., Washington, D. C....	26	Clark.
Univ. of Virginia, Charlottesville..	26	Clark.
Lick Obs., Mt. Hamilton, Cal.....	36	Clark.

The telescopes in this list are mounted equatorially and are moved by clockwork, so as to follow a star in its diurnal motion across the sky. Many of the observatories above named have also transit telescopes of from three to eight inches aperture. These move in the plane of the meridian only and are furnished with all the appliances for making accurate observations of any celestial body when it is crossing the meridian—the most favorable position it can be in for that purpose.

SILVER-ON-GLASS REFLECTORS.

Besides the preceding list of refracting telescopes, there is in the possession of observatories, colleges and private persons a large number of silver-on-glass reflectors from four to twenty-eight inches aperture. These are fully equal to refractors in many respects, as they show bodies in their natural color, there being no decomposition of light or secondary spectrum, as in the case of refractors; but, on the other hand, they are not as convenient for the general purposes of practical astronomy.

The Lick Observatory possesses the largest telescope of the refracting kind in the world, but the Harvard University Observatory is the best equipped for all astronomical work. For some time, Yale University, at New-Haven, Conn., has been credited with having a refractor of twenty-eight inches aperture, but the fact is the glass disks for the object glass have not yet been procured, and the forty-inch telescope reported to be making for the University of Southern California has not yet been contracted for, and probably never will be, as it is next to impossible to procure suitable glass disks of that size.

The largest reflecting telescope in the world is Lord Rosse's, in Ireland, and next to it is the great Melbourne reflector of silver-on-glass. Russia possesses the largest refracting telescope in Europe; it is of thirty inches aperture, and was made by Clark, and the next largest in Europe is the Vienna refractor, made by Grubb. The three most celebrated makers of large refractors are Clark, of Cambridgeport, Mass.; Grubb, of Dublin, Ireland, and Cooke, of York, England.

The Ancient and Modern Year.

The Athenians began the year in June, the Macedonians in September, the Romans first in March and afterward in January, the Persians on August 11, the ancient Mexicans on February 23, the Mohammedans in July.

The Chinese year, which begins early in February, is similar to the Mohammedan in having 12 months of 29 and 30 days alternately.; but in every nineteen years there are seven years which have 13 months. This is not quite correct, and the Chinese have therefore formed a cycle of 60 years, in which period 22 intercalary months occur.

Table of Days Between Two Dates.

A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS BETWEEN ANY TWO DAYS WITHIN TWO YEARS.

Day Mo.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	1	32	60	91	121	152	182	213	244	274	305	335
2	2	33	61	92	122	153	183	214	245	275	306	336
3	3	34	62	93	123	154	184	215	246	276	307	337
4	4	35	63	94	124	155	185	216	247	277	308	338
5	5	36	64	95	125	156	186	217	248	278	309	339
6	6	37	65	96	126	157	187	218	249	279	310	340
7	7	38	66	97	127	158	188	219	250	280	311	341
8	8	39	67	98	128	159	189	220	251	281	312	342
9	9	40	68	99	129	160	190	221	252	282	313	343
10	10	41	69	100	130	161	191	222	253	283	314	344
11	11	42	70	101	131	162	192	223	254	284	315	345
12	12	43	71	102	132	163	193	224	255	285	316	346
13	13	44	72	103	133	164	194	225	256	286	317	347
14	14	45	73	104	134	165	195	226	257	287	318	348
15	15	46	74	105	135	166	196	227	258	288	319	349
16	16	47	75	106	136	167	197	228	259	289	320	350
17	17	48	76	107	137	168	198	229	260	290	321	351
18	18	49	77	108	138	169	199	230	261	291	322	352
19	19	50	78	109	139	170	200	231	262	292	323	353
20	20	51	79	110	140	171	201	232	263	293	324	354
21	21	52	80	111	141	172	202	233	264	294	325	355
22	22	53	81	112	142	173	203	234	265	295	326	356
23	23	54	82	113	143	174	204	235	266	296	327	357
24	24	55	83	114	144	175	205	236	267	297	328	358
25	25	56	84	115	145	176	206	237	268	298	329	359
26	26	57	85	116	146	177	207	238	269	299	330	360
27	27	58	86	117	147	178	208	239	270	300	331	361
28	28	59	87	118	148	179	209	240	271	301	332	362
29	29	..	88	119	149	180	210	241	272	302	333	363
30	30	..	89	120	150	181	211	242	273	303	334	364
31	31	..	90	...	151	...	212	243	...	304	...	365

Day Mo.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1	366	397	425	456	486	517	547	578	609	639	670	700
2	367	398	426	457	487	518	548	579	610	640	671	701
3	368	399	427	458	488	519	549	580	611	641	672	702
4	369	400	428	459	489	520	550	581	612	642	673	703
5	370	401	429	460	490	521	551	582	613	643	674	704
6	371	402	430	461	491	522	552	583	614	644	675	705
7	372	403	431	462	492	523	553	584	615	645	676	706
8	373	404	432	463	493	524	554	585	616	646	677	707
9	374	405	433	464	494	52	555	586	617	647	678	708
10	375	406	434	465	495	526	556	587	618	648	679	709
11	376	407	435	466	496	527	557	588	619	649	680	710
12	377	408	436	467	497	528	558	589	620	650	681	711
13	378	409	437	468	498	529	559	590	621	651	682	712
14	379	410	438	469	499	530	560	591	622	652	683	713
15	380	411	439	470	500	531	561	592	623	653	684	714
16	381	412	440	471	501	532	562	593	624	654	685	715
17	382	413	441	472	502	533	563	594	625	655	686	716
18	383	414	442	473	503	534	564	595	626	656	687	717
19	384	415	443	474	504	535	565	596	627	657	688	718
20	385	416	444	475	505	536	566	597	628	658	689	719
21	386	417	445	476	506	537	567	598	629	659	690	720
22	387	418	446	477	507	538	568	599	630	660	691	721
23	388	419	447	478	508	539	569	600	631	661	692	722
24	389	420	448	479	509	540	570	601	632	662	693	723
25	390	421	449	480	510	541	571	602	633	663	694	724
26	391	422	450	481	511	542	572	603	634	664	695	725
27	392	423	451	482	512	543	573	604	635	665	696	726
28	393	424	452	483	513	544	574	605	636	666	697	727
29	394	...	453	484	514	545	575	606	637	667	698	728
30	395	...	454	485	515	546	576	607	638	668	699	729
31	396	...	455	...	516	...	577	608	...	669	...	730

The above table applies to ordinary years only. For leap year, one day must be added to each number of days after February 28.

EXAMPLE.—To find the number of days between June 3, 1892, and February 16, 1893. The figures opposite the third day in the first June column are 154; those opposite the sixteenth day in the second February column are 412. Subtract the first from the second product—*i.e.*, 154 from 412, and the result is 258, the number of days between the two dates.

Specific Gravity

COMPARED WITH WATER.

Liquids.		*Timber.*		*Sundries.*		*Metals and Stones.*	
Water	100	Cork	24	Indigo	77	Granite	278
Sea water	103	Poplar	38	Ice	92	Diamond	353
Dead Sea	124	Fir	55	Gunpowder	93	Zinc	719
Alcohol	84	Cedar	61	Butter	94	Cast Iron	721
Olive oil	92	Pear	66	Clay	120	Tin	729
Turpentine	99	Walnut	67	Coal	130	Bar iron	779
Wine	100	Cherry	72	Opium	134	Steel	783
Urine	101	Maple	75	Honey	145	Copper	869
Cider	102	Apple	79	Ivory	183	Brass	840
Beer	102	Ash	84	Sulphur	203	Silver	1,051
Woman's milk	102	Beech	85	Porcelain	226	Lead	1,135
Cow's "	103	Mahogany	106	Marble	270	Mercury	1,357
Goat's "	104	Oak	117	Chalk	279	Gold	1,926
Porter	104	Ebony	133	Glass	289	Platina	1,950

Explanation of Astronomical Symbols

USED IN THE FOLLOWING PAGES OF ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA.

Two heavenly bodies are in "conjunction" (☌) when they have the same *Right Ascension*, or are on the *same meridian*, *i.e.*, when one is due *north* or *south* of the other; if the bodies are near each other as seen from the earth, they will rise and set at the same time; they are in "opposition" (☍) when in opposite quarters of the heavens, or when one rises just as the other is setting. "Quadrature" is half way between conjunction and opposition. By "greatest elongation" is meant the greatest apparent *angular* distance from the sun; the planet is then generally most favorably situated for observation. Mercury can only be seen with the naked eye at this time. When a planet is in its "ascending" (☊) or "descending (☋) node" it is crossing the plane of the earth's orbit. The term "perihelion" means nearest, and "aphelion" farthest, from the sun. An "occultation" of a planet or star is an eclipse of it by some other body, usually the moon. There will be several such phenomena this year, and four of them will be visible by the aid of an opera-glass or small telescope. See Occultations on page 19.

Astronomical Phenomena for the Year 1892.

ASTRONOMICAL SIGNS AND SYMBOLS.

☉	The Sun.	♂	Mars.	☌	Conjunction.
☾	The Moon.	♃	Jupiter.	□	Quadrature.
☿	Mercury.	♄	Saturn.	☍	Opposition.
♀	Venus.	♅	Uranus.	☊	Ascending Node.
⊕	The Earth.	♆	Neptune.	☋	Descending Node.

I. Eclipses.

In the year 1892 there will be four Eclipses, two of the Sun and two of the Moon.

1. A Total Eclipse of the Sun, April 26, invisible in North America, visible as a Partial Eclipse in New Zealand, the islands of the South Pacific, Chili and the western portions of Peru and Ecuador. The path of the Total Eclipse lies wholly in the South Pacific Ocean.

2. A Partial Eclipse of the Moon, May 11, partly visible along the eastern coast of North America, the Moon rising a few minutes before the end of the Eclipse.

	Boston.	New-York.	Washington.	Charleston.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Eclipse ends	8 2.5 P.M.	7 41.1 P.M.	7 28.8 P.M	7 17.8 P.M.

Magnitude of the Eclipse, 0.959 (Moon's diameter = 1).

3. A Partial Eclipse of the Sun, October 20, visible in the whole of North America except on the western coast of Alaska, Oregon, California, Arizona and the western half of Mexico.

	Boston.	New-York.	Albany.	Washington.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Eclipse begins	12 22.2 P.M.	12 9.9 P.M.	12 7.7 P.M.	11 57.2 A.M.
Eclipse ends	3 23.0 P.M.	3 11.0 P.M.	3 8.7 P.M.	2 57.7 P.M.

	Charleston.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Denver.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Eclipse begins	11 56.1 A.M.	10 58.9 A.M.	10 53.5 A.M.	9 50.2 A.M.
Eclipse ends	2 51.6 P.M.	1 50.9 P.M.	1 39.0 P.M.	11 53.4 A.M.

The point of contact at beginning is 33° 39′ from the north limb toward the west.

4. A Total Eclipse of the Moon, November 4, invisible in North America except in the northwestern portion.

II. Occultations.

During the year 1892 all the primary planets except Neptune will be occulted by the Moon: Mercury once, Venus twice, Mars twice, Jupiter eight times, Saturn three times and Uranus nine times, but of these only the two of Mars, one of Saturn and one of Uranus are visible at New-York and Washington, as shown in the following table:

Date.	Planet.	New-York.		Washington.	
		Immersion.	Emersion.	Immersion.	Emersion.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
April 12-13	Uranus	12 4.6 A.M.	1 29.2 A.M.	11 48 P.M.	1 14 A.M.
July 11-12	Mars	11 25.6 P.M.	12 27.9 A.M.	11 5 P.M.	12 7 A.M.
September 4	Mars	1 25.3 A.M.	2 26.8 A.M.	1 22 A.M.	2 6 A.M.
November 15	Saturn	3 26.1 A.M.	4 31.5 A.M.	3 19 A.M.	4 8 A.M.

III. Planetary Configurations.

(Expressed in New-York Mean Time.)

	D.	H.	M.			
Jan.	1	9	36	P.M.	♀ ♀ ☾	
	2	4	42	P.M.	⊕	in perihelion.
	3	9	28	A.M.	♀	great. hel. lat. south.
	4	11	12	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾	
	8	9	28	A.M.	☿	stationary.
	10	12	28	P.M.	♄	stationary.
	19	5	12	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾	
	19	3	2	P.M.	☿	greatest elongation west 24° 16′.
	24	7	19	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾	
	26	6	12	A.M.	□ ♅ ☉	
	28	2	16	A.M.	☿	in ♉.
	31	6	38	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾	

	D.	H.	M.			
Feb.	1	3	40	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾	
	6	5	12	A.M.	♂ ♀ ♃	♀ south 0° 1′.
	7	7	4	A.M.	☿	in aphelion.
	9	11	12	A.M.	♅	stationary.
	15	11	58	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾	
	22	2	25	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾	
	27	4	27	P.M.	☿	great. hel. lat. south.
	28	11	44	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾	
Mar.	1	2	45	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾	
	6	1	22	A.M.	♂ ☿ ☉	superior.
	10	12	13	P.M.	♂	in ♉.
	12	3	57	P.M.	♂ ☿ ♃	♃ south 0° 14′.
	13	1	52	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾	

ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE YEAR 1892.—*Continued.*

	D.	H.	M.		
Mar.	16	4	34	P.M.	8 ♄ ☉
	17	4	40	P.M.	☿ in ☊.
	19	10	26	P.M.	☉ enters ♈, spring begins.
	20	11	7	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☉
	21	6	23	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	22	7	2	A.M.	☿ in perihelion.
	27	9	40	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	29	8	32	A.M.	□ ♂ ☉
	31	7	12	A.M.	☿ greatest elongation east 19° 3′.
	31	9	34	A.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
April	1	2	1	P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. north.
	2	3	4	A.M.	♀ in perihelion.
	9	5	46	A.M.	☿ stationary.
	9	3	40	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	12	12	24	P.M.	♂ ♀ ♆ ♀ north 4° 18′.
	19	6	29	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	19	11	5	A.M.	♂ ☿ ☉ inferior.
	23	1	53	P.M.	8 ♅ ☉
	24	4	39	A.M.	♀ great. hel. lat. north.
	24	9	21	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	25	1	19	A.M.	☿ in ♉.
	30	12	4	A.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	30	12	19	A.M.	♀ greatest elongation east 45° 34′.
May	1	6	35	P.M.	☿ stationary.
	5	6	12	A.M.	☿ in aphelion.
	6	6	41	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	11	7	41	P.M.	☾ eclipsed, visible at New-York.
	17	3	12	A.M.	☿ greatest elongation west 25° 39′.
	17	1	41	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	22	2	49	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	25	3	42	P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. south.
	26	4	31	A.M.	♄ stationary.
	29	2	24	A.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
June	2				♀ greatest brilliancy.
	3	1	19	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	13	3	48	P.M.	☿ in ☊.
	14	3		A.M.	□ ♄ ☉
	14	1	19	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	17	3	24	A.M.	♀ stationary.
	17	6		A.M.	☿ in perihelion.
	19	5	23	A.M.	♀ in ♉.
	19	6	44	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	19	7	12	P.M.	♃ great. hel. lat. south.
	20	11	48	A.M.	♂ ☿ ☉ superior.
	20	6	28	P.M.	☉ enters ♋, summer begins.
	25	8	9	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	28	1		P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. north.
	30	11	23	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
July	1	2	54	A.M.	♂ ☿ ♀
	1	3		A.M.	⊕ in aphelion.
	6	7	12	P.M.	♂ stationary.
	9	1	28	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☉ inferior.
	12	12	32	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	15	12	12	P.M.	□ ♃ ☉
	16	6	30	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	22	12	40	A.M.	☿ in ♉.
	22	5	41	A.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	23	2	49	P.M.	♀ in aphelion.
	24	12		P.M.	□ ♅ ☉
	24	7	12	P.M.	♃ in perihelion.
	28	12	5	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	29	3		A.M.	☿ greatest elongation east 27° 14′
	31	4	55	A.M.	♀ stationary.
Aug.	1	6		A.M.	☿ in aphelion
	4	1	25	A.M.	8 ♂ ☉
Aug.	7	11	8	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	11	8	55	A.M.	☿ stationary.
	13	2	30	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	14	8	4	A.M.	♂ great. hel. lat. south.
	14	8	16	A.M.	♃ stationary.
	15	1	59	A.M.	♀ great. hel. lat. south.
	15	10	0	A.M.	♀ greatest brilliancy.
	18	7	13	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	21	2	53	P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. south.
	24	1	59	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	25	10	12	P.M.	♂ ☿ ☉ inferior.
Sept.	3	4	47	P.M.	☿ stationary.
	4	12	54	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	4	7	12	P.M.	♂ stationary.
	7	3	57	P.M.	♂ in perihelion.
	9	8	1	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	9	3	6	P.M.	☿ in ☊.
	11	8		A.M.	☿ greatest elongation west 17° 55′.
	14	5		A.M.	☿ in perihelion.
	16	5		P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	19	1		A.M.	♀ greatest elongation west 46° 5′.
	21	3	52	A.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	22	9	3	A.M.	☉ enters ♎, autumn begins.
	24	12	31	P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. north.
	25	5	32	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☉
Oct.	1	4	39	P.M.	♂ ☿ ♄
	1	6	34	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	6	12	49	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	8	12	10	A.M.	♂ ☿ ☉ superior.
	10	8	45	A.M.	♀ in ☊.
	12	1	18	P.M.	8 ♃ ☉
	16	10	12	A.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	18	5	7	A.M.	☿ in ♉.
	18	5	2	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	20			P.M.	☉ eclipsed, visible at New-York.
	20	1	33	P.M.	♂ ☿ ♅
	25	6		A.M.	♂ ♂ δ Capricorni.
	28	5		A.M.	☿ in aphelion.
	29	4		A.M.	♂ ♅ ☉
	30	12	23	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
Nov.	2	6	16	P.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
	3–4				☾ eclipsed, invisible at New-York.
	10	2	57	P.M.	♂ ♀ ♄
	13	2	16	A.M.	♀ in perihelion.
	14	7	20	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	15	5	11	P.M.	♂ ♀ ☾
	17	2	17	P.M.	☿ great. hel. lat. south.
	21	8	11	A.M.	♂ ☿ ☾
	23	4		A.M.	☿ greatest elongation east 21° 52′.
	27	12	14	P.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	30	12	53	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾
Dec.	1	8	55	A.M.	8 ♆ ☉
	2	7	36	A.M.	☿ stationary.
	4	7	53	P.M.	♂ ♀ ♅
	4	8		P.M.	♀ great hel. lat. north.
	6	2	23	P.M.	☿ in ☊
	9	6	26	P.M.	□ ♂ ☉
	10	1	33	A.M.	♃ stationary.
	11	5		A.M.	☿ in perihelion.
	11	11	52	P.M.	♂ ☿ ☉ inferior.
	12	4	52	P.M.	♂ ♄ ☾
	21	3	23	A.M.	☉ enters ♑, wntr. begins.
	21	11	52	A.M.	☿ great hel. lat. north.
	22	2	1	A.M.	☿ stationary.
	26	2	29	A.M.	♂ ♂ ☾
	27	9	10	A.M.	♂ ♃ ☾

The Seasons.

		D.	H.	M.	
Spring begins	March	19	10	26 P.M.	New York *Mean Time.*
Summer begins	June	20	6	28 P.M.	
Autumn begins	September	22	9	3 A.M.	
Winter begins	December	21	3	23 A.M.	

Morning Stars.

MERCURY, January 1 to March 6; April 19 to June 20; August 25 to October 7; December 11 to end of year.
VENUS, July 9 to end of year.
MARS, January 1 to August 4.
JUPITER, March 20 to October 12.
SATURN, January 1 to March 16; September 25 to end of year.

Evening Stars.

MERCURY, March 6 to April 19; June 20 to August 25; October 7 to December 11.
VENUS, January 1 to July 9.
MARS, August 4 to end of year.
JUPITER, January 1 to March 20; October 12 to end of year.
SATURN, March 16 to September 25.

Standard Time.

PRIMARILY, for the convenience of the railroads, a standard of time was established by mutual agreement in 1883, by which trains are run and local time regulated. According to this system, the United States, extending from 65° to 125° west longitude, is divided into four time sections, each of 15° of longitude, exactly equivalent to one hour. The firs (eastern) section includes all territory between the Atlantic coast and an irregular line drawn from Detroit to Charleston, S. C., the latter being its most southern point. The second (central) section includes all the territory between the last-named line and an irregular line from Bismarck, N. D., to the mouth of the Rio Grande. The third (mountain) section includes all territory between the last-named line and nearly the western borders of Idaho, Utah, and Arizona. The fourth (Pacific) section covers the rest of the country to the Pacific coast. Standard time is uniform inside each of these sections, and the time of each section differs from that next to it by exactly one hour. Thus at 12 noon in New-York City (eastern time), the time at Chicago (central time) is 11 o'clock A.M.; at Denver (mountain time), 10 o'clock A.M.; and at San Francisco (Pacific time), 9 o'clock A.M. Standard time is 16 minutes slower at Boston than true local time, 3 minutes slower at New-York, 8 minutes faster at Washington, 19 minutes faster at Charleston, 28 minutes slower at Detroit, 18 minutes faster at Kansas City, 10 minutes slower at Chicago, 1 minute faster at St. Louis, 28 minutes faster at Salt Lake City, and 10 minutes faster at San Francisco.

Time Difference

BETWEEN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK AND THE PRINCIPAL FOREIGN CITIES.

	H. M.	LATER THAN NEW-YORK.	H. M.		H. M.	EARLIER THAN NEW-YORK.	H. M.
Antwerp	5 13.5	Dublin	4 30.5	Paris	5 5.2	Havana	0 33.5
Berlin	5 49.5	Edinburgh	4 43.2	Rio de Janeiro	2 3.2	Hong Kong	11 27.4
Bremen	5 31.0	Geneva	5 20.5	Rome	5 45.8	Melbourne	9 24.2
Brussels	5 13.4	Hamburg	5 35.8	St. Petersburg	6 57.1	Mexico, City of	1 40.5
Buenos Ayres	1 2.4	Liverpool	4 43.6	Valparaiso	0 9.3	Panama	0 22.2
Calcutta	11 49.2	London	4 55.0	Vienna	6 1.2	Yokohama	9 45.5
Constantinople	6 51.0	Madrid	4 41.1	Halifax	0 41.5		

Bell Time on Shipboard.

Time, A.M.		Time, A.M.		Time, A.M.	
1 Bell	12.30	1 Bell	4.30	1 Bell	8.30
2 Bells	1.00	2 Bells	5.00	2 Bells	9.00
3 "	1.30	3 "	5.30	3 "	9.30
4 "	2.00	4 "	6.00	4 "	10.00
5 "	2.30	5 "	6.30	5 "	10.30
6 "	3.00	6 "	7.00	6 "	11.00
7 "	3.30	7 "	7.30	7 "	11.30
8 "	4.00	8 "	8.00	8 "	Noon

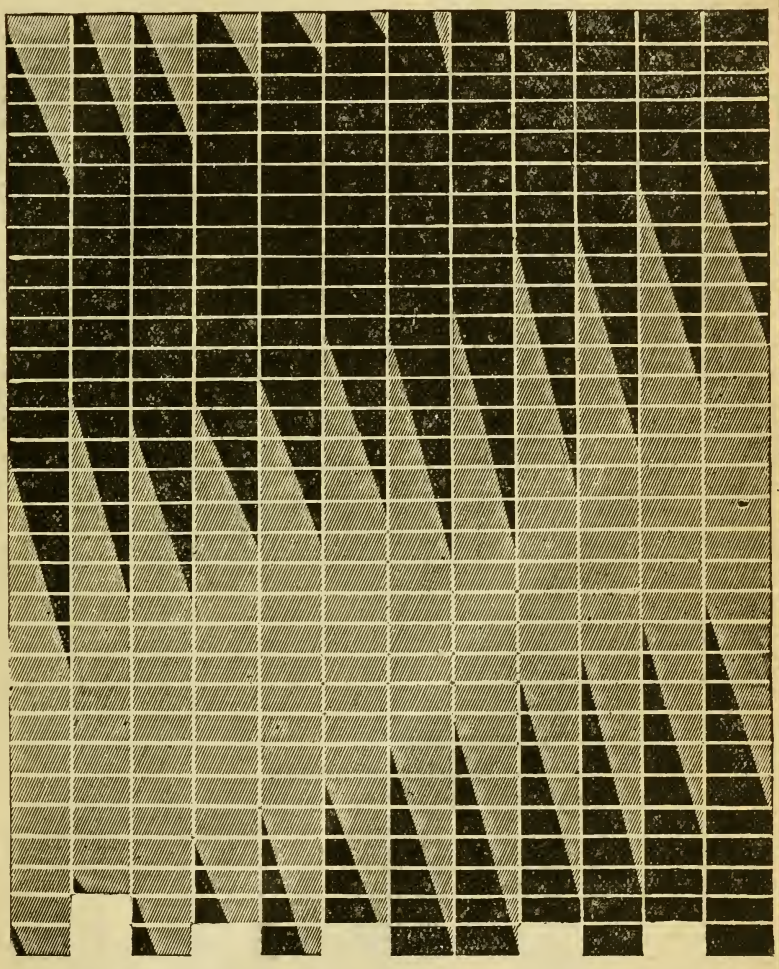
Time, P.M.		Time, P.M.		Time, P.M.	
1 Bell	12.30	1 Bell	4.30	1 Bell	8.30
2 Bells	1 00	2 Bells	5.00	2 Bells	9.00
3 "	1.30	3 "	5.30	3 "	9.30
4 "	2.00	4 "	6 00	4 "	10.00
5 "	2.30	1 Bell	6.30	5 "	10.30
6 "	3.00	2 Bells	7.00	6 "	11.00
7 "	3.30	3 "	7.30	7 "	11.30
8 "	4 00	4 "	8.00	8 "	Midnight

On shipboard, for purposes of discipline and to divide the watch fairly, the crew is mustered in two divisions: the Starboard (right side, looking toward the head), and the Port (left). The day commences at noon, and is thus divided: Afternoon Watch, noon to 4 P.M.; First Dog Watch, 4 P.M. to 6 P.M.; Second Dog Watch, 6 P.M. to 8 P.M.; First Watch, 8 P.M. to midnight; Middle Watch, 12 A.M. to 4 A.M.; Morning Watch, 4 A.M. to 8 A.M.; Forenoon Watch, 8 A.M. to noon. This makes seven WATCHES, which enables the crew to keep them alternately, as the Watch which comes on duty at noon one day has the afternoon next day, and the men who have only four hours' rest one night have eight hours the next. This is the reason for having Dog Watches, which are made by dividing the hours between 4 P.M and 8 P.M. into two Watches. Time is kept by means of "Bells," although there is but one Bell on the ship.—*Whitaker.*

The Moon's Phases, 1892.

1892.	Phase.	D.	Boston.	New-York.	Washington.	Charleston.	Chicago.
			H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
January.	First Quarter.	6	8 28 P.M.	8 16 P.M.	8 4 P.M.	7 53 P.M.	7 22 P.M.
	Full Moon.	13	10 42 P.M.	10 31 P.M.	10 18 P.M.	10 7 P.M.	9 36 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	21	10 58 P.M.	10 47 P.M.	10 34 P.M.	10 23 P.M.	9 52 P.M.
	New Moon.	29	11 54 A.M.	11 43 A.M.	11 30 A.M.	11 19 A.M.	0 48 A.M.
February.	First Quarter.	5	4 54 A.M.	4 43 A.M.	4 31 A.M.	4 20 A.M.	3 48 A.M.
	Full Moon.	12	2 53 P.M.	2 42 P.M.	2 30 P.M.	2 19 P.M.	1 48 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	20	7 30 P.M.	7 19 P.M.	7 6 P.M.	6 55 P.M.	6 24 P.M.
	New Moon.	27	11 3 P.M.	10 51 P.M.	10 39 P.M.	10 28 P.M.	9 57 P.M.
March.	First Quarter.	5	2 30 P.M.	2 18 P.M.	2 6 P.M.	1 55 P.M.	1 24 P.M.
	Full Moon.	13	8 11 A.M.	8 59 A.M.	7 47 A.M.	7 36 A.M.	7 5 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	21	12 32 P.M.	12 20 P.M.	12 8 P.M.	11 57 A.M.	11. 26 A.M.
	New Moon.	28	8 33 A.M.	8 22 A.M.	8 9 A.M.	7 58 A.M.	7 27 A.M.
April.	First Quarter.	4	1 37 A.M.	1 25 A.M.	1 13 A.M.	1 2 A.M.	12 31 A.M.
	Full Moon.	12	1 41 A.M.	1 30 A.M.	1 18 A.M.	1 7 A.M.	12 36 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	20	1 16 A.M.	1 4 A.M.	12 52 A.M.	12 41 A.M.	12 10 A.M.
	New Moon.	26	5 2 P.M.	4 51 P.M.	4 38 P.M.	4 27 P.M.	3 56 P.M.
May.	First Quarter.	3	2 27 P.M.	2 16 P.M.	2 3 P.M.	1 52 P.M.	1 21 P.M.
	Full Moon.	11	6 14 P.M.	6 3 P.M.	5 51 P.M.	5 40 P.M.	5 9 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	19	10 8 A.M.	9 57 A.M.	9 44 A.M.	9 33 A.M.	d 9 2 A.M.
	New Moon.	26	1 4 A.M.	12 53 A.M.	12 41 A.M.	12 30 A.M.	25 11 59 P.M.
June.	First Quarter.	2	5 6 A.M.	4 55 A.M.	4 43 A.M.	4 32 A.M.	4 1 A.M.
	Full Moon.	10	8 48 A.M.	8 36 A.M.	8 24 A.M.	8 13 A.M.	7 42 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	17	4 16 P.M.	4 5 P.M.	3 52 P.M.	3 41 P.M.	2 59 P.M.
	New Moon.	24	9 22 A.M.	9 11 A.M.	8 58 A.M.	8 47 A.M.	8 5 A.M.
July.	First Quarter.	1	9 28 P.M.	9 17 P.M.	9 5 P.M.	8 54 P.M.	8 23 P.M.
	Full Moon.	9	8 59 P.M.	8 48 P.M.	8 35 P.M.	8 24 P.M.	7 53 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	16	9 3 P.M.	8 52 P.M.	8 39 P.M.	8 28 P.M.	7 57 P.M.
	New Moon.	23	6 46 P.M.	6 35 P.M.	6 22 P.M.	6 11 P.M.	5 40 P.M.
	First Quarter.	31	3 00 P.M.	2 49 P.M.	2 37 P.M.	2 26 P.M.	1 55 P.M.
August.	Full Moon.	8	7 13 A.M.	7 1 A.M.	6 49 A.M.	6 38 A.M.	6 7 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	15	1 53 A.M.	1 41 A.M.	1 29 A.M.	1 18 A.M.	12 47 A.M.
	New Moon.	22	6 14 A.M.	6 3 A.M.	5 51 A.M.	5 40 A.M.	5 9 A.M.
	First Quarter.	30	8 44 A.M.	8 33 A.M.	8 21 A.M.	8 10 A.M.	7 39 A.M.
September.	Full Moon.	6	4 24 P.M.	4 12 P.M.	3 59 P.M.	3 48 P.M.	3 17 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	13	8 5 A.M.	7 54 A.M.	7 41 A.M.	7 30 A.M.	6 59 A.M.
	New Moon.	20	8 32 P.M.	8 20 P.M.	8 8 P.M.	7 57 P.M.	7 26 P.M.
	First Quarter.	29	1 34 A.M.	1 23 A.M.	1 11 A.M.	1 0 A.M.	12 29 A.M.
October.	Full Moon.	6	1 27 A.M.	1 16 A.M.	1 3 A.M.	12 52 A.M.	12 21 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	12	4 53 P.M.	4 42 P.M.	4 29 P.M.	4 18 P.M.	3 47 P.M.
	New Moon.	20	1 39 P.M.	1 28 P.M.	1 16 P.M.	1 5 P.M.	12 34 P.M.
	First Quarter.	28	4 42 P.M.	4 30 P.M.	4 18 P.M.	4 7 P.M.	3 36 P.M.
November.	Full Moon.	4	11 5 A.M.	10 53 A.M.	10 41 A.M.	10 30 A.M.	9 59 A.M.
	Last Quarter.	11	5 17 A.M.	5 6 A.M.	4 54 A.M.	4 43 A.M.	4 12 A.M.
	New Moon.	19	8 34 A.M.	8 23 A.M.	8 11 A.M.	8 0 A.M.	7 29 A.M.
	First Quarter.	27	5 43 A.M.	5 32 A.M.	5 20 A.M.	5 9 A.M.	4 38 A.M.
December.	Full Moon.	3	9 33 P.M.	9 21 P.M.	9 9 P.M.	8 58 P.M.	8 27 P.M.
	Last Quarter.	10	9 45 P.M.	9 34 P.M.	9 21 P.M.	9 10 P.M.	8 39 P.M.
	New Moon.	19	3 28 A.M.	3 17 A.M.	3 5 A.M.	2 54 A.M.	2 23 A.M.
	First Quarter.	26	4 38 P.M.	4 27 P.M.	4 14 P.M.	4 3 P.M.	3 32 P.M.

Moonlight Chart, 1892.



EXPLANATION.—The light shading indicates the amount of moonlight each night. January 1, 31, February 29, etc., are the first evenings when the new moon is visible; January 7, February 5, etc., are the first evenings when the moon *sets after* midnight; January 15, February 13, etc., are the last evenings when the moon *rises* during twilight; January 22, February 20, etc., are the first days on which the moon *rises after* midnight.

Twilight Table.

(Specially computed for The World Almanac.)

Showing the beginning and end of twilight for the 1st, 11th and 21st days of every month throughout the year, as seen on the parallels of Boston, New-York, Washington and Charleston, S. C., and by estimation will serve equally well for all adjacent or intermediate points.

	Boston.		New York.		Washington.		Charleston.	
	Begins. A.M.	Ends. P.M.	Begins. A.M.	Ends. P.M.	Begins. A.M.	Ends. P.M.	Begins. A.M.	Ends. P.M.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
January 1.....	5 48	6 19	5 46	6 21	5 43	6 24	5 35	6 33
" 11.....	5 48	6 28	5 46	6 30	5 44	6 32	5 36	6 40
" 21.....	5 46	6 38	5 44	6 39	5 42	6 41	5 36	6 47
February 1.....	5 37	6 50	5 36	6 51	5 35	6 52	5 30	6 57
" 11.....	5 27	7 1	5 27	7 2	5 26	7 2	5 24	7 5
" 21.....	5 14	7 13	5 15	7 13	5 15	7 13	5 15	7 13
March 1.....	5 2	7 23	5 3	7 22	5 4	7 21	5 6	7 19
" 11.....	4 45	7 35	4 47	7 33	4 49	7 31	4 53	7 27
" 21.....	4 27	7 47	4 30	7 45	4 33	7 42	4 40	7 35
April 1.....	4 6	8 2	4 10	7 58	4 14	7 54	4 24	7 43
" 11.....	3 46	8 16	3 50	8 12	3 56	8 7	4 10	7 52
" 21.....	3 25	8 32	3 31	8 26	3 37	8 20	3 55	8 2
May 1.....	3 6	8 48	3 13	8 40	3 21	8 33	3 42	8 12
" 11.....	2 47	9 6	2 56	8 56	3 5	8 47	3 30	8 22
" 21	2 31	9 22	2 42	9 11	2 52	9 0	3 21	8 32
June 1.....	2 17	9 38	2 29	9 26	2 41	9 14	3 13	8 43
" 11.....	2 9	9 51	2 23	9 37	2 36	9 24	3 9	8 51
" 21.....	2 8	9 55	2 22	9 41	2 35	9 28	3 9	8 54
July 1.....	2 14	9 54	2 27	9 40	2 40	9 27	3 13	8 54
" 11.....	2 24	9 45	2 37	9 34	2 49	9 22	3 20	8 50
" 21 ..	2 39	9 34	2 49	9 23	3 0	9 12	3 29	8 43
August 1.....	2 57	9 16	3 6	9 6	3 15	8 57	3 40	8 32
" 11.....	3 13	8 57	3 22	8 48	3 29	8 41	3 50	8 20
" 21	3 29	8 37	3 35	8 31	3 41	8 24	3 59	8 7
September 1 ...	3 45	8 14	3 50	8 9	3 55	8 4	4 9	7 51
" 11.	3 59	7 54	4 3	7 50	4 7	7 46	4 17	7 36
" 21	4 12	7 34	4 15	7 31	4 18	7 28	4 20	7 20
October 1	4 24	7 15	4 26	7 14	4 27	7 12	4 32	7 7
" 11.....	4 35	6 58	4 36	6 57	4 37	6 56	4 39	6 54
" 21.....	4 46	6 43	4 47	6 43	4 47	6 43	4 47	6 42
November 1.....	4 58	6 29	4 58	6 29	4 57	6 30	4 54	6 33
" 11.....	5 9	6 19	5 8	6 20	5 7	6 21	5 2	6 26
" 21.. ...	5 20	6 12	5 18	6 14	5 16	6 16	5 10	6 22
December 1.....	5 29	6 9	5 27	6 11	5 25	6 13	5 17	6 20
" 11.....	5 38	6 9	5 36	6 11	5 33	6 14	5 25	6 22
" 21.....	5 45	6 12	5 42	6 14	5 39	6 17	5 31	6 26
January 1... .	5 48	6 19	5 46	6 21	5 43	6 24	5 35	6 33

Easter Sunday.

A Table Showing the Date of Easter Sunday in Each Year of the Nineteenth Century.

1801—April 5.	1821—April 22.	1841—April 11.	1861—March 31.	1881—April 17.
1802—April 18.	1822—April 7.	1842—March 27.	1862—April 20.	1882—April 9.
1803—April 10.	1823—March 30.	1843—April 16.	1863—April 5.	1883—March 25
1804—April 1.	1824—April 18.	1844—April 7.	1864—March 27.	1884—April 13.
1805—April 14.	1825—April 3.	1845—March 23.	1865—April 16.	1885—April 5.
1806—April 6.	1826—March 26.	1846—April 12.	1866—April 1.	1886—April 25.
1807—March 29.	1827—April 15.	1847—April 4.	1867—April 21.	1887—April 10.
1808—April 17.	1828—April 6.	1848—April 23.	1868—April 12.	1888—April 1.
1809—April 2.	1829—April 19.	1849—April 8.	1869—March 28.	1889—April 21.
1810—April 22.	1830—April 11.	1850—March 31.	1870—April 17.	1890—April 6.
1811—April 14.	1831—April 3.	1851—April 20.	1871—April 9.	1891—March 29.
1812—March 29.	1832—April 22.	1852—April 11.	1872—March 31.	1892—April 17.
1813—April 18.	1833—April 7.	1853—March 27.	1873—April 13.	1893—April 2.
1814—April 10.	1834—March 30.	1854—April 16.	1874—April 5.	1894—March 25.
1815—March 26.	1835—April 19.	1855—April 8.	1875—March 28.	1895—April 14.
1816—April 14.	1836—April 3.	1856—March 23.	1876—April 16.	1896—April 5.
1817—April 6.	1837—March 26.	1857—April 12.	1877—April 1.	1897—April 18.
1818—March 22.	1838—April 15.	1858—April 4.	1878—April 21.	1898—April 10.
1819—April 11.	1839—March 31.	1859—April 24.	1879—April 13.	1899—April 2.
1820—April 2.	1840—April 19.	1860—April 8.	1880—March 29.	1900—April 15.

Calendars for 1892=93.

1892.

	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
Jan.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
Feb.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	..	..	..	..	..
March.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	..	..
April.	..	[illegible]	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
May.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
June.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	..	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
July.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
August	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	..	..	..
Sept.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	..
Oct.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	..	..	..	..	..
Nov.	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	..	..	..
Dec.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

1893.

	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
Jan.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
Feb.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	..	..	..	..
March.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	31	..
April.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	..	..	..	..	..	..
May.	..	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	..	..	..
June.	..	..	..	..	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	..
	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
July.	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	..	..	..	..	..
August	..	..	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	..	..
Sept	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Oct.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	..	..	..	..
Nov.	..	..	..	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	..	.
Dec.	..	..	..	..	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	..	..	..	..	..	..

Legal Holidays in the Various States.

JANUARY 1. NEW-YEAR'S DAY: In all the States except Delaware, Massachusetts, New-Hampshire and Rhode-Island.

JANUARY 8. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF NEW-ORLEANS: In Louisiana.

JANUARY 19. LEE'S BIRTHDAY: In Georgia and Virginia.

FEBRUARY 12. LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY: In Illinois.

FEBRUARY 22. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY: In all the States except Arkansas, Delaware, Iowa, Mississippi and Vermont.

MARCH 1, 1892. MARDI-GRAS: In Alabama and Louisiana.

MARCH 2. ANNIVERSARY OF TEXAN INDEPENDENCE: In Texas.

MARCH 4. FIREMEN'S ANNIVERSARY: In New-Orleans, La.

APRIL 6, 1892. STATE ELECTION DAY: In Rhode-Island.

APRIL 15, 1892. GOOD-FRIDAY: In Alabama, Louisiana, Maryland, Pennsylvania and Tennessee.

APRIL 21. ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF SAN JACINTO: In Texas.

APRIL 26. MEMORIAL DAY: In Alabama and Georgia.

MAY 10. MEMORIAL DAY: In North-Carolina.

MAY 20. ANNIVERSARY OF THE SIGNING OF THE MECKLENBURG DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE: In North-Carolina.

MAY 30. DECORATION DAY: In Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, New-York, North-Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode-Island, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont, Wisconsin, Washington and Wyoming.

JUNE 3. JEFFERSON DAVIS'S BIRTHDAY: In Florida.

JULY 4. INDEPENDENCE DAY: In all the States.

JULY 24. PIONEERS' DAY: In Utah.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1892. LABOR DAY: In Colorado, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, New-York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South-Dakota and Washington.

OCTOBER 31. ADMISSION IN THE UNION DAY: Nevada.

NOVEMBER —. GENERAL ELECTION DAY: In Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Indiana, Kansas, Maryland, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, New-York, North-Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South-Carolina, South-Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, Wisconsin and Wyoming. In the States which hold elections in November, 1892, election day falls on the 8th instant.

NOVEMBER 24, 1892. THANKSGIVING DAY: Is observed in all the States, though in some it is not a statutory holiday.

DECEMBER 25. CHRISTMAS DAY: In all the States, and in South-Carolina the two succeeding days in addition.

Sundays and Fast Days (whenever appointed) are legal holidays in nearly all the States.

ARBOR DAY is a legal holiday in Idaho, Kansas, Rhode-Island and Wyoming, the day being set by the Governor—In Nebraska, April 22; California, September 9, and Colorado on the third Friday in April.

In New-Mexico there are no legal holidays established by statute, and in Delaware no State holidays.

Every Saturday after 12 o'clock noon is a legal holiday in New-York and New-Jersey, and from June 15 to September 15 in Pennsylvania.

There is no national holiday, not even the Fourth of July. Congress has at various times appointed special holidays, and has recognized the existence of certain days as holidays, for commercial purposes, in such legislation as the Bankruptcy act, but there is no general statute on the subject. The proclamation of the President designating a day of Thanksgiving only makes it a holiday in those States which provide by law for it.

Ritualistic Calendar.

COLORS FOR THE ALTAR IN USE IN THE AMERICAN EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

White.—From the First Service (First Vespers) of Christmas Day to the Octave of Epiphany, inclusive (except on the Feasts of Martyrs); on Maundy Thursday (for the celebration); from the First Service of Easter Day to the Vigil of Pentecost (except on Feasts of Martyrs and Rogation Days), on Trinity Sunday, Conversion of St. Paul, Purification, Annunciation, St. John Baptist, St. Michael, St. Luke, All Saints, Saints who are not Martyrs, and Patron Saints (Transfiguration and Dedication of Church).

Red.—From First Vespers of Pentecost to the following Saturday, First Vespers of Trinity Sunday (which includes Ember Days), Holy Innocents (if on a Sunday), and Feasts of all Martyrs.

Violet.—From Septuagesima to Maundy Thursday (Easter Even); Advent Sunday to Christmas Eve; Vigils, Ember Days (except in Whitsun Week), and Rogation Days; Holy Innocents (unless on Sunday).

Black.—Good Fridays and at funerals.

Green.—All other days.

MARRIAGES should not be celebrated from Advent Sunday till 8 days after Epiphany; Septuagesima till 8 days after Easter; Rogation till Trinity Sunday.

Jewish Calendar for 1892.

NEW MOON, FASTS, FEASTS, ETC.				NEW MOON, FASTS, FEASTS, ETC.			
5652.		1892.		5652.		1892.	
Tebet	1		Jan. 1	Ab	9	Fast of Ab	Aug. 2
"	10	Fast of Tebet	" 10	Elul	1	New Moon	" 24
Sebat	1	New Moon	" 30	5653.			
Adar	1	"	Feb. 29	Tisri	1	New Year	Sept. 22
"	11	Fast of Esther	Mar. 10	"	4	Fast of Guedaliah	" 25
"	14	Purim	" 13	"	10	Kipur	Oct. 1
Nisan	1	New Moon	" 29	"	15	Tabernacle	" 6
"	15	Passover	April 12	"	16	"	" 7
"	16	"	" 13	"	21	Hosana Raba	" 12
Yiar	1	New Moon	" 28	"	22	Feast of the Eighth Day	" 13
"	14	Second Passover	May 11	"	23	" " " "	" 14
"	18	33 of the Homer	" 15	Hesvan	1	New Moon	" 22
Sivan	1	New Moon	" 27	Kislev	1	"	Nov. 20
"	6	Sebuot	June 1	"	25	Hanuca	Dec. 14
"	7	"	" 2	Tebet	1	New Moon	" 20
Tamuz	1	New Moon	" 26	"	10	Fast of Tebet	" 29
"	17	Fast of Tamuz	July 12	"	12		" 31
Ab	1	New Moon	" 25				

The year 5652 is an ordinary perfect year of 355 days. The year 5653 is an ordinary common year of 354 days.

Mohammedan Calendar, 1892.

YEAR.	Names of Months.	Month Begins.	YEAR.	Names of Months.	Month Begins.
1309	Latter Gomada	Jan. 2, 1892	1310	Mulharram	July 26, 1892
"	Rajab	" 31, "	"	Saphar	Aug. 25, "
"	Schabân	Mar. 1, "	"	Rabia	Sept. 23, "
"	Ramadân	" 30, "	"	Latter Rabia	Oct. 23, "
"	Schawal	April 29, "	"	Gomada	Nov. 21, "
"	Dulkadah	May 28, "	"	Latter Gomada	Dec. 21, "
"	Dulhagee	June 27, "	"	Rajab	Jan. 19, 1893

Greek Church and Russian Calendar, 1892.

A.D. 1892, A.M. 8001.

New Style		HOLY DAYS.	Old Style.		New Style		HOLY DAYS.	Old Style	
Jan.	13	Circumcision	Jan.	1	May	27	Coronation of the Emperor*	May	15
"	18	Theophany (Epiphany)	"	6	June	5	Pentecost (Whit-Sunday)	"	24
Feb.	14	Hypapante (Purification)	Feb.	2	"	6	Holy Ghost	"	25
"	28	Carnival Sunday	"	16	July	11	Peter and Paul, Chief Apostles	June	29
Mar.	2	First Day of Lent	"	19	Aug.	13	First Day of Fast of Theotokos	Aug.	1
"	6	First Sunday in Lent	"	23	"	18	Transfiguration	"	6
"	14	Accession of the Emperor*	Mar.	2	"	27	Repose of Theotokos	"	15
April	21	Forty Martyrs	"	9	Sept.	11	St. Alexander Nevsky*	"	30
"	6	Annunciation of Theotokos	"	25	"	20	Nativity of Theotokos	Sept.	8
"	10	Palm Sunday	"	29	"	26	Exaltation of the Cross	"	14
"	15	Great Friday (Good Friday)	April	3	Oct.	13	Patronage of Theotokos*	Oct.	1
"	17	Holy Pasch (Easter Day)	"	5	Nov.	27	First Day Fast of the Nativity	Nov.	15
May	5	St. George	"	23	Dec.	3	Entrance of Theotokos	"	21
"	21	St. Nicolas	May	9	"	21	Conception of Theotokos	Dec.	9
"	26	Ascension	"	14	Jan. 6, '93		Nativity (Christmas)	"	25

* Peculiar to Russia.

1ST MONTH. **JANUARY, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Fr	12 3 44	7 30	4 38	6 10	7 25	4 44	6 15	7 19	4 49	6 22	7 4	5 4	6 39
2	Sa	12 4 12	7 30	4 39	7 24	7 25	4 45	7 28	7 19	4 50	7 33	7 4	5 5	7 48
3	✱	12 4 40	7 30	4 40	8 39	7 25	4 46	8 42	7 19	4 51	8 45	7 4	5 6	8 56
4	M	12 5 8	7 30	4 41	9 55	7 25	4 47	9 57	7 19	4 52	9 59	7 4	5 7	10 5
5	Tu	12 5 35	7 30	4 42	11 9	7 25	4 48	11 10	7 19	4 53	11 11	7 4	5 8	11 12
6	W	12 6 2	7 30	4 43	morn.	7 25	4 49	morn.	7 19	4 54	morn.	7 4	5 8	morn.
7	Th	12 6 28	7 30	4 44	12 23	7 24	4 50	12 22	7 19	4 55	12 21	7 4	5 9	12 18
8	Fr	12 6 53	7 30	4 45	1 36	7 24	4 51	1 34	7 19	4 56	1 32	7 4	5 10	1 25
9	Sa	12 7 18	7 30	4 46	2 51	7 24	4 52	2 47	7 19	4 57	2 43	7 4	5 11	2 32
10	✱	12 7 43	7 29	4 47	4 7	7 24	4 53	4 1	7 19	4 58	3 56	7 4	5 12	3 40
11	M	12 8 7	7 29	4 48	5 19	7 23	4 54	5 12	7 19	4 58	5 7	7 4	5 13	4 48
12	Tu	12 8 30	7 29	4 49	6 26	7 23	4 55	6 19	7 18	4 59	6 12	7 4	5 13	5 52
13	W	12 8 53	7 28	4 50	rises.	7 23	4 56	rises.	7 18	5 0	rises.	7 4	5 14	rises.
14	Th	12 9 15	7 28	4 51	5 21	7 22	4 57	5 27	7 18	5 1	5 33	7 4	5 15	5 51
15	Fr	12 9 36	7 27	4 52	6 27	7 22	4 58	6 32	7 17	5 2	6 37	7 4	5 16	6 52
16	Sa	12 9 57	7 27	4 54	7 34	7 22	4 59	7 37	7 17	5 3	7 41	7 4	5 17	7 53
17	✱	12 10 17	7 26	4 55	8 38	7 21	5 0	8 40	7 17	5 4	8 43	7 3	5 18	8 50
18	M	12 10 36	7 26	4 56	9 40	7 21	5 1	9 41	7 16	5 5	9 43	7 3	5 19	9 46
19	Tu	12 10 55	7 25	4 57	10 41	7 20	5 3	10 41	7 16	5 6	10 41	7 3	5 20	10 41
20	W	12 11 13	7 25	4 59	11 41	7 20	5 4	11 40	7 15	5 7	11 39	7 2	5 21	11 35
21	Th	12 11 30	7 24	5 0	morn.	7 19	5 5	morn.	7 14	5 8	morn.	7 2	5 22	morn.
22	Fr	12 11 47	7 23	5 1	12 43	7 18	5 6	12 40	7 14	5 9	12 38	7 1	5 23	12 30
23	Sa	12 12 2	7 22	5 2	1 45	7 17	5 8	1 41	7 13	5 10	1 38	7 1	5 24	1 27
24	✱	12 12 17	7 21	5 4	2 50	7 16	5 9	2 45	7 12	5 12	2 40	7 0	5 25	2 25
25	M	12 12 31	7 20	5 5	3 57	7 15	5 10	3 51	7 12	5 13	3 44	7 0	5 26	3 27
26	Tu	12 12 45	7 20	5 6	5 2	7 14	5 11	4 56	7 11	5 14	4 49	7 0	5 27	4 28
27	W	12 12 57	7 19	5 7	6 4	7 13	5 12	5 57	7 10	5 15	5 50	6 59	5 28	5 29
28	Th	12 13 9	7 18	5 9	6 59	7 13	5 13	6 52	7 10	5 16	6 45	6 58	5 29	6 25
29	Fr	12 13 20	7 17	5 10	sets.	7 12	5 15	sets.	7 9	5 17	sets.	6 58	5 30	sets.
30	Sa	12 13 30	7 16	5 11	6 22	7 12	5 16	6 26	7 8	5 19	6 30	6 57	5 31	6 42
31	✱	12 13 39	7 15	5 13	7 49	7 11	5 17	7 42	7 7	5 20	7 45	6 56	5 32	7 53

2D MONTH. **FEBRUARY, 1892.** 29 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California. Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	M	12 13 47	7 14	5 14	8 52	7 10	5 18	8 53	7 6	5 22	8 54	6 56	5 33	8 57
2	Tu	12 13 55	7 13	5 15	10 12	7 9	5 19	10 11	7 5	5 23	10 11	6 55	5 34	10 9
3	W	12 14 2	7 11	5 16	11 28	7 7	5 20	11 26	7 4	5 24	11 24	6 54	5 34	11 18
4	Th	12 14 8	7 10	5 17	morn.	7 6	5 21	morn.	7 3	5 25	morn.	6 53	5 35	morn.
5	Fr	12 14 13	7 9	5 18	12 42	7 5	5 22	12 39	7 2	5 26	12 35	6 52	5 36	12 25
6	Sa	12 14 17	7 8	5 19	1 56	7 4	5 23	1 52	7 1	5 27	1 47	6 51	5 37	1 39
7	✱	12 14 21	7 7	5 20	3 9	7 3	5 24	3 4	7 0	5 28	2 58	6 50	5 38	2 40
8	M	12 14 23	7 6	5 22	4 17	7 2	5 25	4 11	6 59	5 29	4 4	6 49	5 39	3 44
9	Tu	12 14 25	7 5	5 23	5 18	7 1	5 26	5 11	6 58	5 30	5 4	6 48	5 40	4 43
10	W	12 14 26	7 4	5 25	6 8	7 0	5 28	6 2	6 57	5 31	5 54	6 47	5 41	5 35
11	Th	12 14 27	7 2	5 26	6 48	6 59	5 29	6 43	6 56	5 32	6 37	6 46	5 42	6 20
12	Fr	12 14 26	7 1	5 27	rises.	6 58	5 30	rises.	6 55	5 33	rises.	6 45	5 43	rises.
13	Sa	12 14 25	6 59	5 29	6 22	6 56	5 31	6 25	6 54	5 34	6 28	6 45	5 44	6 37
14	✱	12 14 23	6 58	5 30	7 28	6 55	5 33	7 30	6 53	5 35	7 31	6 44	5 45	7 36
15	M	12 14 20	6 57	5 31	8 29	6 53	5 34	8 30	6 52	5 36	8 30	6 43	5 46	8 31
16	Tu	12 14 17	6 56	5 33	9 30	6 52	5 36	9 29	6 51	5 38	9 29	6 42	5 47	9 26
17	W	12 14 12	6 55	5 34	10 30	6 50	5 37	10 28	6 50	5 39	10 26	6 41	5 48	10 20
18	Th	12 14 8	6 54	5 36	11 32	6 49	5 38	11 29	6 49	5 40	11 26	6 40	5 49	11 16
19	Fr	12 14 2	6 53	5 37	morn.	6 48	5 40	morn.	6 47	5 41	morn.	6 39	5 49	morn.
20	Sa	12 13 56	6 51	5 38	12 33	6 46	5 41	12 29	6 46	5 42	12 25	6 38	5 50	12 11
21	✱	12 13 49	6 49	5 40	1 40	6 45	5 43	1 35	6 44	5 43	1 30	6 37	5 51	1 13
22	M	12 13 41	6 48	5 42	2 45	6 43	5 44	2 39	6 43	5 45	2 32	6 36	5 52	2 13
23	Tu	12 13 33	6 46	5 43	3 46	6 42	5 45	3 41	6 41	5 46	3 34	6 35	5 52	3 13
24	W	12 13 25	6 44	5 45	4 46	6 40	5 47	4 39	6 40	5 47	4 31	6 34	5 53	4 12
25	Th	12 13 15	6 42	5 46	5 35	6 39	5 48	5 28	6 38	5 49	5 20	6 33	5 54	5 2
26	Fr	12 13 6	6 41	5 47	6 10	6 38	5 49	6 11	6 37	5 50	6 11	6 32	5 55	5 49
27	Sa	12 12 55	6 39	5 48	6 52	6 37	5 50	6 46	6 36	5 51	6 42	6 31	5 55	6 31
28	✱	12 12 44	6 38	5 49	sets.	6 36	5 51	sets.	6 35	5 52	sets.	6 30	5 56	sets.
29	M	12 12 33	6 37	5 50	7 51	6 35	[illegible]	7 52	6 34	5 53	7 52	6 29	5 57	7 52

3D MONTH. **MARCH, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Tu	12 12 21	6 36	5 51	9 9	6 34	5 53	9 7	6 33	5 54	9 6	6 28	5 58	9 2
2	W	12 12 8	6 35	5 52	10 27	6 33	5 54	10 24	6 32	5 55	10 21	6 27	5 59	10 12
3	Th	12 11 55	6 33	5 53	11 46	6 31	5 55	11 41	6 30	5 56	11 37	6 26	6 0	11 23
4	Fr	12 11 42	6 32	5 54	morn.	6 30	5 56	morn.	6 29	5 57	morn.	6 25	6 1	morn.
5	Sa	12 11 28	6 30	5 55	1 1	6 29	5 57	12 56	6 27	5 58	12 50	6 23	6 2	12 32
6	☽	12 11 14	6 29	5 56	2 12	6 27	5 58	2 5	6 26	5 59	1 58	6 22	6 3	1 38
7	M	12 10 59	6 27	5 57	3 14	6 25	5 59	3 7	6 24	6 0	3 0	6 21	6 4	2 39
8	Tu	12 10 44	6 25	5 58	4 7	6 24	6 0	4 0	6 23	6 1	3 54	6 20	6 5	3 33
9	W	12 10 28	6 23	5 59	4 50	6 22	6 1	4 44	6 21	6 2	4 38	6 18	6 5	4 19
10	Th	12 10 12	6 21	6 0	5 24	6 21	6 2	5 19	6 20	6 3	5 14	6 16	6 6	4 59
11	Fr	12 9 56	6 19	6 1	5 52	6 19	6 3	5 48	6 18	6 4	5 45	6 15	6 7	5 33
12	Sa	12 9 40	6 18	6 3	6 16	6 17	6 4	6 13	6 17	6 5	6 11	6 12	6 8	6 3
13	☽	12 9 23	6 16	6 4	rises.	6 15	6 5	rises.	6 15	6 5	rises.	6 11	6 9	rises.
14	M	12 9 6	6 15	6 5	7 21	6 14	6 6	7 20	6 14	6 6	7 20	6 10	6 10	7 19
15	Tu	12 8 49	6 13	6 6	8 21	6 12	6 7	8 20	6 12	6 7	8 18	6 8	6 10	8 13
16	W	12 8 31	6 11	6 7	9 23	6 11	6 8	9 20	6 11	6 8	9 17	6 7	6 11	9 8
17	Th	12 8 14	6 9	6 8	10 26	6 9	6 9	10 22	6 9	6 9	10 18	6 6	6 11	10 6
18	Fr	12 7 56	6 8	6 9	11 29	6 8	6 10	11 24	6 8	6 10	11 19	6 4	6 12	11 3
19	Sa	12 7 38	6 6	6 10	morn.	6 6	6 11	morn.	6 6	6 11	morn.	6 3	6 12	morn.
20	☽	12 7 20	6 4	6 11	12 34	6 4	6 12	12 28	6 4	6 12	12 21	6 2	6 13	12 2
21	M	12 7 2	6 2	6 12	1 36	6 2	6 13	1 29	6 2	6 13	1 22	6 1	6 13	1 1
22	Tu	12 6 44	6 1	6 13	2 35	6 1	6 14	2 27	6 1	6 14	2 20	6 0	6 14	1 58
23	W	12 6 25	5 59	6 14	3 26	5 59	6 15	3 20	5 59	6 15	3 12	5 59	6 15	2 52
24	Th	12 6 7	5 57	6 15	4 10	5 58	6 16	4 4	5 58	6 16	3 58	5 58	6 16	3 40
25	Fr	12 5 49	5 55	6 16	4 46	5 56	6 17	4 42	5 56	6 17	4 37	5 57	6 16	4 23
26	Sa	12 5 30	5 54	6 18	5 17	5 54	6 18	5 13	5 55	6 18	5 10	5 56	6 17	5 0
27	☽	12 5 12	5 52	6 19	sets.	5 52	6 19	sets.	5 53	6 19	sets.	5 55	6 17	sets.
28	M	12 4 54	5 50	6 21	6 42	5 51	6 20	6 41	5 52	6 20	6 40	5 54	6 18	6 38
29	Tu	12 4 35	5 48	6 22	8 1	5 49	6 21	8 0	5 50	6 21	7 57	5 52	6 18	7 50
30	W	12 4 17	5 47	6 23	9 23	5 48	6 22	9 19	5 49	6 22	9 15	5 51	6 19	9 4
31	Th	12 3 59	5 45	6 24	10 43	5 46	6 23	10 38	5 47	6 22	10 32	5 50	6 19	10 16

4TH MONTH. **APRIL, 1892.** 30 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Fr	12 3 41	5 44	6 25	11 59	5 45	6 24	11 53	5 46	6 23	11 46	5 49	6 20	11 27
2	Sa	12 3 23	5 42	6 26	morn.	5 43	6 25	morn.	5 44	6 24	morn.	5 47	6 21	morn.
3	☽	12 3 6	5 40	6 27	1 7	5 41	6 26	1 1	5 42	6 25	12 53	5 46	6 21	12 32
4	M	12 2 48	5 38	6 29	2 5	5 39	6 27	1 58	5 40	6 26	1 51	5 44	6 22	1 30
5	Tu	12 2 30	5 36	6 30	2 50	5 38	6 28	2 44	5 39	6 27	2 38	5 43	6 23	2 19
6	W	12 2 11	5 34	6 31	3 28	5 36	6 29	3 23	5 37	6 28	3 17	5 42	6 23	3 0
7	Th	12 1 56	5 33	6 32	3 57	5 35	6 31	3 53	5 36	6 29	3 49	5 41	6 24	3 36
8	Fr	12 1 39	5 32	6 33	4 21	5 33	6 32	4 18	5 34	6 30	4 15	5 39	6 25	4 6
9	Sa	12 1 23	5 30	6 34	4 42	5 31	6 33	4 40	5 33	6 31	4 38	5 38	6 26	4 33
10	☽	12 1 6	5 28	6 36	5 3	5 29	6 34	5 2	5 31	6 32	5 1	5 37	6 26	4 59
11	M	12 0 50	5 26	6 37	rises.	5 28	6 35	rises.	5 30	6 33	rises.	5 36	6 27	rises.
12	Tu	12 0 35	5 24	6 38	7 14	5 26	6 36	7 12	5 28	6 34	7 9	5 34	6 28	7 0
13	W	12 0 19	5 23	6 39	8 17	5 25	6 37	8 14	5 27	6 35	8 10	5 33	6 28	7 59
14	Th	12 0 4	5 21	6 40	9 21	5 23	6 38	9 16	5 25	6 36	9 11	5 32	6 29	8 56
15	Fr	11 59 50	5 20	6 41	10 26	5 22	6 39	10 20	5 24	6 37	10 14	5 31	6 30	9 56
16	Sa	11 59 35	5 18	6 42	11 30	5 20	6 40	11 23	5 22	6 38	11 16	5 29	6 30	10 55
17	☽	11 59 21	5 16	6 43	morn.	5 19	6 41	morn.	5 21	6 39	morn.	5 28	6 31	11 52
18	M	11 59 8	5 15	6 44	12 28	5 17	6 42	12 21	5 19	6 40	12 14	5 27	6 32	morn.
19	Tu	11 58 54	5 13	6 45	1 21	5 16	6 43	1 14	5 18	6 41	1 7	5 26	6 33	12 45
20	W	11 58 42	5 12	6 47	2 6	5 14	6 44	2 0	5 17	6 42	1 53	5 25	6 33	1 34
21	Th	11 58 30	5 10	6 48	2 43	5 13	6 45	2 38	5 16	6 43	2 33	5 24	6 34	2 17
22	Fr	11 58 18	5 8	6 49	3 15	5 11	6 46	3 11	5 14	6 44	3 7	5 23	6 35	2 55
23	Sa	11 58 7	5 7	6 50	3 43	5 10	6 47	3 40	5 13	6 45	3 38	5 22	6 36	3 30
24	☽	11 57 56	5 6	6 51	4 7	5 8	6 48	4 6	5 11	6 46	4 5	5 20	6 36	4 3
25	M	11 57 46	5 4	6 52	4 32	5 7	6 49	4 33	5 10	6 47	4 34	5 19	6 37	4 35
26	Tu	11 57 36	5 2	6 53	4 59	5 5	6 50	5 1	5 9	6 48	5 3	5 18	6 37	5 10
27	W	11 57 26	5 1	6 54	sets.	5 4	6 51	sets.	5 8	6 49	sets.	5 17	6 38	sets.
28	Th	11 57 18	5 0	6 56	9 34	5 3	6 52	9 28	5 6	6 49	9 22	5 16	6 39	9 5
29	Fr	11 57 9	4 59	6 57	10 50	5 2	6 53	10 43	5 5	6 50	10 36	5 15	6 41	10 16
30	Sa	11 57 1	4 57	6 58	11 55	5 0	6 54	11 48	5 4	6 51	11 41	5 14	6 42	11 19

5TH MONTH. **MAY, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	S	11 56 54	4 56	6 59	morn.	4 59	6 55	morn.	5 3	6 52	morn.	5 13	6 42	morn.
2	M	11 56 48	4 54	7 0	12 47	4 58	6 57	12 40	5 1	6 53	12 33	5 12	6 43	12 13
3	Tu	11 56 41	4 53	7 1	1 28	4 57	6 58	1 22	5 0	6 54	1 16	5 11	6 44	12 59
4	W	11 56 36	4 51	7 2	2 1	4 55	6 59	1 56	4 59	6 55	1 51	5 10	6 44	1 37
5	Th	11 56 31	4 50	7 3	2 27	4 54	7 0	2 23	4 58	6 56	2 20	5 9	6 45	2 9
6	Fr	11 56 26	4 49	7 4	2 50	4 53	7 1	2 46	4 57	6 57	2 44	5 8	6 45	2 37
7	Sa	11 56 22	4 48	7 5	3 8	4 52	7 2	3 7	4 56	6 58	3 6	5 8	6 46	3 3
8	S	11 56 19	4 46	7 6	3 27	4 50	7 3	3 27	4 55	6 59	3 27	5 7	6 47	3 28
9	M	11 56 16	4 45	7 7	3 46	4 49	7 4	3 47	4 54	7 0	3 49	5 6	6 47	3 53
10	Tu	11 56 14	4 44	7 9	4 6	4 48	7 5	4 8	4 53	7 1	4 13	5 5	6 48	4 19
11	W	11 56 12	4 43	7 10	rises.	4 47	7 6	rises.	4 52	7 1	rises.	5 4	6 48	rises.
12	Th	11 56 11	4 42	7 11	8 17	4 46	7 7	8 11	4 51	7 2	8 6	5 3	6 49	7 49
13	Fr	11 56 10	4 41	7 12	9 22	4 45	7 8	9 15	4 50	7 3	9 9	5 2	6 50	8 49
14	Sa	11 56 10	4 40	7 13	10 23	4 44	7 9	10 16	4 49	7 4	10 9	5 1	6 51	9 47
15	S	11 56 11	4 39	7 14	11 18	4 43	7 10	11 11	4 48	7 5	11 4	5 0	6 51	10 42
16	M	11 56 12	4 38	7 15	morn.	4 42	7 11	11 59	4 47	7 6	11 52	5 0	6 52	11 32
17	Tu	11 56 14	4 37	7 16	12 6	4 41	7 12	morn.	4 46	7 7	morn.	4 59	6 53	morn.
18	W	11 56 16	4 36	7 17	12 44	4 40	7 13	12 38	4 45	7 8	12 33	4 58	6 54	12 16
19	Th	11 56 19	4 35	7 18	1 17	4 40	7 14	1 13	4 44	7 9	1 8	4 58	6 54	12 55
20	Fr	11 56 22	4 34	7 19	1 44	4 39	7 14	1 42	4 43	7 9	1 38	4 57	6 55	1 29
21	Sa	11 56 26	4 33	7 20	2 9	4 38	7 15	2 7	4 43	7 10	2 6	4 57	6 56	2 1
22	S	11 56 31	4 32	7 21	2 33	4 37	7 16	2 34	4 42	7 11	2 34	4 56	6 56	2 35
23	M	11 56 36	4 31	7 22	2 58	4 36	7 17	2 59	4 41	7 12	3 1	4 56	6 57	3 5
24	Tu	11 56 41	4 30	7 23	3 24	4 35	7 18	3 27	4 40	7 13	3 30	4 56	6 58	3 39
25	W	11 56 47	4 30	7 24	3 56	4 35	7 19	4 0	4 40	7 14	4 5	4 55	6 58	4 18
26	Th	11 56 54	4 29	7 25	sets.	4 34	7 20	sets.	4 39	7 15	sets.	4 55	6 59	sets.
27	Fr	11 57 1	4 29	7 26	9 36	4 34	7 21	9 29	4 39	7 15	9 22	4 54	7 0	9 1
28	Sa	11 57 9	4 28	7 26	10 36	4 33	7 21	10 29	4 38	7 16	10 22	4 54	7 0	10 1
29	S	11 57 17	4 27	7 27	11 23	4 33	7 22	11 17	4 38	7 17	11 11	4 54	7 1	10 52
30	M	11 57 25	4 27	7 28	morn.	4 32	7 23	11 55	4 37	7 18	11 50	4 53	7 1	11 34
31	Tu	11 57 34	4 26	7 29	12 0	4 32	7 24	morn.	4 37	7 19	morn.	4 53	7 2	morn.

6TH MONTH. **JUNE, 1892.** 30 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	W	11 57 43	4 26	7 30	12 28	4 31	7 24	12 25	4 36	7 19	12 21	4 53	7 3	12 9
2	Th	11 57 52	4 25	7 30	12 52	4 30	7 25	12 50	4 36	7 20	12 47	4 53	7 3	12 39
3	Fr	11 58 2	4 25	7 31	1 14	4 30	7 26	1 12	4 36	7 20	1 10	4 52	7 4	1 6
4	Sa	11 58 13	4 24	7 32	1 33	4 30	7 27	1 32	4 35	7 21	1 32	4 52	7 4	1 31
5	S	11 58 23	4 24	7 33	1 52	4 29	7 27	1 53	4 35	7 21	1 54	4 52	7 5	1 57
6	M	11 58 34	4 24	7 33	2 11	4 29	7 28	2 13	4 35	7 22	2 15	4 52	7 5	2 22
7	Tu	11 58 45	4 23	7 34	2 33	4 29	7 28	2 37	4 34	7 23	2 39	4 51	7 6	2 49
8	W	11 58 56	4 23	7 35	2 57	4 28	7 29	3 2	4 34	7 23	3 6	4 51	7 6	3 20
9	Th	11 59 8	4 23	7 35	3 27	4 28	7 30	3 32	4 34	7 24	3 38	4 51	7 7	3 55
10	Fr	11 59 20	4 22	7 36	rises.	4 28	7 30	rises.	4 34	7 24	rises.	4 51	7 7	rises.
11	Sa	11 59 32	4 22	7 36	9 13	4 28	7 31	9 6	4 34	7 25	8 59	4 51	7 8	8 37
12	S	11 59 44	4 22	7 37	10 4	4 28	7 31	9 57	4 34	7 25	9 50	4 51	7 8	9 29
13	M	11 59 57	4 22	7 37	10 45	4 28	7 32	10 39	4 34	7 26	10 33	4 51	7 8	10 15
14	Tu	12 0 9	4 22	7 38	11 17	4 28	7 32	11 12	4 34	7 26	11 8	4 51	7 9	10 54
15	W	12 0 22	4 22	7 38	11 48	4 28	7 32	11 45	4 34	7 27	11 42	4 51	7 9	11 31
16	Th	12 0 34	4 22	7 38	morn.	4 28	7 33	morn.	4 34	7 27	morn.	4 51	7 9	morn.
17	Fr	12 0 47	4 22	7 39	12 14	4 28	7 33	12 12	4 34	7 27	12 10	4 51	7 10	12 4
18	Sa	12 1 0	4 22	7 39	12 37	4 28	7 33	12 35	4 34	7 28	12 34	4 52	7 10	12 33
19	S	12 1 13	4 23	7 39	1 1	4 28	7 33	1 1	4 34	7 28	1 2	4 52	7 10	1 5
20	M	12 1 26	4 23	7 40	1 25	4 28	7 34	1 27	4 34	7 28	1 30	4 52	7 11	1 37
21	Tu	12 1 39	4 23	7 40	1 53	4 29	7 34	1 56	4 35	7 28	2 1	4 52	7 11	2 12
22	W	12 1 53	4 23	7 40	2 27	4 29	7 34	2 32	4 35	7 29	2 37	4 53	7 11	2 53
23	Th	12 2 5	4 23	7 40	3 10	4 29	7 35	3 16	4 35	7 29	3 22	4 53	7 11	3 42
24	Fr	12 2 18	4 24	7 40	sets.	4 30	7 35	sets.	4 35	7 29	sets.	4 53	7 11	sets.
25	Sa	12 2 31	4 24	7 40	9 14	4 30	7 35	9 7	4 36	7 29	9 1	4 53	7 11	8 41
26	S	12 2 44	4 24	7 40	9 55	4 30	7 35	9 49	4 36	7 29	9 44	4 53	7 11	9 27
27	M	12 2 56	4 25	7 40	10 28	4 30	7 35	10 24	4 36	7 29	10 19	4 54	7 12	10 6
28	Tu	12 3 8	4 25	7 40	10 54	4 31	7 35	10 51	4 36	7 29	10 48	4 54	7 12	10 38
29	W	12 3 20	4 25	7 40	11 17	4 31	7 35	11 16	4 37	7 29	11 14	4 54	7 12	11 8
30	Th	12 3 32	4 26	7 40	11 36	4 32	7 35	11 36	4 37	7 29	11 35	4 54	7 12	11 32

7TH MONTH. **JULY, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Fr	12 3 44	4 26	7 40	11 56	4 32	7 35	11 57	4 38	7 29	11 57	4 55	7 12	11 59
2	Sa	12 3 55	4 27	7 40	morn.	4 33	7 35	morn.	4 38	7 29	morn.	4 55	7 12	morn.
3	S	12 4 6	4 27	7 40	12 15	4 33	7 34	12 17	4 39	7 29	12 18	4 56	7 12	12 24
4	M	12 4 16	4 28	7 40	12 36	4 34	7 34	12 39	4 39	7 29	12 42	4 56	7 12	12 51
5	Tu	12 4 27	4 29	7 40	12 58	4 34	7 34	1 2	4 40	7 28	1 7	4 57	7 11	1 19
6	W	12 4 37	4 29	7 39	1 26	4 35	7 34	1 31	4 40	7 28	1 37	4 57	7 11	1 53
7	Th	12 4 46	4 30	7 39	2 1	4 36	7 33	2 6	4 41	7 28	2 13	4 58	7 11	2 32
8	Fr	12 4 55	4 30	7 38	2 42	4 37	7 33	2 49	4 42	7 27	2 56	4 58	7 11	3 17
9	Sa	12 5 4	4 31	7 38	3 35	4 37	7 33	3 42	4 42	7 27	3 49	4 59	7 11	4 11
10	S	12 5 12	4 32	7 38	rises.	4 38	7 32	rises.	4 43	7 27	rises.	4 59	7 10	rises.
11	M	12 5 20	4 33	7 37	9 23	4 38	7 32	9 18	4 44	7 26	9 13	5 0	7 10	8 57
12	Tu	12 5 27	4 33	7 37	9 52	4 39	7 32	9 48	4 44	7 26	9 44	5 0	7 10	9 32
13	W	12 5 34	4 34	7 36	10 18	4 40	7 31	10 16	4 45	7 25	10 13	5 1	7 9	10 6
14	Th	12 5 40	4 35	7 35	10 42	4 40	7 31	10 41	4 46	7 25	10 40	5 1	7 9	10 37
15	Fr	12 5 46	4 36	7 35	11 4	4 41	7 30	11 5	4 46	7 24	11 5	5 2	7 9	11 7
16	Sa	12 5 52	4 36	7 34	11 28	4 42	7 29	11 30	4 47	7 24	11 32	5 3	7 8	11 38
17	S	12 5 57	4 37	7 34	11 55	4 43	7 29	11 59	4 48	7 23	morn.	5 3	7 8	morn.
18	M	12 6 1	4 38	7 33	morn.	4 43	7 28	morn.	4 49	7 23	12 2	5 4	7 7	12 12
19	Tu	12 6 5	4 39	7 32	12 27	4 44	7 27	12 32	4 49	7 22	12 37	5 5	7 7	12 51
20	W	12 6 8	4 40	7 31	1 4	4 45	7 27	1 10	4 50	7 21	1 16	5 5	7 6	1 34
21	Th	12 6 11	4 41	7 30	1 52	4 46	7 26	1 58	4 51	7 20	2 5	5 6	7 6	2 26
22	Fr	12 6 13	4 42	7 29	2 48	4 47	7 25	2 55	4 52	7 19	3 2	5 7	7 5	3 24
23	Sa	12 6 15	4 43	7 29	3 54	4 48	7 24	4 1	4 53	7 19	4 8	5 7	7 5	4 28
24	S	12 6 16	4 44	7 28	sets.	4 49	7 23	sets.	4 53	7 18	sets.	5 8	7 4	sets.
25	M	12 6 17	4 45	7 27	8 54	4 49	7 22	8 51	4 54	7 18	8 47	5 9	7 4	8 36
26	Tu	12 6 17	4 46	7 26	9 19	4 50	7 22	9 16	4 55	7 17	9 14	5 9	7 3	9 6
27	W	12 6 16	4 47	7 25	9 40	4 51	7 21	9 38	4 56	7 16	9 37	5 10	7 2	9 34
28	Th	12 6 15	4 48	7 24	10 0	4 52	7 20	10 0	4 57	7 15	10 0	5 10	7 2	10 0
29	Fr	12 6 13	4 49	7 23	10 18	4 53	7 19	10 19	4 58	7 14	10 20	5 11	7 1	10 25
30	Sa	12 6 10	4 50	7 22	10 38	4 54	7 18	10 41	4 59	7 13	10 43	5 12	7 0	10 51
31	S	12 6 7	4 51	7 21	11 0	4 55	7 17	11 3	5 0	7 12	11 7	5 12	6 59	11 18

8TH MONTH. **AUGUST, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	M	12 6 3	4 52	7 20	11 24	4 56	7 16	11 29	5 0	7 11	11 34	5 13	6 58	11 53
2	Tu	12 5 59	4 53	7 19	11 56	4 57	7 15	morn.	5 1	7 10	morn.	5 14	6 57	morn.
3	W	12 5 54	4 54	7 17	morn.	4 58	7 14	12 1	5 2	7 9	12 7	5 15	6 57	12 26
4	Th	12 5 48	4 55	7 16	12 34	4 59	7 12	12 41	5 3	7 8	12 48	5 15	6 56	1 9
5	Fr	12 5 42	4 56	7 15	1 22	5 0	7 11	1 29	5 4	7 7	1 37	5 16	6 55	1 59
6	Sa	12 5 35	4 57	7 14	2 21	5 1	7 10	2 28	5 5	7 6	2 36	5 17	6 54	2 57
7	S	12 5 28	4 58	7 12	3 29	5 2	7 9	3 35	5 5	7 5	3 42	5 17	6 53	4 1
8	M	12 5 20	4 59	7 11	4 42	5 3	7 8	4 47	5 6	7 4	4 52	5 18	6 52	5 8
9	Tu	12 5 11	5 0	7 10	rises.	5 4	7 7	rises.	5 7	7 2	rises.	5 19	6 51	rises.
10	W	12 5 2	5 1	7 8	8 46	5 5	7 6	8 45	5 8	7 1	8 43	5 19	6 50	8 39
11	Th	12 4 52	5 2	7 7	9 9	5 5	7 4	9 9	5 9	7 0	9 9	5 20	6 49	9 9
12	Fr	12 4 42	5 3	7 6	9 33	5 6	7 3	9 34	5 10	6 59	9 36	5 21	6 48	9 40
13	Sa	12 4 31	5 4	7 4	9 58	5 7	7 2	10 1	5 11	6 58	10 4	5 21	6 47	10 13
14	S	12 4 20	5 5	7 3	10 28	5 8	7 1	10 32	5 12	6 56	10 36	5 22	6 46	10 50
15	M	12 4 8	5 6	7 2	11 3	5 9	7 0	11 8	5 13	6 55	11 14	5 23	6 45	11 31
16	Tu	12 3 55	5 7	7 0	11 46	5 10	6 58	11 53	5 14	6 54	11 59	5 24	6 44	morn.
17	W	12 3 43	5 8	6 59	morn.	5 11	6 57	morn.	5 15	6 52	morn.	5 24	6 43	12 20
18	Th	12 3 29	5 9	6 58	12 39	5 12	6 55	12 46	5 16	6 51	12 53	5 25	6 42	1 15
19	Fr	12 3 16	5 10	6 56	1 42	5 13	6 54	1 48	5 16	6 50	1 55	5 26	6 41	2 16
20	Sa	12 3 1	5 11	6 54	2 49	5 14	6 53	3 55	5 17	6 49	3 2	5 26	6 40	3 20
21	S	12 2 46	5 12	6 52	4 0	5 15	6 51	4 5	5 18	6 47	4 10	5 27	6 39	4 25
22	M	12 2 31	5 13	6 51	sets.	5 16	6 50	sets.	5 19	6 45	sets.	5 27	6 37	sets.
23	Tu	12 2 16	5 14	6 50	7 44	5 17	6 48	7 42	5 20	6 44	7 40	5 28	6 36	7 35
24	W	12 2 0	5 15	6 49	8 3	5 18	6 47	8 2	5 21	6 43	8 2	5 29	6 35	8 2
25	Th	12 1 43	5 16	6 48	8 21	5 19	6 45	8 22	5 22	6 41	8 23	5 30	6 34	8 25
26	Fr	12 1 27	5 17	6 46	8 41	5 20	6 44	8 43	5 23	6 40	8 45	5 30	6 32	8 52
27	Sa	12 1 9	5 18	6 44	9 2	5 21	6 42	9 5	5 24	6 39	9 8	5 31	6 31	9 18
28	S	12 0 52	5 19	6 43	9 25	5 22	6 41	9 30	5 25	6 37	9 34	5 32	6 30	9 48
29	M	12 0 34	5 20	6 41	9 53	5 23	6 39	9 59	5 25	6 35	10 5	5 32	6 29	10 21
30	Tu	12 0 15	5 21	6 39	10 27	5 24	6 37	10 34	5 26	6 34	10 41	5 33	6 27	11 0
31	W	11 59 57	5 23	6 37	11 10	5 25	6 35	11 17	5 27	6 33	11 25	5 34	6 26	11 47

9TH MONTH. **SEPTEMBER, 1892.** 30 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	*Calendar for* BOSTON, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			*Calendar for* NEW-YORK CITY, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			*Calendar for* WASHINGTON, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			*Calendar for* CHARLESTON, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Th	11 59 38	5 24	6 36	morn.	5 26	6 32	morn.	5 28	6 31	morn.	5 34	6 25	morn.
2	Fr	11 59 19	5 25	6 34	12 4	5 27	6 31	12 12	5 29	6 29	12 18	5 35	6 24	12 41
3	Sa	11 58 59	5 26	6 33	1 8	5 28	6 29	1 14	5 30	6 27	1 21	5 35	6 22	1 42
4	S	11 58 39	5 27	6 31	2 18	5 29	6 28	2 25	5 31	6 26	2 31	5 36	6 21	2 47
5	M	11 58 19	5 28	6 29	3 34	5 30	6 27	3 38	5 32	6 24	3 43	5 37	6 20	3 56
6	Tu	11 57 59	5 29	6 27	4 51	5 31	6 25	4 53	5 33	6 23	4 56	5 37	6 19	5 6
7	W	11 57 39	5 30	6 25	rises.	5 32	6 23	rises.	5 34	6 21	rises.	5 38	6 17	rises.
8	Th	11 57 18	5 32	6 23	7 35	5 33	6 21	7 36	5 34	6 20	7 37	5 39	6 16	7 40
9	Fr	11 56 57	5 33	6 21	8 0	5 34	6 19	8 2	5 35	6 18	8 5	5 39	6 14	8 12
10	Sa	11 56 36	5 34	6 19	8 29	5 35	6 18	8 33	5 36	6 17	8 37	5 40	6 13	8 49
11	S	11 56 15	5 35	6 18	9 2	5 36	6 16	9 7	5 37	6 15	9 13	5 41	6 12	9 29
12	M	11 55 55	5 36	6 16	9 44	5 37	6 15	9 50	5 38	6 14	9 57	5 41	6 11	10 16
13	Tu	11 55 33	5 37	6 14	10 34	5 38	6 14	10 41	5 39	6 12	10 48	5 42	6 9	11 10
14	W	11 55 12	5 38	6 12	11 33	5 39	6 11	11 41	5 40	6 11	11 48	5 43	6 8	morn.
15	Th	11 54 51	5 39	6 10	morn.	5 40	6 9	morn.	5 41	6 9	morn.	5 43	6 6	12 9
16	Fr	11 54 30	5 40	6 9	12 40	5 41	6 8	12 46	5 42	6 7	12 53	5 44	6 5	1 12
17	Sa	11 54 9	5 41	6 7	1 49	5 42	6 6	1 54	5 43	6 6	1 59	5 45	6 4	2 16
18	S	11 53 47	5 42	6 5	2 58	5 43	6 5	3 2	5 43	6 4	3 6	5 45	6 3	3 19
19	M	11 53 26	5 43	6 3	4 5	5 44	6 3	4 7	5 44	6 2	4 10	5 46	6 1	4 19
20	Tu	11 53 5	5 44	6 2	5 9	5 45	6 1	5 11	5 45	6 1	5 12	5 46	6 0	5 17
21	W	11 52 44	5 45	6 0	sets.	5 46	5 59	sets.	5 46	5 59	sets.	5 47	5 58	sets.
22	Th	11 52 24	5 47	5 58	6 46	5 47	5 58	6 48	5 47	5 58	6 49	5 47	5 57	6 54
23	Fr	11 52 3	5 48	5 56	7 5	5 48	5 56	7 8	5 48	5 56	7 11	5 48	5 56	7 19
24	Sa	11 51 42	5 49	5 54	7 27	5 49	5 55	7 31	5 49	5 54	7 35	5 49	5 55	7 48
25	S	11 51 22	5 50	5 52	7 54	5 50	5 53	7 59	5 50	5 53	8 4	5 50	5 53	8 20
26	M	11 51 2	5 51	5 51	8 25	5 51	5 51	8 31	5 51	5 51	8 37	5 50	5 52	8 56
27	Tu	11 50 42	5 52	5 49	9 4	5 52	5 49	9 11	5 52	5 50	9 18	5 51	5 50	9 39
28	W	11 50 22	5 53	5 47	9 51	5 53	5 48	9 59	5 52	5 48	10 6	5 51	5 49	10 29
29	Th	11 50 2	5 54	5 45	10 49	5 54	5 46	10 56	5 53	5 46	11 4	5 52	5 48	11 25
30	Fr	11 49 43	5 55	5 44	11 55	5 55	5 44	morn.	5 54	5 45	morn.	5 53	5 47	morn.

10TH MONTH. **OCTOBER, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	*Calendar for* BOSTON, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			*Calendar for* NEW-YORK CITY, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			*Calendar for* WASHINGTON, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			*Calendar for* CHARLESTON, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	MOON R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Sa	11 49 24	5 56	5 42	morn.	5 56	5 42	12 2	5 55	5 44	12 8	5 54	5 45	12 27
2	S	11 49 5	5 57	5 40	1 8	5 57	5 41	1 13	5 56	5 42	1 18	5 54	5 44	1 34
3	M	11 48 47	5 58	5 38	2 23	5 58	5 39	2 27	5 57	5 40	2 31	5 55	5 42	2 42
4	Tu	11 48 29	6 0	5 37	3 40	5 59	5 38	3 43	5 58	5 39	3 45	5 56	5 41	3 52
5	W	11 48 11	6 1	5 35	4 58	6 0	5 36	4 59	5 59	5 37	4 59	5 57	5 40	5 1
6	Th	11 47 53	6 2	5 34	rises.	6 1	5 35	rises.	6 0	5 36	rises.	5 57	5 39	rises.
7	Fr	11 47 37	6 3	5 33	6 26	6 2	5 33	6 29	6 1	5 34	6 32	5 58	5 37	6 43
8	Sa	11 47 20	6 4	5 31	6 59	6 3	5 31	7 3	6 2	5 33	7 8	5 59	5 36	7 23
9	S	11 47 4	6 5	5 29	7 39	6 4	5 29	7 45	6 3	5 31	7 51	6 0	5 35	8 10
10	M	11 46 48	6 6	5 28	8 27	6 5	5 28	8 34	6 4	5 30	8 41	6 0	5 34	9 2
11	Tu	11 46 33	6 7	5 26	9 25	6 6	5 26	9 32	6 5	5 28	9 40	6 1	5 32	10 2
12	W	11 46 19	6 8	5 25	10 31	6 7	5 25	10 37	6 6	5 27	10 44	6 2	5 31	11 4
13	Th	11 46 5	6 10	5 23	11 40	6 8	5 23	11 46	6 7	5 25	11 51	6 3	5 30	morn.
14	Fr	11 45 51	6 11	5 21	morn.	6 9	5 22	morn.	6 8	5 24	morn.	6 3	5 29	12 9
15	Sa	11 45 38	6 12	5 20	12 49	6 10	5 20	12 54	6 9	5 22	12 58	6 4	5 27	1 11
16	S	11 45 26	6 13	5 18	1 50	6 11	5 19	2 0	6 10	5 21	2 3	6 5	5 26	2 13
17	M	11 45 14	6 14	5 16	3 1	6 12	5 17	3 3	6 11	5 19	3 5	6 6	5 25	3 11
18	Tu	11 45 3	6 16	5 14	4 2	6 13	5 16	4 4	6 12	5 18	4 5	6 6	5 24	4 7
19	W	11 44 53	6 17	5 12	5 5	6 14	5 14	5 5	6 13	5 16	5 4	6 7	5 23	5 2
20	Th	11 44 43	6 18	5 11	sets.	6 15	5 13	sets.	6 14	5 14	sets.	6 8	5 22	sets.
21	Fr	11 44 34	6 20	5 9	5 31	6 16	5 11	5 35	6 15	5 12	5 39	6 9	5 21	5 50
22	Sa	11 44 25	6 21	5 8	5 56	6 17	5 10	6 1	6 16	5 11	6 6	6 9	5 20	6 21
23	S	11 44 18	6 22	5 6	6 25	6 18	5 9	6 31	6 17	5 10	6 37	6 10	5 18	6 55
24	M	11 44 10	6 23	5 5	7 1	6 19	5 7	7 8	6 18	5 8	7 15	6 11	5 17	7 36
25	Tu	11 44 4	6 24	5 3	7 45	6 20	5 6	7 53	6 19	5 7	8 0	6 12	5 16	8 22
26	W	11 43 58	6 25	5 2	8 38	6 22	5 5	8 46	6 20	5 6	8 53	6 12	5 15	9 15
27	Th	11 43 54	6 26	4 0	9 40	6 23	5 4	9 47	6 21	5 5	9 54	6 13	5 14	10 14
28	Fr	11 43 49	6 28	4 59	10 48	6 24	5 2	10 54	6 22	5 4	11 0	6 14	5 13	11 18
29	Sa	11 43 46	6 29	4 58	morn.	6 25	5 0	morn.	6 24	5 3	morn.	6 15	5 12	morn.
30	S	11 43 43	6 30	4 57	12 0	6 26	4 59	12 4	6 25	5 2	12 9	6 16	5 11	12 23
31	M	11 43 41	6 32	4 55	1 11	6 27	4 58	1 17	6 26	5 1	1 20	6 17	5 10	1 29

11TH MONTH. **NOVEMBER, 1892.** 30 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Tu	11 43 40	6 33	4 54	2 29	6 29	4 57	2 31	6 27	5 0	2 32	6 17	5 9	2 36
2	W	11 43 40	6 34	4 53	3 46	6 30	4 56	3 46	6 28	4 59	3 46	6 18	5 9	3 46
3	Th	11 43 40	6 35	4 51	5 5	6 31	4 55	5 4	6 29	4 58	5 2	6 19	5 8	4 57
4	Fr	11 43 41	6 36	4 50	rises.	6 33	4 54	rises.	6 30	4 57	rises.	6 20	5 7	rises.
5	Sa	11 43 44	6 38	4 49	5 28	6 35	4 53	5 33	6 31	4 56	5 39	6 21	5 6	5 56
6	S	11 43 47	6 39	4 48	6 14	6 36	4 52	6 20	6 32	4 55	6 27	6 22	5 5	6 47
7	M	11 43 50	6 41	4 47	7 10	6 38	4 51	7 17	6 33	4 54	7 25	6 23	5 4	7 47
8	Tu	11 43 55	6 42	4 45	8 16	6 39	4 50	8 23	6 35	4 53	8 30	6 24	5 4	8 51
9	W	11 44 1	6 43	4 44	9 27	6 41	4 49	9 34	6 36	4 52	9 39	6 25	5 3	9 58
10	Th	11 44 7	6 44	4 43	10 38	6 42	4 48	10 43	6 37	4 51	10 48	6 26	5 2	11 4
11	Fr	11 44 14	6 45	4 41	11 47	6 43	4 47	11 51	6 38	4 50	11 54	6 26	5 1	morn.
12	Sa	11 44 22	6 46	4 40	morn.	6 44	4 46	morn.	6 39	4 49	morn.	6 27	5 1	12 6
13	S	11 44 31	6 48	4 39	12 53	6 45	4 45	12 56	6 40	4 48	12 58	6 28	5 0	1 5
14	M	11 44 41	6 49	4 38	1 57	6 46	4 44	1 58	6 41	4 47	1 59	6 29	5 0	2 2
15	Tu	11 44 52	6 50	4 38	2 58	6 48	4 43	2 58	6 42	4 47	2 58	6 30	4 59	2 57
16	W	11 45 4	6 52	4 37	3 59	6 49	4 42	3 58	6 43	4 46	3 57	6 31	4 58	3 52
17	Th	11 45 16	6 53	4 36	5 1	6 50	4 41	4 57	6 45	4 45	4 56	6 32	4 58	4 48
18	Fr	11 45 29	6 54	4 35	6 4	6 51	4 40	6 0	6 46	4 44	5 56	6 33	4 57	5 43
19	Sa	11 45 43	6 55	4 34	sets.	6 52	4 40	sets.	6 47	4 44	sets.	6 34	4 57	sets.
20	S	11 45 58	6 56	4 34	5 0	6 54	4 39	5 7	6 48	4 43	5 14	6 35	4 56	5 34
21	M	11 46 14	6 58	4 33	5 43	6 55	4 38	5 50	6 49	4 43	5 58	6 35	4 56	6 19
22	Tu	11 46 30	6 59	4 32	6 34	6 56	4 38	6 41	6 50	4 42	6 48	6 36	4 56	7 11
23	W	11 46 48	7 0	4 32	7 33	6 57	4 37	7 39	6 51	4 42	7 47	6 37	4 55	8 8
24	Th	11 47 6	7 1	4 31	8 38	6 58	4 37	8 43	6 52	4 41	8 50	6 38	4 55	9 8
25	Fr	11 47 24	7 3	4 31	9 47	6 59	4 36	9 51	6 53	4 41	9 56	6 39	4 55	10 11
26	Sa	11 47 44	7 4	4 31	10 58	7 0	4 36	11 1	6 54	4 40	11 5	6 40	4 55	11 16
27	S	11 48 4	7 5	4 30	morn.	7 1	4 36	morn.	6 55	4 40	morn.	6 41	4 55	morn.
28	M	11 48 25	7 6	4 30	12 10	7 2	4 35	12 12	6 56	4 39	12 14	6 42	4 54	12 21
29	Tu	11 48 46	7 7	4 30	1 23	7 3	4 35	1 24	6 57	4 39	1 24	6 43	4 54	1 26
30	W	11 49 8	7 8	4 29	2 37	7 4	4 34	2 36	6 58	4 39	2 35	6 44	4 54	2 33

12TH MONTH. **DECEMBER, 1892.** 31 DAYS.

Day of the Month.	Day of the Week.	Sun on Meridian.	Calendar for Boston, New-England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon.			Calendar for New-York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Northern California.			Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, and Central California.			Calendar for Charleston, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Southern California.		
			Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	Moon R. & S.
		H. M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Th	11 49 31	7 9	4 29	3 56	7 4	4 34	3 54	6 58	4 39	3 51	6 44	4 54	3 44
2	Fr	11 49 55	7 10	4 28	5 17	7 5	4 33	5 13	6 59	4 38	5 9	6 45	4 54	4 57
3	Sa	11 50 19	7 11	4 28	rises.	7 6	4 33	rises.	7 0	4 38	rises.	6 46	4 54	rises.
4	S	11 50 43	7 13	4 28	4 51	7 7	4 33	4 58	7 1	4 38	5 5	6 47	4 54	5 36
5	M	11 51 8	7 14	4 28	5 54	7 8	4 33	6 1	7 2	4 38	6 9	6 48	4 54	6 30
6	Tu	11 51 34	7 15	4 28	7 5	7 9	4 33	7 12	7 3	4 38	7 18	6 49	4 54	7 39
7	W	11 52 0	7 16	4 28	8 23	7 10	4 33	8 28	7 4	4 38	8 34	6 49	4 54	8 50
8	Th	11 52 27	7 17	4 28	9 32	7 11	4 33	9 36	7 5	4 38	9 40	6 50	4 54	9 53
9	Fr	11 52 53	7 17	4 28	10 42	7 12	4 33	10 44	7 6	4 38	10 47	6 51	4 54	10 56
10	Sa	11 53 21	7 18	4 28	11 47	7 13	4 33	11 49	7 7	4 38	11 50	6 52	4 54	11 55
11	S	11 53 49	7 19	4 28	morn.	7 14	4 33	morn.	7 8	4 38	morn.	6 52	4 55	morn.
12	M	11 54 17	7 20	4 28	12 50	7 15	4 33	12 50	7 8	4 39	12 50	6 53	4 55	12 51
13	Tu	11 54 46	7 21	4 28	1 51	7 15	4 33	1 50	7 9	4 39	1 49	6 54	4 55	1 46
14	W	11 55 15	7 22	4 28	2 53	7 16	4 34	2 50	7 10	4 39	2 48	6 54	4 55	2 41
15	Th	11 55 44	7 23	4 29	3 55	7 17	4 34	3 51	7 11	4 39	3 47	6 55	4 56	3 37
16	Fr	11 56 14	7 24	4 29	4 58	7 18	4 34	4 53	7 11	4 40	4 48	6 56	4 56	4 34
17	Sa	11 56 43	7 25	4 29	6 2	7 18	4 34	5 56	7 12	4 40	5 50	6 56	4 57	5 32
18	S	11 57 13	7 25	4 29	7 5	7 19	4 35	6 58	7 13	4 41	6 51	6 57	4 57	6 31
19	M	11 57 43	7 26	4 30	sets.	7 20	4 35	sets.	7 14	4 41	sets.	6 58	4 57	sets.
20	Tu	11 58 13	7 26	4 30	5 26	7 20	4 36	5 33	7 14	4 41	5 40	6 58	4 58	6 2
21	W	11 58 43	7 27	4 31	6 30	7 21	4 36	6 37	7 15	4 42	6 43	6 59	4 58	7 2
22	Th	11 59 13	7 27	4 31	7 39	7 21	4 36	7 44	7 16	4 43	7 49	6 59	4 59	8 5
23	Fr	11 59 43	7 27	4 32	8 50	7 22	4 37	8 53	7 16	4 43	8 57	7 0	4 59	9 9
24	Sa	12 0 13	7 28	4 32	10 10	7 22	4 38	10 13	7 17	4 43	10 16	7 0	5 0	10 23
25	S	12 0 43	7 28	4 33	11 11	7 23	4 38	11 12	7 17	4 44	11 13	7 0	5 0	11 16
26	M	12 1 13	7 28	4 34	morn.	7 23	4 39	morn.	7 18	4 45	morn.	7 1	5 1	morn.
27	Tu	12 1 42	7 29	4 34	12 22	7 23	4 40	12 22	7 18	4 45	12 21	7 1	5 1	12 20
28	W	12 2 12	7 29	4 35	1 36	7 24	4 40	1 34	7 18	4 46	1 33	7 2	5 2	1 26
29	Th	12 2 41	7 29	4 36	2 52	7 19	4 41	2 49	7 19	4 46	2 45	7 2	5 3	2 35
30	Fr	12 3 9	7 30	4 36	4 12	7 24	4 42	4 7	7 19	4 47	4 2	7 2	5 4	3 47
31	Sa	12 3 38	7 30	4 37	5 33	7 24	4 42	5 27	7 19	4 48	5 21	7 3	5 4	5 2

A Ready Reference Calendar

For ascertaining any Day of the Week for any given Time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 1752*, *to* 1952 *inclusive.*

Years 1753 to 1952.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
1761 1807 1778 1829 1795 1835 1846 1857 1903 1863 1914 1874 1925 1885 1931 1891 1942	4	7	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1762 1773 1779 1790 1802 1813 1819 1830 1841 1847 1858 1909 1869 1915 1875 1926 1886 1937 1897 1943	5	1	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1757 1763 1774 1785 1791 1803 1814 1825 1831 1842 1853 1859 1910 1870 1921 1881 1927 1887 1938 1898 1949	6	2	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1754 1765 1771 1782 1793 1805 1811 1822 1833 1839 1799 1850 1901 1861 1907 1867 1918 1878 1929 1889 1935 1895 1946	2	5	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1755 1766 1777 1783 1794 1806 1817 1823 1834 1845 1800 1851 1902 1862 1913 1873 1919 1879 1930 1890 1941 .. 1947	3	6	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1
1758 1769 1775 1786 1797 1809 1815 1826 1837 1843 1854 1905 1865 1911 1871 1922 1882 1933 1893 1939 1899 1950	7	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1753 1759 1770 1781 1787 1798 1810 1821 1827 1838 1849 1855 1866 1906 1877 1917 1883 1923 1894 1934 1900 1945 1951	1	4	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
LEAP YEARS.	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1764 1792 1804 1832 1860 1888 .. 1928	7	3	4	7	2	5	7	3	6	1	4	6
1768 1796 1808 1836 1864 1892 1904 1932	5	1	2	5	7	3	5	1	4	6	2	4
1772 .. 1812 1840 1868 1896 1908 1936	3	6	7	3	5	1	3	6	2	4	7	2
1776 .. 1816 1844 1872 .. 1912 1940	1	4	5	1	3	6	1	4	7	2	5	7
1780 .. 1820 1848 1876 .. 1916 1944	6	2	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	7	3	5
1756 1784 1824 1852 1880 .. 1920 1948	4	7	1	4	6	2	4	7	3	5	1	3
1760 1788 1828 1856 1884 .. 1924 1952	2	5	6	2	4	7	2	5	1	3	6	1

NOTE.—To ascertain any day of the week, first look in the table for the year required, and under the months are figures which refer to the corresponding figures at the head of the columns of days below. *For Example:* To know on what day of the week July 4 will be in the year 1892, in the table of years look for 1892, and in a parallel line, under July, is fig. 5, which directs to col. 5, in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Monday.

1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
Monday	1	Tuesday	1	Wednesd.	1	Thursday	1	Friday	1	Saturday	1	*Sunday*	1
Tuesday	2	Wednesd.	2	Thursday	2	Friday	2	Saturday	2	*Sunday*	2	Monday	2
Wednesd.	3	Thursday	3	Friday	3	Saturday	3	*Sunday*	3	Monday	3	Tuesday	3
Thursday	4	Friday	4	Saturday	4	*Sunday*	4	Monday	4	Tuesday	4	Wednesd.	4
Friday	5	Saturday	5	*Sunday*	5	Monday	5	Tuesday	5	Wednesd.	5	Thursday	5
Saturday	6	*Sunday*	6	Monday	6	Tuesday	6	Wednesd.	6	Thursday	6	Friday	6
Sunday	7	Monday	7	Tuesday	7	Wednesd.	7	Thursday	7	Friday	7	Saturday	7
Monday	8	Tuesday	8	Wednesd.	8	Thursday	8	Friday	8	Saturday	8	*Sunday*	8
Tuesday	9	Wednesd.	9	Thursday	9	Friday	9	Saturday	9	*Sunday*	9	Monday	9
Wednesd.	10	Thursday	10	Friday	10	Saturday	10	*Sunday*	10	Monday	10	Tuesday	10
Thursday	11	Friday	11	Saturday	11	*Sunday*	11	Monday	11	Tuesday	11	Wednesd.	11
Friday	12	Saturday	12	*Sunday*	12	Monday	12	Tuesday	12	Wednesd.	12	Thursday	12
Saturday	13	*Sunday*	13	Monday	13	Tuesday	13	Wednesd.	13	Thursday	13	Friday	13
Sunday	14	Monday	14	Tuesday	14	Wednesd.	14	Thursday	14	Friday	14	Saturday	14
Monday	15	Tuesday	15	Wednesd.	15	Thursday	15	Friday	15	Saturday	15	*Sunday*	15
Tuesday	16	Wednesd.	16	Thursday	16	Friday	16	Saturday	16	*Sunday*	16	Monday	16
Wednesd.	17	Thursday	17	Friday	17	Saturday	17	*Sunday*	17	Monday	17	Tuesday	17
Thursday	18	Friday	18	Saturday	18	*Sunday*	18	Monday	18	Tuesday	18	Wednesd.	18
Friday	19	Saturday	19	*Sunday*	19	Monday	19	Tuesday	19	Wednesd.	19	Thursday	19
Saturday	20	*Sunday*	20	Monday	20	Tuesday	20	Wednesd.	20	Thursday	20	Friday	20
Sunday	21	Monday	21	Tuesday	21	Wednesd.	21	Thursday	21	Friday	21	Saturday	21
Monday	22	Tuesday	22	Wednesd.	22	Thursday	22	Friday	22	Saturday	22	*Sunday*	22
Tuesday	23	Wednesd.	23	Thursday	23	Friday	23	Saturday	23	*Sunday*	23	Monday	23
Wednesd.	24	Thursday	24	Friday	24	Saturday	24	*Sunday*	24	Monday	24	Tuesday	24
Thursday	25	Friday	25	Saturday	25	*Sunday*	25	Monday	25	Tuesday	25	Wednesd.	25
Friday	26	Saturday	26	*Sunday*	26	Monday	26	Tuesday	26	Wednesd.	26	Thursday	26
Saturday	27	*Sunday*	27	Monday	27	Tuesday	27	Wednesd.	27	Thursday	27	Friday	27
Sunday	28	Monday	28	Tuesday	28	Wednesd.	28	Thursday	28	Friday	28	Saturday	28
Monday	29	Tuesday	29	Wednesd.	29	Thursday	29	Friday	29	Saturday	29	*Sunday*	29
Tuesday	30	Wednesd.	30	Thursday	30	Friday	30	Saturday	30	*Sunday*	30	Monday	30
Wednesd.	31	Thursday	31	Friday	31	Saturday	31	*Sunday*	31	Monday	31	Tuesday	31

* 1752 same as 1772 from Jan. 1 to Sept. 2. From Sept. 14 to Dec. 31 same as 1780 (Sept. 3—13 were omitted).—*This Calendar is from Whitaker's London Almanack, with some revisions.*

Facts About the Earth.

According to Clark, the equatorial semi-diameter is 20,926,202 feet = 3963.296 miles, and the polar semi-diameter is 20,854,895 feet = 3950.738 miles. One degree of latitude at the pole = 69.407 miles. One degree of latitude at the equator = 68.704 miles.

POPULATION OF THE EARTH BY CONTINENTS.

(From Proceedings of the Royal Geographical Society for January, 1891.)

Continental Divisions.	Area in Square Miles.	Inhabitants.		Continental Divisions.	Area in Square Miles	Inhabitants.	
		Number.	Per Sq. Mile.			Number.	Per Sq. Mile.
Africa.....	11,514,000	127,000,000	11.0	Australasia ..	3,288,000	4,730,000	1.4
America, N...	6,446,000	89,250,000	13.8	Europe.....	3,555,000	380,200,000	106.9
America, S....	6,837,000	36,420,000	5.3	Polar Regions	4,888,800	300,000	0.7
Asia	14,710,000	850,000,000	57.7				
Total.....					51,238,800	1,487,900,000	29.0

The above estimate was made by Ernest George Ravenstein, F.R.G.S., the geographer and statistician, and is for 1890.

An estimate of population of the earth made by Drs. Wagner and Supan, editors of "Bevölkerung der Erde" (Perthes, Gotha, 1891), is as follows: Europe, 357,379,000; Asia, 825,954,000; Africa, 163,953,000; America, 121,713,000; Australia, 3,230,000; Oceanic Islands, 7,420,000; polar regions, 80,400. Total, 1,479,729,400. The estimate of area of the continents and islands by the same authorities is 52,821,684.

Ravenstein's estimate of the earth's fertile region, in square miles, is 28,269,200; steppe, 13,901,000; desert, 4,180,000; polar region, 4,888,800.

The population of the earth at the death of the Emperor Augustus, estimated by Bodio, was 54,000,000. The population of Europe hardly exceeded 50,000,000 before the fifteenth century.—*Mulhall.*

The area and cubic contents of the earth, according to the data of Clark, given above, are: Surface, 196,971,984 square miles; cubic contents, 259,944,035,515 cubic miles.

Murray (Challenger expedition) states the greatest depth of the Atlantic Ocean at 27,366 feet; Pacific Ocean, 30,000 feet; Indian Ocean, 18,582 feet; Southern Ocean, 25,200 feet; Arctic Ocean, 9,000 feet. The Atlantic Ocean has an area, in square miles, of 24,536,000; Pacific Ocean, 50,309,000; Indian Ocean, 17,084,000; Arctic Ocean, 4,781,000; Southern Ocean, 30,592,000.

For population of the earth, according to creed, see Religious Statistics.

POPULATION OF THE EARTH ACCORDING TO RACE.

(Estimate by John Bartholomew, F.R.G.S., Edinburgh.)

Race.	Location.	Number.	Race.	Location.	Number.
Indo-Germanic or Aryan	Europe, Persia, etc.....	545,500,000	Hottentot and Bushmen.	South-Africa...	150,000
Mongolian or Turanian..	Greater part of Asia	630,000,000	Malay and Polynesian...	Australasia and Polynesia	35,000,000
Semitic or Hamitic.....	North - Africa, Arabia.....	65,000,000	American Indian.....	North & South America.....	15,000,000
Negro and Bantu.... ...	Central Africa.	150,000,000	Total	.. ..	1,440,650,000

The human family is subjected to forty-four principal governments. As to their form, they may be classified as follows: *Absolute monarchies*, China, Madagascar, Morocco, Persia, Russia, Siam, Turkey; *Limited monarchies*, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, British Empire, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Hawaii, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portugal, Roumania, Servia, Spain and Sweden and Norway; *Republics*, Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Brazil, Chili, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, France, Guatemala, Hayti, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Orange Free State, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador, San Domingo, Switzerland, Transvaal, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela. Besides these are the undefined despotisms of Central and South Africa and a few insignificant independent states.

The average duration of human life is about 33 years. One quarter of the people on the earth die before age 6, one half before age 16, and only about 1 person of each 100 born lives to age 65. The deaths are calculated at 67 per minute, 97,790 per day, and 35,639,835 per year; the births at 70 per minute, 100,800 per day, and 36,792,000 per year.

EUROPEAN LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

Languages.	Number of Persons Spoken by.		Proportion of the Whole.		Languages.	Number of Persons Spoken by.		Proportion of the Whole.	
	1801.	1890.	1801.	1890.		1801.	1890.	1801.	1890.
English	20,520,000	111,100,000	12.7	27.7	Portuguese.....	7,480,000	13,000,000	4.7	3.2
French	31,450,000	51,200,000	19.4	12.7	Russian.....	30,770,000	75,000,000	19.0	18.7
German	30,320,000	75,200,000	18.7	18.7					
Italian	15,070,000	33,400,000	9.3	8.3	Total.....	161,800,000	401,700,000	100.0	100.0
Spanish	26,190,000	42,800,000	16.2	10.7					

These estimates by Mulhall (1891) exhibit the superior growth of the English language in the last ninety years.

Latitude and Longitude Table.

(Longitude Reckoned from Greenwich.)

Specially prepared for The World Almanac.

	° ′ ″		H. M. S.
Acapulco, Mex.	16 50 56	N.	6 39 41.8 W.
Adelaide, S. Australia.*	34 55 34	S.	9 14 20.3 E.
Aden, Arabia	12 46 40	N.	2 59 55.8 E.
Albany, N. Y.*	42 39 49	N.	4 54 59.2 W.
Algiers*	36 45 3	N.	0 12 11.4 E.
Allegheny, Pa.*	40 27 42	N.	5 20 2.9 W.
Alexandria, Egypt	31 11 43	N.	1 59 26.7 E.
Amherst, Mass.*	42 22 17	N.	4 50 4.7 W.
Ann Arbor, Mich.*	42 16 48	N.	5 34 55.1 W.
Annapolis, Md.*	38 58 54	N.	5 5 56.4 W.
Antipodes Island	49 42 0	S.	11 54 52.3 E.
Apia, Samoa	13 48 56	S.	11 26 59.7 E.
Archangel, Russia	64 32 6	N.	2 42 14.0 E.
Armagh, Ireland*	54 21 13	N.	0 26 36.0 W.
Aspinwall, S. A., Lt.	9 22 9	N.	5 19 39.0 W.
Astoria, Ore.	46 11 19	N.	8 15 18.8 W.
Athens, Greece*	37 58 20	N.	1 34 55.7 E.
Attu Island, Alaska	52 56 1	N.	11 32 49 6 E.
Bahia, Brazil	13 0 37	S.	2 34 8.4 W.
Baltimore, Md.	39 17 48	N.	5 6 26.0 W.
Batavia, Java*	6 7 40	S.	7 7 13.7 E.
Belize, Honduras	17 29 20	N.	5 52 46.7 W.
Belle Isle Lt.	51 53 0	N.	3 41 29.5 W.
Berlin, Prussia*	52 30 17	N.	0 53 34.9 E.
Bermuda Dock Yard	32 19 24	N.	4 19 18.3 W.
Bombay*	18 53 45	N.	4 51 15.8 E.
Bonn, Germany*	50 43 45	N.	0 28 23.3 E.
Bordeaux, France*	44 50 17	N.	0 2 5.4 W.
Boston State House	42 21 28	N.	4 44 15.3 W.
Bridgetown, Barbadoes	13 5 42	N.	3 58 29.3 W.
Brussels, Belgium*	50 51 10	N.	0 17 28.6 E.
Buenos Ayres	34 36 30	S.	3 53 28.9 W.
Calcutta	22 33 25	N.	5 53 20.7 E.
Callao, Chili, Lt.	12 4 3	S.	5 9 3.0 W.
Cambridge, Eng.*	52 12 52	N.	0 0 22.7 E.
Cambridge, Mass.*	42 22 48	N.	4 44 31.0 W.
Canton, China	23 6 35	N.	7 33 46.3 E.
Cape Cod Lt.	42 2 21	N.	4 40 14.6 W.
C. Hatteras, N. C., Lt.	35 15 14	N.	5 2 5.0 W.
Cape Henry, Va., Lt.	36 55 29	N.	5 4 2.0 W.
Cape Horn	55 58 41	S.	4 29 5.0 W.
Cape May, N. J., Lt.	38 55 56	N.	4 59 50.7 W.
Cape Good Hope Lt.	34 21 12	S.	1 13 58.0 E.
Cape Prince of Wales	65 33 30	N.	11 11 56.8 W.
Charleston, S. C., Lt.	32 41 44	N.	5 19 32.0 W.
Charlottetown, P. E. I.	46 13 55	N.	4 12 27.5 W.
Cherbourg, France	49 38 54	N.	0 6 32.5 W.
Chicago, Ill.*	41 50 1	N.	5 50 26.7 W.
Christiania, Nor.*	59 54 44	N.	0 42 53.8 E.
Cincinnati, O.*	39 8 19	N.	5 37 41.3 W.
Clinton, N. Y.*	43 3 17	N.	5 1 37.4 W.
Colombo, Ceylon	6 55 40	N.	5 19 21.9 E.
Constantinople	41 0 30	N.	1 56 3.7 E.
Copenhagen*	55 41 14	N.	0 50 18.9 E.
Demerara (Georgetown Lt)	6 49 20	N.	3 52 46.0 W.
Denver, Col.*	39 40 36	N.	6 59 47.6 W.
Dublin, Ireland*	53 23 13	N.	0 25 22.0 W.
Edinburgh*	55 57 23	N.	0 12 43 1 W.
Esquimault, B. C., Lt.	48 25 40	N.	8 13 47.1 W.
Father Point, Que., Lt.	48 31 25	N.	4 33 49.2 W.
Fayal, Azores	38 32 9	N.	1 54 16.0 W.
Fernandina, Fla.	30 40 18	N.	5 25 51.1 W.
Florence, Italy*	43 46 4	N.	0 45 1.5 E.
Funchal, Madeira	32 38 4	N.	1 7 35.6 W.
Galveston, Tex.	29 18 17	N.	6 19 9.7 W.
Geneva, Switzerland*	46 11 59	N.	0 24 36.8 E.
Glasgow, Scotland*	55 52 43	N.	0 17 10.6 W.
Gibraltar	36 6 30	N.	0 21 23.3 W.
Greenwich, Eng.*	51 28 38	N.	0 0 0.0 —
Halifax, N. S.*	44 39 38	N.	4 14 21.1 W.
Hamburg, Ger.*	53 33 7	N.	0 39 53.7 E.
Hanover, N. H.*	43 42 15	N.	4 49 7.9 W.
Havana, Cuba	23 9 21	N.	5 29 26.0 W.
Hobart Town, Tas.	42 53 25	S.	9 49 20.5 E.
Hong Kong, China*	22 18 12	N.	7 36 41.9 E.
Honolulu (Reef Lt.)	21 17 55	N.	10 31 28.0 E.
Key West, Fla., Lt.	24 32 58	N.	5 27 12.3 W.
Kingston, Jam.	17 57 41	N.	5 7 10.7 W.
Lisbon, Portugal*	38 42 31	N.	0 36 44.7 W.
Liverpool*	53 24 4	N.	0 12 17.2 W.
Madison, Wisconsin*	43 1 37	N.	5 57 37.8 W.
Madras, India*	13 4 8	N.	5 20 59.4 E.
Madrid, Spain*	40 24 30	N.	0 14 45.4 W.
Manila, Lt.	14 35 41	N.	8 3 49.2 E.
Marseilles*	43 18 19	N.	0 21 34.6 E.
Melbourne, Vic.*	37 49 53	S.	9 39 54.1 E.
Mexico (city)*	19 26 2	N.	6 36 26.7 W.
Monrovia, Liberia	6 19 5	N.	0 43 15.7 W.
Montreal, Que.*	45 30 17	N.	4 54 18.5 W.
Moscow*	55 45 20	N.	2 30 16.9 E.
Mount Hamilton, Cal.*	37 20 24	N.	8 6 34.1 W.
Munich*	48 8 45	N.	0 46 26.1 E.
Nain, Labrador	56 32 51	N.	4 6 42.7 W.
Naples*	40 51 45	N.	0 57 0.9 E.
Nashville, Tenn.*	36 8 58	N.	5 47 8.0 W.
Nassau, Bahamas	25 5 37	N.	5 9 27.8 W.
Natal, S. Africa*	29 50 47	S.	2 2 1.2 E.
New-Haven, Conn.*	41 18 36	N.	4 51 42.1 W.
New-Orleans (Mint)	29 57 46	N.	6 0 13.9 W.
New York (Columb. Col)*	40 45 23	N.	4 55 53.6 W.
Nice, France*	43 43 17	N.	0 29 12.2 E.
Norfolk, Va. (Navy Yard)	36 49 33	N.	5 5 11.0 W.
North Cape	71 11 0	N.	1 42 40 E.
Northfield, Minn.*	44 27 42	N.	6 12 35.8 W.
Odessa, Russia*	46 28 36	N.	2 3 2.3 E.
Ogden, Utah*	41 13 8	N.	7 27 59.6 W.
Oxford, Eng. (Univ.)*	51 45 34	N.	0 5 0.4 W.
Panama, Colombia	8 57 6	N.	5 18 8.8 W.
Para, Brazil	1 26 59	S.	3 14 0.0 W.
Paris, France*	48 50 12	N.	0 9 20.9 E.
Pensacola, Lt.	30 20 47	N.	5 49 14.1 W.
Pernambuco, Brazil, Lt.	8 3 22	S.	2 19 27.8 W.
Port au Prince, Hayti	18 33 54	N.	4 49 28.0 W.
Philadelphia, Pa.*	39 57 7	N.	5 0 38.5 W.
P. Barrow (High. lat. U.S.)	71 27 0	N.	10 25 00.0 W.
Portland, Me.	43 39 28	N.	4 41 1.2 W.
Port Louis, Mauritius	20 8 46	S.	3 49 57.7 E.
Port Said, Egypt, Lt.	31 15 45	N.	2 9 15.5 E.
Port Spain, Trinidad	10 38 39	N.	4 6 2.5 W.
P. Stanley, Falkland Is'ds.	51 41 10	S.	3 51 26.0 W.
Prague, Bohemia*	50 5 19	N.	0 57 41.4 E.
Princeton, N. J.*	40 20 58	N.	4 58 37.5 W.
Providence, R. I.*	41 49 26	N.	4 45 37.3 W.
Quebec, Que.*	46 48 17	N.	4 44 49.3 W.
Richmond, Va.	37 32 16	N.	5 9 44.0 W.
Rio de Janeiro*	22 54 24	S.	2 52 41.4 W.
Rochester, N. Y.*	43 9 17	N.	5 10 21.8 W.
Rome, Italy*	41 53 54	N.	0 49 54.7 E.
Saigon, Cochin-China*	10 46 47	N.	7 6 48.7 E.
San Diego, Cal.	32 43 6	N.	7 48 38.7 W.
Sandy Hook Lt., N. J.	40 27 40	N.	4 56 0 6 W.
San Francisco, Cal.*	37 47 55	N.	8 9 38.1 W.
San Juan de Porto Rico	18 28 56	N.	4 24 29.8 W.
Santiago de Cuba	20 16	N.	5 3 22.0 W.
Savannah, Ga.	32 4 52	N.	5 24 21.7 W.
Seattle, Wash.	47 35 54	N.	8 9 19.9 W.
Shanghai, China	31 14 42	N.	8 5 55.7 E.
Singapore, India	1 17 11	N.	6 55 25.0 E.
St. Helena Island	15 55 0	S.	0 22 52.0 W.
St. John's, Newfoundland	47 34 2	N.	3 30 46 6 W.
St. Louis, Mo.*	38 38 4	N.	6 0 49.1 W.
St. Petersburg, Russia*	59 56 30	N.	2 1 13.5 E.
Stockholm*	59 20 33	N.	1 12 14.0 E.
Suakim, E. Africa, Lt.	19 7 0	N.	2 29 16.6 E.
Sydney, N. S. W.*	33 51 41	S.	10 4 49.5 E.
Tokio, Japan*	35 39 17	N.	9 18 58.0 E.
Tunis (Goletta Lt.)	36 48 36	N.	0 41 14.5 E.
Utrecht, Netherlands*	52 5 10	N.	0 20 31.7 E.
Valparaiso, Chili	33 1 53	S.	4 46 34.8 W.
Venice, Italy*	45 25 58	N.	0 49 21.9 E.
Vera Cruz, Mex., Lt.	19 12 29	N.	6 24 31.8 W.
Victoria, B. C., Lt.	48 25 26	N.	8 13 33.8 W.
Vienna, Austria*	48 13 55	N.	1 5 21.2 E.
Warsaw, Russia*	52 13 6	N.	1 24 7.4 E.
Washington, D. C.*	38 53 39	N.	5 8 12.0 W.
Wellington, N. Z.*	41 16 57	S.	11 39 5.5 E.
West Point, N. Y.*	41 23 31	N.	4 55 49.3 W.
Williamstown, Mass.*	42 42 49	N.	4 52 53.4 W.
Yokohama, Japan	35 26 24	N.	9 18 36.9 E.
Zanzibar (Eng. Consulate)	6 9 43	S.	2 36 44.7 E.

* Observatories. Lt. denotes a Light-house.

Weather Signals

OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.*

THE Weather Bureau furnishes, when practicable, for the benefit of the general public and those interests dependent to a greater or less extent upon weather conditions, the "Forecasts" which are prepared at this office daily, at 10 A.M. and 10 P.M., for the following day. These weather forecasts are telegraphed to observers at stations of the Weather Bureau, railway officials, and many others, and are so worded as to be readily communicated to the public by means of flags or steam whistles. The flags adopted for this purpose are five in number, and of the form and dimensions indicated below:

EXPLANATION OF FLAG SIGNALS.

No. 1. White Flag. — No 2. Blue Flag. — No. 3. White and Blue Flag. — No. 4. Black Triangular Flag. — No. 5. White Flag with black square in centre.

Clear or fair weather. — Rain or snow. — Local rains. — Temperature signal. — Cold wave.

Number 1, white flag, six feet square, indicates clear or fair weather. Number 2, blue flag, six feet square, indicates rain or snow. Number 3, white and blue flag (parallel bars of white and blue), six feet square, indicates that local rains or showers will occur, and that the rainfall will not be general. Number 4, black triangular flag, four feet at the base and six feet in length, always refers to temperature; when placed above numbers 1, 2, or 3 it indicates warmer weather; when placed below numbers 1, 2, or 3 it indicates colder weather; when not displayed, the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary, or that the change in temperature will not vary more than four degrees from the temperature of the same hour of the preceding day from March to October, inclusive, and not more than six degrees for the remaining months of the year. Number 5, white flag, six feet square, with black square in centre, indicates the approach of a *sudden* and *decided* fall in temperature. This signal is not to be displayed unless it is expected that the temperature will fall to forty-two degrees, or lower, and is usually ordered at least twenty-four hours in advance of the cold wave. When number 5 is displayed, number 4 is always omitted.

When displayed on poles the signals should be arranged to read downward; when displayed from horizontal supports a small streamer should be attached to indicate the point from which the signals are to be read.

INTERPRETATION OF DISPLAYS.

No. 1, alone, indicates fair weather, stationary temperature.
No. 2, alone, indicates rain or snow, stationary temperature.
No. 3, alone, indicates local rain, stationary temperature.
No. 1, with No. 4 above it, indicates fair weather, warmer.
No. 1, with No. 4 below it, indicates fair weather, colder.
No. 2, with No. 4 above it, indicates warmer weather, rain or snow.
No. 2, with No. 4 below it, indicates colder weather, rain or snow.
No. 3, with No. 4 above it, indicates warmer weather with local rains.
No. 3, with No. 4 below it, indicates colder weather with local rains.
No. 1, with No. 5 above it, indicates fair weather, cold wave.
No. 2, with No. 5 above it, indicates wet weather, cold wave.

Communications with reference to the display or sounding of these symbols and signals should be addressed to the Director of the State Service in which the station is located or to the Chief of the Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C.

The several States, with headquarters, in which State Weather Services are in operation, are as follows:

Auburn, Ala.
Little Rock, Ark.
Sacramento, Cal.
Denver, Col.
Atlanta, Ga.
Springfield, Ill.
Indianapolis or Lafayette, Ind.
Des Moines, Ia.
Topeka, Kan.
Louisville, Ky.
New-Orleans, La.
Baltimore, Md.
Cambridge, Mass.
Lansing, Mich.
Minneapolis, Minn.
University, Miss.
Columbia, Mo.
Crete, Neb.
Carson City, Nev.
New-Brunswick, N. J.
Santa Fé, N. M.
Ithaca, N. Y.
Raleigh, N. C.
Bismarck, N. D.
Columbus, O.
Portland or Oswego, Ore.
Philadelphia, Pa.
Columbia, S. C.
Huron, S. D.
Nashville, Tenn.
Galveston, Tex.
Lynchburg, Va.
Olympia, Wash.
Parkersburg, W. Va.
Milwaukee, Wis.

(For Wind Signals, see next page.)

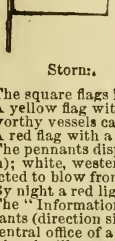
MARK W. HARRINGTON,
Chief of the Weather Bureau.

* The signal service of the Government was transferred last year from the War Department to the Department of Agriculture, and the Weather Bureau was organized, with Professor M. W. Harrington as chief.

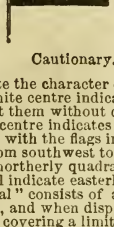
Storm, Cautionary, and Wind-Direction Signals

OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

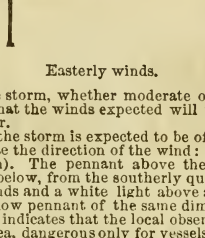
Red, Black Centre. Yellow, White Centre. Red Pennant. White Pennant.



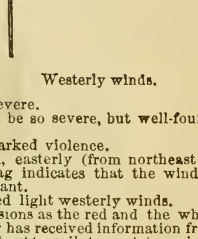
Storm.



Cautionary.



Easterly winds.



Westerly winds.

The square flags indicate the character of the storm, whether moderate or severe.

A yellow flag with a white centre indicates that the winds expected will not be so severe, but well-found, sea-worthy vessels can meet them without danger.

A red flag with a black centre indicates that the storm is expected to be of marked violence.

The pennants displayed with the flags indicate the direction of the wind: red, easterly (from northeast to south); white, westerly (from southwest to north). The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrant; below, from the southerly quadrant.

By night a red light will indicate easterly winds and a white light above a red light westerly winds.

The "Information Signal" consists of a yellow pennant of the same dimensions as the red and the white pennants (direction signals), and when displayed indicates that the local observer has received information from the central office of a storm covering a limited area, dangerous only for vessels about to sail to certain points. The signal will serve as a notification to shipmasters to apply for information to the local observer.

NOTE.—These signals, principally for the information of maritime interests, are distinct from the system of weather, temperature, and rain signals displayed throughout the country.

Greatest Altitudes in Each of the States.

FROM THE RECORDS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

State or Territory.	Name of Place.	Height.	State or Territory.	Name of Place.	Height.
Alabama	Cheauha Mt. (Talladega Co.)	2,407	Montana	Electric Peak	11,155
Alaska	Mt. St. Elias	18,250	Nebraska	White River Summit	4,876
Arizona	San Francisco Mt.	12,794	Nevada	Wheeler Peak	13,036
Arkansas	Magazine Mt.	2,800	New-Hampshire	Mount Washington	6,286
California	Mt. Whitney	14,898	New-Jersey	Kittatinny Mountain	1,630
Colorado	Blanca Peak	14,464	New-Mexico	Cerro Blanco	14,269
Connecticut	Bear Mt.	2,355	New-York	Mt. Marcy (Adirondacks)	5,379
Delaware	Dupont	282	North-Carolina	Mt. Mitchell	6,707
Dist. of Columbia	Tenleytown	400	North-Dakota	Sentinel Butte	2,707
Florida	Highland	210	Ohio	Ontario	1,376
Georgia	Enota Mt.	4,798	Oklahoma	Goodwin	2,536
Idaho	Meade Peak*	10,541	Oregon	Mt. Hood	11,225
Illinois	Warren	1,009	Pennsylvania	Negro Mt.	2,826
Indiana	Haley	1,140	Rhode-Island	Durfee Hill	805
Indian Territory	Wichita Mts.	2,500	South-Carolina	Rocky Mt. (Pickens Co.)	3,600
Iowa	Ocheyedan	1,554	South-Dakota	Harney Peak	7,368
Kansas	Kanarado	3,956	Tennessee	Mt. Leconte	6,612
Kentucky	Big Black Mt. (Harlan Co.)	4,100	Texas	North Franklin Mt.	7,069
Louisiana	Mansfield	321	Utah	Mt. Emmons	13,694
Maine	Katahdin Mt.	5,200	Vermont	Mt. Mansfield	4,430
Maryland	Great Backbone Mt.	3,400	Virginia	Mt. Rogers (Grayson Co.)	5,719
Massachusetts	Mt. Greylock	3,535	Washington	Mt. Rainier	14,444
Michigan	Porcupine Mt.	2,023	West-Virginia	Spruce Mt. (Pendleton Co.)	4,860
Minnesota	Woodstock	1,820	Wisconsin	Summit Lake	1,732
Mississippi	Pontotoc Ridge	516	Wyoming	Fremont Peak	13,790
Missouri	Cedar Gap	1,675			

* Salmon River Mts. known to be much higher, but elevation not definitely known.

NOTE.—The above table was prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Geographic Branch of the United States Geological Survey, J. W. Powell, director. It should be stated in connection with this table that it presents only points whose heights are matters of record, and that in several cases in the high mountain region of the far West and the Pacific Slope it is well known that there are higher points within the State or Territory, whose heights are not yet known with any approach to accuracy, and consequently cannot be given.

OBJECTS VISIBLE AT SEA.

The following table shows the distance at sea at which objects are visible at certain elevations:

Elevation—Feet.	Miles.	Elevation—Feet.	Miles.	Elevation—Feet.	Miles.
5	3	100	13	500	30
10	4	200	18	800	37
20	6	300	23	1,000	42
50	9				

High Tide Tables.

TABLE SHOWING THE TIME OF HIGH WATER AT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, NEW-YORK HARBOR, FOR EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR 1892.

(Specially prepared for The World Almanac.)

(New York Mean Time.)

1892.	January.		February.		March.		April.		May.		June.	
Day of Month.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	8 37	9 2	9 51	10 26	9 40	10 11	11 17	11 35	11 46	11 55	12 12	1 4
2	9 20	9 49	10 43	11 22	10 35	11 4	.....	12 13	.....	12 41	1 8	2 6
3	10 5	10 38	11 41	.....	11 32	.....	12 28	1 12	12 47	1 41	2 12	3 8
4	10 52	11 34	12 21	12 46	12 1	12 34	1 24	2 14	1 45	2 44	3 23	4 9
5	11 47	.....	1 24	1 56	1 0	1 38	2 24	3 19	2 47	3 47	4 32	5 1
6	12 34	12 50	2 29	3 8	2 0	2 44	3 24	4 20	3 54	4 46	5 32	5 43
7	1 38	2 4	3 30	4 15	2 59	3 49	4 24	5 16	5 0	5 37	6 18	6 21
8	2 48	3 21	4 26	5 13	3 57	4 49	5 22	6 4	5 57	6 19	6 56	6 57
9	3 53	4 32	5 17	6 4	4 52	5 42	6 15	6 47	6 57	7 29	7 29	7 31
10	4 51	5 32	6 6	6 50	5 42	6 29	7 2	7 26	7 28	7 31	7 59	8 7
11	5 42	6 24	6 52	7 32	6 31	7 12	7 47	8 1	8 4	8 4	8 31	8 43
12	6 27	7 10	7 32	8 12	7 16	7 51	8 25	8 36	8 34	8 37	9 5	9 20
13	7 11	7 52	8 14	8 50	7 59	8 28	9 0	9 9	9 2	9 12	9 42	9 59
14	7 54	8 34	8 55	9 28	8 40	9 4	9 31	9 42	9 32	9 48	10 25	10 41
15	8 35	9 13	9 35	10 5	9 18	9 38	10 1	10 18	10 6	10 24	11 14	11 27
16	9 16	9 52	10 14	10 45	9 54	10 14	10 31	10 55	10 46	11 4	.....	12 9
17	9 57	10 33	10 53	11 25	10 27	10 51	11 11	11 36	11 31	11 49	12 22	1 12
18	10 38	11 16	11 34	.....	11 2	11 31	11 55	.....	.....	12 24	1 26	2 20
19	11 21	.....	12 10	12 19	11 42	.....	12 22	12 47	12 42	1 26	2 44	3 30
20	12 2	12 7	12 59	1 9	12 15	12 28	1 14	1 47	1 42	2 35	4 0	4 34
21	12 52	1 1	1 50	2 5	1 3	1 21	2 13	2 54	2 54	3 43	5 8	5 31
22	1 45	1 59	2 42	3 3	1 56	2 20	3 17	4 1	4 8	4 48	6 7	6 21
23	2 41	2 59	3 36	4 1	2 52	3 22	4 24	5 4	5 17	5 47	6 58	7 7
24	3 34	3 57	4 28	4 57	3 50	4 24	5 29	6 2	6 19	6 39	7 46	7 52
25	4 23	4 48	5 21	5 51	4 49	5 25	6 31	6 57	7 14	7 29	8 31	8 37
26	5 11	5 37	6 12	6 42	5 48	6 22	7 27	7 49	8 4	8 16	9 15	9 21
27	5 56	6 22	7 4	7 34	6 45	7 16	8 21	8 39	8 52	9 2	10 0	10 5
28	6 42	7 9	7 55	8 26	7 40	8 8	9 13	9 27	9 39	9 47	10 46	10 59
29	7 27	7 56	8 47	9 18	8 34	9 0	10 3	10 15	10 27	10 34	11 35	11 31
30	8 14	8 46	.....	.....	9 29	9 51	10 54	11 4	11 15	11 21	.....	12 27
31	9 1	9 36	.....	.....	10 22	10 42	.....	.....	.....	12 7	.....	.....

1892.	July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.	
Day of Month.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	H. M	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	12 32	1 24	1 52	2 27	2 44	3 14	2 56	3 23	4 36	5 0	5 24	5 54
2	1 33	2 22	2 49	3 19	3 40	4 7	3 59	4 23	5 32	6 4	6 19	6 52
3	2 42	3 21	3 45	4 7	4 35	4 59	4 59	5 22	6 28	6 57	7 10	7 44
4	3 49	4 13	4 35	4 53	5 29	5 50	5 56	6 20	7 19	7 51	7 51	8 23
5	4 46	4 58	5 21	5 38	6 20	6 41	6 52	7 16	8 9	8 42	8 34	9 10
6	5 32	5 39	6 6	6 22	7 13	7 31	7 43	8 9	8 57	9 33	9 19	9 59
7	6 11	6 17	6 50	7 7	8 1	8 24	8 33	9 2	9 46	10 22	10 7	10 48
8	6 47	6 57	7 34	7 51	8 53	9 14	9 24	9 56	10 34	11 14	10 54	11 39
9	7 23	7 36	8 20	8 38	9 44	10 7	10 14	10 47	11 25	.....	11 46	.....
10	8 1	8 16	9 8	9 26	10 35	11 2	11 4	11 42	12 9	12 16	12 36	12 42
11	8 41	9 57	9 59	10 16	11 29	.....	11 57	.....	1 7	1 14	1 38	1 47
12	9 24	9 40	10 52	11 11	12 0	12 24	12 39	12 53	2 10	2 17	2 54	2 59
13	10 11	10 26	11 48	.....	1 1	1 24	1 40	1 51	3 25	3 37	3 46	4 11
14	11 2	11 16	12 11	12 47	2 6	2 24	2 45	2 53	4 34	4 49	4 40	5 14
15	.....	12 0	1 17	1 51	3 13	3 24	3 52	3 57	5 27	5 52	5 25	6 4
16	12 13	1 1	2 27	2 54	4 15	4 23	4 50	5 0	6 15	6 44	6 5	6 45
17	1 23	2 9	3 36	3 53	5 13	5 18	5 44	5 58	6 54	7 32	6 42	7 24
18	2 37	3 16	4 39	4 47	6 4	6 10	6 32	6 50	7 32	8 15	7 26	7 47
19	3 52	4 17	5 33	5 39	6 51	7 0	7 14	7 36	7 53	8 24	8 5	8 14
20	4 57	5 11	6 22	6 27	7 33	7 44	7 49	8 17	8 24	8 49	8 32	8 44
21	5 52	6 1	7 9	7 13	8 13	8 29	8 21	8 53	8 55	9 17	8 59	9 19
22	6 42	6 47	7 51	7 57	8 50	9 9	8 57	9 23	9 28	9 44	9 34	9 59
23	7 27	7 31	8 33	8 40	9 26	9 47	9 29	9 52	10 4	10 23	10 14	10 45
24	8 10	8 14	9 14	9 24	10 2	10 21	10 4	10 21	10 39	11 4	10 58	11 36
25	8 52	8 57	9 54	10 5	10 38	10 54	10 39	10 54	11 22	11 53	11 48	.....
26	9 35	9 41	10 33	10 47	11 15	11 30	11 15	11 34	.....	12 8	12 36	12 45
27	10 19	10 26	11 14	11 29	11 55	.....	11 57	.....	12 52	1 4	1 39	1 58
28	11 3	11 10	11 56	.....	12 10	12 40	12 22	12 45	1 57	2 17	3 10	3 23
29	11 50	11 59	12 10	12 43	12 59	1 30	1 18	1 42	3 16	3 39	4 18	4 48
30	.....	12 40	12 57	1 31	1 54	2 24	2 24	2 44	4 24	4 51	5 15	5 51
31	12 53	1 32	1 49	2 23	.....	.....	3 32	3 54	.....	.....	6 9	6 45

HIGH TIDE TABLES—*Continued.*

TIME OF HIGH WATER AT POINTS ON THE ATLANTIC COAST.

THE local time of high water at the following places may be found approximately for each day by adding to or subtracting from the time of high water at Governor's Island, N. Y. (see opposite page), the hours and minutes annexed.

(Specially prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

		H.	M.			H.	M.
Albany, N. Y.	add	9	30	New-Haven, Conn.	add	2	57
Annapolis, Md.	add	8	35	New-London, Conn.	add	1	22
Atlantic City, N. J.	sub.		20	Newport. R. I.	sub		22
Baltimore, Md.	add	10	52	Norfolk, Va.	add		58
Bar Harbor, Me.	add	2	50	Norwich, Conn.	add	2	1
Beaufort, S. C.	sub.		10	Old Point Comfort, Va.	add		39
Block Island, R. I.	sub.		36	Philadelphia, Pa.	add	5	31
Boston, Mass.	add	3	22	Plymouth, Mass.	add	3	12
Bridgeport, Conn.	add	3	1	Point Lookout, Md.	add	4	49
Bristol, R. I.	sub.		14	Portland, Me.	add	3	10
Cape May, N. J.	add		13	Portsmouth, N. H.	add	3	17
Charleston, S. C.	sub.		43	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	add	3	51
Eastport, Me.	add	3	1	Providence, R. I.	add		8
Fernandina, Fla.	sub.		19	Richmond, Va.	add	8	53
Gloucester, Mass.	add	2	55	Rockaway Inlet, N. Y.	sub.		27
Hellgate Ferry, East River, N. Y.	add	1	53	Rockland, Me.	add	2	56
Isles of Shoals, N. H.	add	3	11	Rockport, Mass.	add	2	51
Jacksonville, Fla.	add		37	Salem, Mass.	add	3	8
Key West, Fla.	add	1	23	Sandy Hook, N. J.	sub.		32
League Island, Pa.	add	5	12	Savannah, Ga.	add		6
Marblehead, Mass.	add	3	2	Southport (Smithville), N. C.	sub.		52
Nahant, Mass.	add	3	2	Vineyard Haven, Mass.	add	3	33
Nantucket, Mass.	add	4	24	Washington, D. C.	add	11	48
Newark, N. J.	add		55	Watch Hill, R. I.	add		41
New-Bedford, Mass.	sub.		11	West Point, N. Y.	add	2	47
Newburyport, Mass.	add	3	21	Wilmington, N. C.	add		59

EXAMPLE.—To find the approximate time of high tide at Atlantic City, N. J., on June 10, 1892, find first the time of high water at New-York under this date, and then subtract 20 minutes, as in the above table; the result is the time of high water required.

Thermometers.

COMPARATIVE SCALES.

Reaumur, 80°	Centigrade, 100°	Fahrenheit, 212°	
			WATER BOILS AT SEA LEVEL.
76	95	203	
72	90	194	
68	85	185	
63.1	78.9	174	
60	75	167	Alcohol Boils.
56	70	158	
52	65	149	
48	60	140	
44	55	131	
42.2	52.8	127	Tallow Melts.
40	50	122	
36	45	113	
33.8	42.2	108	
32	40	104	
29.3	36.7	98	Blood Heat.
28	35	95	
25.8	32.2	90	
24	30	86	
21.3	26.7	80	
20	25	77	
16	20	68	
12.4	15.5	60	Temperate.
10.2	12.8	55	
8	10	50	
5.8	7.2	45	
4	5	41	
1.3	1.7	35	
0	0	32	WATER FREEZES.
— 0.9	— 1.1	30	
— 4	— 5	23	
— 5.3	— 6.7	20	
— 8	—10	14	
— 9.8	—12.2	10	
—12	—15	5	
—14.2	—17.8	0	ZERO Fahr.
—16	—20	— 4	
—20	—25	—13	
—24	—30	—22	
—28	—35	—31	
—32	—40	—40	

Rules for Foretelling the Weather.

ADAPTED FOR USE WITH ANEROID BAROMETERS.

A RISING BAROMETER.

A RAPID rise indicates unsettled weather.

A gradual rise indicates settled weather.

A rise with dry air and cold increasing in summer indicates wind from the northward; and if rain has fallen, better weather may be expected.

A rise with moist air and a low temperature indicates wind and rain from the northward.

A rise with southerly winds indicates fine weather.

A STEADY BAROMETER.

With dry air and seasonable temperature indicates a continuance of very fine weather.

A FALLING BAROMETER.

A rapid fall indicates stormy weather.

A rapid fall with westerly wind indicates stormy weather from the northward.

A fall with a northerly wind indicates storm, with rain and hail in summer, and snow in winter.

A fall with increased moisture in the air, and heat increasing, indicates wind and rain from the southward.

A fall with dry air and cold increasing in winter indicates snow.

A fall after very calm and warm weather indicates rain with squally weather.

The barometer rises for northerly winds, including from northwest by north to the eastward for dry, or less wet weather, for less wind, or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when rain, hail or snow comes from the northward with strong wind.

The barometer falls for southerly wind, including from southeast by south to the westward, for wet weather, for stronger wind or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when moderate wind, with rain or snow, comes from the northward.

The above printed rules are in use by the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club of New-York.

DURATION OF DIFFERENT KINDS OF WEATHER IN THE SEVERAL STORMS.—VICINITY OF NEW YORK.

CRITICAL WINDS.	Clear Hours.	Cloudy Hours.	Rain Hours.	Clearing Hours.
South to Southwest	9	8	8.3	14
South to Southeast	14	13.4	15.6	15.4
East to Northeast	20	17.6	31	20.5

Normal Temperature and Rainfall

IN THE UNITED STATES.

TABLE SHOWING THE NORMAL TEMPERATURE FOR JANUARY AND JULY, AND THE NORMAL ANNUAL PRECIPITATION AT WEATHER BUREAU STATIONS IN EACH OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES. ALSO THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST TEMPERATURES EVER REPORTED FROM EACH OF SAID STATIONS, TO INCLUDE 1890.

(Prepared in the office of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, U. S. Department of Agriculture, for THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1892.)

States and Territories	Stations.	Temperature. Mean. January.	Temperature. Mean. July.	Temperature. Extremes. Highest.	Temperature. Extremes. Lowest.	Mean Annual Precipitation, Rain and Melted Snow (inches).
Ala.	Mobile	50	82	101	11	64.1
	Montgomery	48	82	107	5	53.3
	Grant, Fort	43	78	102	7	16.5
Ariz.	Prescott	32	73	103	—18	16.4
	Yuma	54	92	118	22	3.1
Ark.	Fort Smith	34	80	104	— 7	42.4
	Little Rock	40	81	102	— 8	53.5
	Red Bluff	46	82	112	18	25.7
Cal.	Sacramento	46	72	108	19	21.9
	San Diego	54	67	101	32	11.2
	Denver	27	72	105	—29	14.6
Colo.	Las Animas	22	76	108	—26	13.5
	Montrose	23	72	98	—20	8.9
Conn.	New-Haven	27	72	100	—14	50.3
	New-London	28	71	93	—10	49.1
Del.	Del. Breakwater	33	73	93	1	32.6
Dist. of Col.	Washington	33	77	104	—14	44.8
Florida.	Jacksonville	55	82	104	15	56.3
	Key West	70	84	100	41	39.9
	Pensacola	52	81	99	15	63.6
Georgia.	Atlanta	43	78	100	— 2	55.9
	Augusta	47	82	105	6	48.6
	Savannah	51	82	105	12	52.3
Idaho.	Boisé City	28	73	107	—28	13.2
Illinois.	Cairo	34	79	103	—16	43.6
	Chicago	24	72	100	—23	36.2
Indiana.	Springfield	25	77	102	—22	40.7
	Indianapolis	28	76	101	—25	44.4
Ind. Ter.	Sill, Fort	35	82	107	— 9	31.2
Iowa.	Des Moines	17	75	104	—30	36.4
	Dubuque	17	75	101	—32	37.3
	Keokuk	23	77	104	—24	36.5
	Dodge City	25	78	108	—20	20.8
Kansas.	Concordia	19	77	103	—25	27.8
	Leavenworth	24	78	107	—29	38.7
Ky.	Louisville	34	79	105	—20	36.9
La.	New-Orleans	54	83	97	13	64.0
	Shreveport	45	83	107	1	52.2
Maine.	Eastport	20	60	88	—21	50.1
	Portland	23	69	97	—17	42.1
Md.	Baltimore	34	78	102	— 6	44.2
Mass.	Boston	26	71	101	—13	46.4
	Springfield	26	73	94	—14	47.0
	Grand Haven	24	69	92	—24	37.9
Mich.	Marquette	16	65	100	—27	32.6
	Port Huron	21	69	99	—25	32.1
	Duluth	12	66	99	—41	32.5
Minn.	St. Paul	11	72	100	—41	27.8
	St. Vincent	—8	65	103	—54	16.6
Miss.	Vicksburg	47	82	101	3	57.8
Mo.	St. Louis	30	79	106	—22	38.4
	Springfield	32	75	99	—11	48.5
Mont.	Assiniboine, Fort	9	67	108	—55	15.4
	Custer, Fort	14	71	106	—43	13.0
	Poplar River	—5	69	110	—63	10.8
N. C.	Charlotte	41	79	102	— 5	44.8
	Hatteras	44	78	92	8	69.8
	Wilmington	47	80	103	9	57.5
Neb.	North Platte	19	74	107	—35	20.2
	Omaha	19	76	105	—32	33.5
	Valentine	14	74	106	—35	17.2
Nevada.	Winnemucca	28	72	104	—28	8.6
N. Dak.	Bismarck	4	67	105	—44	19.0
	Buford, Fort	3	68	107	—49	13.8
N. H.	Manchester	22	69	96	—11	41.9
N. J.	Atlantic City	32	72	99	— 7	42.5
	Cape May	34	74	91	1	47.2
	New-Brunswick	28	74	98	—12	46.8
N. Mex.	Santa Fé	28	68	97	—13	13.5
	Stanton, Fort	34	68	90	—18	17.3
	Albany	23	73	98	—18	38.2
N. Y.	New-York City	30	74	100	— 6	45.1
	Oswego	25	69	100	—23	35.0
	Cincinnati	33	78	104	—12	41.0
Ohio.	Columbus	28	75	103	—20	39.3
	Toledo	26	74	99	—16	31.8
	Portland	39	67	99	— 2	49.8
Oregon.	Roseburg	40	66	101	— 6	34.3
	Umatilla	32	73	78	—24	9.7
	Erie	27	72	94	—16	42.1
Pa.	Philadelphia	32	76	100	— 5	41.2
	Pittsburgh	30	74	103	—12	37.6
	Block Island	30	69	88	— 4	46.5
R. I.	Newport	30	70	92	— 8	50.0
	Charleston	49	82	104	10	57.3
S. C.	Yankton	13	74	103	—34	27.3
S. Dak.	Chattanooga	41	78	101	— 7	56.5
Tenn.	Memphis	40	81	102	— 8	53.3
	Nashville	38	80	104	—10	51.4
	Elliott, Fort	30	77	108	—14	24.5
Texas.	Brownsville	57	84	102	18	36.9
	El Paso	44	82	113	— 5	10.0
	Palestine	43	82	102	0	45.4
Utah.	Frisco	30	73	93	0	7.6
	Salt Lake	28	76	101	—20	16.8
Vt.	Burlington	19	71	97	—24	28.8
Va.	Lynchburg	36	78	102	— 5	44.5
	Norfolk	40	79	102	6	42.4
	Dayton	30	68	109	—26	27.8
Wash.	Olympia	38	62	97	— 2	2.1
	Tatoosh Island	40	56	75	14	92.4
W. Va.	Morgantown	35	74	97	—10	46.9
Wis.	La Crosse	15	73	101	—43	31.9
	Milwaukee	19	69	100	—25	32.8
	Bridger, Fort	19	64	89	—42	8.7
Wyo.	Cheyenne	25	67	100	—38	11.7
	Washakie, Fort	10	67	100	—54	11.0

The minus (—) sign indicates temperature below zero.

Temperature and Rainfall of Foreign Cities.

Cities.	Mean Annual Temperature.	Annual Average Rainfall, Inches.	Cities.	Mean Annual Temperature.	Annual Average Rainfall, Inches.	Cities.	Mean Annual Temperature.	Annual Average Rainfall, Inches.
Alexandria	69.0	10	Florence	59.2	41	Munich	48.4	....
Algiers	64.3	27	Frankfort	50.0	....	Naples	60.3	30
Amsterdam	49.9	....	Geneva	52.7	32	Nice	58.0	29
Archangel	33.0	....	Genoa	61.1	47	Odessa	48.0	....
Astrakhan	50.1	6	Glasgow	49.8	44	Para	81.0	71
Athens	63.0	....	Hague	52.0	....	Paris	51.3	22
Bagdad	74.0	....	Hamburg	47.0	....	Pekin	53.0	27
Barcelona	63.0	....	Havana	79.1	91	Port Said	....	2
Berlin	48.2	24	Hong Kong	73.0	101	Prague	50.2	14
Bermuda	72.0	55	Honolulu	75.0	....	Quebec	40.3	....
Berne	46.0	46	Iceland	39.0	30	Quito	60.9	....
Birmingham	48.2	....	Jerusalem	62.6	16	Rio Janeiro	77.2	29
Bombay	81.3	75	Lima	73.3	....	Rome	60.5	31
Bordeaux	57.0	30	Lisbon	61.4	27	Rotterdam	51.0	23
Brussels	50.7	29	London	50.8	25	San Domingo	81.3	108
Buda-Pesth	51.0	17	Lyons	53.0	28	Shanghai	59.0	....
Buenos Ayres	62.8	....	Madeira	66.0	25	Smyrna	60.0	24
Cairo	72.2	....	Madrid	58.2	9	St. Petersburg	39.6	17
Calcutta	82.4	76	Malta	66.0	20	Stockholm	42.3	20
Canton	71.0	39	Manchester	48.8	36	Sydney	65.8	49
Cape Town	62.0	23	Manilla	78.4	....	Tobolsk	32.0	....
Cayenne	....	116	Maranham	....	277	Trieste	55.0	43
Cherrapongee*	....	610	Marseilles	58.3	23	Valdivia	52.0	106
Christiania	41.5	....	Melbourne	57.0	29	Valparaiso	64.0	....
Constantinople	56.5	....	Mexico	60.9	....	Venice	55.4	....
Copenhagen	46.6	19	Milan	55.1	38	Vera Cruz	77.0	180
Delhi	77.0	24	Montevideo	62.0	44	Vienna	51.0	19
Dublin	50.1	29	Montreal	44.6	....	Warsaw	56.2	....
Edinburgh	47.1	38	Moscow	40.0	....			

* In Southwestern Assam. It is the wettest place in the world. In 1861 the rainfall there reached 905 inches.

NOTE.—The mean annual temperature of the globe is 50° Fahrenheit. The average rainfall is 36 inches.

LINE OF PERPETUAL SNOW.

The line of perpetual snow varies with latitude, and is as follows in feet above sea level:

Latitude.	Feet.	Latitude.	Feet.	Latitude.	Feet.
0	15,260	30	11,484	60	3,818
10	14,764	40	9,000	70	1,278
20	13,478	50	6,334		

Tornadoes and Lightning.

STATISTICS OF DAMAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

LIEUTENANT J. P. FINLEY, Signal Corps, U.S.A., has compiled tornado statistics from observations reported for eighty-seven years ending 1887.

During that period tornadoes have been reported in each of the States, in number as follows: Missouri, 156; Kansas, 153; Georgia, 128; Illinois, 127; Iowa, 118; Alabama, 102; Ohio, 92; Indiana, 84; Minnesota, 78; Texas, 73; Michigan, 71; New-York, 67; Pennsylvania, 61; North-Carolina, 59; Wisconsin, 59; South-Carolina, 57; Nebraska, 52; Mississippi, 49; Dakota, 46; Arkansas, 34; Tennessee, 31; Kentucky, 26; Massachusetts, 22; other States (tornadoes less than 20), 112. Total, 1,867.

Number of lives definitely reported lost, 3,165; number of persons definitely reported injured, 5,049. These figures do not represent actual aggregates, as in some cases the killed or injured by tornadoes have been indefinitely reported as "much," "great," etc., loss of life, or "many" injured.

The estimated loss of property by tornadoes, by States, was as follows: Missouri, $94,325,000; Ohio, $87,737,500; New-York, $67,000,000; Kansas, $54,000,000; Georgia, $56,000,000; Minnesota, $50,750,000; Iowa, $49,575,000; South-Carolina, $46,875,000; Texas, $46,525,000; Illinois, $46,125,000; Mississippi, $44,275,000; Alabama, $38,175,000; Indiana, $35,800,000; Wisconsin, $28,750,000; North-Carolina, $26,625,000; Michigan, $26,410,000; Pennsylvania, $26,125,000; Nebraska, $22,100,000; Arkansas, $17,125,000. Remaining States, less than $10,000,000 each. Total, $941,282,500. For a more detailed statement, see THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1889.

A record kept by H. F. Kretzer, St. Louis, Mo., showed that in five years ending December 31, 1887, the damage to property in the United States by lightning was $11,749,945. During the same period, the number of persons killed by lightning was 1,030—males, 742; females, 251; sex unknown, 37. Total number of persons injured, 2,592—males, 1,470; females, 884; sex unknown, 238. Animals killed, 4,886, of which 1,426 were cattle, 1,273 horses, 273 mules, 567 hogs, 445 sheep. Buildings and objects struck by lightning, 7,116, making an average loss for each recorded lightning discharge of $1,651.20.

The class of buildings struck most frequently are, first, dwellings; second, barns and granaries. The heaviest losses were upon barns and granaries, aggregating $3,119,055. Oil-tanks and oil-works come next, with losses aggregating $3,088,425.

Table of Memorable Dates.

B.C.
1183 Fall of Troy.
1082 Era of the Great Pyramid.
878 Carthage founded.
776 Olympic era began.
753 Foundation of Rome.
588 Jerusalem was taken by Nebuchadnezzar.
536 Restoration of the Jews under Cyrus.
509 Expulsion of the Tarquins from Rome.
480 Xerxes defeated the Greeks at Thermopylæ.
55 Cæsar conquered Britain.
4 Birth of Jesus Christ.

A.D.
29 The Crucifixion.
70 Jerusalem was destroyed by Titus.
313 Constantine was converted to Christianity.
410 The Romans abandoned Britain.
827 Egbert, first king of all England.
1066 Battle of Hastings.
1096 The Crusades began.
1172 Ireland was conquered by Henry II.
1215 King John granted the Magna Charta.
1265 The first Representative Parliament in Eng.
1278 The first Act of Parliament, 6 Edward I.
1415 The Battle of Agincourt.
1431 Joan of Arc was burnt.
1453 Constantinople was taken by the Turks.
1455 The Wars of the Roses began.
1462 The Bible was first printed at Mentz.
1471 Caxton set up his printing-press.
1486 The feuds of York and Lancaster ended.
1492 Columbus discovered America.
1517 The Reformation began in Germany.
1519 Cortez began the conquest of Mexico.
1535 The first English Bible printed.
1539 Monasteries were closed in England.
1556 Archbishop Cranmer was burnt.
1558 Accession of Queen Elizabeth.
1565 Revolt of the Netherlands began.
1572 The St. Bartholomew Massacre.
1588 The Spanish Armada was defeated.
1600 East India Company first chartered.
1603 Union of England and Scotland.
1605 The Gunpowder Plot in England.
1607 Jamestown, Va., was settled.
1616 Shakespeare died.
1618 Thirty Years' War in Germany began.
1620 Pilgrims by the Mayflower landed.
1634 Maryland settled by Roman Catholics.
1636 Rhode-Island settled by Roger Williams.
1640 Cromwell's Long Parliament assembled.
1649 Charles I. was beheaded, January 30.
1653 Oliver Cromwell became Lord Protector.
1660 Restoration of the Stuarts.
1664 New-York was conquered from the Dutch.
1664 The Great Plague of London.
1666 The Great Fire of London.
1679 The Habeas Corpus Act was passed in Eng.
1682 Pennsylvania settled by William Penn.
1685 Revocation of the Edict of Nantes.
1688 James II. abdicated.
1690 Battle of the Boyne.
1690 First newspaper in America: at Boston.
1701 Prussia became a kingdom.
1704 Gibraltar was taken by the English.
1713 Peace of Utrecht.
1714 Accession of the House of Hanover in Great Britain.
1715 First Jacobite Rebellion in Great Britain.
1720 South Sea Bubble.
1745 Battle of Fontenoy.
1745 Second Jacobite Rebellion in Great Britain.
1746 Battle of Culloden.
1756 The Black-Hole Suffocation in Calcutta.
1757 Clive won the Battle of Plassey in India.

A.D.
1759 Canada was taken from the French.
1773 Steam engine perfected by Watt.
1773 Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor.
1775 Battle of Lexington, April 19.
1775 Battle of Bunker Hill, June 17.
1776 Declaration of Independence, July 4.
1777 Burgoyne's surrender, Oct. 17.
1779 Captain Cook was killed.
1781 Cornwallis' surrender at Yorktown, Oct. 19.
1788 First settlement in Australia.
1789 The French Revolution began.
1789 Washington first inaugurated President.
1793 Cotton-gin invented by Whitney.
1793 Louis XVI. of France was executed.
1796 Vaccination discovered by Jenner.
1798 Battle of the Nile.
1798 The Irish Rebellion.
1799 Battle of Seringapatam: death of Tippoo.
1799 Bonaparte declared First Consul.
1801 Union of Great Britain and Ireland.
1802 Treaty of Amiens.
1804 Bonaparte became Emperor of the French.
1805 Battle of Trafalgar and death of Nelson.
1807 Fulton's first steamboat voyage.
1812 Second war with Great Britain began.
1812 The French expedition to Moscow.
1813 Perry's victory on Lake Erie.
1814 The printing-press invented.
1815 Battle of New-Orleans, Jan. 8.
1815 Battle of Waterloo, June 18.
1819 First steamship crossed the Atlantic.
1821 Death of Napoleon Bonaparte.
1828 First passenger railroad in the United States.
1830 Revolution in France and accession of the Orleans family.
1832 South Carolina Nullification Ordinance passed.
1834 Lucifer matches invented.
1835 Morse invented the telegraph.
1835 Seminole War in Florida began.
1837 Accession of Queen Victoria, June 20.
1844 Joseph Smith, Mormon leader, killed.
1846 Sewing machine completed by Elias Howe.
1846 The Irish Potato Famine.
1846 War with Mexico began.
1848 French Revolution. Republic succeeded.
1848 Gold discovered in California.
1851 Gold discovered in Australia.
1851 Louis Napoleon became Emperor.
1851 The first International Exhibition.
1853 Crimean War began.
1857 The great mutiny in India.
1857 The Dred Scott decision.
1859 John Brown's raid into Virginia.
1861 South-Carolina seceded.
1861 Emancipation of the Russian serfs.
1861 Battle of Bull Run, July 21.
1862 Slavery abolished in the United States, Dec. 18.
1863 Battle of Gettysburg.
1865 Lee surrendered at Appomattox, April 9.
1865 President Lincoln assassinated, April 14.
1866 Battle of Sadowa. Prussia beat Austria.
1867 Emperor Maximilian of Mexico executed.
1867 The Dominion of Canada established.
1870 Franco-German War began.
1870 Capitulation of the French at Sedan.
1871 The German Empire was re-established.
1871 The Irish Church was disestablished.
1871 The great fire in Chicago.
1872 The great fire in Boston.
1881 President Garfield shot.
1882 English occupation of Egypt.

THE WORLD NEW YORK

STILL GAINING MOMENTUM

CIRCULATION THE INDEX OF POPULARITY.

	Daily Average.	Weekly Average.	Total.
1883	33,521	234,648	12,235,238
1886	192,126	1,344,882	70,126,041
1888	285,447	1,988,129	104,473,650
1891	316,541	2,215,787	115,537,825

OVER **THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND** PER DAY.

1891 *vs.* 1890.

COMPARISON OF THE DAILY AVERAGES.

June,	1890 ..... 302.174 1891 ... 311,635	July,	1890 ..... 301,619 1891 326,754
August,	1890 ..... 312,169 1891 317,336	October,	1890 ..... 302,620 1891 315,281
September,	1890 .... 302,884 1891 321,791	November,	1890 .... 301,459 1891 .. 326,707

DECEMBER,

1890 297,058

1891 ... 333,271

A Definite Circulation is the only Sound Basis for Intelligent Advertising.

WHITE PAPER USED. The Indisputable Verification of Circulation Figures.

	Rolls.	Pounds.	4-Page Sheets.
1883	2,372	1,423,288	27,194,956
1884	7,481	4,468,455	80,187,634
1885	16,942	8,229,207	149,633,708
1886	25,211	12,200,829	220,970,726
1887	30,221	15,657,662	283,578,984
1888	32,105	17,134,467	310,605,910
1889	33,518	18,983,928	343,519,492
1890	34,480	19,763,549	346,611,570
1891	34,842	20,236,741	354,499,680

This is the Largest Quantity of Paper Ever Consumed in One Year by any Newspaper Printed in the Universe.

A TALE OF TOTALS THE EQUAL TO WHICH DOES NOT EXIST.

A few of THE WORLD'S Accomplishments During the Last Nine Years.

Copies Circulated	703,002,204	Advertisements Printed	4,842,757
Pounds of Paper Used	118,098,126	Sheets of Paper Used	2,116,802,660
Columns of Ad'g Printed	134,948	Columns of Type Set	421,915
Pieces of Type Handled	6,786,343,098	Stereotype Plates Made	718,989
Po'nds of Stereotype Metal Cast	35,097,592	Matrices Molded	90,056

Pounds of Ink Used ..... 2,081,259, AND

THE HALF WAS NEVER TOLD.

Prosperity's "Divining Rods."

WORLD "WANTS"

ARE SURE INDICATORS TO THE PATHWAYS OF SUCCESS.

Number of Columns of Advertisements published in "The World."	
During 1883	4,626
During 1885	12,092
During 1887	16,970
During 1889	19,130
During 1891	**20,409**

1262

ANSWERS RECEIVED

TO ONE

WORLD "WANT."

The Quantity of **ADVERTISING** Indicates its Utility.

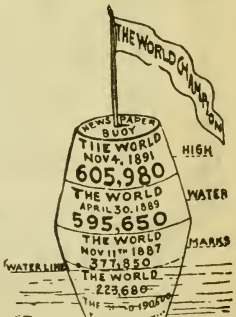
Progress of WORLD "WANTS" during the last Nine Years.

	Number of Advertisements Published Per Week.	Per Month.	Total.	
1883	1,660	7,214	86,577	1883
1884	4,961	21,565	258,782	1884
1885	8,503	37,399	448,793	1885
1886	10,066	43,752	525,024	1886
1887	11,552	50,199	602,391	1887
1888	12,468	54,328	651,941	1888
1889	13,479	58,570	702,849	1889
1890	15,012	65,232	782,794	1890
1891	**15,028**	**65,300**	**783,606**	**1891**

The Largest Circulation brings the Best Results

FOR ADVERTISERS.

"Situations" and "Help Wanted" "Wants."		"Real Estate" and "Houses Wanted" Published in "The World"	
1886	180,415	1886	115,841
1887	234,454	1888	141,654
1888	255,876	1890	152,440
1889	285,163	**1891**	**159,136**
1890	358,056		
1891	**364,236**		



Growth Typical of THE WORLD.

	Cols. of Type Set.	Number of Ems.	Pieces of Type Handled.
1883	21,265	136,648,890	307,460,003
1885	27,154	205,863,896	463,193,766
1887	45,363	341,270,482	767,858,585
1888	53,564	394,653,270	887,969,878
1889	57,569	423,028,880	953,839,980
1890	77,291	501,557,341	1,128,504,017
1891	**79,413**	**549,731,278**	**1,236,895,375**

AN OPEN SECRET.

THE WORLD-Ahead of Every Combination.

WHERE RESULTS ARE, THERE WILL THE "WANTS" BE ALSO.

"Help Wanted 'WANTS'"

PUBLISHED DURING

—1891—

IN THE

	WORLD.	HERALD.
January.....	12,781	4,292
February.....	12,502	4,286
March	17,185	5,914
April	19,329	6,127
May	17,755	5,763
June.....	14,207	4,386
July	10,311	3,347
August	11,851	3,880
September....	17,516	6,588
October.....	16,531	6,315
November....	13,538	5,164
December....	10,783	3,721
Total.....	174,289	59,783

Pro Rate Number to Indicate Effectiveness.

The principal classified Advertisements published during November and December 1891.	THE World.	THE SUN, TIMES & TRIBUNE combined
Situations—Female.....	17,747	14,608
Situations—Male	17,507	11,761
Help—Female	10,016	3,667
Help—Male ..	14,305	2,910
Boarders	8,383	4,485
Houses, Real Est. & Apts.	23,166	15,124
Business Ops.	10,739	2,542
Lost & Found	632	167
Auction Sales.	1,585	80
	104,080	55,344
Total of the Sun, Times, and Tribune	.....	55,344
Total under the same classification in THE WORLD.....		104,080

Excelsior—THE WORLD.

The Sunday World,

THE EVER RELIABLE STANDARD FOR ALL ADVERTISERS.

DISTRIBUTION.

Number of Copies printed and sold

During 1883 1,250,840

During 1891..... 12,195,090

Largest number of Columns of Advertising on one Sunday.

	WORLD.	HERALD.
1890.....	194	126
1891.....	232	138

Circulation

ONE

347,750

SUNDAY.

A TRADE ENCYCLOPÆDIA.

Total number of Advertisements publ'd.

1883.... 13,935

1887..... 206,407

1891..... 242,174

Number of Advertis'm'ts published per Sunday.

1883..... 267

1891..... 4,657

Columns of Advertising published in One Year.

1883..... 772

1891.... 7,448

The Cost of Advertising in THE SUNDAY WORLD is less than One Seventh of One Cent per Thousand Lines Circulated, which is the

LOWEST RATE IN THE WORLD.

Above all a Democratic Newspaper.

THE WEEKLY WORLD.

BIGGEST, BRIGHTEST AND BEST OF WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.

During the coming Campaign "The World's" Political News will be the Best Published. It will give Both Sides in order that its Readers may be Kept Fully Informed of what is Going On. But it will Remain Democratic to the Core.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

M. Quad,	"The Tariff Mule,"	Chats with Boys,
Children's Page,	Woman's Page,	Market Reports,
The Farm,	The Household,	The Poultry Yard,
Fiction,	Checkers,	Answers to Correspondents.

THE WEEKLY WORLD is a paper of twelve pages and ninety-six columns. Its telegraphic and cable facilities are unequaled and it prints more exclusive news each week than any two of its contemporaries. Its financial and commercial reports are the fullest and best that can be obtained. Its tariff articles have made it the recognized exponent of tariff reform throughout the country. In everything that goes to make up a complete newspaper,

"THE WORLD" LEADS THEM ALL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: For the year, $1.00; for six months, 50 cents; for three months, 25 cents.

AGENTS CAN MAKE MONEY IN CANVASSING FOR "THE WORLD."

CIRCULATION

TOTAL Number of Copies Printed During 1891, **5,844,590,**

AVERAGE per Issue, **112,396.**

ADVERTISING RATES, 50 CENTS PER LINE.

No extra charge for Cuts, Display Type or Double Column Advertisements.

This is the Lowest Rate for Advertising of any Weekly Newspaper in America, considering

QUANTITY and QUALITY of CIRCULATION.

The New-York World.

THE WORLD'S ANNUAL REPORT OF ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

The Year 1891 Found it a Valiant Champion of the People's Rights.

READY FOR YET GREATER ENDEAVOR IN 1892.

FIGURES OF WORLD-WIDE NOTE.

THE first year of THE NEW YORK WORLD in its spacious new home in the Pulitzer Building has put some wondrously heavy figures at the foot of columns of results. The year shows a list of advertisements reaching the grand aggregate of **783,606**. How they are appreciated is shown in the showers of answers which come in response to these announcements of the people's wishes and wants, their offerings and opportunities. One single advertisement, upon which a tally was kept, showed **1,262** separate responses. To get this wide publicity large circulation is necessary, and this THE WORLD has. The year 1891 pushed the high-water mark of the people's paper higher than ever, and on one day (November 4), **605,980** copies were issued. All these are figures far and away beyond anything ever shown by any periodical ever published. The whole year rounds out with a grand aggregate of **115,537,825** copies printed, an average of **316,541** copies per day. Take the very last month of THE WORLD's long series of onward steps. The figures for December, 1890, were **297,058** copies per day; for December, 1891, they stand at **333,271** copies per day, a total December daily gain of **36,213**, a very respectable circulation in itself. In special lines of advertisements where THE WORLD's great aid has been availed of by shrewd patrons, the figures read far into the hundreds of thousands. In "Help and Situations Wanted," **364,236** announcements were made during the year, and in "Real Estate and Houses Wanted," **159,136** separate advertisements appeared. The busy presses have been insatiate consumers of paper, and the grand total for the year mounts up to **20,236,741** lbs. of white paper used. Think of it, a train of over **500** cars each laden with **20** tons of paper, all emptying their loads into THE WORLD press-room in a single year. And best of all about these great figures, there is no secrecy around them, any one may verify them from the ever open books.

It is now more than a quarter of a generation since THE NEW YORK WORLD was started with flying colors, under its present direction and control, on the voyage of popularity and prosperity it is now pursuing. Its sailing directions were clear and concise. They were embodied in a few trenchant lines, but every word pregnant with meaning and determination. There was no mistaking the purpose or purport of that Declaration of Journalistic Independence. It spoke to the point, and the utterance went straight from the heart and brain of the man who penned the brief announcement to the hearts of millions of appreciative readers. Those words are repeated here, and they will bear repetition as long as the great mission of the newspapers to help, to shield, to reform, to punish, to urge on, to lead, to advise and to console, shall remain for willing, earnest, honest workers to execute. THE WORLD's inaugural editorial announcement ran:

The entire WORLD *newspaper property has been purchased by the undersigned, and will from this day on be under different management—different in men, measures, and methods—different in purpose, policy, and principle—different in objects and interests—different in sympathies and convictions—different in head and heart. Performance is better than promise. Exuberant assurances are cheap. I make none. I simply refer the public to the new* WORLD *itself, which henceforth shall be the daily evidence of its own growing improvement, with forty-eight daily witnesses in its forty-eight columns.*

There is room in this great and growing city for a journal that is not only cheap but bright, not only bright but large, not only large but truly Democratic—dedicated to the cause of the people rather than that of purse-potentates—devoted more to the news of the New than the Old World—that will expose all fraud and sham, fight all public evils and abuses—that will serve and battle for the people with earnest sincerity.

In that cause and for that end solely the new WORLD *is hereby enlisted and committed to the attention of the intelligent public.*

JOSEPH PULITZER.

To-day, nearly a decade after, THE NEW YORK WORLD can point back to these initial utterances, and claim fearlessly and proudly that they have been lived out to the letter, in spirit and in word. Lifting the helpless, striking the arrogant, THE WORLD has at all times extended the soothing hand

of consolation to the weak and erring, and kept in its strong right arm a rod of iron to deal sturdy blows upon the cowering shoulders of crime and rascality.

In October, 1889, another red-letter day came in the life of the new WORLD. The people's paper had outgrown, far and away, the narrow quarters where it had come into being. The people's pennies had piled up until it was possible to provide the palace which such a great institution in all propriety should fitly occupy. When the corner-stone of the now realized structure was laid on that bright October day came other noteworthy words from the same pen which had written the declaration of principles already given. That corner-stone seemed the very spot to enshrine at once a note of thankfulness for what had already been accomplished, to record a grateful acknowledgment of the source of that strength and influence, and to renew again in ringing words, and to reiterate in no mistakable terms the grand dominant note of service to the people as the real source of a paper's power and prestige. The cablegram which went into that corner-stone was a complement to the pertinent paragraph which headed the editorial page on the day in which Joseph Pulitzer took absolute control of THE WORLD, and marked out the place he determined it should occupy as the leader of all its journalistic brethren. That cablegram read:

God grant that this structure be the enduring home of a newspaper forever unsatisfied with merely printing news—forever fighting every form of Wrong—forever Independent—forever advancing in Enlightenment and Progress—forever wedded to truly Democratic ideas—forever aspiring to be a Moral Force—forever rising to a higher plane of perfection as a Public Institution.

God grant that THE WORLD *may forever strive toward the Highest Ideals—be both a daily school-house and a daily forum, both a daily teacher and a daily tribune, an instrument of Justice, a terror to crime, an aid to education, an exponent of true Americanism.*

Let it ever be remembered that this edifice owes its existence to the public; that its architect is popular favor; that its moral corner-stone is love of Liberty and Justice; that its every stone comes from the people and represents public approval for public services rendered.

God forbid that the vast army following the standard of THE WORLD *should in this or in future generations ever find it faithless to those ideas and moral principles to which alone it owes its life and without which I would rather have it perish.* JOSEPH PULITZER.

So much for the motives and purposes which make THE WORLD far more than a mere business enterprise. It took upon itself a great duty, a multifarious responsibility, which has brought about it in the few active years of its new career a characteristic cohort of vigorous enemies and a grand army of friends and supporters. Not since its first page was printed under its present management has it done an act of injustice. It has made foes, and is prepared to add to their number. It has made millions of friends, and hopes to add millions more to the roll by steadfast adherence to the same grand rules of conduct which have guided it from the start. To merely catalogue past performances would fill pages of print. They would set down all the notable happenings not only of the metropolis, but of the country at large, over that greater jurisdiction, which THE WORLD, as the leading American newspaper, considers as falling within its area of responsibility. A keen critical eye has ever been open to note fraud and peculation, and woe betide the wrongdoer when the chain of evidence has been carefully completed. On the other hand, with such a sympathetic eye as that of the good Nell Nelson, always on the lookout for cases of suffering and privation, it is small wonder that thousands who have been helped over the hard spots in their lives by THE WORLD and its willing workers daily fill the air with notes of thanksgiving.

MONITOR OF THE METROPOLIS.

At home, in the local field, covered by a corps of alert young men and women who make up the Reportorial staff, the record of the people's paper has been a very satisfactory one.

THE WORLD, early in 1891, advocated the preservation of Castle Garden as a place for popular amusement and instruction. This historic structure was about to be torn down, but the efforts of THE WORLD prevailed, and it has now before it a long career of usefulness to the people.

The loose methods which regulated admission to the bar were next exposed. The legal profession was thus aroused to concerted effort to put a stop to the scandal in New York.

At the same time THE WORLD interviewed the leading physicians in the city as to the real merits of Koch's lymph, then widely heralded as the greatest medical discovery of the age. The almost universal opinion of the profession, however, was found to be sceptical, and the people were thus warned, before the final collapse came, against placing implicit confidence in this addition to the list of curative agents.

THE WORLD exposed the real character of Michael Lally, a policeman on the Brooklyn Bridge, who had committed a murderous assault upon a citizen. Lally was shown to be a dangerous bully, who had secured and retained public place by means of a political "pull." He is now a fugitive from justice.

The Legislature having been organized, THE WORLD took up the matter of police matrons. The absence of such matrons had been the frequent cause of scandal and injustice. THE WORLD's proposition was enthusiastically endorsed by prominent citizens. Senator Roesch introduced a bill in the Legislature to put it into effect, and this was triumphantly passed, signed by the Governor, and became a law. The matrons are now among the most useful of the public servants of New York City.

On January 23 a mass meeting was held in Cooper Union to favor THE WORLD's plan for utilizing public-school rooms at night, a bill for which had been introduced at Albany. A great storm

struck New York about this time; the wires and poles were thrown down and the whole telegraph system disabled. The Fire Department found itself without means of communication, and in this emergency THE WORLD offered it the use of the dome of the Pulitzer Building as a lookout tower. The Fire Department gladly accepted the offer, and day and night until the wires were repaired a fireman was sweeping New York with a telescope from the towering summit of the Pulitzer Building. Several fires were thus discovered.

Perrin H. Sumner, the "identifier" and man of mystery, was at this time trying to prove that such a man as James H. Edgar was alive. On the last day of January he gave THE WORLD an alleged affidavit of Edgar, and WORLD reporters the next day exposed the method of its fabrication.

On the same day THE WORLD published the full text of the bill in the Legislature for the establishment of an air garden for popular amusement on top of the Forty-second Street Reservoir, which it had originally proposed.

THE WORLD published facts which ultimately set at rest the controversy as to whether the body found in Snake River, Wyoming, was that of the unfortunate Robert Ray Hamilton. THE WORLD had discovered a curious compound fracture of the left leg which Hamilton suffered, described it from the hospital records, and pointed out that an examination of the skeleton would settle the matter at once. This inspection was had the following Spring, and the breaks in the bones showed the body to be that of Millionaire Hamilton. The following day Eva Mann, the adventuress whom he had married, gave a lengthy, authorized interview to THE WORLD, which likewise published exclusively, on February 6, an interview with General Schuyler Hamilton, his father.

February 7, THE WORLD laid before its readers some of the newly discovered evidence and other facts in the famous Maybrick case, going to prove that Mrs. Maybrick, the American woman who is now undergoing a life imprisonment in England for the alleged murder of her husband, is innocent. These, with other similar publications by THE WORLD, aroused widespread sympathy for Mrs. Maybrick in the United States. THE WORLD then opened a public subscription in her behalf, and a large sum of money was thus realized, through the assistance of Miss Gail Hamilton and the women of America.

FREE ART FOR THE PEOPLE.

The subject of opening the Metropolitan Museum of Art free to the people on Sunday was taken up, and it was shown that the trustees, although excluding the public, were admitting their friends on that day. As an inducement to the trustees to throw the Museum open to the public, THE WORLD offered them $2500, one half of the amount which they said would cover the expense of doing so the first year. As a result of the constant agitation of this reform by THE WORLD, the trustees finally decided to open the Museum free to the public for the remainder of the year. This was done, and the experiment was more successful than even its most sanguine advocates expected.

THE WORLD was the first newspaper to announce the formation of the new millionaire's club, an organization composed of the leading millionaires of New York. They were in want of a good name for their new organization, and THE WORLD suggested that they call it the Metropolitan Club, the name which was eventually chosen.

March 2, a remarkable article was published by THE WORLD, showing the marvels which had been achieved in politics by a band of able young men in Massachusetts, who had entirely upset the settled traditions of the Bay State, reformed its government from top to bottom, and displaced the superannuated leaders who had hitherto controlled the destinies of the Commonwealth.

THE WORLD next gave an illustration of its enterprise in the procurement of important news by publishing in advance an accurate outline of the great Encyclical letter of Pope Leo XIII., which had been so long and eagerly looked for.

In THE WORLD also the people saw for the first time what the famous electrical death chair in Sing Sing looked like. A WORLD reporter had been admitted to the prison, had taken his seat in the execution chair, and had there been strapped and gagged while a WORLD artist took a photograph of the scene.

On March 12, one of the most remarkable cases of heredity which has been noted in recent years was described at length by THE WORLD, growing out of the arrest the day before of Alfred Paraf for the robbing of the country house of his millionaire step-grandfather, Bainbridge Smith. The young man's father, it was shown, had led one of the most adventurous careers which Wall Street had known, and evinced many tendencies which subsequently appeared in his son.

The first revelations in the remarkable story of Carlyle W. Harris were made late in March, when pretty Helen Potts, to whom he had been secretly married, died mysteriously in a New York fashionable boarding school. THE WORLD took the matter up at once, showed up Harris's record before he administered the pills to his young wife, related her mother's story in a long interview in the paper of March 21, and the reply of Harris the following day. WORLD reporters followed the case in all its crooked turnings, and forged a chain of evidence about Harris which led to his arrest and indictment.

The story of little Katie Vannuchi, who was kidnapped in the streets of New York when on her way to school, afforded another illustration of public service performed by THE WORLD during the year. A WORLD reporter, working on a clue as to the whereabouts of the little girl, followed the trail to the Indian Territory, and through his instrumentality Katie Vannuchi was finally restored to her parents.

About this time an official investigation was taking place into the management of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, as a result of the tunnel accident. THE WORLD was the first paper to announce that William Rockefeller, one of the directors, had been prevented by the District Attorney from sailing for Europe, and other directors were thus notified that they had better stay here until the proceedings were finished.

March 28, Superintendent Jasper of the public schools and chairman of the committee appointed

by Joseph Pulitzer to award the sixty free collegiate scholarships founded by him for poor and meritorious boy graduates of the public schools of New York, sent out a circular to the principals announcing the rules to regulate the second annual competition.

April 7, THE WORLD took up and advocated the establishment of a daily morning flower market in Union Square during the season for flowers, then opening, and a five-column picture was published, showing the famous flower market of Paris. THE WORLD's plan met with the approval of the park commissioners, who transferred the flower market from the foot of Canal Street to Union Square.

Early in the Spring the Board of Street Openings decided to clear Rutgers Slip for a public park as a result of THE WORLD's advocacy of that scheme. Cognate to this, THE WORLD proposed the establishment of playgrounds in Central Park for the use of the little children of the tenement houses. This reform evoked many words of warm approval from prominent residents of New York.

June 18, THE WORLD described exclusively the insanity of millionaire Victor Newcombe, who had long been prominent in Wall Street.

STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM FOR THOUSANDS.

The following day ten thousand children were gathered in Madison Square Garden at the monster strawberry festival given there by THE WORLD, and a unique entertainment was carried out without the least mishap to any of the little guests.

On June 22, THE WORLD cleared up the "Tarrytown mystery," by showing that the body of a young girl found floating in the river at Croton Station was not that of Dolly Davis, as all the other journals announced, but was that of Marie E. J. Arigasei, who had been a seamstress in the family of Edward M. Field.

THE WORLD of July 12 described at length the Carroll divorce case in Maryland, as the result of a WORLD reporter's trip to Baltimore.

In July THE WORLD published the first of the Almy stories, an interview with Fannie Warden, wherein she graphically described the murder of her sister Christie. This remarkable New Hampshire story developed new dramatic features from day to day, and finally culminated in the most sensational capture of a murderer in the criminal history of America. During the whole time THE WORLD was the only New York newspaper with a representative on the ground.

July 29, THE WORLD presented in parallel columns the facts upon which Bishop Perry of Iowa was charged with plagiarism.

August 1, the record of Edward F. Searles, who had married Mrs. Mark Hopkins, and secured her vast estate, was fully exposed in THE WORLD, which likewise discovered two cousins of Mrs. Hopkins, who had been disinherited by her and left in poverty.

July 19, THE WORLD secured the arrest of John Allen, alias Harmon, an expert bunco steerer. The new bunco game he had invented and was practising, by the use of a bogus express office in the business centre of the city, was also exposed and destroyed.

September 10, a corps of WORLD reporters went to Rochester, and polled in a single day the hundred of delegates to the Republican State Convention, upon their choice for President. Six days later the same was done with the Democratic State Convention at Saratoga, every one of the delegates being accounted for and their personal political preferences indicated.

October 7, THE WORLD published exclusively the confession of W. T. Trumpbour, the Kingston bank wrecker, as given by him in prison to a WORLD reporter.

THE NEWS OF POLITICS IMPARTIALLY GIVEN.

October 27, THE WORLD reported verbatim the monster Republican mass-meeting in Madison Square Garden the previous evening, giving every word that had been spoken there and reporting the event more fully and thoroughly than any Republican newspaper. The same feat was repeated at the monster Democratic meeting there the following night. All through the political campaign THE WORLD printed fuller and more complete reports of meetings than any other newspaper, treating Republican and Democratic meetings alike impartially, with an eye single to the accuracy and thoroughness of the news report. The day before the election THE WORLD reported exclusively the letters which had passed between Abram S. Hewitt and a correspondent, showing the political preferences of the former in a way that excited widespread comment as coming on the eve of election from a former great Democratic leader. The election returns were announced by flash light from the dome of the Pulitzer Building election night, and THE WORLD the next morning contained the fullest and most complete election returns of any newspaper in New York. The following day the leading women of the country expressed their views of the results through THE WORLD.

November 9, THE WORLD took up the record of accidents from city street cars, and exposed the recklessness of the companies' drivers. This was followed up from day to day, and almost every twenty-four hours the Juggernaut claimed its victim. The street car companies, after having innumerable suits for damage brought against them, finally came together in a combination to fight the cases systematically. One result of THE WORLD's exposure was to make the drivers of the cars more careful.

Another important crusade was inaugurated by THE WORLD a few days later. This was the grand movement to make New York a better city to live in. It received the support of the leading clergymen and educators in New York, and was enthusiastically endorsed at many mass-meetings of citizens. During this time New York was in the midst of a serious water famine, and was threatened with dire calamity, in the shape of conflagration. In this contingency THE WORLD offered General

Dyrenforth, the Government Rain Experimenter, to pay all of the expenses of an expedition—estimated at $4,000—to make a trial of producing rain in the Croton watershed.

Five illustrated columns of extracts from W. J. Florence's book on Poker appeared in THE WORLD while the public was eagerly expecting it to appear elsewhere.

SAMOANS RESTORED TO HOME AND COUNTRY.

One of the most successful and dramatic achievements of THE WORLD in 1891 was the rescue from slavery of a band of Samoans and their return to their native land. These poor wanderers from the Pacific had performed heroic work in the rescue of American seamen during the hurricane which swept the islands in the Spring of 1889, driving three United States men-of-war on the rocks. Against the wishes of their king, they had joined a theatrical troupe, and were held in a state of veritable bondage by a hard-hearted master, when discovered in New York by THE WORLD. In addition to being practically slaves, they were slowly dying from the rigors of the Northern climate, and several had already found untimely graves, while Manogi, their chieftain, was then sick with consumption in Bellevue Hospital. THE WORLD instantly secured their release from the task-master who was using them for his own ends, and the joy of the poor natives was pathetic to witness when they were informed that they would be returned to Samoa. In a few days the preparations were complete, and the reporter who was to accompany them was appointed a commissioner by the United States Government. When they left New York the four Samoans were followed by the good wishes of every person in the city. All the way across the continent the novel group likewise attracted universal attention. But great as was the anxiety of the poor islanders to once again behold the blue hills and ocean-washed shores of their native land, they were in one case to be disappointed. Poor Manogi, whom hope had hitherto buoyed up, succumbed when he reached the summit of the Rockies. There the party rested for a day, and the Samoan chieftain was buried, with his face toward the setting sun. THE WORLD reporter then continued the journey with the three remaining Samoans. His work was only finished when he had landed them upon their native shores; and THE WORLD, through its representative, received the heartfelt thanks of the king and the entire population of the island.

Another recent notable achievement of a WORLD reporter was the clearing up of the mystery of the bomb thrower in the office of Russell Sage. Police and public were in doubt whether it was an act of concerted villainy on the part of leagued anarchists or the act of an individual maniac. THE WORLD man took up the meagre clews, and pointed out the murderer and suicide in Henry L. Norcross, a Boston note broker.

From the country at large the current of news has flowed daily and hourly through the aid of hundreds of special correspondents and the use of many leased wires directly into THE WORLD office, there to be winnowed into the terse and telling tales of the important happenings of a continent.

FOREIGN NEWS FIELDS INTELLIGENTLY COVERED.

Spreading out into foreign lands during the past year, THE WORLD has not only kept abreast but has frequently got ahead of its contemporaries in the matter of supplying its readers with news from the world over. In order to do this, it has, besides employing its special correspondents in both hemispheres, called into requisition the services of no less than three extensively equipped news agencies.

It can boast that it covered the Parnellite crisis more fully than any other American newspaper, and in this connection, it records its several interviews, at critical times, with the late Charles Stewart Parnell.

Among many other items of exclusive news, was its interview with Sir William Gordon Gordon-Cumming immediately after his trial in the famed baccarat case, also the announcement that the British Government had determined to prosecute William Henry Hurlbert, on a charge of perjury in the Gladys Evelyn case.

Lastly, THE WORLD was toward the close of the year the only one to tell of the plot existing in Santiago de Chili to burn the United States Legation in that city.

SUNDAY'S RICH MAGAZINE EDITION.

Among the conspicuous features of THE SUNDAY WORLD during the year of 1891 may be mentioned an exclusive interview with Red Cloud, the Sioux chief, on January 11. On the same date Sister Rose Gertrude first told to the world her experiences in the leper settlement. January 25 Speaker Reed defended his arbitrary rulings in the columns of THE WORLD. About this time prominent Democratic Congressmen told over their own signatures of the probable policy of the Democratic Party during the present Congress. May 31 John F. Mines wrote the article on the Keeley cure, that created such widespread discussion. July 19, THE WORLD printed the first authorized interview with James G. Blaine upon his physical condition, supplemented on July 26, when prominent physicians in Europe gave their opinion as to the curability of Bright's Disease. August 30, the story of Marie de Vetsera and her love for Prince Rudolph of Austria created a sensation throughout the country.

The various local editions of THE WORLD, so convenient to the dwellers in diverse parts of our greater New York, have all made proud records in their various fields.

BROOKLYN GETS A SHARE OF "WORLD" WORK.

The Brooklyn edition of THE WORLD has kept closely in touch with the people during the year, and with their aid has been enabled to work reforms, in which all the great sister city shares. The

changes brought about have made that town a pleasanter place to live in, and all of them have been in the interest of justice. Among other reforms the Brooklyn edition has brought about, is the one of all-night trains on the Union Elevated road, a convenience, for which the people have struggled for years. Beginning December 14, the road has run trains all night, instead of stopping at 1 o'clock, as had been the custom.

Brooklyn alone, of all big cities, has no insurance patrol. Through the efforts of THE WORLD, one is about to be established, and by the middle of December many hundred names had been signed of men pledged to add this new and important adjunct to the Fire Department.

Following up the water scandal *exposé*, by which THE WORLD saved Brooklyn tax-payers over a million dollars, THE WORLD was enabled in the late election to force the nomination and election of men for mayor and other municipal offices pledged to reform.

William Johnston, a Brooklyn travelling man, was locked up in Raymond Street Jail on a six-year-old judgment recorded at Glen's Falls. He could not get out to earn the money, and he wrote to THE WORLD, reciting the facts in his case. It looked as if he would have to stay in prison all his life. Publication of his story brought out the woman who was said to hold the judgment. She came forward, declared that she knew nothing about the matter, that some lawyers were at the bottom of the trouble, and Mr. Johnston walked out of jail a free man.

Deputy Sheriff Abrams of Queens County is said to have warned Henry Kappel, for whom he had a warrant, to escape. THE WORLD took up the case. Abrams was dismissed from the service, and Kappel has gone to the Penitentiary.

On October 16 THE WORLD turned its attention to the gambling places in Brooklyn. The next day they were closed, and have remained closed ever since. All the policy-shops were also shut.

The vile stenches of Newtown Creek have been combated with fair success. THE WORLD has forced the cases of foul-smelling factories into the courts, and a decision is looked for at an early date.

Queer practices in the Board of Excise were exposed, and flagrant favoritism, which had hitherto ruled, if not cured, very materially curtailed.

Among minor reforms which THE WORLD has been instrumental in bringing about are cleaner streets, warmed bridge cars and less brutal dog-catchers. It has exposed a gang of horse thieves, and has driven several fraudulent insurance companies out of business.

HARLEM LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS SECURED.

Many important public services were rendered by the Harlem edition of THE WORLD during 1891. In its home province it has led in the successful agitation against the Standard Gas Light Company stenches on East 116th Street.

It exposed the extensive robbery of letters and packages mailed from and to citizens of the 24th Ward.

It showed the necessity of opening and sewering Intervale Avenue, the natural drain of a large watershed in the 23d Ward. It pointed out the great need of additional fire-houses in the annexed district. It advocated the erection of additional school-houses uptown. It showed the necessity of extra police protection in the annexed district It led in the agitation for new stations uptown on the 2d and 3d Avenue Elevated Railroads. It advocated additional appropriations for the improvement of the Harlem River, and showed the need of new bridges. It advocated the formation of the Harlem Battalion, N. G. S. N. Y.

NEW JERSEY APPRECIATES ITS "WORLD" EDITION.

The interests of the broad State of New Jersey have been thoroughly looked after by the New Jersey edition. In Newark dangerous poles were taken from the street and equally dangerous pool rooms and low resorts attended to. The Saturday half-holiday agitation found its culmination in a comprehensive bill. Jersey City schools were in bad condition, and THE WORLD took up and brought about a reform. Unguarded railroad crossings for years have been peculiar to New Jersey, but argument in THE WORLD brought about life-saving changes. When the big Saengerfest in Newark flooded that city with German melody, THE WORLD told the story of the event in German as well as English text, and gave many of those interested an opportunity of reading the narrative in their Fatherland tongue. In pleasant cartoons the prominent figures of New Jersey were pictured, and the "New Jersey Lights" were looked for with each rising sun. The broadside of one hundred prominent men of this State was a worthy work of art, and presented without cost to the readers of this paper.

NEWSPAPER ART OF THE BEST TYPE.

Speaking of the pictured side of THE WORLD, the art department has scored many points of excellence. An artist in the White House at Washington, attending the President's reception on the first day of the year, and the illustrations of THE WORLD on the streets of New York before daybreak on the 2d of January, is a notable case of quick work, yet it is only one of many. Numerous great events have been set forth in graphic fashion by WORLD artist pencils supplementing WORLD reporters' pens. Horse-fair pictures, summer-resort sketches, famous trial scenes, faces of prominent men and women, clever and telling cartoons, views at home and abroad, accidents depicted in photographic accuracy, as no descriptive pen can do them, have formed but a small part of the ten thousand illustrations which enriched THE WORLD pages during the year of 1891.

SPORT TREATED BY IMPARTIAL EXPERTS.

In the line of legitimate sport of all kinds, in which the interest of Americans is yearly growing, THE WORLD has given abundant and well-disposed space in its columns, and the sporting reports in THE WORLD during the past year have maintained its reputation for accuracy and finish. Every

prominent form of sport has been fully covered, and every event of more than ordinary importance has received greater attention than from any other newspaper. In order to secure correctness and detail, THE WORLD had special reports telegraphed every night during the baseball season of all the League games played each day. No other newspaper did this. It also printed a detailed "checker-board" record of the clubs each morning instead of once a week.

In exclusive reports of baseball news, THE WORLD easily outranks all rivals. It began the year in January with the "scoop" announcing the termination of the baseball war. This was closely followed by a series of exclusive accounts, giving the correct details of the amalgamation of the two Brooklyn clubs. In the following month THE WORLD was the only New York newspaper to print the fact that the American Association had broken away from the National agreement. This was on the morning after the famous meeting at the Murray Hill Hotel. Among the many other pieces of exclusive baseball news printed in THE WORLD was the announcement that the Cincinnati Club of the Association had sold out to Milwaukee in the middle of the season.

The way THE WORLD covered foot-ball last fall aroused the admiration of every follower of that form of sport. The college papers were unstinted in their praises of THE WORLD'S daily showing. The gossip pertaining to the several college and other amateur teams, as well as the news of all games, etc., was printed as promptly as the telegraph could convey it to the office. THE WORLD'S accounts of the big Harvard-Yale and Yale-Princeton games were acknowledged to be the best published. The tabulated form of foot-ball summary introduced by THE WORLD was a decided novelty, and was copied all over the country.

In pugilism, as in the other branches of sport, THE WORLD has maintained its unquestioned superiority as a newspaper. Its reports of all the big fights of the year were unequalled in points of technical description, accuracy and promptness of publication. Many important news items were first brought before the public through its columns. The announcement that John L. Sullivan had decided to re-enter the ring, the correct decision in the Slavin-Kilrain contest, and Referee Dunn's reasons for awarding the McAuliffe-Gibbons fight to the former were first printed in THE WORLD.

The same care and vigilance were exercised by THE WORLD in gathering and printing the news of the athletes, the oarsmen, the swimmers, the curlers, the bowlers, the tennis players and the marksmen. Exclusive news items in these lines of sport were of almost daily occurrence. All tournaments of the amateurs have been looked after and reported, with the one object in view, to present better accounts than any of the other newspapers.

NOTABLE WORK FOR A NOBLE SPORT.

In the racing department THE WORLD has accomplished some notable triumphs. It has not only furnished more accurate and complete news than any of its rivals, but it has been the means of working many reforms. In January it began a warfare on the dishonest winter race tracks of New Jersey, where horses were brutally driven around the track in snow and ice for the profit of rascals, who brought contempt on a fine sport. Its fearless exposures led to the closing of the tracks at Dundee, Gloucester and Clifton. In the case of the Clifton Association, not only was racing stopped, but the officials were sentenced to state prison for a year and to pay a fine of $500.

In addition to the services to the general public, THE WORLD has done much for the turf. It was due entirely to THE WORLD'S unceasing efforts that the Board of Control decided to license jockeys and trainers—a decision which has been of incalculable benefit. The Board of Control also adopted THE WORLD'S suggestion to couple horses in the betting when they were entered by the same stable. The absence of a rule on this subject had been the prolific source of innumerable abuses and frauds upon the racing public.

Before the racing season regularly opened THE WORLD exclusively told the engagement of every jockey in the United States, and at what weight his contract made him ride. It also published exclusively an accurate account of how the horses in all parts of the country had wintered. At the beginning of the legitimate racing season in the State of New York, May 15, THE WORLD presented to its readers its improved Racing Guide, the most complete and original scheme ever devised for following the performances of horses. This Guide has been pronounced invaluable by all racing experts. It tells in a condensed form the position of every horse in a race at every eighth of a mile, the weights carried, the jockey, the age of the horse, and the first and last betting. In addition, a system of indexing enables the reader to refer back to every performance of the horse in the past. THE WORLD'S Racing Guide revolutionized the style of reporting races in the East, and less enterprising contemporaries have tardily followed its lead.

In the racing news of the day THE WORLD has secured some brilliant "beats." The most important racing happening of the year was the removal of the Monmouth Park Association from New Jersey to New York. It was the richest association in the country and the most powerful. THE WORLD exclusively announced the result of the meeting of the officers of the club at which it was decided to leave New Jersey. During the weeks that followed THE WORLD alone told the truth about the troubles in New Jersey, which eventually led to the cessation of racing not only at Monmouth Park, but at Linden and Elizabeth also.

THE WORLD exclusively told, February 23, of the troubles in the Saratoga Association, troubles which finally caused the track to pass into the hands of the Guttenburg Association.

Just before the pool rooms opened, April 27, THE WORLD announced that they would open, and told of the theory upon which they would attempt to do business. This was followed up by the most complete reports from time to time of the warfare between the authorities and the pool rooms.

THE WORLD began a most original and interesting series of racing stories Monday, July 27, and continued them for seven weeks. They were the experiences, written by themselves, exclusively for THE WORLD, of the leading jockeys, judges, bookmakers, starters, betters, and handicappers on the turf.

On the day the racing season closed in the State of New York, October 15, THE WORLD published a complete table of the winning owners, the amounts they won, and a detailed statement of the amount won by each horse in the stable. This same information was published in the leading New York newspapers from five to ten days afterward.

As a proof of the high regard in which THE WORLD is held by racing men, it need only be said that it is now the authority on betting all over the country; and in all places where bets are recorded, they are decided by THE WORLD's post betting.

OUR PLUCKY LITTLE EVENING COADJUTOR.

THE EVENING WORLD entered upon the fifth year of its existence on October 10, 1891, with an unrivalled record of achievements in the service of the public.

It is, "above all, a newspaper" and the people's friend, and in the field of afternoon journalism stands pre-eminent.

It has, in its special field, accomplished a great deal in the line of local reforms, and has introduced into American journalism many attractive and original features. In this, as well as in the gathering and printing of live local news, it leads all of its contemporaries.

Its sporting, labor, political and dramatic departments are unusually bright and entertaining; and it gets all the news first, and is first on the street with it. That its wonderful enterprise is recognized and appreciated by the public is shown by the paper's enormous circulation.

THE EVENING WORLD has been the champion of the poor, and of law and justice, and the long and creditable list of its achievements in behalf of the public welfare would fill many pages of this ALMANAC.

The list includes the establishment of the free corps of physicians for the sick babies of the tenements; the raising of the Christmas Tree Fund, through which over thirty thousand poor children annually receive holiday gifts; its successful efforts to secure the opening of the Stuyvesant and Jeannette Parks, the lighting of East River Park at night, and the opening of Central Park lake to skaters at night.

After a long and persistent struggle it secured, through the Legislature, the reform of the unjust law permitting the separation of children from their parents by summary commitment to charitable institutions; and its rescues in this connection of Tina Weiss, Alice Graham, and Hegman Shapiro are still fresh in the public mind.

Among the crowning victories won by THE EVENING WORLD for the people during the past year was the fight for clean streets, which resulted in the removal of Hans S. Beattie, Commissioner of Street Cleaning; the passage of the law compelling railroad companies to properly light and ventilate tunnels operated within the State; the opening of public-school doors to pupils at 8 o'clock A.M., and the passage of the law providing for an extra appropriation for halls and free evening lectures. The free lectures were also provided for by the Legislature at the insistence of THE EVENING WORLD, which has well earned the title of "The Giant of Afternoon Journalism."

A WEEKLY MONITOR AND GUIDE.

In its weekly edition THE WORLD has made its *entrée* into every town, village and hamlet of the whole country. It has been a welcome visitor at many a remote and humble fireside, coming as a friend and instructor. Laden with the latest news, it has found room for columns of incisive instruction to our farmer friends upon the great questions of statecraft, in which they have such a vital interest. Pleasant reading, helpful recipes and hints, a system of purchasing by which the far-away WORLD subscriber has the benefits of the great metropolitan bazaars—all these and many other features have won for THE WEEKLY WORLD a permanent place in the hearts of its hundreds of thousands of regular readers.

"THE WORLD" ALWAYS "AT HOME" TO ALL COMERS.

A year ago the ALMANAC told of the magnificent new home of THE NEW YORK WORLD. To-day hundreds of thousands of delighted visitors can tell of that home from personal inspection. Day and night the work of newspaper-making must go on, and any one who wills may come and see the interesting process. At night several floors crowded with alert, keen, sharp-witted editors and reporters; another great floor packed with nimble-fingered compositors; a room full of vats of melted metal to make the thousands upon thousands of plates which yearly whirl around in the great presses, and finally a view from the gallery of the press-room, watching the long rolls of white paper, miles in length, go rushing into the maws of a score of clattering presses to come out neatly piled heaps of printed WORLDS, millions in the aggregate each week—this is what may be seen on a night visit to THE WORLD. Come during the day, when sunshine is flooding the city and its outlying districts, and all of them will be placed before your delighted eyes from the commodious gallery atop of the broad gilded dome of the Pulitzer Building. There is no other point of observation the world over where such a view may be had. The second city of the earth is at your feet, and you carry away a brain picture of New York which you can never forget. You might travel the hundreds of miles of streets for weeks and get no such comprehensive notion of the city as you get there in a few moments. An average of over a thousand guests of THE WORLD a day have taken the dome lift, enjoyed the longest elevator ride in any office building in this or any other country, and have in addition had offered to them the finest possible bird's-eye view of New York. To this THE WORLD bids all its readers, its friends, and the rest of mankind free welcome. For years and years to come, through many generations, the Pulitzer Building will stand a unique monument to a devotion to public service—the pennies of the people grandly perpetuating successful service in their behalf.

Metric System of Weights and Measures.*

THE METRIC SYSTEM has been adopted by Mexico, Brazil, Chili, Peru, etc., and, except Russia and Great Britain, where it is permissive, by all European nations. Various names of the preceding systems are, however, frequently used: In Germany, ½ kilogram = 1 pound; in Switzerland, $\frac{3}{10}$ of a metre = 1 foot, etc. If the first letters of the prefixes *deka*, *hecto*, *kilo*, *myria*, from the Greek, and *deci*, *centi*, *milli*, from the Latin, are used in preference to our plain English, 10, 100, etc., it is best to employ capital letters for the multiples and small letters for the subdivisions, to avoid ambiguities in abbreviations: 1 dekametre or 10 metres = 1 Dm.; 1 decimetre or $\frac{1}{10}$ of a metre = 1 dm.

The METRE, unit of length, is nearly the ten-millionth part of a quadrant of a meridian, of the distance between Equator and Pole. The International Standard Metre is, practically, nothing else but a length defined by the distance between two lines on a platinum-iridium bar at 0° Centigrade, deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Paris, France.

The LITRE, unit of capacity, is derived from the weight of one kilogram pure water at greatest density, a cube whose edge is one-tenth of a metre and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a metric ton.

The GRAM, unit of weight, is a cube of pure water at greatest density, whose edge is one-hundredth of a metre, and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a kilogram, and the one-millionth part of a metric ton.

1 silver dollar weighs 25 grams, 1 dime = 2½ grams, 1 five-cent nickel = 5 grams.

The Metric System was legalized in the United States on July 28, 1866, when Congress enacted as follows:

"The tables in the schedule hereto annexed shall be recognized in the construction of contracts, and in all legal proceedings, as establishing, in terms of the weights and measures now in use in the United States, the equivalents of the weights and measures expressed therein in terms of the metric system, and the tables may lawfully be used for computing, determining and expressing in customary weights and measures the weights and measures of the metric system."

The following are the tables annexed to the above:

MEASURES OF LENGTH.

Metric Denominations and Values.		Equivalents in Denominations in Use.	
Myriametre	10,000 metres.	6.2137	miles.
Kilometre	1,000 metres.	0.62137	mile, or 3,280 feet 10 inches.
Hectometre	100 metres.	328	feet 1 inch.
Dekametre	10 metres.	393.7	inches.
Metre	1 metre.	39.37	inches.
Decimetre	1-10 of a metre.	3.937	inches.
Centimetre	1-100 of a metre.	0.3937	inch.
Millimetre	1-1000 of a metre.	0.0394	inch.

MEASURES OF SURFACE.

Metric Denominations and Values.		Equivalents in Denominations in Use.	
Hectare	10,000 square metres.	2.471	acres.
Are	100 square metres.	119.6	square yards.
Centare	1 square metre.	1,550	square inches.

MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

Metric Denominations and Values.			Equivalents in Denominations in Use.			
Names.	Number of Litres.	Cubic Measure.	Dry Measure.		Liquid or Wine Measure.	
Kilolitre or stere	1,000	1 cubic metre	1.308 cubic yards		264.17	gallons.
Hectolitre	100	1-10 of a cubic metre	2 bush. and 3.35 pecks		26.417	gallons.
Dekalitre	10	10 cubic decimetres	9.08 quarts		2.6417	gallons.
Litre	1	1 cubic decimetre	0.908 quart		1.0567	quarts.
Decilitre	1-10	1-10 of a cubic decimetre	6.1022 cubic inches		0.845	gill.
Centilitre	1-100	10 cubic centimetres	0.6122 cubic inch		0.338	fluid ounces.
Millilitre	1-1000	1 cubic centimetre	0.061 cubic inch		0.27	fluid drams.

* For THE WORLD ALMANAC by W. A. HAUFF.

METRIC SYSTEM.—*Continued.*

Weights.

Metric Denominations and Values.			Equivalents in Denominations in Use.
Names.	Number of Grams.	Weight of what Quantity of Water at Maximum Density.	Avoirdupois Weight.
Millier or tonneau	1,000,000	1 cubic metre	2204.6 pounds.
Quintal	100,000	1 hectolitre	220.46 pounds.
Myriagram	10,000	10 litres	22.046 pounds.
Kilogram or kilo	1,000	1 litre	2.2046 pounds.
Hectogram	100	1 decilitre	3.5274 ounces.
Dekagram	10	10 cubic centimetres	0.3527 ounce.
Gram	1	1 cubic centimetre	15 432 grains.
Decigram	1–10	1–10 of a cubic centimetre	1.5432 grains.
Centigram	1–100	10 cubic millimetres	0.1543 grain.
Milligram	1–1000	1 cubic millimetre	0.0154 grain.

TABLES FOR THE CONVERSION OF METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES INTO CUSTOMARY UNITED STATES EQUIVALENTS AND THE REVERSE.

From the legal equivalents are deduced the following tables for converting United States weights and measures:

METRIC TO CUSTOMARY. CUSTOMARY TO METRIC.

Linear Measure.

Metres = Inches.	*Metres = Feet.*	*Metres = Yards.*	*Kilometres = Miles.*	*Ins. = Centimetres.*	*Feet = Metres.*	*Yards = Metres.*	*Miles = Kilometres.*
1 = 39.37	1 = 3.28083	1 = 1.093611	1 = 0.62137	1 = 2.54	1 = 0.304801	1 = 0.914402	1 = 1.6093
2 = 78.74	2 = 6.56167	2 = 2.187222	2 = 1.24274	2 = 5.08	2 = 0.609601	2 = 1.828804	2 = 3.21869
3 = 118.11	3 = 9.84250	3 = 3.280833	3 = 1.86411	3 = 7.62	3 = 0.914402	3 = 2.743205	3 = 4.82804
4 = 157.48	4 = 13.12333	4 = 4.374444	4 = 2.48548	4 = 10.16	4 = 1.219202	4 = 3.657607	4 = 6.43739
5 = 196.85	5 = 16.40417	5 = 5.468056	5 = 3.10685	5 = 12.70	5 = 1.524003	5 = 4.572009	5 = 8.04674
6 = 236.22	6 = 19.68500	6 = 6.561667	6 = 3.72822	6 = 15.24	6 = 1.828804	6 = 5.486411	6 = 9.66608
7 = 275.59	7 = 22.96583	7 = 7.655278	7 = 4.34959	7 = 17.78	7 = 2.133604	7 = 6.400813	7 = 11.26543
8 = 314.96	8 = 26.24667	8 = 8.748889	8 = 4.97096	8 = 20.32	8 = 2.438405	8 = 7.315215	8 = 12.87478
9 = 354.33	9 = 29.52750	9 = 9.842500	9 = 5.59233	9 = 22.86	9 = 2.743205	9 = 8.229616	9 = 14.48412

Square Measure.

Square Centimetres — Square Inches.	*Square Metres — Square Feet.*	*Square Metres — Square Yards.*
1 = 0.155	1 = 10.764	1 = 1.196
2 = 0.310	2 = 21.528	2 = 2.392
3 = 0.465	3 = 32.292	3 = 3.588
4 = 0.620	4 = 43.055	4 = 4.784
5 = 0.775	5 = 53.819	5 = 5.980
6 = 0.930	6 = 64.583	6 = 7.176
7 = 1.085	7 = 75.347	7 = 8.372
8 = 1.240	8 = 86.111	8 = 9.568
9 = 1.395	9 = 96.874	9 = 10.764

Cubic Measure.

Cubic Metres — Cubic Feet.	*Cubic Feet — Cubic Metres.*
1 = 35.314	1 = 0.02832
2 = 70.629	2 = 0.05663
3 = 105.943	3 = 0.08495
4 = 141.258	4 = 0.11327
5 = 176.572	5 = 0.14158
6 = 211.887	6 = 0.16990
7 = 247.201	7 = 0.19822
8 = 282.516	8 = 0.22654
9 = 317.830	9 = 0.25485

Square Measure.

Square Inches — Square Centimetres	*Square Feet — Square Metres.*	*Square Yards — Square Metres.*
1 = 6.452	1 = 0.09290	1 = 0.836
2 = 12.903	2 = 0.18581	2 = 1.672
3 = 19.355	3 = 0.27871	3 = 2.508
4 = 25.807	4 = 0.37161	4 = 3.344
5 = 32.258	5 = 0.46452	5 = 4.181
6 = 38.710	6 = 0.55742	6 = 5.017
7 = 45.161	7 = 0.65032	7 = 5.853
8 = 51.613	8 = 0.74323	8 = 6.689
9 = 58.065	9 = 0.83613	9 = 7.525

Liquid Measure.

Centilitres — Fluid Ounces.	*Litres — Quarts.*	*Litres — Gallons.*
1 = 0.338	1 = 1.0567	1 = 0.26417
2 = 0.676	2 = 2.1134	2 = 0.52834
3 = 1.014	3 = 3.1700	3 = 0.79251
4 = 1.352	4 = 4.2267	4 = 1.0668
5 = 1.691	5 = 5.2834	5 = 1.32085
6 = 2.029	6 = 6.3401	6 = 1.58502
7 = 2.368	7 = 7.3968	7 = 1.84919
8 = 2.706	8 = 8.4534	8 = 2.11336
9 = 3.043	9 = 9.5101	9 = 2.37753

Dry Measure.

Hectolitres — Bushels.	*Bushels — Hectolitres.*
1 = 2.8375	1 = 0.35242
2 = 5.6750	2 = 0.70485
3 = 8.5125	3 = 1.05727
4 = 11 3500	4 = 1.40969
5 = 14 1875	5 = 1.76211
6 = 17.0250	6 = 2.11454
7 = 19.8625	7 = 2.46696
8 = 22.7000	8 = 2.81938
9 = 25.5375	9 = 3.17181

Liquid Measure.

Fluid Ounces — Centilitres.	*Quarts — Litres.*	*Gallons — Litres.*
1 = 2.957	1 = 0.94636	1 = 3.78544
2 = 5.915	2 = 1.89272	2 = 7.57088
3 = 8.872	3 = 2.83908	3 = 11.35632
4 = 11.830	4 = 3.78544	4 = 15.14176
5 = 14.787	5 = 4.73180	5 = 18.92720
6 = 17.744	6 = 5.67816	6 = 22.71264
7 = 20.702	7 = 6.62452	7 = 26.49808
8 = 23.659	8 = 7.57088	8 = 30.28352
9 = 26.616	9 = 8.51724	9 = 34.06896

WEIGHT (AVOIRDUPOIS).

Centigrams = 1 Grains.	Kilograms = 1 Ounces Av'dp's.	Kilograms = 1 Pounds Av'dp's.	Metric Tons = 1 Long Tons.	Grains = 1 Centigrams.	Ounces Av'dp's = 1 Grams.	Pounds Av'dp's = 1 Kilograms.	Long Tons = 1 Metric Tons.
1 = 0.1543	1 = 35.274	1 = 2.20462	1 = 0.9842	1 = 6.4799	1 = 28.3495	1 = 0.45359	1 = 1.0161
2 = 0.3086	2 = 70.548	2 = 4.49924	2 = 1.9684	2 = 12.9598	2 = 56.6991	2 = 0.90719	2 = 2.0321
3 = 0.4630	3 = 105.822	3 = 6.61386	= 2.9526	3 = 19.4397	3 = 85.0486	3 = 1.36078	3 = 3.0482
4 = 0.6173	4 = 141.096	4 = 8.81849	4 = 3.9368	4 = 25.9196	4 = 113.3981	4 = 1.81437	4 = 4.0642
5 = 0 7716	5 = 176.370	5 = 11.02311	5 = 4.9210	5 = 32.3995	5 = 141.7476	5 = 2.26796	5 = 5.08 3
6 = 0.92 9	6 = 211.644	6 = 13.22773	6 = 5.9052	6 = 38.8793	6 = 170.0972	6 = 2.72156	6 = 6.0963
7 = 1 0803	7 = 246.918	7 = 15.43235	7 = 6.8894	7 = 45.3592	7 = 198.4467	7 = 3.17515	7 = 7.1124
8 = 1.2346	8 = 282.192	8 = 17.63697	8 = 7.8736	8 = 51.8391	8 = 226.7962	8 = 3.62874	8 = 8.1284
9 = 1.3889	9 = 317.466	9 = 19.84159	9 = 8.8578	9 = 58.3190	9 = 255.1457	9 = 4.08233	9 = 9.1445

MEASURES AND WEIGHTS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The measures of length and the weights are nearly, practically, the same as those in use in the United States. The English ton is 2,240 lbs. avoirdupois, the same as the long ton, or shipping ton of the United States. The English hundredweight is 112 lbs. avoirdupois, the same as the long hundredweight of the United States. The metre has been legalized at 39.37079 inches, but the length of 39.370432 inches, as adopted by France, Germany, Belgium and Russia, is frequently used.

The Imperial gallon, the basis of the system of capacity, involves an error of about 1 part in 1,836: 10 lbs. of water = 277.123 cubic inches.

MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

NAMES.	Pounds of Water.	Cubic Inches.	Litres.	United States Equivalents.
4 gills = 1 pint	1.25	34.66	0.56793	1.20032 liquid pints.
2 pints = 1 quart.....	2.5	69.32	1.13586	1.20032 " quarts.
2 quarts = 1 pottle.....	5	138.64	2.27173	2.40064 " "
2 pottles = 1 gallon.....	10	277.27	4.54346	1.20032 " gallons.
2 gallons = 1 peck.....	20	554.55	9.08692	1.03152 dry pecks.
4 pecks = 1 bushel.....	80	2218.19	36.34766	1.03152 " bushels.
4 bushels = 1 coomb.....	320	8872.77	145.39062	4.12606 " "
2 coombs = 1 quarter. ...	640	17745.54	290.7813	8.2521 " "

(Dry measures.)

Domestic Weights and Measures.

Apothecaries' Weight: 20 grains = 1 scruple; 3 scruples = 1 dram; 8 drams = 1 ounce; 12 ounces = 1 pound.

Avoirdupois Weight (short ton): 27 11-32 grains = 1 dram; 16 drams = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1 pound; 25 pounds = 1 quarter; 4 quarters = 1 cwt.; 20 cwt. = 1 ton.

Avoirdupois Weight (long ton): 27 11-32 grains = 1 dram; 16 drams = 1 ounce; 16 ounces = 1 pound; 112 pounds = 1 cwt.; 20 cwt. = 1 ton.

Troy Weight: 24 grains = 1 pennyweight; 20 pennyweights = 1 ounce; 12 ounces = 1 pound.

Circular Measure: 60 seconds = 1 minute; 60 minutes = 1 degree; 30 degrees = 1 sign; 12 signs = 1 circle.

Cubic Measure: 1,728 cubic inches = 1 cubic foot; 27 cubic feet = 1 cubic yard.

Dry Measure: 2 pints = 1 quart; 8 quarts = 1 peck; 4 pecks = 1 bushel.

Liquid Measure: 4 gills = 1 pint; 2 pints = 1 quart; 4 quarts = 1 gallon; 31½ gallons = 1 barrel; 2 barrels = 1 hogshead.

Long Measure: 12 inches = 1 foot; 3 feet = 1 yard; 5½ yards = 1 rod or pole; 40 rods = 1 furlong; 8 furlongs = 1 statute mile; 3 miles = 1 league.

Mariner's Measure: 6 feet = 1 fathom; 120 fathoms = 1 cable length; 7½ cable lengths = 1 mile; 5,280 feet = 1 statute mile; 6,085 feet = 1 nautical mile.

Square Measure: 144 square inches = 1 square foot; 9 square feet = 1 square yard; 30¼ square yards = 1 square rod or perch; 40 square rods = 1 rood; 4 roods = 1 acre; 640 acres = 1 square mile; 36 square miles (6 miles square) = 1 township.

Time Measure: 60 seconds = 1 minute; 60 minutes = 1 hour; 24 hours = 1 day; 7 days = 1 week; 365 days = 1 year; 366 days = 1 leap year.

FOREIGN MONEYS.

English Money: 4 farthings = 1 penny (*d*); 12 pence = 1 shilling (*s*); 20 shillings = 1 pound (£).
French Money: 10 centimes = 1 decime; 10 decime = 1 franc.
German Money: 100 pfennig = 1 mark.
Russian Money: 100 copecks = 1 rouble.
Austro-Hungarian Money: 100 kreuzer = 1 florin.
For United States equivalents, see tables of "Value of Foreign Coins in U. S. Money."

NOTE.—France, Belgium, Greece, Italy and Switzerland constitute what is known as the "Latin" Union, and their coins are alike in weight and fineness, occasionally differing, however, in name. The same system has been in part adopted by Spain, Servia, Bulgaria, Russia and Roumania, but they have not joined the Union. Francs and centimes of France, Belgium and Switzerland are respectively designated lire and centissimi in Italy; drachmai and lepta in Greece; dinars and paras in Servia; peseta and centimos in Spain; leys and banis in Roumania; leva and stotinkis in Bulgaria. Similarly the Scandinavian countries, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, employ coins of the same weight and fineness, their names being also alike. Most of the South American States possess a standard coin, equal in weight and fineness to the silver 5-franc piece, generally termed a "peso."—*Whitaker.*

Interest Laws and Statutes of Limitations.

States and Territories.	Interest Laws. Legal Rate.	Interest Laws. Rate Allowed by Contract.	Statutes of Limitations. Judgments, Years.	Statutes of Limitations. Notes, Years.	Statutes of Limitations. Open Accounts, Years.
	per ct.	*per ct.*			
Alabama	8	8	20	6	3
Arkansas	6	10	10	5	3
Arizona	7	Any rate.	5	3	2
California	7	Any rate.	5	4	2
Colorado	8	Any rate.	6	6	6
Connecticut	6	*	..	6	6
Delaware	6	6	20	6	3
Dist. of Columbia	6	10	12	3	3
Florida	8	10†	20	5	2
Georgia	7	8	7	7	4
Idaho	10	18	6	6	3
Illinois	5	7	7	10	5
Indiana	6	8	10	10	6
Iowa	6	8	10	10	5
Kansas	6	10	5	5	2
Kentucky	6	8	15	15	5
Louisiana	5	8	10	5	3
Maine	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
Maryland	6	6	12	3	3
Massachusetts	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
Michigan	6	8	6	6	6
Minnesota	7	10	10	6	6
Mississippi	6	10	7	6	3
Missouri	6	8	20	10	5
Montana	10	Any rate.	6	6	2
Nebraska	7	10	5	5	4
Nevada	7	Any rate.	6	6	4
New-Hampshire	6	6	20	6	6
New-Jersey	6	6	20	6	6
New-Mexico	6	12	15	6	4
New-York	6	6‡	20	6	6
North-Carolina	6	8	10	3	3
North-Dakota	7	10	20	6	6
Ohio	6	8	5	15	6
Oklahoma	7	12	..	..	..
Oregon	8	10	10	6	1
Pennsylvania	6	6	5	6	6
Rhode-Island	6	Any rate.	20	6	6
South-Carolina	7	8	10	6	6
South-Dakota	7	12	20	6	6
Tennessee	6	6	10	6	6
Texas	8	12	10	4	2
Utah	10	Any rate.	5	4	2
Vermont	6	6	6	6	6
Virginia	6	6	10	5	2
Washington	10	Any rate.	6	6	3
West-Virginia	6	*	10	10	5
Wisconsin	7	10	20	6	6
Wyoming	12	Any rate.	5	5	4

* No usury, but over 6 per cent cannot be collected by law. † Not to exceed 10 per cent. ‡ New-York has by a recent law legalized any rate of interest on call loans of $5,000 or upward, on collateral security.

INTEREST EARNED BY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES DURING TWENTY YEARS.

The following statement, prepared by W. C. Wright, Actuary of the New-England Mutual Life Insurance Company, shows the net average interest received by twenty leading American Life Insurance Companies from 1869 to 1889, together with the highest and lowest rate each year. The gradual decline in interest earnings, consequent upon the increase of wealth, is exhibited.

Years.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Years.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Years.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Years.	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.
1869	8.2	3.9	6.0	1875	8.4	5.6	6.5	1880	5.6	3.6	4.8	1885	6.0	3.9	4.7
1870	7.2	4.5	5.9	1876	8.2	5.3	6.1	1881	6.3	3.8	4.8	1886	6.7	3.9	4.9
1871	7.2	4.2	6.1	1877	7.7	4.8	5.6	1882	7.8	4.1	5.1	1887	5.6	3.9	4.7
1872	8.9	5.5	6.2	1878	7.1	3.4	5.1	1883	6.8	4.1	5.1	1888	5.3	3.7	4.6
1873	8.3	5.6	6.5	1879	6.7	3.8	5.0	1884	5.7	4.0	4.7	1889	5.6	3.7	4.6
1874	7.8	4.9	6.2												

COMPOUND INTEREST ON ONE DOLLAR FOR 100 YEARS.

Amount.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.	Amount.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.	Amount.	Years.	Per cent.	Accumulation.
$1	100	1	$2.75	$1	100	4½	$81.25	$1	100	10	$13,809.00
1	100	2	7.25	1	100	5	131.50	1	100	12	84,675.00
1	100	2½	11.75	1	100	6	340.00	1	100	15	1,174,405.00
1	100	3	19 25	1	100	7	868.00	1	100	18	15,145,007.00
1	100	3½	31.25	1	100	8	2,203.00	1	100	24	2,551,799,404.00
1	100	4	50.50	1	100	9	5,543.00				

YEARS WHICH A GIVEN AMOUNT WILL DOUBLE AT SEVERAL RATES OF INTEREST.

Rate.	At Simple Interest.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Yearly.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Semi-Annually.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Quarterly.	Rate.	At Simple Interest.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Yearly.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Semi-Annually.	At Compound Interest. Compounded Quarterly.
1	100 years	69.666	69.487	69.400	6	16.67	11.896	11.725	11.639
1½	66.66	46.556	46.382	46.298	6½	15.38	11.007	10.836	10.750
2	50.00	35.004	34.830	34.743	7	14.29	10.245	10.075	9.989
2½	40.00	28.071	27.899	27.812	7½	13.33	9.585	9.914	9.328
3	33.33	23.450	23.278	23.191	8	12.50	9.006	8.837	8.751
3½	28.57	20.150	19.977	19.890	8½	11.76	8.497	8.346	8.231
4	25.00	17.673	17.502	17.415	9	11.11	8.043	7.874	7.788
4½	22.22	15.748	15.576	15.490	9½	10.52	7.638	7.468	7.383
5	20.00	14.207	14.036	13 946	10	10.00	7.273	7.121	7.026
5½	18.18	12.946	12.775	12.686	12	8.34	6.110	.....	.....

Postal Information.

(*Revised December*, 1891, *at the New-York Post-Office, for* THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTAGE.

ALL mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States is divided into four classes, under the following regulations :

FIRST-CLASS MATTER.

This class includes letters, postal cards and anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or anything containing writing not allowed as an accompaniment to printed matter under class three.

Rates of letter postage to any part of the United States, *two cents per ounce or fraction thereof.*

Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on postal cards, one cent. Nothing must be added or attached to a postal card, except that a printed address slip may be pasted on the address side. The addition of anything else subjects the card to letter postage. A card containing any offensive dun or any scurrilous or indecent communication will not be forwarded. Nothing but the address must be placed on the face, or stamped side.

Rates on specially delivered letters, ten cents on each letter in *addition* to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at post-offices, and must be affixed to such letters. An ordinary ten-cent stamp affixed to a letter will *not* entitle it to special delivery. The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Prepayment by stamps invariably required. Postage on all letters should be *fully* prepaid, but if prepaid one full rate and no more, they will be forwarded, and the amount of deficient postage collected on delivery ; if wholly unpaid, or prepaid with less than one full rate, and deposited at a post-office, the addressee will be notified to remit postage ; and if he fails to do so, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office ; but they will be returned to the sender if he is located at the place of mailing, and if his address be printed or written upon them.

Letter rates are charged on all productions by the typewriter or manifold process.

Letters (but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope. There is no limit of weight for first-class matter.

Prepaid letters will be reforwarded from one post-office to another upon the written request of the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed.

SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

This class includes all newspapers, periodicals or matter exclusively in print and regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year, from a known office of publication or news agency, to actual subscribers or news agents, and transient newspapers and publications of this character mailed by persons other than publishers.

Rates of postage to publishers, *one cent a pound or fractional part thereof*, prepaid by special stamps. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, are excluded from the pound rate, and pay third-class rates.

Publications sent to actual subscribers in the county where published are free, unless mailed for local delivery at a letter-carrier office.

Rates of postage on transient newspapers, magazines or periodicals, *one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.* It should be observed that the rate is one cent for each four ounces, not one cent for each paper. These rates do not apply for transient publications mailed for local delivery by carriers at a Free Delivery Office. Second-class matter will be entitled to special delivery when special delivery ten-cent stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Transient second-class matter must be so wrapped as to enable the postmaster to inspect it. The sender's name and address may be written in them, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage. The name and address of the sender may also be written on the wrapper.

THIRD-CLASS MATTER.

Mail matter of the third class includes printed books, pamphlets, engravings, circulars (in print or by the hectograph, electric pen or similar process), and other matter wholly in print, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

The rate on matter of this class is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.*

Manuscript unaccompanied by proof-sheets must pay letter rates.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, otherwise it will be charged letter rates on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded. Its wrapper must bear no writing or printing except the name and address of the sender and a return request.

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books in separate packages, on which the weight is not limited. It is entitled, like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

The name and address of the sender, preceded by the word "from," may be written upon the package, and a simple manuscript dedication may appear in a book or upon the article enclosed.

FOURTH-CLASS MATTER.

Fourth-class matter is all mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes, which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdrawn from the wrapper and examined. It embraces merchandise and samples of every description, and coin or specie.

Rate of postage, *one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof* (except seeds, roots, bulbs, cuttings, cions, and plants, the rate on which is *one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof*). This matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded. The affixing of special delivery ten-cent stamps in addition to the regular postage entitles fourth-class matter to special delivery. (See remarks under "second-class matter.")

Articles of this class that are liable to injure or deface the mails, such as glass, sugar, needles, nails, pens, etc., must be first wrapped in a bag, box, or open envelope and then secured in another outside tube or box, made of metal or hard wood, without sharp corners or edges, and having a sliding clasp or screw lid, thus securing the articles in a double package. The public should bear in mind that the first object of the department is to transport the mails safely, and every other interest is made subordinate.

Such articles as poisons, explosives or inflammable articles, live animals, insects or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded in any case.

The regulations respecting the mailing of liquids are as follows: Liquids, not ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt, and not liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion or ignition by shock or jar, and not inflammable (such as kerosene, naphtha or turpentine) may be admitted to the mails for transportation within the United States. When contained in glass bottles or vials, such bottles or vials must be strong enough to stand the shock of handling in the mails, and must be enclosed in a wooden or papier-maché block or tube not less than three sixteenths of an inch thick in the thinnest part, strong enough to support the weight of mails piled in bags and resist rough handling; and there must be provided, between the bottle and its wooden case, a cushion of cork-crumbs, cotton, felt, asbestos or some other absorbent, sufficient to protect the glass from shock in handling; the block or tube to be impervious to liquids, including oils, and to be closed by a tightly fitting screw-lid of wood or metal, with a rubber or other pad so adjusted as to make the block or tube water-tight and to prevent the leakage of the contents, in case of breaking of the glass. When enclosed in a tin cylinder, metal case or tube, such cylinder, case or tube should have a screw-lid with a rubber or cork cushion inside in order to make the same water-tight, and should be securely fastened in a wooden or papier-maché block (open only at one end), and not less in thickness and strength than above prescribed. It would be well always to consult the postmaster in reference to the proposed mailing of liquids. The limit of admissible liquids and oils is not exceeding four ounces, liquid measure.

Limit of weight of fourth-class matter (excepting liquids), four pounds.

The name and address of the sender, preceded by the word "from," also the names and number (quantity) of the articles enclosed, may be written on the wrapper of fourth-class matter without additional postage charge. A request to the delivering postmaster may also be written asking him to return the package if not delivered.

REGISTRATION.

All kinds of postal matter, *except second-class matter*, can be registered at the rate of *ten cents for each package* in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail matter.

DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.

Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to $100, at the following rates:

For sums not exceeding $5, five cents; for $5 to $10, eight cents; for $10 to $15, ten cents; for $15 to $30, fifteen cents; for $30 to $40, twenty cents; for $40 to $50, twenty-five cents; for $50 to $60, thirty cents; for $60 to $70, thirty-five cents; for $70 to $80, forty cents; for $80 to $100, forty-five cents.

When more than $100 is required, additional orders must be obtained, but not more than three orders will be issued in one day to the same payee, payable at the same office.

POSTAL NOTES.

These will be issued for sums less than $5, for a fee of three cents, and are payable to any person presenting them, either at the office designated on the note or at the office of issue within three months of date of issue.

LETTER-SHEET ENVELOPES.

The Post-Office Department now issues a combined letter-sheet and envelope of the denomination of two cents. The prices are as follows: one, three cents; two, five cents; five, twelve cents; ten, twenty-three cents; one hundred, $2.30; one thousand, $23.

STAMPED ENVELOPES.

Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate.

FREE DELIVERY.

The free delivery of mail matter at the residences of the people desiring it is required by law in every city of 50,000 or more population, and may be established at every place containing not less than 5,000 inhabitants.

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail matter may be sent free by legislative saving clauses—viz.:

1. All public documents printed by order of Congress, the Congressional Record and speeches contained therein, franked by members of Congress or the Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House.

2. Seeds transmitted by the Commissioner of Agriculture, or by any Member of Congress, procured from that department.

3. All periodicals sent to subscribers within the county where printed.

4. Letters and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, mailed only by officers of the same, publications required to be mailed to the Librarian of Congress by the copyright law, and letters and parcels mailed by the Smithsonian Institution. All these must be covered by specially printed "penalty" envelopes or labels.

All communications to Government officers, and to or from Members of Congress, are required to be prepaid by stamps.

SUGGESTIONS TO THE PUBLIC.

(*From the United States Official Postal-Guide.*)

Mail all letters, etc., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars. The trouble of the post-office is much diminished if letters, when mailed in large numbers, are tied in bundles, with the addresses all in one direction.

Make the address legible and complete, giving the name of the post-office, county and State. The name of the street and number of the house should also be given on letters addressed to cities where letter-carriers are employed; while the letter will eventually reach its destination without a number, the omission is often a cause of hesitation and delay. In the case of letters for places in foreign countries, and especially in Canada, in which country there are many post-offices having the same names as post-offices in the United States and in England, the name of the country, as well as the post-office, should be given in full. Letters addressed, for instance, merely to "London," without adding "England," are frequently sent to London, Canada, and *vice versa*, thereby causing delay, and often serious loss. Letters addressed to Burlington, N. S. (Nova Scotia), often go to Burlington, New-York, on account of the resemblance between S and Y when carelessly written. It would be better to write out names of States in full.

Avoid, as much as possible, using envelopes made of thin paper, especially where more than one sheet of paper, or any other article than paper, is enclosed. Being often handled, and even in the mail-bags subject to pressure, such envelopes not unfrequently split open, giving cause of complaint against officials who are entirely innocent in the matter.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail, except either by means of a money-order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter-carrier to ruin.

See that every letter contains the full name and post-office address of the writer, with county and State, in order to secure the return of the letter, if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found. A much larger portion of the undelivered letters could be returned if the names and addresses of the senders were always fully and plainly written or printed inside or on the envelopes. Persons who have large correspondence find it most convenient to use "special request envelopes;" but those who only mail an occasional letter can avoid much trouble by writing a request to "return if not delivered," etc., on the envelope.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., into a street mailing-box, or into the receptacle at a post-office, always see that the packet falls into the box, and does not stick in its passage: observe, also, particularly, whether the postage-stamps remain securely in their places.

Postage-stamps should be placed on the upper right-hand corner of the address side of all mail-matter.

Postmasters are not obliged to accept in payment for postage-stamps or stamped envelopes, wrappers, etc., any currency which may be so mutilated as to be uncurrent, or the genuineness of which cannot be clearly ascertained. They are not obliged to receive more than twenty-five cents in copper or nickel coins. They are not obliged to affix stamps to letters, nor are they obliged to make change except as a matter of courtesy. They must not give credit for postage.

Letters cannot be carried out of the mail except in postage-stamped envelopes. There is no objection to a person who is not acting as a common carrier carrying a sealed letter, whether in a stamped envelope or not; but to continue the practice, or receive money for so doing, would subject the party to a penalty of one hundred and fifty dollars. Newspapers, magazines and periodicals may be carried out of the mail for sale or distribution to subscribers, but if they are put into a post-office for delivery the postage must be paid thereon.

It is forbidden by the regulations of the Post-Office Department for postmasters to give to any person information concerning the mail-matter of another, or to disclose the name of a box-holder at a post-office.

Mail-matter deposited in any receptacle erected by the Post-Office Department, such as street mailing-boxes for the reception of mail-matter to be collected by letter-carriers, or boxes in railroad depots for the reception of matter to be collected by employés of the railway mail service, cannot be reclaimed by any one under any circumstances. Persons depositing letters in the latter, intended for city delivery, do so at their own risk, and cannot reclaim them except through the Dead Letter Office.

Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the Free Delivery System is

in operation should be marked "Transient" or "General Delivery," if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

All matter concerning lotteries, gift concerts or schemes devised to defraud the public, or for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretences, is denied transmission in the United States mails. Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

The above rates, rules and suggestions *apply to postal matters in the United States.*

GENERAL REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREIGN MAILS.

Postage can be prepaid upon articles only by means of the postage-stamps of the country *in* which the articles are mailed. Hence articles mailed in one country addressed to another country, which bear postage-stamps of the country to which they are addressed, are treated as if they had no postage-stamps attached to them.

Matter to be sent in the mails at less than letter rates of postage must be so wrapped that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper.

Newspapers and periodicals sent in the mails to foreign countries other than those of the Postal Union should be wrapped singly. Those sent by publishers to regular subscribers in Canada and Mexico are transmissible as in domestic mails, except that packages addressed to Mexico must not exceed 4 pounds, 6 ounces in weight.

The United States two-cent postal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countries (except Canada and Mexico, to which countries the one-cent card is transmissible), but where these cards cannot be obtained, it is allowable to use for this purpose the United States one-cent postal card with a one-cent United States adhesive postage-stamp attached thereto.

Mail matter *of all kinds* received from any country of the Postal Union is required to be reforwarded, at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, or to any foreign country embraced in the Postal Union, without additional charge for postage.

All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails to and from foreign countries. Postal cards or letters addressed to go around the world will not be forwarded, being prohibited.

Newspapers and other periodical publications received in the mails from abroad under the provisions of postal treaties or conventions are free from customs duty.

Dutiable books forwarded to the United States from the Postal Union are delivered to addressees at post-offices of destination upon payment of the duties levied thereon.

The act of March 3, 1883, imposes a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem on all printed matter not therein otherwise provided for, without regard to mode of importation. Under said act, all printed matter, *except newspapers and periodicals*, and except printed matter other than books imported in the mails for personal use, is subject to the regular duty of 25 per cent ad valorem.

FOREIGN (INTERNATIONAL) MONEY ORDERS.

Unpaid letters received from the Postal Union are chargeable with 10 cents per 15 grams (½ ounce). Insufficiently prepaid correspondence of all kinds is chargeable with double the amount of the deficient postage.

There are now in operation postal conventions for the exchange of money orders between the United States and the following countries—viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada and Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland, the Cape Colony, the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania, Hawaii, Sweden, Norway, Japan, Denmark and the Netherlands.

Upon receiving an international money order from the issuing postmaster, the remitter must send it, at his own cost, to the payee, if the latter resides in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, Queensland, Cape Colony. France and Algeria, New Zealand, New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, Hawaii, Jamaica, Leeward and Windward Islands, and Constantinople.

But the order should be retained by the remitter if the intended beneficiary live in any of the following named countries: Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Belgium, Portugal, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, British India, Egypt, Japan, Hong Kong, in which case it is of no value except as evidence of deposit of the sum therein mentioned. Another and different form of order will be forwarded to the payee by the exchange office in the country of payment.

The rates of commission or fees charged for the issue of all international money orders are as follows: For sums not exceeding $10, 10 cents; over $10 and not exceeding $20, 20 cents; over $20 and not exceeding $30, 30 cents; over $30 and not exceeding $40, 40 cents; ever $40 and not exceeding $50, 50 cents.

Parcels Post.—Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by Parcels Post to Jamaica, Barbadoes, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Mexico, the Hawaiian Kingdom (Sandwich Islands), the Leeward Islands, the Republic of Colombia, Costa Rica and Salvador, at the following postage rate: For a parcel not exceeding one pound in weight, 12 cents; for each additional pound or fraction thereof, 12 cents. The maximum weight allowed is eleven pounds—the extreme dimensions allowed for Mexico, Costa Rico and Colombia being two feet length by four feet girth, and for the other countries three feet, six inches length and six feet length and girth combined. Parcels must be wrapped so as to permit their contents to be easily examined by postmasters. Poisonous, explosive and inflammable substances are excluded. Parcels may be registered for 10 cents each to any of the above places, except Barbadoes.

Rates of Postage to Foreign Countries.

COUNTRIES NOT OF THE UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

Countries.	Letters, per ½ oz.	Newspapers, per 4 oz.	Countries.	Letters, per ½ oz.	Newspapers, per 4 oz.
Ascension	15	4*	Natal and Zululand	15	4
Cape Colony	15	4	Norfolk Island	12	2‡
China, via Brindisi	13	5	Orange Free State	15	4
Comoro Islands	5	1†	Queensland	12	2‡
Madagascar (except French Stations), British mail	13	4	Samoan Islands	12	2‡
Morocco (except Spanish possessions)	15	2†	St. Helena	15	4
			Transvaal and Bechuanaland	19	5

Registration allowed on all mail matter to South African Colonies and States, 10 cents. * Per 4 ounces. † Per 2 ounces. ‡ Per copy.

Prepayment to all of above places compulsory.

All countries except the above are in the Universal Postal Union, within which the rates of postage (except as to Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

Letters, per 15 grams (½ ounce), prepayment optional. (See paragraph "Unpaid Letters," preceding page.)	5 cents.
Postal cards, each	2 cents.
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces	1 cent.
Commercial papers. Packets not in excess of 10 ounces	5 cents.
Commercial papers. Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 ounces, or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Samples of merchandise. Packets not in excess of 4 ounces	2 cents.
Samples of merchandise. Packets in excess of 4 ounces, for each 2 ounces, or fraction thereof	1 cent.
Registration fee on letters or other articles	10 cents.

All correspondence other than letters must be prepaid, at least partially. For Parcels Post to certain West India islands, and Central and South American States, see preceding page.

CANADA.

Letters, per ounce, prepayment compulsory	2 cents.
Postal cards, each	1 cent.
Newspapers, per 4 ounces	1 cent.
Merchandise and samples of merchandise, not exceeding 4 pounds, per ounce	1 cent.
Commercial papers, same as to other Postal Union countries.	
Registration fee	10 cents.

Any article of correspondence may be registered. Packages of merchandise are subject to the regulations of either country to prevent violations of the revenue laws; must not be closed against inspection, and must be so wrapped and enclosed as to be easily examined. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Canada.

MEXICO.

Letters, newspapers and printed matter are now carried between the United States and Mexico at same rates as in the United States. Samples are 1 cent for 2 ounces; limit of weight, 8¾ ounces. Merchandise, other than samples, may only be sent by Parcels Post. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Mexico, nor any package over 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight.

SAMPLES.

By special agreement between the United States and France, Great Britain, Belgium, Switzerland, the Argentine Republic and Italy, packets of samples of merchandise are admissible in the mails between the two countries, up to 350 grams (12 oz.) in weight, and the following dimensions: 30 centimeters (12 inches) in length, 20 centimeters (8 inches) in width, and 10 centimeters (4 inches) in depth.

Distances from New-York.

POSTAL ROUTE DISTANCES OF VARIOUS CITIES FROM THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. PREPARED BY THE FOREIGN MAILS DIVISION OF THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

	Miles.		Miles.
Adelaide, *via* San Francisco	12,845	Honolulu, *via* San Francisco	5,645
Alexandria, *via* London	6,150	Liverpool	3,540
Amsterdam " "	3,985	London, *via* Queenstown	3,740
Athens, *via* London	5,655	Madrid, *via* London	4,925
Bahia, Brazil	5,870	Melbourne, *via* San Francisco	12,265
Berlin, *via* London	4,385	Mexico City (Railroad)	3,750
Bombay " "	9,765	Panama	2,355
Buenos Ayres	8,045	Paris	4,020
Calcutta, *via* London	11,120	Rio de Janeiro	6,730
Cape Town, *via* London	11,245	Rome, *via* London	5,030
Constantinople, *via* London	5,810	St. Petersburg, *via* London	5,370
Florence, *via* London	4,800	Shanghai, *via* San Francisco	9,920
Glasgow	3,375	Stockholm, *via* London	4,975
Greytown, *via* New Orleans	2,810	Sydney, *via* San Francisco	11,570
Halifax, N. S.	645	Valparaiso, *via* Panama	5,910
Havana	1,400	Vienna, *via* London	4,740
Hong Kong, *via* San Francisco	10,590	Yokohama, *via* San Francisco	8,725

Record of Events in 1891.

Jan. 2. The Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York, was burned.

Jan. 7. A part of the Chilian Navy revolted against the Balmaceda Government.

Jan. 7. President Balmaceda assumed the dictatorship in Chile.

Jan. 9. G. W. Delamater, late Republican candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, was arrested for embezzlement.

Jan. 15. Dr. Koch made public the ingredients of his consumption lymph.

Jan. 15. The Indian War in the Northwest ended by the submission of the Hostiles.

Jan. 19. Discovery of a lost work by Aristotle was announced at the British Museum.

Jan. 20. Funeral of George Bancroft in Washington.

Jan. 20. King Kalakaua, of Hawaii, died at San Francisco. His funeral was at Honolulu Jan. 30.

Jan. 23. Prince Baldwin, the Belgian heir presumptive, died suddenly.

Jan. 27. The performance of Sardou's "Thermidor" in Paris was suppressed by the Government.

Jan. 29. Secretary of the Treasury Windom fell dead at a banquet of the Board of Trade, at Delmonico's, New-York, after concluding a speech.

Jan. 31. A republican rising at Oporto, Portugal, was suppressed.

Feb. 3. Eyraud, the murderer, was executed by the guillotine at Paris.

Feb. 5. President Harrison proclaimed reciprocity with Brazil.

Feb. 9. A new ministry was formed in Italy, with the Marquis Di Rudini as Premier.

Feb. 12. Dillon and O'Brien, the Irish National leaders, surrendered themselves to the English police.

Feb. 17. John Jacob Astor and Miss Ava Willing were married in Philadelphia.

Feb. 18-27. Empress Frederick, of Germany, visited Paris, which caused demonstrations of disapproval.

Feb. 19. The Egyptians defeated Osman Digna at Tokar.

Feb. 19. Funeral of Gen. Sherman, of New-York.

Feb. 21. Charles Foster, of Ohio, was appointed Secretary of the Treasury.

Feb. 21. An explosion in the Spring Hill Colliery, Nova Scotia, destroyed 120 lives.

Feb. 25. Gen. Da Fonseca was formally elected President of Brazil.

March 2. Insurrectionary troubles broke out in Buenos Ayres.

March 5. General elections for parliament in Canada resulted in a Conservative triumph.

March 11. France consented to arbitration on the Newfoundland fisheries question.

March 14. The United States steamship Galena was wrecked near Gay Head Light-House.

March 14. Citizens of New-Orleans lynched eleven Italians, accused of murdering Chief of Police Hennessey.

March 17. Steamship Eutopia sunk by collision in Gibraltar Bay; 571 Italian passengers were drowned.

March 17. Prince Napoleon Bonaparte, leader of the Bonapartist party in France, died at Rome.

March 17. First conversation by telephone between London and Paris.

March 19. The Keystone National Bank, Philadelphia, closed its doors on account of the defalcation of its president.

March 20. Prince Napoleon was buried at Turin.

March 27. M. Baltcheff, the Bulgarian minister of finance, was assassinated in Sofia.

March 30. Manipur tribes massacred 400 British Goorkhas troops at Assam.

March 31. Baron Fava, the Italian minister at Washington, was recalled by his Government.

March 31. Directors of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad were indicted for violation of the law forbidding car heating by stoves.

May 11. An attempt was made in Japan to assassinate the Russian Czarewitch.

April 4. Edwin Booth played Hamlet in Brooklyn, and bade farewell to the stage.

April 8. The beginning of the second century of patents in the United States was celebrated in Washington.

April 9. Lieutenant Grant and British troops defeated a large force of Manipurs near Assam.

April 13. Mr. Quinton and other British officials were murdered and mutilated at Manipur.

April 19. The White Star steamship Teutonic broke the trans-atlantic record.

April 22. The Czar proclaimed the expulsion of Jews from Moscow.

April 23. Carrie Brown, an outcast, was murdered in Water Street, New-York, in "Jack-the-Ripper" style.

April 24. Count Von Moltke died suddenly.

April 25. Rev. Dr. Talmage's new Tabernacle in Brooklyn was formally opened.

April 27. Ground was broken for the Grant monument, New-York City, with imposing ceremonies.

April 28. The Chinese Government notified the United States of its disapproval of Henry W. Blair as Minister from the United States.

April 28. The defalcation of Ex-President Hill of the Ninth National Bank, New-York, was made public.

April 30. Rev. Phillips Brooks was elected Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Massachusetts.

May 1. Prince Bismarck was elected to the Reichstag.

May 5. The new Carnegie Music Hall in New-York City was opened.

May 5. The New-Orleans Grand Jury refused to indict the lynchers of the Italians.

May 7. The Chilian steamer Itata escaped from the harbor of San Diego, Cal., while in custody of a United States marshal.

May 15. The President arrived in Washington from a visit to the Pacific Coast.

May 17. Princess Louise, Duchess of Fife, gave birth to a daughter.

May 19. Queen Natalie of Servia was expelled from Belgrade.

May 25. The United States Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of the "original package" law.

May 27. The Presbyterian General Assembly at Detroit disapproved of Dr. Briggs's appointment to the chair of Biblical Criticism in the Union Theological Seminary.

June 4. The Chilian insurgent steamer Itata surrendered to American naval vessels.

June 6. Sir John Macdonald, Canadian Premier, died.

June 8. Massacres in Hayti by order of President Hippolyte.

June 9. The British Parliament passed the Behring Sea bill.

June 9. The baccarat trial in England ended with a verdict against Sir William Gordon Cumming.

June 9. City Treasurer Bardsley, of Philadelphia, pleaded guilty of embezzling State and city funds.

June 10. Sir William Gordon Cumming and Miss Garner, of New-York, were married.

June 15. President Harrison issued a proclamation declaring a close sealing season in Behring Sea.

June 16. A new Canadian ministry was formed by Premier Abbott.

June 24. A statue of Henry Ward Beecher was unveiled in Brooklyn.

June 25. Marriage of Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea.

June 26. A commercial treaty between Spain and the United States was made public.

June 29. An inland lake appeared in the Colorado Desert.

June 30. The triple alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy was renewed for six years.

July 2. City Treasurer Bardsley, of Philadelphia, was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment.

July 4-14. Emperor William, of Germany, visited England, and was received with great demonstrations.

July 6. A tornado at Baton Rouge, La., blew down a penitentiary wall and killed several convicts.

July 7. Four murderers were electrocuted at Sing Sing prison, N. Y.

July 13. An attempt was made by a madman to assassinate President Carnot.

July 20. Riotous miners at Briceville, Tenn., refused to allow convicts to work in the mines.

July 23. The Columbian World's Fair commissioners were received in England by Lord Salisbury.

RECORD OF EVENTS IN 1891—*Continued.*

July 25. Ex-President Cleveland had a public reception at Sandwich, Cape Cod.

July 27-30. A French fleet visited Cronstadt, Russia, and was received with enthusiastic demonstrations.

July 29. J. Sloat Fassett was appointed Collector of the Port of New-York.

July 30. Dillon and O'Brien were released from their six months' imprisonment.

August 1. The Reciprocity treaty with Santo Domingo was made public.

August 1. The six hundredth anniversary of Swiss nationality was celebrated.

August 10. International Congress of Hygiene and Demography was opened by Prince of Wales at St. James's Hall.

August 11. Export of every kind of grain from Russia was prohibited.

August 11. Sir Hector Langevin, Canadian Minister of Public Works, resigned because of disclosures of corruption made before a Parliamentary Committee.

August 14. Funeral of James Russell Lowell at Mount Auburn, Mass.

August 18-21. The French fleet visited English waters, and was received with great ovations.

August 19. Martinique was visited by a hurricane and earthquake, which destroyed every vessel in the harbor and 340 lives.

August 19. Centennial of the admission of Vermont into the Union was celebrated at Bennington.

August 20. The "holy coat" was exposed to view in the cathedral at Treves.

August 20. Almy, the murderer of Christie Warden, was caught.

August 22. A building in Park Place, New-York, collapsed, killing 62 people.

August 27. A wreck on the Western North-Carolina Railroad killed and wounded 50 people.

August 28. Balmaceda's army was finally defeated at Vina del Mar, Chile.

August 31. Santiago was taken by insurgent Chilians.

Sept. 3. The German Government removed the prohibition of the importation of American pork.

Sept. 4. The Tennessee Legislature refused to abolish the convict lease system.

Sept 5. The centenary of Meyerbeer was celebrated at Berlin.

Sept. 7. The new Chilian Government was recognized by the United States Government.

Sept. 9. An earthquake in San Salvador destroyed many villages and lives.

Sept. 11. M. B. Curtis, the actor, killed a policeman in San Francisco.

Sept. 14. Funeral of ex-President Grevy, of France, at Paris.

Sept 14. British naval force landed at Mitylene and erected fortifications.

Sept. 16. Floods in Spain drowned 2,000 people.

Sept. 16. "Lohengrin" was successfully performed in Paris for the first time.

Sept. 16. Francis Hendricks was appointed Collector of Customs at New-York.

Sept. 19. Ex-President Balmaceda, of Chile, committed suicide.

Sept. 22. The new lands in Oklahoma were opened to settlers.

Sept. 22. S. V. White & Co., Wall Street operators, failed.

Sept. 30. General Boulanger committed suicide at Brussels.

Oct. 1. The Leland Stanford, Jr., University at Palo Alto, Cal., was opened.

Oct. 2. Demonstrations against French Catholic pilgrims at Rome by the populace.

Oct. 6. W. H. Smith, Conservative leader in the British House of Commons, died.

Oct. 7. The statue of General Grant was unveiled at Chicago.

Oct. 7. Charles Stewart Parnell died at Brighton, England.

Oct. 14. Earthquake shocks at San Francisco.

Oct. 14. Phillips Brooks was consecrated Bishop of Massachusetts.

Oct. 18. Arthur J. Balfour was appointed First Lord of the Treasury.

Oct. 20. Sunol lowered the world's trotting record by half a second.

Oct. 21. The Italian Government permitted the importation of American pork.

Oct. 21. The Henry W. Grady monument at Atlanta was unveiled.

Oct. 22. The widow of Sir John A. Macdonald was created a peeress.

Oct. 26. The United States Government demanded reparation from Chile for the assault on the crew of the war steamer Baltimore.

Oct. 27. The New-York Court of Appeals decided the Tilden will case in favor of the natural heirs.

Oct. 27. Germany, Austria and Italy signed a commercial treaty.

Oct. 28. Earthquakes in Japan destroyed many thousand lives.

Nov. 2. Maverick National Bank, Boston, failed. The officers were arrested next day.

Nov. 2. Riotous miners at Oliver Springs, Tenn., released over 200 convict miners.

Nov. 4. The New-York Presbytery acquitted Rev. Dr. Briggs of heresy.

Nov. 5. President Fonseca proclaimed himself dictator of Brazil, and dismissed the Brazilian Congress.

Nov. 9. The Prince of Wales celebrated his fiftieth birthday.

Nov. 15. Memorial meeting in honor of Parnell in New-York.

Nov. 23. A revolution in Rio De Janeiro caused the resignation of President Fonseca.

Nov. 29. An attempt was made by a lunatic in New-York to assassinate Rev. Dr. John Hall.

Dec. 2. The armored cruiser, New-York, was launched at Philadelphia.

Dec. 4. Norcross, a Boston lunatic, attempted to assassinate Russell Sage, in New-York, by exploding a bomb.

Dec. 7. Loppy, wife murderer, was electrocuted at Sing Sing.

Dec. 11. The Marquis of Dufferin appointed British ambassador at Paris.

Dec. 14. France broke off diplomatic relations with Bulgaria.

Dec. 15. Edward M. Field was arrested for forgery.

Dec. 17. The poet Whittier celebrated his eighty-fourth birthday.

Dec. 18. The Guion steamship Abyssinia was burned at sea.

Dec. 24. A collision on the Hudson River Railroad, at Hastings, destroyed 14 lives.

Wealth and Resources of Alaska.

The value of fur-seal skins shipped from Alaska and sold in the London markets since the territory came into the possession of the United States is given as nearly $33,000,000, and of other furs as $16,000,000. With regard to the fisheries of the territory, the value of the product of the salmon canneries alone from 1884 to 1890 is reported at nearly $7,000,000, and of salmon salted at $500,000. In 1890 over 3,000,000 salmon were taken at Karluk, where the largest cannery in the world is situated, and no fewer than 200,000 cases of salmon were canned at this place last year, 1,100 fishermen and packers being employed therein. The herring fishery at Killisnoo yields annually over 150,000 gallons of oil and nearly 1,000 tons of fertilizing material, and the value of the codfish catch in Alaskan waters since 1868 is stated to be fully $3,000,000. The whale fisheries of the Arctic Ocean in 1890 yielded 226,402 pounds of whalebone, worth from $2.50 to $3.50 per pound; 3,980 pounds of ivory, worth 50 cents per pound, and 14,567 barrels of oil, worth from 30 to 60 cents per gallon. The total value of the precious metals exported from Alaska up to the present time approaches $4,000,000, the annual production of gold dust and bullion being now $700,000.—*United States Census Bulletin* 39.

Death Roll of 1891.

Age at death is given in parenthesis; vocation, place, cause and time of death when known follow.

Abbott, Emma (42), opera singer, Salt Lake City, Jan. 5.
Allen, Henry W. (55), Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, New-York City, apoplexy, Oct. 13.
Arco-Valley, Ludwig von (46), German Minister to the United States, Berlin, Oct. 15.
Axtell, Samuel B. (72), ex-Governor of New-Mexico, Morristown, N. J., Aug. 6.
Balmaceda, Jose Manuel (51), ex-President of Chile, Santiago, Chile, suicide, Sept. 19.
Baldwin, Prince, heir presumptive to the Belgian throne, Brussels, Jan. 21.
Balestier, Wolcott (30), American novelist, Dresden, Germany, typhoid-fever, Dec. 6.
Bancroft, George (80), historian, Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.
Banville, Theodore F. de (68), French author, Paris, March 13.
Barker, Fordyce (73), physician and scientist, New-York City, apoplexy, May 30.
Baring, Thomas C. (60), banker, Rome, Italy, April 2.
Barnum, Phineas T. (81), showman, Bridgeport, Ct., April 7.
Barrett, Lawrence (53), tragedian, New-York City, pneumonia, March 20.
Bates, Levi M. (68), dry-goods merchant, New-York City, drowned, Oct. 11.
Bayly, F. (100), last surviving British officer of the Peninsular War but one, Nov. 21.
Bazalgette, Sir Joseph (72), civil engineer, England, March 15.
Bedford, Duke of—Charles Hastings Russell—(72), England, suicide, Jan. 14.
Berthet, Elie B. (76), French novelist, Feb. 1.
Blavatsky, Madame Helena (60), apostle of Theosophy, London, Eng., May 8.
Bocock, Thomas S. (66), ex-Speaker of the Confederate Congress, Appomattox Co., Va., Aug. 7.
Bonaparte, Prince Lucien (78), Rome, Italy, Nov. 3.
Bonaparte, Prince Napoleon (69), statesman and head of the Bonaparte family, Rome, Italy, March 17.
Bonar, Thomas (71), veteran journalist, Brooklyn, N. Y., May 19.
Botta, Annie C. L. (76), author, New-York City, pneumonia, March 23.
Boulanger, Georges (54), French general and party leader, Brussels, Belgium, suicide, Sept. 30.
Bradlaugh, Charles (58), reformer and author, London, Eng., uræmia, Jan. 30.
Bragg, Walter L. (53), Inter-state Commerce Commissioner, Avon, N. J., Aug. 21.
Brady, John R. (69), Justice of the New-York Supreme Court, New-York City, March 16.
Breckinridge, Samuel M. (63), jurist, Detroit, Mich., apoplexy, May 28.
Browne, Edward H., D.D. (80), ex-Bishop of Winchester, theological writer, England, Dec. 18.
Browne, Thomas M. (62), statesman, Martinsville, Ind., July 17.
Bundy, Jonas M. (56), journalist, Paris, France, Bright's disease, Sept. 8.
Burchard, Samuel D. (79), Presbyterian divine, New-York City, Sept. 25.
Burgess, Edward (43), yacht-builder, Boston, Mass., typhoid-fever, July 12.
Campenon, J. B. M. E. (72), French general and statesman, March 16.
Carpenter, Philip H. (39), scientist, England, Oct. 29.
Carter, Henry A. P. (54), Hawaiian Minister to the United States, New-York City, Nov. 1.
Carter, Samuel P., Rear-Admiral, U. S. N., Washington, D. C., May 26.
Case, Jerome I. (69), horse breeder, Racine, Wis., Dec. 22.
Cellier, Alfred (47), musical composer, London, Eng., Dec. 28.
Chapman, William A. (86), veteran actor, Haddonfield, N. J., March 11.
Charles I., King of Wurtemburg (68), Stuttgart, Germany, Oct. 6.
Christern, Frederick W. (74), bookseller, New-York City, April 24.
Chun, Prince, statesman and father of the Emperor of China, Jan. 1.
Cleveland, Duke of—Harry George Powlett—(88), England, Aug. 21.
Conant, Thomas J., D.D. (89), Biblical scholar, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 30.
Congdon, Charles T. (70), journalist, New-York City, Jan. 18.
Conkling, Frederick A. (75), politician, New-York City, cancer of the stomach, Sept. 18.
Conner, Edmond S. (81), veteran actor, Rutherford, N. J., Dec., 15.
Conway, Lilian (40), actress, New-Castle, England, June 5.
Cooper, George H. (70), Rear-Admiral U. S. N., Brooklyn, N. Y., heart disease, Nov. 17.
Cranch, John (84), portrait painter, Urbana, Ohio, Jan. 6.
Cresswell, John A. J. (63), ex-Postmaster General of the United States, Elkton, Md., Dec. 23.
Crosby, Howard, D.D. (65), divine and philanthropist, New-York City, pneumonia, March 29.
Curci, Carlo Maria (91), Roman Catholic theologian, Rome, June 10.
Darling, Henry, D.D. (68), President of Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y., bronchitis, April 20.
Davenport, Fanny E. V. (62), actress, widow of E. L. Davenport, Canton, Pa., cancer, July 20.
Day, Hannibal (87), ex-Brigadier-General U. S. A., Morristown, N. J., March 26.
De Alarcon, Pedro A. (58), Spanish poet and politician, Spain, July 20.
De Leon, Edmund (63), ex-Consul General in Egypt, New-York City, Dec. 1.
De Pressensé, Edmond D. (67), French theologian, Paris, April 8.
Devens, Charles (71), ex-Attorney-General of the United States, Boston, Mass., heart failure, Jan. 7.
Devonshire, Duke of—William Cavendish—(83), Milnethorpe, Eng., Dec. 21.
Dixon, John (56), English civil engineer, Jan. 25.
Dodworth, Harvey B. (69), band-master, Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 24.
Dolgoroukoff, Prince (81), Governor of Moscow, Paris, France, Bright's disease, July 1.
Douglas, Sir William Fettes (69), portrait painter, ex-President of the Royal Academy of Scotland.
Du Boisgobey, Fortune, novelist, France, Feb. 26.
Edwards, Henry (67), comedian, New-York City, pneumonia, June 9.
Emmett, Joseph K. (50), comedian, Cornwall, N. Y., pneumonia, June 15.
Errett, Russell (73), Republican politician, Pittsburgh, Pa., April 7.
Fisher, Charles (75), comedian, New-York City, erysipelas, June 11.
Florence, William J. (60), comedian, Philadelphia, Pa., pneumonia, Nov. 19.
Fothergill, Jessie (40), novelist, England, Aug. 6.
Fowle, Daniel G. (61), Governor of North-Carolina, Raleigh, N. C., April 7.
Frayne, Frank I. (52), actor, Chicago, Ill., March 16.
Furman, James C., D.D. (82), President of Furman University, Greenville, S. C., March 3.
Gilmour, Richard, D.D. (67), Roman Catholic Bishop of Cleveland, O., St. Augustine, Fla., April 13.
Goodwin, Harvey, D.D. (73), Bishop of Carlisle, England, Nov. 26.
Gordon, Marie, actress, London, Eng., Aug. 4.
Granville, Earl of—George Leveson-Gower—(76), statesman, England, March 31.
Grevy, Jules (79), ex-President of the French Republic, Vaudrey, France, Sept. 9.
Griswold, A. Minor, managing editor *Texas Siftings*, Sheboygan Falls, Wis., March 13.
Hamilton, Charles S. (69), ex-Major-General U. S. A., Milwaukee, Wis., April 17.
Hamlin, Hannibal (82), ex-Vice-President of the United States, Bangor, Me., July 4.
Hand, Daniel (90), philanthropist, Gilford, Ct., Dec. 17.
Hanlon, William (31), trapeze performer, Lyons, Ia., accident, July 13.
Harrison, Thomas (78), ex-Confederate General, Waco, Tex., July 12.
Hart, Anthony C.—"Tony Hart"—(36), actor, Worcester Lunatic Asylum, Mass., Nov. 4.

DEATH ROLL OF 1891—*Continued.*

Haussmann, Baron Georges E. (82), administrator, Paris, apoplexy, Jan. 11.
Havemeyer, Frederick C. (84), sugar refiner, Throgg's Neck, N. Y., the grippe, July 28.
Hawkshaw, Sir John (80), engineer, England, June 2.
Hearst, George (71), United States Senator from California, Washington, D. C., Feb. 28.
Hennessey, Sir John Pope (57), Irish statesman, Queenstown, Ireland, Oct. 7.
Henry, Archduke of Austria (63), Field Marshal in the Austrian army, Vienna, pneumonia, Nov. 23.
Herndon, William H., law partner and biographer of Lincoln, March 10.
Hewett, William, Lieutenant-Colonel (96), last surviving British officer at the battle of Waterloo, Oct. 26.
Hilgard, Julius E. (66), scientist, Washington, D. C., May 8.
Hill, Joshua (79), ex-United States Senator from Georgia, Madison, Ga., March 7.
Hill, Thomas (73), ex-President of Harvard College, Waltham, Mass., Nov. 21.
Hopkins, John Henry (71), divine and author, Hudson, N. Y., Aug. 13.
Houk, Leonidas C. (55), Representative in Congress from Tennessee, Knoxville, Tenn., accidental poisoning, May 25.
Hovey, Alvin P. (70), Governor of Indiana, Indianapolis, Ind., heart failure, Nov. 23.
Hutchins, Waldo (68), lawyer, New-York City, pneumonia, Feb. 8.
Inglis, John (81), Lord Chief Justice of Scotland, Aug. 20.
Ingraham, Duncan N. (88), ex-Commodore, U. S. N., Charleston, S. C., Oct. 16.
James, Frances (91), widow of G. P. R. James, the novelist, Eau Claire, Wis., June 8.
Johnston, Joseph E. (84), ex-Confederate General, Washington, D. C., pneumonia, March 21.
Jones, George (80), proprietor of the *New-York Times*, Poland Springs, Me., Aug. 12.
Jerome, Leonard (67), social celebrity, Brighton, England, March 3.
Kalakaua, King of the Hawaiian Islands (55), San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 19.
Kemble, William H. (63), financier, Marylawn, Pa., heart disease, Sept. 26.
Kinglake, Alexander W. (80), historian of the Crimean War, England, Jan. 2.
Knapp, Joseph F. (59), President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of New-York, at sea, Sept. 14.
Latrobe, John H. B. (88), philanthropist, Baltimore, Md., Sept. 11.
LeConte, Joseph (73), scientist, Berkeley, Cal., April 30.
Lee, William H. F. (54), ex-Confederate Major-General, Ravensworth, Va., dropsy, Oct. 15.
Leuchtenberg, Nicholas, Duke of (48), Paris, France, Jan. 6.
Lisle, Rose, actress, New-York City, July 22.
Long, Armistead L., ex-Confederate General, Lee's Chief of Staff, April 29.
Lytton, Earl of—Edward Robert Bulwer-Lytton—(60), statesman, diplomatist and poet, Paris, inflammation of the bladder, Nov. 24.
Loring, George B. (74), ex-Commissioner of Agriculture, Salem, Mass., Sept. 14.
Lossing, Benson J. (78), historian, Chestnut Ridge, N. Y., heart disease, June 3.
Loughlin, John (76), Roman Catholic Bishop of Brooklyn, Brooklyn, N. Y., gastritis, Dec. 29.
Lowell, James Russell (72), poet and statesman, Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 12.
Lowell, James Traill Spence, D.D., author and divine, brother of James Russell Lowell, Schenectady, N. Y., Sept. 12.
Ludington, Harrison (78), ex-Governor of Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Wis., June 17.
Lyon, Louis (61), President of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, N. Y., New-York City, heart failure, Oct. 29.
Macdonald, Sir John A. (76), Canadian statesman, Ottawa, Ont., June 6.
Mackenzie, George H. (49), chess player, New-York City, pneumonia, April 14.
Mackey, John, actor, Cincinnati, O., pneumonia, March 22.
Maeder, Frederick G. (51), actor and playwright, New-York City, pneumonia, April 8.
Magee, William Connor, Archbishop of York, England, May 5.
Man, Albon P. (80), lawyer, New-York City, the grippe, March 31.
Marks, Albert S. (55), ex-Governor of Tennessee, Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 4.
Maynard, Edward (78), inventor, Washington, D. C., May 4.
McCawley, Charles G., Colonel commanding U. S. Marine Corps, Rosemont, Pa., pleurisy, Oct. 13.
McCurdy, Charles J. (94), jurist, Senior Yale Alumnus, June 8.
McEntee, Jarvis (63), landscape painter, Rondout, N. Y., Jan. 27.
McHenry, James (74), railroad magnate, London, England, May 26.
McDonald, Joseph E. (72), statesman, Indianapolis, Ind., cancer of the stomach, June 21.
McEnery, John (58), ex-Governor of Louisiana, New-Orleans, La., March 27.
Meissonier, Jean L. E. (76), painter, Paris, Jan. 31.
Melville, Herman, author, New-York City, heart failure, Sept. 28.
Mines, John F., journalist, New-York City, Nov. 5.
Moen, Philip L. (67), manufacturer, Worcester, Mass., April 23.
Montaland, Celine (48), actress, Paris, France, Jan. 8.
Morehouse, Albert P. (56), ex-Governor of Missouri, Marysville, Mo., suicide, Sept. 23.
Morton, John Maddison (82), playwright, author of "Box and Cox," London, England, Dec. 21.
Muller, William T. L. (50), Democratic politician, New York City, Jan. 5.
Nelson, Homer A. (62), lawyer and politician, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 24.
Nicholas, Grand Duke (60), Field-Marshal Russian Army, St. Petersburg, April 24.
O'Gorman-Mahon, James P. (88), Irish leader, Carlow, Ireland, June 16.
Paddock, Benjamin H., D.D. (63), Bishop of Massachusetts, Boston, Mass., March 9.
Palmer, Albert G., D.D. (78), divine and author, Palmer, Mass., June 30.
Parnell, Charles Stewart (45), Irish Parliamentary leader, Brighton, England, rheumatic fever, Oct. 6.
Parton, James (68), author and journalist, Newburyport, Mass., Oct. 17.
Pattison, Thomas (60), Rear-Admiral U. S. N., New-Brighton, Staten Island, heart failure, Dec. 19.
Paul, Grand Duchess of Russia (21), Moscow, Sept. 24.
Paulsen, Louis (58), chess player, London, England, Aug. 19.
Pedro II., ex-Emperor of Brazil (66), Paris, France, Dec. 5.
Peruzzi, Ubaldino (70), Italian statesman, Italy, Sept. 9.
Pettengill, Samuel M. (68), pioneer advertising agent, Brooklyn, N. Y., pneumonia, April 20.
Picton, Thomas (69), veteran journalist, New-York City, Feb. 21.
Pike, Albert (82), soldier, journalist and prominent Mason, Washington, D. C., April 2.
Plankinton, John, capitalist, Milwaukee, Wis., pneumonia, March 29.
Plumb, Preston B. (54), United States Senator from Kansas, Washington, D. C., apoplexy, Dec. 20.
Plumptre, Edward H., D.D. (70), theological writer and poet, England, Feb. 1.
Polk, Sarah Childress (88), widow of ex-President Polk, Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 14.
Pomeroy, Samuel C. (76), ex-United States Senator from Kansas, Whitinsville, Mass., Bright's disease, Aug. 27.
Pommeraye, Henri de la (52), literary and dramatic critic, France, Dec. 25.
Porter, David D. (79), Admiral U. S. N., Washington, D. C., dropsy, Feb. 13.

DEATH ROLL OF 1891—*Continued.*

Pouyer-Quertier, A. T. (69), French statesman, Paris, April 2.

Pratt, Charles (61), millionaire philanthropist, New-York City, heart disease, May 4.

Piatt, Donn (62), journalist, Mac-o-check, Ohio, Nov. 12.

Prime, Edward D. G. (77), author and divine, New-York City.

Preston, Thomas Scott, D.D. (67), Roman Catholic prelate, New-York City, Nov. 3.

Raikes, Henry Cecil (53), postmaster-general of Great Britain, England, Aug. 24.

Ranney, Rufus P. (78), lawyer and statesman, Cleveland, O., Dec. 6.

Redpath, James, journalist and labor agitator, New-York City, Feb. 9.

Ribot, Augustin T. (68), painter, France, Sept. 12.

Ritter, Frederick L. (57), musical composer, Antwerp, July 6.

Rives, Francis R. (70), lawyer, Cornwall, N. Y., July 16.

Robinson, Lucius (81), ex-Governor of New-York, Elmira, N. Y., pneumonia, March 23.

Robinson, Moncure (90), civil engineer, Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 10.

Rogers, Katherine (45), actress, New-York City, Dec. 21.

Sawyer, Lorenzo, United States District Judge, San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 7.

Scott, William L. (63), capitalist and statesman, Newport, R. I., gastro-intestinal catarrh, Sept. 19.

Schultz, Jackson S. (76), merchant, New-York City, March 1.

Searles, Mary Frances (formerly Mrs. Mark Hopkins), millionaire, Methuen, Mass., July 25.

Seymour, Truman (67), Major-General U. S. A., Florence, Italy, Oct. 31.

Sherman, William T. (70), General U. S. A., New-York City, pneumonia, Feb. 14.

Sibley, Henry H. (80), ex-Major-General U. S. A. and statesman, St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 18.

Sigismund, Archduke of Austria (65), Vienna, the grippe, Dec. 15.

Simor, Jonas (78), cardinal, Gran, Hungary, June 23.

Smith, J. Gregory (73), railroad magnate, St. Albans, Vt., heart failure, Nov. 6.

Smith, William Henry (66), First Lord of the Treasury and Conservative leader in the House of Commons, Walmer Castle, Oct. 6.

Somerset, Duke of—Archibald H. A. St. Maur—(81), England, Jan. 12.

Spear, Samuel T., D.D. (79), Presbyterian divine, Brooklyn, N. Y., heart disease, April 1.

Spinola, Francis B. (70), New-York, politician, Washington, D. C., April 14.

Steell, Sir John (78), sculptor, London, England, Sept. 15.

Stewart, Orlando L. (62), criminal lawyer, Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 19.

Stuart, Alexander H. H. (84), statesman, ex-Secretary of the Interior, Staunton, Va., Feb. 13.

Sullivan, Barry (67), tragedian, England, May 3.

Sutton, Sir Richard F. (38), English yachtsman, England, Feb. 25.

Swift, John F. (50), United States Minister to Japan, Tokio, March 10.

Taft, Alphonso, ex-Attorney-General of the United States, May 20.

Taglioni, Marie (58), dancer, Taschan, Austria, Aug. 28.

Tamasese, ex-king of Samoa, Bright's disease, in April.

Taylenre, Clifton W. (60), journalist and playwright, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 14.

Taylor, Alfred (81), Rear-Admiral U. S. N., Washington, D. C., pneumonia, April 19.

Thompson, John (88), banker, New-York City, N. Y., Bright's disease, April 19.

Thurman, Mary D. (80), wife of ex-Senator Thurman, Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 17.

Tilford, John M. (76), of Park & Tilford, grocers, New-York City, heart disease, Jan. 7.

Tourjee, Eben (57), musical composer, New-York City, April 12.

Van Dyke, Henry J. (69), Presbyterian divine, Brooklyn, N. Y., heart failure, May 27.

Vibbard, Chauncey (79), railroad magnate, Macon, Ga., June 5.

Vitu, Auguste (68), French author and journalist, Paris, Aug. 18.

Von Fabrice, George F. A. (73), statesman and soldier, Dresden, Saxony, March 25.

Von Moltke, Carl B. H. (91), military strategist, Field-Marshal German army, April 24.

Wadleigh, Bainbridge (60), ex-United States Senator from New-Hampshire, Boston, Mass., Jan. 24.

Waterman, Robert W. (65), ex-Governor of California, San Diego, Cal., pneumonia, April 12.

Watterson, Hervey M. (80), journalist, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 1.

Weber, William Edward (86), electro-scientist, Göttingen, June 24.

Webster, Charles L., publisher, Fredonia, N. Y., April 26.

Weiss, Jean-Jacques (64), author and statesman, Paris, France, May 20.

Wells, Daniel H., Mormon leader, Salt Lake City, March 24.

White, Sir William Arthur (67), British diplomatist, ambassador to Turkey, Berlin, the grippe, Dec. 28.

Whitthorne, Washington C. (66), statesman, Columbia, Tenn., Sept. 21.

Wilhelmina, Grand Duchess of Mecklenberg-Schwerin (88), Schwerin, pneumonia, Jan. 22.

Wilson, Ephraim K. (70), United States Senator from Maryland, Washington, D. C., Feb. 24.

Wills, William G. (63), dramatist, England, Dec. 14.

Winchell, Alexander (67), geologist, Ann Arbor, Mich., Feb. 19.

Windom, William (64), Secretary of the Treasury, New-York City, apoplexy, Jan. 29.

Windthorst, Ludwig (79), German Parliamentary leader, Berlin, March 14.

Wolff, Albert (56), dramatic critic, Paris, France, Dec. 22.

The New-York State Flower.

On Arbor Day, 1890, the children of the public schools of the State of New-York voted on the adoption of a State flower, under the auspices of the State Department of Public Instruction. According to the report of Superintendent Draper to The World Almanac, 318,079 votes were cast, with the following results:

Golden-rod	81,308	Pansy	21,202	Trailing Arbutus	7,888
Rose	79,666	Lily	16,438	Buttercup	6,127
Daisy	33,603	Lily of the Valley	11,626	Scattering	29,045
Violet	31,176				

The scattering votes were distributed through 121 different varieties. The cities voted largely for golden-rod. The country districts stood by the rose, but many failed to keep a record of the vote.

No flower having had a majority, by direction of the State Superintendent, another vote was taken in the public schools on Arbor Day, 1891, the balloting being confined to the two highest flowers on the previous year's list. The vote returned was 501,208 (over two hundred thousand more than in the previous year), of which the rose obtained 294,816 and the golden-rod 206,402, giving the rose a clear majority, as the State flower, of 88,414. On this occasion the country schools gave, as before, an enormous majority for the rose, while the city schools (outside of New-York and Brooklyn) gave a slight majority for the same flower. The argument for the golden-rod was that it is distinctively an American flower, and against it, that it is merely a weed, not a flower.

The World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago.

THE World's Columbian Exposition is created by an act of Congress approved April 25, 1890, entitled "An act to provide for celebrating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus, by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures and the product of the soil, mine and sea in the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois."

The act provided for the appointment of commissioners, who should organize the Exposition, and when these preliminaries were completed, the President was required to make a public proclamation of the fact and officially invite "all the nations of the earth" to participate in the Exposition. This proclamation was issued December 24, 1890.

The ceremonies established by the act are in two parts: those to be observed this year in the dedication of the buildings of the great Exposition, and those next year, attendant upon the formal opening of the Exposition to visitors.

THE DEDICATORY CEREMONIES THIS YEAR.

October 12, 1892, the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus, the President of the United States, with the Governors of the various States, and other prominent military and civil dignitaries, will officially participate in imposing ceremonies at Chicago, dedicating the grounds and buildings of the Exposition. The ceremonies, so far as they have been decided upon, are to embrace a four days' celebration.

A military encampment will be held during these four days, at which will be present about 10,000 of the National Guard and such of the regular army as may be detailed for the duty, the troops to be under command of Major-General Nelson A. Miles, U.S.A., assigned to the duty by the Secretary of War. A grand parade and review will take place Tuesday, October 11, and on October 14 an illustration will be given of attack and defence of a position by all arms of the service. Pyrotechnic displays will be elaborate.

Wednesday, the 12th, will be ushered in by a salute of forty-eight battery volleys. At 10 o'clock the troops will receive the President at the main building of the Exposition, which he will enter, attended by such officials of the Government and members of the diplomatic corps as may be present. The representatives of the thirteen original States will be received with appropriate ceremonies, and of the remaining States in the order of their admission.

There will follow musical exercises by a grand chorus and orchestra, which will present "America," the "Hallelujah Chorus," the "Commemoration Ode," Schiller's cantata, "Sons of Art," and other musical features; an address and report by the Director-General, the presentation of the buildings by the President of the World's Columbian Exposition to the President of the National Commission, and by the latter to the President of the United States; an address by the President of the United States, and a dedication oration, the whole to close with a salute from the assembled batteries of forty-eight volleys. During the evening a reception will be held by the President in honor of distinguished guests.

On Thursday, October 13, there will be a grand civic and industrial display, moving through the principal streets of Chicago to Jackson Park. In this display, illustrations of the leading events in the life of Columbus and in the history of our country since its discovery will be given. A grand dedication ball will be given Thursday night.

Immediately upon the conclusion of these dedication ceremonies the work of installing the exhibits will begin.

THE LOCATION OF THE GREAT FAIR.

So far as visitors to the Fair are concerned, the location of the grounds upon which the main buildings stand is a favorable one. Jackson Park and Midway Plaisance, the Exposition site, are in the southeastern part of the city of Chicago. The two together embrace 666 acres, attractively situated on the shore of Lake Michigan, the park front being a mile and a half long, from northwest to southeast.

The work of preparing the site for the uses of the Exposition has been going actively forward for several months. Although the natural features of the park were such as to render it to some extent available for exposition purposes, much additional labor was required to make it complete. Some idea may be gained as to what is being done by a consideration of the following expenditures, taken from a recent report of the Committee on Grounds and Buildings: Cost of grading and filling, $450,400; landscape gardening, $323,490; viaducts and bridges, $125,000; piers, $70,000; waterway improvements, $225,000; railways (in the grounds), $500,000; steam plant, $800,000; electricity, $1,500,000; statuary on buildings, $100,000; vases, lamps and posts, $50,000; water supply, sewerage, etc., $600,000.

Jackson Park is a part of Chicago's general park system, embracing fifteen or more parks, aggregating over 2,000 acres, and connected by a chain of boulevards 45 miles long.

ESTIMATED COST.

Aside from the expenditures for the beautifying of the Fair site, just mentioned, there are other items of expense, such as for organization and administration, operating, awards, etc., which aggregate, exclusive of the cost of the buildings, $11,230,453. Adding to this sum the total cost of the World's Fair structures as estimated, $7,295,000, and the estimated grand total sum to be expended by the Exposition Company stands at $18,525,453.

In view of this showing, a statement of the resources of the Exposition may properly be set forth. They are reported as follows: Stock subscriptions, $5,628,000; city of Chicago bonds, $5,000,000; prospective gate receipts, $10,000,000; concessions and privileges, $1,500,000; salvage, $1,000,000; interest on deposits, $27,035: total, $23,155,035.

To these figures should be added future interest on deposits and future subscriptions. The latter are coming in in large amounts, many hundreds of thousands of dollars having been subscribed during the month of December, 1891, alone. The loss by death or impoverishment in the stock subscriptions, which number over 30,000, has been much less than was anticipated. About sixty per cent. of these subscriptions has been called in, and some of the subscribers have paid in full already.

The amounts stated for gate receipts, concessions and privileges, etc., are necessarily prospective, but it is believed that the figures are moderate estimates.

As resources, however, they will not be at once available, and in order to meet the current needs, it is expected that Congress will be asked for $5,000,000 to carry the work forward. This will not be asked as a loan, but as an appropriation, although it is probable that the Government will be credited with an equivalent of stock, and will be treated like any other stockholder in the final distribution of profits, if there should be any.

THE EXPOSITION BUILDINGS.

The World's Fair buildings are now, January 1, 1892, fairly under way, with a few exceptions. Some of them are well advanced, the Woman's building being under roof, while others have nearly reached that condition. The principal building in point of area and importance is that of Manufactures and Liberal Arts, a mammoth structure, measuring 1,687 by 787 feet and covering nearly thirty-one acres, the largest exposition structure ever

built. Galleries, fifty feet wide, extend about the four sides of the building, approached by thirty broad staircases. The main roof is of iron and glass, spanning an area 385 by 1,400 feet, and has its ridge 150 feet from the ground. The portion assigned to the liberal arts is severely classical in style but elaborately ornamented. The seals of the various States, in relief, and of gigantic proportions, are ornaments of this building. The exterior is covered with "staff," treated to represent marble.

There are four great entrances, one in the centre of each façade. These are designed in the manner of triumphal arches, the central archway of each being forty feet wide and eighty feet high. Surmounting these portals is the great attic story, ornamented with sculptured eagles eighteen feet high, and on each side above the side arches are great panels with inscriptions, and the spandrels are filled with sculptured figures in bas-relief. At each corner of the main building are pavilions forming great arched entrances, which are designed in harmony with the great portals. The interiors of these pavilions are richly decorated with sculpture and rural paintings. The long façades of the great hall surrounding the building are composed of a series of arches filled with immense glass windows. The lower portion of these arches up to the level of the gallery floor, and twenty-five feet in depth, is open to the outside, thus making a covered loggia, which forms an open promenade for the public, and will provide a very interesting feature, particularly on the east side, where it faces the lake. It is intended to locate here a number of cafés, where the great crowds can loiter at their ease and enjoy the breezes and cool shadows of the afternoon. The building will cost $1,100,000.

HALL OF MINES AND MINING.

The Hall of Mines and Mining is 350 by 700 feet. Its architecture is the early Italian Renaissance, the exterior presenting a massive though graceful appearance. The principal fronts display enormous arched entrances, richly embellished with sculptural decorations, emblematic of mining and its allied industries. Marbles of different hues are used as facings, being also a part of the mining exhibit. The main fronts are 65 feet high and the main entrances 90 feet high. The roof is of steel cantilever trusses supported by steel columns 65 feet apart longitudinally and 115 feet and 57 feet 6 inches wide transversely, leaving clear space in the centre of the building 630 feet long and 115 feet wide, and on each side a space of 57 feet 6 inches by 630 feet, leaving the central space encumbered by only sixteen supporting posts.

It is said that the cantilever system as applied to roofs was never before used on so large a scale. The cost of this building is $260,000, and it will cover an area of 5.6 acres.

THE HORTICULTURAL BUILDING.

Immediately south of the entrance to Jackson Park from Midway Plaisance will stand the Horticultural Building. It is 1,000 feet long, with an extreme width of 250 feet. The plan is a central pavilion, with two end pavilions connected with the central one by front and rear curtains, forming two interior courts, each 88 by 270 feet. The center is roofed by a crystal dome 187 feet in diameter and 113 feet high, under which may be exhibited the tallest palms, bamboos, and tree ferns to be procured.

In this building will be exhibited all the varieties of flowers, plants, vines, seeds, horticultural implements, etc. Those exhibits requiring sunshine and light are shown in the rear curtains, where the roof is entirely of glass and not too far removed from the plants. The front curtains and space under the galleries are designed for exhibits that require only the ordinary amount of light. Provision is made to heat such parts as require it. The cost of the building is $300,000.

THE ELECTRICAL BUILDING.

The general scheme of the electrical building is based upon a nave 115 feet wide and 114 feet high, crossed in the middle by a transept of similar dimensions. The building is an attractive one, with many towers and spires and masts for display of banners and electric lights at night. In the design of this building it was proposed by the architects to so devise the details and general outlines that they might be capable of providing an electrical illumination by night on a scale hitherto unknown, the flag-staffs, open porticos and towers being especially arranged with this in view. The building will cost $375,000.

THE WOMAN'S BUILDING.

Standing in the northwestern part of the park, facing the great lagoon, is the superb Woman's Building, designed by a woman, Miss Hayden, of Boston. The structure is 200 by 400 feet, and is to cost $120,000. Italian Renaissance is the style selected.

The main grouping consists of a centre pavilion, flanked at each end with corner pavilions, connected in the first story by open arcades in the curtains, forming a shady promenade the whole length of the structure. The first story is raised about ten feet from the ground line, and a wide staircase leads to the centre pavilion. This pavilion, forming the main triple-arched entrance, with an open colonnade in the second story, is finished with a low and beautifully proportioned pediment, enriched with a highly elaborate bas-relief. The corner pavilions, being, like the rest of the building, two stories high, with a total elevation of sixty feet, have each an open colonnade added above the main cornice. Here are located the Hanging Gardens, and also the committee-rooms of the Board of Lady Managers.

THE TRANSPORTATION EXHIBIT.

The main building of the transportation exhibit measures 960 feet by 250 feet deep. From this extends westward, to Stony Island Avenue, an enormous annex, one story high, covering about nine acres, where are to be found the more bulky exhibits. The display will include everything of a transportation character, from a baby carriage to the latest locomotive, from a cash conveyor to a balloon. The building, exclusive of the annex, will cover 5.5 acres, and cost $300,000.

THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

It is generally believed that the Administration building will be the architectural gem of the group. Externally, the design may be divided in its height into three principal stages. The first stage consists of the four pavilions, corresponding in height with the various buildings grouped about it, which are about 65 feet high. The second stage, which is of the same height, is a continuation of the central rotunda, 175 feet square, surrounded on all sides by an open colonnade of noble proportions, 20 feet wide and 40 feet high, with columns four feet in diameter. This colonnade is reached by staircases and elevators from the four principal halls, and is interrupted at the angles by corner pavilions, crowned with domes and groups of statuary. The third stage consists of the base of the great dome, 30 feet in height, and octagonal in form, and the dome itself. This great dome is gilded, and forms a fitting crown to the first and second stages of the magnificent edifice. The interior features are highly decorative. The cost is $450,000.

THE FISHERIES BUILDING.

The Fisheries building has an extreme length of 1,100 feet and a width of 200 feet, and will cost $200,000. The exhibit of live fish will be particularly fine, series of huge aquaria being provided for that purpose. The total water capacity of the aquaria, exclusive of reservoirs, is 18,725 cubic feet, or 140,000 gallons. This weighs 1,192,425 pounds, or almost 600 tons. Of this amount, about 40,000 gallons is devoted to the Marine exhibit. In the entire salt-water circulation, including reservoirs, there are about 80,000 gallons. The pumping and distributing plant for the marine aquaria is constructed of vulcanite. The pumps are in duplicate, and each has a capacity of 3,000 gallons per hour. The supply of sea water is secured by evaporating the necessary quantity at the Woods Holl

station of the United States Fish Commission to about one fifth its bulk, thus reducing both quantity and weight for transportation about 80 per cent. The fresh water required to restore it to its proper density will be supplied from Lake Michigan.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

One of the finest structures is the Agricultural building, 500 by 800 feet, one story in height, its longest dimensions being east and west. The building is put up very near the shore of Lake Michigan. Its north line is almost on a line with the pier. For a single story building the design is bold and heroic. The general cornice line is 65 feet above grade. On either side of the main entrance are mammoth Corinthian pillars 50 feet high and 5 feet in diameter. On each corner, and from the centre of the building, pavilions are reared, the centre one being 144 feet. The corner pavilions are connected by curtains forming a continuous arcade around the top of the building. The main entrance leads through an opening 64 feet wide into a vestibule, from which entrance is to be had to the rotunda 100 feet in diameter. This is surmounted by a mammoth glass dome 130 feet high. The corner pavilions are surmounted by domes 96 feet high, and above these tower groups of statuary. The design for these domes is that of three women of herculean proportions, supporting a mammoth globe.

LIVE-STOCK, DAIRY AND FORESTRY BUILDINGS.

To the southward of the Agricultural building is a spacious structure devoted chiefly to a live-stock and agricultural assembly hall. This building is conveniently near one of the stations of the elevated railway. It is a very handsome building, and was designed to be the common meeting point for all persons interested in live-stock and agricultural pursuits. Close by the Agricultural building and its annex are buildings for the forestry and dairy exhibits. These measure, respectively, 200 by 500 and 95 by 200 feet. In the Forestry building the visitor may see a very extensive exhibit illustrating forestry resources and products. In the Dairy building he may be a pupil of a dairy school, scientifically conducted, and may watch the tests which will determine the respective merits of different breeds of cattle as milk-producers.

The Agricultural building covers more than nine acres, and its annex about 3.5 acres. The Forestry and Dairy buildings together cover about three acres. The Live-Stock buildings, which will, of course, be of inexpensive construction, cover about thirty acres. All of these structures together cost about $1,000,000, and afford most extensive and gratifying provision for showing and subserving the agricultural and allied interests.

MACHINERY HALL.

Machinery Hall measures 850 by 500 feet, and with the annex and power-house will cost about $1,200,000. The Machinery annex adjoins Machinery Hall on the west, and is an annex in fact, and not a detached structure, as at first planned, with entrance by subways under the railway tracks. The annex covers between four and five acres, and increases the length of the Machinery building to about 1,400 feet, thus rendering it the second largest of all the Exposition structures, the great Manufactures building alone exceeding it in size.

THE ART PALACE.

The Art Palace is an oblong structure 500 by 320 feet, surmounted by a great dome 60 feet in diameter, the top being 125 feet above grade. It will cost between $500,000 and $600,000. The construction, though of a temporary character, is fire-proof.

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

The United States Government building covers an area of 350 by 420 feet, and is to cost $400,000. Its leading architectural feature is a central octagonal dome 120 feet in diameter and 150 feet high.

The south half of the Government building is devoted to the exhibits of the Post-Office Department, Treasury Department, War Department and Department of Agriculture. The north half is devoted to the exhibits of the Fisheries Commission, Smithsonian Institute and Interior Department. The State Department exhibit extends from the rotunda to the east end, and that of the Department of Justice from the rotunda to the west end of the building. The allotment of space for the several department exhibits is: War Department, 23,000 square feet; Treasury, 10,500 square feet; Agriculture, 23,250 square feet; Interior, 24,000 square feet; Post-Office, 9,000 square feet; Fishery, 20,000 square feet, and Smithsonian Institute, balance of space.

The Treasury Department exhibit will be in charge of Assistant Secretary Nettleton. He matured the plans whereby the Mint, the Coast and the Geodetic Survey, the Supervising Architect of the Treasury, the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, the Bureau of Statistics, the Life-Saving Board, the Lighthouse Board and the Marine Hospital all have made exhibits.

Perhaps the most interesting exhibit of the whole Treasury Department will be that by the Coast Survey. It includes a huge map of the United States, about 400 feet square, or about the size of a block of city property. This is accurately constructed of plaster of paris, and is placed horizontally on the Exposition grounds with a huge covering erected over it, with galleries and pathways on the inside to allow the visitors to "walk over the whole United States" without touching it. This model is built on a scale showing the exact height of mountains, the depth of the rivers and the curvature of the earth.

THE NAVAL EXHIBIT.

One of the most unique exhibits will be that of the Navy Department, a feature of which will be a full-sized model of one of the new coast-line battle ships, built by the Cramps at Philadelphia. This imitation battleship of 1893 is erected on piling on the Lake front in the northeast portion of Jackson Park. It is surrounded by water, and has the appearance of being moored to a wharf. The structure will have all the fittings that belong to the actual ship, such as guns, turrets, torpedo tubes, torpedo nets and booms, with boats, anchors, chain cables, davits, awnings, deck fittings, etc., etc., together with all appliances for working the same. Officers, seamen, mechanics and marines are detailed by the Navy Department during the Exposition, and the discipline and mode of life on our naval vessels are completely shown. The detail of men will not be, however, as great as the complement of the actual ship. The crew will give certain drills, especially boat, torpedo and gun drills, as in a vessel of war.

The dimensions of the structure are those of the actual battleship, to wit: length, 348 feet; width, amidships, 69 feet 3 inches, and from the water-line to the top of the main deck, 12 feet. Centrally placed on this deck is a superstructure 8 feet high, with a hammock berthing on the same 7 feet high, and above these are the bridge, chart-house and the boats.

Insurance is placed and increased on the buildings as construction progresses. It is intended to carry insurance on buildings and exhibits aggregating $300,000,000.

STATE BUILDINGS.

In addition to the buildings above described, most of the individual States will have buildings of their own

upon ground allotted for the purpose. The following States and Territories have already made appropriations toward expenses at the fair in the amounts named:

Arizona	$30,000	Maine	$40,000	New-Jersey	$20,000	Vermont	$20,000
California	300,000	Massachusetts	75,000	New-Mexico	25,000	Washington	100,000
Colorado	100,000	Michigan	100,000	North-Carolina	25,000	West-Virginia	40,000
Delaware	10,000	Minnesota	50,000	North-Dakota	25,000	Wisconsin	65,000
Idaho	20,000	Missouri	150,000	Ohio	100,000	Wyoming	30,000
Illinois	800,000	Montana	50,000	Pennsylvania	300,000		
Indiana	75,000	Nebraska	50,000	Rhode-Island	25,000	Total	$2,700,000
Iowa	50,000	New-Hampshire	25,000				

In several States the legislatures are to meet in 1892 for the first time since the Exposition assumed definite form. Appropriations are expected to be made by all of these. In States whose legislatures failed to make appropriations in 1891, the following sums are being raised by individual effort: Alabama, $100,000; Arkansas, $100,000; Florida, $100,000; Georgia, $100,000; Kansas, $100,000; Oregon, $100,000; South-Dakota, $80,000; Tennessee, $50,000; Texas, $300,000. Total, 1,030,000.

APPROPRIATIONS BY FOREIGN NATIONS.

A number of foreign nations will erect buildings, but a detailed statement would be premature. The following have signified their acceptance of the President's invitation to participate in the Exposition, and have made appropriations therefor, as follows:

Algeria	.....	Ceylon	$40,000	Dutch W. Indies	$10,000	Honduras	$20,000
Argentine Repub.	$100,000	Chile	100,000	Ecuador	125,000	Japan	500,000
Austria	147,000	Colombia	100,000	France	400,000	Mexico	750,000
Bolivia	150,000	Costa Rica	100,000	French Guiana		Nicaragua	50,000
Brazil	550,000	Cuba	25,000	Germany	250,000	Peru	100,000
British Guiana	20,000	Denmark		Great Britain	125,000	Salvador	30,000
British Honduras	7,000	Danish W. Indies	10,000	Guatemala	120,000	Trinidad	..
Cape Colony		Dutch Guiana	6,000	Hayti			

The British exhibit will probably be housed in a building which will be a representation of Shakespeare's house at Stratford-on-Avon. An East Indian village is also probable, though the plan is not yet perfected. Germany will present a German village, and will have, among other features, a statue of Washington made by Zimmering, of Berlin.

CONCESSIONS GRANTED.

But aside from these national enterprises, concessions are constantly sought by individuals and corporations, and are being constantly granted. There will be unlimited provision in the way of restaurants and comfort spots within the grounds, as well as a great variety of vehicles for passing from one part of the grounds to the others. Gondolas, launches and water vehicles of other sorts will be provided, while land transportation will be furnished in a multitude of forms. Midway Plaisance is to be the location of the various private enterprises, which have asked or shall hereafter ask for space.

The Committee on Ways and Means has announced, for the information of the foreign commissioners, that the sale of goods for immediate delivery and consumption will be prohibited in all the buildings, except where concessions or privileges are specifically given on the merits of the individual cases; but no concessions will be granted for general merchandising either within the buildings or within the grounds of the Exposition.

It is intended to set aside a space for a Bazaar of all Nations, in which may be sold for immediate delivery and consumption such articles as are unique and peculiar to the countries where they are produced, subject, however, in each case to the approval of the Committee on Ways and Means.

The following are some of the concessions granted up to January 1, 1892:

For a relief panorama of the grounds and buildings of the Exposition.

For temporary restaurants at Jackson Park of two classes: one for the laboring men and the other a café for contractors, superintendents, and such others as may desire to avail themselves thereof.

To George Pangalo, of Cairo, Egypt, for a realistic reproduction of a street in Cairo.

To the Multiple Speed and Traction Company, permission to erect in Jackson Park a section of their moving sidewalk.

For a hydraulic sliding railway, extending the entire length of Midway Plaisance, and situated at the extreme southern boundary of said Plaisance.

To Elia Souhami Sadullah & Co., Constantinople, providing for a Turkish attraction, including the sale of goods.

For a glass furnace, to illustrate and sell American glassware, except window and plate glass.

For a Moorish palace, including cafés, panopticon and similar features; also the exhibit of $1,000,000 in gold, provided same can be secured.

For the erection of temporary towers for observation purposes.

For a Javanese and South Sea Island exhibit. In connection with the same, it is proposed to have theatrical entertainments, to which the admission will not be more than 25 cents each person.

To the representatives of the Swiss Government, providing for a panorama of the Bernese Alps.

These concessions will all be located upon Midway Plaisance.

Besides the above, applications for various monster tower schemes are under consideration. The Corean Government, through its commercial agent in Chicago, has applied for space in Midway Plaisance for a special exhibit.

THE WORLD'S CONGRESS AUXILIARY.

There will be a multitude of reunions and celebrations during the Exposition. Almost all the military, civic societies and secret orders are planning for gatherings in Chicago at that time. There is, however, a formal organization, operating under official recognition, which will have charge of a large number of interesting events.

The World's Congress Auxiliary is an organization authorized and supported by the Exposition corporation for the purpose of bringing to Chicago a series of world's conventions of leaders in the various departments of human progress during the Exposition season of 1893. The Auxiliary has also been recognized by the Government of the United States as the appropriate agency to conduct this important work. Its general announcement has been sent to foreign governments by the Department of State, and an appropriation on account of its expenses has been made by act of Congress.

The Auxiliary consists of an active membership of persons residing in Chicago or sufficiently near to attend committee meetings without inconvenience, and a non-resident membership, divided into advisory councils of the different departments of progress, and honorary and corresponding members. Each committee has its own advisory council, composed of the eminent leaders of the world in the department to which it relates. Honorary and

corresponding members are persons not assigned to a particular department, but whose prominence and influence make their aid and co-operation desirable in all.

The officers of the Auxiliary are as follows: President, Charles C. Bonney; Vice-President, Thomas B. Bryan; Treasurer, Lyman J. Gage; Secretary, Benjamin Butterworth. There is also a President of the Woman's Branch of the Auxiliary, Mrs. Potter Palmer, and a Vice-President, Mrs. Charles Henrotin.

These general officers are aided by a long list of general committees for the various departments, with appropriate special committees for the chapters and sections into which the departments are divided. Many of the committees are dual in form—a committee of men and a committee of women on the same general subject authorized to meet separately or jointly, as may be most convenient under regulations intended to secure a uniformity of action in the arrangements of the plans for each of the contemplated congresses.

This arrangement will preserve the identity of woman and her work, and will at the same time secure all the advantages of co-operation of men and women in the various congresses appropriate to both.

The General Committees, so far as created, are as follows: Executive Committee, Committee of Arrangements, Committee on Places of Meeting, Education, Science and Philosophy, Literature, Public Press, Music, Artists, Government and Law Reform, Religion, Moral and Social Reform, Temperance, Labor, Health and Medicine, Commerce and Finance, Engineering and Agriculture. These general departments have been divided into appropriate divisions, and committees appointed for each. To illustrate, the department of commerce and finance, under the chairmanship of Lyman J. Gage, includes transportation, exchange and distribution, with divisions of banking, stock exchange, boards of trade, water commerce, railway commerce and insurance. Each subject has a special committee, and each committee has its advisory council.

The work of these general and special committees—ninety-five in all, and to be increased—is very distinct and well defined. Each committee first issues its preliminary address, which states the objects of the Auxiliary, with especial reference to its own department. This address is sent to appropriate persons and societies throughout the world, and the advisory councillors are requested to make any suggestions they may deem necessary, and to furnish appropriate themes for discussion in the particular congress in which they are interested.

THE PERMANENT MEMORIAL ART PALACE,

to be erected on the shore of Lake Michigan, in the heart of the city of Chicago, will be devoted during the entire six months' Exposition season to the exclusive use of the world's congresses. This building will have two large audience rooms, with a seating capacity of about 3,500 each, and 20 smaller rooms, which will be used for the meetings of the various divisions into which a congress will be divided.

The proposed congresses in each department will be of a twofold character: First, special congresses of existing organizations, under the general direction of the Auxiliary, which will consider such living questions as they may deem appropriate, conducted by their own proper officers; and second, popular congresses, arranged by the Auxiliary for the purpose of presenting to the people of the world, as represented by those who will be in attendance at the World's Columbian Exposition, the results of human progress in all the leading departments of civilized life, voiced by the ablest living representatives whose attendance can be secured on that occasion. This method of special congresses, on the one hand, and popular union congresses, on the other, will at the same time secure the greatest relative freedom and independence of existing organizations in the conduct of their own proper work, and also afford the largest practicable opportunities for the people to see and hear the living leaders of mankind.

It is also proposed that the speakers and writers both in the special congresses and popular congresses shall be selected as nearly as practicable a year in advance of the date when the congress in which they will participate will be convened, in order that the maturest thought of the world may be presented on that occasion. The discourses and papers so to be presented will, it is expected, be permanently preserved in an encyclopedic publication, which will naturally find its way into all the leading languages of the world, and will constitute the most imposing and enduring monument of the Exposition.

RULES GOVERNING EXHIBITS.

As to the reception and care of exhibits, the rules governing the foreign exhibits will apply to all. Foreign commissioners upon application are furnished full information as to space allotted them, and it is required that by November 1, 1892, plans shall be furnished the Director General showing the manner of allotting the space assigned, with lists of exhibitors. Goods received at any port of entry, intended for the Exposition, will be forwarded under customs official supervision without examination, and will be allowed at the close to go forward to the port of entry for export. No duty will be charged except on goods entered for consumption here. Transportation, receiving, unpacking and arranging are at the expense of the exhibitor, but the freight traffic associations, including the leading transportation lines of the country, having adopted a tariff of full rates on the forward journey, will grant free return of exhibits to the seaboard, providing the ownership remains unchanged.

A schedule of class freight rates from seaboard points has been prepared, subject to modification, and a terminal charge of 8 cents per hundred pounds will be added, covering switching and placing exhibits in the space allotted. Trans-oceanic rates are not yet fixed.

The weight of single articles is limited to 30,000 pounds. Space assigned to foreign commissions not occupied April 10, 1893, will be reassigned. Where products are intended for competition, it must be so stated by the exhibitor. There is no charge to exhibitors for space. A limited quantity of steam and water-power will be furnished free, with a fixed price for excess required. Each package must be addressed: "To the Commission (name of the country) at the World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, U. S. A.," and should have the following information marked upon it: (1) the country whence it comes; (2) name of the exhibitor: (3) residence of the exhibitor; (4) department to which it belongs; (5) total number of packages sent by that exhibitor; (6) serial number of that package. Goods not removed by January 1, 1894, will be sold for charges

HANDLING THE VISITORS.

In the matter of transportation of visitors to the grounds, the following statement is made by the traffic manager: The present facilities, including the Illinois Central Railroad's present equipment of tracks, and two special tracks to be added exclusively for World's Fair business; the water transports; the cable roads; the "L" roads, and sundry vehicles, provide for the possible movement of about 160,000 persons per hour. Negotiations are now in progress looking to the establishment of special World's Fair service from the Union depot, or from the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern-Rock Island depot, or both, in Chicago, which will bring the total transportation capacity of all sorts up to 200,000 or 225,000 persons per hour. The transportation bureau has set the latter figure as its minimum limit.

Chicago has already many very large hotels, but there is great activity in building more structures of the kind, and many projects are under consideration. There will be no want of means to comfortably house all visitors.

The bureau of admissions has not yet been fully organized, although work incidental to its organization has been in progress for some time. As to tickets of admission, it is the opinion at present that all persons entering the grounds will be obliged to present a coin to the gate-keeper equal to the amount to be charged for each admis-

sion. It is very likely that the silver fifty-cent piece will be the visitor's only admission ticket recognized. The amount of the admission fee has not yet been determined, but the popular opinion is that it should be the sum above named.

WOMAN AT THE EXPOSITION.

The work of the women is to be one of the most attractive features of the fair. The Woman's Building, already described, will contain exhibits of women's work not otherwise assigned in the general departments; and there will be, as well, various practical enterprises in which women are the prime factors—cooking schools, training schools for nurses, hospitals, kindergartens, educational and literary and professional work, and benevolent institutions.

In the large assembly room of the Women's Building fifteen-minute, or half-hour talks in the morning will be given by prominent women. The press-women of the country will have apartments. These and others are some of the lines of this work. It has enlisted the most cordial official recognition and support, and the co-operation of women all over the world.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

The following is a list of the principal officials of the Exposition:

THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN COMMISSION.

President, Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan.
First Vice-President, Thomas M. Waller, of Conn.
Second Vice-President, M. H. de Young, of Cal.
Third Vice-President, Davidson B. Penn, of La.
Fourth Vice-President, Gorton W. Allen, of N. Y.
Fifth Vice-President, Alexander B. Andrews, of N. C.
Secretary, John T. Dickinson, of Texas.
Director-General World's Columbian Exposition, George R. Davis, of Illinois.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE COMMISSION.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

President, T. W. Palmer, Michigan, Chairman; James A. McKenzie, Kentucky, Vice-Chairman; John T. Dickinson, Texas, Secretary; A. B. Hurt, Tennessee, Assistant Secretary; M. L. McDonald, Commissioner-at-Large; R. C. Kerens, Commissioner-at-Large; Henry Exall, Commissioner-at Large; P. A. B. Widener, Commissioner-at-Large; John T. Harris, Virginia; William J. Sewell, New-Jersey; B. B. Smalley, Vermont; E. B. Martindale, Indiana; John Boyd Thacher, New-York; Francis W. Breed, Massachusetts; Euclid Martin, Nebraska; Reese R. Price, Kansas; M. B. Harrison, Minnesota; James D. Butt, West-Virginia; Adlai T. Ewing, Illinois; William F. King, Iowa; H. P. Platt, Ohio; L. McLaws, Georgia; T. L. Williams, Tennessee; Joseph Hirst, Florida; R. L. Saunders, Mississippi; L. H. Hershfield, Montana; R. E. Goodell, Colorado; A. T. Britton, District of Columbia.

Committee on Judiciary, Rules, and By-Laws, William Lindsay, Kentucky, Commissioner-at-Large, Chairman.
Committee on Tariffs and Transportation, V. D. Groner, Virginia, Chairman.
Committee on Foreign Affairs, C. M. Depew, New-York, Chairman.
Committee on Fine Arts, A. G. Bullock, Commissioner-at-Large, Chairman.
Committee on Science, History, Literature and Education, O. V. Tousley, Minnesota, Chairman.
Committee on Agriculture, W. I. Buchanan, Iowa, Chairman.
Committee on Live Stock, J. L. Mitchell, Wisconsin, Chairman.
Committee on Horticulture and Floriculture, W. Forsyth, California, Chairman.
Committee on Finance, Charles H. Jones, Missouri, Chairman.
Committee on Auditing, T. E. Garvin, Indiana, Chairman.
Committee on Ceremonies, P. A. B. Widener, Commissioner-at-Large, Chairman.
Committee on Classification, C. H. Deere, Illinois, Chairman.
Committee on Manufactures, L. Brainard, Connecticut, Chairman.
Committee on Commerce, L. Lowndes, Maryland, Chairman.
Committee on Mines and Mining, F. J. V. Skiff, Colorado, Chairman.
Committee on Fisheries and Fish Culture, A. R. Bixby, Maine, Chairman.
Committee on Electricity, Electrical and Pneumatical Appliances, G. C. Sims, Rhode-Island, Chairman.
Committee on Forestry and Lumber, J. W. St. Clair, West-Virginia, Chairman.
Committee on Machinery, William Ritchie, Ohio, Chairman.
Committee on World's Congresses, J. W. Woodside, Pennsylvania, Chairman.
Committee on Printing, C. K. Holliday, Jr., Kansas, Chairman.
Committee on Grounds and Buildings, E. B. Martindale, Indiana, Chairman.

BOARD OF REFERENCE AND CONTROL.

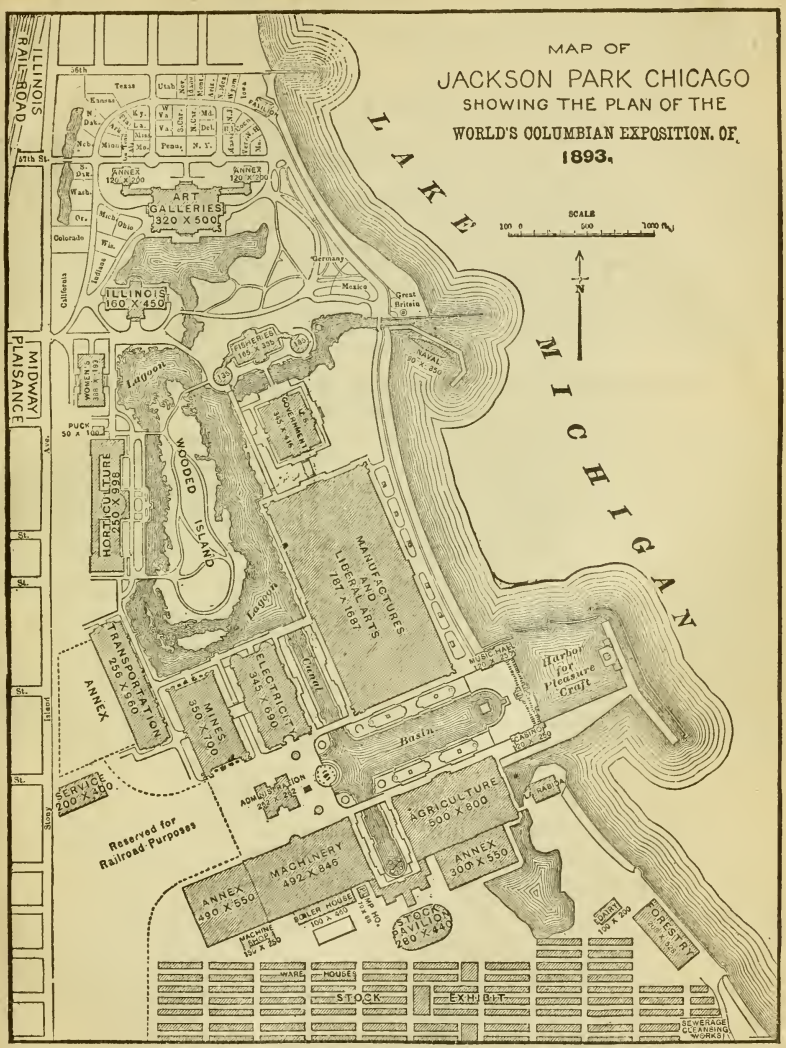
Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan, President; James A. McKenzie, of Kentucky, Vice-Chairman Executive Committee; George V. Massey, of Delaware; William Lindsay, of Kentucky; Michel H. de Young, of California; Thomas M. Waller, of Connecticut; Elijah B. Martindale, of Indiana; J. W. St. Clair, of West-Virginia; John T. Dickinson, of Texas, Secretary.

CHICAGO LOCAL BOARD.

Lyman J. Gage, President; Thomas B. Bryan, Potter Palmer, Ferdinand W. Peck, Edward T. Jeffery, Edwin Walker, Frederick S. Winston, De Witt C. Cregier, Benjamin Butterworth, Secretary.

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD OF LADY MANAGERS OF THE WORLD'S COLUMBIAN COMMISSION.

President, Mrs. Potter Palmer, of Chicago.
Vice-President-at-Large, Mrs. Russell B. Harrison.
First Vice-President, Mrs. Ralph Trautmann, of New-York.
Second Vice-President, Mrs. Edwin C. Burleigh, of Maine.
Third Vice-President, Mrs. Charles Price, of North-Carolina.
Fourth Vice-President, Miss Katherine L. Minor, of Louisiana.
Fifth Vice-President, Mrs. Berlah Wilkins, of the District of Columbia.
Sixth Vice-President, Mrs. Susan R. Ashley, of Colorado.
Seventh Vice-President, Mrs. Flora Beall Ginty, of Wisconsin.
Eighth Vice-President, Mrs. Margaret Blaine Salisbury, of Utah.



Jackson Park and Midway Plaisance, the Exposition site, are situated within the limits of the city, in the southeastern part, the Park being on Lake Michigan. The two together embrace 666 acres. The Illinois Central Railroad tracks skirt the Park, but other railroads will have connections made with it during the Exposition.

A Naval Review in New-York Harbor in 1893.

SECTION 8 of the act creating the World's Columbian Exposition provides "that the President is hereby empowered and directed to hold a naval review in New-York Harbor in April, 1893, and to extend to foreign nations an invitation to send ships of war to join the United States Navy in rendezvous at Hampton Roads, and to proceed thence to said review."

The State of New-York at the Fair.

A BILL for an act "to provide for the collection, arrangement and display of the products of the State at the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893, and to make an appropriation therefor," prepared by a committee of New-York merchants, has been introduced in the State Legislature of 1892. The act provides that the World's Columbian Commissioner-at-Large and the two World's Columbian Commissioners representing the State of New-York, in pursuance of the act of Congress passed in April last, together with such female managers as may be appointed to represent the State, and twelve commissioners who shall be appointed by the Governor within ten days after tho passage of the bill, and who shall be selected so as fairly to represent the agricultural, manufacturing and commercial industries of the State, shall constitute a Board of Managers of the State of New-York. This board shall meet in New-York City on a date to be named by the Governor and there organize by the election of a president, vice-president and secretary. A quorum for the transaction of business shall consist of eight members. The managers shall serve without compensation, but actual necessary expenses shall be allowed. An Executive Commissioner shall be appointed by the board, by whom his salary shall be fixed and his acts shall be subject to their supervision. The board will be required to make reports from time to time to the Governor, and proper accounting of money expended is provided for. The sum of $500,000 is to be appropriated for carrying out the objects sought to be accomplished.

Other Celebrations of the Columbus Quadro-Centenary.

A WORLD'S fair, in commemoration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, will be opened at Rio de Janeiro, under the auspices of the Brazilian Government, in November, 1892.

In Spain a royal decree was issued, January 10, 1891, providing for the appointment of a committee to organize the celebration of the quadro-centenary of the discovery of America. It is provided by the decree that Portugal and the United States be invited to be represented on the committee. A feature of the celebration will be a congress to be held at Huelva to commemorate the departure of Columbus. In Madrid there will be exhibitions of the arts and industries of the period of Columbus. The Madrid exposition will be opened September 12, 1892, and will close December 31, 1892. The exhibits will be classified in their historical order, beginning with plans, models, reproductions or drawings of ancient American caverns, and everything showing any trace of their having been used as human dwellings.

Plans and models of prehistoric American monuments and dwellings, as well as stone arms, articles made of horn and bones, pottery and ornaments and arms and utensils of the copper and bronze ages, will be exhibited. Following these there will be exhibits of all kinds of articles of this historic period.

The quadro-centenary will be celebrated at Genoa, the birthplace of Columbus, under the auspices of the King of Italy. An exposition of Italian and American products will be a feature. A new opera, "Columbus," composed by Baron Franchetti, will be presented, and there will be a museum of Columbian antiquities.

Colombia, South-America, will have an exposition from July 20 to October 31, 1892, after which the best part of the collection will be sent to Chicago.

The Circulo Colon-Cervantez, a Spanish and Spanish-American Society of New-York City, will celebrate the landing of Columbus, October 12, 1892, with a grand historical pageant in the streets of New-York, starting from the Battery. At Central Park the statue of Columbus will be unveiled with ceremonies. It is desired to make this a public holiday, with fireworks and a general illumination of the houses of the city at night. Particulars can be obtained of the president of the society, Juan N. Navarro, consul-general of Mexico, 35 Broadway, New-York.

Previous World's Fairs.

WHERE HELD.	Year.	Area Covered.*	Exhibitors.	Visitors.	Days Open.	Receipts.†
		Acres.				
London	1851	21	13,937	6,039,195	141	$1,780,000
Paris	1855	24½	20,839	5,162,330	200	644,100
London	1862	23½	28,653	6,211,103	171	1,614,260
Paris	1867	37	50,226	8,805,969	217	2,103,675
Vienna	1873	40	50,000	6,740,500	186	1,032,385
Philadelphia	1876	60	30,864	10,164,489	159	3,813,724
Paris	1878	60	40,366	16,032,725	194	2,531,650
Sydney	1879	26	9,345	1,117,536	210	200,000
Melbourne	1880	..	....	1,330,279	210	.....
Fisheries Exhibition, London	1883	9	3,000	2,703,051	147	585,000
Health Exhibition, London	1884	..	.....	4,153,390	151	892,545
Inventions Exhibition, London	1885	..	.....	3,760,581	163	750,000
Colonial and Indian, London	1886	13	.....	5,550,745	164	1,025,000
Glasgow	1888	..	.....	5,748,379	161	566,330
Paris	1889	75½	55,000	28,149,353‡	185	8,300,000

* Buildings and covered structures. † Receipts for admission.

‡ The largest number of visitors in any one day was 400,000.

Political Record of 1891.

Jan. 14. California Legislature re-elected Leland Stanford United States Senator, the vote being, Stanford, 86; White, Dem., 30.

Jan. 15. Illinois Republican Legislative caucus nominated R. J. Oglesby for United States Senator on the 2d ballot, the vote being, Oglesby, 64; Farwell, 30; Gresham, 3.

Jan 15. New-Hampshire Republican Legislative caucus nominated J. H. Gallinger for United States Senator, the vote on 2d ballot being, Gallinger, 120; Blair, 48; Cheney, 18; Burns, 4; Briggs, 1.

Jan. 19. New-York Democratic Legislative caucus nominated David B. Hill for Senator by acclamation.

Jan. 20. Illinois Legislature began balloting for United States Senator, the first ballot being, Gen. John M. Palmer, Dem., 101; R. J. Oglesby, Rep., 100; A. J. Streeter, Alliance, 3.

Jan. 20. New-Hampshire Legislature elected Jacob H. Gallinger. Rep., United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Gallinger, 195; Chas. H. Sinclair, Dem., 172.

Jan. 20. North-Carolina Legislature re-elected Z. B. Vance, Dem., United States Senator, the ballot being, Vance, 126; J. C. Pritchard, Rep., 20.

Jan. 20. Oregon Legislature re-elected J. H. Mitchell, Rep., United States Senator, the ballot being, Mitchell, 63; B. Goldsmith, Dem., 25.

Jan. 21. Pennsylvania Legislature re-elected J. D. Cameron, Rep., United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Cameron, 144; Black, Dem., 92; Taggart, Independent Rep., 7.

Jan. 21. Missouri Legislature elected Geo. G. Vest United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Vest, 130; Headley, Rep., 32; Leonard, Labor, 8.

Jan. 21. Arkansas Legislature re-elected James K. Jones United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Jones, Dem., 106; Frieder, Rep., 12.

Jan. 21. Colorado Legislature re-elected Henry M. Teller, Rep., United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Teller, Rep., 47; Yeamans, Dem., 27.

Jan. 21. Indiana Legislature re-elected Daniel W. Vorhees United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Vorhees, Dem., 110; Hovey, Rep., 40.

Jan. 21. New-York Legislature elected David B. Hill United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Hill, 81; Wm. M. Evarts, Rep., 79.

Jan. 23. North-Dakota Legislature elected H. C. Hansbrough, Rep., United States Senator on the 17th ballot. The Democrats voted for Hansbrough to defeat the regular Republican candidate, G. A. Pierce.

Jan. 26. Arkansas State election, the Democratic candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court was elected without opposition.

Jan. 27. Wisconsin Legislature elected Wm. F. Vilas, Dem., United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Vilas, 82; John C. Spooner, Rep., 45.

Jan. 30. Nevada Legislature re-elected John P. Jones, Rep., United States Senator, the vote on joint ballot being, Jones, 54; scattering, 6.

Feb. 11. Idaho Legislature balloted for United States Senator to succeed W. J. McConnell, the result being, W. H. Claggett, Dem., 28; scattering, 4. The Republican members declined to vote.

Feb. 16. South-Dakota Legislature elected James C. Kyle United States Senator by a combination of Democratic and Alliance votes, on the 40th ballot, the vote being, Kyle, 75; Sterling, 55; Tripp, 8, and 30 members paired.

March 10. Rhode-Island Republican Convention at Providence nominated H. W. Ladd for Governor, with a State ticket. Ballot for Governor: Ladd, 161; Brown, 125; Dyer, 8; scattering, 13.

March 11. Illinois Legislature elected Gen. John M. Palmer, Dem., United States Senator on the 154th ballot, the vote being, Palmer, 103; S. J. Lindley, supported by the Republicans, 100; Streeter, 1.

March 12. Rhode-Island Democratic Convention at Providence nominated John W. Davis for Governor and a State ticket. Ballot for Governor was, Davis, 188; Pond, 25.

March 19. California Legislature elected Charles N. Felton, Rep., United States Senator, to succeed the late Senator Hearst, on the 8th ballot, the vote on joint ballot being, Felton, 73; White, Dem., 24; scattering, 5.

April 1. Rhode-Island State election resulted in a general Republican triumph.

April. 6. Michigan State election for Justice of the Supreme Court and regents of the University. The Republican candidates were elected by small majorities.

April 7. Senator Edmunds of Vermont sent his letter of resignation to the Governor of that State. The resignation took effect Nov. 1.

April 7. Wisconsin State election for Judge of the Supreme Court. The Republican candidate was elected.

April 26. Governor Hogg of Texas appointed Horace Chilton United States Senator to succeed John H. Reagan, who resigned to become chairman of the Texas State Railroad commission.

May 5. In accordance with a decision of the Nebraska Supreme Court, Governor Boyd was ousted from office and Ex-Governor Thayer reassumed the Governorship.

May 13. President Cleveland received an ovation from the Democracy of Buffalo.

May 15. Kentucky Democratic Convention at Louisville nominated John Young Brown for Governor on the 13th ballot. First ballot was: Brown, 278; Clay, 252; Harding, 196; Clardy, 185. On the 13th ballot Brown had 460, and was nominated.

May 19. Conference at Cincinnati of the representatives of the Farmers' Alliances, and formation of the People's Party.

May 19. Election in Delaware upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. The call failed for the want of the requisite number of votes cast.

May 21. Kentucky Republican Convention at Lexington nominated Andrew S. Wood for Governor. Ballot for candidate for Governor, Wood, 889; Denney, 358; Adams, 156; Boyle, 42; Lewis, 26; Thomas, 22; Hobson, 12.

May 26. Florida Legislature re-elected Wilkinson Call United States Senator, his opponents protesting that the election was illegal.

June 3. Iowa People's Party Convention at Des Moines nominated a State ticket.

June 17. Ohio Republican Convention at Columbus nominated William McKinley for Governor by acclamation, with a full State ticket.

June 24. Iowa Democratic Convention at Ot-

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tumwa nominated Horace Boies for Governor by acclamation, with a full State ticket.

July 1. Iowa Republican Convention at Cedar Rapids nominated H. C. Wheeler for Governor. Ballot for candidate for Governor: Wheeler, 781; Clayton, 210; Kerr, 58; Stone, 9.

July 15. Mississippi Democratic Convention at Jackson nominated candidates for railroad commissioners, and rejected the Sub-Treasury scheme.

July 15. Ohio Democratic Convention at Cleveland renominated Governor Campbell and a State ticket. Ballot for Governor: Campbell, 508; Neale, 184; Kline, 56.

July 19. Massachusetts Socialists at Boston nominated a State ticket.

July 30. Maryland Democratic Convention at Baltimore nominated Frank Brown by acclamation for Governor, and a State ticket.

Aug. 3. Kentucky State election. The Democrats elected their State ticket, and the proposed new State Constitution was adopted, both by large majorities.

Aug. 5. Ohio People's Party Convention at Springfield nominated a State ticket.

Aug. 11. Texas voted on five proposed Amendments of the State Constitution, all of which were adopted.

Aug. 19. Pennsylvania Republican Convention at Harrisburg nominated candidates for Treasurer and Auditor General.

Aug. 27. Maryland Republican Convention at Ocean City nominated a State ticket.

Sept. 3. Pennsylvania Democratic Convention at Harrisburg nominated A. L. Tilden for State Treasurer. Ballot: Tilden, 394; Raymond. 55. It also nominated R. B. Wright for Auditor General, ballot: Wright, 372; McSparren, 80.

Sept. 7. Nebraska Democratic Convention at Grand Island nominated a State ticket.

Sept. 9. Massachusetts Prohibition Convention at Worcester nominated Charles E. Kimball for Governor, with a State ticket, unanimously.

Sept. 9. New-York Republican Convention at Rochester nominated Jacob Sloat Fassett for Governor, with a State ticket. Ballot for Governor: Fassett, 514; Wadsworth, 85; Woodford, 53; Becker, 52; Carr, 33.

Sept. 16. Massachusetts Republican Convention at Boston nominated Charles H. Allen for Governor, with a State ticket.

Sept. 16. New-York Democratic Convention at Saratoga nominated Roswell P. Flower for Governor and a State ticket. The ballot for Governor was, Flower, 334; Chapin, 43. The other candidates were nominated by acclamation.

Sept. 24. Nebraska Republican State Convention at Lincoln nominated A. M. Post for Supreme Court Justice on the first ballot.

Sept. 29. Colorado Democratic Convention at Denver nominated a candidate for Supreme Court Justice.

Sept. 29. Massachusetts Democratic Convention at Worcester nominated William E. Russell for Governor by acclamation, with a State ticket.

Oct. 8. A joint debate upon the tariff was held at Ada, Ohio, by Governor Campbell and Major McKinley.

Nov. 3. Elections in several States, the Democrats carried New-York, Iowa, Maryland, New-Jersey and Mississippi and the Republicans Ohio, Pennsylvania, Colorado, Nebraska and Massachusetts, except for Governor.

Nov. 23. The Republican National Committee at Washington selected Minneapolis for the meeting of the Republican National Convention, and June 7 as the time. The 8th and last ballot for the place of meeting was, Minneapolis, 29; Cincinnati, 15; New-York, 3.

Dec. 7. Democratic Members of the United States House of Representatives, on the 30th ballot, nominated Charles F. Crisp for Speaker, the vote being, Crisp, 119; R. Q. Mills, 105; Wm. M. Springer, 4; M. T. Stevens of Mass., 1. The Republican caucus nominated Thomas B. Reed unanimously.

Dec. 16. Louisiana Democratic State Convention at Baton Rouge divided on the lottery question. The regulars nominated Samuel D. McEnery for Governor and the anti-lottery faction nominated T. S. Adams.

Political National Conventions in 1892.

PEOPLE'S PARTY.

At the national convention of farmers' alliances and industrial associations, held at Cincinnati, O., in May, 1891, a fourth political party, to be known as the "People's Party," was organized, and resolutions were adopted calling a conference "of all progressive organizations at Cincinnati, February 22, 1892, and appointing a national committee." If no satisfactory union with the several "other reform organizations" can be accomplished, then the national committee is instructed to call a National Convention of the People's Party, to be held not later than June 14, 1892, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice-President of the United States.

REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The National Committee of the Republican Party met at Washington, D. C., on November 23, 1891, and on the eighth ballot selected Minneapolis, Minn., as the place of meeting of the National Convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President. June 7, 1892, was selected as the time.

PROHIBITION PARTY.

The National Committee of the Prohibition Party met at Chicago, December 17, 1891, and on the twelfth ballot appointed St. Louis, Mo., for the place and June 29 and 30, 1892, for the time of meeting of the National Prohibition Convention to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President.

DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The National Committee of the Democratic Party met at Washington, D. C., January 21, 1892, and on the fifteenth ballot selected Chicago, Ill., as the place for the meeting of the National Democratic Convention. June 21st was selected as the time.

Acts of the Fifty-first Congress.

During the session, which extended from December 2, 1889, to March 4, 1891, 14,312 bills and joint resolutions were introduced in the House of Representatives and 5,298 in the Senate. Of these, 2,186 became laws, of which 1,513 originated in the House and 673 in the Senate.

The principal bills and joint resolutions of a public nature which passed during the first session of the Fifty-first Congress were the following:

Chapter 19. An act to require the Superintendent of Census to ascertain the number of people who own farms and homes, and the amount of mortgage indebtedness.

Chapter 26. An act providing for an assistant Secretary of War.

Chapter 51. An act to prevent the introduction of contagious diseases from one city to another.

Chapter 156. An act to provide for celebrating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus, by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures and the products of the soil, mine and sea, in the city of Chicago, Ill.

Chapter 173. An act for the organization of the National Zoological Park.

Chapter 182. An act to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Oklahoma.

Chapter 407. An act to simplify the laws in relation to the collection of revenues (the Customs Administrative act).

Chapter 438. An act to authorize the President to cause certain lands, heretofore withdrawn from market for reservoir purposes, to be restored to the public domain, subject to entry under the Homestead Law, with certain restrictions.

Chapter 647. An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies (the Anti-Trust act).

Chapter 656. An act to provide for the admission of the State of Idaho into the Union.

Chapter 664. An act to provide for the admission of the State of Wyoming into the Union.

Chapter 699. An act to authorize the construction of a bridge and approaches at New-York City across the Hudson River.

Chapter 708. An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issuing of Treasury notes thereon (providing for the monthly purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver).

Chapter 728. An act to limit the effect of the regulations of commerce between the several States and with foreign countries in certain cases (the original Package bill).

Chapter 802. An act to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea.

Chapter 806. An act to establish a National military park at the battle-field of Chickamauga.

Chapter 839. An act providing for an inspection of meats for exportation and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food and drink, and authorizing the President to make a proclamation in certain cases.

Chapter 908. An act relating to lotteries (the Anti-Lottery bill).

Chapter 945. An act to discontinue the coinage of three-dollar and one-dollar gold pieces and three-cent nickel pieces.

Chapter 1,040. An act forfeiting certain lands heretofore granted for the purpose of aiding in the construction of railroads and for other purposes (the Land Grant Forfeiture act).

Chapter 1,244. An act to reduce the revenue and equalize duties on imports and for other purposes (the McKinley Tariff act).

Joint Resolution 10. A joint resolution congratulating the people of the United States of Brazil on their adoption of a Republican form of government.

Joint Resolution 63. A joint resolution to allow the Postmaster-General to expend one hundred thousand dollars to test at small towns and villages the system of the free delivery service.

The principal bills which passed during the second session of the Fifty-first Congress were the following:

Chapter 65. An act for the relief of the Mission Indians in the State of California.

Chapter 116. An act making an apportionment of Representatives in Congress among the several States under the Eleventh Census.

Chapter 128. An act to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate commerce," approved February 4, 1887 (the Inter-State Commerce Commission act).

Chapter 496. An act to credit and pay to the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia all moneys collected under the direct tax levied by the act of Congress approved August 5, 1861.

Chapter 517. An act to establish circuit courts of appeals and to define and regulate in certain cases the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States, and for other purposes.

Chapter 519. An act to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce.

Chapter 537. An act for the erection of a new custom house in the city of New-York, and for other purposes.

Chapter 539. An act to establish a court of private land claims, and to provide for the settlement of private land claims in certain States and Territories.

Chapter 551. An act in amendment to the various acts relative to immigration and the importation of aliens under contract or agreement to perform labor.

Chapter 555. An act to provide for the inspection of live cattle, hogs and the carcasses and products thereof which are the subjects of inter-state commerce, and for other purposes.

Chapter 558. An act to incorporate the National Conservatory of Music of America.

Chapter 561. An act to repeal timber culture laws, and for other purposes.

Chapter 564. An act for the protection of the lives of miners in the Territories.

Chapter 565. An act to amend Title 60, Chapter 3, of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to copyrights (the International Copyright amendments).

The following is an enumeration of the notable measures introduced during the two sessions which were defeated or failed to reach a final vote before adjournment:

The Federal Elections or so-called Force bill, the National Bankruptcy bill, the Service Pension bill, the Conger Compound Lard bill, to prevent the employment of convict labor upon the construction or repair of United States buildings, to transfer the Revenue Marine Service to the Navy Department, to deprive United States judges of the authority to give an opinion on questions of fact, to require United States judges to instruct juries in writing when requested, constituting eight hours a day's work for workmen employed by Government contractors, the Shipping and Subsidy bills, the Blair Education bill, extending the free delivery service to all towns of 5,000 inhabitants and more, to revive the grade of Lieutenant-General of the Army, to subject National bank and Treasury notes to State taxation, for the compulsory education of Indian children, the Canadian reciprocity resolution, to encourage the inter-continental railway, to encourage negro emigration to Africa, the postal savings bank and postal telegraph bills, the income tax bill, and the woman suffrage and prohibition amendments to the Constitution.

Party Platforms of 1891.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY POLITICAL STATE CONVENTIONS LAST YEAR, DEFINING THEIR POSITION ON NATIONAL ISSUES, GROUPED BY TOPICS.

THE platforms adopted by the political State Conventions which were held during the year 1891 contained the following planks, expressing their views upon national and foreign questions. A record of the Conventions will be found in the "Political Record of 1891," on another page. In some of the conventions no allusions were made to topics fully treated by others, which will account for the omission in the compilation below.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S ADMINISTRATION.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Maryland.—The Administration of President Harrison is drawing to a close. The people have made a close comparison between the methods and action of that Administration and the conduct of the Democratic Administration under Grover Cleveland, which preceded it. Their judgment was recorded at the Congressional elections in November, 1890. The Democratic Administration, though hampered and opposed by a Republican Senate, conducted, nevertheless, the business of the Government with perfect fidelity to every public duty, and with a firmness and wisdom which won for it the generous approval of the great majority of the people of the United States. The existing Republican Administration, supported by a Republican Congress, has not regarded the pledges of its party or its promises, and has not so exercised its power as to receive or merit the public approbation.

Michigan.—We condemn the administration of Benjamin Harrison for the utter disregard of its solemn pledges made to the people before election. We denounce it for its unparalleled extravagance, which has in the first eighteen months of its life dissipated the greater part of the vast surplus left in the Treasury by the preceding frugal Democratic Administration, and brought the country to confront the possibility of an early deficiency and higher taxation as the result of such extravagance. We condemn it for its deliberate abandonment of Civil-Service Reform; for its use of Cabinet positions and other high stations in payment of financial campaign debts; for using the public patronage as a family appendage instead of a public trust; for its complete subserviency to Wall Street and the money power, and its undisguised hostility or indifference to the rights and interests of the producing and laboring classes.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Colorado.—While not agreeing with the President upon questions of the coinage of silver, we yet recognize his great ability, and heartily indorse the Administration as being pure, upright and honest.

Iowa.—We commend the patriotic, wise and courageous Administration of President Harrison.

Kentucky.—The Republicans of Kentucky . . . heartily indorse the Administration of President Harrison as pure, wise and patriotic.

Maryland.—We heartily commend the able and pure Administration of Benjamin Harrison, both for its vigor and dignity and fulfilment of the pledges of the party, and the brilliant diplomacy of the Department of State, which has not only protected American interests and honor abroad, but has opened new markets for our agricultural and manufactured products by the successful negotiation of treaties based on reciprocity.

Massachusetts.—The Republicans of Massachusetts most cordially congratulate President Harrison on the vigor, wisdom and purity of his Administration, which has won the esteem and confidence of our own people and the good will and respect of the other nations of the world. The great qualities of courage, firmness and judgment which have marked his course are implicity relied upon by the country for deliverance from the impending perils of crude and reckless projects of legislation.

Nebraska.—We congratulate President Harrison upon his eminently wise, loyal and courageous Administration, and declare our absolute confidence in his integrity, ability and patriotism, and pledge him our cordial support in the discharge of the duties devolving on him as the Chief Magistrate of the nation. We rejoice in the restoration, dignity, vigor and statesmanship in the conduct of our foreign affairs under the guiding hand of America's favorite son, James G. Blaine.

New-York.—They commend the wisdom, patriotism and purity of the Administration of President Harrison, who has brought himself near to the hearts of the people by his ability and fidelity in the enforcement of the laws and the performance of his duties, and also by the admirable presentation of American principles which he has made in his addresses to the people. The Administration commands the confidence and respect of the American people by its intelligent, efficient and sagacious conduct of the public business in all the departments; especially by the ability and energy displayed by a distinguished citizen of this State in building a navy to become adequate to the national defence; by the thorough and successful management of the vast transactions of the Treasury under the present Secretary and his lamented predecessor, and by the brilliant and conservative treatment of our foreign relations by the Secretary of State, which has raised the American name to the highest position ever attained among the nations of the globe.

Ohio.—The patriotism, wisdom and ability of the Administration of President Harrison command our cordial approbation and support, and we especially commend the policy of reciprocity by which our trade may be vastly increased by commercial treaties with other nations and we also commend the vigorous foreign policy of the Administration, which has commanded the respect of foreign nations for the flag of our country.

Pennsylvania.—The Republican Party of Pennsylvania heartily indorse the broad and statesman-like Administration of President Harrison, which has exhibited an intelligent, inflexible purpose to execute the Federal laws, maintain the dignity of American institutions and insure the continuance and growth of prosperity and peace in the nation.

South-Dakota.—The representatives of the Republican Party of South-Dakota in delegate convention assembled heartily approve of the splendid Administration of President Harrison, and especially do we commend the policy of reciprocity as developed by our distinguished fellow-citizen, James G. Blaine.

TARIFF LEGISLATION—PROTECTION.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We denounce the McKinley bill, the motives of its authors and defenders and the theory under

which it is submitted for the approval of the American people. Such legislation increases the cost of the necessaries of life, promotes dishonest manufactures, trusts and combines, creates sectional envy, despoils the many for the benefit of the few, threatens the country with an aristocracy based upon ill-gotten gain and, above all, corrupts the politics of the country so as to seriously endanger the perpetuity of popular government. We demand equal opportunities for every section of our country and for every citizen, and we insist that every oppressive feature of the tariff be eliminated to the end that our merchant marine may be restored to the sea and the markets of the world opened to the producing classes. The sugar bounty is no tariff. It is spoliation of the Treasury for special classes and interests which are no more entitled to be aided by the Government than the farmers of Iowa in raising hogs and corn or the pioneer settlers of the frontier in their hardships and sufferings as the vanguard of civilization.

Kentucky.—We insist that tariff reform is the paramount issue before the American people, and denounce the McKinley bill as the most outrageous measure of taxation ever proposed in the American Congress. It has increased the burdens, already too great, upon the necessaries of life and reduced taxes on luxuries that are most able to bear them. It has made existence harder for every farmer and wage-earner in the land, in order that the profits of the monopolies and trusts may be increased. It robs the many to enrich the few, and "does not open a market for a single bushel of wheat or a single barrel of pork." In contrast with it, the policy of Grover Cleveland and John G. Carlisle would discourage unnecessary expenditures, provide all needed revenue, cheapen what we buy and open the markets of the world to the products of our farms and factories.

Maryland.—The people of the United States willingly submitted, during our civil war, to all taxes, duties, imposts and excises imposed by Congress to provide for the cost of that struggle, and for the payment of the interest and principal of the public debt created during its progress. They have since the close of that war cheerfully borne as many of these burdens as were necessary for the proper support of the Government, the complete maintenance of its credit and the fulfilment of its obligations to the soldiers and sailors of the United States. The people will not tolerate continued submission to war taxes after twenty-five years of continued peace. These taxes are not continued in force to promote the general welfare, but are maintained to increase the profits of combinations of particular corporate and individual manufacturers or dealers. The existing tariff system of the United States casts unnecessary burdens upon all of our countrymen who are engaged in agriculture, labor, in the mechanic arts, or in commerce. The system is upheld by the efforts of the monopolies. While these control the prices of necessary articles in the markets of the country and accumulate enormous wealth, they oppress by their combinations the labor which they employ and maintain their power by the corrupt use of money in Federal elections. These abuses stand now in full view. The only method by which such evils can be corrected is by the election of a President and Congress pledged to a careful and thorough revision of the tariff system under which such grievances have become possible.

Massachusetts.—The McKinley Tariff bill, against which the Democratic Party of Massachusetts protested at its last convention, was repudiated at the polls by one of the most emphatic votes ever cast by a free people. We renew our demand for the repeal of all of its provisions which increase rates of duty and for the enactment of a genuine measure of tariff reform. We believe that all taxes upon food, fuel, fibres and ores, and also upon the crude or partly manufactured materials necessary in the processes of our domestic industries, should be repealed, thus affording genuine protection alike to the workingmen and the manufacturers of our Commonwealth.

Michigan.—We denounce and condemn the high-tariff policy of the present Administration, and demand that our tariff and internal revenue taxes shall not be higher than required to maintain the Government, economically administered. We especially condemn the McKinley Tariff bill, which still further restricts the market for American products while it increases the burden of taxation. We denounce it because it has not a section or line that will open a new market for a single bushel of wheat or a single barrel of pork; and also because it still further restricts our markets and limits our trade with the world—a policy that must more depress American agriculture, lessen the value of American farms and increase the cost of living to the American people.

Mississippi.—The policy of the United States Government for the last thirty years has been and is now especially destructive to the agricultural interest of the country. The farmers have been unduly taxed, they have been made the bearers of the burdens imposed for the benefit of the manufacturers, while the prices of their chief products are fixed by the prices in Europe. The protective system has been so arranged as to restrict the markets, and thus reduce the prices of such products, and, at the same time, enhance the prices of what the farmer has to buy. We declare it to be the highest duty of the Government to render due justice to the agricultural and laboring classes, the real producers of wealth. To this end we favor a repeal of the heavy tariff taxation on the necessaries of life and the extension of our foreign commerce. In this connection it must not be forgotten that though the Democratic Party has not for thirty years had entire control of the Government, and therefore has not been able to give relief to the people by repealing class legislation and enacting just and honest laws, yet it has manifested its purpose to give relief when it shall have the power to do so, and it is the part of wisdom to hold up its hands, and not condemn it until it has had opportunity and failed to take advantage of it.

Nebraska.—We condemn the McKinley bill as a bold and shameless attempt to repay out of the pockets of the people, to the protected industries, the amount contributed by them for the purpose of wholesale corruption at the last Presidential election. We direct public attention to the fact that while the bill proposes to help the farmer by useless additions to the tariff on agricultural products, it in fact multiplies the people's burdens and increases their taxes, lessens the price of their products, and decreases the purchasing power of the income. We demand a tariff for revenue, limited to the necessities of the Government economically administered, and in returning from special to constitutional taxation, we favor placing raw materials upon the free list, greatly reducing the burden of the necessaries of life, and of imposing the heaviest duties upon luxuries.

New-York.—We denounce . . . the McKinley worse-than-war tariff.

Ohio.—We are opposed to all class legislation, and believe in a tariff levied for the sole purpose of producing a revenue sufficient to defray the legitimate expenses of the Government economically administered. We accept the issue tendered to us by the Republican Party on the subject of the tariff, as represented by the so-called McKinley Tariff act, confident that the verdict of the people of Ohio will be recorded against the iniquitous policy of so-called "Protection," championed by the Republican Party in the interest of favored classes against the masses.

Pennsylvania.—We are, as we have always been, in favor of . . . a reform and revision of the tariff.

Rhode-Island.—The Democracy of Rhode-Island does not advocate the impossible theory of free trade, but it believes in a freer trade with all countries, exchange and barter being the life of business.

South-Dakota.—We emphatically condemn the policy by which the Republican Party uses the power of Government to foster monopoly, and at the expense of the many to enrich the few. We demand that taxation be limited to the needs of the Government economically administered and be imposed upon the luxuries rather than the necessaries of life.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Colorado.—We reaffirm our belief in the Republican doctrine of protection to American industries. Home

markets, with legions of consumers engaged in varied industries, are the best in the world, and for many articles the only ones accessible. American markets should be first for our own citizens, and to this end we favor levying import duties upon products of other nations, often the result of degraded labor, selecting such articles as we can produce profitably and as will bring revenue to the Government and impose the least burden on our own people.

Iowa.—We commend the Republican Party in the last Congress for its redemption of pledges made the people as to a revision of the tariff in the interest of home industry.

Maryland.—The Republicans of Maryland . . . heartily indorse the Fifty-first Congress for its faithful, laborious and great achievements in the interest of the whole people, and especially for the protection afforded American industry and labor by its tariff legislation.

Massachusetts.—We again affirm our unwavering fidelity to the American system of protection, and our belief in its inestimable value to the interests of this country. We favor that system as one that obtains revenue by levying appropriate duties upon those articles which come into direct competition with home products instead of the system advocated by the Democratic Party, which would levy its duties upon those articles which the country is compelled to import. We congratulate the country that the experience of less than a twelvemonth has already proved that instead of being fraught with the disasters falsely predicted by our opponents, the tariff legislation of the last Congress has resulted in the greatest prosperity to the business interests of every section of the country. The removal of the duties on sugar has proved a great boon to the country. Where our people are interested in articles of general use or consumption, both as producers and consumers, as in clothing or cutlery, the removal of duties may work permanent injury to our industries and to our working people; but where, as in the article of sugar, they are interested, wholly or chiefly as consumers, the removal or reduction of duties is an unqualified benefit to the great body of the people.

Michigan.—We hereby indorse the late revision of our national tariff laws protecting producers, laborers and farmers against the ruinous competitions of foreign productions and cheaper labor. and especially commend those features of the law which provide for the protection of farm products as well as manufactured articles; and we cordially approve of the reciprocity provisions therein contained, under which important treaties opening new markets have already been entered into by the Administration under the magnificent leadership of James G. Blaine.

Nebraska.—We demand the maintenance of the American system of protection to American industries and labor, the policy that has been identified with every period of national prosperity, and we admire the genius of that heroic statesman, William McKinley, Jr., whom the people of Ohio will make their next Governor, as a recognition of his magnificent service to the country.

New-York.—The revenue legislation of the Fifty-first Congress, both in the Tariff and the Administrative act, is a just and proper application of the policy of protection to American labor and the control of home markets for the industry of our own people, and the fruits of this legislation are increasing daily in the establishment of new factories, in steadier employment to wage earners, in better prices to the farmer for the products of the soil, and in the assurance of financial independence for our country in the face of monetary distress throughout Europe and South America.

Ohio.—We reaffirm our devotion to the patriotic doctrine of Protection, and recognize the McKinley bill as the ablest expression of that principle, enacted in fulfilment of Republican promises, and we pledge ourselves to its support, always having in view its improvement, as changed conditions or experience may require.

Pennsylvania.—We cordially endorse the action of the Republican Congress in passing the McKinley bill in conformity with the national pledge to protect the material interests of American labor. This beneficent measure has, in spite of malignant Democratic abuse and misrepresentation, already brought about and will in the future continue to bring about a broader and more settled prosperity to all classes, particularly to the operative, the mechanic, the miner and the farmer.

South-Dakota.—We congratulate the Republican Congress upon its wisdom in enacting the McKinley Protective Tariff bill, whose fruits are already manifest and whose beneficial effects are destined to materially benefit all our laboring classes, agricultural, manufacturing and mining industries.

PROHIBITION CONVENTIONS.

Massachusetts.—Touching tariff legislation, differences of opinion are found in our ranks, but we are agreed that it is more important to protect the home than the factory, and manhood than manufactories, and, on the other hand, that any actual or supposed burden of tariff taxation is trivial and insignificant in comparison with the burden of alcoholic taxation. We are further agreed that if the thousand millions of dollars now annually worse than wasted on alcoholic beverages were turned into the channels of useful industries, a vastly greater impetus would be given them than can be given by all the tariffs the wit of man can devise.

Rhode-Island.—We declare that our present tariff is improperly called "Protection to American Labor," and while we believe that it is impossible to make this a great national issue, such modifications should be made as will cheapen necessities rather than luxuries, and stimulate private enterprise instead of fostering trusts and monopolies.

RECIPROCITY.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Michigan.—Reciprocity merely with countries which do not demand or need our agricultural products and increase, but which will buy only our manufactures, will not suffice.

Nebraska.—We denounce the one-sided reciprocity proposed by the present Administration, which invites commercial intercourse only with nations which buy our manufacturing products and prohibit freedom of exchange with those nations which purchase our surplus of agricultural products, as an attempt to continue to favor manufacturing industries in another form with the advantages which they have under the system of protection, and we demand that all legislation upon this subject shall give to the interest of the farmer equal consideration with the other classes of society.

New-York.—We denounce . . . the Blaine reciprocity humbug.

Ohio.—We favor closer commercial relations with our Canadian neighbors, and the removal of the embarrassing and annoying restrictions, which only vex our people without yielding any substantial revenue to the Government

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Colorado.—By treaties of reciprocity the Administration is opening the markets of the foreign world to our surplus farm products and manufactures by admitting free of duty such articles as we do not and cannot pro-

duce in adequate quantity and securing in exchange the exemption from duties of such articles as it is profitable for farms and factories to export. The joint operation of such reciprocity and of the protective system and the restoration of the American flag to the ocean-carrying trade promise to develop our foreign commerce on a basis advantageous to all our industries.

Iowa.—We commend most heartily the policy that has been inaugurated looking to reciprocal trade relations with other people of the American continents, and the Administrative efforts now making for the enlargement of foreign markets for American beef and pork.

Maryland.—We favor the adoption of such treaty arrangements by the Government with countries to which we export our tobacco crop as will secure the abolition or material reduction of foreign import duties, and other Governmental exactions upon the same; and we respectfully appeal to the President and Secretary of State to make propositions looking to this end to such foreign governments, and if need be to agree to reasonable concession in the shape of remission of tariff duties or otherwise consistent with home interests as may be necessary to that end.

Massachusetts.—The unexampled success of the policy of reciprocity cannot be controverted. We regard his policy as the natural outcome and development of the protective principle, securing by a wise discrimination in the exchange of products, the most profitable foreign commerce, while increasing, without endangering, the prosperity of our domestic industries. The more extended application of this principle as opportunities and conditions warrant, with due regard to our own industries, will be welcomed by the Republican Party.

Nebraska.—We do commend and indorse that policy of reciprocity by which the Central Southern American nations and Spanish Indies are being opened up to our trade upon favorable terms, and by which all our people shall receive in exchange therefor a long line of products which do not produce ruinous competition among our own people and destroy the developing industries of our own country.

New York.—By well-adjusted treaties of reciprocity, the Administration is opening the markets of the Western world to our surplus farm products and manufactures by admitting, free of duty, such articles as we do not and cannot produce in adequate quantity and securing in exchange the exemption from duty of such articles as it is profitable for our farms and factories to export. The joint operation of such reciprocity and of the protective system, with the restoration of the American flag to the ocean-carrying trade, promises to develop our foreign commerce on a healthful basis advantageous to all our industries.

Pennsylvania.—It has been with especial gratification that the Republicans of this Commonwealth have observed the brilliant administration of the State Department by one of Pennsylvania's native sons, whose superb diplomacy has electrified the hearts of all Americans, exacted from foreign peoples a degree of respect and admiration for the United States flag hitherto unequalled, and opened wide to us in other lands commercial gates heretofore barred. These magnificent achievements justify the confidence and furnish new occasion for us to reaffirm the loyalty and devotion of the Republicans of Pennsylvania for her most distinguished son, the Hon. James G. Blaine.

Rhode-Island.—The Republican Party of Rhode-Island, as represented here to-day, heartily indorses the great commercial policy of reciprocity inaugurated by the Secretary of State, the Hon. James G. Blaine.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Colorado.—We favor the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and repeat our condemnation of the act of the Republican Party, which struck down the currency of the people in the interest of and at the dictation of the moneyed aristocracy of his country.

Iowa.—We reiterate our demand of one year ago for the free coinage of silver, and that it be made full legal tender for all debts, public and private; and denounce as unjust and dishonest the provision of the law recently enacted, allowing parties to stipulate against payment in silver and silver certificates, thus setting up one standard for the creditor and another for the debtor, one for the poor man and another for the rich man.

Kentucky.—Recognizing the fact that the United States is the greatest silver-producing country in the world, and that both gold and silver were equally the money of the Constitution from the beginning of the Republic until the hostile and fraudulent legislation of the Republican Party against silver, which unduly contracted the circulating medium of the country, and feeling that the great interests of the people demand more money for use in the channels of trade and commerce, we tender our gratitude to the Democrats in the last Congress for their almost unanimous votes in both houses in favor of the free coinage of silver, and demand its restoration to the position of equality before the law given to it by our fathers.

Maryland.—No State can coin money or make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts. Congress only can coin money and regulate the value thereof. The dollar is the unit of value in the United States. The power of Congress to coin gold and silver ought not to be so exercised that gold coin or silver coin will become a commodity, and so disturb the operations of trade, but in such manner that the dollar in gold coin and the dollar in silver coin shall be of equal exchangeable value in all the markets of the United States. Any attempt to depreciate by legislation either of these metals ought to be deprecated and condemned.

Massachusetts.—"We believe in honest money, the gold and silver coinage of the Constitution, and in a currency convertible into such coinage without loss." This declaration, expressing the uniform historic policy of the National Democratic Party, contained in its platforms of 1884 and 1888, we unreservedly reaffirm. We believe that all dollars coined by the United States should be of equal intrinsic value, and that all paper currency issued by the Government should be redeemable in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the holder, and not at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. We declare with Governor Russell our opposition to any legislation "which in its results tends to debase our currency, unsettle credit, impair values, and give to labor in depreciated money less than its just dues." While we believe in the use of both gold and silver as money, and in the full remonetization of the latter metal by international agreement, we are equally opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by our Government, independent of the action of other nations, and to the dangerous silver legislation enacted at the last session of Congress. The Republican Party, in its National platform of 1888, bid for and received the support of the silver interests by denouncing the Democratic Administration as unfriendly to silver. In accordance with the bargain then made, that party has since passed an act increasing the monthly purchases of silver by the Treasury from about two million ounces to four and a half million ounces. This measure, dictated by the advocates of inflation and by the silver miners, who demanded a Government bounty on their product, was an abandonment of the cause of honest money and could not have become a law without the votes of the Republican members of Congress from Massachusetts. This act, increasing two and a half times the coinage of 80 cents worth of silver into a dollar, compelling the Treasury to become the purchaser every day of seven tons of bullion, or more than the whole American product, adding upward of $54,000,000 a year to the volume of currency based upon silver, is a menace to the maintenance of sound and stable currency, and threatens, if not repealed to

derange values, impair the obligation of contracts, and bring the currency of the country to a purely silver basis. We therefore denounce the claim of the Republican leaders of this State that they are the friends of a sound currency as false and hypocritical and charge them with the sole and direct responsibility for the present dangerous condition of the currency.

Michigan.—We believe in the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver, unhampered by conditions as to the legal-tender qualities of either, and unhampered by the proviso suspending coinage of silver after July 1, 1891. We condemn the Republican policy because it demonetized silver and still refuses the demand of the people for a restoration of silver to a complete equality with gold. We condemn the Republican members of Congress from the State of Michigan who voted against the complete remonetization of silver.

Mississippi.—We believe that gold and silver should be coined upon the same terms and conditions, and that when the Government shall cease to discriminate between them they will freely circulate side by side and be equally useful and acceptable to the people. We also believe that there should be an additional issue of Treasury notes, interchangeable with coin, sufficient to transact the business of the country and to relieve the present financial depression.

Nebraska.—We favor the free coinage of silver, and that it be made a full and legal tender for all debts, public or private, and denounce as unjust and dishonest the provision of the law recently enacted allowing parties to stipulate against payment in silver and silver certificates, thus setting up one standard for the rich man and another for the poor man.

New York.—We now, as then, steadfastly adhere to principles of sound finance. We are against the coinage of any dollar which is not of the intrinsic value of any other dollar of the United States. We, therefore, denounce the new Sherman silver law, under which one tenth of our gold stock has been exported and all our silver output is dammed up at home, as a false pretence but artful hindrance of return to free bimetallic coinage, and as tending only to produce a change from one kind of monometallism to another. We therefore unite with the friends of honest money everywhere in stigmatizing the Sherman progressive silver basis law as no solution of the gold and silver question, and as a fit appendix to the subsidy and bounty swindle.

Ohio.—We denounce the demonetization of silver in 1873 by the party then in power as an iniquitous alteration of the money standard in favor of creditors and against debtors, taxpayers and producers, and which, by shutting off one of the sources of supply of primary money, operates continually to increase the value of gold, depress prices, hamper industry and disparage enterprise; and we demand the reinstatement of the constitutional standard of both gold and silver, with the equal right of each to free and unlimited coinage.

Pennsylvania.—We are, as we have always been, in favor of . . . a sound and stable currency based on gold and silver, coined and circulated in such proportions as will keep them on a parity.

Rhode-Island.—We are in favor of honest money, sufficient in quantity to answer the needs of the people.

South-Dakota.—We demand that the currency be increased to meet the needs of business, but without causing its depreciation. We reaffirm the position always maintained by the Democratic Party that gold and silver should be regarded as equally the money of the people. We are opposed to all measures of discrimination against silver, and denounce the Republican Party for its demonetization.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Colorado.—The monetary condition of the world during the last seventeen years has demonstrated that the demonetization of silver by the United States was, if not a crime, a stupendous blunder, and that bimetallism is necessary to the welfare and prosperity of all commercial people. We, therefore, in the interests of the working and producing classes of all countries demand the full recognition of silver as a money metal by the opening of the mints of the United States to the full and unlimited coinage of silver, and we believe that such a step by the Government of the United States would be followed by a considerable number of other nations, and such a course will establish the ratio between silver and gold existing at the time of the demonetization of silver by Germany in 1871 and the United States in 1873. We denounce the pretence now being made in certain sections of the country that the friends of free coinage of silver are the advocates of a debased currency as untrue, but on the contrary we assert that there can be no stable currency based upon either gold or silver alone, and this has been demonstrated by the history of the two money metals for the past fifty years. Because we are in favor of a sound and stable currency we demand the use of both gold and silver as money at a ratio fixed by law, and that all paper money shall be redeemable in gold or silver at the option of the Government, and that this every dollar, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be of equal paying and purchasing power.

Iowa.—We approve the coinage act by which the great product of the silver mines of the United States is added to the currency of the people, and out of which experiment may come a wise adjustment of financial questions liberal toward Western interests.

Kentucky.—The Republicans of Kentucky . . . are opposed to the free and unrestricted coinage of silver.

Maryland.—We denounce the Democracy of Maryland for its meaningless silver platform, while its leaders unite with the Democracy of Ohio and Iowa in demanding the free coinage of cheap silver dollars to cheat labor of its daily wages and the farmer of the value of his grain. The Republican silver law is now rapidly increasing the currency to meet the wants of the people, while it guarantees a dollar—silver, gold or paper—worth 100 cents, honest money, the same every day in the year, in the pockets of our people.

Massachusetts.—It is of paramount importance to the whole people to maintain the only true and safe standard of value in money; every dollar issued by the Government, whether paper or coin, should be as good as every other dollar; and as we know that nations are interdependent in a monetary affairs, and that the experience of every civilized country proves that it is absolutely necessary to social progress and to the highest prosperity of any country to have and to keep the standard measure by which all its products are measured and exchanged essentially the same as that of the world's international standard of value and exchange, we are unalterably opposed to the unlimited coinage of silver by this country, excepting upon a uniform international ratio to gold, and under similar restrictions and conditions, both as to the Government and individuals, as prevail in other leading nations of the world. We condemn the Democratic Party for its indorsement of free silver in the party platforms in Ohio, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan and eighteen other States. The position of the Democratic Party on this most vital question is full of peril to the country. The few members of the party who hold sound views thereon only emphasize the dangerous attitude of the party itself; they do not control their party, their party controls them, and they are powerless to direct or influence party action.

Michigan.—We believe in maintaining the integrity of the currency, and that silver and gold should be used as a money basis by the United States; and to accomplish this end all the American silver product should be received at its market value by the Government and legal-tender silver certificates or silver coin should be issued therefor.

Nebraska.—We approve of the Silver Coinage Act of the present Administration, by which the entire

product of the silver mines of the United States is added to the currency of the people, but we denounce the Democratic doctrine of free and unlimited coinage of silver as a financial policy liable to precipitate the people of every city and every State in the Union into a prolonged and disastrous depression and delay the revival of business enterprise and prosperity so ardently desired and now apparently near. The free and unlimited coinage of silver would tend to the hoarding of gold, and to force the use of cheap money in the payment of wages in every workshop, mill, factory, store and farm, and tend to the scaling down of wages of the toilers and weakening of the purchasing power of the dollar which would be used to purchase the products of the farmers. We are in favor of having every dollar as good as any other dollar.

New-York.—The act of July 14, 1890, provides for the purchase of the silver product of American mines and the issuing of the new Treasury note protected by a reserve of 100 cents worth of silver for every dollar issued. We commend this policy of maintaining gold and silver at a parity, the Treasury notes paid for silver to be kept at par with gold. The voice of New-York is emphatic against any degradation of the currency, and demands with President Harrison that "every dollar issued by the Government, whether paper or coin, shall be as good as every other dollar."

Ohio.—Thoroughly believing that gold and silver should form the basis of all circulating medium, we indorse the amended Coinage act of the last Republican Congress, by which the entire production of the silver mines of the United States is added to the currency of the people.

Pennsylvania.—We favor bimetallism and indorse the action of the Fifty-first Congress in providing for the purchase and coinage of all the silver produced from American mines, and we recommend such tariff duties as will protect our country and its currency from the debasement which will surely follow if this nation is made the dumping ground for all the silver of the world.

South-Dakota.—We heartily indorse the action of the late Republican Congress in passing the Silver bill, by which $50,000,000 of currency is yearly added to the amount in circulation, and we favor such further increase in the coinage of silver as is consistent with a sound financial policy; and we favor the complete remonetization of silver.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Massachusetts.—We favor a currency, every dollar of which, whether gold, silver or paper, shall be equal to or convertible into the best dollar known to commerce, sufficient in amount and elastic enough in character to meet the varying demands of the business of the country.

REPUBLICAN POLICY IN THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We denounce the wasteful and lavish appropriations of the last Congress, which in time of profound peace expended an amount equal to one third the total public debt incurred for the preservation of the Union. This Billion-dollar Congress marks the final effort of desperate politicians to perpetuate themselves in power by subsidizing classes, communities, special interests and privileged individuals from the public funds, which should be a sacred trust to be administered solely for the necessities of the Government.

Kentucky.—We present for the consideration of the people of the land the course of a Republican Congress which, by its reckless, profligate and ruinous expenditure of public money, has in two years squandered the surplus of more than a hundred million dollars left in the Federal Treasury by a Democratic Administration, while it has increased in the most extraordinary and unprecedented manner taxation that will add to the distress of the people, and at the same time be inadequate to meet the demands of those who are using the Government to serve their selfish purposes.

Maryland.—The Fifty-first Congress appropriated in the money and credit of the people more than a billion of dollars. It would seem to have been the deliberate purpose of the managers of the Republican Party to maintain and create an amount of public indebtedness which would consume any surplus which might accumulate under the existing tariff and make a further increase in the taxation of imports necessary for the support of the Government.

New-York.—We denounce . . . the revolutionary procedures of the Billionaire Congress.

Ohio.—We denounce the Republican Billion-Dollar Congress, which, by extravagant expenditure, exhausted a surplus in the National Treasury left there by a Democratic Administration and created a deficit, which substituted despotic rule for free discussion in the House of Representatives.

Rhode-Island.—The Fifty-first Congress, with its Reed and McKinley, its Force bill, and its Subsidy act, its suppression of debate, its extravagant appropriations, which threaten a deficit in the United States Treasury, and its many other sins of omission and commission, has passed into history with the most overwhelming verdict of the people of these United States against it, and we are not surprised that our Republican friends, recently assembled in convention, have not one word to say in its favor.

South-Dakota.—We denounce the vicious legislation of the Republican Party in the last Congress, its truckling to monopolies and trusts, its gross extravagance, its attempted passage of the Force bill, and its overthrow of representative government as sustained by the precedents of one hundred years

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Kentucky.—The Republicans of Kentucky . . . approve the action of the Fifty-first Congress, and especially on what are known as the Silver, Tariff and Pension bills.

THE FORCE BILL.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Kentucky.—We return thanks to the patriotic members of the last Senate of the United States who defeated the unjust, iniquitous and partisan measure known as the Force bill, which would have been a fearful blow at home rule and local self-government, and was intended to place in the hands of the Republican Party the machinery whereby it might by force, fraud and intimidation have perpetuated its iniquitous rule and destroyed the freedom and integrity of the ballot.

Maryland.—The Republican Party found upon the entry of President Harrison into office a people whose opinions were no longer divided by sectional lines and who were prosperous and thoroughly united. It sought to sow again the seeds of sectional discord. It was beaten at the polls by an overwhelming vote, in spite of the machinery which it employed. Unable to control the opinions of a majority of the lawfully elected members of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-first Congress, it created a working majority in that House by illegally

depriving, through the agency of the Speaker, a number of Democratic Representatives of their rightful seats. It then boldly sought to perpetuate its power and to destroy the autonomy of the several States by means of the notorious Force bill. It will certainly renew the attempt to enact that bill if it is continued in power.

Mississippi.—We denounce as unconstitutional, revolutionary and infamous the Force bill attempted to be passed by the Fifty-first Congress, whereby they would have taken from the States the right to hold their Congressional elections through their own officers, as they have done since the beginning of the Government, and by subjecting the white people of the Southern States to the domination of ignorant negro hordes, would have perpetuated their party in power; believing as we do that the Democratic Party alone will secure us against such disasters, we beseech all Democrats to stand by its colors and to avoid all issues which might create dissension, and by disrupting that party place the South at the mercy of its enemies.

Michigan.—We denounce the Lodge Force bill, which has passed the House and has the active support of the Administration, as revolutionary and unconstitutional. It strikes down home rule and local self-government; provides the machinery to accomplish dishonest returns and false certificates of election; fosters sectionalism and bayonet rule where every interest of the people invites to peace, fraternity and unity; outrages the traditions and customs of a century by giving life tenure to partisan returning boards; makes the legislative and executive branches dependent upon the judiciary and converts the judiciary into an instrument of oppression and corruption, involves the unnecessary expenditure of millions of the people's money. We declare that interference of any kind by the Federal Government with State elections is a dangerous menace to the form of government bequeathed to us by the framers of the Constitution, and that the intelligence and patriotism of the American people may safely be trusted to remedy any evils that may exist in our elections.

Nebraska.—We congratulate the people of the whole country, without regard to political affiliation, upon the defeat of the infamous Force bill, and commend as worthy of all praise the power, consistence and courage with which our Democratic representatives in both branches of Congress, without any exception, successfully opposed it; and we rejoice at the thought that within three months the American Congress will again become a deliberative body.

Ohio.—We congratulate the people on the defeat of the odious Force bill demanded by a Republican President and championed by the Republican Party for the purpose of perpetuating its rule by perverting the constitutional powers of the Government, destroying free elections, and placing the ballot box in the hands of unscrupulous partisans in order, as declared by Speaker Reed, "to register the voters, supervise the elections, count the ballots and declare the result."

Rhode-Island.—We congratulate our fellow-citizens on their deliverance from the tyranny of ex-Speaker Reed and the threatening danger of the Force bill, and we rejoice in the patriotism of those Republican United States Senators who refused to join their party associates in the effort to reduce the greatest of modern deliberative bodies to a mere machine to register the will of its presiding officer.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

While Republican conventions made no mention by name of the Force or Election bill, the conventions of Ohio and Pennsylvania and some others demanded a fair ballot in public elections and effective legislation to secure it.

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Maryland.—The existing Republican Administration promised when it assumed power to give full effect to reforms in the Civil Service. Offices in that service have, notwithstanding such pledge, been conferred, for political reasons, to as great an extent as at any former period in the history of the country. The Civil Service of the United States, considered as a whole, is to-day a partisan organization, doing active political service for the Administration by which it is employed.

Massachusetts.—We believe that public office is a public trust, and that appointments should be made for fitness, capacity and integrity, and in the spirit of Civil Service Reform. The Republican Administration has shown the hypocrisy of its pretensions in favor of this reform by destroying the efficiency of the Census Bureau for the sake of furnishing political spoils, by neglecting to bring prosecutions for the punishment of violations of the Civil Service law, by ignoring the recommendations of the Civil Service Commission for the dismissal of officials who have openly defied the law, by reviving the active participation of office-holders in partisan politics and the assessment of Government employés for partisan purposes.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Massachusetts.—We congratulate the Republican Party and the country also upon the firm maintenance by the present National Administration of the principle of Civil Service Reform, and upon the extension of its application to navy yards and other branches of the public service.

New-York.—We reaffirm the Republican Party's favor to thorough genuine reform in the Civil Service and commend the National Administration for giving effect thereto under existing law. And the flagrant and persistent abuses in the State Civil Service by the Democratic Administration are held up to condemnation.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

Massachusetts.—We favor an honest Civil Service law honestly administered. We arraign both the old parties for their insincerity in this matter, for their pledges so freely given before election and so fully forgotten after.

BALLOT REFORM—THE AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We favor the Australian system of voting to the end that we may have an honest ballot not controlled by bribery or employers. We denounce the Republican Party for the defeat of this salutary reform in the Twenty-third General Assembly, in defiance of a popular vote in its favor and in the face of the adoption by so many of our sister States, with the undeniable result of securing a pure and untrammelled ballot.

Maryland.—The party in good faith pledged itself to a thorough revision of our election laws, so that our registration and elections should be thoroughly fair and free. The laws already enacted respond in large measure to the popular demands, and their practical workings have proved satisfactory; but in order that their operation shall be uniform throughout the whole State, we earnestly recommend that the Australian Ballot law be extended to all the counties now excepted from its provisions.

Michigan.—We are in favor of a secret ballot and of such legislation as shall be adequate to effectually preserve the purity of elections while securing to each voter the exercise of his right of suffrage.

New-York.—We demand an extension of electoral reform, with a view to preventing the profuse expenditure of money by candidates and political committees, but we resolutely oppose any effort to hamper or restrict the constitutional privilege of manhood suffrage. And we congratulate the people of the State that by the persistent efforts of a Democratic Governor, sustained by the Democrats in the Legislature, in defence of this principle, there has been at last wrested from a Republican Legislature, by force of public sentiment, a genuine electoral reform law which guarantees an absolutely secret ballot; which prevents intimidation and corruption; which reserves for workingmen the right to two hours on election day in which to vote, without loss of pay for time consumed; which largely diminishes the opportunities of candidates to expend money illegitimately; which prescribes a careful system of registration of electors; which imposes heavy penalties for corrupt practices in elections, and which preserves inviolable to every citizen, however humble or unlettered he may be, the right to cast his ballot for whomsoever he may choose for any office within the gift of the people.

Ohio.—We invite attention to the fact that the Republican Party, though hypocritically professing to favor "a free ballot and fair count," yet opposed and voted against the bill for providing for a free and secret ballot, thus demonstrating its professions to be insincere and for political effect only.

Pennsylvania.—We believe that the right of free, honest and secret ballot is the right preservative of all political rights. We approve the largest measure of ballot reform, and believe the whole advantages of the Australian ballot system should be secured to the electors of Pennsylvania.

Rhode-Island.—The Democracy have supported ballot reform in all its stages, and now would extend it to other elections.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We assert that the Republican Party stands on record in every State of this Union in favor of elections based upon the freedom of individual conscience, and that the Republican Party may be trusted in Iowa or in any State to promote any plan of reform, Australian and other, calculated to extend this liberty and to further protect the purity of the ballot.

Maryland.—We condemn the methods by which the Democratic majority in the last Legislature disregarded their pledges and the wishes of the people by compelling them to accept a registration law worse than the one repealed, and a system of ballot robbed of the wise features of the Australian law. From time immemorial the people have selected their own judges of election, and the creation of boards of supervisors of elections appointed by the Governor, whereby the minority is deprived of any share in the election machinery, is a flagrant act of centralization and partisanship which calls for the immediate enactment of remedial legislation, in which there shall be provision for honest minority representation, a secret ballot, and a count open to the inspection of all who desire it.

Massachusetts.—It is a cardinal principle of the Republican Party that full and adequate protection should be given to every citizen in every State and Territory of the Union in the enjoyment of his civil and political rights; and it is essential to the safety of our Government that the right of ballot and the purity of elections should be maintained sacred and inviolate.

New-York.—We favor the amendment of the ballot law by the substitution for the unofficial "paster" ballot, of the "blanket" official ballot, upon which the names of candidates shall be compactly grouped, rendering the voter's duty easy, treating candidates with equal justice, lessening opportunities for fraud, bribery and corruption, and largely reducing the expenses of elections.

Pennsylvania.—Also, in conformity with the promise made a year ago, we have enacted a law, having in view an absolutely pure and unrestricted ballot. We pledge the party to such changes and improvements, if any, which a practical application of this law may prove to be essential to a fuller accomplishment of its purposes, and in the event of negative action in November next upon the question of holding a constitutional convention, we promise, with a view to eliminating the provision in our present Constitution compelling the numbering of ballots, to enact the necessary legislation for submitting a special constitutional amendment upon this particular subject to the people of the State at the earliest day possible.

PROHIBITION—HIGH LICENSE.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We demand the repeal of the prohibitory liquor law, and in the interests of true temperance we favor the passage of a carefully guarded license tax law.

Nebraska.—We congratulate the people of the State on the defeat of the prohibition amendment.

New-York.—We are opposed to all sumptuary legislation that needlessly interferes with the personal liberty or reasonable customs of the people. We favor the largest liberty for the individual citizen consistent with the public welfare.

Ohio.—We are opposed to the enactment of all laws which unnecessarily interfere with the habits and customs of any of our people which are not offensive to the moral sentiments of the civilized world, and we believe that the personal rights of the individual should be curtailed only when it is essential to the maintenance of the peace, good order and welfare of the community.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—We recognize that the issue is between the interests of true temperance and the freedom and rule of an indiscriminate traffic. We renew our allegiance to the people of Iowa, and submit to them the determination of the issue, recognizing that the control of the next Legislature by the Democratic Party means State-wide license and that the control of the next Legislature by the Republicans means continued opposition to the behests of the saloon power through the maintenance and enforcement of the law. We denounce the Democratic Party of Iowa as insincere in its dealings with the saloon issue. We charge that party with service to the saloon and with a purpose to strengthen the saloon grasp upon the homes and politics of the State. We cite in proof of this its surrender this year of the local option feature of the plank of 1889, under which last year pretence of indorsement by this State was made and to which pledge was given in proof for legislative authority. We charge that this abandonment of local option is the forerunner of further premeditated betrayal, and that trust in the Democratic Party will end in a complete breaking down of the temperance legislation of the State and a complete turning over of the State, in every township thereof, to the pollution and fester of the saloon against whatever protest of communities now free.

Massachusetts.—The Republican Party of Massachusetts has repeatedly declared itself in favor of the pronounced and progressive temperance legislation, and its policy as outlined in the past should in the future be

vigorously maintained and preserved; we therefore favor the most efficient legislation for the restriction, prevention and suppression of the evils arising from the sale of intoxicating liquors, and we demand that all laws for the promotion of this desirable result be faithfully, diligently and vigorously enforced.

New-York.—We favor comprehensive and efficient excise legislation for giving local option by counties, towns and cities, and restriction by taxation in such localities as do not by option exclude the liquor traffic.

PROHIBITION CONVENTIONS.

Massachusetts.—The remedies we propose for the evils of the drink traffic are briefly these: The prohibition by State and national authority of the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation or sale of alcoholic beverages and the election and appointment of officials, executive, legislative and judicial, who are in sympathy with and will enforce prohibition. These ends we believe are attainable only through a party organized for that purpose. And inasmuch as the desire for gain is the motive power of the drink traffic, we favor such arrangements for the supply of alcoholic liquors for medicinal, mechanical and scientific uses as shall divest the dealer of any pecuniary interest in the sale. We also favor the appointment rather than the election of prosecuting officers for the same reasons that judges are appointive.

Rhode-Island.—The organized saloon interest is the greatest foe to American liberty that exists. Its evil effects are constantly increasing, and, unless checked, it is only a question of time when it shall utterly destroy our free national life. As the old political parties are constantly outbidding each other for the saloon vote, the peril that threatens our national existence can only be averted by placing a party in power that fearlessly grapples with the greatest of foes. The National Prohibition Party is the only one that meets this demand, and we pledge to it our continued efforts and loyalty.

RESTRAINT OF IMMIGRATION.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iowa.—While inviting to our shores the worthy poor of all nations, we earnestly recommend the laws that will protect our country and our people against the influx of the vicious and criminal classes of foreign nations, and the importation of laborers under contract to compete with our own citizens, and earnestly approve the rigid enforcement of these laws and of such further legislation as may be necessary.

Massachusetts.—While honesty, intelligence and industry will always find a welcome on these shores, the benefits of our institutions should not be extended to immigrants whose character or condition makes them elements of danger to the very institutions whose shelter they seek; and we insist that loyalty to these institutions and the capacity to understand and sympathize with them shall be the first and indispensable requisite in those who seek to be invested with the dignity of citizenship.

New-York.—We indorse the laws enacted by the late Republican Congress to protect our people against the influx of the vicious, pauper and criminal classes of foreign nations, and we emphatically approve the rigid enforcement of these laws.

Ohio.—While inviting to our shores the worthy poor and oppressed of other nations, we demand the enactment of laws that will protect our country and our people against the influx of the vicious and criminal classes of foreign nations and the importation of laborers under contract to compete with our own citizens; and earnestly approve the rigid enforcement of existing laws by the present National Administration.

TRUSTS.

The Democratic Conventions of Iowa and Nebraska, the Republican Conventions of Colorado, Nebraska, New-York, Ohio and South-Dakota, and the Massachusetts Prohibition Convention denounced in terms varying as to language, but similar in sentiment, all trusts, pools and combinations of capital to control and increase the cost of products for popular consumption, and called for their suppression by law.

LABOR.

The Democratic Conventions of Colorado, Iowa and Nebraska declared that the fundamental doctrine and practice of the Democratic Party had always been devotion to the interests of the labor and producing classes. The Iowa and Nebraska Conventions condemned the practice of importing contract labor. The Massachusetts Convention denounced the "sweating system." The New-York Convention demanded the protection of honest workingmen and workingwomen from competition with convict labor, and the Pennsylvania Convention favored such a speedy amendment of the State constitution as would secure to the laborer a free and secret ballot.

The Republican Convention of Colorado favored protection against every form of convict or servile labor; prohibition of the employment of young children in factories and mines; protection of employés of railroads, factories and mines or other hazardous occupations from every danger that can be removed or diminished; the adjustment of differences between employés and employer by arbitration, and such legislation as may be needed to facilitate and protect organizations of farmers and wage-workers for the proper and lawful promotion of their mutual interests. The Massachusetts, New-York and Pennsylvania Conventions favored all just legislation for the advancement and protection of the labor classes, and the New-York Convention deprecated the attempt to place honest workmen in competition with paupers and convicts, domestic or foreign, and commended the rigid enforcement of the alien labor contract law.

The Prohibition Convention of Massachusetts demanded careful and wisely considered action in order that justice and equity, as between capital and labor, may be secured.

PENSIONS.

The Democratic Convention of Iowa favored "just, liberal and equitable;" the Ohio Convention "liberal and just;" the Pennsylvania Convention "liberal but just;" and the Nebraska and South-Dakota Conventions "liberal" pensions for deserving disabled Union veterans of the late war, and those dependent upon them.

The Republican Convention of Colorado approved of the pension legislation of the last Congress. The Massachusetts Convention denied the charges of Republican extravagance in pensions. The New-York Convention, "while mindful of the dictates of economy and avoiding the reaction invited by excess of appropriation," favored the fulfilment of the pledges given to the soldiers of the Union. The Ohio Convention favored "liberal" pensions. The Pennsylvania Convention "proper and adequate financial aid to all deserving" veterans and the

widows and orphans of "those who have entered the bivouac of the dead," and the South-Dakota Convention "a full service pension to every honorably discharged soldier."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Democratic Conventions of Iowa, Nebraska and South-Dakota favored the **Election of United States Senators by a Direct Vote of the People.**

The Democratic Convention of Mississippi opposed the **Sub-Treasury Scheme** promulgated by certain of the Farmers' Alliance organizations.

The Democratic Conventions of Ohio and South-Dakota favored a graduated **Income Tax.**

The Republican Convention of Ohio demanded the reservation of the **Public Lands** for homesteads for American citizens, and the Democratic Convention of Iowa opposed the non-resident alien ownership of lands and of foreign syndicates owning American industries.

The Republican Convention of Ohio favored ample **Educational Facilities** for the whole people.

The Republican Convention of New-York favored the building of **American Ships,** to be manned by American seamen, for American trade and trade with other countries.

The Democratic Convention of Iowa favored the control and regulation of **Railroads** by the Government and the protection of the people from their encroachments and extortions. The Republican Convention of Nebraska demanded "fair and reasonable rates to the producers and consumers." The Democratic Convention of Mississippi "cheaper facilities for transportation," and the Republican Convention of South-Dakota "reasonable and equitable rates to the general public." Both Republican Conventions favored the general provisions of the **Inter-State Commerce Law.**

The Democratic Convention of Nebraska condemned the giving of **Subsidies and Bounties** of every kind by the Government as a perversion of the taxing power.

The Republican Convention of Ohio demanded the protection of the **Wool Industry** equal to that accorded to the most favored manufacturer of wool.

The Prohibition Conventions of Massachusetts and other States favored **Woman Suffrage.**

The Republican Convention of New-York approved of the speedy construction of the **Nicaragua Canal** under an American charter, by American enterprise and capital.

The Republican Conventions of Iowa, New York and Nebraska, and the Democratic Convention of New-York favored appropriations by their respective Legislatures to secure proper exhibits at the **World's Columbian Exposition,** and the Republican Convention of South-Dakota favored raising funds for the same purpose by private subscription.

The Democratic Convention of Iowa expressed sympathy for the **People of Ireland** in their struggle for Home Rule, and the same convention, with the Democratic Conventions of Maryland, New-York and Ohio, and the Republican Conventions of Colorado and New-York, denounced the persecution of the **Jewish People** by the Russian Government, and declared their sympathy for the sufferers. The two New-York Conventions and the Ohio Democratic Convention suggested action by the United States Government in the Russian matter.

The Democratic Conventions of Maryland and Mississippi eulogized the services of **Senator Arthur P. Gorman** in conducting the Democratic contest in Congress against the Force bill, and the Republican Convention of Pennsylvania "viewed with peculiar satisfaction" the administration of the post-office department by **John Wanamaker.**

The Prohibition Convention of Massachusetts declared that in the refusal of the Department of State "to unite with other nations in a treaty for the suppression of the slave trade and rum traffic in Africa; a President who finds five kinds of wine necessary for his official banquets; a Vice-President who applies for a liquor license for his "Shoreham;" a Senate that will not banish the bar-room from the wing of the Capitol; and a House that strangles inquiry into the fact of liquor traffic, we have a perfect demonstration of the complete **Dominancy of the Rum Power** in our national affairs and the slavish subserviency of our public servants to its behests.

Platform of the People's Party.

ADOPTED AT THE CONFERENCE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS, AT CINCINNATI, O., MAY 20, 1891.

1. That in view of the great social, industrial, and economical revolution now dawning upon the civilized world, and the new and living issues confronting the American people, we believe that the time has arrived for a crystallization of the political reform forces of our country, and the formation of what should be known as the People's Party of the United States of America.

2. That we most heartily endorse the demands of the platforms as adopted at St. Louis, Mo., in 1889, Ocala, Fla., in 1890, and Omaha, Neb., in 1891, by industrial organizations there represented, summarized as follows:

(*a*) The right to make and issue money is a sovereign power to be maintained by the people for the common benefit · hence we demand the abolition of national banks as banks of issue, and as a substitute for national bank notes we demand that legal-tender Treasury notes be issued in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis, without damage or especial advantage to any class or calling, such notes to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, and such notes when demanded by the people shall be loaned to them at not more than 2 per cent per annum upon non-perishable products, as indicated in the Sub-Treasury plan, and also upon real estate, with proper limitation upon the quantity of land and amount of money.

(*b*) We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

(*c*) We demand the passage of laws prohibiting alien ownership of land, and that Congress take prompt action to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates, and that all land held by railroads and other corporations in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only.

(*d*) Believing the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, we demand that taxation—national, State, or municipal—shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another.

(*e*) We demand that all revenues—national, State, or county—shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government, economically and honestly administered.

(*f*) We demand a just and equitable system of graduated tax on income.

(*g*) We demand the most rigid, honest, and just national control and supervision of the means of public communication and transportation, and if this control and supervision does not remove the abuses now existing, we demand the Government ownership of such means of communication and transportation.

(*h*) We demand the election of President, Vice-President, and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

3. That we urge the united action of all progressive organizations in attending the conference called for February 22, 1892, by six of the leading reform organizations.

4. That a national central committee be appointed by this Conference, to be composed of a chairman to be elected by this body and of three members from each State represented, to be named by each State delegation.

5. That this Central Committee shall represent this body, attend the National Conference on February 22, 1892, and if possible unite with that and all other reform organizations there assembled. If no satisfactory arrangement can be effected, this committee shall call a National Convention not later than June 1, 1892, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice-President.

6. That the members of the Central Committee for each State where there is no independent political organization conduct an active system of political agitation in their respective States.

The following additional resolutions not a part of the platform were also adopted:

Resolved, That the question of universal suffrage be recommended to the favorable consideration of the various States and Territories.

Resolved, That while the party in power in 1869 pledged the faith of the nation to pay a debt in coin that had been contracted on a depreciated currency basis and payable in currency, thus adding nearly one billion dollars to the burdens of the people, which meant gold for the bond-holders and depreciated currency for the soldier, and holding that the men who imperilled their lives to save the life of a nation should have been paid in money as good as that paid to the bond-holders, we demand the issue of legal-tender Treasury notes in sufficient amount to make the pay of the soldiers equal to par with coin, or such other legislation as shall do equal and exact justice to the Union soldiers of this country.

Resolved, That as eight hours constitute a legal day's work for Government employés in mechanical departments, we believe this principle should be further extended so as to apply to all corporations employing labor in the different States of the Union.

Resolved, That this conference condemns in unmeasured terms the action of the directors of the World's Columbian Exposition, on May 19, in refusing the maximum rate of wages asked for by the labor organizations of Chicago.

Resolved, That the Attorney-General of the United States should make immediate provision to submit the act of March 2, 1889, providing for the opening of Oklahoma to homestead settlement, to the United States Supreme Court, so that the expensive and dilatory litigation now pending there be ended.

Nationalism.

The following statement of the principles of "Nationalism," public interest in which has been awakened by Mr. Bellamy's novel of "Looking Backward," is from the pen of Edward S. Huntington, Secretary of the Boston Nationalist Club:

The Nationalists, seeing the inevitable evolutionary inclinations toward association and combination in all business enterprises, as illustrated in the huge trusts and syndicates of our present age, believe in the wisdom of forming, eventually, one grand industrial association for the benefit of the whole people. The Nationalists advocate the gradual assumption by the municipal, State and national governments of all public duties now performed by private corporations. They demand that the load of oppression by monopolies shall be lifted from the shoulders of our American citizens.

Nationalism offers for public consideration the following measures of reform: 1. The governmental control of all telegraphs, telephones and express companies. 2. The nationalization of all railroads. 3. The public ownership of all coal mines, oil and gas wells now in operation or hereafter discovered. 4. The municipal control of all lighting, heating and street-car service, or such other town or city duties as are now discharged by private companies.

It is understood, of course, that all these monopolies and large industries which come into national, State or municipal control shall be carried on for use and not for profit. The hours of labor will be more reasonable, and a more humane treatment of all workers established.

In the change of industries from private to public control, the Nationalists aim at no confiscation. The holders of valuable securities in any property taken by the public shall either receive fair dividends on such investments, or they shall be reimbursed outright at a fair estimate of the real value of such possessions.

One of the chief reforms insisted upon by the Nationalists is that children shall be given an education till the age of 17 years, and this education shall be compulsory. They propose that the present limit of the school age (14 years) shall be raised, year by year, as rapidly as public sentiment will allow, and in cases of poverty partial State support shall be given to such children while attending school; child labor in factories and mines shall be absolutely prohibited by the most stringent laws.

National League for the Protection of American Institutions.

President, John Jay; Vice-Presidents, William Strong, William H. Parsons; General Secretary, James M. King; Treasurer, William Fellowes Morgan; Law Committee, William Allen Butler, Dorman B. Eaton, Cephas Brainerd, Henry E. Howland and Stephen A. Walker. Offices, 140 Nassau Street, New-York.

The League, which is entirely non-partisan and unsectarian, was incorporated December 24, 1889, under an act of the New-York Legislature. Its objects are "to secure constitutional and legislative safeguards for the protection of the common school system and other American institutions, and to promote public instruction in harmony with such institutions, and to prevent all sectarian or denominational appropriations of public funds." As an important step to this end the League proposes to secure the passage of the following amendment to the Constitution of the United States: "No State shall pass any law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or use its property or credit, or any money raised by taxation, or authorize either to be used, for the purpose of founding, maintaining or aiding, by appropriation, payment for services, expenses or otherwise, any church, religious denomination or religious society, or any institution, society or undertaking, which is wholly, or in part, under sectarian or ecclesiastical control."

It will also endeavor to procure similar amendments to the State constitutions. The League has been in active operation since May, 1890, and already has many thousands of adherents distributed throughout every State and Territory. Many religious and secular organizations have formally approved its principles. Auxiliary leagues are being organized and local secretaries appointed in all the States, and correspondence and co-operation is invited from citizens in sympathy throughout the country.

The Single Tax Platform.

PLATFORM ADOPTED AT THE CONFERENCE OF THE SINGLE TAX NATIONAL LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES, AT COOPER UNION, NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 3, 1890.

At the meeting of the Single Tax National League of the United States, held at Cooper Union, New-York, September 3, 1890, Henry George, as Chairman of the Committee on Platform and Address, reported the following, which was adopted:

We assert as our fundamental principle the self-evident truth enunciated in the Declaration of American Independence, that all men are created equal and are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights.

We hold that all men are equally entitled to the use and enjoyment of what God has created and of what is gained by the general growth and improvement of the community of which they are a part. Therefore, no one should be permitted to hold natural opportunities without a fair return to all for any special privilege thus accorded to him, and that that value which the growth and improvement of the community attaches to land should be taken for the use of the community; that each is entitled to all that his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of labor.

To carry out these principles, we are in favor of raising all public revenues for national, State, county and municipal purposes by a single tax upon land values, irrespective of improvements, and all the obligations of all forms of direct and indirect taxation.

Since in all our States we now levy some tax on the value of land, the single tax can be instituted by the simple and easy way of abolishing, one after another, all other taxes now levied and commensurately increasing the tax on land values until we draw upon that one source for all expenses of government, the revenue being divided between local governments, State government, and the general government, as the revenue from direct tax is now divided between the local and State governments, or by a direct assessment being made by the general government upon the States and paid by them from revenues collected in this manner.

The single tax would:

1st. Take the weight of taxation off the agricultural districts when land has little or no value irrespective of improvements and put it on towns and cities where bare land rises to a value of millions of dollars per acre.

2d. Dispense with a multiplicity of taxes and a horde of tax-gatherers, simplify government and greatly reduce its cost.

3d. Do away with the fraud, corruption and gross inequality inseparable from our present methods of taxation, which allow the rich to escape while they grind the poor.

4th. Give us with all the world as perfect freedom of trade as now exists between the States of our Union, thus enabling our people to share through free exchanges in all the advantages which nature has given to other countries, or which the peculiar skill of other peoples has enabled them to attain. It would destroy the trusts, monopolies and corruptions, which are the outgrowths of the tariff.

5th. It would, on the other hand, by taking for public use that value which attaches to land by reason of the growth and improvement of the community, make the holding of land unprofitable to the mere owner and profitable only to the user. It would thus make it impossible for speculators and monopolists to hold natural opportunities unused or only half used, and would throw open to labor the illimitable field of employment which the earth offers to man. It would thus solve the labor problem, do away with involuntary poverty, raise wages in all occupations to the full earnings of labor, make overproduction impossible until all human wants are satisfied, render labor-saving inventions a blessing to all, and cause such an enormous production and such an equitable distribution of wealth as would give to all comfort, leisure and participation in the advantages of an advancing civilization.

With respect to monopolies other than monopoly of land, we hold that when free competition becomes impossible, as in telegraphs, railroads, water and gas supplies, etc., such business becomes a proper social function which should be controlled and managed by and for the whole people concerned through their proper government, local, State or national, as may be.

The following are the officers of the Single Tax League of the United States: Chairman, **Louis F. Post**; Treasurer, August Lewis; Secretary, George St. John Leavens, 42 University Place, New-York.

Whom Protection Protects.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in preparing his annual report of 1886, applied to Worthington C. Ford, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the State Department, E. B. Elliott, the United States Government Actuary, and Professor Simon Newcomb, Superintendent of the Nautical Almanac, Navy Department, severally, for an estimate of the number of persons in the United States engaged in gainful occupations, classified as those who cannot be subjected to foreign competition and those who can, in part, be subjected to foreign competition.

Each of these statistical experts made a report. Mr. Ford stated that the total number of persons engaged in gainful occupations in the United States, according to the census of 1880, was 17,392,099, divided as follows: Agriculture, 7,670,493; manufactures, mechanics, and mining, 3,837,112; professional and personal, 4,074,238; trade and transportation, 1,810,256. Setting aside the last two classes as not being subject to foreign competition, Mr. Ford arrived at the following result:

Population of the United States in gainful occupations not subject to competition	.....	16,564,914
" " " " " subject " "	.....	827,184

the percentage being 4.7 per cent.

Mr. Elliott, by a different process, reached the conclusion that the number of persons who were directly subjected in part to foreign competition was 825,000, or about 4¾ per cent.

Professor Newcomb reported that his estimate of the persons subject to foreign competition was 905,585, or 5 2-10 per cent of the industrial population, concluding with the observation: "If trade were entirely free, the fraction of our present industrial population injuriously subject to foreign competition would not exceed 7 per cent." In other words, 93 per cent of the people are taxed to protect and enrich seven per cent.

The Australian Ballot System.

WHAT is termed the Australian Ballot System, the professed purposes of which are to secure the secrecy of the ballot and prevent the intimidation or corrupting of the voter, was practically introduced into the United States in 1888 by its adoption by law in the State of Massachusetts and the city of Louisville, Ky. The principle of this system was embodied in the so-called Saxton bill, which passed the New-York Legislature in the sessions of 1888 and 1889, and was vetoed both times by Governor Hill, on the ground of its unconstitutionality, in that it would embarrass, hinder and impede voters in exercising the suffrage, and would, for one class of voters, the blind and illiterate, destroy the secrecy of the ballot by compelling an avowal of their votes as a condition of exercising the right. At the instance of Governor Hill, a reformed ballot bill, or modification of the Saxton bill, was introduced in the Legislature in the session of 1889, but was not passed; but another bill, a compromise of the Hill und Saxton plans, met with success in 1890, and it was amended in some particulars, without changing its general form, in 1891.

In 1889, following the example of Massachusetts, the Legislatures of Indiana, Montana, Rhode-Island, Wisconsin, Tennessee, Minnesota, Missouri, Michigan and Connecticut, in the order given, passed laws adopting the new system of voting. Most of the laws passed adhered closely to the Massachusetts form. The Connecticut form varied from it more than the others. In 1890 laws which are more or less modifications of the Australian system were adopted by the Legislatures of Washington, New-York, Maryland, New-Jersey and Vermont.

PROGRESS IN 1891.

In 1891 the Legislatures of the States of Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Maine, Nebraska, Nevada, New-Hampshire, North-Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South-Dakota and West-Virginia, and the Territory of Arizona adopted laws based on the Australian system.

This left but twelve States and Territories without this law—to wit: the Western States of Iowa and Kansas, the eight Southern States of Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, and the Territories of Utah and New-Mexico. It is safe to assume that Iowa, whose Legislature was not in session in 1891, will this year fall into line, and that other States, the Legislatures of which, under the biennial system, will sit next year, will join the majority. In Kansas last year a reformed ballot bill passed one branch of the Legislature.

FORM OF BALLOT.

The distinctive feature of the ballot practice in New-South-Wales is, that the names of all the candidates being on one ticket, the names of persons for whom the voter does not wish to vote must be crossed off, a blue lead-pencil being provided for the purpose by the authorities, while there are clearly printed on the ticket, in red ink, directions as to how many candidates must be voted for. If more than the limit are voted for the ballot is informal.

Under the New-York and New-Jersey laws each party ticket is printed on a separate ballot. For straight voting, therefore, no marking is required. For the benefit mainly of the illiterate or blind, as claimed, the paster ballot is permitted in New-York.

In all the other States which have adopted the reformed system of voting, the single or "blanket" ballot is used. All the names in nomination are printed on one sheet, the voter's choice to be indicated by marking. There are two methods used of grouping the names of the candidates. The Australian plan arranges the titles of the offices alphabetically, the names of the candidates, and usually their party connection, being attached.

The States which follow this plan, with more or less variation in the form, but preserving the feature of alphabetical arrangement of titles of offices to be voted for, are California, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New-Hampshire, Oregon, Rhode-Island, Tennessee, Vermont, Washington and Wyoming.

The other form groups all names and offices by parties. It is illustrated by the following diagram of a ballot:

Democratic.	Republican.	Prohibition.	People's.
O	O	O	O
For Governor.	*For Governor.*	*For Governor.*	*For Governor.*
▭ William Smith.	▭ Thomas Jones.	▭ John Brown.	▭ Henry Robinson.

The voter of a straight ticket marks a cross in the circle at the head of his ticket. The voter who scatters marks the squares opposite the names of all the candidates on the tickets.

The States and Territories which use this plan, with or without immaterial variations, are Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Maryland, Missouri, Ohio, Wisconsin and Oklahoma.

The Farmers' Alliance.

FARMERS' ORGANIZATIONS.

WITHIN fifteen years numerous distinct organizations of farmers (sometimes in union with other industrial bodies) have sprung up in the United States, and several of the larger still maintain a separate existence. The oldest of these associations is the **National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry,** with some twenty-six thousand subordinate granges in the States and Territories. This is a strictly non-political organization. Other important organizations are the **Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association,** which claims to have a half million members, mostly in the Western States; the **National Farmers' League,** mainly an Eastern association; the **Patrons of Industry,** with headquarters in Michigan and membership in that and adjacent States; the **National Colored Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union,** composed of negroes, and naturally strongest in the Southern States; the **National Farmers' Alliance,** which was born at Chicago in 1880, and is composed of State Alliances in some fifteen States, with scattered societies in others, and is familiarly termed the "North-Western Alliance;" and the **National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union.** While these organizations overlap each other in many States, and many persons belong to more than one, the combined membership is claimed to be not less than three millions, representing, in reality, the largest industrial class interest in the United States.

THE NATIONAL FARMERS' ALLIANCE AND INDUSTRIAL UNION.

The largest of these organizations is the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, which has its headquarters at Washington, D. C., and is numerically strongest in the Southern States, and is moderately represented in some of the Central Western States. A history of the origin and growth of this organization was printed in THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1891. It has developed out of several smaller bodies, mainly in the South and Southwest, and came into national prominence at a convention held at Ocala, Fla., in December 1890, when it put forth a platform of radical demands, a conspicuous feature of which was the sub-treasury scheme, so called. The officers of the National Farmers' Alliance are as follows:

President.....Col. L. L. POLK, North-Carolina.
Vice-President.....B. H. CLOVER, Kansas.
Secretary-Treasurer.....J. H. TURNER, Georgia.
Lecturer.....J. F. Willetts, Kansas.

Executive Board: Chairman, C. W. Macune; A. Wardall, J. F. Tillman. *Judiciary Department:* Chairman, R. C. Patty; Isaac McCracken, A. E. Cole. *Legislative Committee:* C. W. Macune and A. Wardall.

The President, Secretary and Chairman of Executive Board have their headquarters at 239 North Capitol Street, Washington, D. C.

THE SUB-TREASURY SCHEME.

The sub-treasury scheme, briefly described, contemplates the establishment in each of the counties of each of the States, when demanded by one hundred or more of the citizens of said counties, a branch of the Treasury Department.

A suitable warehouse shall be erected, and any owner of cotton, wheat, corn, oats or tobacco may deposit the same in the sub-treasury nearest the point of its production, and receive therefor Treasury notes, equal at the date of deposit to 80 per centum of the net value of such products at the market price, said price to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, under rules and regulations prescribed, based upon the price current in the leading cotton, tobacco or grain markets of the United States.

It will be the duty of the manager of a sub-Treasury, when cotton, grain or tobacco is received by him on deposit, as above provided, to give a warehouse receipt showing the amount and grade or quality of such cotton, tobacco or grain, and its value at date of deposit; the amount of Treasury notes the sub-treasury has advanced on the product; that the interest on the money so advanced is at the rate of 1 per centum per annum; expressly stating the amount of insurance, weighing, classing, warehousing and other charges that will run against such deposit of cotton, grain or tobacco. All such warehouse receipts shall be negotiable by endorsement.

That the cotton, grain or tobacco deposited in the sub-treasury may be redeemed by the holder of the warehouse receipt herein provided for, either at the sub-treasury in which the product is deposited, or at any other sub-treasury, by the surrender of such warehouse receipt and the payment in lawful money of the United States of the same amount originally advanced by the sub-treasury against the product, and such further amount as may be necessary to discharge all interest that may have accrued against the advance of money made on the deposit of produce, and all insurance, warehouse and other charges that attach to the product for warehousing and handling.

FUTURE MOVEMENTS.

Members of the National Farmers' Alliance are not at all united as to the feasibility of the sub-treasury scheme. It is bitterly opposed inside the limits of the organization, and denounced as impracticable and unconstitutional.

A conference of the two largest of the farmers and industrial organizations, the National Farmers' Alliance and the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, was held at Indianapolis, Ind., November 17–20, 1891, and a strong effort was made by the National Committee of the People's Party to bring about an amalgamation. The movement failed, but, as was claimed by the chairman of the People's Party committee, it will be successfully renewed at the forthcoming convention at Cincinnati of all the industrial forces of the country to be held in February.

To this convention the managers of the several organizations who favor the third party movement are bending their energies, and upon it they have concentrated their hopes. But a large element of the Alliance membership has manifested opposition to its committal to the separate party movement. This element is composed of Southern Democrats, who declare that they will struggle for the objects of the Alliance within the lines of their own party, but will not abandon that party for any other.

The Organized Labor Movement.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

President.....SAMUEL GOMPERS, 21 Clinton Place, New York.
Secretary.....CHRIS. EVANS, 21 Clinton Place, New York.

REGISTER OF THE NATIONAL TRADES UNIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

TRADES.	Titles of Trades Unions.	Official Addresses.	No. of Local Unions	Total Membership.
Axe-makers	Axe and Edge Tool-makers' National Union	Box 300, Reedsville, Pa.	6	1,200
Bakers	Journeymen Bakers' National Union	85 East 4th St., New-York	81	17,500
Barbers	National Union of Barbers	J. C. Meyers, Box 448, St. Paul, Minn.	45	1,200
Blacksmiths	Blacksmiths' National Union	W. Mullen, Atlanta, Ga.	17	1,400
Boiler-makers	International Brotherhood of Iron Shipbuilders.	39 King St., New-York	32	10,000
Book-keepers	Federation of Book-keepers	711 Parade St., Erie, Pa.	30	2,000
Box-makers	Box Sawyers' and Nailers' Union	1005 N. 14th St., St. Louis, Mo.	30	1,500
Brewers	Brewery Workmen's National Union	171 Allen St., New-York City	61	9,500
Bottle-blowers	Druggists' Ware Glass-blowers' League, East.	19 3d Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	26	3,500
"	" " " West.	L. Arrington, Box 173, Massillon, O.	35	4,500
Brakemen	Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen	Galesburgh, Ill., W. A. Sheahon	370	16,000
Bricklayers	Inter. Bricklayers' and Stonemasons' Union	Thos. O'Dea, Cohoes, N. Y.	220	35,000
Carpenters	Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of Amer.	P. O. Box 884, Philadelphia, Pa.	740	65,000
"	Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners	Geo. Cavanagh, 226 W. 20th St., N.Y.	40	2,800
Cigar-makers	Cigar-makers' International Union	Fitch Institute, Buffalo, N. Y.	310	27,000
Carriage-makers	Carriage and Wagon-makers' Union	63 Magnolia St., Allegheny, Pa.	11	2,000
Clerks	Clerks' National Protective Association	403 B'way, Logansport, Ind.	14	1,500
Coopers	National Union of Coopers of the United States	Titusville, Pa., William Strong	31	2,500
Coal-miners	United Mine Workers of America	Clinton Bldg., Columbus, O.	300	20,000
Conductors	Order of Railroad Conductors	Toledo, O.	240	10,000
Engineers	Amalgamated Society of Engineers	238 E. 21st St., New-York City	57	3,500
"	Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers	Cleveland, O., P. M. Arthur	400	30,000
"	Brotherhood of Stationary Engineers	Cincinnati, O., G. G. Minor	120	6,000
Electricians	Electrical Workers' Union	68 3d Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.	12	2,000
Firemen	Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen	Terre Haute, Ind., Eug. V. Debbs	472	23,317
Furniture-workers	Furniture-workers' Union of America	949 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.	45	8,000
Garment-workers	United Garment-workers of America	73 Skillman Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.	24	4,000
Glass-employés	Glass-employés' Association of America	508 W. Centre St., Fostoria, O.	5	750
Glass-workers	Flint Glass-workers' Union of North America	16 Excelsior Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.	100	7,000
"	Green Glass Pressers' Union	2641 Salmon St., Philadelphia, Pa.	15	3,000
"	Glass Packers' and Sorters' Protective Union	Millville, N. J., W. J. Dummett	—	1,500
Grinders	Table Knife Grinders' National Union	Bay State, Mass.	11	1,000
Granite-cutters	Granite-cutters' National Union	J. B. Dyer, 98 Main St., Concord, N.H.	75	20,000
Hatters	Hat-finishers' International Association of N. A.	6 Pulaski St., Brooklyn, N. Y.	13	5,500
"	Hat-makers' International Association of N. A.	523 Snyder Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.	12	3,500
"	Silk Hatters' Association	New-York	—	1,000
"	Wool Hatters' Association	Matteawan, N. Y., A. M. Taylor	—	2,000
Hair-spinners	Hair-spinners' National Union of America	204 Frederic Ave., Baltimore, Md.	5	1,000
Harness-makers	Saddle and Harness-makers' N. F. of America	107 Chestnut St., Boston, Mass.	20	2,000
Horse-shoers	Horseshoers' Association	367 E. 67th St., New-York	—	5,000
Horse-collar-makers	Horse-collar-makers' Union	918 Geiger St., Louisville, Ky.	35	3,000
Iron-moulders	Iron-moulders' Union of North America	P. O. Box 388, Cincinnati, O.	269	41,000
Iron & Cornice-workers	Sheet-iron and Cornice-workers' Inter. Union	74 E. Diamond St., Allegheny, Pa.	63	3,000
Iron & Steel-workers	Amalgamated Assoc. of Iron and Steel-workers.	Pittsburgh, Pa., William Weihe	311	60,000
Laborers	Building Laborers' and Hod-carriers' N. U.	26 Colony St., S. Boston, Mass.	60	12,000
Machinists	National Association of Machinists	J. J. Creamer, Richmond, Va.	140	10,000
"	Machinists' International Union	N. Morse, 85 East 4th St., N. Y.	24	2,700
Musicians	Musicians' National League	Philadelphia, Pa., Jacob Beck	60	11,000
Pattern-makers	National Pattern-makers' League	Philadelphia, Pa., W. J. Johnson	36	11,000
Painters & Decorators	Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators of Am.	1314 N. Fulton Ave., Baltimore, Md.	180	16,000
Piano-makers	Piano-makers' Union	George H. McVey, New-York City	67	6,000
Plasterers	Operative Plasterers' International Union	Robert Tenary, Pittsburgh, Pa.	80	14,000
Plumbers	Journeymen Plumbers' and Gasfitters' Union	Newark, N. J., J. A. Harris	42	7,000
Printers	International Typographical Union	Indianapolis, Ind., W. S. McClevey	290	2[illegible],000
"	German-American Typographia	200 Worth St., New-York City	29	3,400
Quarrymen	Quarrymen's National Union of America	J. J. Byron, Quincy, Mass.	20	2,500
Seamen	Atlantic Coast International Union	258 Commercial St., Boston, Mass.	10	3,600
Shoe-lasters	Lasters' Protective Union	620 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.	81	12,000
Shoemakers	Boot and Shoemakers' International Union	325 Washington St., Boston, Mass.	75	10,000
Silk-workers	National Federation of Silk-workers	98 Lawrence St., N. Y. City	16	1,500
Spinners	Mulespinners' Union	Box 143, Fall River, Mass.	9	9,000
Stereotypers	Stereotypers' Union, New York and Vicinity	Joseph Dean (Tel. Office), N. Y. City	—	700
Stone-cutters	Stone-cutters	Thos. Ward, Box 2260, St. Paul, Minn.	12	1,400
Switchmen	Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association	15 Pacific Ave., Chicago, Ill.	107	7,000
Tack-makers	Tack-makers' Union	South Abington Station, Mass.	6	400
Tailors	Journeymen Tailors' Union of America	85 E. 7th St., New-York	170	17,000
Tanners	United Brotherhood of Tanners & Curriers of A.	649 Island Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.	9	900
Telegraphers	Brotherhood of Telegraphers	219 W. Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.	70	800
Textile-workers	Textile-workers' Progressive Union of America.	Philadelphia, Pa., O. Seidel	25	9,000
Tile-layers	Mosaic and Encaustic Tile-maker's' Nat. Union.	E. Dunlay, 137 W. 100th St., N. Y.	9	3,000
Waiters	Waiters' and Bartenders' National Union	Julius Leckel, 385 Bowery, N. Y.	9	750
Weavers	Elastic Web-weavers	800 Linden St., Camden, N. J.	5	300
Wood-carvers	Wood-carvers' National Union	J. Holz, 30 Pitt St., New-York	15	800
Wood-workers	Machine-workers' International Union	T. I. Kidd, Box 513, Chicago, Ill.	14	2,200
Total, 1890-91			....	675,117

At the annual convention of the Knights of Labor, at Toledo, O., in November, 1891, a membership of 200,000 was reported, but no exact figures were given. T. V. Powderly, of Scranton, Pa., was re-elected General Master Workman.

The Organized Labor Movement in the United States.

PROGRESS OF THE MOVEMENT.

THE first strike in this country occurred in New-York City in 1803, when a number of sailors struck for an advance of wages.

1806. The tailors this year established the first organization in the United States, in the present form of a trades-union.

1819. The hatters organized a union of their craft.

1825-30. The Columbia Charitable Association of Shipwrights and Caulkers was organized.

1825. As early as this year the questions of shorter hours of work, better wages and protection of operatives in factories were being agitated, and during the years that immediately followed social unions of different crafts were springing up in cities and manufacturing centres.

1828. The Workingmen's Party, a local political organization in New-York, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities appeared.

1829. At the State election in New-York a workingmen's ticket was put in the field, and elected one candidate to the Legislature—Ebenezer Ford, of New-York.

1831. First local unions of printers.

1831. The New-England Association of Farmers, Mechanics and Workingmen formed.

1832. Ten-hour movement among the shipwrights and caulkers throughout New-England cities was followed by strikes, which proved unsuccessful.

1834. A mechanics' convention met at Utica, N. Y., and protested against convict labor.

1835. From this year onward strikes occurred in the different trades from time to time, with varying results.

1840. About this time many trades were organized, and some were enrolled in Labor Reform associations.

1840. President Van Buren established the ten-hour system for all employés of the Government in the Navy Yards.

1844-45. First effort of co-operation in connection with the labor movement originated in Boston.

1845. The New-England Workingmen's Association was organized in Boston.

1845, October 12. The first Industrial Congress of the United States convened in New-York.

1847. New-Hampshire passed a law making ten hours a legal day's work.

1850. The labor agitation at this period was principally directed to a reduction in hours of work by legal enactment. It entered into politics, and many candidates were run on that issue.

1850-60. National and international trades-unions were organized, granting charters to local bodies and organizing new branches, from Maine to California.

1861-65. The eight-hour movement obtained great impetus during the war.

1864. The Cigarmakers' International Union was formed.

1866. There was a revival of the labor movement, and many new organizations were formed.

1866. An eight-hour bill for the benefit of Government employés was introduced in Congress, and finally became a law in 1868 by the signature of President Johnson.

1866. First National Labor Congress met at Baltimore, August 20. This body met annually in different cities for several years.

1869. The Knights of Labor were organized in Philadelphia.

The labor movement from 1870 to the present time has been a continuous growth in the number of trades-unions and increase in their membership, attended by strikes, lockouts and settlements by arbitration, the agitation for labor legislation and efforts at political party organization. Congress created a National Bureau of Labor in 1884, and this was erected into an independent department of the Government in 1888.

Most of the trades-unions organizations in the United States were represented at a convention held at Columbus, O., in December, 1886, when a National organization was formed, a constitution adopted, and the title taken of The American Federation of Labor. This body and the Order of Knights of Labor of America (which is a secret order) are the two principal National labor organizations of the United States.

EIGHT-HOUR LAWS.

Alabama.—Eight hours of labor constitutes a day's work for a woman or a child under eighteen (18) years of age in a mechanical or manufacturing business.

California.—Eight hours of labor constitute a day's work, unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated by the parties to a contract. A stipulation that eight-hours' labor constitute a day's work must be made a part of all contracts to which the State or any municipal corporation therein is a party. But in the case of drivers, conductors and grip-men of street-cars for the carriage of passengers, a day's work consists of twelve hours. It is a misdemeanor for any person having a minor child under his control, either as ward or apprentice, to require such child to labor more than eight hours in any one day, except in vinicultural or horticultural pursuits, or in domestic or household occupations.

Connecticut.—Eight hours of labor constitute a lawful day's work, unless otherwise agreed.

Idaho.—Eight hours' actual work constitutes a lawful day's work on all State and municipal works.

Illinois.—Eight hours are a legal day's work in all mechanical employments, except on farms, and when otherwise agreed; does not apply to service by the day, week or month, or prevent contracts for longer hours.

Indiana.—Eight hours of labor constitutes a legal day's work for all classes of mechanics, workingmen and laborers, excepting those engaged in agricultural and domestic labor. Overwork by agreement and for extra compensation is permitted.

Missouri.—Eight hours constitute a day's work, unless otherwise expressly stipulated by the parties to a contract. This does not apply to persons hired or employed by the month, or to agricultural laborers or farm hands.

New-Mexico.—Eight hours of labor actually performed upon a mining claim constitute a day's work, the value of the same being fixed at four dollars.

New-York.—Eight hours constitute a day's work for mechanics, workingmen and laborers, except in farm or domestic labor, but overwork for extra pay is permitted. The law applies to those employed by the State or municipality, or by persons contracting for State work.

Ohio.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work in all engagements to labor in any mechanical, manufacturing or mining business, unless otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. But in case of conductors, engineers, firemen, brakemen or trainmen of railroads, a day's work consists of ten hours.

Pennsylvania.—Eight hours, between rising and setting of sun, constitute a day's work in the absence of an agreement for longer time. The law does not apply to farm labor or to service by the year, month, etc.; but in case of employés of street railway companies a day's work consists of twelve hours.

Wisconsin.—In all engagements to labor in any manufacturing or mechanical business, where there is no express contract to the contrary, a day's work shall consist of eight hours; but the law does not apply to contracts for labor by the week, month or year. In all manufactories, workshops or other places used for mechanical or

ORGANIZED LABOR MOVEMENT—*Continued.*

manufacturing purposes, the time of labor of children under the age of eighteen, and of women employed therein, shall not exceed eight hours in one day.

Wyoming.—Eight hours' actual work constitutes a legal day's work in all mines and on all State and municipal works.

United States.—Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics who may be employed by or on behalf of the United States.

ANTI-BOYCOTTING AND ANTI-BLACKLISTING LAWS.

The States having laws prohibiting *boycotting* in terms are Illinois and Wisconsin.

The States having laws prohibiting *blacklisting* in terms are Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, North-Dakota and Wisconsin.

The following States have laws which may be fairly construed as prohibiting *boycotting:* Alabama, Connecticut, Georgia, Indiana, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, New-Hampshire, New-York, North-Dakota, Oregon, Rhode-Island, South-Dakota, Texas and Vermont.

The following States have laws which may be fairly construed as prohibiting *blacklisting:* Georgia, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, New-Hampshire, New-York, Oregon, Rhode-Island, South-Dakota and Texas.

In New-York it is a misdemeanor for any employer to exact an agreement, either written or verbal, from an employé not to join or become a member of any labor organization, as a condition of securing or continuing in employment.

THE WORLD ALMANAC is indebted to Commissioner Wright, of the U. S. Department of Labor, for the summary of eight hours, anti-boycotting and anti-blacklisting laws.

The Eleventh United States Census.

"AN act to provide for taking the eleventh and subsequent censuses" was approved by President Cleveland March 1, 1889. It provided that a census of the population, wealth and industry of the United States should be taken June 1, 1890. The office of Superintendent of the Census was created, with an annual salary of $6,000 attached.

The enumeration of the people of the United States began June 1, and was completed in about three months. Partial results of the inquiry were reported in bulletins issued by the Census Office during 1891, and other bulletins gave statistics, more or less complete, of agriculture, churches, education, fisheries, insurance, mining, transportation, the insane, blind and deaf, pauperism, Jewish population, wealth, debt and taxation. The superintendent has announced that the work of the office is now so well advanced that the present year will witness its practical completion. A large part of the office force employed on the population tables and some inquiries, which are finished, have been discharged, and the employés have been narrowed to the actual requirements of the work in hand.

The results of the eleventh census will be printed in thirteen volumes. The first volume will give all the data as to population by States, counties and towns, nativity, color, etc.; volume two, health and physical conditions, vital and morality statistics; volume three, public schools, illiteracy, pauperism and crime, and churches and religious denominations; volume four, trades and professions; volume five, survivors of the late war; volume six, wealth, taxation, public indebtedness, and estimated values of property; volume seven, indebtedness of business corporations and individuals, including mortgage indebtedness; volume eight, agricultural statistics; volume nine, manufactures; volume ten, mines and mining; volume eleven, fish and fisheries; volume twelve, transportation, railways, navigation, telegraphs and telephones; volume thirteen, insurance.

The Superintendent of the Census is Robert P. Porter, of New-York. His Chief Clerk is Albert F. Childs. The Census Office is now at the Inter-Ocean Building, on Ninth Street, Washington, D. C.

A list of the experts engaged on the census, each having the title of special agent, was printed in THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1891.

A PERMANENT CENSUS BUREAU PROPOSED.

The Superintendent of the Census has prepared a report upon the expediency of establishing a permanent census bureau, together with a draft of a bill prescribing its organization, duties, etc. This has been done in response to a resolution adopted by the Senate in February last. In connection with the preparation of the report, the Superintendent has been in correspondence with the Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade of the principal cities of the country, with officers of State Boards of Health, State Bureaus of Labor and agricultural organizations, State Superintendents of Education, prominent clergymen, and officers of institutions for the insane, deaf, blind, etc. The inquiry has shown great unanimity of opinion in favor of a permanent bureau.

The bill provides for a permanent Superintendent of Census, chief clerk, disbursing officer and five expert chiefs of divisions, together with an office force, the aggregate cost of which, the superintendent estimates, will not exceed $200,000 annually. The entire permanent force of the office is to be under civil service rules. The date of the enumeration is changed to October 1, as nearly all statisticians seem to agree that an enumeration taken from October 1 to 15 would bring most satisfactory results in cities and towns of over 8,000 inhabitants. With a permanent census, conducted in accordance with the proposed new bill, the total official count of the population of the country by States should be announced before the close of the year in which the census is taken. The bill provides for an increased number of supervisors and for supervisors' clerks, and reduces the size of enumeration districts.

Naturalization Laws of the United States.

THE conditions under and the manner in which an alien may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States are prescribed by Sections 2165-74 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

DECLARATION OF INTENTION.

The alien must declare upon oath before a circuit or district court of the United States, or a district or supreme court of the Territories, or a court of record of any of the States having common law jurisdiction, and a seal and clerk, two years at least prior to his admission, that it is, *bona fide*, his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince or State, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

OATH ON APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.

He must, at the time of his application to be admitted, declare on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, "that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, State or sovereignty, and particularly, by name, to the prince, potentate, State or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject, "which proceedings must be recorded by the clerk of the court."

CONDITIONS FOR CITIZENSHIP.

If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court to which the alien has applied that he has resided continuously within the United States for at least five years, and within the State or Territory where such court is at the time held one year at least; and that during that time "he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same," he will be admitted to citizenship.

TITLES OF NOBILITY.

If the applicant has borne any hereditary title or order of nobility, he must make an express renunciation of the same at the time of his application.

SOLDIERS.

Any alien of the age of twenty-one years and upward, who has been in the armies of the United States and has been honorably discharged therefrom, may become a citizen on his petition, without any previous declaration of intention, provided that he has resided in the United States at least one year previous to his application, and is of good moral character. (It is judicially decided that residence of one year in a particular State is not requisite.)

MINORS.

Any alien under the age of twenty-one years who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his arriving at that age, and who has continued to reside therein to the time he may make application to be admitted a citizen thereof, may, after he arrives at the age of twenty-one years, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen; but he must make a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for two years next preceding it has been his *bona fide* intention to become a citizen.

CHILDREN OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof.

CITIZENS' CHILDREN WHO ARE BORN ABROAD.

The children of persons who now are or have been citizens of the United States are, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, considered as citizens thereof.

CHINESE.

The naturalization of Chinamen is expressly prohibited by Section 14, Chapter 126, Laws of 1882.

PROTECTION ABROAD TO NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

Section 2000 of the Revised Statutes of the United States declares that "all naturalized citizens of the United States while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from this Government the same protection of persons and property which is accorded to native-born citizens."

THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

The right to vote comes from the State, and is a State gift. Naturalization is a Federal right, and is a gift of the Union, not of any one State. In nearly one half the Union aliens (who have declared intentions) vote and have the right to vote equally with naturalized or native-born citizens. In the other half only actual citizens may vote. (See Table of Qualifications for Voting in each State, on another page.) The Federal naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and provide that no alien may be naturalized until after five years' residence. Even after five years' residence and due naturalization he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the State confer the privilege upon him, and he may vote in one State (Minnesota) four months after landing, if he has immediately declared his intention, under United States law, to become a citizen.

Qualifications for Voting in Each State of the Union.

(Communicated to THE WORLD ALMANAC and corrected to date by the Attorneys-General of the respective States.)

In all of the States except Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women are entitled to vote at school elections in several States. They are entitled by local law to full suffrage in the State of Wyoming. (See article entitled "Woman Suffrage.")

STATES.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	PREVIOUS RESIDENCE REQUIRED.				Persons Excluded from Suffrage.
		In State.	In County.	In Town.	In Precinct.	
Alabama.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr...	3 mo..	30 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of treason or other crime punishable by imprisonment, idiots, or insane.
Arkansas*.... ..	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	1 mo..	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, until pardoned.
California*.....	Citizen by nativity, naturalization, or treaty of Queretaro.	1 yr...	90 dys.	.....	30 dys.	Chinese, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicted of infamous crime.
Colorado.....	Citizen or alien who has declared intention 4 months previous to offering to vote.	6 mo..	90 dys.	.....	10 dys.	Convicted of felony and unrestored to citizenship.
Connecticut*....	Citizen of United States who can read Constitution or statutes.	1 yr...	.....	6 mo..	.....	Convicted of any offence for which infamous punishment is inflicted.
Delaware*.....	Citizen and paying county tax after age 22.	1 yr...	1 mo..	.....	15 dys.	Idiots, insane, paupers, felons.
Florida*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention, who has paid capitation tax 2 years.	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	(*a*)	Insane, under guardianship, convicted of felony, or any infamous crime.
Georgia.....	Citizen of the United States....	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of crime punishable by imprisonment.
Idaho.....	Citizen of the United States....	6 mo..	30 dys.	.....	.....	Chinese, Indians, Mormons, felons, insane, convicted of bribery.
Illinois*.....	Citizen of the United States....	1 yr...	90 dys.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of crime punishable in penitentiary until pardoned and restored to rights.
Indiana*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention and resided 1 year in United States and 6 months in State.	6 mo..	.....	60 dys.	30 dys.	Convicted of crime and disfranchised by judgment of the court.
Iowa.....	Citizen of the United States....	6 mo..	60 dys.	.....	(*a*)	Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime. United States soldiers and marines not *bona fide* residents.
Kansas.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	6 mo..	.....	.....	30 dys.	Idiots, insane, convicts, rebels, public embezzlers, bribed.
Kentucky	Citizen of the United States.	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	60 dys.	Convicted of treason, felony, bribery at election, idiots, insane.
Louisiana.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	30 dys.	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason, embezzlement of public funds, all crime punishable by imprisonment in penitentiary.
Maine*	Citizen of the United States....	3 mo..	3 mo..	3 mo..	.....	Paupers, persons under guardianship, Indians not taxed.
Maryland*.....	Citizen of the United States....	1 yr...	6 mo..	.....	1 day.	A person over 21 years convicted of larceny or other infamous crime, unless pardoned, persons under guardianship, aslunatics or *non compos mentis*.
Massachusetts..	Citizen who can read Constitution in English, write, and has paid tax within 2 years.	1 yr...	.....	6 mo..	30 dys.	Paupers (except honorably discharged U. S. soldiers and sailors) and persons under guardianship.
Michigan*.....	Citizen or inhabitant who has declared intention under U. S. laws 6 months before election.	3 mo..	.....	10 dys.	10 dys.	Aliens who have not declared intention 6 months previous to election, Indians, duellists and accessories.
Minnesota*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention, and civilized Indians.	4 mo.†	10 dys.	.....	10 dys.	Convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned, persons under guardianship or insane.
Mississippi.....	Citizen of the United States who can read or understand Constitution after January 1, 1892.	2 yrs..	.....	.....	1 yr. (*b*)	Insane, Indians not taxed, felons, persons who have not paid taxes.
Missouri*.....	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention not less than one year or more than five before offering to vote.	1 yr...	60 dys.	60 dys.	.....	U. S. soldiers and marines, paupers, criminals convicted once until pardoned, felons and violators of suffrage laws convicted a second time.

* Australian Ballot Law or a modification of it in force. † And one year's residence in United States prior to voting. (*a*) Actual residence in the precinct or district required. (*b*) Clergymen are qualified after six months' residence in precinct.

States.	Requirements as to Citizenship.	Previous Residence Required.				Persons Excluded from Suffrage.
		In State.	In County.	In Town.	In Precinct.	
Montana*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	30 dys.	30 dys.	30 dys.	Indians, felons not pardoned.
Nebraska*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention thirty days prior to election.	6 mo.	40 dys.	.....	10 dys.	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned.
Nevada	Citizen of the United States	6 mo.	30 dys.	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unamnestied Confederates who bore arms against the United States.
N. Hampshire*	Inhabitant, native or naturalized.	6 mo.	.....	6 mo.	.....	Paupers (except honorably discharged U. S. soldiers and sailors), persons excused from paying taxes at their own request.
New-Jersey*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	5 mo.	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, persons convicted of crimes (unless pardoned), which exclude them from being witnesses, which crimes include blasphemy, treason, murder, rape, sodomy, arson, perjury, etc.
New-York*	Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ten days	1 yr.	4 mo.	.....	30 dys.	Convicted of bribery or any infamous crime, unless pardoned, bettors on result of any election at which they offer to vote, bribers for votes and the bribed.
North-Carolina.	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	90 dys.	.....	.....	Convicted of felony or other infamous rime.
North-Dakota*	Citizen of the United States, alien who has declared intention and civilized Indian.†	1 yr.	6 mo.	.....	90 dys.	United States soldiers and sailors, persons *non compos mentis*, and felons.
Ohio*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	30 dys.	.....	20 dys.	Felony until pardoned and restored to citizenship, idiots, insane.
Oregon*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention one year preceding election.	6 mo	.....	.....	.....	Idiots, insane, convicted of felony. United States soldiers and sailors, Chinese.
Pennsylvania	Citizen of the United States at least one month, and if 22 years old or more must have paid tax within two years.	1 yr ‡	.....	.....	2 mo.	Convicted of some offence whereby right of suffrage is forfeited, non-taxpayers.
Rhode-Island*	Citizen of United States	2 yrs	.....	6 mo.	.....	Paupers, lunatics, persons *non compos mentis*, convicted of bribery or infamous crime until restored to right to vote under guardianship.
South-Carolina.	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	60 dys.	.....	.....	Convicted of treason, murder, or other infamous crime, or of duelling, paupers, insane.
South-Dakota*	Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention.	6 mo.§	6 mo.	.....	30 dys.	Under guardianship, idiots, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned.
Tennessee*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	6 mo.	.....	(*a*)	Convicted of bribery or other infamous offence.
Texas	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	6 mo.	.....	(*a*)	Idiots, lunatics, paupers, supported by county, convicted of feleny, United States soldiers and seamen in service.
Vermont*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	.....	6 mo.	.....	Unpardoned convicts and deserters from United States military or naval service during civil war, ex-Confederates.
Virginia	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	3 mo.	3 mo.	30 dys.	Idiots, lunatics, convicted of bribery at election, embezzlement of public funds, treason, felony and petty larceny, duellists and abettors, unless pardoned by Legislature.
Washington*	Citizen of the United States	1 yr.	90 dys.	.....	30 dys.	Indians not taxed.
West-Virginia*	Citizen of the State	1 yr.	60 dys.	.....	(*a*)	Paupers, persons of unsound mind, convicted of treason, felony, or bribery at elections.
Wisconsin*	Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention.	1 yr.	.....	.....	10 dys.	Insane, under guardianship, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned.
Wyoming*	Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention.	6 mo.	30 dys.	.....	.....	Under guardianship, idiots, insane, unpardoned felon, bettors on elections.

For laws requiring Registration of Voters, see next page.

* Australian ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Indian must have several tribal relations two years next preceding the election. ‡ Or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native, he shall have removed and returned, then 6 months. § One year's residence in the United States prior to election required. (*a*) Actual residence in the precinct or district required.

Requirements Regarding the Registration of Voters.

(Continuation of "Qualifications for Voting," on preceding pages.)

THE registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Idaho, Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Mississippi, Nevada, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, North-Carolina, Pennsylvania, South-Carolina, Vermont, Virginia and Wyoming.

In Georgia registration is required in most counties by local law, and in South-Dakota in a few counties.

In Kansas registration is required in cities of the first and second class, in Nebraska in cities of and over 2,500 inhabitants, in North-Dakota in cities of over 3,000 and in Ohio in cities of not less than 9,000 inhabitants.

In Illinois registration is required for cities and general elections in the State.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 100,000 inhabitants, in Wisconsin in cities having 3,000 inhabitants and over, and in Kentucky having 5,000 inhabitants and over.

In New-York it is required in all cities and in all incorporated villages of over 7,000 inhabitants.

In Rhode-Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before December 31.

The registration of voters is not required in the States of Delaware, Indiana, Kentucky, Oregon and Tennessee. It is prohibited in Arkansas, Texas and West-Virginia by constitutional provision.

Woman Suffrage.

THE following is a statement of the Woman Suffrage movement, corrected to January 1, 1892.

Wyoming.—Women have voted on the same terms with men since 1870. The convention in 1889 to form a State Constitution unanimously inserted a provision securing them suffrage. This Constitution was ratified by the voters at a special election by about three-fourths majority. Congress admitted the State July 10, 1890.

Washington.—Women voted in the Territory for five years, and until excluded from the suffrage by a decision of the Territorial Supreme Court. In adopting a State Constitution, the question of allowing women to vote was submitted separately to vote of the men. It was not carried. Many women claim that they were illegally excluded, and will appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States or otherwise seek to regain suffrage.

Kansas.—Women have suffrage in all municipal elections. About 60,000 voted last year.

Utah.—Women voted in this Territory until excluded by the Edmunds law. They have organized in large numbers to demand the repeal of this law. The State Constitution of 1884 gave suffrage to women.

Delaware.—School suffrage for women was enacted in 1889. Municipal suffrage is also exercised in many places.

School suffrage also exists, on various terms, in Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, North-Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South-Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

Montana.—The new State Constitution guarantees women the power to vote on local taxation.

Arkansas and Missouri.—Women vote (by signing or refusing to sign petitions) on liquor licenses.

New-York.—Women can vote at school elections (3,000 voted in Binghamton in 1890), at waterworks elections, and on questions of paving, grading, drainage, street lighting and other local improvements; 47 women voted at the State election in 1887, and were not punished.

Pennsylvania.—Women vote on local improvements (paving, etc.), by signing or refusing to sign petitions therefor.

Federal Action.—A select committee of the Senate, February 7, 1889, and the House Judiciary Committee, May 29, 1890, reported in favor of amending the United States Constitution to relieve the women of the whole country (about 13,000,000) from all disfranchisement. Congress did not act upon these reports.

Twenty-nine States and Territories—a majority of the Union—have given women some form of suffrage.

Canada.—Women have municipal suffrage in every province, including the Northwest Territories. In Ontario they vote for all elective officers but members of the Legislature and Parliament.

Europe.—In England, Scotland and Wales single and widowed women vote for all elective officers but one (member of Parliament) on like terms with men. The number of these voters is estimated at 2,000,000.

In Ireland women have municipal suffrage in Belfast; they vote for harbor boards in the seaports, and for poor-law guardians everywhere.

In France the women teachers elect members to sit in the "Department Councils of Instruction."

In Sweden their suffrage is about the same as in England; and they vote, too, indirectly for members of the House of Lords. In Norway they have school suffrage.

In Russia women, heads of households, vote for all elective officers and on all local questions.

In Austria-Hungary they vote (by proxy) at all elections, including members of provincial and imperial Parliaments. In Croatia and Dalmatia they vote at local elections in person.

In Italy widows vote for members of Parliament. In Finland women vote for all elective officers.

Asia.—In British Burmah women taxpayers vote in the rural tracts.

In the Madras Presidency and the Bombay Presidency (Hindustan) they can do so in all municipalities.

In all the countries of Russian Asia they can do so wherever a Russian colony settles. The Russians are colonizing the whole of their vast Asian possessions, and carry with them everywhere the "mir" or self-governing village, wherein women, heads of households, vote.

Africa.—Women have municipal suffrage in Cape Colony, which covers 1,000,000 square miles.

Australasia.—Municipal woman suffrage exists in New-Zealand, and the Legislature has declared that women shall vote for members of Parliament. Municipal suffrage also exists in every province of Australia. The Parliament of South Australia has declared for women voting at Parliamentary elections also, and so has the Prime-Minister of Victoria.

Islands.—Iceland, in the North Atlantic, the Isle of Man, between England and Ireland, and Pitcairn Island, in the South Pacific, have full woman suffrage. Tasmania, Sicily, Sardinia, Corsica, nearly 300 islands around Britain, the islands around Australia, Tasmania and New-Zealand, and a number of islands elsewhere have various degrees of partial woman suffrage.

The area of countries where women have some degree of suffrage is about 20,000,000 of square miles—greater than all Asia. Their population is about 380,000,000—more than that of all Europe.

Bills relieving various classes of women from disfranchisement were passed in 1891 by one house of the Legislature (but not by the other) in Arizona, California, Kansas, Nebraska, New-York and Oklahoma, and likewise in New-Zealand.

Like measures were proposed in 1891, but not passed, in the Legislatures of Arkansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New-Mexico, New-South-Wales, Nova-Scotia and South-Australia; and in the constitutional conventions of Kentucky and Mississippi. Movements for this purpose are also at work in Denmark, Germany, Greece, Newfoundland and Switzerland.

This information respecting woman suffrage is furnished to THE WORLD ALMANAC by Mr. Hamilton Willcox, of New-York, author of "Freedom's Conquests; the Great Spread of Woman Suffrage through the World," and Chairman of the New-York State Executive Committee of the Woman Suffrage Party.

United States Civil Service Rules.

(*Revised for this issue of* THE WORLD ALMANAC *by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission.*)

THE purpose of the Civil Service act, as declared in its title, is "to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States." It provides for the appointment of three Commissioners, a Chief Examiner, a Secretary, and other employés, and makes it the duty of the Commission to aid the President as he may request in preparing suitable rules for carrying the act into effect; to make regulations for and control the examinations provided for, and supervise and control the records of the same; and to make investigations and report upon all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the rules and regulations. The address of the Commission is Washington, D.C.

The service classified under the act, and to which it and the rules apply, embraces the Executive Departments at Washington, the Department of Labor and the Civil Service Commission, the customs districts in each of which there are fifty or more employés, eleven in number, the post-offices in each of which there are fifty or more employés, now fifty, the Railway Mail Service, and the Indian School Service, including altogether about thirty-four thousand places.

The Classified Departmental Service embraces all places in the departments at Washington, excepting messengers, laborers, workmen, and watchmen (not including any person designated as a skilled laborer or workman), and no person so employed can, without examination under the rules, be assigned to clerical duty, and also excepting those appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Classified Customs Service embraces the customs districts where the officials are as many as fifty, including the places giving $900 a year, and all those giving a larger salary where the appointee is not subject to confirmation by the Senate. The Classified Postal Service embraces the post-offices where the officials are as many as fifty, including all places above the grade of a laborer. The Classified Railway Mail Service embraces all employés of the Railway Mail Service. The Classified Indian Service embraces all physicians, school superintendents and assistant superintendents, school teachers and matrons in the Indian Service.

For places in the Classified Service, where technical qualifications are needed special examinations are held. In the Departmental Service they are held for the State Department, the Pension, Patent, and Signal offices, Geological and Coast Surveys, and other offices.

APPLICATIONS.

Applicants for examination must be citizens of the United States of the proper age. No person habitually using intoxicating liquors can be appointed. No discrimination is made on account of sex, color, or political or religious opinions. The limitations of age are: For the Departmental Service, not under twenty years; in the Customs Service, not under twenty-one years, except clerks or messengers, who must not be under twenty years; in the Postal Service, not under eighteen years, except messengers, stampers, and other junior assistants, who must not be under sixteen or over forty-five years, and carriers, who must not be under twenty-one or over forty; and in the Railway Mail Service not under eighteen or over thirty-five years. The age limitations do not apply to any person honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty. Such persons are preferred in appointments under §1754, R. S., and certified to appointing officers before all others of higher grade.

Every one seeking to be examined must first file an application blank. The blank for the Departmental, Railway Mail, or Indian School Service should be requested directly of the Civil Service Commission, at Washington. The blank for the Customs or Postal Service must be requested in writing by the persons desiring examination of the Customs or Postal Board of Examiners at the office where service is sought. These papers should be returned to the officers from whom they emanated.

EXAMINATIONS.

The applicants to enter the services designated are examined as to their relative capacity and fitness. The clerk examination is used only in the Customs and Departmental Services for clerkships of $1,000 and upward, requiring no peculiar information or skill. It is limited to the following subjects: First, orthography, penmanship, and copying; second, arithmetic—fundamental rules, fractions, and percentage; third, interest and discount; fourth, elements of the English language, letter-writing, and the proper construction of sentences. For places in which a lower degree of education suffices, as for employés in post-offices, and those below the grade of clerks in custom-houses and in the departments at Washington, the Commission limits the examination to less than these four subjects, omitting the third and parts of the fourth subject. No one is certified for appointment whose standing in the examination is less than 70 per centum of complete proficiency, except that applicants claiming military or naval preference under §1754. R. S., need obtain but sixty-five.

The law also prescribes competitive examinations to test the fitness of persons in the service, for promotion therein.

The Commission gives a certificate to the person examined stating whether he passed or failed to pass.

APPOINTMENTS.

When there is a vacancy to be filled, the appointing officer applies to the Commission or proper examining board, and it reports to him the names of the three persons of the sex called for graded highest on the proper register of those in his branch of the service and remaining eligible, and from the three a selection must be made. In the Departmental Service appointments are apportioned among the States on the basis of population.

Every appointment is made for a probationary period of six months, at the end of which time, if the conduct and capacity of the person appointed have been found satisfactory, the appointment is made absolute.

There is a constant demand for men stenographers and typewriters. The number of women applying for clerical places is greatly in excess of the needs of the service.

EXCEPTIONS FROM EXAMINATIONS.

The following are excepted from examination for appointment: Confidential clerks of heads of departments or offices, cashiers of collectors and postmasters, superintendents of money-order divisions in post-offices, custodians of money for whose fidelity another officer is under bond, disbursing officers who give bonds, persons in the secret service, deputy collectors and superintendents and chiefs of divisions or bureaus, and a few others.

Intending applicants for admission to the Civil Service of the State of New-York should address the Secretary of the New-York Civil Service Commission, Albany, for information as to eligibility, positions open to competition, and application blanks.

Presidential Elections.

FROM 1789 TO 1888.

AGGREGATE POPULAR VOTE AND ELECTORAL VOTE FOR CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT AT EACH ELECTION.

NOTE.—There is, properly speaking, no popular vote for President and Vice-President; the people vote for electors, and those chosen in each State meet therein and vote for the candidates for President and Vice-President. The record of any popular vote for electors prior to 1824 is so meagre and imperfect that a compilation would be useless. In most of the States, for more than a quarter century following the establishment of the Government, the State Legislatures "appointed" the Presidential electors, and the people therefore voted only indirectly for them, their choice being expressed by their votes for members of the Legislature. In this tabulation only the aggregate electoral votes for candidates for President and Vice-President in the first nine quadrennial elections appear.

ELECTORAL VOTES.

1789. Previous to 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President. The one who received the largest number of votes was declared President and the one who received the next largest number of votes was declared Vice-President. The electoral votes for the first President of the United States were: George Washington, 69; John Adams, of Massachusetts, 34; John Jay, of New-York, 9; R. H. Harrison, of Maryland, 6; John Rutledge, of South Carolina, 6; John Hancock, of Massachusetts, 4; George Clinton, of New-York, 3; Samuel Huntingdon, of Connecticut, 2; John Milton, of Georgia, 2; James Armstrong, of Georgia, Benjamin Lincoln, of Massachusetts, and Edward Telfair, of Georgia, one vote each. Vacancies (votes not cast), 4. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.

1792. George Washington, Federalist, received 132 votes; John Adams, Federalist, 77; George Clinton, of New-York, Republican (*a*), 50; Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, Republican, 4; Aaron Burr, of New-York, Republican, one vote. Vacancies, 3. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice President.

1796. John Adams, Federalist, 71; Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 68; Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 59; Aaron Burr, of New-York, Republican, 30; Samuel Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 15; Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut, Independent, 11; George Clinton, of New-York, Republican, 7; John Jay, of New-York, Federalist, 5; James Iredell, of North Carolina, Federalist, 3; George Washington, of Virginia. John Henry, of Maryland, and S. Johnson, of North Carolina, all Federalists, two votes each; Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, one vote. John Adams was chosen President and Thomas Jefferson Vice-President.

1800. Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 73; Aaron Burr, Republican, 73; John Adams, Federalist, 65; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 64; John Jay, Federalist, one vote. There being a tie vote for Jefferson and Burr, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. Jefferson received the votes of ten States, which, being the largest vote cast for a candidate, elected him President. Burr received the vote of four States, which, being the next largest vote, elected him Vice-President. There were two blank votes.

1804. The Constitution of the United States having been amended, the electors at this election voted for a President and a Vice-President, instead of for two candidates for President. The result was as follows: For President, Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 162: Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 14. For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 162; Rufus King, of New-York, Federalist, 14. Jefferson was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1808. For President, James Madison, of Virginia, Republican, 122; Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 47; George Clinton, of New-York, Republican, 6. For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 113; Rufus King, of New-York, Federalist, 47; John Langdon, of New-Hampshire, 9; James Madison, 3; James Monroe, 3; Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.

1812. For President, James Madison, Republican, 128; DeWitt Clinton, of New-York, Federalist, 89. For Vice-President, Elbridge Gerry, of Massachusetts, Republican, 131; Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, Federalist, 86. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Gerry Vice-President.

1816. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 183; Rufus King, of New-York, Federalist, 34. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, of New-York, Republican, 183; John Eager Howard, of Maryland, Federalist, 22; James Ross, of Pennsylvania, 5; John Marshall, of Virginia, 4; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, 3. Vacancies, 4. Monroe was chosen President and Tompkins Vice-Presidenf.

1820. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 231; John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts, Opposition, 1. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, Republican, 218; Richard Stockton, of New-Jersey, 8; Daniel Rodney, of Delaware, 4; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, one vote each. Vacancies, 3. James Monroe was chosen President and Daniel D. Tompkins Vice-President.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTES.

Year of Election.	Candidates for President.	States.	Political Party.	Popular Vote.	Plurality.	Electoral Vote.	Candidates for Vice-President.	States.	Political Party.	Electoral Vote.
1824.	Andrew Jackson....	Tenn..	Rep...	155,872	50,551	(*b*) 99	John C. Calhoun*...	S. C..	Rep...	182
	John Q. Adams*....	Mass..	Op	105,321	.....	84	Nathan Sanford.....	N. Y.	.....	30
	Henry Clay.....	Ky....	Rep...	46,587	.....	37	Nathan Macon	N. C.	.....	24
	Wm. H. Crawford...	Ga....	Rep...	44,282	.....	41	Andrew Jackson	Tenn.	Rep...	13
							M. Van Buren.....	N. Y.	Rep...	9
							Henry Clay.....	Ky...	Rep...	2

Year of Election.	Candidates for President.	States.	Political Party.	Popular Vote.	Plurality.	Electoral Vote.	Candidates for Vice-President.	States.	Political Party.	Electoral Vote
1828.	Andrew Jackson*...	Tenn..	Dem..	647,231	138,134	178	John C. Calhoun*...	S. C...	Dem..	171
	John Q. Adams.....	Mass..	N. R..	509,097	.....	83	Richard Rush.....	Pa....	Nat. R.	83
							William Smith	S. C...	Dem...	7
1832.	Andrew Jackson*...	Tenn..	Dem..	687,502	157,313	219	M. Van Buren*.....	N. Y..	Dem...	189
	Henry Clay.....	Ky....	N. R..	530,189	.....	49	John Sergeant.....	Pa....	Nat. R.	49
	John Floyd.....	Va....	Ind ...	33,108	.....	11	Henry Lee.....	Mass..	Ind....	11
	William Wirt(*e*)...	Md ...	An.M.			7	Amos Ellmaker(*e*)..	Pa....	Anti M.	7
							Wm. Wilkins.....	Pa....	Dem...	30
1836.	Martin Van Buren*.	N. Y..	Dem..	761,549	24,893	170	R. M. Johnson (*d*)*..	Ky ...	Dem...	147
	W. H. Harrison	O.....	Whig.			73	Francis Granger.....	N. Y..	Whig..	77
	Hugh L. White.....	Tenn..	Whig.	736,656	.....	26	John Tyler.....	Va....	Whig..	47
	Daniel Webster.....	Mass..	Whig.			14	William Smith	Ala...	Dem...	23
	Willie P. Mangum ..	N. C..	Whig.			11	.....	.....	.....	....
1840.	W. H. Harrison*....	O.....	Whig.	1,275,017	146,315	234	John Tyler*.....	Va....	Whig..	234
	Martin Van Buren...	N. C..	Dem...	1,128,702	.....	60	R. M. Johnson.....	Ky ...	Dem...	48
	James G. Birney	N. Y..	Lib...	7,059	.....	.....	L. W. Tazewell.....	Va....	Dem...	11
							James K. Polk	Tenn..	Dem...	1
1844.	James K. Polk*.....	Tenn..	Dem...	1,337,243	38,175	170	George M. Dallas* ..	Pa....	Dem...	170
	Henry Clay.....	Ky ...	Whig.	1,299,068	.....	105	T. Frelinghuysen....	N. J..	Whig..	105
	James G. Birney....	N. Y..	Lib...	62,300	.....	.....	Thomas Morris.....	O.....	Lib....	....
1848.	Zachary Taylor*	La....	Whig.	1,360,101	139,557	163	Millard Fillmore*..	N. Y..	Whig..	163
	Lewis Cass.....	Ky ...	Dem...	1,220,544	.....	127	Wm. O. Butler.....	Ky ...	Dem...	127
	Martin Van Buren...	N. Y..	F.Soil.	291,263	.....	.....	Charles F. Adams..	Mass..	F. S....	....
1852.	Franklin Pierce*....	N. H..	Dem...	1,601,474	220,896	254	William R. King*...	Ala...	Dem...	254
	Winfield Scott.....	N. J..	Whig.	1,380,578	.....	42	Wm. A. Graham ...	N. C..	Whig..	42
	John P. Hale.....	N. H..	F.D(*i*)	157,149	.....	.....	George W. Julian...	Ind ...	F. D...	....
1856.	James Buchanan*...	Pa....	Dem...	1,838,169	496,905	174	J. C. Breckinridge*..	Ky ...	Dem...	174
	John C. Frémont....	Cal....	Rep...	1,341,264	.....	114	Wm. L. Dayton	N. J ..	Rep....	114
	Millard Fillmore	N. C..	Amer.	874,538	.....	8	A. J. Donelson.....	Tenn..	Amer..	8
1860.	Abraham Lincoln*...	Ill....	Rep...	1,866,352	491,195	180	Hannibal Hamlin*..	Me....	Rep....	180
	S. A. Douglas	Ill....	Dem...	1,375,157	.....	12	Joseph Lane.....	Ore...	Dem...	12
	J. C. Breckinridge...	Ky ...	Dem...	845,763	.....	72	Edward Everett.....	Mass..	Dem...	72
	John Bell.....	Tenn..	Union	589,581	.....	39	H. V. Johnson.....	Ga....	Union..	39
1864.	Abraham Lincoln*...	Ill....	Rep...	2,2..3,067	407,342	*c*.212	Andrew Johnson*...	Tenn..	Rep....	212
	Geo. B. McClellan...	N. J..	Dem...	1,808,725	.....	21	Geo. H. Pendleton ..	O.....	Dem...	21
1868.	Ulysses S. Grant*...	Ill....	Rep...	3,015,071	305,456	*f*.214	Schuyler Colfax*....	O.....	Rep...	214
	Horatio Seymour....	N. Y..	Dem...	2,709,615	.....	80	F. P. Blair, Jr.....	Mo...	Dem...	80
1872.	Ulysses S. Grant*...	Ill....	Rep...	3,597,070	762,991	286	Henry Wilson*.....	Mass..	Rep....	286
	Horace Greeley	N. Y..	D.&L.	2,834,079	.....	*g*.....	B. Gratz-Brown.....	Mo....	D. L...	....
	Charles O'Conor.....	N. Y..	Dem...	29,408	.....	.....	John Q. Adams.....	Mass..	Dem...	....
	James Black.....	Pa....	Temp.	5,608	.....	.....	John Russell.....	Mich..	Temp...	....
	Thos. A. Hendricks .	Ind...	Dem...	.....	.....	42	George W. Julian....	Ind...	Lib ...	5
	B. Gratz-Brown.....	Mo...	Dem...	.....	.....	18	A. H. Colquitt.....	Ga....	Dem...	5
	Charles J. Jenkins ..	Ga....	Dem...	.....	.....	2	John M. Palmer.....	Ill....	Dem...	3
	David Davis.....	Ill....	Ind ...	.....	.....	1	T. E. Bramlette.....	Ky...	Dem...	3
							W. S. Groesbeck....	O.....	Dem...	1
							Willis B. Machen....	Ky...	Dem...	1
							N. P. Banks.....	Mass..	Lib	1
1876.	Samuel J. Tilden....	N. Y..	Dem...	4,284,885	250,935	184	T. A. Hendricks.....	Ind...	Dem...	184
	RutherfordB.Hayes*	O.....	Rep...	4,033,950	.....	*h*.185	Wm. A. Wheeler*...	N. Y..	Rep....	185
	Peter Cooper.....	N. Y..	Gre'nb	81,740	.....	.....	Samuel F. Cary ...	O.....	Gr.....	....
	Green Clay Smith ...	Ky ...	Pro...	9,522	.....	.....	Gideon T. Stewart...	O.....	Pro.....	....
	James B. Walker ...	Ill....	Amer.	2,636	.....	.....	D. Kirkpatrick.....	N. Y..	Amer..	....
1880.	James A. Garfield*..	O.....	Rep...	4,449,053	7,018	214	Chester A. Arthur*..	N. Y..	Dem...	214
	W. S. Hancock.....	Pa....	Dem...	4,442,035	.....	155	Wm. H. English.....	Ind...	Rep....	155
	James B. Weaver....	Iowa..	Gre'nb	307,306	.....	.....	B. J. Chambers.....	Tex...	Gr.....	....
	Neal Dow	Me....	Pro...	10,305	.....	.....	H. A. Thompson	O.....	Pro.....	....
	John W. Phelps	Vt....	Amer.	707	.....	.....	S. C. Pomeroy.....	Kan...	Amer..	....
1884.	Grover Cleveland*..	N. Y..	Dem...	4,911,017	62,683	219	T. A. Hendricks*....	Ind...	Dem...	219
	James G. Blaine.....	Me....	Rep...	4,848,334	.....	182	John A. Logan.....	Ill....	Rep....	182
	John P. St. John....	Kan...	Pro...	151,809	.....	.....	William Daniel.....	Md...	Pro.....	....
	Benjamin F. Butler.	Mass..	Peop..	133,825	.....	.....	A. M. West	Miss..	Peop ...	....
	P. D. Wigginton....	Cal...	Amer.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Amer..	....
1888.	Grover Cleveland ...	N. Y..	Dem...	5,538,233	98,017	168	Allen G. Thurman...	O.....	Dem...	168
	Benjamin Harrison*.	O.....	Rep...	5,440,216	.....	233	Levi P. Morton *....	N. Y..	Rep....	233
	Clinton B. Fisk	N. J..	Pro...	249,907	.....	.....	John A. Brooks.....	Mo....	Pro.....	....
	Alson J. Streeter	Ill....	U. L.	148,105	.....	.....	C. E. Cunningham..	Ark...	U. L...	....
	R. H. Cowdry.....	Ill....	U'd L.	2,808	.....	.....	W. H. T. Wakefield.	Kan ..	U. L...	....
	James L. Curtis.....	N. Y..	Amer.	1,591	.....	.....	Jas. B. Greer.....	Tenn..	Amer..	....

*The candidates starred were elected. (*a*) The first Republican Party is claimed by the present Democratic Party as its progenitor. (*b*) No candidate having a majority of the electoral vote, the House of Representatives elected Adams. (*c*) Candidate of the Anti-Masonic Party. (*d*) There being no choice, the Senate elected Johnson. (*e*) Eleven Southern States, being within the belligerent territory, did not vote. (*f*) Three Southern States disfranchised. (*g*) Horace Greeley died after election, and Democratic electors scattered their vote. (*h*) There being a dispute over the electoral votes of Florida, Louisiana, Oregon, and South-Carolina, they were referred by Congress to an electoral commission composed of eight Republicans and seven Democrats, which, by a strict party vote, awarded 185 electoral votes to Hayes and 184 to Tilden. (*i*) Free Democrat. NOTE.—For popular and electoral vote by States in 1888, see table opposite Alabama Election Returns. (Consult Index).

The Presidential Election of 1892.

THE next Presidential election will take place on Tuesday, November 8, of the present year.

The President and Vice-President of the United States are chosen by officials termed "Electors" in each State, who are, under existing State laws, chosen by the qualified voters thereof by ballot, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November in every fourth year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires.

The Constitution of the United States prescribes that each State shall "appoint," in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the State may be entitled in Congress; but no senator or representative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be an elector. The Constitution requires that the day when electors are chosen shall be the same throughout the United States. At the beginning of our Government most of the electors were chosen by the Legislatures of their respective States, the people having no direct participation in their choice; and one State, South-Carolina, continued that practice down to the breaking out of the Civil War. But in all the States now the Presidential electors are, under the direction of State laws, chosen by the people, in some States by congressional districts, but in most on a general State ticket.

The manner in which the chosen electors meet and ballot for a President and Vice-President of the United States is provided for in Article XII. of the Constitution, and is as follows:

The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate.

The same article then prescribes the mode in which the Congress shall count the ballots of the electors, and announce the result thereof, which is as follows:

The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

The procedure of the two houses, in case the returns of the election of electors from any State are disputed, is provided in the "Electoral Count" Act, passed by the Forty-ninth Congress.

The Constitution also defines who is eligible for President of the United States, as follows:

No person except a natural-born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of 35 years.

The qualifications for Vice-President are the same.

The "Electoral Count" Act directs that the Presidential electors shall meet and give their votes on the second Monday in January next following their election. It fixes the time when Congress shall be in session to count the ballots as the second Wednesday in February succeeding the meeting of the electors.

For a statement of the succession to the Presidency, in case of the death, inability, etc., of both President and Vice-President, as fixed by law, see note following table of Presidents of the United States.

Ballots for Candidates for President

IN THE LAST FOUR DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

1876.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, ST. LOUIS, JUNE 28.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.
Total vote	738	738
Necessary to a choice*	492	492
Tilden, N. Y.	403½	508
Hendricks, Ind.	133½	85
Hancock, Pa.	77	60
Allen, O.	56	54
Bayard, Del.	56	11
Parker, N. J.	18	18
Broadhead, Mo.	19	..

* Tilden nominated on the second ballot.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CINCINNATI, JUNE 16.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.	Third Ballot.	Fourth Ballot.	Fifth Ballot.	Sixth Ballot.	Seventh Ballot.
Total vote	756	743	752	749	749	748	756
Necessary to a choice†	379	372	376	375	375	375	379
Blaine, Me.	291	298	293	292	287	308	351
Morton, Ind.	125	111	113	108	95	85	..
Bristow, Ky.	113	114	121	126	114	111	21
Conkling, N. Y.	96	93	90	84	82	81	..
Hayes, O.	65	64	67	68	102	113	384
Hartranft, Pa.	58	63	68	71	69	50	..
Jewell, Ct.	11	..	..	..	..	..	..

† Hayes nominated on the seventh ballot.

1880.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, CINCINNATI, JUNE 23, 24.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.
Total vote	738	738
Necessary to a choice*	492	492
Hancock, Pa	171	320
Bayard, Del	153½	113
Payne, O	81	.....
Thurman, O	68½	50
Field, Cal	65	65½
Morrison, Ill.	62	.....
Hendricks, Ind	50½	31
Tilden, N. Y	38	6
Ewing O	10	.....
Seymour, N. Y	8	.....
Randall, Pa	6	128½
Loveland, Col	5	.....
McDonald, Ind	3	.....
McClellan, N. J	3	.....
Parker, N. J	1	2
Black, Pa	1	.....
Jewett, O	1	1
English, Ind	1	19
Lothrop, Mich	1	.....

Hancock nominated by acclamation after the second ballot.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JUNE 7, 8.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Thirty-first Ballot.	Thirty-second Ballot.	Thirty-third Ballot.	Thirty-fourth Ballot.	Thirty-fifth Ballot.	Thirty-sixth Ballot.
Total vote	755	755	755	755	756	756	755
Necessary to a choice†	378	378	378	378	379	379	378
Grant, Ill	304	308	309	309	312	313	306
Blaine, Me	284	276	270	275	275	257	42
Sherman, O	93	118	117	110	107	99	3
Edmunds, Vt	34	11	11	11	11	11	....
Washburne, Ill	30	37	44	45	30	23	5
Windom, Minn	10	3	3	4	4	3	....
Garfield, O	....	1	1	1	17	50	399
Conkling, N. Y	....	1	....	....	....	....	....
	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
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	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

Garfield nominated on the thirty-sixth ballot.

1884.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JULY 11.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.
Total vote	820	820
Necessary to a choice*	547	547
Cleveland, N. Y	392	683
Bayard, Del	170	81½
Thurman, O	88	4
Randall, Pa	78	4
McDonald, Ind	56	4
Carlisle, Ky	27	.....
Flower, N. Y	4	.....
Hoadley, O	3	.....
Hendricks, Ind	1	45½
Tilden, N. Y	1	.....

Cleveland nominated second ballot.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JUNE 6.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.	Third Ballot.	Fourth Ballot.
Total vote	818	818	819	813
Necessary to a choice†	410	410	410	407
Blaine, Me	334½	349	375	541
Arthur, N. Y	278	276	274	207
Edmunds, Vt	93	85	69	41
Logan, Ill	63½	61	53	7
Sherman, O	30	28	25	....
Hawley, Ct	13	13	13	15
Lincoln, Ill	4	4	8	2
Gen. Sherman, Mo	2	2	2	....
	....	....	....	....
	....	....	....	....

Blaine nominated on the fourth ballot.

1888.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, ST. LOUIS, JUNE 6.

Candidate.	
Cleveland, N. Y	Nominated by acclamation.

Cleveland nominated by acclamation, without a ballot.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JUNE 22, 24, 25.

Candidates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.	Third Ballot.	Fourth Ballot.	Fifth Ballot.	Sixth Ballot.	Seventh Ballot.	Eighth Ballot.
Total vote	830	830	830	829	827	830	831	830
Necessary to a choice†	416	416	416	415	414	416	416	416
Harrison, Ind.	80	91	94	217	213	231	278	544
Sherman, O	229	249	244	235	224	244	231	118
Alger, Mich.	84	116	122	135	142	137	120	100
Gresham, Ind.	111	108	123	98	87	91	91	59
Allison, Iowa.	72	75	88	88	99	73	76	....
Depew, N. Y.	99	99	91	....	....	....	....	....
Rusk, Wis.	25	20	16	....	....	....	....	....
Phelps, N. J.	25	18	5	....	....	....	....	....
Ingalls, Kan.	28	16	....	....	....	....	....	....
McKinley, O.	2	3	8	11	14	12	16	4
Blaine, Me	35	33	35	42	48	40	15	5
Scattering*	40	2	4	3	....	2	2	....

Harrison nominated on the eighth ballot.
* Fitler, Pa., 24; Hawley, Conn., 13; Lincoln, Ill., 3, on first ballot.

* Two-thirds vote necessary to a choice in the Democratic National Conventions. † Majority vote necessary to a choice in the Republican National Conventions.

Presidents of the United States.

	Name.	Birthplace.	Year.	Paternal Ancestry.	Residence.	Inaugurated. Year.	Inaugurated. Age.	Politics.	Place of Death.	Year.	Age.
1	George Washington..	Westm'el'dCo.,Va	1732	English....	Va..	1789	57	Fed..	Mt. Vernon, Va...	1799	67
2	John Adams.....	Quincy, Mass.....	1735	English....	Mass	1797	62	Fed..	Quincy, Mass.....	1826	91
3	Thomas Jefferson...	Shadwell, Va.....	1743	Welsh.....	Va..	1801	58	Rep †	Monticello, Va.....	1826	83
4	James Madison.....	Port Conway, Va.	1751	English.....	Va..	1809	58	Rep..	Montpelier, Va.....	1836	85
5	James Monroe.....	Westm'el'dCo.,Va	1758	Scotch.....	a..	1817	59	Rep..	New-York City....	1831	73
6	John Quincy Adams..	Quincy, Mass.....	1767	English.....	Mass	1825	58	Rep ‡	Washington, D. C.	1848	81
7	Andrew Jackson.....	Union Co., N. C.*	1767	Scot.-Irish.	Tenn	1829	62	Dem.	Hermitage, Tenn..	1845	78
8	Martin Van Buren...	Kinderhook, N.Y.	1782	Dutch.....	N.Y.	1837	55	Dem.	Lindenwold, N. Y.	1862	80
9	William H. Harrison.	Berkeley, Va.....	1773	English.....	O....	1841	68	Whig	Washington, D. C.	1841	68
10	John Tyler.....	Greenway, Va....	1790	English.....	Va..	1841	51	Dem.	Richmond, Va.....	1862	72
11	James K. Polk.....	Meckl'b'gCo.N.C.	1795	Scot.-Irish.	Tenn	1845	50	Dem.	Nashville, Tenn....	1849	53
12	Zachary Taylor.....	Orange Co., Va...	1784	English.....	La...	1849	65	Whig	Washington, D. C.	1850	66
13	Millard Fillmore.....	Summerhill, N.Y.	1800	English.....	N.Y.	1850	50	Whig	Buffalo, N. Y.....	1874	74
14	Franklin Pierce.....	Hillsboro, N. H...	1804	English.....	N.H.	1853	49	Dem.	Concord, N. H.....	1869	65
15	James Buchanan.....	Cove Gap, Pa.....	1791	Scot.-Irish.	Pa..	1857	66	Dem.	Wheatland, Pa.....	1868	77
16	Abraham Lincoln.....	Larue Co., Ky...	1809	English.....	Ill...	1861	52	Rep..	Washington, D. C.	1865	56
17	Andrew Johnson.....	Raleigh, N. C.....	1808	English ...	Tenn	1865	57	Rep..	Carter'sDep.,Tenn.	1875	67
18	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Point Pleasant, O.	1822	Scotch.....	D.C.	1869	47	Rep..	Mt.McGregor,N.Y.	1885	63
19	Rutherford B. Hayes.	Delaware, O.....	1822	Scotch.....	O...	1877	54	Rep..	.....	....	..
20	James A. Garfield....	Cuyahoga Co., O.	1831	English.....	O...	1881	49	Rep..	Long Branch, N.J.	1881	49
21	Chester A. Arthur....	Fairfield, Vt.....	1830	Scot.-Irish.	N.Y.	1881	51	Rep..	New-York City....	1886	56
22	Grover Cleveland....	Caldwell, N. J....	1837	English.....	N.Y.	1885	48	Dem.	.....	....	..
23	Benjamin Harrison...	North Bend, O....	1833	English.....	Ind..	1889	55	Rep..	.....	....	..

* Jackson called himself a South-Carolinian, and his biographer, Kendall, recorded his birthplace in Lancaster Co., S. C.; but Parton has published documentary evidence to show that Jackson was born in Union Co., N. C., less than a quarter mile from the South-Carolina line, † The Democratic Party of to-day claims lineal descent from the first Republican Party, and President Jefferson as its founder. ‡ Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quincy Adams. He claimed to be a Republican, but his doctrines were decidedly Federalistic. The opposition to his administration took the name of Democrats, and elected Jackson President.

More details of the lives of the Presidents were given in THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1890, pages 76-78

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

The Presidential succession is fixed by chapter 4 of the acts of the Forty-ninth Congress, first session. In case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both the President and Vice-President, then the Secretary of State shall act as President until the disability of the President or Vice-President is removed or a President is elected. If there be no Secretary of State, then the Secretary of the Treasury will act; and the remainder of the order of succession is: The Secretary of War, Attorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of the Navy and Secretary of the Interior. The acting President must, upon taking office, convene Congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving twenty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers as shall have been appointed by the advice and consent of the Senate, and are eligible under the Constitution to the Presidency.

Justices of the United States Supreme Court.

(Names of the Chief Justices in italics.)

Name.	Service. Term.	Service. Years.	Born.	Died.	Name.	Service. Term.	Service. Years.	Born.	Died.
John Jay, N. Y.....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829	John Catron, Tenn.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John Rutledge, S. C.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1800	John McKinley, Ala.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
William Cushing, Mass...	1789-1810	21	1733	1810	Peter V. Daniel, Va.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
James Wilson, Pa.....	1789-1798	9	1742	1798	Samuel Nelson, N. Y.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
John Blair, Va.....	1789-1796	7	1732	1800	Levi Woodbury, N. H....	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert H. Harrison, Md..	1789-1790	1	1745	1790	Robert C. Grier, Pa.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
James Iredell, N. C.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799	Benj. R. Curtis, Mass....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
Thomas Johnson, Md....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819	John A. Campbell, Ala...	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
William Paterson, N. J...	1793-1806	13	1745	1806	Nathan Clifford, Maine...	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
John Rutledge, S. C.....	1795-1795	..	1739	1800	Noah H. Swayne, Ohio...	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel Chase, Md.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811	Samuel F. Miller, Iowa...	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
Oliver Ellsworth, Conn..	1796-1800	5	1745	1807	David Davis, Ill.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1886
Bushrod Washington, Va.	1798-1829	31	1762	1829	Stephen J. Field, Cal.....	1863-....	..	1816	....
Alfred Moore, N. C.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810	*Salmon P. Chase*, Ohio..	1864-1873	9	1808	1873
John Marshall, Va.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835	William Strong, Pa.....	1870-1880	10	1808	..
William Johnson, S. C....	1804-1834	30	1771	1834	Joseph P. Bradley, N. J.	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Brockholt Livingston, NY	1806-1823	17	1757	1823	Ward Hunt, N. Y.....	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
Thomas Todd, Ky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826	*Morrison R. Waite*, O...	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
Joseph Story, Mass.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845	John M. Harlan, Ky.....	1877-....	..	1833	....
Gabriel Duval, Md.....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844	William B. Woods, Ga...	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Smith Thompson, N. Y...	1823-1843	20	1767	1843	Stanley Matthews, Ohio.	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Robert Trimble, Ky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828	Horace Gray, Mass.....	1881-....	..	1828	....
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861	Samuel Blatchford, N. Y.	1882-....	..	1820	....
Henry Baldwin, Pa.....	1830-1844	16	1779	1844	Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Miss.	1888-....	..	1825	....
James M. Wayne, Ga.....	1835-1867	32	1790	1867	*Melville W. Fuller*, Ill....	1888-...	..	1833	....
Roger B. Taney, Md.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864	David J. Brewer, Kan....	1889-....	..	1837	....
Philip P. Barbour, Va ...	1836-1841	5	1783	1841	Henry B. Brown, Mich...	1890-....	..	1836	....

Vice-Presidents of the United States.

	Name.	Birthplace.	Year.	Paternal Ancestry.	Residence.	Qualified.	Politics.	Place of Death.	Year.	Age at Death.
1	John Adams	Quincy, Mass.	1735	English	Mass	1789	Fed.	Quincy, Mass.	1826	91
2	Thomas Jefferson	Shadwell, Va.	1743	Welsh	Va.	1797	Rep.	Monticello, Va.	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr	Newark, N. J.	1756	English	N. Y.	1801	Rep.	Staten Island, N. Y.	1836	80
4	George Clinton	Ulster Co., N. Y.	1739	English	N. Y.	1805	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1812	73
5	Elbridge Gerry	Marblehead, Mass.	1744	English	Mass	1813	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins	Scarsdale, N. Y.	1774	English	N. Y.	1817	Rep.	Staten Island, N. Y.	1825	51
7	John C. Calhoun	Abbeville, S. C.	1782	Scot.-Irish.	S. C.	1825	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1782	Dutch	N. Y.	1833	Dem.	Kinderhook, N. Y.	1862	80
9	Richard M. Johnson	Louisville, Ky.	1780	English	Ky.	1837	Dem.	Frankfort, Ky.	1850	70
10	John Tyler	Greenway, Va.	1790	English	Va.	1841	Dem.	Richmond, Va.	1862	72
11	George M. Dallas	Philadelphia, Pa.	1792	English	Pa.	1845	Dem.	Philadelphia, Pa.	1864	72
12	Millard Fillmore	Summer Hill, N.Y.	1800	English	N. Y.	1849	Whig	Buffalo, N. Y.	1874	74
13	William R. King	Sampson Co., N.C.	1786	English	Ala.	1853	Dem.	Dallas Co., Ala.	1853	67
14	J. C. Breckinridge	Lexington, Ky.	1821	Scotch	Ky.	1857	Dem.	Lexington, Ky.	1875	54
15	Hannibal Hamlin	Paris, Me.	1809	English	Me.	1861	Rep.	Bangor, Me.	1891	81
16	Andrew Johnson	Raleigh, N. C.	1808	English	Tenn	1865	Rep.	Carter Co., Tenn.	1875	67
17	Schuyler Colfax	New-York City	1823	English	Ind.	1869	Rep.	Mankato, Minn.	1885	62
18	Henry Wilson	Farmington, N. H.	1812	English	Mass.	1873	Rep.	Washington, D. C.	1875	63
19	William A. Wheeler	Malone, N. Y.	1819	English	N. Y.	1877	Rep.	Malone, N. Y.	1887	68
20	Chester A. Arthur	Fairfield, Vt.	1830	Scot.-Irish.	N. Y.	1881	Rep.	New-York City	1886	56
21	T. A. Hendricks	Muskingum Co., O.	1819	Scot.-Irish.	Ind.	1885	Dem.	Indianapolis, Ind	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton	Shoreham, Vt.	1824	Scotch	N. Y.	1889	Rep.			

Presidents pro tempore of the United States Senate.

Congress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.	Congress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1, 2	1789-92	John Langdon	N. H.	1739	1819	16-19	1820-26	John Gaillard	S. C.	....	1826
2	1792	Richard H. Lee	Va.	1732	1794	19, 20	1826-28	Nathaniel Macon	N. C.	1757	1837
2, 3	1792-94	John Langdon	N. H.	1739	1819	20-22	1828-32	Samuel Smith	Md.	1752	1839
3	1794-95	Ralph Izard	S. C.	1742	1804	22	1832	L. W. Tazewell	Va.	1774	1860
3, 4	1795-96	Henry Tazewell	Va.	1753	1799	22, 23	1832-34	Hugh L. White	Tenn.	1773	1840
4	1796-97	Samuel Livermore	N. H.	1732	1803	23	1834-25	Geo. Poindexter	Miss.	1779	1853
4, 5	1797	William Bingham	Pa.	1751	1804	24	1835-36	John Tyler	Va.	1790	1862
5	1797	William Bradford	R. I.	1729	1808	24-26	1836-41	William R. King	Ala.	1786	1853
5	1797-98	Jacob Read	S. C.	1752	1816	26, 27	1841-42	Saml. L. Southard	N. J.	1787	1842
5	1798	Theo. Sedgwick	Mass.	1746	1813	27-29	1842-46	W. P. Mangum	N. C.	1792	1861
5	1798-99	John Laurence	N. Y.	1750	1810	29, 30	1846-49	D. R. Atchison	Mo.	1807	1886
5	1799	James Ross	Pa.	1762	1847	31, 32	1850-52	Will am R. King	Ala.	1786	1853
6	'99-1800	Samuel Livermore	N. H.	1732	1803	32, 33	1852-54	D. R. Atchison	Mo.	1807	1886
6	1800	Uriah Tracy	Ct.	1755	1807	33, 34	1854-57	Jesse D. Bright	Ind.	1812	1875
6	1800-01	John E. Howard	Md.	1752	1827	34	1857	James M. Mason	Va.	1798	1871
6	1801	James Hillhouse	Ct.	1754	1832	35, 36	1857-61	Benj. Fitzpatrick	Ala.	1802	1869
7	1801-02	Abraham Baldwin	Ga.	1754	1807	36-38	1861-64	Solomon Foot	Vt.	1802	1866
7	1802-03	Steph'n R. Bradley	Vt.	1754	1830	38	1864-65	Daniel Clark	N. H.	1809	1891
8	1803-04	John Brown	Ky.	1757	1837	39	1865-67	Lafay'te S. Foster	Ct.	1806	1880
8	1804-05	Jesse Franklin	N. C.	1758	1823	40	1867-69	Benj. F. Wade	O.	1800	1878
8	1805	Joseph Anderson	Tenn.	1757	1837	41, 42	1869-73	Hy. B. Anthony	R. I.	1815	1884
9, 10	1805-08	Samuel Smith	Md.	1752	1839	43	1873-75	M. H. Carpenter	Wis.	1824	1881
10	1808-09	Steph'n R. Bradley	Vt.	1754	1830	44, 45	1875-79	Thomas W. Ferry	Mich.	1827	....
10, 11	1809	John Milledge	Ga.	1757	1818	46	1879-81	A. G. Thurman	O.	1813	....
11	1809-10	Andrew Gregg	Pa.	1755	1835	47	1881	Thos. F. Bayard	Del.	1828	....
11	1810-11	John Gaillard	S. C.	....	1826	47	1881-83	David Davis	Ill.	1815	1886
11, 12	1811-12	John Pope	Ky.	1770	1845	48	1883-85	Geo. F. Edmunds	Vt.	1828	....
12, 13	1812-13	Wm. H. Crawford	Ga.	1772	1834	49	1885-87	John Sherman	O.	1823	....
13	1813-14	Jos. B. Varnum	Mass.	1750	1821	49, 51	1887-91	John J. Ingalls	Kan.	1833	....
13-15	1814-18	John Gaillard	S. C.	....	1826	52	1891-	C. F. Manderson	Neb.	1837	....
15, 16	1818-19	James Barbour	Va.	1775	1842						

Speakers of the U. S. House of Representatives.

Congress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.	Congress.	Years.	Name.	State.	Born.	Died.
1	1789-91	F. A. Muhlenburg	Pa.	1750	1801	27	1841-43	John White	Ky.	1805	1845
2	1791-93	Jon'th'n Trumbull	Ct.	1740	1809	28	1843-45	John W. Jones	Va.	1805	1848
3	1793-95	F. A. Muhlenburg	Pa.	1750	1801	29	1845-47	John W. Davis	Ind.	1799	1890
4, 5	1795-99	Jonathan Dayton	N. J.	1760	1824	30	1847-49	Robt. C. Winthrop	Mass.	1809	...
6	1799-01	Theo. Sedgwick	Mass.	1746	1813	31	1849-51	Howell Cobb	Ga.	1815	1868
7-9	1801-07	Nathaniel Macon	N. C.	1757	1837	32, 33	1851-55	Linn Boyd	Ky.	1800	1859
10, 11	1807-11	Joseph B. Varnum	Mass.	1750	1821	34	1856-57	Nath. P. Banks	Mass.	1816	....
12, 13	1811-14	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	35	1857-59	James L. Orr	S. C.	1822	1873
13	1814-15	Langdon Cheves	S. C.	1776	1857	36	1860-61	Wm. Pennington	N. J.	1796	1862
14-16	1815-20	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	37	1861-63	Galusha A. Grow	Pa.	1823	....
16	1820-21	John W. Taylor	N. Y.	1784	1854	38-40	1863-69	Schuyler Colfax	Ind.	1823	1885
17	1821-23	Philip P. Barbour	Va.	1783	1841	41-43	1869-75	James G. Blaine	Me.	1830	....
18	1823-25	Henry Clay	Ky.	1777	1852	44	1875-76	Michael C. Kerr	Ind.	1827	1876
19	1825-27	John W. Taylor	N. Y.	1784	1854	44-46	1876-81	Samuel J. Randall	Pa.	1828	1890
20-23	1827-34	Andrew Stevenson	Va.	1784	1857	47	1881-83	John W. Keifer	O.	1836	....
23	1834-35	John Bell	Tenn.	1797	1869	48-50	1883-89	John G. Carlisle	Ky.	1835	....
24, 25	1835-39	James K. Polk	Tenn.	1795	1849	51	1889-91	Thomas B. Reed	Me.	1839	....
26	1839-41	R. M. T. Hunter	Va.	1809	1887	52	1891-	Charles F. Crisp	Eng.	1845	....

Presidential Cabinet Officers.

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Residences.	Date of Appointment.	Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Residences.	Date of Appointment.
Washington	Thomas Jefferson	Va	1789	Tyler	Abel P. Upshur	Va	1843
"	Edmund Randolph	"	1794	"	John C. Calhoun	S. C	1844
"	Timothy Pickering	Mass	1795	Polk	James Buchanan	Pa	1845
Adams	"	"	1797	Taylor	John M. Clayton	Del	1849
"	John Marshall	Va	1800	Fillmore	Daniel Webster	Mass	1850
Jefferson	James Madison	"	1801	"	Edward Everett	"	1852
Madison	Robert Smith	Md	1809	Pierce	William L. Marcy	N. Y	1853
"	James Monroe	Va	1811	Buchanan	Lewis Cass	Mich	1857
Monroe	John Quincy Adams	Mass	1817	"	Jeremiah S. Black	Pa	1860
J. Q. Adams	Henry Clay	Ky	1825	Lincoln	William H. Seward	N. Y	1861
Jackson	Martin Van Buren	N. Y	1829	Johnson	"	"	1865
"	Edward Livingston	La	1831	Grant	Elihu B. Washburne	Ill	1869
"	Louis McLane	Del	1833	"	Hamilton Fish	N. Y	1869
"	John Forsyth	Ga	1834	Hayes	William M. Evarts	"	1877
Van Buren	"	"	1837	Garfield	James G. Blaine	Me	1881
Harrison	Daniel Webster	Mass	1841	Arthur	F. T. Frelinghuysen	N. J	1881
Tyler	"	"	1841	Cleveland	Thomas F. Bayard	Del	1885
"	Hugh S. Legaré	S. C	1843	Harrison	James G. Blaine	Me	1889

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

Washington	Alexander Hamilton	N. Y	1789	Taylor	William M. Meredith	Pa	1849
"	Oliver Wolcott	Ct	1795	Fillmore	Thomas Corwin	Ohio	1850
Adams	"	"	1797	Pierce	James Guthrie	Ky	1853
"	Samuel Dexter	Mass	1801	Buchanan	Howell Cobb	Ga	1857
Jefferson	"	"	1801	"	Philip F. Thomas	Md	1860
"	Albert Gallatin	Pa	1801	"	John A. Dix	N. Y	1861
Madison	"	"	1809	Lincoln	Salmon P. Chase	Ohio	1861
"	George W. Campbell	Tenn	1814	"	William P. Fessenden	Me	1864
"	Alexander J. Dallas	Pa	1814	"	Hugh McCulloch	Ind	1865
"	William H. Crawford	Ga	1816	Johnson	"	"	1865
Monroe	"	"	1817	Grant	George S. Boutwell	Mass	1869
J. Q. Adams	Richard Rush	Pa	1825	"	William A. Richardson	"	1873
Jackson	Samuel D. Ingham	"	1829	"	Benjamin H. Bristow	Ky	1874
"	Louis McLane	Del	1831	"	Lot M. Morrill	Me	1876
"	William J. Duane	Pa	1833	Hayes	John Sherman	Ohio	1877
"	Roger B. Taney	Md	1833	Garfield	William Windom	Minn	1881
"	Levi Woodbury	N. H	1834	Arthur	Charles J. Folger	N. Y	1881
Van Buren	"	"	1837	"	Walter Q. Gresham	Ind	1884
Harrison	Thomas Ewing	Ohio	1841	"	Hugh McCulloch	"	1884
Tyler	"	"	1841	Cleveland	Daniel Manning	N. Y	1885
"	Walter Forward	Pa	1841	"	Charles S. Fairchild	"	1887
"	John C. Spencer	N. Y	1843	Harrison	William Windom	Minn	1889
"	George M. Bibb	Ky	1844	"	Charles Foster	Ohio	1891
Polk	Robert J. Walker	Miss	1845				

SECRETARIES OF WAR.

Washington	Henry Knox	Mass	1789	Tyler	William Wilkins	Pa	1844
"	Timothy Pickering	"	1795	Polk	William L. Marcy	N. Y	1845
"	James McHenry	Md	1796	Taylor	George W. Crawford	Ga	1849
Adams	"	"	1797	Fillmore	Charles M. Conrad	La	1850
"	John Marshall	Va	1800	Pierce	Jefferson Davis	Miss	1853
"	Samuel Dexter	Mass	1800	Buchanan	John B. Floyd	Va	1857
"	Roger Griswold	Ct	1801	"	Joseph Holt	Ky	1861
Jefferson	Henry Dearborn	Mass	1801	Lincoln	Simon Cameron	Pa	1861
Madison	William Eustis	"	1809	"	Edwin M. Stanton	Ohio	1862
"	John Armstrong	N. Y	1813	Johnson	"	"	1865
"	James Monroe	Va	1814	"	U. S. Grant (*ad. in.*)	Ill	1867
"	William H. Crawford	Ga	1815	"	Lorenzo Thomas (*ad. in.*)	"	1868
Monroe	Isaac Shelby	Ky	1817	"	John M. Schofield	N. Y	1868
"	George Graham (*ad. in.*)	Va	1817	Grant	John A. Rawlins	Ill	1869
"	John C. Calhoun	S. C	1817	"	William T. Sherman	Ohio	1869
J. Q. Adams	James Barbour	Va	1825	"	William W. Belknap	Ia	1869
"	Peter B. Porter	N. Y	1828	"	Alphonso Taft	Ohio	1876
Jackson	John H. Eaton	Tenn	1829	"	James Don Cameron	Pa	1876
"	Lewis Cass	Ohio	1831	Hayes	George W. McCrary	Ia	1877
"	Benjamin F. Butler	N. Y	1837	"	Alexander Ramsey	Minn	1879
Van Buren	Joel R. Poinsett	S. C	1837	Garfield	Robert T. Lincoln	Ill	1881
Harrison	John Bell	Tenn	1841	Arthur	"	"	1881
Tyler	"	"	1841	Cleveland	William C. Endicott	Mass	1885
"	John McLean	Ohio	1841	Harrison	Redfield Proctor	Vt	1889
"	John C. Spencer	N. Y	1841	"	Stephen B. Elkins	W. Va	1891
"	James M. Porter	Pa	1843				

PRESIDENTIAL CABINET OFFICERS—*Continued.*

SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.

Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Residences.	Date of Appointment.	Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Residences.	Date of Appointment.
Taylor	Thomas Ewing	Ohio	1849	Johnson	Orville H. Browning	Ill	1866
Fillmore	James A. Pearce	Md	1850	Grant	Jacob D. Cox	Ohio	1869
"	Thomas M. T. M'Kernon	Pa	1850	"	Columbus Delano	"	1870
"	Alexander H. H. Stuart	Va	1850	"	Zachariah Chandler	Mich	1875
Pierce	Robert McClelland	Mich	1853	Hayes	Carl Schurz	Mo	1877
Buchanan	Jacob Thompson	Miss	1857	Garfield	Samuel J. Kirkwood	Ia	1881
Lincoln	Caleb B. Smith	Ind	1861	Arthur	Henry M. Teller	Col	1882
"	John P. Usher	"	1863	Cleveland	Lucius Q. C. Lamar	La	1885
Johnson	John P. Usher	"	1865	"	William F. Vilas	Wis	1888
"	James Harlan	Ia	1865	Harrison	John W. Noble	Mo	1889

SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY.

Adams	George Cabot	Mass	1798	Tyler	David Henshaw	Mass	1843
"	Benjamin Stoddert	Md	1798	"	Thomas W. Gilmer	Va	1844
Jefferson	"	"	1801	"	John Y. Mason	"	1844
"	Robert Smith	"	1801	Polk	George Bancroft	Mass	1845
"	J. Crowninshield	Mass	1805	"	John Y. Mason	Va	1846
Madison	Paul Hamilton	S. C	1809	Taylor	William B. Preston	"	1849
"	William Jones	Pa	1813	Fillmore	William A. Graham	N. C	1850
"	B. W. Crowninshield	Mass	1814	"	John P. Kennedy	Md	1852
Monroe	"	"	1817	Pierce	James C. Dobbin	N. C	1853
"	Smith Thompson	N. Y	1818	Buchanan	Isaac Toucey	Ct	1857
"	Samuel L. Southard	N. J	1823	Lincoln	Gideon Welles	"	1861
J. Q. Adams	"	"	1825	Johnson	"	"	1865
Jackson	John Branch	N. C	1829	Grant	Adolph E. Borie	Pa	1869
"	Levi Woodbury	N. H	1831	"	George M. Robeson	N. J	1869
"	Mahlon Dickerson	N. J	1834	Hayes	Richard W. Thompson	Ind	1877
Van Buren	"	"	1837	"	Nathan Goff, Jr	W. Va	1881
"	James K. Paulding	N. Y	1838	Garfield	William H. Hunt	La	1881
Harrison	George E. Badger	N. C	1841	Arthur	William E. Chandler	N. H	1882
Tyler	"	"	1841	Cleveland	William C. Whitney	N. Y	1885
"	Abel P. Upshur	Va	1841	Harrison	Benjamin F. Tracy	"	1889

SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

Cleveland	Norman J. Coleman	Mo	1889	Harrison	Jeremiah M. Rusk	Wis	1889

POSTMASTERS-GENERAL.*

Washington	Samuel Osgood	Mass	1789	Pierce	James Campbell	Tenn	1853
"	Timothy Pickering	"	1791	Buchanan	Aaron V. Brown	"	1857
"	Joseph Habersham	Ga	1795	"	Joseph Holt	Ky	1859
Adams	"	"	1797	"	Horatio King	Me	1861
Jefferson	"	"	1801	Lincoln	Montgomery Blair	Md	1861
"	Gideon Granger	Ct	1801	"	William Dennison	Ohio	1864
Madison	"	"	1809	Johnson	"	"	1865
"	Return J. Melgs, Jr	Ohio	1814	"	Alexander W. Randall	Wis	1866
Monroe	"	"	1817	Grant	John A. J. Cresswell	Md	1869
"	John McLean	"	1823	"	James W. Marshall	Va	1874
J. Q. Adams	"	"	1825	"	Marshall Jewell	Ct	1874
Jackson	William T. Barry	Ky	1829	"	James N. Tyner	Ind	1876
"	Amos Kendall	"	1835	Hayes	David McK. Key	Tenn	1877
Van Buren	"	"	1837	"	Horace Maynard	"	1880
"	John M. Niles	Ct	1840	Garfield	Thomas L. James	N. Y	1881
Harrison	Francis Granger	N. Y	1841	Arthur	Timothy O. Howe	Wis	1881
Tyler	"	"	1841	"	Walter Q. Gresham	Ind	1883
"	Charles A. Wickliffe	Ky	1841	"	Frank Hatton	Ia	1884
Polk	Cave Johnson	Tenn	1845	Cleveland	William F. Vilas	Wis	1885
Taylor	Jacob Collamer	Vt	1849	"	Don M. Dickinson	Mich	1888
Fillmore	Nathan K. Hall	N. Y	1850	Harrison	John Wanamaker	Pa	1889
"	Samuel D. Hubbard	Ct	1852				

* The Postmaster-General was not considered a Cabinet officer until 1829.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

Washington	Edmund Randolph	Va	1789	Madison	Richard Rush	Pa	1814
"	William Bradford	Pa	1794	Monroe	"	"	1817
"	Charles Lee	Va	1795	"	William Wirt	Va	1817
Adams	"	"	1797	J. Q. Adams	"	"	1825
"	Theophilus Parsons	Mass	1801	Jackson	John M'P. Berrien	Ga	1829
Jefferson	Levi Lincoln	"	1801	"	Roger B. Taney	Md	1831
"	Robert Smith	Md	1805	"	Benjamin F. Butler	N. Y	1833
"	John Breckinridge	Ky	1805	Van Buren	"	"	1837
"	Cæsar A. Rodney	Del	1807	"	Felix Grundy	Tenn	1838
Madison	"	"	1809	"	Henry D. Gilpin	Pa	1840
"	William Pinkney	Md	1811	Harrison	John J. Crittenden	Ky	1841

PRESIDENTIAL CABINET OFFICERS.—*Continued.*

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL—Continued.

Presidents.	Cabinet Officers	Residences.	Date of Appointment.	Presidents.	Cabinet Officers.	Residences.	Date of Appointment
Tyler	John J. Crittenden	Ky.	1841	Johnson	James Speed	Ky.	1865
"	Hugh S. Legaré	S. C.	1841	"	Henry Stanbery	Ohio	1866
"	John Nelson	Md.	1843	"	William M. Evarts	N. Y.	1868
Polk	John Y. Mason	Va.	1845	Grant	Ebenezer R. Hoar	Mass.	1869
"	Nathan Clifford	Me.	1846	"	Amos T. Ackerman	Ga.	1870
"	Isaac Toucey	Ct.	1848	"	George H. Williams	Ore.	1871
Taylor	Reverdy Johnson	Md.	1849	"	Edwards Pierrepont	N. Y.	1875
Fillmore	John J. Crittenden	Ky.	1850	"	Alphonso Taft	Ohio	1876
Pierce	Caleb Cushing	Mass.	1853	Hayes	Charles Devens	Mass.	1877
Buchanan	Jeremiah S. Black	Pa.	1857	Garfield	Wayne McVeagh	Pa.	1881
"	Edwin M. Stanton	Ohio	1860	Arthur	Benjamin H. Brewster	Pa.	1881
Lincoln	Edward Bates	Mo.	1861	Cleveland	Augustus H. Garland	Ark.	1885
"	Titian J. Coffey (*ad. in.*)		1863	Harrison	William H. H. Miller	Ind.	1889
"	James Speed	Ky.	1864				

NOTE.—Since the foundation of the Government, the individual States have been represented the following number of times in Cabinet positions: New-York, 26; Massachusetts, 24; Pennsylvania, 22; Virginia, 21; Ohio, 18; Maryland, 15; Kentucky, 13; Connecticut, 10; Tennessee, 9; Georgia, 8; Indiana, 8; South-Carolina, 6; Delaware, 6; Illinois, 5; Iowa, 5; Maine, 5; Michigan, 4; New-Jersey, 4; Louisiana, 4; North-Carolina, 4; Missouri, 4; Wisconsin, 4; Mississippi, 3; New-Hampshire, 3; Minnesota, 2; Vermont, 2; West-Virginia, 2; Colorado, 1; Oregon, 1; Arkansas, 1. The States which have not been represented in the Cabinet are: Alabama, California, Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North-Dakota, Rhode-Island, South-Dakota, Texas, Washington, Wyoming.

Prohibition National Committee.

Chairman.....SAMUEL DICKIE, Albion, Mich.
Secretary.....JOHN LLOYD THOMAS, 10 East 14th St., New-York.

Alabama	L. F. Whitten	La Fayette.
	L. C. Coulson	Scottsboro.
Arkansas	Thomas J. Rogers	Searcy.
	J. L. Palmer	Little Rock.
California	Rev. T. B. Stewart	San Francisco.
	Jesse Yarnell	Los Angeles.
Colorado	W. C. Stover	Fort Collins.
	W. R. Fowler	Canyon City.
Connecticut	George P. Rogers	New-London.
	Aaron Morehouse	Atlantic H'gs.
Delaware	W. N. Brown	Wyoming.
	J. J. Boyce	Laurel.
Florida	R. J. Morgan	Orlando.
	S. H. Cummings	Lawley.
Georgia	Samuel W. Small	Atlanta.
	A. A. Murphy	Barnesville.
Idaho	Mrs. Norman Buck	Lewiston.
	Charles J. Godsman	Malad City.
Illinois	J. G. Evans	Onarga.
	J. B. Hobbs	Chicago.
Indiana	S. J. North	Milford.
	Sylvester Johnson	Indianapolis.
Iowa	James Mickelwait	Hillsdale.
	V. G. Farnham	Akron.
Kansas	Mrs. C. H. St. John	Beloit.
	A. M. Richardson	Lawrence.
Kentucky	G. W. Ronald	Louisville.
	William Matthews	Louisville.
Louisiana	J. A. Parker	Baton Rouge.
	John N. Pharr	Berwick.
Maine	N. F. Woodbury	Auburn.
	W. T. Eustis	Dixfield.
Maryland	William Daniel	Baltimore.
Massachusetts	E. H. Clapp	Boston.
Michigan	John Russell	Milton.
	Samuel Dickie	Albion.
Minnesota	J. P. Pinkham	Minneapolis.
	Hugh Harrison	Minneapolis.
Mississippi	J. B. Gambrell	Jackson.
	Dr. J. A. Hackett	Jackson.
Missouri	Vacant	
	William C. Wilson	St. Louis.
Montana	Massena Bullard	Helena.
	Davis Wilson	Bozeman.
Nebraska	A. G. Wolfenbarger	Lincoln.
	George Scott	Sutton.
N.-Hampshire	J. M. Fletcher	Nashua.
	D. C. Babcock	Lancaster.
New-Jersey	C. L. Parker	Perth Amboy.
	Wm. H. Nicholson	Haddonfield.
New-York	H. Clay Bascom	Troy.
	W. T. Wardwell	New-York.
N'th-Carolina	D. W. C. Benbow	Greensboro.
	Edwin Shaver	Salisbury.
North-Dakota	Mrs. H. M. Barker	Fargo.
Ohio	B. S. Higley	Youngstown.
	J. A. Dickson	Ashtabula.
Oregon	J. G. Warner	Portland.
	J. W. Webb	Salem.
Pennsylvania	A. A. Stevens	Tyrone.
	William M. Price	Pittsburgh.
Rhode-Island	H. S. Woodworth	Providence.
	James W. Williams	Providence.
South-Carolina	Rev. H. F. Chreitzberg	Chester.
	J. F. Prince	Columbia.
South-Dakota	S. H. Cranmer	Ipswich.
Tennessee	James A. Tate	Milligan.
	J. W. Smith	McKenzie.
Texas	E. L. Dohoney	Paris.
	J. B. Cranfill	Waco.
Vermont	C. W. Wyman	Brattleboro'.
	Clinton Smith	Middlebury.
Virginia	James W. Newton	Staunton.
	Vacant	
Washington	Roger S. Greene	Seattle.
	S. T. Dimmick	Tacoma.
West-Virginia	Frank Burt	Mannington.
	T. R. Carskadon	Keyser.
Wisconsin	S. D. Hastings	Madison.
	E. W. Chafin	Waukesha.

People's Party National Committee.

Chairman.....H. E. TAUBENECK, Marshall, Ill.
Secretary.....ROBERT SCHILLING, Milwaukee, Wis.

Alabama	George F. Gaither	Birmingham.
Arkansas	L. L. Featherston	Forest City.
	J. O. A. Bush	Prescott.
	I. McCracken	Ozone.
California	Marion Cannon	Ventura.
	H. C. Dillon	Long Beach.
	A. G. Hinckley	Los Angeles.
Colorado	I. G. Berry	Montrose.
	I. O. Jones	Sterling.
	Mrs. E. G. Curtis	Canyon City.
Connecticut	Robert Pyne	Hartford.
	Dr. A. S. Houghton	Seymour.
	Charles Corning	New-London.
Dist. of Col.	Lee Crandall	Washington.
	T. C. Bland	Washington.
	H. J. Schulteis	Washington.
Florida	W. D. Condon	Ocala.
	W. R. Shields	Chipley.
	J. D. Goss	Ocala.
Georgia	C. C. Post	Douglasville.
Idaho	J. B. Wright	Caldwell.
	M. R. Jenkins	Middleton.
	George W. Paul	Parma.
Illinois	S. F. Norton	Chicago.
	A. J. Streeter	New-Windsor.
	H. E. Taubeneck	Marshall.
Indiana	C. A. Power	Terre Haute.
	Leroy Templeton	Boswell.
	J. D. Comstock	Elkhart.
Iowa	J. B. Weaver	Des Moines.
	M L. Wheat	Colfax.
	A. J. Westfall	Sargent Bluff.
Kansas	P. P. Elder	Princeton.
	Levi Dumbauld	Hartford.
	R. S Osborn	Stockton.
Kentucky	D. L. Graves	Louisville.
	S. F. Smith	Frankfort.
	T. G. Fallin	Troy, Ind.
Louisiana	I. J. Mills	Welsh.
	R. B. Paine	Anacoco.
	John Pickett	Alden's Bridge.
Maine	H. S. Hobbs	Rockland.
	F. A. Howard	Belfast.
	D. W. Smith	Lewiston.
Maryland	E. S. Heffron	Federalsburg.
	W. A. Dunning	W'shi'gt'n, D.C
	R. L. Gulick	E. Newmarket.
Massachusetts	G. F. Washburn	Boston.
	E. Gerry Brown	Charlestown.
	E. M. Boynton	Newburyport.
Michigan	Ben Colvin	St. Charles.
	Mrs. S. E. V. Emery	Lansing.
	John O. Zabel	Petersburgh
Minnesota	I. Donnelly	Hastings.
	C. N. Perkins	Stewart.
Minnesota	A. Steenerson	Climax.
Mississippi	James D. Lynch	West Point.
Missouri	Paul J. Dixon	Chillicothe.
	J. W. Rogers	Puxico.
	W. O. Atkeson	Butler.
Montana	L. A. Woodward	Missoula.
	C. W. Coates	Helena.
	S. Melville	Butte.
Nebraska	J. H. Edmisten	Lexington.
	William Dysart	Superior.
	W. H. Dech	Ithaca.
New-Jersey	E. E. Potter	Port Oram.
	N. Conover	Clinton.
	Rev. H. D. Opdyke	Stanton.
New-York	J. H. Studer	New-York City
	Charles Ward	Livonia.
	Lafayette Crum	West-Candor.
N'th-Carolina	W. R. Lindsay	Madison.
North-Dakota	M. D. Williams	Jamestown.
	W. J. McCullock	Jessie.
	Mrs. L. W. Slaughter	Bismarck.
Ohio	Hugo Preyer	Cleveland.
	J. C. H. Cobb	Wellston.
	H. F. Barnes	Tiffin.
Oklahoma	Sam Crocker	Oklahoma City
	A. E. Light	Reno City.
	John Hogan	Guthrie.
Oregon	W. K. Salvani	Buxton.
	J. F. Hendrix	Harrisburg.
	Nathan Pierce	Milton.
Pennsylvania	R. A. Thompson	Indiana.
	F. R. Agnew	Beaver.
	Louis Edwards	Jamestown.
Rhode-Island	Barth Valette	Providence.
	B. F. Arnold	Pawtucket.
South-Dakota	J. W. Harden	Huron.
	H. L. Loucks	Clear Lake.
	Fred. Zipp	Deadwood.
Tennessee	H. P. Osborne	Fairfield.
	John W. James	Chattanooga.
	G. W. J. Kay	Fayetteville.
Texas	W. R. Lamb	Montague.
	Thomas Gaines	Comanche.
	J. H. Davis	Sulphur Sp'gs.
Washington	M. F. Knox	Seattle.
	Two to be elected in December.	
West-Virginia	Luther C. Shinn	Harrison.
	G. W. Beaumont	
	Thomas C. Remsey	
Wisconsin	Robert Schilling	Milwaukee.
	A. Manheimer	Manitowoc.
	A. J. Philips	West-Salem.
Wyoming	H. D. Merritt	Cheyenne.
	H. Breiteustein	Laramie.
	James A. Smith	Rock Springs.

National Association of Democratic Clubs.

President, Chauncey F. Black, Pennsylvania. *Treasurer*, Roswell P. Flower, New-York. *Secretary*, Lawrence Gardner, Washington, D. C. *Executive Committee*, William L. Wilson, West-Virginia, Chairman; Robert Grier Monroe, New-York; Alexander T. Ankeny, Minnesota; Chauncey F. Black, Pennsylvania; Harvey N. Collison, Massachusetts; Roswell P. Flower, New-York; Lawrence Gardner, District of Columbia; George H. Lambert, New-Jersey; Charles Ogden, Nebraska; Harry Wells Rusk, Maryland; Bradley G. Schley, Wisconsin; Edward B. Whitney, New-York. Headquarters, Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Republican League of the United States.

President, J. S. Clarkson, Iowa. *Secretary*, A. B. Humphrey, New-York. *Treasurer*, P. C. Lounsbury, Connecticut. *Executive Committee*, Alabama, R. W. Austin; Connecticut, Edward L. Lindsey; Delaware, Philip Walter; Georgia, R. D. Locke; Idaho, George N. Roberts; Illinois, James C. Edwards; Indiana, George W. Patchell; Iowa, Frank D. Jackson; Kansas, E. C. Littell; Kentucky, W. D. Riley; Louisiana, E. C. L. Hening; Maine, J. H. Manley; Maryland, George L. Wellington; Massachusetts, J. Henry Gould; Michigan, Edward P. Allen; Minnesota, T. E. Byrnes; Missouri, Charles E. Pearse; Nebraska, John L. Webster; New-Hampshire, M. J. Pratt; New-Jersey, Louis T. Bernese; New-York, James A. Blanchard; North-Dakota, H. B. Guntle; Ohio, Horace M. Deal; Pennsylvania, J. Froman; Tennessee, L. K. Torbett; Vermont, Hamilton S. Perk; Virginia, G. W. Harris; Washington, B. C. Van Houten; West-Virginia, Stephen B. Elkins; Wisconsin, A. D. Shaw; New-Mexico, Elbert J. Fawn; District of Columbia, A. M. Clapp. Headquarters, 202 Fifth Avenue, New-York.

Democratic National and State Committees.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Appointed by the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis, June, 1888, and the vacancies since filled.

Chairman	CALVIN S. BRICE	Lima, O.
Secretary	S. P. Sheerin	Indianapolis.
Alabama	H. D. Clayton, Jr.	Eufaula.
Arizona	J. C. Herndon	Prescott.
Arkansas	S. P. Hughes	Little Rock.
California	M. F. Tarpey	Alameda.
Colorado	Chas. S. Thomas	Denver.
Connecticut	Carlos French*	Seymour.
Delaware	John H. Rodney	Wilmington.
Dist. of Columbia	William Dickson	Washington.
Florida	Samuel Pasco	Monticello.
Georgia	John H. Estill	Savannah.
Idaho	John W. Jones	Boisé City.
Illinois	E. M. Phelps	Chicago.
Indiana	S. P. Sheerin	Indianapolis.
Iowa	J. J. Richardson	Davenport.
Kansas	C. W. Blair	Leavenworth.
Kentucky	Henry Watterson†	Louisville.
Louisiana	James Jeffries	Boyce.
Maine	Arthur Sewall	Bath.
Maryland	A. P. Gorman	Laurel.
Massachusetts	Chas. D. Lewis	S. Frami'gh'm
Michigan	O. M. Barnes	Lansing.
Minnesota	Michael Doran	St. Paul.
Mississippi	C. A. Johnston	Columbus.
Missouri	John G. Prather	St. Louis.
Montana	A. H. Mitchell	Deer Lodge.
Nebraska	James E. Boyd	Omaha.
Nevada	R. P. Keating	Virginia City.
New-Hampshire	A. W. Sulloway	Franklin.
New-Jersey	Miles Ross	N. Br'nswick.
New-Mexico	Neill B. Field‡	Albuquerque.
New-York	W. F. Sheehan§	Buffalo.
North-Carolina	M. W. Ransom	Weldon.
North-Dakota	W. R. Purcell	Wahpeton.
Ohio	Calvin S. Brice	Lima.
Oregon	A. Noltner	Portland.
Pennsylvania	Wm. F. Harrity‖	Philadelphia.
Rhode-Island	Samuel R. Honey	Newport.
South-Carolina	John C. Haskell¶	Columbia.
South-Dakota	Wm. R. Steele	Deadwood.
Tennessee	R. F. Looney	Memphis.
Texas	O. T. Holt	Houston.
Utah	Wm. F. Ferry	Park City.
Vermont	Hiram Atkins	Montpelier.
Virginia	Jno. S. Barbour	Alexandria.
Washington	J. A. Kuhn	Pt. Townsend.
West-Virginia	Johnson M. Camden	Parkersburg.
Wisconsin	John L. Mitchell	Milwaukee.
Wyoming	W. L. Kuykendall	Cheyenne.

* Appointed 1889, in place of W. H. Barnum, deceased. † In place of H. D. McHenry, deceased. ‡ In place of G. G. Posey, resigned. § In place of Herman Oelrichs, resigned. ‖ In place of W. L. Scott, deceased. ¶ In place of F. W. Dawson deceased.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEES.

Chairmen and Secretaries of the Committees appointed by the last Democratic State (and Territorial) Conventions.

ALABAMA.

State Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative Party.—Henry C. Tompkins, Montgomery, Chairman; Reuben C. Shorter, Montgomery, Secretary.

ARIZONA.

Democratic Territorial Central Committee.—L. M. Jacobs, Tucson, Chairman; J. E. Walker, Phœnix, Secretary.

ARKANSAS.

Democratic State Central Committee.—J. E. Williams, Little Rock, Chairman; Walter J. Terry, Little Rock, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Reuben J. Wilson, San Francisco, Chairman; A. T. Spotts, San Francisco, Secretary.

COLORADO.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Frank P. Arbuckle, Highlands, Chairman; Rod S. King, Leadville, Secretary.

CONNECTICUT.

Democratic State Committee.—Clinton B. Davis, Higganum, Chairman; J. H. Swartwout, New-Haven, Secretary.

DELAWARE.

Democratic State Central Committee.—W. H. Stevens, Seaford, Chairman; Robert H. Taylor, Wilmington, Secretary.

FLORIDA.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—James P. Taliaferro, Jacksonville, Chairman; L. B. Wombwell, Tallahassee, Secretary.

GEORGIA.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—W. Y. Atkinson, Newnan, Chairman.

IDAHO.

Democratic State Central Committee.—George Ainslee, Boisé City, Chairman; James H. Wickersham, Boisé City, Secretary.

ILLINOIS.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Delos P. Phelps, Monmouth, Chairman; George M. Haynes, Chicago, Secretary.

INDIANA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Charles L. Jewett, New-Albany, Chairman; Joseph L. Reiley, Indianapolis, Secretary.

IOWA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Charles D. Fullen, Fairfield, Chairman.

KANSAS.

Democratic State Central Committee.—W. C. Jones, Iola, Chairman; Charles Howard, Hays City, Secretary.

KENTUCKY.

Democratic State Central Committee.—John B. Castleman, Louisville, Chairman; Ormsby D. Gray, Louisville, Secretary.

LOUISIANA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—John S. Lanier, Clinton, Chairman; George W. Flynn, New-Orleans, Secretary.

MAINE.

Democratic State Committee.—John B. Dunovan, Chairman; Alfred Fred E. Beane, Hallowell, Secretary.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEES—*Continued.*

MARYLAND.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Barnes Compton, Laurel, Chairman; Murray Vandiver, Havre de Grace, Secretary.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Democratic State Committee.—John W. Corcoran, Boston, Chairman; W. J. Dale, Jr., Boston, Secretary; Josiah Quincy, Boston, Chairman Executive Committee.

MICHIGAN.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Daniel J. Campan, Detroit, Chairman; Alfred J. Murphy and F. H. Hosford, Detroit, Secretaries.

MINNESOTA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—W. M. Campbell, St. Paul, Chairman; P. J. Smalley, St. Paul, Secretary.

MISSISSIPPI.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—Robert H. Thompson, Brookhaven, Chairman; Robert E. Wilson, Jackson, Secretary.

MISSOURI.

State Democratic Committee.—Charles C. Maffitt, St. Louis, Chairman; Robert Frank Walker, Jefferson City, Secretary.

MONTANA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—T. E. Collins, Great Falls, Chairman; Leon Lacroix, Helena, Secretary.

NEBRASKA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Charles Ogden, Omaha, Chairman; Carroll S. Montgomery, Omaha, Secretary.

NEVADA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—John H. Dennis, Virginia City, Chairman; P. J. Dunne. Secretary.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Democratic State Committee.—John P. Bartlett, Manchester, Chairman; James R. Jackson, Littleton, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY.

Democratic State Committee.—Allan McDermott, Trenton, Chairman; Willard C. Fisk, Jersey City, Secretary.

NEW-MEXICO.

Democratic Territorial Central Committee.—W. B. Childers, Albuquerque, Chairman; Felix Martinez, Las Vegas, Secretary.

NEW-YORK.

Democratic State Committee.—Edward Murphy, Jr., Troy, Chairman; Samuel A. Beardsley, Utica, Secretary; William B. Kirk, Treasurer.

Executive Committee.—Daniel G. Griffin, Watertown, Chairman; Charles R. De Freest, Troy, Clerk.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—Ed. Chambers Smith, Raleigh, Chairman; B. C. Beckwith, Raleigh, Secretary.

NORTH-DAKOTA.

Democratic State Committee.—Daniel W. Marratta, Fargo, Chairman; R. W. Cutts, Grand Forks, Secretary.

OHIO

Democratic State Executive Committee.—James E. Neal, Hamilton, Chairman; L. C. Cole, Bowling Green, Secretary.

OKLAHOMA.

Democratic Central Committee.—E. J. Simpson, El Reno, Chairman; J. L. Van Derwerker, Oklahoma City, Secretary.

OREGON.

Democratic State Central Committee.—B. Goldsmith, Portland, Chairman; George A. Brodie, Portland, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—James Kerr, Clearfield, Chairman; Benjamin M. Nead, Harrisburg, Secretary.

RHODE-ISLAND.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Franklin P. Owen, Providence, Chairman; Elisha W. Bucklin, Pawtucket, Secretary.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

State Executive Committee of the Democratic Party.—J. L. M. Irby, Laurens, Chairman; G. Duncan Bellinger, Barnwell, Secretary.

SOUTH-DAKOTA.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Otto Peemiller, Yankton, Chairman; E. M. O'Brien, Yankton, Secretary.

TENNESSEE.

Democratic Executive Committee.—T. M. McConnell, Chattanooga, Chairman; E. B. Wade, Murfreesboro, Secretary.

TEXAS.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—N. Webb Finley, Tyler, Chairman; Ed. Kauffman, Austin.

UTAH.

Democratic Territorial Central Committee.—Samuel A. Merritt, Salt Lake City, Chairman; Elias A. Smith, Salt Lake City, Secretary.

VERMONT.

Democratic State Committee.—Hiram Atkins, Montpelier, Chairman; John H. Senter, Warren, Secretary.

VIRGINIA.

State Democratic Executive Committee.—J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond, Chairman; James R. Fisher, Richmond, Secretary.

WASHINGTON.

Democratic State Committee.—Daniel H. Gilman, Seattle, Chairman; George Hazzard, Tacoma, Secretary.

WEST-VIRGINIA.

Democratic State Executive Committee.—Thomas S. Riley, Wheeling, Chairman; B. H. Oxley, Charleston, Secretary.

WISCONSIN.

Democratic State Central Committee.—E. C. Wall, Milwaukee, Chairman; W. A. Anderson, La Crosse, Secretary.

WYOMING.

Democratic State Central Committee.—Colin Hunter, Cheyenne, Chairman; W. L. Kuykendall, Saratoga, Secretary.

Republican National and State Committees.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

Appointed by the National Republican Convention at Chicago, June, 1888, and the vacancies since filled.

Chairman.	J. S. CLARKSON	Des Moines.
Secretary.	J. Sloat Fassett	Elmira, N. Y.
Alabama	W. Youngblood	Birmingham.
Arizona	George Christ	Nogales.
Arkansas	Powell Clayton	Eureka Sp'ngs.
California	M. H. De Young	San Francisco.
Colorado	W. A. Hamill	Georgetown.
Connecticut	Samuel Fessenden	Stamford.
Delaware	Daniel J. Layton	Georgetown.
Dist. of Col	P. H. Carson	Washington.
Florida	John K. Russell	Olustee.
Georgia	F. F. Putney	Hardaway.
Idaho	George L. Sharp	Salmon City.
Illinois	W. J. Campbell	Chicago.
Indiana	John C. New*	London, Eng.
Iowa	J. S. Clarkson	Washington.
Kansas	Cyrus Leland, Jr	Troy.
Kentucky	W. O. Bradley	Lancaster.
Louisiana	P. B. S. Pinchback	New-Orleans.
Maine	J. M. Haynes	Augusta.
Maryland	James A. Garry	Baltimore.
Massach'setts	Henry S. Hyde	Springfield.
Michigan	J. P. Sanborn	Port Huron.
Minnesota	Robert G. Evans	Minneapolis.
Mississippi	James Hill	Jackson.
Missouri	Chauncey I. Filley	St. Louis.
Montana	C. S. Warren	Butte City.
Nebraska	W. M. Robinson	Madison.
Nevada	E. Williams	Virginia City.
N. Hampsh'e	P. C. Cheney	Manchester.
New-Jersey	G. A. Hobart	Paterson.
New-Mexico	W. L. Ryerson	Las Cruces.
New-York	J. S. Fassett	Elmira.
N. Carolina	W. P. Canady	Wilmington.
N. Dakota	H. C. Hansborough	Devil's Lake.
Ohio	A. L. Conger	Akron.
Oklahoma	D. T. Flynn	Guthrie.
Oregon	Jonathan Bourne, Jr.	Portland.
Pennsylvania	M. S. Quay	Beaver C. H.
Rhode-Island	Thomas W. Chase	Providence.
S. Carolina	E. M. Brayton	Columbia.
S. Dakota	A. C. Mellette	Watertown.
Tennessee	W. W. Murray	Huntington.
Texas	N. W. Cuney	Galveston.
Utah	J. R. McBride	Salt Lake City.
Vermont	G. W. Hooker	Brattleboro'.
Virginia	James D. Brady	Petersburg.
Washington	T. H. Cavanaugh	Olympia.
W.-Virginia	N. B. Scott	Wheeling.
Wisconsin	Henry C. Payne	Milwaukee.
Wyoming	J. M. Carey	Cheyenne.

* Mr. New is now United States Consul-General at London.

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEES.

Chairmen and Secretaries of the Committees appointed by the last Republican State (and Territorial) Conventions.

ALABAMA.

Republican State Executive Committee.—Robert A. Moseley, Jr., Montgomery, Chairman; Harvey A. Wilson, Birmingham, Secretary.

ARKANSAS.

Republican State Committee.—Henry M. Cooper, Little Rock, Chairman; M. W. Gibbs, Little Rock, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA.

Republican State Central Committee.—Irwin C. Stump, San Francisco, Chairman; Charles Bassett, San Francisco, Secretary.

COLORADO.

Republican State Committee.—Eli M. Ashley, Denver, Chairman; N. H. Meldrum, Sterling, Secretary.

CONNECTICUT.

Republican State Central Committee.—Herbert E. Benton, New-Haven, Chairman; Austin Brainard, Hartford, Secretary.

DELAWARE.

Republican State Central Committee.—John Pilling, Newark, Chairman; J. Francis Bacon, Georgetown, Secretary.

FLORIDA.

Republican State Central Committee.—Dennis Eagan, Jacksonville, Chairman; Joseph E. Lee, Jacksonville, Secretary.

GEORGIA.

State Central Committee.—Alfred E. Buck, Atlanta, Chairman; John H. Deveaux, Brunswick, Secretary.

IDAHO.

Republican Territorial Central Committee.—Joseph Pinkham, Boisé City, Chairman; Samuel J. Prichard, Silver City, Secretary.

ILLINOIS.

Republican State Central Committee.—A. M. Jones, Warren, Chairman; Daniel Shepard, Chicago, Secretary.

INDIANA.

Republican State Central Committee.—John K. Gowdy, Indianapolis, Chairman; Frank M. Millikan, Indianapolis, Secretary.

IOWA.

Republican State Central Committee.—Edgar E. Mack, Storm Lake, Chairman; E. D. Chassell, Le Mars, Secretary.

KANSAS.

Republican State Central Committee.—W. J. Buchan, Kansas City, Chairman; John H. Smith, Columbus, Secretary.

KENTUCKY.

Republican State Central Committee.—John W. Yerkes, Danville, Chairman; W. E. Riley, Louisville, Secretary.

LOUISIANA.

Republican State Central Committee.—P. F. Herwig, New-Orleans, Chairman; William Vigers, New-Orleans, Corresponding Secretary.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL AND STATE COMMITTEES—*Continued.*

MAINE.

Republican State Committee.—Joseph H. Manly, Augusta, Chairman; H. E. Southard, Augusta, Secretary.

MARYLAND.

Republican State Central Committee.—Henry M. Clabaugh, Westminster, Chairman; H. Clay Naill, Frederick City, Secretary.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Republican State Committee.—Joseph O. Burdette, Boston, Chairman; J. Otis Wardwell, Haverhill, Secretary.

MICHIGAN.

Republican State Central Committee.—James McMillan, Detroit, Chairman; William R. Bates, Detroit, Secretary.

MINNESOTA.

Republican State Central Committee.—Joel P. Heatwole, Northfield, Chairman; Tams Bixby, St. Paul, Secretary.

MISSISSIPPI.

Republican State Executive Committee.—J. M. Matthews, Winona, Chairman; William H. Gibbs, Jackson, Secretary.

MISSOURI.

Republican State Committee. — Chauncey I. Filley, St. Louis, Chairman; James T. Beach, St. Joseph, Secretary.

MONTANA.

Republican State Committee. — B. F. White, Dillon, Chairman; James B. Walker, Helena, Secretary.

NEBRASKA.

Republican State Central Committee.—S. D. Mercer, Omaha, Chairman; Walt M. Seeley, Bennett, Secretary.

NEVADA.

Republican State Central Committee. — E. Strother, Virginia, Chairman; F. C. Lord, Virginia, Secretary.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Republican State Central Committee.—Frank C. Churchill, Lebanon, Chairman; Stephen S. Jewett, Laconia, Secretary.

NEW-JERSEY.

Republican State Committee.—John Kean, Jr., Elizabeth, Chairman; John Y. Foster, Newark, Secretary.

NEW-MEXICO.

Republican Central Committee. — (Vacant) Chairman; L. A. Hughes, Santa Fé, Secretary.

NEW-YORK.

Republican State Executive Committee.—William Brookfield, Chairman; John S. Kenyon, Syracuse, Secretary.

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Republican State Executive Committee.—John Baxter Eaves, Statesville, Chairman; F. T. Walser, Asheville, Secretary.

NORTH-DAKOTA.

Republican State Central Committee.—B. F. Spalding, Fargo, Chairman; Grant S. Hager, St. Thomas, Secretary.

OHIO.

Republican State Central Committee.—L. W. King, Youngstown, Chairman; Frederick W. Herbst, Columbus, Secretary

Executive Committee.—William M. Hahn, Columbus, Chairman; W. S. Matthews, Columbus, Secretary.

OKLAHOMA.

Republican Territorial Committee. — H. F. Ardery, Guthrie, Chairman; D. W. Marquart, Norman, Secretary.

OREGON.

Republican State Central Committee.—James Lotan, Portland, Chairman; F. A. Moore, St. Helen's, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Republican State Committee.—Louis A. Watres, Scranton, Chairman; Frank Willing Leach, Philadelphia, Secretary.

RHODE-ISLAND.

Republican State Central Committee.—A. K. Goodwin, Pawtucket, Chairman; Isaac L. Goff, Providence, Secretary.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

Republican State Executive Committee.—Eugene A. Webster, Columbia, Chairman; James H. Johnson, Columbia, Secretary.

SOUTH-DAKOTA.

Republican State Central Committee.—Alonzo E. Clough, Madison, Chairman; W. C. Allen, Groton, Secretary.

TENNESSEE.

Republican State Executive Committee.—J. W. Baker, Nashville, Chairman; J. C. Napier, Nashville, Secretary.

TEXAS.

Republican State Executive Committee.—Lock McDaniel, Chairman; W. Edgar Easton, Galveston, Secretary.

VERMONT.

Republican State Committee. — Frederick W. Baldwin, Barton, Chairman; William R. Page, Rutland, Secretary.

VIRGINIA.

Republican State Committee.—William Mahone, Petersburg, Chairman; Asa Rogers, Petersburg, Secretary.

WASHINGTON.

Republican State Committee.—E. T. Wilson, Ellensburg, Chairman; R. K. Nichols, North-Yakima, Secretary.

WEST-VIRGINIA.

Republican State Central Committee.—B. F. Meighen, Moundsville, Chairman; G. W. Atkinson, Wheeling, Secretary.

WISCONSIN.

Republican State Central Committee.—Henry C. Payne, Milwaukee, Chairman; John M. Ewing, Milwaukee, Secretary.

WYOMING.

Republican Central Committee.—Joseph M. Carey, Cheyenne, Chairman; Charles N. Potter, Cheyenne, Secretary.

Passport Regulations.

PASSPORTS are issued only to citizens of the United States, upon application, supported by proof of citizenship. Citizenship is acquired by birth, by naturalization, and by annexation of territory. An alien woman who marries a citizen of the United States thereby becomes a citizen. Minor children resident in the United States become citizens by the naturalization of their father.

When the applicant is a native citizen of the United States he must transmit his own affidavit of this fact, stating his age and place of birth, with the certificate of one other citizen of the United States to whom he is personally known, stating that the declaration made by the applicant is true. The affidavit must be attested by a notary public, under his signature and seal of office. When there is no notary in the place the affidavit may be made before a justice of the peace or other officer authorized to administer oaths; but if he has no seal, his official act must be authenticated by certificate of a court of record.

A person born abroad who claims that his father was a native citizen of the United States must state in his affidavit that his father was born in the United States, has resided therein, and was a citizen of the same at the time of the applicant's birth. This affidavit must be supported by that of one other citizen acquainted with the facts.

NATURALIZED CITIZENS.

If the applicant be a naturalized citizen, his certificate of naturalization must be transmitted for inspection (it will be returned with the passport), and he must state in his affidavit that he is the identical person described in the certificate presented. Passports cannot be issued to aliens who have only declared their intention to become citizens.

Military service does not of itself confer citizenship. A person of alien birth, who has been honorably discharged from military service in the United States, but who has not been naturalized, should not transmit his discharge paper in application for a passport, but should apply to the proper court for admission to citizenship, and transmit the certificate of naturalization so obtained. The signature to the application and oath of allegiance should conform in orthography to the applicant's name as written in the naturalization paper, which the Department follows.

Every applicant is required to state his occupation and the place of his permanent legal residence, and to declare that he goes abroad for temporary sojourn and intends to return to the United States with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein.

The wife or widow of a naturalized citizen must transmit the naturalization certificate of the husband, stating in her affidavit that she is the wife or widow of the person described therein. The children of a naturalized citizen, claiming citizenship through the father, must transmit the certificate of naturalization of the father, stating in their affidavits that they are children of the person described therein, and were minors at the time of such naturalization.

The oath of allegiance to the United States will be required in all cases.

APPLICATIONS.

The application should be accompanied by a description of the person, stating the following particulars—viz.: Age: —— years. Stature: —— feet, —— inches (English measure). Forehead: ——. Eyes: ——. Nose: ——. Mouth: ——. Chin: ——. Hair: ——. Complexion: ——. Face: ——.

If the applicant is to be accompanied by his wife, minor children or servants, it will be sufficient to state the names and ages of such persons and their relationship to the applicant, when a single passport for the whole will suffice. For any other person in the party a separate passport will be required. A woman's passport may include her minor children and servants.

FEE REQUIRED.

By act of Congress approved March 23, 1888, a fee of one dollar is required to be collected for every citizen's passport. That amount in currency or postal note should accompany each application. Orders should be payable to the Disbursing Clerk of the Department of State. Drafts or checks are inconvenient and undesirable.

A passport is good for two years from its date and no longer. A new one may be obtained by stating the date and number of the old one, paying the fee of one dollar, and furnishing satisfactory evidence that the applicant is at the time within the United States. The oath of allegiance must also be transmitted when the former passport was issued prior to 1861.

Citizens of the United States desiring to obtain passports while in a foreign country must apply to the chief diplomatic representative of the United States in that country, or, in the absence of a diplomatic representative, then to the consul-general, if there be one, or in the absence of both the officers last named, to a consul. Passports cannot be lawfully issued by State authorities, or by judicial or municipal functionaries of the United States. (Revised Statutes, §4075.)

To persons wishing to obtain passports for themselves blank forms of application will be furnished by this department on request, stating whether the applicant be a native or a naturalized citizen, or claims citizenship through the naturalization of husband or parent. Forms are not furnished except as samples, to those who make a business of procuring passports.

Applications for forms should state whether for native, or naturalized citizens, or persons claiming citizenship through naturalization of parent—the form being different in each case.

Communications should be addressed to the Department of State, endorsed "Passport Division," and each communication should give the post-office address of the person to whom the answer is to be directed. Professional titles will not be inserted in passports.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C., 1892.

Public Debt of the United States.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF DECEMBER 1. 1891.

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.

Funded loan of 1891	$25,364,500.00	
Funded loan of 1907	559,573,650.00	
Refunding certificates	88,720.00	
Aggregate of interest-bearing debt, exclusive of United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads		$585,026,870.00

DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.

Aggregate of debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	$5,279,770.26	

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

Legal-tender notes	$346,681,016.00	
Old demand notes	55,647.50	
National bank notes: Redemption account	33,789,991.25	
Fractional currency: Less $8,375,934 estimated as lost or destroyed, act of June 21, 1879	6,906,691.60	
Aggregate of debt bearing no interest		$387,433,346.35

CERTIFICATES AND NOTES ISSUED ON DEPOSITS OF COIN AND LEGAL-TENDER NOTES AND PURCHASES OF SILVER BULLION.

Gold certificates	$161,852,139.00	
Silver certificates	324,274,918.00	
Currency certificates	10,135,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890	72,959,652.00	
Aggregate of certificates and Treasury notes, offset by cash in the Treasury		$569,221,709.00

CLASSIFICATION OF DEBT DECEMBER 1, 1891.

Interest-bearing debt		$585,026,870.00
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity		5,279,770.26
Debt bearing no interest		387,433,346.35
Aggregate of interest and non-interest bearing debt		$977,739,986.61
Certificates and Treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury		569,221,709.00
Aggregate of debt, including certificates and Treasury notes		$1,546,961,695.61

CASH IN THE TREASURY.

Gold certificates	$161,852,139.00	
Silver certificates	324,274,918.00	
Currency certificates	10,135,000.00	
Treasury notes of 1890	72,959,652.00	
		$569,221,709.00
Fund for redemption of uncurrent National bank notes	$5,560,510.47	
Outstanding checks and drafts	3,747,625.89	
Disbursing officers' balances	24,684,877.39	
Agency accounts, etc.	6,015,109.45	
		40,008,123.20
Gold reserve $100,000,000.00; Net cash balance 39,126,917.96		139,126,917.96
Total		$748,356,750.16
Cash balance in the Treasury, November 30, 1891		$139,126,917.96

Principal of the Public Debt.

Statement of outstanding Principal of the Public Debt of the United States on January 1 of each Year from 1791 to 1842, inclusive; and on July 1 of each Year, from 1843 to 1886, inclusive, and on December 1 of each Year from 1887 to 1891, inclusive.

1791	Jan. 1	$75,463,476.52	1825	Jan. 1	$83,788,432.71	1859	July 1 $58,496,837.88
1792	"	77,217,924.66	1826	"	81,054,059.99	1860	" 64,842,287.88
1793	"	80,352,634.04	1827	"	73,987,357.20	1861	" 90,580,873.72
1794	"	78,427,404.77	1828	"	67,475,043.87	1862	" 524,176,412.13
1795	"	80,747,587.39	1829	"	58,421,413.67	1863	" 1,119,772,138.63
1796	"	83,762,172.07	1830	"	48,565,406.50	1864	" 1,815,784,370.57
1797	"	82,064,479.33	1831	"	39,123,191.68	1865	" 2,680,647,869.74
1798	"	79,228,529.12	1832	"	24,322,235.18	1866	" 2,773,236,173.69
1799	"	78,408,669.77	1833	"	7,001,698.83	1867	" 2,678,126,103.87
1800	"	82,976,294.35	1834	"	4,760,082.08	1868	" 2,611,687,851.19
1801	"	83,038,050.80	1835	"	37,513.05	1869	" 2,588,452,213.94
1802	"	86,712,632.25	1836	"	336,957.83	1870	" 2,480,672,427.81
1803	"	77,054,686.30	1837	"	3,308,124.07	1871	" 2,353,211,332.32
1804	"	86,427,120.88	1838	"	10,434,221.14	1872	" 2,253,251,328.78
1805	"	82,312,150.50	1839	"	3,573,343.82	1873	" 2,231,482,993.20
1806	"	75,723,270.66	1840	"	5,250,875.54	1874	" 2,251,690,468.43
1807	"	69,218,398.64	1841	"	13,594,480.73	1875	" 2,232,284,531.95
1808	"	65,196,317.97	1842	"	20,601,226.28	1876	" 2,180,395,067.15
1809	"	57,023,192.09	1843	July 1	32,742,922.00	1877	" 2,205,301,392.10
1810	"	53,173,217.52	1844	"	23,461,652.50	1878	" 2,256,205,892.53
1811	"	48,005,587.76	1845	"	15,925,303.01	1879	" 2,349,567,232.04
1812	"	45,209,737.90	1846	"	15,550,202.97	1880	" 2,128,791,054.63
1813	"	55,962,827.57	1847	"	38,826,534.77	1881	" 2,077,389,253.58
1814	"	81,487,846.24	1848	"	47,044,862.23	1882	" 1,926,688,678.03
1815	"	99,833,660.15	1849	"	63,061,858.69	1883	" 1,892,547,412.07
1816	"	127,334,933.74	1850	"	63,452,773.55	1884	" 1,838,904,607.57
1817	"	123,491,965.16	1851	"	68,304,796.02	1885	" 1,872,340,557.14
1818	"	103,466,633.83	1852	"	66,199,341.71	1886	" 1,783,438,697.78
1819	"	95,529,648.28	1853	"	59,803,117.70	1887	Dec. 1 1,664,461,536.38
1820	"	91,015,566.15	1854	"	42,242,222.42	1888	" 1,680,917,706.23
1821	"	89,987,427.66	1855	"	35,586,858.56	1889	" 1,617,372,419.53
1822	"	93,546,676.98	1856	"	31,972,537.90	1890	" 1,549,296,126.48
1823	"	90,875,877.28	1857	"	28,699,831.85	1891	" 1,546,961,695.61
1824	"	90,269,777.77	1858	"	44,911,881.03		

Receipts and Expenditures of U. S. Government, 1861–91.

REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS.

Year.	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Direct Tax.	Sales of Public Lands.	Miscellaneous Sources. Premiums on Loans and Sales of Gold Coin.	Miscellaneous Sources. Other Miscellaneous Items.	Total Revenue.	Excess of Revenue over Ordinary Expenditures.
1861..	$39,582,126	.....	.....	$870,659	$33,631	$1,023,515	$41,509,930	*$25,636,714
1862..	49,056,398	.....	$1,795,332	152,204	68,400	915,122	51,987,455	*422,774,363
1863..	69,059,642	$37,640,788	1,485,104	167,617	602,345	3,741,764	112,697,291	*662,043,434
1864..	102,316,153	109,741,134	475,649	588,333	21,174,101	30,331,401	264,626,772	*600,695,870
1865..	84,928,261	209,464,215	1,200,573	996,553	11,683,447	25,441,556	333,714,605	*963,840,619
1866..	179,046,652	309,226,813	1,974,754	665,031	38,083,056	29,036,314	558,032,620	37,223,203
1867..	176,417,811	266,027,537	4,200,234	1,163,576	27,787,330	15,037,522	490,634,010	133,091,335
1868..	164,464,600	191,087,589	1,788,146	1,348,715	29,203,629	17,745,404	405,638,083	28,297,798
1869..	180,048,427	158,356,461	765,686	4,020,344	13,755,491	13,997,339	370,943,747	48,078,469
1870..	194,538,374	184,899,756	229,103	3,350,482	15,295,644	12,942,118	411,255,478	101,601,917
1871..	206,270,408	143,098,154	580,355	2,388,647	8,892,840	22,093,541	383,323,945	91,145,757
1872..	216,370,287	130,642,178	.....	2,575,714	9,412,638	15,106,051	374,106,868	96,588,905
1873..	188,089,523	113,729,314	315,255	2,882,312	11,560,531	17,161,270	333,738,205	43,302,959
1874..	163,103,834	102,409,785	.....	1,852,429	5,037,665	17,075,043	289,478,755	2,344,882
1875..	157,167,722	110,007,494	.....	1,413,640	3,979,280	15,431,915	288,000,051	13,376,658
1876..	148,071,985	116,700,732	93,79	1,129,467	4,029,281	17,456,776	287,482,039	29,022,242
1877..	130,956,493	118,630,408	.....	976,254	405,777	18,031,655	269,000,587	30,340,578
1878..	130,170,680	110,581,625	.....	1,079,743	317,102	15,614,728	257,763,879	20,799,552
1879..	137,250,048	113,561,611	.....	924,781	1,505,048	20,585,697	273,827,184	6,879,301
1880..	186,522,065	124,009,374	31	1,016,507	110	21,978,525	333,526,611	65,883,653
1881..	198,159,676	135,264,386	1,517	2,201,863	.....	25,154,851	360,782,293	100,069,405
1882..	220,410,730	146,497,595	160,142	4,753,140	.....	31,703,633	403,525,250	145,543,811
1883..	214,706,497	144,720,369	108,157	7,955,864	.....	30,796,695	398,287,582	132,879,444
1884..	195,067,490	121,586,073	70,721	9,810,705	.....	21,984,882	348,519,870	104,393,626
1885..	181,471,939	112,498,726	.....	5,705,986	.....	24,014,055	323,690,706	63,463,771
1886..	192,905,023	116,805,936	108,240	5,630,999	.....	20,989,528	336,439,727	93,956,589
1887..	217,286,893	118,823,391	32,892	9,254,286	.....	26,005,815	371,403,278	103,471,098
1888..	219,091,174	124,296,872	1,566	11,202,017	.....	24,674,446	379,266,075	111,341,274
1889..	223,832,742	130,881,514	.....	8,038,652	.....	24,297,151	387,050,059	87,761,081
1890..	229,668,585	142,606,706	.....	6,358,273	.....	24,447,420	403,080,983	85,040,272
1891..	219,522,205	145,686,249	.....	4,029,535	.....	23,374,457	392,612,447	26,838,542

EXPENDITURES BY FISCAL YEARS.

Year.	Premium on Loans and Purchase of Bonds, etc.	Other Civil and Miscellaneous Items.	War Department.	Navy Department.	Indians.	Pensions.	Interest on Public Debt.	Total Ordinary Expenditures.
1861..	.....	$23,267,010	$22,981,150	$12,420,888	$2,841,358	$1,036,664	$4,000,174	$66,546,645
1862..	.....	21,408,491	394,368,407	42,668,277	2,273,223	853,095	13,190,324	474,761,819
1863..	.....	23,256,965	599,298,601	63,221,964	3,154,357	1,078,992	24,729,847	714,740,725
1864..	.....	27,505,599	690,791,843	85,725,995	2,620,859	4,983,924	53,685,422	865,322,642
1865..	$1,717,900	43,047,658	1,031,323,361	122,612,945	5,116,837	16,338,811	77,397,712	1,297,555,224
1866..	58,477	41,056,962	284,449,702	43,324,119	3,247,065	15,605,352	133,067,742	520,809,417
1867..	10,813,349	51,110,224	95,224,416	31,034,011	4,642,532	20,936,552	143,781,592	357,542,675
1868..	7,001,151	53,009,868	123,246,649	25,775,503	4,100,682	23,782,387	140,424,046	377,340,285
1869..	1,674,680	56,474,062	78,501,991	20,000,758	7,042,923	28,476,622	130,694,243	322,865,278
1870..	15,999,556	53,237,462	57,655,675	21,780,230	3,407,938	28,340,202	129,235,498	309,653,561
1871..	9,016,795	60,481,916	35,799,992	19,431,027	7,426,997	34,443,895	125,576,566	292,177,188
1872..	6,958,267	60,984,757	35,372,157	21,249,810	7,061,729	28,533,403	117,357,840	277,517,963
1873..	5,105,920	73,328,110	46,323,138	23,526,257	7,951,705	29,359,427	104,750,628	290,345,245
1874..	1,395,074	69,641,593	42,313,927	30,932,587	6,692,462	29,038,415	107,119,815	287,133,873
1875..	.....	71,079,703	41,120,646	21,497,626	8,384,657	29,456,216	103,093,545	274,623,393
1876..	.....	66,958,374	38,070,889	18,963,310	5,966,558	28,257,396	100,243,271	258,459,797
1877..	.....	56,252,067	37,082,736	14,959,935	5,277,007	27,963,752	97,124,512	238,660,009
1878..	.....	53,177,704	32,154,148	17,465,301	4,629,280	27,137,019	102,500,875	236,964,327
1879..	.....	65,741,555	40,425,661	15,125,127	5,206,109	35,121,482	105,327,949	266,947,883
1880..	2,795,320	54,713,530	38,116,916	13,536,985	5,945,457	56,777,174	95,757,575	267,642,958
1881..	1,601,249	64,416,325	40,466,461	15,686,672	6,514,161	50,059,280	82,508,741	260,712,883
1882..	.....	57,219,751	43,570,494	15,032,046	9,736,747	61,345,194	71,077,207	257,981,440
1883..	.....	68,678,022	48,911,383	15,283,437	7,362,590	66,012,574	59,160,131	265,408,138
1884..	.....	70,920,434	39,429,603	17,292,601	6,475,999	55,429,228	54,578,378	244,126,244
1885..	.....	87,494,258	42,670,578	16,021,080	6,552,495	56,102,267	51,386,256	260,226,935
1886..	.....	74,166,930	34,324,153	13,907,888	6,099,158	63,404,864	50,580,146	242,483,138
1887..	.....	85,264,826	38,561,026	15,141,127	6,194,523	75,029,102	47,741,577	267,932,180
1888..	8,270,842	72,952,261	38,522,436	16,926,438	6,249,308	80,288,509	44,715,007	267,924,801
1889..	17,292,363	80,664,064	44,435,271	21,378,809	6,892,208	87,624,779	41,001,484	299,288,978
1890..	20,304,244	81,403,256	44,582,838	22,006,206	6,708,047	106,936,855	36,099,284	318,040,711
1891..	10,401,221	110,048,167	48,720,065	26,113,896	8,527,469	124,415,951	37,547,135	365,773,905

* Expenditures in excess of revenue.

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the Government 1789 to 1891 have been: From customs, $6,751,086,380; internal revenue, $4,111,760,798; direct tax, $28,131,994; public lands, $280,505,642; miscellaneous, $690,871,303; total, excluding loans, $11,872,076,249.

The total expenditures of the United States from the beginning of the Government 1789 to 1891 have been: For civil and miscellaneous, $2,368,549,295; war, $4,777,863,341; navy, $1,207,598,476; Indians, $264,471,240; pensions, $1,373,889,939; interest, $2,682,075,770; total, $12,674,448,061.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

STATEMENT OF NET RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1890.

States and Territories.*	Distilled Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Oleomargarine.	Collections not otherwise provided for.	Penalties.	Aggregate Receipts.
Alabama	$42,426.66	$37,486.05	$33,858.06	$3,528.00	$0.08	$1,501.65	$118,800.50
Arkansas	80,406.62	34,830.69	1,679.15	1,350.00	.....	606.38	118,872.84
California (*a*)	844,490.16	447,617.30	707,361.40	620.00	.....	14,272.52	2,014,361.38
Colorado (*b*)	74,377.10	58,615.21	181,392.09	4,837.42	.20	2.63	319,224.65
Connecticut (*c*)	252,847.28	155,097.46	283,691.03	116,916.02	.03	3,334.16	811,885.98
Florida	11,683 35	461,131.87	1,140.83	808.00	.06	618.64	475,382.75
Georgia	474,547.57	42,062.15	37,266.22	68.00	319.45	693.70	554,957.09
Illinois	30,903,269.71	1,375,513.39	2,146,104.71	442,833.34	.....	10,728.69	34,878,449.84
Indiana	5,517,983.18	230,588.08	494,591.29	6,757.20	.....	941.85	6,250,934.50
Iowa	109.182.55	219,943.06	99,270.35	40.00	.33	3,566.08	432,002.37
Kansas	43,690.72	91,103.02	9,474.13	51,545.30	.....	780.12	196,593.29
Kentucky	14,944,611 32	1,790,505.51	307,507.11	5,238.00	8.20	1,445.05	17,049,315.19
Louisiana (*d*)	158,559.54	345,458.88	190,855.81	2,692.00	20.35	1,735.58	699,332.16
Maryland (*e*)	1,313,448.30	1,352,285.36	645,968.60	776.00	1.53	203.48	3,312,683.27
Massachusetts	1,008,916.13	372,514.73	892,034 56	28,952.06	220.69	4,187.80	2,307,125.97
Michigan	167,172.76	1,467,748.92	537,832.24	17,636.00	.03	1,894.15	2,192,284.10
Minnesota	2,615,851.55	154,892.54	324,455.11	.....	.....	897.95	3,096,097.15
Missouri	2,210,023.45	4,071,549.39	1,759,525.87	16,382.74	6.77	4,532.06	8,062,020.28
Montana (*f*)	77,413.49	23,516.13	75,422.60	3,110 00	.....	.....	179,464.22
Nebraska (*g*)	2,707,559.94	96,660.73	161,667.96	1,244.00	.....	2,499.22	2,969,631.85
N.Hampshire (*h*)	81,742.10	63,735 46	369,218.89	1,440.00	.....	1,855.60	517,992.05
New-Jersey	495,047.86	2,270,336.37	1,432,210.13	2,496.00	.37	620.00	4,206,710.73
New-Mexico (*i*)	42,949.75	6,522 78	9,632.04	102.00	.....	204.11	59,410.68
New-York	2,730,078.28	5,472,352.93	8,013,184.77	.....	3.70	8,611.74	16,224,231.42
North-Carolina	730,040.95	2,016,173.12	1,267.51	.....	4,621.65	7,226.71	2,759,329.94
Ohio	8,355 203.66	2,773,309.43	2,246,012.15	50,714.64	53.74	3,618.09	13,428,911.71
Oregon (*k*)	93,220.61	57,567.67	169,263.11	2,204.00	1.60	100.00	322,356.99
Pennsylvania	3,359,640.09	3,742,735.18	2,611,619.28	12,521.00	12.11	5,388.99	9,731,916.65
South-Carolina	64,398.61	19,701.87	9,571.30	.....	180.04	745.21	94,597.03
Tennessee	870,102.48	212,566.69	65,117.70	3,242.00	3,737.75	5,349.57	1,160,116.19
Texas	106,503.53	65,280.93	86,894.77	2,840.00	.....	1,861.87	263,384.10
Virginia	269,123.90	3,195,382.22	49,607.81	104.00	.....	1,940.78	3,516,158.71
West-Virginia	259,436.08	488,500.84	113,146.18	1,210.00	.....	42,375.67	904,668.77
Wisconsin	667,021.17	730,709.68	1,940,689.98	3,324.00	.....	908.54	3,342,653.37
Total	$81,682,970.45	$33,949,997.64	$26,008,534.74	$785,531.72	$9,198.68	$135,554.59	$142,571,857.72

* As constituted July 1, 1887, for the collection of internal revenue.

NOTE.—(*a*) Including Nevada. (*b*) Including Wyoming. (*c*) Including Rhode-Island. (*d*) Including Mississippi. (*e*) Including Delaware, District of Columbia, and the counties of Accomack and Northampton in Virginia. (*f*) Including Idaho and Utah. (*g*) Including Dakota. (*h*) Including Maine and Vermont. (*i*) Including Arizona. (*k*) Including Alaska and Washington

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS FROM 1865 TO 1891 INCLUSIVE.

Fiscal Years.	Spirits.	Tobacco.	Fermented Liquors.	Banks and Bankers.	Penalties, etc.	Adhesive Stamps.	Collections under Repealed Laws.
1865	$18,731,422	$11,401,373	$3,734,928	$4,940,871	$520,363	$11,162,392	$160,638,180
1866	33,268,172	16,531,008	5,220,553	3,463,988	1,142,853	15,044,373	236,236,037
1867	33,542,952	19,765,148	6,057,501	2,040,562	1,459,171	16,094,718	186,954,423
1868	18,655,531	18,730,095	5,955,869	1,866,746	1,256,882	14,852,252	129 863,060
1869	45,071,231	23,430,708	6,099,880	2,196,054	877,089	16,420,710	65,943,673
1870	55,606,094	31,350,708	6,319,127	3,020,084	827,905	16,544,043	71,567,908
1871	46,281,848	33,578,907	7,389,502	3,644,242	636,980	15,342,739	37,136,958
1872	49,475,516	33,736,171	8,258,498	4,628,229	442,205	16,177,321	19,053 007
1873	52,099,372	34,356,303	9,324,938	3,771,031	461,653	7,702,377	6,329,782
1874	49,444,090	33,242,876	9,304,680	3,387,161	364,216	6,136,845	764,880
1875	52,081,991	37,303,462	9,144,004	4,097,248	281,108	6,557,230	1,080,111
1876	56,426,365	39,795,340	9,571,281	4,006,698	409,284	6,518,488	509,631
1877	57,469,430	41,106,547	9,480,789	3,829,729	419,999	6,450,429	238,261
1878	50,420,816	40,091,755	9,937,052	3,492,932	346,008	6,380,405	429,659
1879	52,570,285	40,135,003	10,729,320	3,198,884	578,591	6,237,538	.....
1880	61,185,509	38,870,149	12,829,803	3,350,985	383,755	7,668,394	.....
1881	67,153,975	42,854,691	13,700,241	3,762,208	231,078	7,924,708	152,163
1882	69,873,408	47,391,989	16,153 920	5,253,458	199,830	7,570,109	78,559
1883	74,368,775	42,104,250	16,900,616	3,748,995	305,803	7,053,053	71,852
1884	76,905,385	26,062,400	18,084,954	.....	289,144	.....	265 068
1885	67,511,209	26,407,088	18,230,782	.....	222,681	.....	49,361
1886	69,092,266	27,997,303	19,676,731	.....	194 422	.....	32,087
1887	65,766,076	30,083,710	21,918,213	4,288	219 058	.....	29,283
1888	69,287,431	30,636 076	23,321,218	4 203	154,970	.....	9,548
1889	74,302,887	31,862,195	23,723,835	6,179	83,893	.....	.....
1890	81,682,970	33 949 998	26,008,535	69	135,555	.....	.....
1891	83,335,964	32 796,271	28,565,130	.....	256,214	.....	.....
Total 27 Years	$1,523,611,069	$865,511,871	$355 644,130	$67,719,945	$12,700,710	$197,838,124	$1,053,212,886

Aggregate receipts 1865–91 inclusive, including Commissions allowed on sales of adhesive stamps, $3,965,454,451.

United States Pension Statistics.

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS JUNE 30, 1891.

Agencies.	Under the General Law.				Under the Act of June 27, 1890.				No. of Pensioners on the Rolls June 30, 1891.	No. of Pensioners on the Rolls June 30, 1890.
	Army.		Navy.		Army.		Navy.			
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Invalids.	Widows, etc.		
Columbus, O.	46,303	11,962	.....	.....	11,707	1,406	.....	.....	72,862	56,233
Topeka, Kan.	37,178	6,929	.....	.....	13,856	1,349	.....	.....	62,550	44,082
Indianapolis, Ind.	42,491	8,821	.....	.....	4,481	652	.....	.....	57,771	50,196
Chicago, Ill.	34,363	8,475	1,145	343	6,055	851	937	241	54,336	44,642
Washington, D. C.	24,684	4,972	989	548	10,397	913	924	206	46,001	32,916
Des Moines, Ia.	28,530	4,563	.....	.....	5,939	516	.....	.....	40,541	32,261
Boston, Mass.	20,214	9,066	1,530	774	3,084	939	752	361	37,632	31,021
Philadelphia, Pa.	19,601	7,311	816	414	6,249	1,152	582	270	37,329	29,306
Buffalo, N. Y.	23,405	7,498	.....	.....	3,991	587	.....	.....	36,317	30,609
Milwaukee, Wis.	25,152	4,895	.....	.....	3,906	403	.....	.....	34,941	29,053
Detroit, Mich.	23,773	4,813	.....	.....	4,278	436	.....	.....	33,867	27,143
Knoxville, Tenn.	12,442	4,853	.....	.....	6,286	639	.....	.....	32,816	25,230
New-York, N. Y.	17,267	7,252	790	455	3,567	947	684	335	32,491	25,927
Pittsburgh, Pa.	19,584	5,407	.....	.....	5,938	534	.....	.....	32,020	24,892
Louisville, Ky.	11,318	3,850	.....	.....	4,327	438	.....	.....	21,440	16,023
Concord, N. H.	11,904	3,693	.....	.....	1,049	160	.....	.....	17,139	15,427
Augusta, Me.	10,773	3,500	.....	.....	774	174	.....	.....	15,764	14,565
San Francisco, Cal.	5,215	700	179	34	1,252	107	97	23	10,337	8,418
Total	413,597	108,560	5,449	2,568	97,136	12,209	3,976	1,436	676,160	537,944
Increase during year	20,788	4,104	175	108	97,137	12,209	3,976	1,436	138,216	.....

Pensioners of the War of 1812—survivors, 284; widows, 7,590. Pensioners of the war with Mexico—survivors, 16,379; widows, 6,976.

NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1861–91.

Fiscal Year ending June 30.	Army and Navy. Claims Allowed.		Total Number of Applications Filed.	Total Number of Claims Allowed.	Number of Pensioners on the Roll.			Disbursement.
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.			Invalids.	Widows, etc.	Total.	
1861	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,337	4,299	8,636	$1 072,461.55
1862	413	49	2,487	462	4,341	3,818	8,159	790 384.76
1863	4,121	3,763	49,332	7,884	7,821	6,970	14,791	1,025,139.91
1864	17,041	22,446	53,599	39,487	23,479	27,656	51,135	4,504,610.92
1865	15,212	24,959	72,664	40,171	35,880	50,106	85,986	8,525,153.11
1866	22,883	27,204	65,259	59,177	55,652	71,070	126,722	13,459,996.43
1867	16,589	19,893	36,753	36,482	69,565	83,618	153,183	18,619,966.46
1868	9,460	19,461	20,768	28,921	75,957	93,686	169,643	24,010,081.99
1869	7,292	15,904	26,066	23,196	82,859	105,104	187,963	28,422,884.08
1870	5,721	12,500	24,851	18,221	87,521	111,165	198,686	27,780,811.81
1871	7,034	8,399	43,969	16,562	93,394	114,101	207,495	33,077,383.63
1872	6,468	7,244	26,391	34,333	113,954	118,275	232,229	30,169,341.00
1873	6,551	4,073	18,303	16,052	119,500	118,911	238,411	29,185,289.62
1874	5,037	3,152	16,734	10,462	121,628	114,613	236,241	30,593,749.56
1875	5,760	4,736	18,704	11,152	122,989	111,832	234,821	29,683,116.63
1876	5,360	4,376	23,523	9,977	124,239	107,898	232,137	28,351,599.69
1877	7,282	3,861	22,715	11,326	128,723	103,381	232,104	28,583,157.04
1878	7,414	3,550	44,587	11,962	131,649	92,349	223,998	26,844,415.18
1879	7,242	3,379	57,118	31,346	138,615	104,140	242,755	33,780,526.19
1880	10,176	4,455	141,466	19,545	145,410	105,392	250,802	57,240,540.14
1881	21,394	3,920	31,116	27,394	164,110	104,720	268,830	50,626,538.51
1882	22,946	3,999	40,939	27,664	182,633	103,064	285,697	54,296,280.54
1883	32,014	5,303	48,776	38,162	206,042	97,616	303,658	60,431,972.85
1884	27,414	6,366	41,785	34,192	225,470	97,286	323,756	57,273,536.74
1885	27,580	7,743	40,918	35,767	247,146	97,979	345,125	65,693,706.72
1886	31,937	8,610	49,895	40,857	270,346	95,437	365,783	64,584,270.45
1887	35,283	11,217	72,465	55,194	306,298	99,709	406,007	74,815,486.85
1888	35,843	10,816	75,726	60,252	343,701	108,856	452,557	79,646,146.37
1889	36,830	11,924	81,220	51,921	373,699	116,026	489,725	89,131,968.44
1890	50,395	14,612	105,044	66,637	415,654	122,290	537,944	106,493,890.19
1891	41,381	11,914	363,799	156,486	536,821	139,339	676,160	118,548,959.71
Total	531,873	289,918	1,716,989	1,020,244	.....	.....	.....	$1,277,261,263.07

In the total number of applications filed in 1891 are included 243,680 invalids and 78,270 widows, etc., under the act of June 27, 1890, and 706 survivors and 875 widows of the war with Mexico. In the number of claims allowed in 1891 are included 88,611 invalids and 13,776 widows, etc., under the act of June 27, 1890, and 336 survivors and 385 widows of the war with Mexico. There were also filed during the year 353,582 applications under the act of June 27, 1890, in cases in which pension had already been allowed or applied for.

UNITED STATES PENSION STATISTICS.—*Continued.*

PENSION AGENCIES, PENSION AGENTS, AND GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS, JUNE 30, 1891.

AGENCIES.	Agents.	Geographical Limits.	Pay-Places Naval Pensioners.	Disbursements.
Augusta	Joseph A. Clark	Maine	Boston	$2,821,409
Boston	William H. Osborne	Connecticut, Mass., Rhode Island	Boston	6,447,082
Buffalo	J. Scenkelberger	Western New-York	New-York City	6,440,389
Chicago	Isaac Clements	Illinois	Chicago	9,457,983
Columbus	John G. Mitchell	Ohio	Chicago	13,064,887
Concord	Thomas P. Cheney	New-Hampshire, Vermont	Boston	2,937,928
Des Moines	Stephen A. Marine	Iowa, Nebraska	Chicago	6,887,752
Detroit	Edward H. Harvey	Michigan	Chicago	6,145,508
Indianapolis	Nicholas Ensley	Indiana	Chicago	10,632,139
Knoxville	William Rule	Southern States*	Washington	5,482,197
Louisville	C. J. Walton	Kentucky	Chicago	4,027,711
Milwaukee	Levi E. Pond	Minnesota, Dakotas, Wisconsin	Chicago	5,968,320
New-York	F. C. Loveland	East New-York, East New-Jersey	New-York City	5,647,834
Philadelphia	W. H. Shelmire	East Pa., West New-Jersey	Philadelphia	6,036,486
Pittsburgh	H. H. Bengough	West Pennsylvania	Philadelphia	5,109,788
San Francisco	John C. Currier	Pacific Coast	San Francisco	1,578,035
Topeka	Bernard Kelly	Colorado, Kansas, Mo., N. Mexico	Chicago	10,732,710
Washington	Sidney L. Wilson	Del., Md., Virginia, W. Virginia†	Washington	9,016,769
Total				$118,435,827

* Excepting the States in the Louisville and Washington districts. † Also the District of Columbia and foreign countries. The expenses of pension agencies in disbursing the pension fund during the fiscal year were $1,569,787. This is independent of the expense of maintaining the pension bureau at Washington.

PENSIONERS IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY.

Alabama	2,065	Idaho	537	Michigan	34,447	N. Carolina	2,497	Utah Ter.	544
Alaska	14	Illinois	49,711	Minnesota	10,873	North-Dakota	977	Vermont	8,566
Arizona	289	Indiana	55,704	Mississippi	1,641	Ohio	75,498	Virginia	5,256
Arkansas	5,994	Indian Ter.	1,022	Missouri	33,135	Oklahoma	1,387	Washington	2 885
California	8,004	Iowa	28,430	Montana	792	Oregon	2,263	West Virginia	9,787
Colorado	3,381	Kansas	29,421	Nebraska	12,011	Pennsylvania	63,986	Wisconsin	20,969
Connecticut	8,713	Kentucky	21,441	Nevada	166	Rhode Island	2,889	Wyoming	364
Delaware	1,764	Louisiana	1,788	N. Hampshire	7,707	S. Carolina	814	Foreign coun's	2,646
Dist. of Col.	6,132	Maine	17,610	New-Jersey	13,375	South-Dakota	3,572		
Florida	1,343	Maryland	7,867	New-Mexico	450	Tennessee	12,214	Total	676,160
Georgia	1,671	Mass.	25,953	New-York	60,325	Texas	5,270		

The oldest pensioner on the rolls, June 30, 1891, was Mrs. Anne Hyde, of Fishkill, N. Y., aged 102 years.

WIDOWS OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS ON PENSION ROLLS JUNE 30, 1891.

NAME OF WIDOW.	Age.	Name of Soldier.	Service of Soldier	Widow's Residence.
Aldrich, Lovcy	91	Aldrich, Caleb	N. Hampshire and R. I. troops	Seattle, Wash.
Betz, Elizabeth	88	Betz, Peter	Pennsylvania troops	Harrisburg, Pa.
Brown, Mary	86	Brown, Joseph	Ditto	Knoxville, Tenn.
Cloud, Nancy	78	Cloud, William	Virginia troops	St. Paul, Minn.
Dabney, Sarah	91	Dabney, John Q.	Ditto	Barry, Ill.
Damon, Esther S.	77	Damon, Noah	Massachusetts troops	Plymouth Union, Vt.
Dunmore, Jane	90	Merrill, James	Connecticut troops	Broadalin, N. Y.
Green, Nancy A.	73	Edens, Elias	South Carolina troops	Napoleon, Ind.
Heath, Sally	86	Heath, William	North Carolina troops	Burnside, Ky.
Jones, Nancy	77	Darling, James	North Carolina troops	Jonesboro, Tenn.
Mayo, Rebecca	78	Mayo, Stephen	Virginia troops	Newbern, Va.
Morton, Olive C.	80	Tuman, Peter	New-York troops	Elva, Mich.
Morse, Lucy	90	Morse, Abial	Connecticut troops	East Barnard, Vt.
Rains, Nancy	99	Rains, John	Virginia troops	Carter Furnace, Tenn.
Richardson, Patty	93	Richardson, Godfrey	New-York troops	East Bethel, Vt.
Smith, Meridy	86	Smith, William	North Carolina troops	Newnan, Ga.
Snead, Mary	75	Snead, Bowdoin	Virginia troops	Parksley, Va.
Turner, Asenath	86	Durham, Samuel	Connecticut troops	Manchester, N. Y.
Weatherman, Nancy	81	Glascock, Robert	Virginia troops	Lineback, Tenn.
Young, Anna Maria	99	Young, Jacob	Pennsylvania troops	Easton, Pa.

It will be seen that it is possible that the widow of a Revolutionary soldier may be drawing a pension in the year 1918. For a similar reason the widow of a veteran of the late Civil War may be living in 2002.

PENSIONS TO WIDOWS OF PRESIDENTS AND FEDERAL OFFICERS.

The widows of Presidents Grant and Garfield receive annual pensions of $5,000 each. The following is a list of widows of prominent officers of the army and navy receiving pensions:

NAME.	Rank, Husband.	Am't.	NAME.	Rank, Husband.	Am't.
Mrs. George H. Thomas	Major-General	$2,000	Mrs. E. O. C. Ord	Major-General	$1,200
Mrs. W. S. Hancock	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. Robert Anderson	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. John A. Logan	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. George I. Stannard	Major-General	1,200
Mrs. Francis P. Blair	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. Gabriel R. Paul	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. P. H. Sheridan	General	2,000	Mrs. James B. Ricketts	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. John C. Fremont	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. J. W. A. Nicholson	Rear-Admiral	1,200
Mrs. Geo. B. McClellan	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. L. H. Rousseau	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. George Crook	Major-General	2,000	Mrs. John F. Hartranft	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. James Shields	Brigadier-General	1,200	Mrs. Roger Jones	Colonel	1,200
Mrs. S. Heintzelman	Major-General	1,200	Mrs. G. K. Warren	Major-General	1,200
Mrs. David McDougal	Rear-Admiral	1,200	Mrs. David D. Porter	Admiral	2,500

Patent Office Procedure.

PATENTS are issued in the name of the United States, and under the seal of the Patent Office, to any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, not known or used by others in this country, and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, before his invention or discovery thereof, and not in public use or on sale for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned; and by any person who, by his own industry, genius, efforts, and expense has invented and produced any new and original design for a manufacture, bust, statue, alto-relievo, or bas-relief; any new and original design for the printing of woollen, silk, cotton, or other fabrics; any new and original impression, ornament, pattern, print, or picture to be printed, painted, cast, or otherwise placed on or worked into any article of manufacture; or any new, useful, and original shape or configuration of any article of manufacture, the same not having been known nor used by others before his invention or production thereof, nor patented nor described in any printed publication, upon payment of the fees required by law and other due proceedings had.

Every patent contains a grant to the patentee, his heirs or assigns, for the term of seventeen years, of the exclusive right to make, use, and vend the invention or discovery throughout the United States and the Territories, referring to the specification for the particulars thereof.

If it appear that the inventor, at the time of making his application, believed himself to be the first inventor or discoverer, a patent will not be refused on account of the invention or discovery, or any part thereof, having been known or used in any foreign country before his invention or discovery thereof, if it had not been before patented or described in any printed publication.

Joint inventors are entitled to a joint patent; neither can claim one separately. Independent inventors of distinct and independent improvements in the same machine cannot obtain a joint patent for their separate inventions; nor does the fact that one furnishes the capital and another makes the invention entitle them to make application as joint inventors; but in such case they may become joint patentees.

The receipt of letters patent from a foreign government will not prevent the inventor from obtaining a patent in the United States, unless the invention shall have been introduced into public use in the United States more than two years prior to the application. But every patent granted for an invention which has been previously patented by the same inventor in a foreign country will be so limited as to expire at the same time with the foreign patent, or, if there be more than one, at the same time with the one having the shortest unexpired term, but in no case will it be in force more than seventeen years.

APPLICATIONS.

Application for a patent must be made in writing to the Commissioner of Patents. The applicant must also file in the Patent Office a written description of the same, and of the manner and process of making, constructing, compounding, and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art or science to which it appertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, construct, compound, and use the same; and in case of a machine, he must explain the principle thereof, and the best mode in which he has contemplated applying that principle, so as to distinguish it from other inventions, and particularly point out and distinctly claim the part, improvement, or combination which he claims as his invention or discovery. The specification and claim must be signed by the inventor and attested by two witnesses.

When the nature of the case admits of drawings, the applicant must furnish one copy signed by the inventor or his attorney in fact, and attested by two witnesses, to be filed in the Patent Office. In all cases which admit of representation by model, the applicant, if required by the Commissioner, shall furnish a model of convenient size to exhibit advantageously the several parts of his invention or discovery.

The applicant shall make oath that he verily believes himself to be the original and first inventor or discoverer of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a patent; that he does not know and does not believe that the same was ever before known or used, and shall state of what country he is a citizen. Such oath may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any minister, chargé d'affaires, consul, or commercial agent, holding commission under the government of the United States, or before any notary public of the foreign country in which the applicant may be.

On the filing of such application and the payment of the fees required by law, if, on such examination, it appears that the claimant is justly entitled to a patent under the law, and that the same is sufficiently useful and important, the Commissioner will issue a patent therefor.

ASSIGNMENTS.

Every patent or any interest therein shall be assignable in law by an instrument in writing; and the patentee or his assigns or legal representatives may, in like manner, grant and convey an exclusive right under his patent to the whole or any specified part of the United States.

REISSUES.

A reissue is granted to the original patentee, his legal representatives, or the assignees of the entire interest when, by reason of a defective or insufficient specification, or by reason of the patentee claiming as his invention or discovery more than he had a right to claim as new, the original patent is inoperative or invalid, provided the error has arisen from inadvertence, accident, or mistake, and without any fraudulent or deceptive intention. In the cases of patents issued and assigned prior to July 8, 1870, the applications for reissue may be made by the assignees; but in the cases of patents issued or assigned since that date, the applications must be made and the specifications sworn to by the inventors, if they be living.

CAVEATS.

A caveat, under the patent law, is a notice given to the office of the caveator's claim as inventor, in order to prevent the grant of a patent to another for the same alleged invention upon an application filed during the life of a caveat without notice to the caveator.

Any citizen of the United States who has made a new invention or discovery, and desires further time to mature the same, may, on payment of a fee of ten dollars, file in the Patent Office a caveat setting forth the object and the distinguishing characteristics of the invention, and praying protection of his right until he shall have matured his invention. Such caveat shall be filed in the confidential archives of the office and preserved in secrecy, and shall be operative for the term of one year from the filing thereof.

An alien has the same privilege, if he has resided in the United States one year next preceding the filing of his caveat, and has made oath of his intention to become a citizen.

The caveat must comprise a specification, oath, and, when the nature of the case admits of it, a drawing, and, like the application, must be limited to a single invention or improvement.

PATENT OFFICE PROCEDURE—*Continued.*

FEES.

Fees must be paid in advance, and are as follows: On filing each original application for a patent, $15. On issuing each original patent, $20. In design cases: For three years and six months, $10; for seven years, $15; for fourteen years, $30. On filing each caveat, $10. On every application for the reissue of a patent, $30. On filing each disclaimer, $10. For certified copies of patents and other papers in manuscript, ten cents per hundred words; for certified copies of printed patents, eighty-five cents. For recording every assignment, agreement, power of attorney, or other paper, of three hundred words or under, $1; of over three hundred and under one thousand words, $2; of over one thousand words, $3. For copies of drawings, the reasonable cost of making them.

PATENT OFFICE STATISTICS.

The receipts of the Patent Office during the fiscal year 1890–91 were $1,302,795, and expenditures, $1,145,503. Receipts over expenditures, $157,292.

The following is a statement of the business of the office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891:

Number of applications for patents	39,696
Number of applications for design patents	1,146
Number of applications for reissue patents	111
Number of applications for registration of trade marks	1,855
Number of applications for registration of labels	808
Number of caveats filed	2,333
Total	45,949

Number of patents granted, including reissues and designs	25,307
Number of trade marks registered	1,744
Number of labels registered	289
Total	27,340
Number of patents withheld for non-payment of final fees	3,514
Number of patents expired	12,383

The total number of applications filed at the Patent Office in fifty-five years, 1837–91, was 786,199; number of caveats filed, 93,498; number of patents issued, 503,125. Receipts, $26,652,379; expenditures, $21,499,613. Net surplus, $5,152,766.

List of Appropriations by Congress, 1879-92.

The following have been the annual appropriations made by the United States Congress for the expenses of the Government for each fiscal year ending June 30, from 1879 to 1892, inclusive.

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.
Deficiencies	$15,213,259	$4,633,824	$6,118,085	$5,110,862	$9,853,869	$2,832,680	$4,385,836
Legislative, Executive and Judicial	15,868,694	16,136,230	16,532,009	17,797,398	20,322,908	20,763,843	21,556,902
Sundry Civil	24,968,590	19,724,869	22,503,508	22,011,223	25,425,479	23,713,404	22,346,750
Support of the Army	51,279,079	26,797,300	26,435,800	26,687,800	27,032,099	24,681,250	24,454,450
Naval Service	14,153,432	14,028,69[illegible]	[illegible],798	14,566,038	14,903,559	15,954,247	8,931,856
Indian Service	4,734,876	4,[illegible]3,479	4,657,263	4,587,867	5,219,604	5,388,656	5,903,151
Rivers and Harbors	8,322,700	9,577,495	9,976,500	11,451,300	18,988,875	None.	14,948,300
Forts and Fortifications	275,000	275,000	550,000	575,000	375,000	670,000	700,000
Military Academy	292,805	319,547	310,234	322,435	335,557	318,667	314,563
Post Office Department	4,222,275	5,872,376	3,883,420	2,152,258	1,902,178	Indefinite.	Indefinite.
Pensions	29,371,574	56,233,200	41,644,000	68,282,307	116,000,000	86,575,000	20,810,000
Consular & Diplomatic	1,087,535	1,097,735	1,180,335	1,191,435	1,256,615	1,296,255	1,225,140
Agricultural Dep't*	.....	.....	253,300	335,500	427,280	405,630	480,190
District of Columbia†	.....	.....	3,425,247	3,379,571	3,496,060	3,505,495	3,594,256
Miscellaneous	2,226,390	2,995,124	4,959,332	1,128,006	5,888,994	1,806,439	7,800,004
Totals	$172,016,809	$162,404,648	$155,830,841	$179,579,000	$251,428,117	$187,911,566	$137,451,398

	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.
Deficiencies	$3,332,717	$13,572,883	$137,000	$21,190,996	$14,239,180	$34,137,737	$38,516,227
Legislative, Executive and Judicial	21,495,661	20,809,781	20,773,127	20,924,492	20,865,220	21,073,137	22,027,674
Sundry Civil	25,961,904	22,656,658	22,369,841	26,316,530	25,527,642	29,760,054	35,459,163
Support of the Army	24,014,052	23,753,057	23,724,719	24,474,711	24,316,616	24,266,471	24,613,529
Naval Service	21,280,767	16,489,557	25,786,848	19,938,281	21,675,375	23,136,035	31,541,645
Indian Service	5,773,329	5,561,263	5,234,398	5,401,331	8,077,453	7,256,758	16,278,492
Rivers and Harbors	None.	14,464,900	None.	22,397,616	None.	25,136,295	2,951,200
Fortsand Fortifications	725,000	59,877	None.	3,972,000	1,233,594	4,232,935	3,774,803
Military Academy	309,902	237,805	419,937	315,044	902,767	435,296	402,070
Post Office Department	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.	Indefinite.
Pensions	60,000,000	76,075,200	83,152,500	81,758,700	81,758,700	98,457,461	135,214,785
Consular & Diplomatic	1,242,925	1,364,065	1,429,942	1,428,465	1,980,025	1,710,725	1,656,925
Agricultural Dep't*	580,790	654,715	1,028,730	1,715,826	1,669,770	1,796,502	3,028,153
District of Columbia†	3,622,683	3,721,051	4,284,592	5,056,679	5,682,410	5,762,236	5,597,125
Miscellaneous	2,268,383	10,194,571	4,694,635	10,129,502	10,186,689	10,620,840	2,721,283
Totals	$170,608,114	$209,659,383	$193,035,861	$245,020,173	$218,115,440	$287,722,488	$323,783,079

* Previous to 1881 appropriations for the Agricultural Department were included in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriations. † Previous to 1881 appropriations for the District of Columbia were included in the sundry civil expenses appropriations.

The Public Lands of the United States.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the General Land Office, December, 1891.)

THE following is a tabular statement showing the number of acres of public lands surveyed in the following land States and Territories up to June 30, 1891; also the total area of the public domain remaining unsurveyed within the same.

Land States and Territories.	Areas of Public Lands in States and Territories.		Number of Acres of Public Lands Surveyed up to June 30, 1891.	Total Area Remaining Unsurveyed up to June 30, 1891.	Land States and Territories.	Areas of Public Lands in States and Territories		Number of Acres of Public Lands Surveyed up to June 30, 1891.	Total Area Remaining Unsurveyed up to June 30, 1891.
	Acres.	Square Miles.				Acres.	Square Miles.		
Alabama...	32,462,115	50,722	32,462,115	.....	Nevada....	71,737,600	112,090	33,272,753	38,464,847
Arkansas..	33,410,063	52,203	33,410,063	.....	N. Dakota.	45,501,600	71,190	24,445,413	21,116,187
California..	100,992,640	157,801	72,443,739	28,548,901	Ohio.....	25,581,976	39,972	25,581,976	.....
Colorado ..	66,880,000	104,500	59,696,356	7,183,644	Oregon	60,975,360	95,274	40 891,716	20,083,644
Florida....	37,931,520	59,268	30,830,657	7,100,863	S. Dakota .	50,643,200	79,130	29,825,061	20,818,139
Illinois ...	35,465,093	55,414	35,465,093	.....	Wisconsin .	34,511,360	53,924	34,511,360	.....
Indiana....	21,637,760	33,809	21,637,760	.....	Washingt'n	44,796,160	69,994	22,198,068	22,598,092
Iowa	35,228,800	55,045	35,228,800	.....	Wyoming..	62,645,120	97,883	47,536,822	15,108,298
Idaho.....	55,228,160	86,294	10,799,017	44,429,143	Alaska.....	369,529,600	577,390	.....	369,529,600
Kansas	51,770,240	80,891	51,770,240	.....	Arizona....	72,906,240	113,916	15,116,269	57,789,971
Louisiana..	28,731,090	44,893	27,130,970	1,600,120	Indian T.*.	25,840,640	40,376	10,800,640	15,040,000
Michigan ..	36,128,640	56,451	36,128,640	.....	N. Mexico.	77,568,640	121,201	48,795,447	28,773,193
Minnesota .	53,459 840	83,531	42,588,112	10,871,728	Oklahoma .	†18,234,080	28,647	17,555,781	678,299
Mississippi	30,179,840	47,156	30,179,840	.....	Utah	54,064,640	84,476	14,121,960	39,942,680
Missouri...	41,836,931	65,370	41,836,931	.....					
Montana...	92,016,640	143,776	20,662,543	71,354,097	Total	1,815,424,388	2,836,757	994,180,679	‡821,243,709
Nebraska ..	47,468,800	74,170	47,256,537	212,263					

* The figures given for Indian Territory include the area of the Cherokee Outlet, which is 9,790 square miles, or 6,265,600 acres.

† The figures given for Oklahoma Territory include the area of the former Public Land Strip, 5,738 square miles, or 3,672,320 acres.

‡ This estimate is of a very general nature, and affords no index to the disposable volume of land remaining, nor the amount available for agricultural purposes. It includes Indian and other public reservations, unsurveyed private land claims, as well as surveyed private land claims, in the district of Arizona, California, Colorado and New-Mexico; the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections reserved for common schools; unsurveyed lands embraced in railroad, swamp land and other grants; the great mountain areas; the areas of unsurveyed rivers and lakes, and large areas wholly unproductive and unavailable for ordinary purposes. The area of land in the unsurveyed portion of the public domain suitable for homes and subject to settlement under the laws of the United States is of comparatively small proportions.

VACANT LANDS IN THE PUBLIC-LAND STATES AND TERRITORIES.

States and Territories.	Surveyed Land.	Unsurveyed Land.	Total.	States and Territories.	Surveyed Land.	Unsurveyed Land.	Total.
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Alabama	947,310	.....	947,310	Montana.....	10,790,999	63,581,770	74,372,769
Arizona	11,342,214	43,718,791	55,061,005	Nebraska.....	11,065,436	395,000	11,460,436
Arkansas	4,998,398	.....	4,998,398	Nevada.....	29,472,117	23,859,748	53,689,524
California	36,326,517	15,972,982	52,299,499	New-Mexico	39,444,239	15,449,440	54,893,679
Colorado	36,614,499	5,552,531	42,167,030	North-Dakota....	5,811 910	10 223,530	16,135,440
Florida	2,669,151	799,230	3,468,381	Oklahoma	1,230,917	2,271,489	3,502,406
Idaho	4,740,786	29,041,065	33,781,851	Oregon	24,791,353	14,428,799	39,220,151
Iowa	3,000	3,000	6,000	South-Dakota ...	5,024,202	9,061,192	14,085,394
Kansas	799,078	.....	799,078	Utah.	6,917,840	28,511,147	35,428,987
Louisiana.....	1,141,729	101,389	1,243,118	Washington	5,432,891	14,968,800	20,401,691
Michigan	781,816	.....	781,816	Wisconsin.....	1,003,133	.. ..	1,003,133
Minnesota	2,910,455	3,939,520	6,849,975	Wyoming.....	38,794,084	12,048,350	50,842,434
Mississippi	1,201,280	.....	1,201,280				
Missouri.....	1,023,898	....	1,023 898	Total	285,280,251	294,027,773	*579,664,683

* This aggregate is exclusive of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, in which, if any public land remains, it consists of a few small isolated tracts; it is exclusive of the Cherokee Strip, containing 8,044,644 acres, and all other lands owned or claimed by the Indians in the Indian Territory west of the ninety-sixth degree of longitude, contemplated to be made a part of the public domain by the fourteenth section of the act of March 2, 1889 (25 United States Statutes, 1,005), and it is also exclusive of Alaska, containing 577,390 square miles, or 369,529,600 acres, of which not more than 1,000 acres have been entered under the mineral laws, and includes 356,659 acres of mineral land in Nevada, in addition to the quantities given under the head surveyed land and unsurveyed land in the foregoing table.

THE PUBLIC LANDS OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

STATEMENT OF NUMBER OF ACRES ENTERED ANNUALLY UNDER THE HOMESTEAD AND TIMBER CULTURE ACTS FROM JULY 1, 1865, TO JUNE 30, 1891, inclusive.

Year ending June 30.	Homestead Entries.	Timber Culture.	Year ending June 30.	Homestead Entries.	Timber Culture.	Year ending June 30.	Homestead Entries.	Timber Culture.
1866....	1,890.848	.....	1875....	2,369,782	473,694	1884....	7,831,510	4,084,464
1867....	1,834.513	.....	1876....	2,867,814	599,918	1885....	7,415,886	4,755,006
1868....	2,332,151	.....	1877....	2,176,257	524,552	1886....	9,145,136	5,391,309
1869....	2,698,482	.....	1878....	4,496,855	1,902,038	1887....	7,594,350	4,224,397
1870....	3,754,203	.....	1879 ...	5,267,385	2,775,503	1888....	6,670,616	3,735,305
1871....	4,657,355	.....	1880....	6,045,571	2,169,484	1889...	6,029,230	2,551,069
1872....	4 595,435	.....	1881....	5,028.101	1,763,799	1890....	5,531,678	1,787,403
1873....	3,760,200	50 246	1882....	6,348,045	2,546,686	1891....	5,040,393	969,006
1874....	3,489,570	851,226	1883....	8,171,914	3,110,930			

Lands patented by the United States up to June 30, 1891: To States for wagon roads, 1,782,730.83 acres: to States for canal purposes, 4,424,073.06 acres; to States and corporations for railroad purposes, 51,379,346.21 acres; under river improvement grants, 1,406,210.80 acres; total, 58,992,360.90 acres.

HOW TITLE TO THE PUBLIC LANDS MAY BE ACQUIRED.

Under the act of March 2, 1889, no public land outside of the State of Missouri can be sold at ordinary private entry—that is, to parties not actual settlers.

The public lands of the United States undisposed of and open to settlement are divided into two classes with respect to price, one class being held at $1.25 per acre as the minimum price, the other at $2.50 per acre; being the alternate sections reserved by the United States in land grants to railroads, etc. Such tracts are sold on application to the Registers and Receivers of the district land offices to legally qualified parties upon conditions of actual residence and improvement under the pre-emption laws. Widows, heads of families, or single persons over twenty-one years of age, if citizens of the United States, or aliens who have declared their intention to become citizens, have the right of pre-emption to the maximum quantity of 160 acres each on becoming settlers and complying with the regulations.

Under the homestead laws a citizen, or an alien having declared his intention to become a citizen, has the right to 160 acres of either the $1.25 or $2.50 class after actual residence and cultivation for five years. Under the timber culture law a citizen, or one who has declared his intention to become such, if the head of a family, or a single person over twenty-one years, may acquire title to 160 acres on cultivating 10 acres of trees thereon for 8 years. (See Forestry Statistics.) By the act of August 30, 1890, no person can acquire under all the land laws an aggregate area of more than 320 acres of the public lands.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICES.

State or Territory.	Land Office.	State or Territory.	Land Office.	State or Territory.	Land Office.
Alabama	Huntsville	Oklahoma Ter.	Oklahoma City.....	New-Mexico...	Las Cruces.
"	Montgomery.....	Kansas	Garden City.....	"	Roswell.
Alaska	Sitka	"	Kirwin.....	"	Santa Fé.
Arizona.....	Prescott.....	"	Larned.....	North-Dakota..	Bismarck.
"	Tucson.....	"	Oberlin.....	"	Devil's Lake.
Arkansas.....	Camden	"	Salina.....	"	Fargo.
"	Dardanelle	"	Topeka....	"	Grand Forks.
"	Harrison	"	Wa Keeney.....	"	Minot.
"	Little Rock	Louisiana.....	Natchitoches.....	Oregon	La Grande.
California	Humboldt.....	"	New-Orleans.....	"	Lakeview.
"	Independence	Michigan	Grayling	"	Oregon City.
"	Los Angeles.....	"	Marquette.....	"	Burns.
"	Marysville.....	Minnesota.....	Crookston	"	Roseburgh.
"	Redding	"	Duluth.....	"	The Dalles.
"	Sacramento	"	Marshall	South-Dakota..	Aberdeen.
"	San Francisco.....	"	St. Cloud	"	Chamberlain.
"	Stockton.....	"	Taylor's Falls... ..	"	Huron.
"	Susanville.....	Mississippi	Jackson.....	"	Mitchell.
"	Visalia	Missouri.....	Boonville	"	Pierre.
Colorado	Akron.....	"	Ironton	"	Rapid City.
"	Central City.....	"	Springfield	"	Watertown.
"	Del Norte	Montana.....	Bozeman.....	"	Yankton.
"	Denver	"	Helena	Utah.....	Salt Lake City.
"	Durango.....	"	Lewistown (Judith district).....	Washington ...	North Yakima.
"	Glenwood Springs..	"	Miles City.....	"	Olympia.
"	Gunnison	"	Missoula	"	Seattle.
"	Hugo.....	Nebraska	Alliance.....	"	Spokane Falls.
"	Lamar.....	"	Bloomington	"	Vancouver.
"	Leadville..	"	Broken Bow	"	Walla Walla.
"	Montrose.....	"	Chadron	"	Waterville.
"	Pueblo	"	Grand Island.....	Wisconsin	Ashland.
"	Sterling	"	Lincoln	"	Eau Claire.
Florida	Gainesville	"	McCook.....	"	Menasha.
Idaho.....	Blackfoot...	"	Neligh	"	Wausau.
"	Boisé City.....	"	North Platte.....	Wyoming	Buffalo.
"	Cœur d'Alene	"	O'Neill.....	"	Cheyenne.
"	Hailey.....	"	Sidney	"	Douglas.
"	Lewiston.....	"	Valentine	"	Evanston.
Iowa	Des Moines.....	Nevada.....	Carson City.....	"	Lander.
Oklahoma Ter..	Beaver	"	Eureka.....	"	Sundance.
" "	Guthrie.....	New-Mexico...	Folsom.....		
" "	Kingfisher.....				

United States Post-Office Statistics.

Fiscal Years.	No. of Post-Offices.	Extent of Post Routes in Miles.	Revenue of the Department.	Expenditure of the Department.	Amount Paid for Salaries of Postmasters.	Amount Paid for Transportation of the Mail.
1865	20,570	142,340	$14,556,159	$13,694,728	$3 383,382	$6 246,884
1866	23,828	180,921	14,386,986	15,352,079	3,454 677	7,630 474
1867	25,163	203,215	15,237,027	19,235,483	4 033 723	9,366,286
1868	26,481	216 928	16,292 601	22,730,593	4 255 311	10,266,056
1869	27,106	223,731	18,344 511	23,698,131	4 546 958	10,406,501
1870	28,492	231,232	19,772,221	23,998,837	4 673,466	10,884,653
1871	30,045	238,359	20,037,045	24,390,104	5,028,362	11,529,395
1872	31,863	251,398	21,915 426	26,658,192	5,121,665	15 547,821
1873	33,244	256,210	22,996,742	29,084,946	5,725,463	16 161,034
1874	34,294	269,007	26,477,072	32,126,415	5,818 472	18,881 319
1875	35,547	277,573	26,791,362	33,611,309	7,049,936	18,777 201
1876	36,383	281,798	27,895,908	33 263 488	7,397,397	18,361,048
1877	37,345	292,820	27,468,323	33,486,322	7,295,251	18,529,238
1878	39,258	301,966	29,277,517	34,105,084	7,977,852	19,262 421
1879	40,855	316,711	30,041,983	33,449,899	7,185,540	20,012,872
1880	42,989	343,888	33,315,479	36,542,804	7,701 418	22,255,984
1881	44,512	344,006	36,785,398	39,251,736	8,298,743	23,196,032
1882	46,231	343,618	41,876,410	40,039,635	8,964,677	22,846,112
1883	47,803	353,166	45,508,693	42,816,700	10,319,441	23,067,323
1884	50,017	359,530	43,338,127	46,404,960	11,283,831	25,359,816
1885	51,252	365,251	42,560,844	49,533,150	11,431,305	27,765,124
1886	53,614	366,667	43,948,423	50,839,435	11,348,178	27,553,239
1887	55,157	373,142	48,837,610	52,391 678	11,929,481	28,135,769
1888	57,281	*403,977	52,695,176	55,795 358	12,600,186	29,151,168
1889	58,999	*416,159	56,175,611	61,376,847	13,171,382	31,893,359
1890	62,401	427,991	60,882,097	65,930,717	*13,753,096	33,885,978
1891	64,329	439,027	65,931,786	71,662,463	14,527,000	36,805,621

Of the whole number of post-offices at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 1891, 2,942 were Presidential offices, and 61,387 were fourth-class offices. * Includes mail messenger and special office service.

The approximate number of letters and postal cards transmitted annually in the mails of European countries is as follows: Great Britain and Ireland, 1,500,000,000; Germany, 1,200,000,000; France, 700,000,000; Austria-Hungary, 600,000,000; Italy, 250,000,000; Russia, 200,000,000; Belgium, 130,000,000; Spain, 120,000,000; Switzerland, 110,000,000; Netherlands, 100,000,000; Sweden, 100,000,000.

The number of pieces of postal matter of all kinds which pass through the mails of the United States annually is about 3,800,000,000. The annual aggregate number of letters transmitted through the post-offices of the world may be estimated at 8,000,000,000, and of newspapers 5,000,000,000.

THE PROPOSED POSTAL TELEGRAPH IN THE UNITED STATES.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker, in a communication to the Chairman of the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-roads of the House of Representatives, September 25, 1890, made the following summary statement of the purposes and provisions of the proposed Government Limited Postal Telegraph bill:

The bill is to establish a limited post and telegraph service "for the purpose of facilitating the transmission of correspondence among the people of and promoting commerce between the several States and Territories of the United States," to be a bureau of the Post-Office Department for the deposit, transmission and delivery of postal telegrams through the postal service. All post-offices where the free-delivery service now exists, and the offices of the telegraph companies with which contracts would be made would be postal telegraph stations. In addition, the Postmaster-General would be empowered to designate from time to time other post-offices and postal telegraph offices. He is directed by the bill, after instituting proposals by public advertisement, to contract with one or more telegraph companies now in existence, or that may become incorporated for a period of ten years, for the transmission of postal telegrams on conditions and at rates of tolls set forth in the bill. Rates may be reduced by the consent of both parties to the contracts at any time during the continuance of the contracts. Postal telegrams are to be sent in the order of filing, except that Government telegrams take precedence. As with the mails, no liability is to attach to the Post-Office Department on account of delays or errors.

RATES.

For twenty words between stations within a State or Territory or between stations 300 miles apart or less, 15 cents; for twenty words between stations in the States of Wisconsin, Illinois, Connecticut, Tennessee and Mississippi and the States east of them, 25 cents; for twenty words between stations in the States of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana, and points west of them, 25 cents; for twenty words between stations in States forming, generally speaking, zones up and down on both sides of the Mississippi, 25 cents; for twenty words between any two stations not above provided for, 50 cents; for all words in excess of the first twenty, 1 cent per word, prepayment of replies to be made at the office from which the original telegram is transmitted.

All the accounts for the telegraph service are to be kept as the postal accounts are kept, by the auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department. The Postmaster-General may provide suitable space in post-offices for the use of the telegraph companies, though nothing in the act prevents the telegraph companies from maintaining offices of their own, or permits the telegraph companies to compel the Postmaster-General to furnish space in post-offices. The companies employ at their own expense all officers, operators and employés for the transmission of the telegrams. Any contracting telegraph company, it is distinctly provided, may do its regular business for the public as at present.

Postmasters are to be compensated for the postage portion of stamps and telegram forms, as they are now compensated for postage on regular matter. The Postmaster-General shall provide telegram stamps and telegram forms.

In his annual report for 1891, the Postmaster-General recommends the utilization also of the telephone in connection with the postal service. The telephone patent expires a year from next March. "One cent letter postage, 3 cent telephone messages, and 10 cent telegraph messages," the Postmaster-General says, "are all near possibilities under an enlightened and compact postal system."

American and Foreign Shipping.

UNITED STATES VESSELS, 1891.

Class.	Engaged in Foreign Trade.		Engaged in Coastwise Trade.	
	Number.	Tonnage.	Number.	Tonnage.
Steamers	263	236,070.08	5,945	1,776,269.11
Sailing Vessels	1,246	749,968.15	12,407	1,339,529.69
Canal Boats	....	.....	1,146	120,999.91
Barges	7	2,680.59	1,331	373,077.55
Total	1,516	988,718.82	20,829	3,609,876.26

The estimated value of the whole amount of floating property under the flag, by adopting the methods of calculation usually made use of and allowing 10 per cent for the difference between wooden and iron vessels, is about $180,000,000. The statistics of the above table are of the fiscal year ending 1891.

SHIP-BUILDING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following table shows the class, number and tonnage of the vessels built in this country during the last four years reported:

Class.	1888.		1889.		1890.		1891.	
	Number.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.	Number.	Tons.
Sailing Vessels	423	48,589.87	489	50,569.77	505	102,873.03	733	144,290.44
Steam Vessels	430	142,006.52	440	159,318.31	410	159,045.68	488	185,036.82
Canal Boats	40	4,263.56	88	9,452.61	40	4,346.03	57	7,059.48
Barges	121	23,226.93	60	11,793.64	96	27,858.02	106	32,915.55
Total	1,014	218,086.88	1,077	231,134.33	1,051	294,122.76	1,384	369,302.29

IRON TONNAGE BUILT IN THE UNITED STATES, 1870-91.

Years.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels.	Total.	Years.	Sailing Vessels and Barges.	Steam Vessels.	Total.
1870	679	7,602	8,281	1881	36	28,356	28,392
1871	2,067	13,412	15,479	1882	.....	40,097	40,097
1872	.....	12,766	12,766	1883	2,033	37,613	39,646
1873	.....	26,548	26,548	1884	4,432	31,199	35,631
1874	.....	33,097	33,097	1885	731	43,297	44,028
1875	.....	21,632	21,632	1886	692	14,216	14,908
1876	.....	21,346	21,346	1887	93	34,261	34,354
1877	.....	5,927	5,927	1888	747	35,972	36,719
1878	.....	26,960	26,960	1889	33	53,480	53,513
1879	.....	22,008	22,008	1890	4,975	75,403	80,378
1880	44	25,538	25,582	1891	4,979	100,639	105,618

COMPARATIVE GROWTH OF THE TONNAGE OF THE MERCHANT NAVIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE PRINCIPAL MARITIME COUNTRIES OF EUROPE FROM 1840 TO 1891.

Countries.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
United States	3,485,266	5,299,175	4,194,740	4,068,034	4,131,136	4,105,845	4,191,916	4,307,475	4,424,497	4,684,759
Great Britain	4,232,962	5,710,968	7,149,134	8,447,171	11,197,829	11,102,531	10,561,595	10,829,202	11,597,106	11,928,624
France	688,153	996,124	1,072,048	919,298	1,129,291	1,087,695	995,918	984,946	1,045,102	1,082,674
Norway	298,315	558,927	1,022,515	1,518,655	1,520,523	1,496,682	1,424,884	1,456,264	1,584,355	1,665,477
Sweden	.....	.....	346,862	542,642	541,264	540,079	458,034	462,392	475,964	473,101
Denmark	.....	.....	178,646	249,466	282,482	275,492	256,103	259,409	280,065	295,944
Germany	.....	.....	982,355	1,182,097	1,451,842	1,424,900	1,387,635	1,409,838	1,569,311	1,678,446
Netherlands	292,576	433,922	389,614	328,281	487,029	460,158	368,747	356,081	378,784	401,273
Belgium	34,919	33,111	30,149	75,866	118,977	122,060	119,730	111,934	110,571	111,744
Italy	.....	.....	1,012,164	999,196	1,029,513	1,025,788	885,459	846,901	816,567	828,158
Austro-Hun. Empire	.....	.....	329,377	290,971	327,735	316,500	290,486	276,294	269,648	265,900
Greece	.....	263,075	404,063	.....	322,860	336,466	277,341	291,120	307,640	332,107

The above tables have been compiled from the last annual report of the Commissioner of Navigation of the United States.

Inspection of Steam-Vessels.

THE Supervising Inspector-General of Steam-Vessels, James A. Dumont, reported to the Secretary of the Treasury, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891: Number of steam-vessels inspected in the United States, 7,404; their net tonnage, 1,503,324.40; officers licensed, 35,116; increase in number of vessels inspected over preceding year, 341; increase in number of officers licensed, 1,879.

NUMBER OF STEAMBOAT ACCIDENTS IN THE UNITED STATES DURING THE YEAR RESULTING IN LOSS OF LIFE.

CAUSE.	Number of Accidents.	Number of Lives Lost.
Fire	6	59
Collisions	16	38
Breaking of Steam Pipes and Mud Drums	4	*
Explosions or Accidental Escape of Steam	2	14
Snags, Wrecks, and Sinking	5	106
Accidental Drowning	...	†86
Miscellaneous	...	35
Total	33	338

* Enumerated with miscellaneous.
† Several of these were undoubtedly suicides.

Of the number of lives lost, as above reported, 194 were passengers, and 144 were officers or persons employed on the steamers.

It is estimated that fully 600,000,000 passengers were carried on steam-vessels during the fiscal year.

The United States Light-House Establishment.

THE following are the members of the Light-House Board:
Hon. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury and *ex-officio* President of the Board, Washington, D. C.
Commodore James A. Greer, U. S. Navy, Chairman, Washington, D. C.
Brigadier-General Thomas Casey, Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C
Mr. Walter S. Franklin, Baltimore, Md.
Professor Thomas C. Mendenhall, Superintendent U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D. C.
Colonel William P. Craighill, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Baltimore, Md.
Captain Henry L. Howison, U. S. Navy, Washington, D. C.
Commander George W. Coffin, U. S. Navy, Naval Secretary, Washington, D. C.
Captain Frederick A. Mahan, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Washington, D. C.

At the close of the fiscal year there were under the control of the Light-House Establishment the following named aids to navigation: Light-houses and lighted beacons, including post-lights in third, fourth, fifth, sixth, eighth and thirteenth light-house districts, 1,167; light-ships in position, 28; light-ships for relief, 4; lighted buoys in position, 7; fog-signals operated by steam or hot air, 92; fog-signals operated by clock-work, 186; post-lights on the western rivers, 1,368; day or unlighted beacons, 391; whistling-buoys in position, 59; bell-buoys in position, 79; other buoys in position, including pile-buoys and stakes in fifth district and thirty buoys in Alaskan waters, 4,204.

In the construction, care and maintenance of these aids to navigation there were employed: Steam tenders, 28; steam-launches, 4; sailing tenders, 2; light-keepers, 1,082; other employés, including crews of light-ships and tenders, 868; laborers in charge of river lights, 1,126.

The Life-Saving Service.

THE ocean and lake coasts of the United States are picketed with the stations of the Life-Saving Service attached to the United States Treasury Department. Sumner I. Kimball is general superintendent, with headquarters at Washington, and there is a corps of inspectors, superintendents, station-keepers and crews, extending over the entire coast-line, together with a Board on Life-Saving Appliances, composed of experts selected from the revenue marine service, the army, the life-saving service and civilians.

At the close of the last fiscal year the life-saving establishment embraced 238 stations, 178 being on the Atlantic coast, 48 on the lakes, 11 on the Pacific coast, and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

In the following table the statistics of the service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, and since introduction of present system in 1871 to June 30, 1891, are stated separately:

	Year Ending June 30, 1891.	Since Introduction of Life-Saving System in 1871 to June 30, 1891.
Number of Disasters	331	5,783
Value of Property Involved	$6,910,380	$96,247,559
Value of Property Saved	5,677,890	71,540,912
Value of Property Lost	1,232,490	24,706,647
Number of Persons Involved	3,147	49,530
Number of Persons Lost	42	592
Number of Shipwrecked Persons Succored at Stations	*551	*9,242
Number of Days' Succor Afforded	1,516	24,234
Number of Vessels Totally Lost on the United States Coasts	62	.....

* Including castaways not on board vessels embraced in tables.

In addition to the foregoing, there were 160 casualties to smaller craft, such as sail-boats, row-boats, etc., on which there were 344 persons, of whom 336 were saved and 8 lost. In addition to persons saved from vessels, there were 46 others rescued who had fallen from wharves, piers, etc., and who would probably have perished without the aid of the life-saving crews. The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year was $940,201.04.

Production of Distilled Spirits

IN THE UNITED STATES (STATED IN GALLONS) FROM 1878 TO 1891 INCLUSIVE.

(Prepared by the Internal Revenue Bureau.)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30.	Bourbon Whiskey.	Rye Whiskey.	Alcohol.	Rum.	High Wines.	Pure, Neutral, or Cologne Spirits.	Fruit Brandy.	Aggregate Production, Including Miscellaneous.
1878	6,405,520	2,834,119	10,277,725	1,603,376	19,412,985	11,108,023	178,544	57,342,456
1879	8,587,081	4,001,048	19,594,283	2,243,455	18,033,6-2	13,459,486	69,340	72,888,373
1880	15,414,148	6,341,991	21,631,009	2,439,301	15,210,389	20,657,975	129,086	91,378,417
1881	33,932,615	9,931,609	22,988,969	2,118,506	14,363,581	23,556,608	240,124	119,528,011
1882	29,575,667	9,224,777	15,201,671	1,704,084	10,962,379	27,871,293	381,825	107,283,215
1883	8,662,245	4,784,654	10,718,706	1,801,960	8,701,951	28,295,253	223,977	75,294,510
1884	8,896,832	5,089,958	12,385,229	1,711,158	6,745,688	28,538,680	200,732	76,531,167
1885	12,277,750	5,328,043	13,436,916	2,081,165	3,235,889	27,104,382	312,197	76,405,074
1886	19,318,819	7,842,540	11,247,877	1,799,952	2,396,248	26,538,581	329,679	81,849,260
1887	17,015,034	7,313,640	10,337,035	1,857,223	2,410,923	27,066,219	673,610	79,433,446
1888	7,463,609	5,879,690	11,075,639	1,891,246	1,916,436	29,475,913	864,704	71,668,188
1889	21,960,784	8,749,768	10,939,135	1,471,054	1,029,495	30,439,354	952,358	91,133,550
1890	32,474,784	13,355,577	11,354,448	1,657,808	555,572	34,022,619	1,137,649	111,1 1.738
1891	29,931,415	14,345,389	12,260,821	1,784,312	1,007,070	35,356,126	1,223,725	117,186,114

Importation of Spirits, Malt Liquors and Wines

INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM 1884 TO 1890 INCLUSIVE.

QUANTITIES.

	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Malt Liquors:							
In bottles or jugs.....galls.	968,148	869,224	968,320	1,015,582	1,126,771	1,151,065	1,188,851
Not in bottles or jugs..... "	1,110,611	1,189,906	1,287,873	1,276,513	1,390,123	1,373,616	1,491,179
Spirits, Distilled, and Spirituous Compounds:							
Brandy.....proof galls.	506,681	503,945	432,611	421,141	416,899	400,089	461,257
All other..... " "	1,171,951	1,012,777	1,011,290	1,101,349	1,152,944	1,127,458	1,139,981
Wines:							
Still wines—							
In casks.....galls.	2,774,771	3,419,532	3,787,420	3,383,593	3,333,322	3,078,554	3,483,792
In bottles.....doz.	251,489	239,381	258,153	253,132	284,174	260,026	329,604
Champagne and other sparkling.doz.	201,414	228,580	238,604	255,656	274,914	315,870	354,350

VALUES.

Malt Liquors	$1,179,111	$1,097,184	$1,231,388	$1,255,164	$1,363,858	$1,361,990	$1,427,608
Spirits, Distilled, and Spirituous Compounds	2,111,779	2,006,336	1,864,858	1,955,468	1,957,811	1,928,087	2,214,200
Wines	5,660,833	6,275,703	6,940,041	7,056,085	7,336,198	7,706,772	8,859,956

AVERAGE PERCENTAGE OF ALCOHOL IN WINES AND LIQUORS.

	Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.
Beer	4.0	Orange	11.2	Sherry	19.0	Chartreuse	43.0
Porter	4.5	Bordeaux	11.5	Vermouth	19.0	Gin	51.6
Ale	7.4	Hock	11.6	Malmsey	19.7	Brandy	53.4
Cider	8.6	Gooseberry	11.8	Marsala	20.2	Rum	53.7
Perry	8.8	Champagne	12.2	Madeira	21.0	Whiskey, Irish	53.9
Elder	9.3	Claret	13.3	Port	23.2	Whiskey, Bourbon	54.0
Moselle	9.6	Burgundy	13.6	Curaçoa	27.0	Whiskey, Rye	54.0
Tokay	10.2	Malaga	17.3	Aniseed	33.0	Whiskey, Scotch	54.3
Rhine	11.0	Canary	18.8	Maraschino	34.0		

The percentage as above indicated is by volume. "Proof spirit' contains 49.24 per cent by weight, or 57.06 per cent by volume of absolute alcohol.

The ratio of dipsomaniacs to all insane is as follows in several countries: Italy, 12 per cent; France, 21 per cent; United States, 26 per cent; Scotland, 28 per cent.

Expectancy of life, drunk and sober: At age 20, drunk, 15 years: sober, 44 years. At age 30, drunk, 14 years; sober, 36 years. At age 40, drunk, 11 years; sober, 29 years.

Foreign Trade of the United States.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.)

EXPORTS.

DOMESTIC MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1891.

ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Merchandise.		
Agricultural Implements		$3,219,130
Animals		32,935,086
Books, Maps, Engravings, and other Printed Matter		1,820,470
Breadstuffs: Corn.....bush.	30,768,213	17,652,687
" Wheat.....bush.	55,131,948	51,420,272
" Wheat Flour bbls	11,344,304	54,705,616
" All other.		4,343,081
Carriages, Horse, and R. R. Cars		4,901,120
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medicines		6,545,354
Clocks and Watches		1,580,164
Coal: Anthracite.....tons.	924,312	3,796,495
" Bituminous.....tons.	1,474,727	4,594,531
Copper Ore.....tons.	38,562	7,260,893
" Manufactures of.		4,614,597
Cotton, Unmanufactured ..lbs	2,907,358,795	290,712,808
" Manufactures of		13,604,857
Fancy Articles		1,130,107
Fish		4,996,621
Flax, Hemp, and Jute, Manufactures of		1,504,740
Fruits, Apples, Green or Ripe. bbls.	135,207	476,897
Fruits and Nuts		1,957,896
Furs and Fur Skins		3,236,705
Hops.....lbs.	8,730,080	2,327,474
Instruments for Scientific Purposes		1,575,444
Iron and Steel, Manufactures of		28,909,614
Leather, and Manufactures of.		13,278,847
Musical Instruments		1,326,389
Merchandise.		
Naval Stores.....bbls.	1,816,057	$3,523,473
Oil Cake, Oil Cake Meal....lbs.	633,344,851	7,452,094
Oils: Animal.....galls.	3,072,022	1,281,783
" Mineral, Crude.....galls.	91,415,095	5,876,452
" Mineral, Refined or Manufactured....galls.	618,404,454	16,150,282
Oils, Vegetable		4,302,936
Paper, and Manufactures of		1,299,169
Paraffine, Paraffine Wax...lbs.	66,360,003	3,714,649
Provisions, Beef Products.	507,229,428	35,088,315
" Hog Products	1,170,565,831	84,908,698
" Oleomargarine	82,217,778	8,114,154
" Other Meat Products		1,042,524
" Dairy Products		9,863,780
Seeds: Clover.....lbs.	20,773,884	1,575,039
" All other		925,860
Spirits.....proof galls.	1,904,972	1,887,431
" Turpentine.....galls.	12,243,621	4,668,140
Sugar, Molasses, Syrup..galls.	4,495,475	768,306
" Refined.....lbs.	108,228,620	6,138,746
Tobacco, Unmanufactured.lbs.	249,232,605	21,033,759
" Manufactures of		4,186,713
Vegetables		1,335,975
Wood, and Manufactures of		26,203,014
All other Articles		26,435,006
Total Exports, Domestic Merchandise		$872,270,283
Specie: Gold		$84,939,551
" Silver		98,973,265
Total Domestic Exports		1,056,183,099

IMPORTS

MERCHANDISE AND SPECIE IMPORTED INTO THE UNITED STATES DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1891.

ARTICLES.	Quantities.	Values.
Merchandise.		
Animals		$4,945,365
Art Works		2,410,368
Books, Maps, etc		4,227,403
Bristles.....lbs.	1,204,832	1,357,938
Breadstuffs		4,424,449
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medicines		47,317,031
Clocks and Watches		2,284,906
Coal, Bituminous.....tons.	1,055,069	3,588,273
Coffee.....lbs.	519,528,432	96,123,777
Cotton, Manufactures of		29,712,624
Earthenware and China		8,381,388
Fancy Articles		7,325,473
Fish		5,044,628
Flax, Hemp, Jute, etc., and Manufactures of		30,005,100
Fruits and Nuts		25,983,136
Furs, and Manufactures of		9,828,849
Glass and Glassware		8,364,312
Hats and Bonnets		2,222,660
Hides and Skins		27,930,759
Hops.....lbs.	4,019,603	1,797,406
India Rubber, and Manufactures of		18,375,449
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of		55,974,531
Jewelry, and Manufactures of Gold and Silver		1,363,892
Lead, and Manufactures of		2,560,886
Leather, and Manufactures of.		$12,683,303
Liquors, Spirituous and Malt		3,975,438
Molasses.....galls.	20,604,463	2,659,172
Musical Instruments		1,444,755
Paints and Colors		1,439,127
Paper, and Manufactures		3,031,454
Paper Stock		5,018,248
Precious Stones, and Imitations of, not set, including Diamonds, Rough or Uncut		13,271,602
Salt.....lbs.	511,586,163	928,889
Seeds		3,266,230
Silk, Manufactures of		37,880,143
" Unmanufactured		19,077,366
Sugar.....lbs.	3,483,477,222	105,728,216
Tea.....lbs.	83,453,339	13,828,993
Tin.....lbs.	39,787,622	7,977,545
Tobacco, and Manufactures of.		16,763,141
Wines		10,007,060
Wood, and Manufactures of		19,888,186
Wool, and Manufactures of		59,291,452
All other Articles		105,145,273
Total Merchandise		$844,916,196
Specie: Gold		$18,232,567
" Silver		36,259,447
Total Imports		$899,408,210

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, 1873-91.

Year ending June 30.	Exports.		Total Exports.	Imports.	Total Exports and Imports.	Excess of Exports.	Excess of Imports.
	Domestic.	Foreign.					
1873....	$505,033,439	$17,446,483	$522,479,922	$642,136,210	$1,164,616,132	.....	$119,656
1874....	569,433,421	16,819,619	586,283,040	567,406,342	1,153,689,382	$18,876,698	.....
1875....	499,284,100	14,158,611	513,442,711	533,005,436	1,046,448,147	.....	19,562,725
1876....	525,582,247	14,802,424	540,384,671	460,741,190	1,001,125,801	79,643,481	.....
1877....	589,670,224	12,804,996	602,475,220	451,323,126	1,053,798,346	151,152,094	.....
1878....	680,709,268	14,156,498	694,865,766	437,051,532	1,131,917,298	257,814,234	.....
1879....	698,349,790	12,098,851	710,439,441	445,777,775	1,156,217,216	264,661,666	.....
1880....	823,046,353	11,692,305	835,638,658	667,954,746	1,503,593,404	167,683,912	.....
1881....	883,925,947	18,451,399	902,377,346	642,664,628	1,545,041,974	259,712,718	.....
1882....	733,239,732	17,302,525	750,542,257	724,639,574	1,475,181,831	25,902,683	.....
1883....	804,223,632	19,615,770	823,839,402	723,180,914	1,547,020,316	100,658,488	.....
1884....	724,964,852	15,548,757	740,513,609	667,697,693	1,408,211,302	72,815,916	.....
1885....	726,682,946	15,506,809	742,189,755	577,527,329	1,319,717,084	164,662,426	.....
1886....	665,964,529	13,560,301	679,524,830	635,436,136	1,314,960,966	44,088,694	.....
1887....	703,022,923	13,160,288	716,183,211	692,319,768	1,408,502,979	23,863,443	.....
1888....	683,862,104	12,092,403	695,954,507	723,957,114	1,419,911,621	.....	28,002,607
1889....	730,282,609	12,118,766	742,401,375	745,131,652	1,487,533,027	.....	2,730,277
1890....	845,293,828	12,534,856	857,828,684	789,310,409	1,647,139,093	68,518,275	.....
1891....	872,270,283	12,210,527	884,480,810	844,916,196	1,729 397,006	39,564,614	.....

The imports and exports of specie are not included in the above table.

The total value of exports from the United States one hundred years ago, 1789-90, was $20,194,794; the total value of imports was $23,000,000; grand aggregate, $43,194,794.

VALUE OF UNITED STATES EXPORTS* OF MERCHANDISE TO AND IMPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM PRINCIPAL FOREIGN COUNTRIES, YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.

Countries.	Exports.		Imports.	Countries.	Exports.		Imports
	Domestic.	Foreign.			Domestic.	Foreign.	
Argentine Republic....	$2,718,075	$101,960	$5,976,544	Greece.....	$159,445	.....	$1,378,333
Australasia, British....	12,891,679	125,453	6,239,021	Hawaiian Islands.....	4,935,911	$171,301	13,895,597
Austria-Hungary.....	1,215,540	95,543	11,595,310	Haiti.....	5,589,178	370,635	3,243,454
Belgium.....	26,694,150	846,274	10,945,672	Hong Kong.....	4,743,498	25,199	563,275
Brazil.....	14,049,273	70,973	83,230,595	Italy.....	15,927,274	119,651	21,678,208
British East Indies.....	4,399,544	559	23,356,989	Japan.....	4,800,650	7,043	19,309,198
British West Indies....	9,546,058	233,080	16,293,184	Mexico.....	14,199,080	770,540	27,295,992
Canada, Dominion of...	36,052,613	2,095,165	39,087,782	Netherlands.....	23,816,814	297,163	12,422,174
Central American States	6,579,916	233,400	9,799,122	Peru.....	1,396,207	3,784	386,518
Chile.....	3,133,991	11,634	3,448,290	Puerto Rico.....	2,112,334	42,900	3,164,110
China.....	8,700,308	700	19,321,850	Portugal.....	4,986,909	229	1,618,252
Colombia.....	3,108,989	73,655	4,765,354	Russia and Possessions.	7,925,092	500	4,833,345
Cuba.....	11,929,605	295,283	61,714,395	Santo Domingo.....	986,826	36,925	1,610,360
Danish West Indies....	625,609	10,906	288,381	Spain.....	14,607,893	11,442	6,033,481
Denmark.....	3,306,357	10,780	268,686	Sweden and Norway...	4,939,572	3,608	3,723,201
Dutch East Indies.....	2,102,942	.....	6,778,992	Switzerland.....	49,317	.....	14,118,805
Great Britain & Ireland	441,599,807	3,814,219	194,723,262	Uruguay.....	1,032,937	43,638	2,356,739
France.....	59,826,739	866,451	76,688,995	Venezuela.....	4,716,047	68,909	12,078,541
French West Indies....	1,854,968	51,071	23,470				
Germany.....	91,684,981	1,110,475	97,316,383				

* Domestic and Foreign.

Decline in the American Carrying Trade.

The following table shows the values of the imports and exports of the United States carried respectively in American and foreign vessels during each fiscal year from 1856 to 1891.

Year ending June 30.	In American Vessels.	In Foreign Vessels.	Per cent in American Vessels.	Year ending June 30.	In American Vessels.	In Foreign Vessels.	Per cent in American Vessels.
1856....	$482,268,274	$159,336,576	75.2	1874....	$350,451,994	$939,206,106	26.7
1857....	510,331,027	213,519,796	70.5	1875....	314,257,792	884,788,517	25.8
1858....	447,191,304	160,066,267	73.7	1876....	311,076,171	813,354,987	27.2
1859....	465,741,381	229,816,211	66.9	1877....	316,660,281	859,920,536	26.5
1860....	507,247,757	255,040,793	66.5	1878....	313,050,906	876,991,129	25.9
1861....	381,516,788	203,478,278	65.2	1879....	272,015,692	911,269,232	22.6
1862....	217,695,418	218,015,296	50.0	1880....	258,346,577	1,224,265,434	17.18
1863....	241,872,471	343,056,631	41.4	1881....	250,586,470	1,269,002,983	16.22
1864....	184,061,486	485,793,548	27.5	1882....	227,229,745	1,212,978,769	15.40
1865....	167,402,872	437,010,124	27.7	1883....	240,420,500	1,258,506,924	15.54
1866....	325,711,861	685,226,691	32.2	1884....	233,699,035	1,127,798,199	16.60
1867....	297,834,904	581,330,403	33.9	1885....	194,805,743	1,079,518,566	14.76
1868....	297,981,573	550,540,074	35.1	1886....	197,349,503	1,073,911,113	15.01
1869....	289,956,772	586,492,012	33.1	1887....	194,356,746	1,165,194,508	13.80
1870....	352,969,401	638,027,488	35.6	1888....	190,857,473	1,174,697,321	13.44
1871....	353,664,172	755,822,576	31.2	1889....	203,805,108	1,217,063,541	13.70
1872....	345,331,101	839,346,362	28.5	1890....	202,451,086	1,371,116,744	12.29
1873....	340,306,592	966,722,651	25.8	1891....	206,439,925	1,450,101,087	11.94

The United States Revenue Cutter Service.

THE UNITED STATES REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE is an arm of the Treasury Department, and is under the direction and control of the Secretary of the Treasury. Its immediate supervision resides in a bureau of the department known as the Revenue Marine Division, which is in charge of a chief and a number of assistants. The present chief of the division is L. G. Shepard, Washington, D. C. The following statement is of January 1, 1892.

ORGANIZATION.

The present fleet of the service is composed of thirty-six vessels, all propelled by steam except two. Twenty-four steamers belong to the cruising fleet, sixteen being on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, four on the northern lakes and four on the Pacific coast. Ten steamers are employed in the principal harbors for exclusive custom-house work, and one is specially charged with the enforcement of the anchorage laws of the port of New-York. The revenue cutters have a distinctive ensign and pennant, and the armament is from one to four guns, with small arms sufficient to supply the crew.

The duties of the revenue cutter service may be briefly stated as follows: They are such as pertain to the security of the customs revenue; the assistance of vessels in distress; the protection of wrecked property; the enforcement of the neutrality laws; the suppression of traffic in fire-arms and intoxicating liquors in Alaskan waters; the prevention of invasion of the seal fisheries by unauthorized persons; the enforcement of quarantine; the protection of merchant vessels from piratical attacks; the prevention of depredations by vessels upon the timber reserves; the enforcement of the laws governing merchant vessels, including the laws relating to name, hailing port, etc.; the laws with regard to license, enrolment and registry of merchant vessels, and the laws which require that life-saving appliances shall be carried, that passenger vessels shall not be overloaded, that vessels shall show the proper lights at night, that merchant steamers shall carry the evidences that their hull and machinery have been properly inspected and that their officers are licensed. The supervision of the anchorage grounds, embraced within the limits of New-York Harbor, is under the control of the service. The officers of the service are also required to report any disarrangement of the aids to navigation on our coasts. They are frequently called upon to suppress mutinies on board merchant vessels. Special duties are assigned to them in connection with the life-saving service.

The general cost of maintaining the service annually is in the neighborhood of one million dollars, and the amount of property saved and assisted during the same time represents from seven to ten times the cost of maintenance.

HISTORY.

This service was instituted on April 23, 1790, at the second session of the first Congress, in an act "to regulate the collection of the duties imposed by law on the tonnage of ships or vessels, and on goods, wares and merchandise imported into the United States." The primary object in establishing the corps was to aid in the collection of import and tonnage duties and to suppress smuggling. Ten revenue cutters were built, stationed from Portsmouth to Savannah, and officers ordered to the same, appointed by the President. In point of antiquity, the Revenue Cutter Service is only outranked by the army. The Revenue Cutter Service has made an honorable record in every war known to the country, many of its officers winning renown and distinction while so engaged. Steam was introduced into the service in 1845.

LIST OF VESSELS IN THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

NAME.	Class.	Rate.	Station.	NAME.	Class.	Rate.	Station.
Albert Gallatin.....	Propeller ..	2	Boston.	P. G. Washington.	Propeller ..	3	New-York.
Alex. Hamilton....	"	2	Philadelphia.	Richard Rush.....	"	1	San Francisco
Alex. J. Dallas	"	2	Portland.	S. P. Chase.....	Bark-rigg'd	—	New-Bedford.
Andrew Johnson ..	SideWheel.	1	Milwaukee.				
Bear.....	Propeller ..	1	Alaska.	Samuel Dexter.....	Propeller ..	2	Newport.
Charles B. Penrose.	"	3	Pensacola, Fla.	Schuyler Colfax....	SideWheel.	2	Wilmington.
Commodore Perry.	"	1	Erie.	Search.....	Launch....	—	Baltimore.
Discoverer.....	Launch....	—	Savannah.	Thomas Corwin....	Propeller..	2	Astoria, Ore.
Frank Sperry.....	Sloop.....	—	Patchogue, N.Y	Thomas Ewing....	SideWheel.	2	Baltimore.
George S. Boutwell	Propeller ..	2	Savannah.	Tench Coxe	Propeller .	3	Philadelphia.
H. Hamlin.....	"	3	Boston.	U. S. Grant.....	"	1	New-York.
Lot M. Morrill.....	"	2	Charleston.	Walter Forward...	"	1	Mobile.
James Guthrie.....	"	3	Baltimore.	Winona.....	"	2	New-Bern, N. C.
Galveston.....	"	1	Galveston.	Wm. H. Crawford.	SideWheel.	2	Baltimore.
John F. Hartley...	"	3	San Francisco..	Wm. H. Seward...	"	2	Shieldsb'ro, Miss.
Levi Woodbury ...	"	1	Eastport.	Wm. P. Fessenden.	"	1	Detroit.
Louis McLane.....	SideWheel.	1	Key West.	Wm. E. Chandler..	Propeller ..	3	New-York.
*Manhattan.....	Propeller ..	3	New-York.	Wm. E. Smith.....	"	3	New-Orleans.
Oliver Wolcott.....	"	1	Pt. Townsend.				

* Steamer Manhattan, Captain Congdon, in charge of the anchorage grounds, New-York Harbor. Office Room 16, Barge Office.

The United States Board on Geographic Names.

AN act of Congress requires that uniform usage in regard to geographic nomenclature and orthography shall obtain throughout the Executive Departments of the Government, and particularly upon maps and charts issued by the various departments and bureaus. This board is constituted, and to it must be referred all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the Departments, and the decisions of the board are to be accepted by the Departments as the standard authority in such matters.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

Chairman.—Prof. Thomas C. Mendenhall, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Secretary.—Lieutenant Commander Marcus Baker, Hydrographic Office, Navy Department.

Andrew H. Allen, Department of State; Captain Henry L. Howison, Light-House Board, Treasury Department; Captain Thomas Turtle, Engineer Corps, War Department; Pierson H. Bristow, Post-Office Department; Otis T. Mason, Smithsonian Institution; Herbert G. Ogden, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey; Henry Gannett, United States Geological Survey; Marcus Baker, United States Geological Survey.

United States Customs Duties.

A TABLE OF LEADING ARTICLES IMPORTED, GIVING THE RATE OF TAXATION AT ENTRY BY THE NEW TARIFF COMPARED WITH THAT BY THE TARIFF OF 1883.

THE articles covered by the Tariff act of 1890 number many thousands. The following table embraces about 300 selected articles, being mainly those in most general use in the United States. N. o. sp. indicates "When not otherwise specified."

ARTICLES.	Old Tariff (1883) Rate.	New Tariff (McKinley) Rate.
Alcohol	10 per cent. ad valorem	10 per cent. ad valorem.
Aluminium, unmanufactured	Free	15c. per lb.
Aniline Colors or Dyes	35 per cent	35 per cent.
Animals for breeding purposes	Free	Free.
Bagging for cotton	1½c. per lb	1 6-10 and 1 8-10c. per lb.
Bags, grain	40 per cent	2c. per lb.
Barley, bushel of 48 lbs	10c. per bushel	30c. per bushel.
Beads, ornamental	50 per cent	25 per cent.
Beef, Mutton and Pork	1c. per lb	2c. per lb.
Beer, Ale, not in bottles	20c. per gallon	20c. per gallon.
Beer, Porter and Ale, in bottles	35c. "	40c. "
Bindings, cotton	35 per cent	40 per cent.
Bindings, flax	35 "	50 "
Bindings, wool	30c. per lb. and 50 per cent	60c. per lb. and 60 per cent.
Blankets, value not over 30c. per lb	10c. " " 35 "	16½c. " " 30 "
Blankets, value 30c. and not over 40c	12c. " " 35 "	22c. " " 35 "
Blankets, value 40c. and not over 50c	18c. " " 35 "	33c. " " 35 "
Blankets, value 50c. and over	24c. " " 35 "	38½c. " " 40 "
Bonnets, silk	30 per cent	60 per cent.
Bonnets, straw	30 "	30 "
Books, Charts, Maps	25 "	25 "
Books, over 20 years old, or for public libraries or printed exclusively in any foreign language	Free	Free.
Bronze, manufactures of	45 per cent	45 per cent.
Brushes	30 "	40 "
Building Stone, rough	$1 per ton	11c. per cubic foot.
Building Stone, dressed	20 per cent	40 per cent.
Butter and substitutes for	4c. per lb	6c. per lb.
Buttons, pearl	25 per cent	2½c. per line and 25 per cent.
Buttons, sleeve and collar, gilt	25 "	50 per cent.
Buttons, wool, hair, etc	50c. per lb. and 50 per cent	60c. per lb. and 60 per cent.
Canvas for sails	30 per cent	50 per cent.
Caps, cotton	35 "	50 "
Caps, fur and leather	30 "	35 "
Carpets, treble ingrain	12c. per sq. yd. and 30 per ct	19c. per sq. yd. and 40 per cent.
Carpets, two-ply	8c. " " " 30 "	14c. " " " 40 "
Carpets, tapestry Brussels	20c. " " " 30 "	28c. " " " 40 "
Carpets, Wilton and Axminster	45c. " " " 30 "	60c. " " " 40 "
Carpets, Brussels	30c. " " " 30 "	44c. " " " 40 "
Carpets, velvet	25c. " " " 30 "	40 " " " 40 "
Cheese, all kinds	4c. per lb	6c. per lb.
Cigars and Cigarettes	$2.50 per lb. and 25 per cent	$4.50 per lb. and 25 per cent.
Clocks, n. o. sp	30 per cent	45 per cent.
Clothing, ready-made, cotton, n. o. sp	35 "	50 "
Clothing, ready-made, linen	40 "	55 "
Clothing, ready-made, silk	50 "	60 "
Clothing, ready-made, woollen	40c. per lb. and 35 per cent	49½c. per lb. and 60 per cent.
Coal, anthracite	Free	Free.
Coal, bituminous	75c. per ton	75c. per ton.
Coffee	Free	Free.
Confectionery, all sugar	5c. per lb	5c. per lb.
Copper, manufactures of	45 per cent	45 per cent.
Cotton Trimmings	40 "	60 "
Cotton Galloons and Gimps	35 "	40 "
Cotton Gloves	35 "	50 "
Cotton Handkerchiefs, hemmed	35 "	50 "
Cotton Handkerchiefs, hemstitched	35 "	60 "
Cotton Hosiery valued at more than 60c. and not more than $2 per dozen pairs	40 "	50c. per doz. and 30 per cent.
Cotton Hosiery, $2 to $4 per dozen	40 "	75c. " " 40 "
Cotton Hosiery, more than $4 per dozen	40 "	$1 " " 40 "
Cotton Shirts and Drawers, value $3 to $5	40 "	$1.25 " " 40 "
Cotton Plushes, Velvets, etc., unbleached	35 "	10c. per sq. yd. and 20 per cent.
Cotton Swiss Muslin	35 "	60 per cent.
Cotton Webbing	35 "	40 "
Cotton Curtains	35 "	60 "
Cutlery, Pocket-Knives, etc., valued at not more than 50c. per dozen	50 "	12c. per dozen and 50 per cent.
Cutlery, 50c. to $1.50 per dozen	50 "	50c. " " 50 "
Cutlery, $1.50 to $3 per dozen	50 "	$1 " " 50 "
Cutlery, more than $3 per dozen	50 "	$2 " " 50 "
Cutlery, Razors, less than $4 per dozen	50 "	$1 " " 30 "
Cutlery, Razors, more than $4 per dozen	50 "	$1.75 " " 30 "
Cutlery, Table-Knives, not more than $1 per doz.	35 "	10c. " " 30 "
Cutlery, Table-Knives, $1 to $2 per dozen	35 "	35c. " " 30 "
Cutlery, Table-Knives, $2 to $3 per dozen	35 "	40c. " " 30 "
Cutlery, Table-Knives, $3 to $8 per dozen	35 "	$1 " " 30 "

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES—*Continued.*

Articles.	Old Tariff (1883) Rate.	New Tariff (McKinley) Rate.
Cutlery, Table-Knives, more than $8 per doz.	35 per cent.	$2 per doz. and 30 per cent.
Diamonds, uncut (free), cut and set	25 "	50 per cent.
Diamonds, cut but not set	10 "	10 "
Drugs, crude	Free	Free.
Drugs, not crude	10 per cent.	10 per cent.
Earthenware, common	25 "	25 "
Earthenware, China, Porcelain, plain	55 "	60 "
Earthenware, decorated	60 "	60 "
Eggs	Free	5c. per doz.
Engravings	25 per cent.	25 per cent.
Extracts, Dyewood, Logwood	10 "	⅞c. per lb.
Extracts, meat	20 "	35c. "
Fans, palm leaf, with handles	Free	Free.
Felt, shoes	40c. per lb. and 35 per cent.	49½c. per lb. and 60 per cent.
Fertilizers, guanos, manures	Free	Free.
Firearms, double-barrelled, breech-loading, value not over $6	35 per cent.	$1.50 each and 35 per cent.
Firearms, value $6 to $12	35 "	$4 " " 35 "
Firearms, value over $12	35 "	$6 " " 35 "
Firearms, single-barrelled	35 "	$1 " " 35 "
Firearms, Pistols, value over $1.50	35 "	$1 " " 35 "
Fish, American fisheries	Free	Free.
Fish, smoked, dried, salted, pickled	½c. per lb.	¾c. per lb.
Flannels, value not over 30c. per lb.	10c. per lb. and 35 per cent.	16½c. per lb. and 30 per cent.
Flannels, value 30c. to 40c.	12c. " " 35 "	22c. " " 35 "
Flannels, value 40c. to 50c.	18c. " " 35 "	33c. " " 35 "
Flax, manufactures of, n. o. sp.	35 per cent.	50 per cent.
Flowers, artificial	50 "	50 "
Fruits, preserved in their own juice	20 "	30 "
Fruits, apples	Free	25c. per bushel.
Fruits, oranges and lemons, n. o. sp.	25c. per box	13c. per box and 30 per cent.
Fur manufactures	30 per cent.	35 per cent.
Furniture, wood	30 and 35 per cent.	35 "
Glassware, plain and cut	40 per cent.	60 "
Glass, lamp chimneys	40 "	60 "
Glass, polished plate, not over 16x24	5c. per sq. foot	5c. per sq. foot
Glass, silvered, not over 16x24	6c. " "	6c. "
Glass, Bohemian	45 per cent	60 per cent.
Glass disks for optical instruments	45 "	60 "
Gloves, kid, men's plain	50 "	$1 doz., not less than 50 per ct.
Gloves, lined	50 "	$2.50 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, pique lined	50 "	$2.50 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, pique lined and embroidered	50 "	$3 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, ladies' and children's plain	50 "	$1.75 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, ladies' lined	50 "	$2.75 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, lined and embroidered	50 "	$3.25 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, suedes and semaschen, embroidered	50 "	50c. " " " " 50 "
Gloves, suedes, lined	50 "	$1 " " " " 50 "
Gloves, suedes, lined and embroidered	50 "	$1.50 " " " " 50 "
Glucose	20 "	¾c. per lb.
Glue, value not over 7c. per lb.	20 "	1½c. "
Gold, Manufactures of, not jewelry	45 "	45 per cent.
Hair of Hogs curled for mattresses	25 "	15 "
Hair manufactures, n. o. sp.	30 "	33c. per lb. and 40 per cent.
Hair Braids and ornaments	20 "	60c. " " 60 "
Hair, human, unmanufactured	30 "	20 per cent.
Hams	2c. per lb.	5c. per lb.
Handkerchiefs, linen	35 per cent.	55 per cent.
Handkerchiefs, silk	50 "	60 "
Hay	$2 per ton	$4 per ton.
Hemp Cordage, untarred	3c. per lb.	2½c. per lb.
Hemp Cordage, tarred	3½c "	3c. "
Hides, raw, dried, salted, pickled	Free	Free.
Hogs	20 per cent.	$1.50 per head.
Honey	20c. per gallon	20c. per gallon.
Hoops, iron or steel, for baling purposes	35 per cent.	1 3-10c. per lb.
Hops	8c. per lb.	15c. per lb.
Horn, manufactures of	30 per cent.	30 per cent.
Horses, Mules, value under $150	20 "	$30 per head.
Horses, Mules, value over $150	20 "	30 per cent.
India-rubber, manufactures	30 "	30 "
India-rubber, vulcanized	30 "	35 "
India-rubber, wearing apparel	35 "	50c. per lb. and 50 per cent.
Instruments, philosophical, metal	35 "	45 per cent.
Iron, manufactures of, n. o. sp.	45 "	45 "
Iron screws, ½ inch or less in length	12c. per lb.	14c. per lb.
Iron Tinned Plates	1c. "	2 2-10c. per lb.
Ivory Manufactures, n. o. sp.	30 per cent.	40 per cent.
Jewelry	25 "	50 "
Jute, burlaps	30 "	1⅛c. per lb.
Jute, cotton bagging	1⅛c. per lb.	1 6-10 and 1 8-10c. per lb.
Jute, other bagging	40 per cent.	2c. per lb.
Knit Goods, wool, value not over 30c. lb.	10c. per lb. and 35 per cent.	33c. per lb. and 40 per cent.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES—*Continued.*

Articles.	Old Tariff (1883) Rate.	New Tariff (McKinley) Rate.
Knit Goods, woollen wearing apparel, value 30c. and not over 40c.	12c. per lb. and 35 per cent.	38½c. per lb. and 40 per cent.
Knit Goods, woollen wearing apparel, value 40c. and not over 60c.	18c. " " 35 "	44c. " " 50 "
Knit Goods, woollen wearing apparel, value 60c. and not over 80c.	24c. " " 35 "	44c. " " 50 "
Knit Goods, woollen wearing apparel, value over 80c. lb.	35c. " " 40 "	44c. " " 50 "
Knit Goods, silk	50 per cent.	60 per cent.
Knives, carving	35 "	$1 to $5 per doz. and 30 per cent.
Laces, cotton	40 "	60 per cent.
Laces, linen	30 "	60 "
Lard	2c. per lb.	2c. per lb.
Lead, pigs, bars	2c. "	2c. "
Lead, type metal	20 per cent.	1½c. "
Leather manufactures, n. o. sp.	30 "	35 per cent.
Lime	10 "	6c. per. 100 lbs.
Linen manufactures, n. o. sp.	35 "	50 per cent.
Linen, wearing apparel	35 "	55 "
Linen Thread, valued over 13c. per lb.	35 "	45 "
Linseed Oil	25c. per gallon	32c. per gallon.
Macaroni	Free	2c. per lb.
Malt	20c. per bushel	45c. per bushel.
Matches, friction, boxed	35 per cent.	10c. per gross.
Mats, cocoa and rattan	20 "	8c. per sq. foot.
Matting, jute	20 "	6c. per sq. yard.
Mathematical Instruments, glass	45 "	60 per cent.
Meerschaum Pipes	70 "	70 "
Mica, ground	10 "	35 "
Milk, fresh	10 "	5c. per gallon.
Milk, condensed	20 "	3c. per lb.
Molasses, n. o. sp.	4c. and 8c. per gallon	Free.
Muffs, fur	30 per cent.	35 per cent.
Musical Instruments, metal	25 "	45 "
Music Boxes	25 "	45 "
Nails, cut	1½c. per lb.	1c. per lb.
Nails, horseshoe	4c. "	4c. "
Needles, sewing	25c. "	Free.
Newspapers, Periodicals	Free.	Free.
Oat Meal	½c. per lb.	1c. per lb.
Oil Cloths for floors, value over 25c. per sq. yd.	40 per cent.	15c. per sq. yd. and 30 per cent.
Oil, olive	25 "	35c. per gallon.
Oil, whale and seal, foreign fisheries	25 "	8c. "
Onions	10 "	40c. per bushel.
Opium, liquid preparations	40 "	40 per cent.
Organs	25 "	45 "
Paintings, by American artists	Free.	Free.
Paintings, by foreign artists	30 per cent.	15 per cent.
Paper manufactures, n. o. sp.	15 "	25 "
Paper Stock, crude	Free.	Free.
Pepper, cayenne, unground	"	2½c. per lb.
Perfumery, alcoholic	$2 per gallon	$2.50 per gall. and 50 per cent.
Personal Effects (see note)	.....	.....
Phosphorus	10c. per lb	20c. per lb.
Photograph Albums	30 per cent.	35 per cent.
Photograph Slides	45 "	60 "
Pianofortes	25 "	45 "
Pickles	35 "	45 "
Pins, metallic	30 "	30 "
Pipes of Clay, common (see Meerschaum)	35 "	15c. per gross.
Plants, nursery stock	Free.	20 per cent.
Poultry, dressed	10c. per lb.	5c. per lb.
Potatoes	15c. per bushel	25c per bushel.
Pulp, wood, for paper-makers' use, ground	10 per cent.	$2.50 per ton, dry weight.
Quicksilver	10c. per lb.	10c. per lb.
Quilts, cotton	35 per cent.	45 per cent.
Quinine, Sulphate and Salts	Free.	Free.
Railroad Ties, cedar	"	20 per cent.
Robes, buffalo, made up	20 per cent.	35 "
Roofing Tiles, plain	20 "	25 "
Rope, bale, of hemp	35 "	50 "
Rope, bale, of cotton	35 "	40 "
Rugs, Oriental	40 "	60c. per sq. yd. and 40 per cent.
Salmon, dried or smoked	1c. per lb	1c. per lb.
Salmon, prepared and preserved	25 per cent.	30 per cent.
Salt, in bulk	8c. per 100 lbs.	8c. per 100 lbs.
Salt, in bags	12c. "	12c. "
Sauces, n. o. sp.	35 per cent.	45 per cent.
Sausages, Bologna	Free.	Free.
Sausages, all others	25 per cent.	25 per cent.
Sealskin Sacques	30 "	35 "
Seeds, Garden	20 "	20 "
Sheetings, linen	35 "	50 "
Shirts, in whole or part linen	35 "	55 "
Shoe-laces, cotton	35 "	40 "

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES—*Continued.*

Articles.	Old Tariff (1883) Rate.	New Tariff (McKinley) Rate.
Shoe-laces, leather	30 per cent	35 per cent.
Shoes, leather	30 "	25 "
Shoes, India-rubber	25 "	30 "
Silk, raw	Free	Free.
Silk, spun in skeins	30 per cent	35 per cent.
Silk laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, and all wearing apparel	50 "	60 "
Skins, uncured, raw	Free	Free.
Skins, tanned and dressed	20 per cent	20 per cent.
Slates, manufactures of, n. o. sp	20 "	30 "
Smokers' articles, except clay pipes	70 "	70 "
Snuff	50c. per lb	50c. per lb.
Soap, castile	20 per cent	1¼c. "
Soap toilet, perfumed	15c. per lb	1¼c. "
Spelter, in blocks	1½c. "	1¾c. "
Spirits, except Bay Rum	$2 per proof gallon	$2.50 per proof gallon.
Statuary, marble	30 per cent	15 per cent.
Steel Ingots, Slabs, etc., value 7c. to 10c. per lb.	2¾c. per lb	2 8-10c. per lb
Steel Ingots, Slabs, etc., value 10c. to 13c. per lb.	3¼c. "	3½c. "
Steel Ingots, Slabs, etc., value 13c. to 16c. per lb.	3¼c. "	4 2-10c. "
Steel Ingots, Slabs, etc., value above 16c. per lb.	3¼c. "	7c. "
Stereoscopic Views, glass	45 per cent	60 per cent.
Straw manufactures, n. o. sp	30 "	30 "
Sugars, not above 16 Dutch standard	1 2-5 min. per lb	Free.
Sugars, above 16 Dutch standard	3-3½c. per lb	½c. per lb.
Sumac, ground	3-10c. "	4-10c. "
Tea	Free	Free.
Telegraph-poles, cedar	"	20 per cent.
Telescopes	45 per cent	60 "
Thermometers	45 "	60 "
Thread, cotton, value from 25c. to 40c. per lb	15c. per lb	18c. per lb.
Thread, cotton, 40c. to 50c. per lb	20c. "	23c. "
Thread, cotton, 50c. to 60c. per lb	25c. "	28c. "
Thread, flax or linen, value not over 13c. per lb.	35 per cent	6c. "
Thread, over 13c. per lb	35 "	45 per cent.
Tin, ore or metal (after July 1, 1893)	Free	4c. per lb.
Tin Plates (after July 1, 1891)	1c. per lb	2 2-10c. per lb.
Tobbaco, cigar-wrappers, not stemmed	75c. "	$2 per lb.
Tobacco, if stemmed	$1 "	$2.75 "
Tobbaco, all other leaf, if stemmed	40c. "	50c. "
Tobbaco, unmanufactured, not stemmed	35 per cent.	35c. "
Tooth-brushes	30 "	40 per cent.
Trees, nursery stock	Free	20 "
Trimmings, cotton	40 per cent	60 "
Trimmings, lace	40 "	60 "
Trimmings, linen	40 "	60 "
Trimmings, wool, worsted, etc	30c. per lb. and 50 per cent	60c. per lb. and 60 per cent.
Towels, linen damask	30 per cent	50 per cent.
Umbrellas, silk or alpaca	50 "	55 "
Vegetables, natural, n. o. sp	10 "	25 "
Vegetables, prepared or preserved	30 "	45 "
Velvets, silk, 75 per cent. or more weight of silk.	50 "	$3.50 per lb. and 15 per cent., but not less than 50 per cent.
Violins	25 "	35 per cent.
Watches, and parts of	25 "	25 "
Water-colors, for artists	25 "	30 "
Wearing Apparel (see note).		
Whips, raw hide and leather	30 "	35 "
Wheat, bushel of 60 lbs	20c. per bushel	25c. per bushel.
Wicks and Wicking, cotton	35 per cent	40 per cent.
Willow for basket-makers	25 "	30 "
Willow Hats and Bonnets	30 "	40 "
Willow Manufactures, n. o. sp	20 "	40 "
Wines, champagne, in ½ pint bottles or less	$1.75 per dozen	$2 per dozen.
Wines, champagne, ½ pint and not over 1 pint	$3.50 "	$4 "
Wines, champagne, 1 pint and not over 1 quart	$7 "	$8 "
Wines, champagne, over 1 quart	$7 per doz. and $2.25 per gal	$8 and $2.50 per gallon.
Wines, still, in casks	50c. per gallon	50c. per gallon.
Woods, cabinet, sawed	Free	15 per cent.
Wool, first and second class	10 and 12c. per lb	11 and 12c. per lb.
Wool, third class, n. o. sp	5c. per lb	50 per cent.
Wool or Worsted Yarns, value not over 30c. per lb.	10c. per lb. and 35 per cent	27½c. per lb. and 35 per cent.
Wool or Worsted Yarns, over 30c. and not over 40c.	12c. " " 35 "	33c. " " 35 "
Wool or Worsted Yarns, over 40c	18c. " " 35 "	38½c. " " 40 "
Woollen and Worsted clothing	40c. " " 35 "	49½c. " " 60 "
Woollen manufactures, n. o. sp., value not over 30c. per lb	10c. " " 35 "	33c. " " 40 "
Woollen manufactures, value 30c. and not over 40c.	12c. " " 35 "	38½c. " " 40 "
Woollen manufactures, value 40c. and not over 60c.	18c. " " 35 "	44c. " " 50 "
Woollen manufactures, value 60c and not over 80c.	24c. " " 35 "	44c. " " 50 "
Woollen manufactures, value over 80c	35c. " " 40 "	44c. " " 50 "

NOTE.—Personal or household effects of persons arriving in the United States, in use over one year, or of American citizens dying abroad, free. Duty must be paid on all watches but one. Articles and tools of trade, when in actual use, free.

The Reciprocity Section of the New Tariff Law.

THE following is the text of the Reciprocity Section of the new (McKinley) Tariff Act of 1890:

Sec. 3. That with a view to secure reciprocal trade with countries producing the following articles, and for this purpose, on and after the first day of July, 1892, whenever, and so often as the President shall be satisfied that the Government of any country producing and exporting sugars, molasses, coffee, tea and hides, raw and uncured, or any of such articles, imposes duties or other exactions upon the agricultural or other products of the United States, which in view of the free introduction of such sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides into the United States he may deem to be reciprocally unequal and unreasonable, he shall have the power and it shall be his duty to suspend, by proclamation to that effect, the provisions of this act relating to the free introduction of such sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides, the production of such country, for such time as he shall deem just, and in such case and during such suspension duties shall be levied, collected and paid upon sugar, molasses, coffee, tea and hides, the product of or exported from such designated country, as follows, namely:

All sugars not above number thirteen Dutch standard in color shall pay duty on their polariscopic tests as follows, namely:

All sugars not above number thirteen Dutch standard in color, all tank bottoms, syrups of cane juice or of beet juice, melada, concentrated melada, concrete and concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees, seven tenths of one cent per pound; and for every additional degree or fraction of a degree shown by the polariscopic test, two hundredths of one cent per pound additional.

All sugars above number thirteen Dutch standard in color shall be classified by the Dutch standard of color, and pay duty as follows, namely: All sugar above number thirteen and not above number sixteen Dutch standard of color, one and three eighths cents per pound.

All sugar above number sixteen and not above number twenty Dutch standard of color, one and five-eighths cents per pound.

All sugars above number twenty Dutch standard of color, two cents per pound.

Molasses testing above fifty-six degrees, four cents per gallon.

Sugar drainings and sugar sweepings shall be subject to duty either as molasses or sugar, as the case may be, according to polariscopic test.

On coffee, three cents per pound.

On tea, ten cents per pound.

Hides, raw or uncured, whether dry, salted or pickled, Angora goat-skins, raw, without the wool, unmanufactured, asses' skins, raw or unmanufactured, and skins, except sheep-skins with the wool on, one and one half cents per pound.

Reciprocity Treaties

SINCE THE ADOPTION OF THE RECIPROCITY SECTION OF THE NEW TARIFF LAW.

SINCE the approval of the Tariff Act of October 1, 1890, the following treaties of reciprocity have been entered into between the United States and other countries:

1. February 5, 1891. With Brazil. Wheat, wheat flour, corn and manufactures thereof, rye, buckwheat, barley, potatoes, beans, pork, salted (except hams), fish, salted or dried, cotton-seed oil, coal, naval stores, agricultural implements and machinery, mining tools, scientific books and railway material, if of United States manufacture, are admitted free of all duty into Brazil. Lard, hams, butter, cheese, canned goods, manufactures of cotton, iron, steel, leather (except boots and shoes), lumber and rubber, furniture of all kinds, and wagons, carts and carriages are admitted with a reduction of duty of 25 per cent.

2. July 31, 1891 With Spain, for Cuba and Porto Rico. The principal articles admitted into the two islands free of duty, by the treaty, are salt meats, lard, hay, resin, cotton, woods, crude petroleum, coal, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, fruits (except raisins), manufactures of iron, and sewing machines. At a reduction of 25 per cent, dairy products, refined petroleum, and boots and shoes; at 30 cents per 100 kilograms, wheat, and $1 per 100 kilograms, wheat flour; at 25 cents per 100 kilograms, corn. The schedules are long, and include many articles of prime importance.

3. January 2, 1891. With Salvador in Central America. The schedule is a very general one, and is practically free trade with the United States from the Salvadorean side.

4. February 1, 1891. With Great Britain for the following British West Indian colonies: Jamaica, Barbadoes, and the Leeward and Windward Islands (except Grenada and Trinidad), and British Guiana. The treaty will go into effect with all the colonies named, except British Guiana, on February 1, and with the latter on March 31, 1892. The Jamaica schedule contains 63 kinds of articles, mostly of importance, admitted free and 12 others upon reduced duties. That of the other colonies contains 58 kinds of articles admitted free and 16 upon reduced duties.

A treaty of reciprocity has also been concluded with Santo Domingo.

On January 8, 1892, the President executed the mandate provided in Section 3 of the Tariff Act of 1890 (as above quoted), and the Secretary of State sent notes to the diplomatic representatives of Austria-Hungary, Colombia, Hayti, Nicaragua, Honduras, Spain (for the Philippine Islands), and Venezuela, informing them that the President considered the duties imposed by their respective Governments on certain products of the United States "reciprocally unequal and unreasonable," in view of the admission by the United States, free of duty, of sugar, molasses, coffee, tea, and hides, and that unless this reciprocal inequality was removed before March 15 next, the President would on that day issue his proclamation suspending the free introduction of sugar, molasses, coffee, tea, and hides, etc., from those countries and imposing on them the duties prescribed by Section 3 of the McKinley Bill. This section puts on all sugar below 13 Dutch standard in color, seven-tenths of one cent per pound; on all sugars above 13 and under 16 Dutch standard, one and three-eighths cents per pound; on all sugars above 16 and under 20, one and five-eighths cents per pound; on all sugars above 20, two cents per pound; on molasses, four cents a gallon; on coffee, three cents per pound; on tea, ten cents per pound, and on hides, one and a half cents per pound.

The British Customs Tariff.

FORMERLY almost every article imported into the United Kingdom, whether manufactured or raw material, was in the tariff. In 1842 the Customs Tariff numbered no fewer than 1,200 articles. Now it contains but nineteen. The following are the duties on importations:

	£	s.	d.
Beer, mum and spruce, the original specific gravity not exceeding 1215°, per barrel of 36 galls	1	6	0
" exceeding 1215° per barrel of 36 galls	1	10	6
" and Ale, worts of which were before fermentation of a specific gravity of 1055°, per barrel of 36 galls	0	6	6
And so in proportion for any difference in gravity.			
Cards (playing) per doz. packs	0	3	9
Chiccory, raw or kiln-dried cwt.	0	13	3
" roasted or ground lb.	0	0	2
" and coffee mixed "	0	0	2
Chloral nydrate "	0	1	3
Chloroform "	0	3	0
Cocoa "	0	0	1
" husks and shells cwt.	0	2	0
" or Chocolate, ground, prepared or in any way manufactured lb.	0	0	2
Coffee (raw) cwt.	0	14	0
" (kiln-dried, roasted, or ground) lb.	0	0	2
Collodion gall.	1	5	0
Ether, acetic lb.	0	1	10
" butyric gall.	0	15	8
" sulphuric "	1	6	2
Ethyl, Iodide of "	0	13	7
Fruit (dried): Currants cwt.	0	2	0
" Figs, Prunes, Raisins "	0	7	0
Naphtha or methylic alcohol (purl.) proof gall.	0	10	10
Soap, transparent, in the manufacture of which spirit has been used lb.	0	0	3
Spirits, or strong waters proof gall.	0	10	10
" Perfumed spirits and Cologne water liquid gall.	0	17	3
" Liqueurs, Cordials, or other preparations containing spirit in bottle, if not to be tested for ascertaining the strength liquid gall.	0	14	8
Tea lb.	0	0	4
Tobacco, unmanu., containing 10 per cent or more of moisture lb.	0	3	2
" containing less than 10 per cent "	0	3	6
" Cigars "	0	5	0
" Cavendish or Negrohead "	0	4	6
Snuff not more than 13 lbs. (in 100 lbs.) moisture lb.	0	4	6
" cont. more than 13 lbs "	0	3	9
" other manufactured "	0	4	0
" Cavendish or Negrohead manufactured in bond from unmanufactured tobacco lb.	0	4	0
Varnish (cont. spirit), same as spirits.			
Wine, not exceeding 30 deg. proof spirit gall.	0	1	0
" exceeding 30 deg., but not exceeding 42 deg gall.	0	2	6
" for each additional deg. of strength beyond 42 deg gall.	0	0	3
Sparkling Wine imported in bottle "	0	2	6
" when the market value is proved not to exceed 15s. per gall.	0	1	0

These duties are in addition to the duty in respect of alcoholic strength.

There are drawbacks for roasted coffee shipped as stores, and for tobacco and snuff manufactured in the United Kingdom.

The receipts from customs in the United Kingdom, year ending March 31, 1890, was £20,424,000, or about $100,000,000. The total revenue of the Government from all sources was £89,304,316, so that the receipts from customs were about 22 per cent. The other sources of revenue were: From excise, £24,160,000; from stamps, £13,060,000; from income and property tax, £12,770,000; from post-office, £9,450,000; from telegraph service, £2,320,000. The remainder from land tax, house duty, crown lands and miscellaneous.

Itemized the receipts from customs were: From tobacco, £9,061,984; from tea, £1,490,505; from rum, £2,217,171; from brandy, £1,331,269; from other spirits, £1,132,784; from wine, £1,302,160; from currants, £315,679; from coffee, £172,832; from raisins, £162,004; from other articles, £237,889.

Assessed Valuation of Real and Personal Property

IN THE UNITED STATES; FROM THE CENSUS REPORT OF 1890.

States and Territories.	Total Assessed Valuation.		Assessed Valuation Per Capita.	
	1880.	1890.	1880.	1890.
Alabama	$122,867,228	$197,080,441	97.32	130.26
Arizona	9,270,214	21,434,707	229.23	359.52
Arkansas	86,409,364	172,408,497	107.67	112.82
California	584,578,039	1,071,102,327	676.05	886.58
Colorado	74,471,693	188,911,325	383.23	458.30
Connecticut	327,177,385	358,913,906	525.42	480.95
Delaware	59,951,043	74,134,401	408.92	439.99
Dist. Columbia	99,401,787	153,307,541	559.62	665.42
Florida	30,933,309	76,926,938	114.80	196.53
Georgia	239,472,599	377,366,784	155.28	205.39
Idaho	6,440,876	25,581,305	197.51	303.15
Illinois	786,016,394	727,416,252	255.57	190.11
Indiana	727,815,131	782,872,126	367.90	357.08
Iowa	398,671,251	478,318,248	215.39	250.18
Kansas	163,891,689	293,593,711	161.52	203.63
Kentucky	350,563,971	512,615,506	212.63	275.80
Louisiana	160,162,439	234,320,780	170.40	209.48
Maine	235,978,716	309,129,101	363.64	467.61
Maryland	497,307,675	482,184,824	531.91	462.58
Massachusetts	1,584,756,802	2,154,134,626	888.77	962.12
Michigan	517,666,359	915,450,000	316.24	451.53
Minnesota	258,028,687	588,531,743	330.48	452.08
Mississippi	110,628,129	157,518,906	97.76	122.15
Missouri	532,795,801	786,343,753	245.71	293.50
Montana	18,609,802	106,392,892	475.24	805.04
Nebraska	$90,585,782	$184,770,305	$200.23	$174.49
Nevada	29,291,459	24,663,385	470.42	538.96
N. Hampshire	164,755,181	252,722,016	474.81	671.19
New-Jersey	572,518,361	608,309,187	506.15	476.36
New-Mexico	11,363,406	46,041,010	95.04	299.76
New-York	2,631,940,006	3,775,325,928	521.74	629.45
N. Carolina	156,100,202	212,697,287	111.52	131.46
N. Dakota	8,786,572	78,394,536	238.06	429.04
Ohio	1,534,360,508	1,778,138,457	479.78	484.20
Oregon	52,522,084	166,025,731	300.52	529.14
Pennsylvania	1,683,459,016	2,592,841,032	393.07	493.12
Rhode-Island	252,536,673	321,764,503	913.23	931.28
S. Carolina	133,560,135	*132,182,638	134.15	114.83
S. Dakota	11,534,958	131,592,587	117.38	400.21
Tennessee	211,778,538	347,510,103	137.31	196.61
Texas	320,364,515	695,842,329	201.27	311.27
Utah	24,775,279	104,758,750	172.09	503.88
Vermont	86,806,775	161,551,328	261.24	485.98
Virginia	328,455,135	362,422,741	203.93	218.86
Washington	23,810,693	124,795,449	316.99	357.18
W. Virginia	139,622,705	169,927,587	225.76	222.77
Wisconsin	438,971,751	592,890,719	333.69	351.47
Wyoming	13,621,829	31,431,495	655.24	517.77
Total	$16,902,993,543	$24,249,585,804	$337.01	$387.62

* Disputed by the Comptroller-General of the State, who reports that the assessed valuation in 1890 was $150,602,457, showing an increase in the decade of over $17,500,000.

The Cotton Supply.

CROP OF THE UNITED STATES FOR SIXTY YEARS.

Year.	Bales.	Year.	Bales.	Year.	Bales.	Year.	Bales.
1829	879,415	1844	2,030,409	1859	3,851,481	1877	4,485,423
1830	976,845	1845	2,394,503	1860	4,669,770	1878	4,811,265
1831	1,038,848	1846	2,100,537	1861	3,656,006	1879	5,073,531
1832	987,487	1847	1,778,651	1862 to 1865.	No record.	1880	5,757,397
1833	1,070,438	1848	2,347,634	1866	2,193,987	1881	6,589,329
1834	1,205,324	1849	2,728,596	1867	2,019,774	1882	5,435,845
1835	1,254,328	1850	2,096,706	1868	2,593,993	1883	6,992,234
1836	1,360,752	1851	2,355,257	1869	2,439,039	1884	5,714,052
1837	1,422,930	1852	3,015,029	1870	3,154,946	1885	5,669,021
1838	1,801,497	1853	3,262,882	1871	4,352,317	1886	6,550,215
1839	1,360,532	1854	2,930,027	1872	2,974,351	1887	6,513,624
1840	2,177,835	1855	2,847,339	1873	3,930,508	1888	7,017,707
1841	1,634,945	1856	3,527,845	1874	4,170,388	1889	6,935,082
1842	1,683,574	1857	2,939,519	1875	3,832,991	1890	7,313,726
1843	2,378,875	1858	3,113,962	1876	4,669,288	1891	8,655,518

The returns are for the years ending September 1. The average net weight per bale is 440 pounds.

EXPORTS AND DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF AMERICAN COTTON.

	1890-91.	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1884-85.	1883-84.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Export to Europe	5,750,443	4,885,326	4,700,198	4,602,248	4,414,326	4,296,825	3,898,905	3,880,466
Consumption U. S., Canada, etc	2,642,912	2,431,757	2,372,641	2,259,606	2,265,324	2,087,785	1,764,326	2,042,867
Total	8,393,355	7,317,083	7,072,839	6,861,854	6,679,650	6,384,610	5,663,231	5,923,333

COTTON CONSUMPTION OF THE ENTIRE WORLD.

Consumption Bales, 400 lbs.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total Europe.	Total United States.	Total World.
1880-81	3,572,000	2,956,000	6,528,000	2,118,000	8,640,000
1881-82	3,640,000	3,198,000	6,838,000	2,197,000	9,035,000
1882-83	3,744,000	3,380,000	7,124,000	2,375,000	9,499,000
1883-84	3,666,000	3,380,000	7,046,000	2,244,000	9,290,000
1884-85	3,433,000	3,255,000	6,688,000	1,900,000	8,597,000
1885-86	3,628,000	3,465,000	7,093,000	2,278,000	9,371,000
1886-87	3,694,000	3,640,000	7,334,000	2,423,000	9,757,000
1887-88	3,841,000	3,796,000	7,637,000	2,530,000	10,167,000
1888-89	3,770,000	4,069,000	7,839,000	2,685,000	10,524,000
1889-90	4,034,000	4,290,000	8,324,000	2,731,000	11,055,000
1890-91	4,318,000	4,527,000	8,845,000	2,958,000	11,803,000

The above statements were furnished by the New York Commercial and Financial Chronicle.

SOURCES OF COTTON SUPPLY.

The following is the estimate of Ellison & Co. for 1891-92:

	Total.		Total.
	Bales.		Bales.
America	8,216,000	Brazils, W. I., etc	345,000
East India	1,300,000	Total	10,388,000
Egypt	500,000	Average weight	463
Smyrna	27,000	Bales of 400 lbs	12,024,000

SPINDLES IN OPERATION.

	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.
Great Britain.	44,750,000	43,750,000	43,500,000	42,740,000	42,740,000	42,700,000
Continent	25,150,000	24,575,000	24,000,000	23,380,000	23,180,000	22,900,000
United States	14,781,000	14,550,000	14,175,000	13,525,000	13,500,000	13,350,000
East Indies	3,351,000	3,270,000	2,760,000	2,490,000	2,420,000	2,260,000
Total	88,032,000	86,145,000	84,435,000	82,135,000	81,840,000	81,210,000

Agricultural Statistics.

GRAIN PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following are the United States census reports of the productions of the principal cereals in the United States in the several census years, together with the reports of the U. S. Department of Agriculture for 1885–90.

Year.	Indian Corn.	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.	Buckwheat.
	Bushels.	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*	*Bushels.*
1850	592,071,104	100,485,94	146,584,179	5,167,015	14,188,813	8,956,912
1860	838,792,742	173,104,92	172,643,185	15,825,898	21,101,380	17,571,818
1870	760,944,549	287,745,626	282,107,157	29,761,305	16,918,795	9,821,721
1880	1,754,801,535	459,479,503	407,858,9	44,113,495	19,831,595	11,817,327
1885	1,936,176,000	357,112,000	629,409,000	58,360,000	21,756,000	12,626,000
1886	1,665,441,000	457,218,000	624,134,000	59,428,000	24,489,000	11,869,000
1887	1,456,161,000	456,329,000	659,618,000	56,812,000	20,691,000	10,844,000
1888	1,987,790,000	415,868,000	701,735,000	63,884,593	28,412,011	12,000,000
1889	2,112,892,000	490,560,000	751,515,000	65,000,000	30,000,000	11,000,000
1890	1,489,970,000	399,262,000	523,621,000	*63,000,000	*28,000,000	*11,000,000

* Estimated.

In 1888 the production in the United States of hay was 41,454,458 tons; hops, 1,987,790,000 pounds; Irish potatoes, 201,984,140 bushels; cane sugar, 162,264 tons; maple sugar, 20,000 tons; tobacco, 565,794,264 pounds; peanuts, 2,600,000 bushels; wool, 265,000,000 pounds.

WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD, BY COUNTRIES.

(Estimates of the Wheat Crop of 1890.)

Countries.	Bushels.
America:	
United States	399,000,000
Canada	38,000,000
Argentine Republic and Chile	35,000,000
Europe:	
Austria-Hungary	217,000,000
Belgium	20,000,000
Denmark	5,000,000
France	325,000,000
Germany	95,000,000
Great Britain and Ireland	78,000,000
Greece	10,000,000
Italy	126,000,000
Netherlands	6,000,000
Portugal	8,000,000
Europe—Continued.	
Roumania	64,000,000
Russia (including Poland)	197,000,000
Servia	10,000,000
Spain	70,000,000
Sweden and Norway	4,500,000
Switzerland	2,500,000
Turkey	37,000,000
Australasia	42,000,000
India	235,000,000
Egypt	10,000,000
Algeria	25,000,000
Total	2,059,000,000

WHEAT HARVEST CALENDAR.

January—Australia, New-Zealand, Chile, Argentine Republic.

February and March—Upper Egypt, India.

April—Lower Egypt, India, Syria, Cyprus, Persia, Asia Minor, Mexico, Cuba.

May—Texas, Algeria, Central Asia, China, Japan, Morocco.

June—California, Oregon, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky, Kansas, Arkansas, Utah, Colorado, Missouri, Turkey, Greece, Italy, Spain, Portugal, South of France.

July—New-England, New-York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Southern Minnesota, Nebraska, Upper Canada, Roumania, Bulgaria, Austria-Hungary, South of Russia, Germany, Switzerland, South of England.

August—Central and Northern Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Lower Canada, Colombia, Belgium, Holland, Great Britain, Denmark, Poland, Central Russia.

September and October—Scotland, Sweden, Norway, North of Russia.

November—Peru, South-Africa.

December—Burmah.

The tables of wheat crop of the world in 1890, of the wheat harvest calendar and of prices of wheat in the Chicago market from 1858 to 1891 inclusive were compiled by Charles B. Murray, editor of the Cincinnati *Price Current*.

PRICES OF WHEAT (CHICAGO MARKET), 1858–91.

Years.	Months of Lowest Price.	Yearly Range of Prices.	Months of Highest Price.	Years.	Months of Lowest Price.	Yearly Range of Prices.	Months of Highest Price.
1858	February	53 @ 97	August.	1875	February	83¼@1.30½	August.
1859	July and Aug.	50 @1.15	May.	1876	July	83 @1.26¾	December.
1860	December	66 @1.13	April.	1877	August	1.01½@1.76½	May.
1861	June and July.	55 @1.25	May.	1878	October	77 @1.14	April.
1862	January	65 @ 92½	August.	1879	January	81⅝@1.33½	December.
1863	August	80 @1.12½	December.	1880	August	86½@1.32	January.
1864	March	1.07 @2.26	June.	1881	January	95⅜@1.43¼	October.
1865	December	85 @1.55	January.	1882	December	91⅛@1.40	April and May.
1866	February	77 @2.03	November.	1883	October	90 @ 13½	June.
1867	August	1.55 @2.85	May.	1884	December	69⅛@ 96	February.
1868	November	1.04½@2.20	July.	1885	March	73⅜@ 91¾	April.
1869	December	76½@1.46	August.	1886	October	69⅜@ 84¾	January.
1870	April	73¼@1.31½	July. [Sept.	1887	August	66⅜@ 94¾	June.
1871	August	99½@1.32	Feb., April, and	1888	April	71⅛@*2.00	September.
1872	November	1.01 @1.61	August.	1889	June	75½@1.08¾	February.
1873	September	89 @1.46	July.	1890	February	74¼@1.08¼	August.
1874	October	81¼@1.28	April.	1891	July	85 @1.16	April.

* The Hutchinson "corner" figure.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS—*Continued.*

PRODUCTION OF HAY AND POTATOES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1867-88.

Year.	Hay.			Potatoes.		
	Acreage.	Production.	Home Value.	Acreage.	Production.	Home Value.
	Acres.	*Tons.*	*Dollars.*	*Acres.*	*Bushels.*	*Dollars.*
1867	20,020,554	26,277,000	372,864,670	1,192,195	97,783,000	89,276,830
1868	21,541,573	26,141,900	351,942,930	1,131,552	106,090,000	84,150,040
1869	18,591,281	26,420,000	337,662,600	1,222,250	133,806,000	71,651,730
1870	19,861,805	24,525,000	338,969,680	1,320,119	114,775,000	82,668,590
1871	19,009,052	22,239,400	351,717,035	1,220,912	120,491,700	71,836,671
1872	20,318,936	23,812,800	345,969,079	1,331,331	113,516,000	68,091,120
1873	21,894,084	25,085,100	339,895,486	1,295,139	108,039,000	74,774,890
1874	21,769,772	25,133,900	331,420,738	1,310,041	105,981,000	71,823,330
1875	23,507,964	27,873,600	342,203,445	1,510,041	166,877,800	65,019,420
1876	25,282,797	30,867,100	300,901,252	1,741,983	124,827,000	83,861,390
1877	25,367,738	31,629,300	271,034,950	1,792,287	170,092,000	76,249,500
1878	26,931,300	39,628,296	285,543,752	1,776,800	124,126,650	73,069,125
1879	27,484,991	35,493,000	330,804,494	1,836,800	181,626,400	79,153,673
1880	25,853,955	31,925,233	371,811,084	1,842,510	167,659,570	81,062,214
1881	30,888,700	35,135,064	415,131,366	2,041,670	109,145,494	99,291,341
1882	32,339,585	38,138,049	369,958,158	2,171,635	170,972,508	95,304,844
1883	35,515,948	46,864,009	383,834,451	2,289,275	208,164,425	87,848,991
1884	38,571,593	48,470,460	396,139,309	2,220,980	190,642,000	75,524,290
1885	39,849,701	44,731,550	389,752,873	2,265,823	175,029,000	78,153,463
1886	36,501,688	41,796,499	353,437,699	2,287,136	168,051,000	78,441,940
1887	37,664,739	41,454,458	413,440,283	2,357,322	134,103,000	91,506,740
1888	38,591,903	46,643,094	408,499,565	2,533,280	201,984,140	81,413,589

These are the latest statistics of production of hay and potatoes published by the Department of Agriculture. The census report on these productions in the census year has not yet been published.

FLUCTUATIONS IN THE PRICES OF CORN.

The following table gives the average farm price of corn in the States having an annual surplus from 1877-90.

States.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
	Cts.	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*	*Cts.*
Ohio	40	33	39	41	61	62	47	41	32	35	48	35	31	51
Indiana	34	27	34	40	60	48	41	34	29	32	45	31	27	47
Illinois	29	25	31	36	58	47	40	31	28	31	41	29	24	43
Iowa	25	16	24	26	44	38	32	23	24	30	35	24	19	41
Missouri	27	26	25	36	65	39	35	26	25	31	37	30	23	44
Kansas	21	19	27	29	58	37	26	22	24	27	37	26	18	51
Nebraska	18	16	21	25	39	33	24	18	19	20	30	22	17	48
United States	35.8	31.8	37.5	39.6	63.6	48.4	42.4	35.7	32.8	36.6	44.4	34.1	28.3	50.6

WAGES OF FARM LABOR IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From the Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, 1890.)

States. (Wages given in Dollars.)	1890. Without Board.	1890. With Board.	1879. Without Board.	1879. With Board.
Maine	25.00	17.50	18.25	11.08
New-Hampshire	25.15	17.60	19.75	12.30
Vermont	24.80	17.35	19.00	11.50
Massachusetts	30.00	18.50	25.00	15.33
Rhode-Island	29.20	18.00	23.00	13.25
Connecticut	27.00	17.33	23.29	14.23
New-York	24.45	16.65	20.61	13.19
New-Jersey	25.10	16.00	20.22	11.53
Pennsylvania	22.80	14.60	19.92	11.46
Delaware	17.35	11.15	17.00	9.50
Maryland	17.67	11.25	14.00	8.95
Virginia	14.21	9.47	11.00	7.66
North-Carolina	12.83	8.80	11.19	7.66
South-Carolina	12.10	8.62	10.25	6.66
Georgia	13.13	8.37	10.73	7.38
Florida	19.35	12.59	13.80	8.73
Alabama	14.00	9.85	13.20	8.30
Mississippi	15.38	10.50	13.31	9.28
Louisiana	15.98	11.79	16.40	11.27
Texas	19.85	13.30	18.27	11.49
Arkansas	18.40	12.55	17.12	11.31
Tennessee	14.23	10.12	12.73	8.69
West-Virginia	19.55	12.95	16.98	10.94
Kentucky	16.85	11.70	15.17	10.00
Ohio	22.10	15.10	20.72	13.34
Michigan	24.80	16.75	22.88	14.64
Indiana	22.25	14.78	20.20	12.76
Illinois	23.25	16.35	20.61	13.01
Wisconsin	24.35	16.75	21.07	13.81
Minnesota	24.60	16.60	24.55	15.62
Iowa	25.41	17.00	22.09	13.90
Missouri	20.25	14.00	17.59	11.84
Kansas	22.75	15.05	20.67	13.28
Nebraska	25.50	16.60	23.04	14.86
California	35.50	22.40	41.00	26.27
Oregon	31.60	22.00	35.45	23.86
Nevada	35.00	23.00	.....	.....
Colorado	33.75	21.00	35.00	20.00
Average	18.33	12.45	16.42	.....

Vine Cultivation in the United States.

THE Census Bureau provides the following table, showing the area and production of vineyards and native wine made, together with capital invested in the industries, in the year 1889-90:

STATES.	Area in Bearing Vines.	Area in Non-bearing Vines.	Average Yield of Grapes per Acre.	Market Value of Grapes per Ton.	Grapes Sold for Table Use.	Grapes Sold to Wineries.	Wine Made.	Market Value of Wine per Gallon.	Total Value of Plant, Including Land.
	Acres.	*Acres.*	*Tons.*	*Dollars.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Gallons.*	*Dollars.*	*Dollars.*
Arizona	1,000	1,500	3.00	16.50	2,850	150	25,000	1.00	75,000
California	155,272	45,272	1.77	17.66	38,785	235,526	14,626,000	0.19	86,640,350
Georgia	1,938	2,154	1.33	96.00	1,938	646	107,666	1.15	1,227,600
Illinois	3,750	990	2.00	54.00	6,000	1,500	250,000	1.00	1,422,000
Indiana	3,850	1,000	1.75	67.00	5,390	1,347	224,500	1.00	1,455,000
Kansas	4,542	1,000	2.00	58.00	8,294	790	130,990	0.80	1,662,600
Missouri	10,000	1,764	3.00	50.00	22,500	7,500	1,250,000	0.56	4,605,600
New-Mexico	1,186	9,000	3.00	45.00	1,779	1,779	296,500	0.86	3,055,800
New-York†	43,350	7,650	1.75	70.00	60,687	15,172	2,528,250	0.50	20,400,000
North-Carolina	4,000	1,200	1.75	60.00	4,667	2,333	388,833	1.00	1,560,000
Ohio	28,087	4,956	1.80	57.00	38,947	11,609	1,934,833	0.56	13,217,200
Tennessee	1,500	600	2.50	89.00	2,500	1,250	208,333	1.00	630,000
Virginia	4,100	1,600	2.00	60.00	5,434	2,766	461,000	1.00	1,710,000
Other States and Territories	45,000	15,000	2.00	60.00	67,500	22,500	1,875,000	1.00	18,000,000
Total	307,575	93,586	....	....	267,271	304,868	24,306,905	....	155,661,150

* This includes for California 41,166 tons made into raisins and 23,252 tons used for dried grapes and purposes other than table fruit.

† Includes 1,000 acres in Erie County, Pennsylvania, known as part of the Chautauqua district of New-York.

The census investigation of viticulture shows that outside of the regular districts already mentioned there are probably 45,000 acres of bearing and 15,000 acres of non-bearing vines, an aggregate of small vineyards from one fourth of an acre upward, grown to supply a home demand.

Since the census statistics were collected, the vineyard and wine-producing industries have sprung up in Florida, and promise to become as valuable and important as those of any other State of the Union.

The number of persons employed in these industries in 1889-90 was 200,780.

Floriculture in the United States.

THE floriculture industry in the United States in the census year was made the subject of a special investigation by the Census Bureau, with the following results, the statistics applying solely to the business of flower merchants or florists:

Number of establishments	4,659	Product of year: Rose bushes	49,056,253
Square feet of glass covering	38,823,247	" " Hardy plants and shrubs	38,380,872
Value of establishments	$38,355,722	" " All other plants	152,835,292
Men employed	16,847	Total value of product	$12,036,477
Women employed	1,958	Cut flowers in addition,	14,175,329

Floriculture, though carried on as a business in the United States for [illegible] the [illegible] century, assumed important proportions only within the past twenty-five years. In addition to the Society of American Florists, 965 State and local floral societies and clubs and 358 horticultural societies, aided [illegible] agricultural and horticultural press, helped to develop this industry to its present large proportions.

Truck Farming in the United States.

THE United States Census Bureau reported as below upon the truck-farming industry in the United States in the census year. Truck farming, as considered in this report, is distinct from market gardening: the former is carried on in favored localities at a distance from market, water and rail transportation being necessary, while the latter is conducted near local markets, the grower of vegetables using his own team for transporting his products direct to either the retailer or consumer.

A summary of the number of acres under cultivation for truck-farming purposes and the value of products raised, given by districts, follows:

DISTRICTS.	Acres.	Value of Products.	DISTRICTS.	Acres.	Value of Products.
New-England	6,838	$3,184,218	Southwest	36,889	$4,979,783
New-York and Philadelphia	108,135	21,102,521	Central	107,414	15,432,223
Peninsular	25,714	2,413,618	Northwest	1,083	204,791
Norfolk	45,375	4,692,859	Mountain	3,833	531,976
Baltimore	37,181	3,784,696	Pacific Coast	14,357	2,024,345
South Atlantic	111,441	13,183,516			
Mississippi Valley	36,180	4,982,579	Total	534,440	$76,517,155

Upward of $100,000,000 are invested in this industry, the annual products reaching a value of $76,517,155 on the farms after paying freights and commissions, realized upon 534,440 acres of land. There are employed in this industry 216,765 men, 9,254 women, and 14,874 children, aided by 75,866 horses and mules and $8,971,206.70 worth of implements.

Statistics of Wool in the United States.

Year Ending June 30.	Production.	Imports.	Total Production and Imports.	Domestic Wool Exported.	Foreign Wool Exported.	Total Wool Exported.	Retained for Home Consumption.	Per cent Imported.
	Pounds.	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Pounds.*	*Per cent.*
1870	162,000,000	49,230,199	211,230,199	152,892	1,710,053	1,862,945	209,367,254	23.3
1871	160,000,000	68,058,028	228,058,028	25,195	1,305,311	1,330,506	226,727,522	29.9
1872	150,000,000	126,507,409	276,507,409	110,515	2,266,393	2,406,908	274,100,501	44.9
1873	158,000,000	85,496,049	243,496,049	75,129	7,040 386	7,115,515	236,380,534	35.1
1874	170,000,000	42,939,541	212,939,541	219,600	4,516 157	4,735,757	208,803,784	20.2
1875	181,000,000	54,901,760	235,991,760	178,034	3,567,627	3,745,661	232,156,099	23.3
1876	192,000,000	44,642,836	236,692,836	104,768	1,518,426	1,623,194	235,019,642	18.9
1877	200,000,000	42,171,192	242,171,192	79,560	3,088,957	3,168,536	239,002,636	17.4
1878	208,250,000	48,449,079	256,699,079	347,854	5,952,221	6,300,075	250,399,004	18.9
1879	211,000,000	39,005,155	250,005,155	60,784	4,164,616	4,165,400	245,839,755	15.6
1880	232,500,000	128,131,747	360,631,747	191,551	3,648,520	3,840,071	356,791,676	35.5
1881	240,000,000	55,964,236	295,964,236	71,455	5,507,534	5,578,989	290,385,247	18.9
1882	272,000,000	67,861,744	339,861,744	116,179	5,831,836	3,948,015	335,913,729	20.0
1883	290,000,000	70,575,478	360,575,478	64 474	4,010,043	4,074,517	356,500,961	19.7
1884	300,000,000	78,350,651	378,350,651	10,393	2,304,701	2,315,093	396,035,558	20.8
1885	308,000,000	70,596,170	378,596,170	88,026	3,115,339	3,203,345	375,392,825	18.8
1886	302,000,000	129,084,958	431,084,958	2,138,080	6,534,426	8,672,506	422,412,452	30.6
1887	285,000,000	114,038,030	399,038,030	257,940	6,728,292	6,986,232	392,051,998	29.1
1888	269,000,000	113,558,753	382,558,753	22,164	4,359,731	4,381,895	378,176,858	30.0
1889	265,000,000	126,487,929	391,487,729	141,576	3,293,094	3,404,670	388,083,059	31.7
1890	265,000,000	105,431,281	370,431,281	231,042	3,288,467	3,519,509	366,911,772	27.7

Neumann-Spallart estimated the production of wool in the whole world in 1883–84 at 1,984,140,000 pounds.

Sheep in the United States in 1891.

States.	Number.	States.	Number.	States.	Number.
Maine	547,670	Alabama	274,788	Kansas	447,079
New-Hampshire	183,183	Mississippi	235,345	Nebraska	234,612
Vermont	351,239	Louisiana	113,931	California	3,712,310
Massachusetts	55,905	Texas	4,990,272	Oregon	2,431,759
Rhode-Island	20,433	Arkansas	269,484	Nevada	504,710
Connecticut	45,824	Tennessee	511,118	Colorado	1,819,569
New-York	1,393,583	West-Virginia	518,827	Arizona	593,043
New-Jersey	100,075	Kentucky	765,679	Dakota	274,319
Pennsylvania	1,039,502	Ohio	4,661,897	Idaho	501,978
Delaware	22,517	Michigan	2,263,219	Montana	2,089,337
Maryland	156,838	Indiana	1,150,200	New-Mexico	3,123,663
Virginia	444,563	Illinois	770,993	Utah	2,055,900
North-Carolina	393,226	Wisconsin	889,910	Washington	673,060
South-Carolina	98,970	Minnesota	330,649	Wyoming	1,119,110
Georgia	383,017	Iowa	452,025		
Florida	111,455	Missouri	898,650	Total	43,431,136

Sheep in other countries, reported by the Commissioner of Agriculture in 1888: South America, 99,928,607; Australasia, 86,245,520; Russia in Europe, 46,724,736; British India, 30,453,724; Great Britain and Ireland, 29,401,750; South Africa, 23,746,179; France, 22,688,230; Germany, 19,189,715; Spain, 16,939,288. The world, including the United States, 467,452,499; excluding the United States, 423,907,744.

Production of Tobacco.

Statement of Production in the United States in the Year ending January 1, 1889. From the Report of the Secretary of Agriculture.

States.	Pounds.	Acres.	Value.	States.	Pounds.	Acres.	Value.
Arkansas	1,156,000	2,408	$80,909	Ohio	35,195,000	39,105	$2,745,171
Connecticut	9,623,000	6,136	1,248,369	Pennsylvania	24,180,000	19,500	2,587,260
Illinois	2,947,000	4,648	223,959	Tennessee	45,641,000	67,119	3,651,274
Indiana	16,153,000	18,252	1,130,711	Virginia	64,034,000	127,052	3,842,052
Kentucky	283,306,000	323,409	21,247,971	West-Virginia	4,496,000	5,620	359,680
Maryland	14,017,000	33,775	770,914	Wisconsin	12,846,000	13,813	1,220,379
Massachusetts	3,893,000	2,464	486,640	Other States and Territories	2,976,000	6,613	312,464
Missouri	13,109,000	14,120	1,048,714				
New-York	6,488,000	6,179	778,554				
North-Carolina	25,755,000	57,107	1,931,644	Total	565,795,000	747,326	$43,666,665

The product of tobacco in Europe is nearly equal in quantity to the average production of the United States. Neumann-Spallart has usually made it about 500,000,000 pounds. Austria-Hungary produces about one third of it, Russia one tenth, Germany nearly as much. France about 35,000,000 pounds, and the other countries a small quantity. Europe can easily produce all the tobacco required, but two reasons are prominent for importation of tobacco from this country. It is very cheap, and it is very desirable for mixing with and fortifying European leaf. If it becomes dearer, a smaller quantity is purchased; if very much dearer, it would scarcely find sale at all. The production is regulated and limited by governmental edicts. Our exportation is not increasing; the proportion of our crop exported is declining, and will continue to fall off as our population increases. Much the larger portion was formerly exported; now the larger part is annually manufactured.

The American Hog.

HOGS PACKED AND MARKETED, YEAR ENDING MARCH 1, 1891.

Cities.	Number of Hogs.	Cities.	Number of Hogs.	Cities.	Number of Hogs.
Chicago	6,071,659	St. Paul	335,408	Other Places East	2,540,000
Kansas City	2,398,764	Cedar Rapids	581,074	New-York Receipts	3,713,000
Omaha	1,527,871	Cleveland	424,592	Philadelphia Receipts	
St. Louis	648,100	Louisville	211,815	Baltimore Receipts	
Indianapolis	736,233	Ottumwa	317,300		
Milwaukee	718,725	Nebraska City	267,348		
Sioux City	655,293	St. Joseph	183,000	Total Hogs Packed and Marketed	23,966,000
Cincinnati	523,810	Other Places West	2,112,142		

Gross weight, 5,598,041,000 pounds; green meats, all kinds, 3,134,900,000 pounds; lard, 775,062,000 pounds.

DISTRIBUTION OF HOG PRODUCTS EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Countries.	Bacon, Pounds.	Hams,* Pounds.	Pork, Pounds.	Total Meats.	Lard, Pounds.	Aggregate, 1889-90.	Aggregate, 1888-89.	Aggregate, 1887-88.
England	423,964,225	51,901,945	15,406,554	491,272,724	128,897,277	620,170,001	434,139,583	389,344,317
Scotland	25,817,822	12,970,062	1,436,640	40,230,524	19,176,273	59,406,797	31,581,931	30,584,264
France	66,800	51,840	215,950	334,590	44,348,149	44,682,739	29,407,921	29,462,509
Germany	2,106,234	118,406	1,138,746	3,363,386	116,527,934	119,891,320	50,060,699	55,214,377
Belgium	36,730,616	5,038,418	379,600	42,148,634	43,970,299	86,118,933	47,525,295	45,832,051
Netherlands	11,680,418	255,698	54,000	11,999,116	11,312,419	23,311,535	4,037,634	2,251,843
Denmark	857,015	.....	.....	857,015	14,003,447	14,860,462	11,464,546	12,190,905
Sweden & Norway	6,709,728	.....	137,400	6,847,128	724,109	7,571,237	3,934,683	6,693,816
Spain	.....	6,920	.....	6,920	426,134	433,054	638,693	340,589
Italy	.....	6,028	.....	6,028	2,523,726	2,529,754	3,819,746	6,240,792
Cuba	4,381,370	2,027,956	570,600	6,979,926	33,142,436	40,122,362	36,315,383	32,142,257
Hayti	2,195	288,267	12,490,445	12,780,907	2,164,764	14,945,671	10,523,682	12,466,861
Porto Rico	917,615	126,644	2,812,900	3,857,159	3,531,225	7,388,384	6,728,826	6,601,641
British West Indies	509,737	388,583	7,626,091	8,524,412	2,429,297	10,953,709	11,360,797	10,452,023
Mexico	48,849	210,809	74,195	333,853	1,639,255	1,973,108	1,663,234	2,098,911
Brazil	4,971,489	12,599	927,490	5,911,578	17,920,500	23,832,078	5,868,309	4,356,411
Colombia	8,136	68,555	199,921	276,612	1,236,458	1,513,070	2,301,944	3,560,364
Venezuela	18,254	528,990	53,410	600,654	5,797,620	6,398,274	5,610,220	5,262,612
British Guiana	175,298	68,659	4,592,872	4,836,829	479,021	5,315,850	4,020,842	3,636,607
Peru	1,951	18,980	21,800	42,731	3,867,666	3,910,397	1,144,741	1,417,636
Quebec, Ontario, etc	10,121,376	1,268,965	17,415,476	28,805,817	4,134,832	32,940,649	59,758,083	54,831,469
Nova Scotia, etc	1,053,762	27,885	7,234,738	8,316,385	895,139	9,211,524	2,077,100	1,435,015
Newfoundland, etc.	53,810	82,461	2,022,381	2,158,652	14,384	2,173,036	3,208,186	2,868,628
All other	1,693,977	1,116,608	4,977,659	7,788,244	11,921,234	19,709,478	15,386,403	13,330,656
Year, to June 30.	531,899,677	76,591,279	79,788,868	688,279,824	471,083,598	1,159,363,422	782,578,481	732,016,656
Value	$39,149,635	$7,907,125	$4,753,488	$51,810,248	$33,455,520	$85,265,768	$66,714,435	$59,295,429

The tables of statistics of wool and hog products were compiled by the Cincinnati *Price Current*.

The Department of Agriculture reported the following farm animals in the United States in 1891: Horses, 14,056,750, value, $941,823,222; mules, 2,296,532, value, $178,847,370; milch cows, 16,019,591, value, $346,397,900; oxen and other cattle, 36,875,648, value, $544,127,908; sheep, 43,431,136, value, $108,397,447; swine, 50,625,106, value, $210,193,923. Total value of farm animals, $2,329,787,770.

Manufactures.

THE United States Census Bureau has not yet reported the statistics of manufactures in the United States.

The following summary, by Mulhall, shows approximately the value of all manufactures in the world in one year, 1888;

Countries.	Textiles.	Hardware.	Clothing.	Beer & Spirits.	Leather.	Total Manufactures.*
Austria	$180,000,000	$75,000,000	$150,000,000	$115,000,000	$195,000,000	$1,265,000,000
Australia	35,000,000	75,000,000	20,000,000	15,000,000	30,000,000	205,000,000
Belgium	80,000,000	85,000,000	60,000,000	65,000,000	30,000,000	510,000,000
Denmark	5,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000	20,000,000	30,000,000	130,000,000
France	540,000,000	210,000,000	320,000,000	105,000,000	260,000,000	2,425,000,000
Germany	410,000,000	455,000,000	265,000,000	355,000,000	265,000,000	2,915,000,000
Great Britain	850,000,000	775,000,000	330,000,000	375,000,000	210,000,000	4,100,000,000
Italy	105,000,000	20,000,000	120,000,000	20,000,000	85,000,000	605,000,000
Netherlands	15,000,000	5,000,000	30,000,000	25,000,000	30,000,000	175,000,000
Norway	5,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	15,000,000	20,000,000	95,000,000
Portugal	10,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000	...	15,000,000	80,000,000
Russia	260,000,000	70,000,000	255,000,000	100,000,000	255,000,000	1,815,000,000
Spain	80,000,000	20,000,000	80,000,000	5,000,000	60,000,000	425,000,000
Sweden	10,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	40,000,000	250,000,000
Switzerland	55,000,000	10,000,000	15,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	160,000,000
United States	560,000,000	970,000,000	490,000,000	305,000,000	520,000,000	7,215,000,000
Total	$3,200,000,000	$2,815,000,000	$2,205,000,000	$1,560,000,000	$2,055,000,000	$22,370,000,000

The total valuation of manufactures in Canada by latest official returns was $425,000,000 for the year.

* Including sundry manufactures not enumerated in preceding columns.

United States Forestry Statistics.

(Corrected for this year's ALMANAC by the Chief of the Forestry Division, Department of Agriculture.)

FOREST AREA.

Total forest area in the United States estimated at 481,764,599 acres; forest area included in farms, 185,794,219 acres; area of land in farms unimproved but not in forest, 61,055,049 acres; Alaska and Indian reservations are not included.

The present annual requirements for consumption of forest products in the United States are, approximately, over 20,000,000,000 cubic feet. made up of the following items: Lumber market and manufactures, 2,500,000,000 cubic feet; railroad construction, 500,000,000 cubic feet; charcoal, 250,000,000 cubic feet; fences, 500,000,000 cubic feet; fuel, 17,500,000,000 cubic feet; mining timber, 150,000,000 cubic feet.

At the present rate of cutting, the remainder of forest land in the United States cannot long meet the enormous demands on its resources. Of the two most important timbers for building purposes, the merchantable White Pine of the Northwest and of New-England is practically gone, very little remaining, and there remains of the merchantable Long-leaf Pine of the South only about 1,500,000,000 cubic feet. The valuable Ash will probably be the first to be exhausted. Walnut and Tulip trees are also on the wane.

Forest fires in the census year 1880 burned over 432,464 acres, and destroyed values of $6,780,371. This is possibly the annual average of destructiveness of our forest fires.

FOREST PRESERVATION.

For the preservation of the forests, the State of New-York instituted a Forest Commission, in 1885, with extensive powers. The State of California has also created a Forest Commission, and Colorado, North-Dakota, and New-Hampshire have Forest Commissions. Ohio has a Forestry Bureau.

A national organization known as the American Forestry Association (formerly Congress), composed of delegates from all the States, meets annually. The ninth annual meeting was held at Washington, D. C., December, 1890. E. A. Bowers, Washington, D. C., is Corresponding Secretary. Local or State Associations have been formed in Colorado, Ohio, New-York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Minnesota, Texas, South-Carolina, and North-Dakota.

To encourage forest-planting on the treeless prairies, the United States Government has made tree-planting, under certain regulations, the consideration for the acquisition of public lands. (See article on the Public Lands of the United States; the Timber Culture Act.)

The Adirondack Park Association strives to secure for the State of New-York a compact State Park in the Adirondacks.

ARBOR DAY.

The individual States have striven to encourage tree-planting by appointing a certain day in the year, to be known as Arbor Day, for the voluntary planting of trees by the people, and latterly the interest has been widened by inducing the pupils of the public schools to take part in the observance. The credit of inaugurating Arbor Day belongs to the Nebraska State Board of Agriculture, which in 1874 recommended the second Wednesday of April in each year as a day dedicated to the work of planting trees. The following States and Territories have since then, by legislative enactment or otherwise, established an annual Arbor Day: Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New-Hampshire, New-Jersey, New-Mexico, New-York, North-Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode-Island, South-Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, West-Virginia, Wisconsin, Wyoming—37 in all. (See Legal Holidays.)

Production of Coal in the Nineteenth Century.

1801–1889.

COUNTRIES.	Approximate No. of Tons.	Approximate Value.	COUNTRIES.	Approximate No. of Tons.	Approximate Value.
Great Britain	5,406,000,000	$10,640,000,000	Canada	32,000,000	$55,000,000
United States	1,912,000,000	3,280,000,000	India	28,000,000	50,000,000
Germany	1,662,000,000	2,195,000,000	Spain	20,000,000	30,000,000
France	646,000,000	1,565,000,000	Japan	20,000,000	30,000,000
Belgium	621,000,000	1,250 000,000	Various	189,000,000	315,000,000
Austria	438,000,000	460,000,000			
Russia	59,000,000	95,000,000	Total	11,086,000,000	$20,090,000,000
Australia	53,000,000	125,000,000			

These estimates are by Mulhall. The following estimate of the area of the principal coal-fields of the world is from the same source:

AREA OF THE WORLD'S COAL-FIELDS

IN SQUARE MILES.

China and Japan, 200,000; United States, 194,000; India, 35,000; Russia, 27,000; Great Britain, 9,000; Germany, 3,600; France, 1,800; Belgium, Spain, and other countries, 1,400. Total, 471,800.

The coal-fields of China, Japan, Great Britain, Germany, Russia, and India contain apparently 303,000,000,000 tons, which is enough for 700 years at present rate of consumption. If to the above be added the coal-fields in the United States, Canada, and other countries, the supply will be found ample for 1,000 years. Improved machinery has greatly increased the yield per miner, and thus produced a fall in price to the advantage of all industries.

COAL PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.

Compiled from the Report of the Eleventh Census, covering product of 1889. Weight expressed in short tons of 2,000 pounds:

States.	*Tons.*	*States.*	*Tons.*	*States.*	*Tons.*	*States.*	*Tons.*
Alabama	3,378,484	Indian Territory	732,832	Nebraska and Dakotas	30,307	Texas	128,216
Arkansas	279,584	Iowa	4,061,704	New-Mexico	486,983	Utah	236,601
California and Oregon	186,179	Kansas	2,230,763	Ohio	9,976,787	Virginia: Anthracite	2,817
Colorado	2,360,536	Kentucky	2,399,755	Pennsylvania: Anthracite	45,544,970	Bituminous	865,786
Georgia and North Carolina	226,156	Maryland	2,939,715	Bituminous	36,174,089	Washington	993,724
Illinois	12,104,272	Michigan	67,431	Tennessee	1,925,689	West-Virginia	6,231,880
Indiana	2,845,057	Missouri	2,567,823			Wyoming	1,388,947
		Montana	363,301				

Total product, 1889, short tons, 140,730,288, equivalent to 125,652,056 long tons of 2,240 pounds.

Mineral Products of the United States.

(From the report of the United States Geological Survey on the Mineral Production of the United States.)

Products.	1889 (a).		1890.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
METALLIC.				
Pig iron, spot value (b).....long tons (c)	7,603,642	$120,000,000	9,202,703	$151,200,410
Silver, coining value .....troy ounces (d)	51,354,851	66,396,988	54,500,000	70,464,645
Gold, coining value..... " (e)	1,590,869	32,886,744	1,588,880	32,845,000
Copper (f), value at New-York City.....lbs.	231,246,214	26,907,809	265,115,133	30,848,797
Lead, value at New-York City.....short tons	182,967	16,137,689	161,754	14,266,703
Zinc, value at New-York City..... "	58,860	5,791,824	63,683	6,266,407
Quicksilver, value at San Francisco.....flasks (g)	26,484	1,191,500	22,926	1,203,615
Nickel (h), value at Philadelphia .....lbs.	252,663	151,598	223,488	134,093
Aluminum, value at Philadelphia..... "	(i)47,468	97,335	(i) 61,281	61,281
Antimony, value at San Francisco.....short tons	115	28,000	129	40,756
Tin.....lbs.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Platinum, value (crude) at New-York City.troy ounces	500	2,000	600	2,500
Total value of metallic products.....	.....	$269,594,487	.....	$307,334,207
NON-METALLIC (SPOT VALUES).				
Bituminous coal (j).....long tons	85,383,059	94,346,809	99,392,871	$110,420,801
Pennsylvania anthracite..... "	40,714,721	65,879,514	41,481,858	61,445,683
Building stone.....	.....	51,026,721	.....	54,000,000
Lime.....barrels (k)	50,000,000	25,000,000	60,000,000	28,000,000
Petroleum..... " (l)	35,163,513	26,963,340	45,000,000	35,000,000
Natural gas.....	.....	21,097,099	.....	20,000,000
Cement.....barrels (m)	7,000,000	5,000,000	8,000,000	6,000,000
Salt..... " (n)	10,000,000	5,000,000	8,600,943	4,707,869
Limestone for iron flux.....long tons	6,318,000	3,159,000	5,521,622	2,760,811
Phosphate rock..... "	550,245	2,937,776	510,499	3,213,795
Zinc-white.....short tons	20,000	1,600,000	.....	1,600,000
Mineral waters.....gallons sold	12,780,471	1,748,458	11,321,878	2,338,140
Borax.....lbs.	8,000,000	500,000	9,500,000	617,500
Gypsum.....short tons	267,769	764,118	182,995	574,523
Manganese ore.....long tons	24,197	240,559	25,000	250,000
Mineral paints..... "	32,307	463,766	45,732	661,992
Marls.....short tons	139,522	63,956	150,000	65,000
Pyrites.....long tons	93,705	202,119	111,836	273,745
Flint..... "	11,113	49,137	13,000	57,400
Mica.....lbs.	49,500	50,000	.....	32,569
Corundum.....short tons	2,245	105,565	1,970	89,395
Sulphur ..... "	1,150	7,850	(o)	.....
Precious stones.....	.....	188,807	.....	118,833
Gold quartz, souvenirs, jewelry, etc.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Crude barytes.....long tons	19,161	106,313	21,911	86,505
Bromine.....lbs.	418,891	125,667	387,847	104,719
Feldspar.....long tons	6,970	39,370	8,000	45,200
Chrome iron ore..... "	2,000	30,000	3,599	53,985
Graphite.....lbs.	.....	(p) 72,662	.....	(p) 77,500
Fluorspar.....short tons	9,500	45,835	8,250	55,328
Slate ground as a pigment.....long tons	2,000	20,000	2,000	20,000
Cobalt oxide (r) .....lbs.	12,955	31,092	10,000	25,000
Novaculite..... "	2,354,000	32,980	.....	69,900
Asphaltum .....short tons	51,735	171,537	40,841	190,416
Asbestus..... "	30	1,800	71	4,560
Rutile.....lbs.	1,000	3,000	400	1,000
Potters' clay.....long tons	294,344	635,578	350,000	756,000
Grindstones.....	.....	439,587	.....	450,000
Millstones	.....	35,155	.....	73,720
Ozekerite, refined.....lbs.	50,000	2,500	350,000	26,250
Infusorial earth.....short tons	3,466	23,372	2,532	50,240
Soapstone..... "	12,715	231,708	13,670	232,309
Fibrous talc..... "	23,748	244,170	41,354	389,196
Lithographic stone..... "	18	243	(o)	.....
Total value non-metallic mineral products.....	.....	$308,687,163	.....	$334,959,893
Total value metallic products.....	.....	269,591,487	.....	307,334,207
Estimated value of mineral products unspecified(q)	.....	10,000,000	.....	10,000,000
Grand total.....	.....	$588,278,650	.....	$652,294,100

(a) The results for 1889, with the exception of lime, cement, salt, zinc-white, borax, bromine, slate ground as a pigment and rutile, were obtained through the Eleventh United States Census. (b) By "spot" value is meant value at the point of production. (c) "Long" tons are tons of 2,240 avoirdupois lbs.; "short" tons are tons of 2,000 avoirdupois lbs. (d) $1.2929 per troy ounce. (e) $20.6718 per troy ounce. (f) Including copper made from imported pyrites. (g) Of 76½ avoirdupois lbs. net. (h) Including nickel in copper-nickel alloy, and in exported ore and matte. (i) Including aluminum alloys. (j) Including brown coal and lignite, and small lots of anthracite mined elsewhere than in Pennsylvania. (k) Of 200 lbs. (l) Of 42 gallons. (m) Of 300 lbs. for natural cement and 400 lbs. for artificial Portland. (n) Of 280 lbs. net. (o) Not reported. (p) Value of the crude product. (q) Including fire-clay, common brick clay, terra cotta, building sand, glass sand, limestone used as flux in lead smelting, limestone in glass making, iron ore used as flux in lead smelting, tin ore, iridosmine, nitrate of soda, carbonate of soda, sulphate of soda, native alum, mineral soap, strontia and pumice-stone. (r) Including cobalt oxide in ore and matte.

MINING STATISTICS—*Continued.*

PRODUCTION OF CRUDE PETROLEUM IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From 1875 to 1889, as Reported by the Census Office.)

Years.	Total United States.	Pennsylvania and New-York.	Ohio.	West-Virginia.	Colorado.	California.	Indiana.	Kentucky and Tennessee.
1875.....	12,162,514	8,787,514	*200,000	*3,000,000	.....	*75,000	.....	.....
1876.....	9,132,669	8,968,906	31,763	120,000	.....	12.000	.....	.....
1877.....	13,350,365	13,135,475	29,888	172,000	.....	13,000	.....	.....
1878.....	15,396,868	15,163,462	38,179	180,000	.....	15,227	.....	.....
1879.....	19,914,146	19,685,176	29,112	180,000	.....	19,858	.....	.....
1880.....	26,286,123	26,027,631	38,940	179,000	.....	40,552	.....	.....
1881.....	27,661,238	27,376,509	53,867	151,000	.....	99,862	.....	.....
1882.....	†30,510,830	30,063,500	39,761	128,000	.....	128,636	.....	†160,933
1883.....	23,449,633	23,128,389	47,632	126,000	.....	142,857	.....	4,755
1884.....	24,218,438	23,772,209	90,081	90,000	.....	262,000	.....	4,148
1885.....	21,847,205	20,776,041	650,000	91,000	.....	325,000	.....	5,164
1886.....	†28,064,841	25,798.000	1,782,970	102,000	.....	377,145	.....	4,726
1887.....	28,278,866	22,356,193	5,018,015	145,000	76,295	678,572	.....	4,791
1888.....	27,608,025	16,484,668	10,010,868	119,448	297,612	690,333	.....	5,096
1889.....	34,820,306	21,486,403	12,471,965	358,269	316,476	147,027	32,758	5,400

* Including all production prior to 1876. † Including all production in Kentucky and Tennessee prior to 1883.

COPPER PRODUCTION OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1884.	1880.	Countries.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1884.	1880.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Algiers.....	160	50	150	260	500	Japan.....	15,000	11,600	11,000	10,000	3,900
Argentine.....	190	150	170	159	300	Mexico.....	3,780	2,766	2,050	291	400
Australia	8,300	7,450	7,700	14,100	9,700	Newfoundland...	1,815	2,050	1,305	668	1,500
Austria.....	800	1,010	883	670	470	Norway.....	1,257	1,570	1,650	2,782	2,426
Bolivia.....	1,200	1,450	1,200	1,500	2,000	Peru.....	275	250	50	362	600
Canada.....	2,500	2,250	1,400	1,000	50	Russia.....	4,070	4,700	5,000	4,700	3,300
Chile.....	24,250	31,240	29,150	41,648	42,916	Sweden.....	1,000	1,036	905	662	1,074
Cape of Good Hope	7,700	7,500	7,250	5,000	5,038	Spain and Portugal	57,000	57,300	53,706	46,415	36,313
England.....	1,500	1,456	389	3,350	3,662	United States.	105,774	101,710	79,109	64,700	25,010
Germany.....	17,356	15,230	14,875	14,782	10,800	Venezuela.....	5,563	4,000	2,900	4,600	1,800
Hungary	300	858	531	600	820						
Italy.....	3,500	3,500	2,500	2,000	1,380		263.200	259,126	223.973	220.249	153,959

The above statement is made by Henry R. Merton & Co., of London.

IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Iron Ore.		Pig Iron.		Steel.	
	Years.	Tons.	Years.	Tons.	Years.	Tons.
Great Britain.....	1889..	14,546,105	1889..	8,322,824	1889..	3,669,960
United States.....	1889..	14,096,427	1889..	7,603,642	1889..	3.385,732
Germany and Luxemburg.....	1889..	11,001,042	1889..	4,524.759	1889..	2,046,147
France.....	1889..	2,500,000	1889..	1,722,480	1889..	529.021
Belgium.....	1888..	213,000	1889..	847.268	1889..	248,641
Austria and Hungary.....	1888..	2.200.000	1889..	816,156	1889..	398,156
Russia.....	1887..	1,334,699	1887..	532,649	1887..	222,025
Sweden.....	1888 .	959,540	1888..	457,052	1888..	114,537
Spain.....	1889..	4,500,000	1888..	232,000	1888..	28,645
Italy.....	1887..	230,575	1887..	12,265	1887..	73.262
Other Countries.....	1889..	2,000,000	1889..	100,000	1889 .	30,000
Total.....	.....	53,581,388	.....	25,171,095	.....	10,746,126
Percentage of the United States.....	.....	26.4	.....	30	.....	31.5

These statistics of iron and steel production were compiled by James M. Swank, of Philadelphia, General Manager of the American Iron and Steel Association. English tons of 2.240 pounds are used in giving the statistics of Great Britain and the United States, and metric tons of 2,204 pounds are used for all the Continental countries of Europe.

Monetary Statistics.

(Compiled from the Report of the Director of the Mint for 1891.)

LOCATION OF THE MONEYS OF THE UNITED STATES, JULY 1, 1891.

Moneys.	In Treasury.	In National Banks.	In Other Banks and General Circulation.	Total.
Metallic.				
Gold Bullion	$61,442,802	.....	.....	$61,442,802
Silver Bullion	33,094,234	.....	$5,675,538	38,769,772
Gold Coin	177,820,887	*$94,401,142	312,918,021	585,140,050
Silver Dollars	346,833,089	7,631,470	51,194,709	405,659,268
Subsidiary Silver Coin	19,629,480	5,023,920	53,195,300	77,848,700
Total	$638,820,492	$107,056,532	$422,983,568	$1,168,860,592
Paper.				
Legal-tender Notes (old issue)	$25,348,656	$100,399,811	$220,932,549	$346,681,016
Legal-tender Notes (act July 14, 1890)	9,879,713	.....	40,348,704	50,228,417
Gold Certificates	32,423,360	63,910,310	56,152,759	152,486,429
Silver Certificates	7,479,219	19,802,695	287,433,271	314,715,185
National-bank Notes	5,706,928	†24,710,899	137,510,147	167,927,974
Currency Certificates	1,905,000	21,875,000	.....	23,780,000
Total	$82,742,876	$230,698,715	$742,377,430	$1,055,819,021

* Includes $6,706,000 gold clearing-house certificates. † Includes $3,291,922 of their own notes held by different national banks.

STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN IN THE UNITED STATES, NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

Date.	Gold Coin.	Silver Coin.			Total Gold and Silver Coin.
		Silver Dollars.	Subsidiary.	Total Silver Coin.	
Stock July 1, 1891	$585,140,050	$405,659,268	$77,848,700	$483,507,968	$1,068,648,018
Gain since that date	11,246,222	3,816,100	—547,185	3,268,915	14,515,137
Stock November 1, 1891	$596,386,272	$409,475,368	$77,301,515	$486,776,883	$1,083,163,155

RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD EACH YEAR SINCE 1862.

1862	15.35	1868	15.59	1874	16.17	1880	18.05	1886	20.78
1863	15.37	1869	15.60	1875	16.59	1881	18.16	1887	21.13
1864	15.37	1870	15.57	1876	17.88	1882	18.19	1888	21.94
1865	15.44	1871	15.57	1877	17.22	1883	18.64	1889	22.42
1866	15.43	1872	15.63	1878	17.94	1884	18.57	1890	19.76
1867	15.57	1873	15.92	1879	18.40	1885	19.41	1891	20.92

VALUE OF THE SILVER DOLLAR, MEASURED BY THE MARKET PRICE OF SILVER, AND THE QUANTITY OF SILVER PURCHASABLE WITH A DOLLAR, EACH YEAR SINCE 1873.

Calendar Years.	Bullion Value of a Silver Dollar.			Grains of Pure Silver, at Average Price, Purchasable with a United States Dollar.*	Calendar Years.	Bullion Value of a Silver Dollar.			Grains of Pure Silver, at Average Price, Purchasable with a United States Dollar.*
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.			Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
1873	$1.016	$0.981	$1.004	369.77	1882	$0.887	$0.847	$0.878	422.83
1874	1.008	.970	.988	375.76	1883	.868	.847	.858	432.69
1875	.977	.941	.964	385.11	1884	.871	.839	.861	431.18
1876	.991	.792	.894	415.27	1885	.847	.794	.823	451.09
1877	.987	.902	.929	399.62	1886	.797	.712	.769	482.77
1878	.936	.839	.891	416.66	1887	.799	.733	.758	489.78
1879	.911	.828	.868	427.70	1888	.755	.706	.727	510.66
1880	.896	.875	.886	419.49	1889	.752	.712	.724	512.78
1881	.896	.862	.881	421.87	1890			.809	

* 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1890.

Countries.	Gold.	Silver.	Countries.	Gold.	Silver.	Countries.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$32,845,000	$70,465,000	Turkey	$7,000	$55,000	Dut. Guiana	$541,000	.....
Australasia	30,416,500	12,968,080	France	266,000	3,363,950	Peru	69,000	$2,734,300
Mexico	797,000	50,000,000	Great Britain	33,000	282,375	Central Am. States	150,000	2,000,000
Russia	21,161,700	568,000	Canada	1,495,000	495,600	Japan	254,000	1,531,700
Germany	1,230,000	1,500,000	Argentine	82,000	610,150	Africa	9,887,000	.....
Austria-Hungary	1,398,500	2,103,500	Colombia	3,695,000	735,000	China	5,330,000	.....
Sweden	58,500	173,760	Bolivia	59,800	9,578,000	British India	2,000,000	.....
Norway	.....	230,200	Chile	1,436,600	5,140,764			
Italy	98,000	1,454	Brazil	445,300	.....			
Spain	.....	2,140,400	Venezuela	1,158,000	.....	Total	$116,008,900	$166,677,233
			Brit. Guiana	1,125,000	.....			

Gold and Silver Produced in the United States.

The following estimate of the gold and silver produced in the United States, since the discovery of gold in California, is compiled from the official reports of the Director of the United States Mint:

Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
1849	$40,000,000	$50,000	$40,050,000	1870	$50,000,000	$16,000,000	$66,000,000
1850	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000	1871	43,500,000	23,000,000	66,500,000
1851	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1872	36,000,000	28,750,000	64,750,000
1852	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1873	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1853	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000	1874	33,490,902	37,324,594	70,815,496
1854	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000	1875	33,467,856	31,727,560	65,195,416
1855	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1876	39,929,166	38,783,016	78,712,182
1856	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1877	46,897,390	39,793,573	86,690,963
1857	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000	1878	51,206,360	45,281,385	96,487,745
1858	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000	1879	38,899,858	40,812,132	79,711,990
1859	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000	1880	36,000,000	38,450,000	74,450,000
1860	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000	1881	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000
1861	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000	1882	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000
1862	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000	1883	30,000,000	46,200,000	76,200,000
1863	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000	1884	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1864	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000	1885	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1865	53,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000	1886	35,000,000	51,000,000	86,000,000
1866	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000	1887	33,000,000	53,357,000	86,357,000
1867	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000	1888	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1868	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000	1889	32,800,000	64,646,000	97,446,000
1869	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000	1890	32,845,000	70,464,000	103,309,000

Total Gold, $1,837,170,000. Silver, $997,305,000. Grand Total, $2,834,475,000.

The coinage at the United States Mint during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1891, was as follows:

	Gold.	Silver Dollar s.	Subsidiary Silver Coins.	Minor Coins.	Total.
Number of Pieces	1,414,154	36,232,802	18,560,371	63,340,559	119,547,877
Value	$24,172,203	$36,232,802	$2,039,218	$1,166,936	$63,611,159

Statement of Deposits at Mints and Assay Offices of the Gold and Silver Produced in the Several States from 1793 to June 30, 1891.

Locality.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Locality.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Alabama	$235,334.83	$134.08	$235,468.91	Penn	$1,138.34	$2,588.47	$3,726.81
Alaska	810,105.37	7,578.30	817,683.67	S. Carolina	1,908,679.79	2,668.51	1,911,345.30
Arizona	5,361,963.00	13,857,358.04	19,219,321.04	S. Dakota	39,423,756.21	917,262.60	40,341,028.81
California	757,713,300.94	4,097,079.65	761,810,380.59	Tennessee	89,747.45	12.27	89,759.72
Colorado	60,140,436.68	24,467,565.29	84,608,001.97	Texas	3,626.02	5,526.83	9,152.85
Georgia	8,895,835.72	5,393.39	8,901,229.11	Utah	1,142,713.54	19,576,538.48	20,719,252.02
Idaho	32,597,083.87	1,889,772.19	34,486,856.06	Vermont	85,598.21	49.94	85,648.15
Indiana	40.13	.....	40.13	Virginia	1,743,100.86	392.40	1,743,493.26
Maine	5,638.20	22.00	5,660.20	Wash	627,178.16	6,671.77	633,849.93
Maryland	18,288.28	36.86	18,325.14	Wyoming	808,660.48	12,860.30	821,520.78
Mass	.....	917.56	917.56	Other sources	40,938,815.41	42,685,179.70	83,623,995.11
Michigan	274,407.24	3,889,408.06	4,163,815.30				
Montana	67,118,541.81	16,556,225.39	83,674,767.20				
Nebraska	2,078.76	22.84	2,101.60	Total unrefined	$1,086,634,436.15	$235,075,410.26	$1,321,709,846.41
Nevada	29,883,938.37	100,279,775.49	130,163,723.86				
N. H.	11,501.89	1.74	11,503.63	Refined bullion	373,851,817.32	367,498,914.54	741,350,731.86
N. Mexico	4,595,031.94	6,676,169.03	11,271,200.97				
N. Carolina	11,604,867.79	57,874.36	11,662,742.15				
Oregon	20,593,009.86	80,324.72	20,673,334.58	G. Total	$1,460,486,253.47	$602,574,324.80	$2,063,060,578.27

Gold and Silver Production in 500 Years.

Countries.	Gold.			Silver.		
	Tons.	Value.	Ratio.	Tons.	Value.	Ratio.
Africa	740	$520,000,000	7.1	.....	.....	....
Australia	1,840	1,290,000,000	17.8	.....	.....	....
Austria	460	325,000,000	4.4	7,930	$305,000,000	4.1
Brazil	1,040	725,000,000	10.0	.....	.....	....
Germany	.....	.....	....	8,470	325,000,000	4.4
Mexico	.....	.....	....	78,000	3,040,000,000	40.7
Peru, etc	.....	.....	....	72,000	2,770,000,000	37.3
Russia	1,235	865,000,000	12.0	3,200	120,000,000	1.7
Spanish America	2,220	1,550,000,000	21.5	.....	.....	....
United States	2,042	1,430,000,000	19.7	11,600	445,000,000	6.0
Other Countries	778	535,000,000	7.5	11,200	430,000,000	5.8
The World	10,355	$7,240,000,000	100.0	193,000	$7,435,000,000	100.0

The estimates in this table of gold and silver production for 500 years (1380–1880) are made by Mulhall.

Banking Statistics.

THE NATIONAL BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year ending Sept. 1.	No. of Banks.	Capital.	Surplus.	Total Dividends.	Total Net Earnings.	Ratio of Dividends to Capital.	Ratio of Dividends to Capital and Surplus.	Ratio of Earnings to Capital and Surplus.
1872..	1,852	$465,676,023	$105,181,942.00	$46,687,115.00	$58,075,430.00	10.19	8.33	10.36
1873..	1,955	488,100,951	118,113,848.00	49,649,090.00	65,048,478.00	10.31	8.30	10.87
1874..	1,971	489,938,284	128,364,039.00	48,459,305.00	59,580,931.00	9.90	7.87	9.68
1875..	2,017	497,864,833	134,123,649.00	49,068,601.00	57,936,224.00	9.89	7.81	9.22
1876..	2,081	500,482,271	132,251,078.00	47,375,410.00	43,638,152.00	9.42	7.45	6.87
1877..	2,072	486,324,860	124,349,254.00	43,921,085.00	34,866,990.00	8.93	7.09	5.62
1878..	2,047	470,231,896	118,687,134.00	36,941,613.00	30,605,589.00	7.80	6.21	5.14
1879..	2,045	455,132,056	115,149,351.00	34,942,921.00	31,551,860.00	7.60	6.07	5.49
1880..	2,072	454,215,062	120,145,649.00	36,411,473.00	45,186,034.00	8.02	6.35	7.88
1881..	2,100	458,934,485	127,238,394.00	38,377,488.00	53,622,563.00	8.38	6.59	9.20
1882..	2,197	473,947,715	133,570,931.00	40,791,928.00	53,321,234.00	8.73	6.81	8.88
1883..	2,350	494,640,140	141,232,187.00	40,678,678.00	54,007,148.00	8.30	6.50	8.60
1884..	2,582	518,605,725	147,721,475.00	41,254,473.00	52,362,783.00	8.00	6.20	8.00
1885..	2,665	524,599,602	146,903,495.00	40,656,121.00	43,625,497.00	7.80	6.00	6.50
1886..	2,784	532,459,921	155,030,884.00	42,412,803.00	55,165,385.00	7.96	6.17	8.02
1887..	3,049	578,462,765	173,913,440.97	44,152,407.92	61,506,869.66	7.98	6.12	8.95
1888..	3,003	583,539,145	184,416,990.92	46,531,657.89	65,360,486.73	8.02	6.10	8.57
1889..	3,170	596,302,518	194,818,192.19	46,618,060.27	69,618,265.07	7.82	5.89	8.80
1890..	3,353	625,089,645	208,707,786.00	51,158,883.33	72,055,563.52	8.19	6.14	8.65
1891..	3,577	660,108,261	222,766,668.00	50,795,011.00	75,763,614.00	7.70	5.76	8.60

In the following table are given the amounts and kinds of the outstanding currency of the United States and of the national banks on January 1, of each year, from 1866 to 1887, and on November 1, 1888, to 1891.

Date.	United States Issues.			Notes of National Banks, including Gold Notes.	Aggregate.	Currency Price of $100 Gold.	Gold Price of $100 Currency.
	Legal Tender Notes.	Old Demand Notes.	Fractional Currency.				
Jan. 1, 1866..	$425,839,319	$392,670	$26,000,420	$236,636,098	$688,867,907	$144.50	$69.20
Jan. 1, 1867..	380,276,160	221,632	28,732,812	298,588,419	707,819,023	133.00	75.18
Jan. 1, 1868..	356,000,000	159,127	31,597,583	299,846,206	687,602,916	133.25	75.04
Jan. 1, 1869..	356,000,000	128,098	34,215,715	299,747,569	690,091,382	135.00	74.07
Jan. 1, 1870..	356,000,000	113,098	39,762,664	299,629,322	695,505,084	120.00	83.33
Jan. 1, 1871..	356,000,000	101,086	39,995,089	306,307,672	702,403,847	110.75	90.29
Jan. 1, 1872..	357,500,000	92,801	40,767,877	328,465,431	726,826,109	109.50	91.32
Jan. 1, 1873..	358,557,907	84,387	45,722,061	344,582,812	748,947,167	112.00	89.26
Jan. 1, 1874..	378,401,702	79,637	48,544,792	350,848,336	777,874,367	110.25	90.70
Jan. 1, 1875..	382,000,000	72,317	46,390,598	354,128,250	782,591,165	112.50	88.89
Jan. 1, 1876..	371,827,220	69,612	44,147,072	346,479,756	762,523,690	112.75	88.69
Jan. 1, 1877..	366,055,084	65,462	26,348,206	321,595,606	714,064,358	107.00	93.46
Jan. 1, 1878..	349,943,776	63,532	17,764,109	321,672,505	689,443,922	102.87	97.21
Jan. 1, 1879..	346,681,016	62,035	16,108,159	323,791,674	686,642,884	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1880..	346,681,016	61,350	15,674,304	342,387,336	704,804,006	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1881..	346,681,016	60,745	15,523,464	344,355,203	706,620,428	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1882..	346,681,016	59,920	15,451,861	362,421,988	724,614,785	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1883..	346,681,016	59,295	15,398,008	361,882,791	724,021,110	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1884..	346,681,016	58,680	15,365,362	349,949,352	712,054,410	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1885..	346,681,016	58,240	15,347,277	329,158,623	691,245,156	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1886..	346,681,016	57,790	15,335,088	317,443,454	679,517,348	100.00	100.00
Jan. 1, 1887..	346,681,016	57,325	15,329,636	296,771,981	658,839,958	100.00	100.00
Nov. 1, 1887..	346,681,016	57,105	15,319,850	272,041,203*	634,099,174	100.00	100.00
Nov. 1, 1888..	346,681,016	56,807	15,297,254	239,385,237	601,420,314	100.00	100.00
Nov. 1, 1889..	346,681,016	56,442	15,291,624	201,925,826	563,954,908	100.00	100.00
Nov. 1, 1890..	346,681,016	56,032	15,286,561	179,755,643	541,779,252	100.00	100.00
Nov. 1, 1891..	346,681,016	55,647	15,282,625	172,184,558	534,203,846	100.00	100.00

* Includes $188,987 notes of national gold banks and $127,020 mutilated currency in transit.
Amount of specie held by national banks, 1890, $195,908,853; net deposits, $1,758,700,000.

BANKING STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD.

Countries.	Capital.	Deposits.	Total.	Per Capita.	Amount of Issue.	Specie in Safe.	Specie Ratio.
Argentine Repub	$60,000,000	$85,000,000	$145,000,000	40.00	$220,000,000	$25,500,000	9
Australia.....	130,000,000	540,000,000	670,000,000	185.00	27,000,000	96,500,000	357
Austria.....	225,000,000	510,000,000	735,000,000	19.00	217,500,000	107,500,000	50
Belgium.....	55,000,000	95,000,000	150,000,000	25.00	76,000,000	22,000,000	29
Canada.....	65,000,000	135,000,000	200,000,000	40.00	31,500,000	7,000,000	22
Denmark.....	10,000,000	105,000,000	115,000,000	58.00	22,000,000	15,500,000	70
France.....	700,000,000	640,000,000	1,340,000,000	35.00	605,000,000	505,000,000	84
Germany.....	425,000,000	730,000,000	1,155,000,000	25.00	320,000,000	295,000,000	91
Great Britain....	1,420,000,000	3,130,000,000	4,550,000,000	120.00	195,000,000	140,000,000	70
Italy.....	125,000,000	415,000,000	540,000,000	18.00	215,000,000	70,000,000	33
Netherlands.....	70,000,000	30,000,000	100,000,000	22.50	86,000,000	53,000,000	61
Norway.....	25,000,000	5,000,000	30,000,000	15.00	12,000,000	12,500,000	104
Portugal.....	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	11.00	.....	.....	...
Russia.....	210,000,000	320,000,000	530,000,000	6.00	615,000,000	165,000,000	26
Spain.....	105,000,000	80,000,000	185,000,000	14.00	147,500,000	47,500,000	32
Sweden	45,000,000	75,000,000	120,000,000	26.50	31,500,000	13,500,000	42
Switzerland.....	30,000,000	60,000,000	90,000,000	30.00	31,000,000	19,500,000	63

The approximations in the table of Banking Statistics of Principal Countries of the World are by Mulhall, 1890.

Statistics of Savings Banks.

NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS, AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS, AND AVERAGE TO EACH DEPOSITOR, 1889–90.

States and Territories.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits.	Average to each Depositor.	States and Territories.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits.	Average to each Depositor.
Maine	132,192	$43,977,085	$332.68	Texas	*1,069	$261,110	$247.06
New-Hampshire	159,782	65,727,019	411.35	Tennessee	13,577	1,650,940	121.60
Vermont	65,759	19,330,561	293.96	Ohio	73,335	28,143,263	383.76
Massachusetts	1,029,694	332,723,688	323.13	Indiana	13,062	3,078,608	235.69
Rhode Island	127,898	60,479,797	472.88	Illinois	42,170	11,193,401	265.43
Connecticut	294,896	110,370,962	374.27	Michigan	124,664	27,237,582	218.49
New-York	1,420,097	550,066,657	387.10	Wisconsin	615	67,539	109.81
New-Jersey	117,853	30,946,876	262.58	Iowa	44,838	16,336,787	364.35
Pennsylvania	221,613	65,582,943	295.93	Minnesota	21,017	5,845,209	278.12
Delaware	16,000	3,603,531	225.22	Nebraska	18,558	2,632,970	141.19
Maryland	123,814	35,924,111	290.15	California	124,967	98,442,007	787.74
District of Columbia	12,534	1,303,717	104.01	Montana	3,233	344,599	106.59
West-Virginia	6,230	300,228	48.19	New-Mexico	418	109,407	261.74
North-Carolina	4,043	209,363	51.78	Dakota	*431	23,927	55.51
South-Carolina	21,855	3,274,440	149.82	Utah	9,881	1,512,580	153.08
Georgia	43,876	2,637,648	60.12	Washington	5,364	523,129	92.85
Florida	467	85,462	183.00				
Alabama	*1,765	236,108	133.77	Total	4,258,623	$1,524,844,506	$358.04
Louisiana	3,421	1,182,482	345.65				

* These are the returns of 1888–89. Those of 1889–90 are wanting. The above table is compiled from the report of the Comptroller of the Treasury. The number of savings banks was 921.

NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS AND AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

Countries.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits.	Countries.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits.
Austria	1,850,000	$613,000,000	Prussia	.....	$720,000,000
Belgium and Netherlands	310,000	82,000,000	Russia	200,000	36,000,000
France	4,150,000	559,000,000	Scandinavia	1,600,000	220,000,000
Germany	5,000,000	.....	Spain	.....	10,000,000
Great Britain	3,715,000	536,000,000	Switzerland	1,600,000	118,500,000
Italy	1,970,000	346,000,000			

The first savings bank was established at Brunswick, Germany, in 1765; the second at Hamburg, in 1778. Mrs. Wakefield founded one in England in 1803. The first in France was in 1818, at Paris. From 1835 they began to grow rapidly.—*Mulhall.*

Statistics of Clearing Houses of the World.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF EXCHANGES OF THE CLEARING HOUSES OF THE WORLD, PREPARED FOR THE WORLD ALMANAC BY THE MANAGER OF THE NEW-YORK CLEARING HOUSE FROM THE LATEST STATISTICS IN HIS POSSESSION, NOVEMBER, 1891.

(Foreign Money reduced to Dollars.*)

Cities.	Returns for the Year ending	Amount of Clearances.	Cities.	Returns for the Year ending	Amount of Clearances.
New-York City	Oct. 1, 1891.	$34,053,608,770	Vienna Banks	Jan. 1, 1886.	$1,771,138,171
Boston	" "	4,795,594,052			
Philadelphia	" "	3,372,915,551	Hamburg Banks	" "	$1,249,070,196
Chicago	" "	4,338,693,167	Berlin "	" "	728,374,962
Other Cities in the United States	" "	9,922,832,128	Frankfort "	" "	481,658,688
			Cologne "	" "	133,711,018
			Bremen "	" "	105,311,765
			Leipzig "	" "	83,122,666
Total, United States	.....	$56,483,733,668	Stuttgart "	" "	72,212,128
			Breslau "	" "	53,730,713
			Dresden "	" "	20,765,904
London Banks	Dec. 31, 1889	$37,027,202,760	Total, Germany	.....	$2,987,957,981
London Country Banks	" "	2,536,920,000			
Manchester Banks	" "	543,975,979			
Newcastle-on-Tyne B'nks	" "	155,843,382	Milan Banks	Jan. 1, 1886.	$79,395,481
			Six other Clearing H'uses	" "	35,461,306
Total, England	.....	$36,372,847,841	Total, Italy	.....	$114,856,787
Paris Banks	Jan. 1, 1886.	$768,747,832	Melbourne	Jan. 1, 1886.	$813,057,891

* British and Australian £ = $4.86.6; French franc = 19.3 cents; Austrian florin = 39.3 cents; German mark = 23.8 cents; Italian lira = 19.3 cents.

Values of Foreign Coins in United States Money.

(Proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury, January 1, 1892.)

Country.	Standard.	Monetary Unit.	Value in Terms of U. S. Gold Dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Rep..	Gold and Silver	Peso	$0.96,5	Gold: Argentine ($4.82,4) and ½ Argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Silver	Florin	.34,1	Gold: 4 florins ($1.92,9), 8 florins ($3.85,8), ducat ($2.28,7) and 4 ducats ($9.15,8). Silver: 1 and 2 florins.
Belgium	Gold and Silver	Franc	.19.3	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.69,1	Silver: Boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.54,6	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British N. Amer.	Gold	Dollar	1.00	
Central America.	Silver	Peso	.69,1	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold and Silver	Peso	.91,2	Gold: escudo ($1.82,4), doubloon ($4.56,1), and condor ($9.12,3). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael.. Shanghai	1.02,1	
		Tael.. Haikwan (Customs).	1.13,7	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.69,1	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and Silver	Peso	.92.6	Gold: doubloon ($5.01,7). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.69,1	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piastres)	4.94,3	Gold: pound (100 piastres), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piastres. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piastres.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.19.3	Gold: 20 marks ($3.85,9), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and Silver	Franc	.19.3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire.	Gold	Mark	.23.8	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.86,6½	Gold: Sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and Silver	Drachma	.19.3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Hayti	Gold and Silver	Gourde	.96,5	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.32,8	Gold: mohur ($7.10,5). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and Silver	Lira	.19.3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 liras. Silver: 5 liras.
Japan	Gold and Silver*	Yen.... Gold	.99.7	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen.... Silver	.74.5	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.00	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.75	Gold: dollar ($0.98,3). 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and Silver	Florin	.40,2	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland..	Gold	Dollar	1.01,4	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.02,7).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.69,1	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.08	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver†	Rouble.. Gold	.77.2	Gold: imperial ($7.71,8) and ½ imperial‡ ($3.86).
		Rouble.. Silver	.55.3	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 rouble.
Spain	Gold and Silver	Peseta	.19.3	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and Silver	Franc	.19.3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Tripoli	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piastres	62,3	
Turkey	Gold	Piastre	04.4	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piastres.
Venezuela	Silver	Bolivar	13.8	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard. † Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual standard, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard. ‡ Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.98.6.

United States Currency Circulation.

The Secretary of the Treasury has prepared the following table in response to numerous requests from all parts of the country:

Year.	Amount in Circulation.	Circulation per Capita.	Year.	Amount in Circulation.	Circulation per Capita.	Year.	Amount in Circulation.	Circulation per Capita
1860....	$435,407,252	$13.85	1876....	$727,609,338	$16.12	1884....	$1,243,925,969	$22.65
1865....	714,702,995	20.57	1877....	722,314,023	15.58	1885....	1,292,568,615	23.02
1870....	655,212,794	17.50	1878....	729,132,634	15.32	1886....	1,252,700,525	21.82
1871....	715,889,005	18.40	1879....	818,631,793	16.75	1887....	1,317,539,143	22.45
1872....	738,309,549	18.19	1880....	973,382,228	19.41	1888....	1,372,170,870	22.88
1873....	751,8[illegible]1,8[illegible]9	18.04	1881....	1,114,238,419	21.71	1889....	1,380,361,649	22.52
1874....	776,083,031	18.13	1882....	1,174,290,419	22.37	1890....	1,429,251,270	22.82
1875....	754,101,947	17.16	1883....	1,230,305,696	22.91	1891....	1,500,067,555	23.45

Life Insurance Statistics.

CONDITION OF COMPANIES JANUARY 1, 1891, AND BUSINESS THE YEAR PRECEDING.

No. of Cos.	Assets.	Premiums Received.	Total Income.	Payments to Policyholders (Losses, Dividends, Surrenders, etc.).	Total Expenditures.	New Policies Issued.*		Policies in Force.*	
						No.	Amount.	No.	Amount.
53	$780,394,758	$159,435,423	$198,988,444	$91,116,142	$136,179,212	2,438,070	$1,160,294,715	5,239,794	$4,132,059,227

CONDITION AND BUSINESS OF ASSESSMENT COMPANIES.†

No. of Cos.	Assets.	Assessments Collected.	Total Income.	Payments to Policyholders.	Total Expenditures.	Membership.	Insurance in Force.	
						Admitted during the Year.	No. of Members.	Amount.
480	$30,207,485	$60,720,184	$66,905,848	$46,431,580	$60,155,996	506,425	2,751,087	$5,900,586,000

* Including industrial policies. † According to the report made at the annual meeting of Mutual Benefit Life Associations, in 1891.

The returns of life insurance in the first and third tables are from "The Insurance Year-Book."

INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR A QUARTER CENTURY.

The following table shows the receipts and disbursements of the "old-line" life insurance companies reporting to the New-York Insurance Department for 25 years.

Year Ending Dec. 31.	No of Companies.	Total Income.	Total Payments for Losses, Endowments, and Annuities.	Total Payments for Lapsed, Surrendered, and Purchased Policies	Total Dividends to Policyholders.	Total Payments to Policyholders.	Taxes, Commissions, and other Expenses.	Total Disbursements.
1866....	39	$40,375,666	$6,428,472	$1,226,856	$2,532,477	$10,187,805	$6,770,335	$17,176,666
1867....	43	56,481,997	8,253,003	2,067,782	6,183,624	16,504,409	9,480,443	26,325,213
1868....	55	77,382,168	11,058,686	3,762,735	11,707,663	26,529,084	13,789,689	40,959,021
1869....	70	98,507,319	15,692,831	5,148,900	15,733,862	36,575,593	17,278,478	54,471,576
1870....	71	105,026,148	19,522,712	9,616,988	15,809,557	44,949,257	18,349,431	63,876,840
1871....	68	113,490,562	28,773,041	13,263,390	14,624,608	56,661,039	20,242,707	77,536,280
1872....	59	117,306,029	25,673,280	13,922,009	20,077,999	59,672,388	18,006,861	78,207,257
1873....	56	118,366,502	27,232,435	16,669,594	22,938,235	66,840,264	17,208,206	84,501,446
1874....	50	115,732,714	25,797,860	22,453,955	16,617,018	64,868,833	15,986,881	81,232,333
1875....	45	108,645,084	27,174,631	20,414,574	17,900,605	65,489,810	14,128,594	79,982,466
1876....	38	96,358,583	25,567,850	21,354,376	16,187,128	63,109,354	13,174,419	76,618,183
1877....	34	86,162,144	26,103,206	17,152,318	15,397,370	60,652,974	13,327,565	74,337,324
1878....	34	80,462,999	29,153,226	17,095,994	14,637,449	60,886,669	10,992,051	72,128,070
1879....	34	77,700,403	31,684,522	12,207,823	13,479,613	57,371,958	11,208,133	68,858,363
1880....	34	77,403,445	30,032,174	9,923,026	13,171,992	53,127,192	12,851,312	66,317,859
1881 ...	30	79,820,513	31,068,144	8,497,354	12,579,151	52,144,649	13,089,414	65,484,687
1882....	30	85,070,134	29,826,874	9,255,077	13,555,105	52,637,056	13,338,788	66,242,344
1883....	29	92,562,763	33,894,306	8,837,857	13,417,464	56,149,627	15,295,264	71,743,588
1884....	29	96,974,376	35,602,544	9,503,530	13,043,498	58,149,572	18,153,435	76,632,098
1885....	29	105,527,865	38,624,822	9,630,269	12,963,660	61,218,751	18,715,267	80,259,549
1886....	29	116,961,315	38,276,390	9,433,379	13,218,286	60,928,054	21,066,540	82,319,096
1887....	29	130,657,526	42,827,054	10,413,379	14,852,624	68,093,557	25,031,101	93,447,289
1888....	30	147,024,431	48,569,964	11,234,669	14,324,827	74,129,360	27,905,873	114,503,360
1889....	30	168,184,699	53,081,834	12,240,142	13,951,069	79,273,667	34,895,168	114,503,360
1890....	30	187,424,959	58,606,615	13,827,225	14,271,501	86,707,341	39,616,782	114,653,530
Total 25 years.		$2,579,721,344	$748,525,656	$291,153,101	$353,176,383	$1,392,767,273	$439,884,722	$1,831,182,585

Total assets of the 30 companies last reported, $753,228,759; surplus as to policyholders, $88,739,361.

ASSETS OF AND AMOUNT INSURED BY THE PRINCIPAL AMERICAN COMPANIES, JANUARY 1, 1891.

Companies.	Insurance in Force.	Assets.	Companies.	Insurance in Force.	Assets.
Equitable, N. Y.....	$720,662,473	$119,243,744	Covenant Mutual, Ill.*	$84,717,875	$549,396
Mutual, N. Y.....	638,226,865	147,154,961	New-England, Mutual, Mass.	84,024,809	21,102,615
New-York, N. Y.....	509,338,726	115,947,810	Penn Mutual, Pa.....	90,278,701	16,574,861
Metropolitan, N. Y.....	235,037,926	10,781,173	Provident Life & Trust, Pa...	79,274,945	18,558,124
Northwestern Mutual, Wis...	238,908,807	42,353,913	Hartford L. & A., Conn*. ...	78,036,000	982,737
Mutual Reserve Fund, N. Y *	197,005,435	2,957,932	Massachusetts Benefit, Mass *	72,509,000	622,899
Mutual Benefit, N. J.....	172,840,944	46,997,422	Provident Savings, N. Y.....	65,131,509	889,027
Connecticut Mutual.....	153,234,742	57,289,094	Massachusetts Mutual, Mass.	63,290,789	11,252,639
Northwestern Masonic, Ill.*..	149,092,500	418,401	Germania, N. Y.....	58,227,620	15,736,711
Ætna, Conn.....	117,666,381	35,993,002	Manhattan, N. Y.....	54,500,754	12,281,660
Prudential, N. J.....	139,163,054	5,084,895	John Hancock, N. Y.....	55,803,940	3,999,633

LIFE INSURANCE IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

Compiled from the latest returns, and expressed in United States money.

Countries.	Insurance in Force.	Year's Premiums.	Year's Losses.	Countries.	Insurance in Force.	Year's Premiums.	Year's Losses.
United States†..	$10,032,645,227	$220,155,607	$103,513,414	Austria.....	$191,843,009	$12,507,601	$2,828,842
Great Britain....	2,274,422,020	73,553,860	53,876,415	Scandinavia.....	53,011,561	1,722,207	415,637
Germany.....	980,935,375	34,502,390	13,013,600	Russia.....	47,925,979	1,757,681	584,727
France.....	689,180,205	34,077,350	8,579,420	Switzerland.. ...	38,908,928	1,317,467	923,679

* Assessment companies. † Including assessment business ($5,900,586,000 insurance in force), on which no part of the future premium is collected in advance.

TABLE SHOWING MINIMUM COST OF INSURANCE OF LIVES FROM YEAR TO YEAR WITHOUT EXPENSES.

Table of Mortality Based on American Experience.				Amount that will Insure $1,000 for One Year at Each Age from 10 to 95.	Table of Mortality Based on American Experience.				Amount that will Insure $1,000 for One Year at Each Age from 10 to 95.
Age.	Number Living.	Number Dying.	Expectation of Life.		Age.	Number Living.	Number Dying.	Expectation of Life.	
10	100,000	749	48.72	$7.48	53	66,797	1,001	18.79	$16.33
11	99 251	746	48.08	7.51	54	65,766	1,143	18.69	17.40
12	98,505	743	47.44	7.73	55	63,563	1,199	17.40	18.57
13	97,762	740	46.82	7.57	56	63,364	1,260	16.72	19.89
14	97,022	737	46.16	7.60	57	62,104	1,325	16.05	21.34
15	96,285	735	45.50	7.65	58	60,779	1,394	15.39	22.93
16	95,550	732	44.85	7.66	59	59,385	1,463	14.74	24.72
17	94,818	729	44.19	7.69	60	57,717	1,546	14.09	26.69
18	94,089	727	43.53	7.72	61	56,371	1,628	13.47	28.87
19	93,362	725	42.87	7.76	62	54,743	1,713	12.86	31.29
20	92,637	723	42.20	7.81	63	53,030	1,800	12.26	33.94
21	91,914	722	41.53	7.86	64	51,230	1,889	11.68	36.87
22	91,192	721	40.85	7.91	65	49,341	1,980	11.10	40.13
23	90,471	720	40.17	7.95	66	47,361	2,070	10.54	43.70
24	89,751	719	39.49	8.02	67	45,291	2,158	10.00	47.64
25	89,032	718	38.81	8.07	68	43,133	2,243	9.48	52.00
26	88,314	718	38.11	8.13	69	40,890	2,321	8.89	56.75
27	87,596	718	37.43	8.19	70	38,569	2,391	8.48	61.98
28	86,878	718	36.73	8.27	71	36,178	2,448	8.00	67.66
29	86,160	719	36.03	8.34	72	33,740	2,487	7.54	73.73
30	85,441	720	35.33	8.42	73	31,243	2,505	7.10	80.17
31	84,721	721	34.62	8.51	74	28,738	2,501	6.68	87.03
32	84,000	723	33.92	8.61	75	26,237	2,476	6.28	94.37
33	83,277	726	33.21	8.71	76	23,761	2,431	5.88	102.31
34	82,551	729	32.50	8.83	77	21,330	2,369	5.48	111.06
35	81,822	732	31.78	8.95	78	18,961	2,291	5.10	120.82
36	81,090	737	31.07	9.09	79	16,670	2,106	4.74	131.73
37	80,353	742	30.35	9.24	80	14,474	2,091	4.38	144.46
38	79,611	749	29.62	9.40	81	12,383	1,964	4.04	158.60
39	78,862	756	28.90	9.58	82	10,419	1,816	3.71	147.30
40	78,106	765	28.18	9.79	83	8,603	1,618	3.30	191.56
41	77,341	774	27.45	10.01	84	6,985	1,470	3.08	211.36
42	76,567	785	26.72	10.25	85	5,485	1,202	2.77	235.55
43	75,782	797	25.99	10.52	86	4,193	1,114	2.47	265.68
44	74,985	812	25.27	10.83	87	3,079	933	2.19	303.02
45	74,173	828	24.54	11.16	88	2,146	744	1.93	346.69
46	73,345	848	23.80	11.55	89	1,402	555	1.69	395.86
47	72,497	870	23.08	11.99	90	847	385	1.42	454.54
48	71,627	896	22.36	12.51	91	462	246	1.19	532.47
49	70,731	927	21.63	13.10	92	216	137	.98	634.26
50	69,804	962	21.91	13.77	93	79	58	.80	734.18
51	68,842	1,001	20.20	14.53	94	21	18	.64	857.14
52	67,841	1,044	19.49	15.39	95	3	3	.50	1,000.00

This table shows the cost for an annual insurance of $1,000 at each age from ten to ninety-five. The life insurance companies level this annually increasing cost so as to make a larger portion payable in the younger ages, and a corresponding reduction later. The assessment or natural premium companies rely upon getting each year the cost of the year's insurance.

PREMIUM RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO POLICY-HOLDERS AND RESIDUE TO THEIR CREDIT IN LEADING AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES FROM THE ORGANIZATION OF EACH.

Companies.	Total Amount Received for Premiums from Organization to Jan. 1, 1891.	Total Paid Policy-holders.	Amount Invested for Policy-holders Jan. 1, 1891.	Companies.	Total Amount Received for Premiums from Organization to Jan. 1, 1891.	Total Paid Policy-holders.	Amount Invested for Policy-holders Jan. 1, 1891.
Ætna.....	$94,260,065	$74,421,383	$34,815,147	Mut. Ben..	$132,813,423	$112,911,500	$47,110,381
Berkshire..	14,343,713	10,526,635	4,721,448	Mutual....	388,742,360	304,655,147	147,362,197
Brooklyn..	9,066,927	6,730,514	1,463,000	N. E. Mut.	58,868,925	49,018,268	21,123,896
Com. Alli..	209,280	68,460	267,950	New-York.	248,395,791	142,623,592	115,947,810
Conn. Mut.	164,258,948	145,835,390	58,782,043	No'western	84,569,801	52,799,600	42,577,919
Equitable..	261,768,842	143,594,281	119,143,741	Penn. Mut.	37,348,595	24,767,687	16,676,707
Germania..	37,753,394	24,422,499	15,629,809	Phœnix Mu	36,978,599	30,146,358	10,029,585
Home.....	18,812,112	13,099,258	7,156,211	Travelers ..	15,240,479	6,174,868	10,002,628
J. Hancock	17,240,896	10,326,470	4,003,525	Union Cen.	14,870,897	5,854,896	6,714,956
Manhattan	38,986,863	30,689,431	12,248,361	Union Mut	31,561,846	25,045,053	6,235,623
Mass. Mut.	30,108,355	19,985,870	11,337,461	United Si..	23,066,961	15,531,846	6,114,884
Metr'p'lit'n	53,171,834	22,772,024	9,797,354	Washingt'n	29,745,747	19,183,581	10,740,005
Mich. Mut.	8,664,860	3,522,044	2,804,416		$1,850,839,513	$1,294,607,646	$722,807,120

This table was published by the Hartford *Insurance Journal.*

Fire Insurance Statistics.

CONDITION AND TRANSACTIONS OF COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1, 1891.

Number of Companies.	Capital.	Assets Exclusive of Premium Notes.	Net Surplus.	Cash Premiums Received during Year.	Total Cash Income during Year.
366 Stock .... 214 Mutual...	$86,732,164	$322,677,835	$108,734,281	$143,345,527	$157,857,983

Number of Companies.	Paid for Losses during Year.	Paid for Dividends during Year.	Expenses other than Losses and Dividends during Year.	Total Disbursements during Year.	Risks Written during Year.
366 Stock ... 214 Mutual...	$75,334,517	$12,946,129	$49,818,592	$138,419,146	*$16,000,000,000

* Approximation. These statistics of fire insurance business in the United States are, with the exception of the estimate of risks written during the year, compiled from "The Insurance Year Book," published by the Spectator Company. They do not include the returns of a few stock companies and some six hundred mutuals and town and county mutuals, whose transactions are purely local and individually of small volume.

CONDITION OF THE PRINCIPAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES JANUARY 1, 1891.*

Companies.	Assets.	Capital.	Net Surplus.	Companies.	Assets.	Capital.	Net Surplus.
Ætna, Hartford	$10,457,497	$4,000,000	$7,842,776	St. Paul F.&M., Minn.	$1,870,831	$500,000	$1,116,217
Home, New-York	9,091,192	3,000,000	4,494,595	Firemen's, N. J.....	1,795,445	600,000	1,559,283
Ins. Co. of N. America	8,951,519	3,000,000	5,451,961	London Assurance....	1,793,073	†200,000	954,749
Liv., London, & Globe	7,459,995	†200,000	3,006,134	Norwich Union, Eng..	1,792,584	†200,000	794,478
Hartford Fire, Ct.....	6,576,616	1,250,000	3,862,331	Guardian, England...	1,785,587	†200,000	773,591
Royal, England.....	5,973,780	†200,000	2,183,304	Milwaukee Mechanics	1,726,232	200,000	1,220,340
Phœnix, Ct.....	5,624,815	2,000,000	3,517,080	Imperial, England...	1,692,874	†200,000	767,348
German-Amer., N. Y.	5,599,893	1,000,000	3,296,559	New-Hampshire, N. H.	1,659,158	600,000	960,139
Continental, N. Y....	5,587,949	1,000,000	2,602,620	Ohio Farmer's, O.....	1,654,231	....	... ...
Phenix, N. Y.....	5,098,315	1,000,000	1,653,704	WestchesterFire, N.Y.	1,640,089	300,000	760,662
Fire Association, Pa..	4,846,419	500,000	1,546,142	Merchants, N. J.....	1,600,949	400,000	857,218
Springfield, F. & M...	3,604,148	1,250,000	2,155,350	Girard F. & M., Pa...	1,585,604	300,000	868,869
Pennsylvania, Pa.....	3,485,310	400,000	1,840,308	Northwestern N., Wis.	1,579,917	600,000	1,000,299
N. British & Mercantile	3,433,586	†200,000	1,619,273	Greenwich, N. Y.....	1,551,035	200,000	591,829
Commercial Union...	3,234,256	†200,000	1,057,394	Delaware M. S., Pa...	1,504,386	360,000	1,165,402
Franklin, Pa.....	3,213,230	400,000	1,385,211	Northern, England...	1,503,023	†200,000	729,688
Germania Fire, N. Y..	3,066,615	1,000,000	1,879,214	Buffalo-German, N.Y.	1,472,197	200,000	1,089,811
American Fire, Pa....	2,950,394	500,000	945,709	American Central, Mo.	1,472,682	600,000	961,542
Fireman's Fund, Cal..	2,630,390	1,000,000	1,555,256	WilliamsburgCityFire	1,450,855	250,000	930,461
Niagara Fire, N. Y....	2,622,481	500,000	935,511	Trader's, Chicago ...	1,406,406	500,000	917,500
National Fire, Ct.....	2,620,213	1,000,000	1,612,847	American Fire, N. Y..	1,365,463	400,000	806,533
Hanover Fire, N. Y..	2,577,941	1,000,000	1,546,264	Spring Garden, Pa....	1,361,276	400,000	749,073
German, Freeport, Ill.	2,543,997	200,000	736,714	Prov. Washington, R. I	1,350,668	400,000	510,733
Connecticut Fire.....	2,500,392	1,000,000	1,568,904	California, Cal.....	1,284,679	600,000	766,048
Queen, England	2,453,499	†200,000	1,039,894	Union, Cal.....	1,254,106	750,000	808,824
London & Lancashire.	2,272,984	†200,000	706,321	Hamburg-Bremen	1,178,213	†200,000	680,211
Agricultural, N. Y....	2,226,509	500,000	854,181	United Firemen's, Pa.	1,167,591	300,000	413,666
Sun, England	2,222,725	†200,000	849,374	Eagle, N. Y.....	1,152,992	300,000	997,871
American, N. Y.....	2,184,889	600,000	1,668,580	Citizens, N. Y.....	1,148,405	300,000	595,558
Phœnix, England.....	2,096,728	†200,000	691,402	United Fire R., Eng..	1,131,768	†200,000	400,598
Lancashire, England..	2,010,219	†200,000	694,757	Western, Toronto.....	1,112,113	†200,000	475,520
Orient, Ct.....	1,939,223	1,000,000	1,182,537	Georgia Home, Ga....	1,052,106	300,000	586,719
Scottish U. & N., Scot.	1,895,232	†200,000	1,407,776	German, Baltimore...	1,026,508	500,000	906,945
Glens Falls, N. Y.....	1,894,542	200,000	1,256,760				

* Annual statements of the fire insurance companies are rendered to the insurance departments during the month of January; therefore the statistics of condition in 1891 were not ready when this publication went to press. † The New-York law requires a deposit of $200,000 from foreign companies with the insurance department. This is treated by the department as "deposit capital," and the surplus stated in the next column is "surplus beyond deposit capital" and other liabilities.

The Fire Waste.

ANNUAL PROPERTY LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES BY FIRES—1875-91.

Years.	Aggregate Property Loss.	Aggregate Insurance Loss.	Years.	Aggregate Property Loss.	Aggregate Insurance Loss.
1875	$78,102,285	$39,325,400	1885	$102,818,796	$57,430,789
1876	64,630,600	34,374,500	1886	104,924,750	60,506,567
1877	68,265,800	37,398,900	1887	120,283,055	69,659,508
1878	64,315,900	36,575,900	1888	110,885,665	63,965,724
1879	77,703,700	44,464,700	1889	123,046,833	73,679,465
1880	74,643,400	42,525,000	1890	108,993,792	65,015,465
1881	81,280,900	44,641,900	1891	131,260,400	77,140,200
1882	84,505,024	48,875,131			
1883	100,149,228	54,808,664	Total, 17 years.	$1,615,818,739	$911,070,548
1884	110 008,611	60,679,818			

The figures in the above table, from 1875 to 1890 inclusive, are taken from the Chronicle Fire Tables.

The waste by fires in the United States during the past five years has averaged $112,000,000 annually. To this must be added the expense of maintaining fire-extinguishing departments and appliances and of conducting insurance companies, to obtain an estimate of what the people pay out on account of fire.

The principal reported causes of fires, and the number of fires from each cause, in 1890, as compiled by the Chronicle, were as follo s: Incendiarism, 2,106; defective flues, 1,239; sparks (not locomotive), 203; matches, 691; explosions of lamps and lanterns, 697; stoves, 525; lightning, 625; spontaneous combustion, 286; forest and prairie fires, 89; lamp and lantern accidents, 243; locomotive sparks, 203; cigar stubs and tobacco pipes, 223; friction in machinery, 112; gas-jets, 269; engines and boilers, stationary, 124; furnaces, 134; firecrackers, 77; ashes and hot coals, 128. There were 9,494 fires classified as "not reported," and 2,602 as "unknown."

HUMAN BEINGS AND ANIMALS BURNED TO DEATH IN SIX YEARS.

The following compilation in the Chronicle Fire Tables gives the number of human lives and those of animals destroyed in fires in the United States in five years, 1883-88 inclusive.

Years.	Human Beings.	Horses.	Cattle.	Other Animals.	Years.	Human Beings.	Horses.	Cattle.	Other Animals.
1883	447	2,171	1,183	5,981	1887	662	4,733	1,802	3,012
1884	384	2,114	1,230	3,926	1888	447	2,171	1,183	5,981
1885	491	1,973	1,161	4,077					
1886	344	2,241	2,281	8,142	Total	2,975	15,405	8,840	31,119

AVERAGE ANNUAL PROPERTY LOSS BY FIRE IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Countries.	Average Annual Loss.	Cost per Inhabitant.	Ratio of Insured Property. Per Cent.	Countries.	Average Annual Loss.	Cost per Inhabitant.	Ratio of Insured Property. Per Cent.
Austria	$17,500,000	$0.50	..	Italy	$5,000,000	$0.17	..
Belgium	2,600,000	0.47	43	Netherlands	2,000,000	0.50	..
Canada	10,500,000	2.30	44	Russia	70,000,000	0.85	9
France	15,500,000	0.42	75	Scandinavia	6,500,000	0.80	..
Germany	31,000,000	0.67	74	Spain	2,500,000	0.15	..
Gt. Britain & Ireland	45,000,000	1.37	46				

This table of average annual property loss by fire in foreign countries is compiled from Mulhall's statement.

Railroad Facts.

The cost of railroads in the United States has been nine billion dollars.

One million persons are employed by the railroads of the United States.

The cost of a high-class eight-wheel passenger locomotive is about $8,500.

The cost of a palace sleeping-car is $15,000, or if "vestibuled," $17,000.

The average cost of constructing a mile of railroad in the United States at the present time is about $30,000.

The average daily earning of an American locomotive is about $100.

The "consolidation" locomotive weighs 50 tons and is able to draw on a level over 2,400 tons.

The longest mileage operated by a single system is that of the Union Pacific—10,928 miles.

The line of railroad which extends farthest east and west is the Canadian Pacific, running from Quebec to the Pacific Ocean.

There are 60 miles of snow-sheds on the Central Pacific Railroad.

The highest railroad in the United States is the Colorado Midland, at the Continental Divide—11,530 feet above sea level.

The longest American railroad tunnel is the Hoosac Tunnel on the Fitchburg Railroad—four and three quarter miles. (The St. Gothard Tunnel in Europe is over nine miles in length.)

The longest railroad bridge span in the United States is the Cantilever span in the Poughkeepsie bridge over the Hudson River—548 feet.

The highest railroad bridge in the United States is the Kinzua viaduct on the Erie road—305 feet high.

The Manhattan Elevated Railroad, of New-York, carries the largest number of passengers of any American road—500,000 per day, or 190,000,000 yearly.

A steel rail lasts, with average wear, about eighteen years.

These facts (corrected to date for The World Almanac) were told in a series of articles on railways in *Scribner's Magazine.*

Railroad Statistics.

MILEAGE, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, EARNINGS, EXPENDITURES AND TRAFFIC OF RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Mileage of Railroads	160,544
Side Tracks and Sidings	42,242
Total Track	202,786
Steel Rails in Track	151,722
Iron Rails in Track	51,063
Locomotive Engines, Number	31,062
Cars, Passenger	23,465
" Baggage, Mail, etc	7,184
" Freight	1,060,164
Total Cars	1,090,813
Liabilities.	
Capital Stock	$4,495,099,318
Bonded Debt	4,822,365,771
Unfunded Debt	357,477,160
Current Accounts	250,510,897
Total Liabilities	$9,931,453,146
Assets.	
Cost of Railroad and Equipment	$8,598,081,477
Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds and other Investments	1,177,431,927
Other Assets	239,929,541
Current Accounts	190,050,105
Total Assets	$10,205,493,050
Excess of Assets over Liabilities	$274,039,904

Miles of Railroad Operated	152,689
Passenger Train Mileage	279,620,145
Freight " "	430,719,737
Mixed " "	13,432,260
Total	723,772,142
Passengers Carried	495,124,767
Passenger Mileage	11,965,726,015
Tons of Freight Moved	619,137,237
Freight Mileage	68,604,012,396
Traffic Earnings.	
Passengers	$259,640,807
Freight	666,530,653
Miscellaneous	66,685,396
Total	$992,856,856
Net Earnings	$318,125,339
Total Available Revenue	$406,929,487
Payments.	
Rentals, Tolls, etc	$44,798,129
Interest on Bonds	211,171,279
Other Interest	6,747,142
Dividends on Stock	79,532,863
Miscellaneous	34,153,554
Total Payments	$376,402,967
Total Surplus	$30,526,520

The above table and the one following were compiled from Poor's Manual of the Railroads of the United States for 1890.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1879-90.

Year ending.	Capital Stock.	Miles Line Worked.	Funded Debt.	Gross Earnings.	Net Earnings.	Interest Paid.	Dividends Paid.
1879	$2,395,647,293	79,009	$2,319,489,172	$525,620,577	$216,544,999	$112,237,515	$61,681,470
1880	2,708,673,375	82,146	2,530,874,943	613,733,610	255,557,555	107,860,328	77,115,371
1881	3,177,375,179	92,971	2,878,423,666	721,780,982	272,406,767	128,687,302	93,344,190
1882	3,511,035,824	104,971	3,235,543,323	770,209,899	280,316,696	154,295,330	102,031,534
1883	3,708,067,583	110,414	3,490,879,914	823,772,624	293,367,285	173,139,064	102,052,584
1884	3,762,616,886	115,672	3,659,115,772	770,684,908	265,166,258	176,694,302	93,203,853
1885	3,817,697,832	123,320	3,765,727,066	765,310,419	266,488,993	189,426,035	77,672,105
1886	3,999,508,508	125,185	3,882,966,330	829,940,836	300,603,564	189,036,304	81,654,138
1887	4,191,562,029	137,028	4,186,943,116	931,385,154	334,989,119	203,790,352	91,573,458
1888	4,438,411,342	145,341	4,624,035,023	950,622,008	297,363,677	205,280,052	78,943,041
1889	4,495,099,318	152,689	4,828,365,771	992,856,856	318,125,339	211,171,279	79,532,863
1890	4,640,239,578	163,420	5,105,902,025	1,097,847,428	343,921,318	229,101,144	83,863,632

The number of railroad employés in the United States in 1890 reported by the statistician of the Interstate Commerce Commission was 749,301.

RAILROAD MILEAGE IN 1890 BY STATES.

(Interstate Commerce Commission Report.)

States and Territories.	Mileage June 30, 1890.	States and Territories.	Mileage June 30, 1890.	States and Territories.	Mileage June 30, 1890.
Alabama	3,313.87	Maine	1,338.13	North Dakota	1,940.64
Arkansas	2,195.81	Maryland	1,231.34	Ohio	7,911.51
California	4,356.11	Massachusetts	2,093.73	Oregon	1,427.95
Colorado	4,176.19	Michigan	7,242.67	Pennsylvania	8,453.20
Connecticut	1,007.29	Minnesota	5,466.37	Rhode Island	212.52
Delaware	322.69	Mississippi	2,332.03	South-Carolina	2,193.60
Florida	2,470.89	Missouri	6,004.10	South-Dakota	2,485.89
Georgia	4,532.37	Montana	2,181.04	Tennessee	2,751.87
Illinois	10,213.97	Nebraska	5,295.35	Texas	8,613.42
Indiana	5,971.03	Nevada	924 87	Vermont	921.49
Iowa	8,365.97	New-Hampshire	1,145.03	Virginia	3,160.40
Kansas	8,806.45	New-Jersey	2,046.76	Washington	1,783.37
Kentucky	2,746.25	New-York	7,665.71	West-Virginia	1,327.93
Louisiana	1,758.94	North-Carolina	3,000.88	Wisconsin	5,583.59

Miles of new track laid in 1891, 4,168.

Railroad Accidents in the United States.

Years.	Number Accidents.	Number Killed.	Number Injured.	Per 100 Accidents.	
				Killed.	Injured.
1880	1,078	315	1,172	29.2	108.7
1881	1,458	414	1,597	28.4	109.0
1882	1,365	380	1,588	27.5	116.8
1883	1,619	474	1,954	29.2	120.7
1884	1,191	389	1,760	32.6	147.7
1885	1,217	307	1,538	25.2	144.6
1886	1,211	401	1,433	33.0	108.0
1887	1,491	656	1,946	43.0	130.5
1888	1,935	667	2,207	34.4	114.0
1889	1,569	492	1,772	31.3	112.3
1890	2,146	806	2,812	37.5	131.0

The above covers only casualties caused by accidents to, not accidents caused by walking on or crossing tracks or falling from trains in motion. These statistics, as well as those in the table which follows, were compiled from press reports by the New-York *Railroad Gazette*.

CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS TO TRAINS.

STATISTICS OF FIVE YEARS.

	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.		1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Collisions:											
Rear	338	362	404	379	495	Negligence in operating	76	74	117	92	108
Butting	127	309	311	360	323	Unforeseen obstructions	167	129	152	131	194
Crossing & Miscellaneous	36	29	89	110	222	Unexplained	102	243	385	296	377
Total Collisions	501	700	804	749	1,041	Total derailment	641	705	1,032	759	1,004
Derailments:						Accidents without collision or derailment*	69	86	86	61	101
Defects of road	174	152	189	120	167						
Defects of equipment	122	100	148	120	158	Grand total	1,211	1,491	1,935	1,569	2,146

* Such as boiler explosions and broken wheels.

Railroad Speed.

The fastest time made by an American train was on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, August 27, 1891, 12 miles, Jenkintown to the Delaware River, in 8 minutes, 42½ seconds, being at the average rate of 82.7 miles an hour. The tenth mile was made at the rate of 90.5 miles an hour, and the ninth mile at the rate of 90 miles. The average for the sixth to tenth mile was 87 miles. The train was composed of an engine, tender and three cars, all weighing 169 tons.

The fastest long-distance run was on the New-York Central Railroad, September 14, 1891, from New-York City to East Buffalo, 436¼ miles, in 425 minutes, 14 seconds, actual time, or 439½ minutes, including three stops. Average speed, including stops, 61.56 miles an hour.

The Jarrett and Palmer special theatrical train, Jersey City to San Francisco, June, 1886, made the fastest time between the two oceans—3 days, 7 hours, 39 minutes and 16 seconds.

The following are some noted long-distance runs tabulated by the *Railroad Gazette*:

Date.	Railroad.	Terminals.	Gross.			Stops.	In Motion.	
			Distance.	Time.	Speed.	Number.	Time.	Speed.
Aug., 1888.	London & Northwest	London—Edinburgh	400	7.52	50.9	3	7.13	55.4
July, 1885.	West Shore	E. Buffalo—Wechawken.	422.6	9.23	45.0	12	8.17	51.0
Sept., 1891.	New-York Central	New-York—East Buffalo	436.3	7.19	59.5	3	7.5	61.56
Sept., 1891.	R. W. & O. and N. Y. C.	Morristown—New-York.	360.9	6.58	51.8	6	6.27	55.96
Aug., 1888.	Gt. Northern & Northeastern.	London—Edinburgh	392.5	7.27	52.7	5	6.47	57.8

The fastest regular trains in the United States are believed to be those between Washington and Baltimore, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 40 miles in 45 minutes, a speed of 53.33 miles an hour. The run from Washington to New-York, 225.3 miles, is made in 5 hours. Deducting 12 minutes for the Jersey City Ferry and 10 minutes for the Canton Ferry, the rate of speed is 48.6 miles per hour. The "Congressional Limited," on the Pennsylvania Railroad, also makes the run in 5 hours, 5 minutes, but the distance is 227 miles.

The shortest run between New-York and Washington was made on the Pennsylvania Railroad, November 28, 1891, by a special train, in 4 hours, 11 minutes, making the running time, exclusive of stops, 56¾ miles an hour. This beat the time of the "Aunt Jack" train, made by the Madison Square Theatre Company, March 10, 1890, which was 4 hours, 18 minutes each way, going and return.

Electrical Statistics.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Statement exhibiting the mileage of lines operated, number of offices, number of messages sent, receipts, expenses, and profits for each year since 1866.

Year.	Miles of Poles and Cables.	Miles of Wire.	Offices.	Messages.	Receipts.	Expenses.	Profits.
1866....	37,380	75,686	2,250	.....	.....	.....	.....
1867....	46,270	85,291	2,565	5,879,282	$6,568,925.36	$3,944,005.63	$2,624,919.73
1868....	50,183	97,594	3,219	6,404,595	7,004,560.19	4,362,849.32	2,641,710.87
1869....	52,099	104,584	3,607	7,934,933	7,316,918.39	4,568,116.85	2,748,801.45
1870....	54,109	112,191	3,972	9,157,646	7,138,737.96	4,910,772.42	2,227,965.54
1871....	56,032	121,151	4,606	10,646,077	7,637,448.85	5,104,787.19	2,532,661.66
1872....	62,033	137,190	5,237	12,444,499	8,457,095.77	5,660,863.16	2,790,232.61
1873....	65,757	154,472	5,740	14,456,832	9,333,018.51	6,575,055.82	2,757,962.69
1874....	71,585	175,735	6,188	16,329,256	9,262,653.98	6,755,733.83	2,506,920.15
1875....	72,833	179,496	6,565	17,153,710	9,564,574.60	6,335,414.77	3,229,157.83
1876....	73,532	183,832	7,072	18,729,567	10,034,983.66	6,635,473.69	3,399,509.97
1877....	76,955	194,323	7,500	21,158,941	9,812,352.61	6,672,224.94	3,140,127.67
1878....	81,002	206,202	8,014	23,918,894	9,861,355.23	6,309,812.53	3,551,542.70
1879....	82,987	211,566	8,534	25,070,106	10,960,640.46	6,160,200.37	4,800,440.09
1880....	85,645	233,534	9,077	29,215,509	12,782,894.53	6,948,956.74	5,833,937.79
1881...	110,340	327,171	10,737	32,500,000	14,393,543.85	8,485,264.13	5,908,279.72
1882....	131,060	374,368	12,068	38,842,247	17,114,165.92	9,996,095.92	7,118,070.00
1883....	144,294	432,726	12,917	41,181,177	19,454,902.98	11,794,553.40	7,660,349.58
1884....	145,037	450,571	13,761	42,076,226	19,632,939.60	13,022,503.90	6,610,435.70
1885....	147,500	462,283	14,184	42,096,583	17,766,833.71	12,005,909.58	5,700,924.13
1886....	151,832	489,607	15,142	43,289,807	16,298,638.55	12,378,783.42	3,919,855.13
1887....	156,814	524,641	15,658	47,394,530	17,191,999.95	13,154,628.54	4,037,281.41
1888....	171,375	616,248	17,241	51,463,955	19,711,164.12	14,640,592.18	5,070,571.94
1889....	178,754	647,697	18,470	54,108,326	20,783,194.07	14,565,152.61	6,218,041.46
1890...	183,917	678,997	19,382	55,878,762	22,387,028.91	15,074,303.81	7,312,725.10
1891....	187,981	715,591	20,098	59,148,343	23,034,326.59	16,428,741.84	6,605,584.75

The average toll per message in 1868 was 104.7; in 1889 was 31.2; in 1890 was 32.4; in 1891 was 32.5. The average cost per message to the company in 1868 was 63.4; in 1889 was 22.4; in 1890 was 22.7; in 1891 was 23.2.

TELEPHONE STATISTICS.

The following are the latest statistics made public by the American Bell Telephone Company, which practically monopolizes the telephone business in the United States.

	1889.	1890.	1891.		1889.	1890.	1891.
Exchanges.....	742	757	774	Miles of wire submarine.....	536	603	779
Branch offices.....	452	471	467	Total miles of wire.....	170,471	193,213	240,412
Miles of wire on poles.....	142,631	154,000	171,498	Total circuits.....	143,687	156,780	173,665
Miles of wire on buildings....	10,266	11,484	13,445	Total employés.....	6,310	6,758	7,845
Miles of wire underground...	17,038	27,117	54,690	Total subscribers.....	171,454	185,003	202,931

The number of instruments in the hands of licensees under rental at the beginning of 1891 was 483,790. The number of exchange connections daily in the United States is 1,438,294, or a total per year of over 450,000,000. The average number of daily calls per subscriber is 7.10. The company received in rental of telephones in 1890, $2,913,360. It paid its stockholders in dividends in 1890, $1,256,274. The capital of the company is $12,500,000.

The Bell Telephone and its subsidiary companies represent about $80,000,000 of capital; the Long Distance Telephone Company about $5,000,000.

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS IN THE UNITED STATES.

It is estimated that about $700,000,000, at the beginning of 1892, is invested in electrical industry in the United States, distributed as follows: Telegraph companies, $150,000,000; telephone companies, $100,000,000; electric lighting and power companies, $350,000,000; electrical supply companies, $100,000,000.

States.	No. Roads.	Capital Stock.	Miles.	States.	No. Roads.	Capital Stock.	Miles.
Alabama.....	2	$3,175,000	22	Montana	4	$1,150,000	39
Arkansas.....	2	800,000	29	Nebraska	6	6,880,000	122
California	8	5,200,000	89	New-Hampshire.....	2	250,000	14
Colorado	7	2,970,000	124	New-Jersey	8	2,485,000	50
Connecticut	3	270,000	8	New-York	33	13,337,000	375
Delaware.....	1	500,000	12	North-Carolina.....	15	575,000	24
District of Columbia....	3	700,000	26	Ohio.....	34	14,962,000	392
Georgia.....	9	2,550,000	98	Oregon	6	1,860,000	51
Illinois	24	6,055,000	204	Pennsylvania.....	40	11,560,000	283
Indiana.....	10	1,933,000	74	Rhode-Island.....	1	100,000	4
Iowa	16	8,360,000	177	South-Dakota	1	100,000	7
Kansas.....	7	3,100,000	74	Tennessee	9	5,200,000	171
Kentucky	5	2,000,000	59	Texas.....	21	7,488,673	219
Louisiana	1	100,000	5	Utah.....	2	600,000	50
Maine	3	520,000	28	Virginia	9	3,576,000	82
Maryland.....	3	680,000	12	Washington.....	19	6,600,000	172
Massachusetts.....	27	8,830,000	210	West-Virginia	2	246,000	13
Michigan.....	19	3,695,300	120	Wisconsin.....	7	3,280,000	70
Minnesota	9	11,350,000	252				
Missouri.....	20	12,050,000	205	Total.....	385	$155,087,073	3,980

These statistics of electrical railways were furnished by *Electrical Industries*, in October, 1891.

Marriage Laws.

(These tables have been specially revised to present date.)

States and Territories.	Age of Consent.		Prohibited Degrees.	Void Marriages.	Voidable Marriages.	Licenses.		
	Male.	Female.				If Required (*d*)	Age to Entitle to (*e*). Male.	Female.
Alabama.....	17 (*b*)	14 (*b*)	Ancestors, descendants, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, step-relatives.	Prohibited degrees, white with negro blood.	Under age of consent.	Yes	21 (*f*)	18
Arizona.....	18 (*b*)	16 (*b*)	Ancestors, descendants, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, first cousins.	Prohibited degrees, white with negro or Mongolian.	Under age of consent.	.....	..	..
Arkansas.....	17 (*b*)	14 (*b*)	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, under age of consent, white with negro blood.	Insane, incapacity, consent obtained by fraud or force (*h*).	Yes	21	18
California....	18 (*b*)	15 (*b*)	Ancestors, descendants, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, white with negro blood.	Under age of consent if no cohabitation since attaining such age, insane or idiot, incapacity, force or fraud if no voluntary cohabitation, bigamous, when either party had married while other was absent and unheard of for over five years.	Yes	21	18
Colorado.....	14 (*a*)	12	Same as California....	Same as California.....	.....	Yes	21	18
Connecticut..	14 (*a*) (*b*)	12 (*a*) (*b*)	Same as Alabama, except that restriction as to step-relatives does not extend beyond step-mother, step-daughter, step-father or step-son.	Prohibited degrees, and those solemnized by persons not having authority.	.....	Yes	21	21
Delaware....	14 (*a*)	12	Same as Alabama, and great-nephews and nieces.	Same as California, and those not properly solemnized.	Insane or idiot..	Yes	21	18
Dist. of Colu.	14	12	Same as Maryland....	Same as Maryland.....	.....	Yes	21 (*g*)	16 (*g*)
Florida.....	14 (*a*)	12	"Within the Levitical degrees."	Bigamous, and white with negro blood.	.....	Yes	21	21
Georgia.....	17	14	"Within the Levitical degrees" and step-relatives.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, insane when married, physically incompetent, white with negro blood, force or fraud, under age of consent.	.....	Yes	21	18
Idaho.....	18	18	Same as California....	Same as California.....	Same as Calif'a..	No	..	..
Illinois.....	17	14	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees, and insane or idiot when married	.....	Yes	21	21
Indiana.....	18	16	Same as Arizona.....	Same as California, and also insane or idiot when married.	Under age of consent.	Yes	21	18
Iowa.....	16	14	Same as Alabama.....	Same as Dakota.....	Same as Indiana.	Yes	21	18
Kansas.....	15	12	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees.....	Same as Indiana.	Yes	..	..
Kentucky...	14	12	Same as Delaware....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, insane or idiot when married, physically incompetent, white with negro blood; not solemnized according to law.	Under age of consent if no cohabitation since attaining age, consent obtained by fraud or force.	Yes	21 (*d*)	21
Louisiana....	14	12	Same as California....	Bigamous.....	Consent obtained by fraud or force if no cohabitation before suit, mistake person.	Yes	21	21
Maine	14 (*a*) (*b*)	12	Same as Alabama.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, insane or idiot when married.	.....	Yes	21	18
Maryland....	14 (*a*)	12 (*c*)	Same as Alabama.....	Same as California.....	.....	Yes	21 (*g*) (*m*)	16 (*g*) (*m*)

MARRIAGE LAWS—*Continued.*

States and Territories.	Age of Consent.		Prohibited Degrees.	Void Marriages.	Voidable Marriages.	Licenses.		
	Male.	Female.				If Required (*d*)	Age to Entitle to (*e*). Male.	Female.
Massachusetts.	14 (*a*) (*b*)	12 (*a*) (*b*)	Same as Alabama.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, under age of consent, if parties separate during such nonage and do not cohabit afterwards, insane or idiot when married, when parties leave the State to contract contrary to laws of Mass., and return to reside.	.....	Yes	21	18
Michigan....	18	16	Same as Alabama.....	Same as Mass., force or fraud.	Same as California.	Yes	..	..
Minnesota...	18	15	Same as California...	Prohibited degrees, bigamous.	Under age of consent if no cohabitation since attaining such age, insane, force or fraud, woman unchaste before marriage unknown to husband.	Yes	21	18
Mississippi...	14 (*a*)	12	Same as Alabama. ...	Same as California.....	Insane or idiot when married unknown to others.	Yes	21	18
Missouri.....	15	12	Same as Arizona.....	Same as California.....	....	Yes	21	18
Montana	18	16	Same as Arizona.....	Same as Dakota.....	.....	Yes	21	18
Nebraska.....	18	16	Same as California....	Same as Indiana.....	Same as Ky.....	Yes	21	18
Nevada.....	18 (*b*)	16 (*b*)	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, white with negro blood, Indian or Mongolian.	Same as Minnesota.	Yes	21	18
New-Hampshire.	14	12	Same as Alabama, and also first cousins.	Same as Minnesota....	.....	Yes	..	..
New-Jersey..	14 (*a*)	12 (*k*)	Same as Alabama.....	Bigamous and physically incompetent.	.....	No	..	..
New-Mexico.	18	15 (*k*)	Same as California....	Prohibited degrees and under age.	.....	No	..	..
New-York...	18	16	Ancestors, descendants, brothers and sisters.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, and imprisonment for life.	Same as California, and under age of consent, but only when contracted without consent of parent, force or fraud.	....	..	..
North-Carolina.	16	14	Same as California....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, under age of consent, insane when married, physically incompetent, white with negro or Indian and negro with Indian	.....	Yes	18	18
North-Dakota.	18	16	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous.	Incapable from physical causes, consent obtained by force or fraud.	No	..	..
Ohio.....	18	16	Same as Arizona.....	Same as Dakota, and under age of consent unless ratified by cohabitation after such age, idiot when married.	.....	Yes	21 (*m*)	18
Oklahoma...	18	15	Same as Arizona, and step-father and step-daughter, step-mother and step-son.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous.	Consent obtained by fraud or force, incapable from physical causes, under age of consent, idiot or insane.	No	..	..
Oregon.....	18	15	Same as California....	Bigamous, prohibited degrees, white with negro, Indian or Mongolian.	Same as Minnesota.	Yes	21	18

MARRIAGE LAWS—*Continued.*

States and Territories.	Age of Consent		Prohibited Degrees.	Void Marriages.	Voidable Marriages.	Licenses.		
	Male.	Female.				If Required (*d*)	Age to Entitle to (*e*). Male.	Female.
Pennsylvania	14 (*a*)	12	Same as Alabama.....	Same as Dakota.....	Where obtained by force or fraud and no subsequent cohabitation, or where either has been sentenced for two years or more for felony.	Yes	21	21
Rhode-Island	14 (*a*) (*b*)	12	Same as Alabama; Jews may marry within degrees allowed by their religion.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, and insane when married.	.....	Yes	21	18
South - Carolina.	14 (*a*)	12 (*c*)	Same as Alabama.....	Bigamous, insane when married, white with negro or Indian blood.	Consent obtained by fraud or force, or if either party for any cause was not aware that a marriage was being entered into, if marriage not consummated afterward.	....	..	..
South - Dakota.	18	15	Same as Arizona, and step-father with step-daughter, step-mother with step-son.	Prohibited degrees, bigamous.	Incapacity, consent obtained by force or fra'd	Yes	21	21
Tennessee...	14 (*a*)	12	Same as Alabama.....	Bigamous, white with negro blood.	Insane when married, duress, under age of consent, consent obtained by fraud unless afterwards made valid by cohabitation.	Yes	..	..
Texas.....	16	14	Same as Alabama.....	White with negro, bigamous, prohibited degrees.	Physical incapacity, or any impediment making contract void.	Yes	21	18
Utah.....	14	12	Same as California...	Bigamous, mixed blood (African or Chinese), under age of consent, and those not solemnized before authorized person.	Force or fraud, where male was under 16 and female under 14, and parents did not consent and marriage was not subsequently ratified by cohabitation.	Yes	21	18
Vermont.....	14 (*a*) (*b*)	12 (*b*)	Same as Alabama.....	Same as Dakota.....	Same as California and force or fraud.	Yes	21	18
Virginia.....	14	12	Same as Alabama.....	Bigamous, under age of consent without cohabitation, white with negro.	Prohibited degrees, insane or idiot, physical incapacity.	Yes	21	21
Wash'ton (*i*).	21	18	Same as Arizona.....	Same as South Dakota.	Same as Minn....	Yes	21	18
West - Virginia.	14	12	Same as Alabama.....	Prohibited degrees, under age, insane, incapacity, white with negro, former spouse living.	.....	Yes	21	21
Wisconsin...	18	15	Same as California....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, insane when married, imprisonment for life.	Same as Kentucky.	....	21	18
Wyoming...	18	16	Same as Arizona.....	Prohibited degrees, bigamous, insane, idiot when married.	Same as Kentucky	Yes	21	21

(*a*) As at common law; no statutory mention. (*b*) Consent of parents required if under age. (*c*) Consent of parents required by females under sixteen. (*d*) A marriage without a license is nevertheless valid; the person solemnizing it is punished. (*e*) Without parental consent. (*f*) Parties under 21 years must give $200 bonds that no lawful impediment exists. (*g*) Unless parents consent to less, but not under age of consent. (*h*) Forced marriage is punishable by death to the male participant. (*i*) Under Territorial laws. (*k*) Must have consent of parents if male is under 21 and female under 18. (*m*) Unless bans are published in some church.

MARRIAGE LAWS—*Continued.*

NOTE TO TABLES ON THE TWO PRECEDING PAGES.

Marriage is a civil contract between a man over 14 and a woman over 12 joined on the one side, and the State on the other. To make it valid, it must have the consent both of the State and of the persons. It has, necessarily, the consent of the State, for that is given in advance to everybody not idiots or of near kin, of the ages mentioned—14 and 12. The consent of the parties is taken for granted, unless proof to the contrary is shown. *It never needs the consent of the parent.* But the contract—valid while it lasts—if challenged, may be terminated by the State formally withdrawing its consent, if the consent of either of the parties to enter into such a contract with it, having been temporarily entrusted to the parent, cannot be given or obtained by them. It is their own consent that is lacking, not the parent's. No rule or regulation of State law concerning marriage applies to a civil contract, which any two citizens may freely enter into with the State at any time and under any circumstances. All rules and regulations affect the personal conduct of the parties during ceremonies outside of the contract. No possible violation of any State law, rule or regulation concerning marriage can, of itself, make void a contract once entered into between a State and two citizens, and no punishment inflicted for such violation of the law can affect the validity of the marriage. These are questions between the State and single individuals. The State cannot punish one person for a crime committed by another.

Marriage is a double, not a single contract: 1. A private contract between the two persons; 2. a public contract between the State and the two persons joined. With the private contract between the two persons the State cannot interfere. They may make any changes or modifications they like at any time; this is none of its business. But no private contract they may enter into and no modification of the private contract they entered into can affect their joint public contract with the State; and no public contract (which is the marriage) once made between two persons and the State can be changed, altered or amended by them without the consent of the State through its courts; nor can it be changed, altered or amended by the State without the consent of at least one of the parties to the marriage. No marriage is illegal until so declared by a court; and no person can be legally freed from a marriage contract except by a court or by death or conviction for felony. Ceremonies and sacraments are parts of the private contract between the persons, and all rules and regulations concerning licenses, banns, age and the like are a part of them; but they form no part of the public contract between the parties and the State, which is the only marriage the law recognizes, although the public contract must be made a part of the ceremony. No sacrament or ceremony alone can marry a man and woman. It is their contract with the State which alone marries them. In other words, the mutual consent of the parties, if legally marriageable, to be married constitutes marriage in the eyes of the law, though the statutory requirements as to licenses, banns, ceremonies and age are not complied with by them. The neglect to comply may be punishable, but it does not, usually, invalidate the marriage.

Divorce Laws.

CAUSES FOR ABSOLUTE DIVORCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

The violation of the marriage vow is cause for divorce in all the States and Territories having divorce laws.

Alabama.—Voluntary abandonment for two years; imprisonment in penitentiary for two years on a sentence for seven years or more; crime against nature; habitual drunkenness after marriage and physical incapacity. To the husband, when wife was with child at time of marriage without knowledge of or by husband; to wife, where husband has committed actual violence on her person, attended with danger to life or health.

Chancellor in making decree may decide whether defendant shall marry again or not. Required residence in State, one year.

Arizona.—Excesses or cruel treatment by personal violence or otherwise; abandonment for six months; habitual intemperance; wilful neglect on part of husband to provide; conviction of felony.

Required residence, six months; either party may marry again.

Arkansas.—Wilful desertion one year; conviction of felony or other infamous crime; physical incapacity; habitual drunkenness one year; cruel and barbarous treatment as to endanger life; indignities to the person such as to render condition intolerable; permanently or incurably insane.

Required residence, one year; either party may remarry.

California.—Extreme cruelty; wilful desertion, neglect and habitual drunkenness, either continued or one year; conviction of felony.

Previous residence, one year; either can remarry.

Colorado.—Wilful desertion one year, or has departed from State without intention of returning; physical incapacity; failure on part of husband to provide for wife for one year; habitual drunkenness one year; extreme cruelty; conviction of felony,

Previous residence, one year. Either may remarry.

Connecticut.—Fraudulent contract; wilful desertion for three years, with total neglect of duty; absent seven years unheard of; habitual intemperance; intolerable cruelty; sentence to imprisonment for life; any infamous crime involving a violation of conjugal duty and punishable by imprisonment in State prison.

Either party may remarry. Previous residence required, three years.

Delaware.—Desertion three years; habitual drunkenness; physical incapacity; extreme cruelty; conviction of felony; parties married under age; fraud and force in procuring marriage; wilful neglect of husband to provide for wife for three years.

Either party may remarry, but party guilty of adultery shall not marry the person with whom crime was committed. No statutory provision as to previous residence.

District of Columbia.—Insanity at marriage; incapacity; habitual drunkenness; cruel and abusive treatment endangering life or health; wilful desertion for two years. Divorces from bed and board may be granted for cruel treatment and reasonable apprehension of bodily harm.

Residence of two years required. No statutory provision as to remarrying.

Florida.—Extreme cruelty; habitual indulgence in violent and ungovernable temper; physical incapacity; habitual intemperance for one year; wilful, obstinate and continued desertion for one year; also to any person who has been a resident of Florida for two years whose husband or wife has procured a divorce in any other State or country.

Previous residence required, two years. Either party can marry.

Georgia.—Mental incapacity at time of marriage; physical incapacity; force, menaces, threats, duress and fraud in procuring marriage; wife with child at time of marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; wilful desertion three years; conviction for offence involving moral turpitude, and under which party has been sentenced to two years or longer · cruel treatment; habitual intoxication. Concurrent verdict of two juries at different terms of court are necessary in procuring a divorce.

No statutory provision as to previous residence or remarrying.

Idaho.—Extreme cruelty; wilful desertion, wilful neglect and habitual intemperance, each for one year; conviction of felony; physical incapacity.

Residence required, six months; either party may remarry.

DIVORCE LAWS—*Continued.*

Illinois.—Wilful desertion two years; attempt by either party on life of the other; extreme and repeated cruelty; physical incapacity; conviction of felony or other infamous crime.

Residence required, one year. No statutory provision as to remarriage.

Indiana.—Incapacity at time of marriage; abandonment two years; cruel and inhuman treatment; habitual drunkenness; failure of husband to support wife for two years; conviction of infamous crime.

Previous residence, two years; either party may marry.

Iowa.—Wilful desertion two years; conviction of felony; habitual drunkenness contracted after marriage; inhuman treatment such as to endanger life; wife with child at time of marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; physical incapacity; insanity at time of marriage.

Previous residence, one year. No statutory provision as to remarriage.

Kansas.—Abandonment one year; physical incapacity; wife with child at time of marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; extreme cruelty; fraudulent contract; habitual drunkenness; gross neglect of duty; conviction of and imprisonment for felony.

Residence required, one year; parties may remarry at once unless appeal is taken, and then not until 30 days after final judgment on the appeal.

Kentucky.—Living apart without cohabitation for five years; physical incapacity; abandonment for one year; condemnation for felony; concealment of immoral disease; force, duress or fraud in obtaining marriage; uniting with religious society which forbids husband and wife to cohabit. Also to wife, for husband's confirmed habits of intoxication, with neglect to provide, and habitually behaving toward her in such cruel and inhuman manner as to destroy her peace and happiness; cruel beating or injury, indicating an outrageous temper and endangering her life; also to husband for pregnancy of wife at time of marriage not by him or with his knowledge; habitual drunkenness on her part of not less than one year.

Either party may remarry; residence required, one year.

Louisiana.—Habitual intemperance excess; cruel treatment or outrages, if of such a nature as to render living together insupportable; condemnation to an ignominious punishment; desertion for five years, having been summoned to return within one year of filing petition; fugitive from justice; attempt on life of the other. No divorce shall be granted except for adultery, except a decree of separation shall have been previously had and parties have lived apart one year.

On divorce for adultery, the guilty party shall not marry the person with whom crime was committed, woman cannot remarry for ten months after marriage is dissolved; no statutory provision as to previous residence.

Maine.—Extreme cruelty; utter desertion for three years; gross and confirmed habits of intoxication; physical incapacity; cruel and abusive treatment; failure of husband to provide for wife; sentence of imprisonment for life.

Previous residence, one year; either party may marry.

Maryland.—Any cause which would render marriage void *ab-initio;* abandonment three years; woman guilty before marriage of illicit carnal intercourse unknown to husband; physical incapacity.

Residence required, two years. Where divorce is for adultery, court may decree that guilty party shall not marry during life of the other.

Massachusetts.—Extreme cruelty; utter desertion for three years; gross and confirmed habits of intoxication with liquors, by opium or other drugs; cruel and abusive treatment; husband wantonly and cruelly refusing to provide for wife; where either party has joined religious society that professes to believe relation of husband and wife unlawful, and has continued with that society for three years, refusing for that time to cohabit; sentenced to hard labor for life or five years or more, and physical incapacity.

Previous residence where parties have resided together in State, three years; otherwise five years; guilty party cannot marry for two years.

Michigan.—Imprisonment for life or three years or more; physical incapacity; desertion for two years; habitual drunkenness; where either party has obtained a divorce in another State; neglect by husband to provide.

Court may order that guilty party shall not marry for a term not exceeding two years; previous residence of one year required.

Minnesota.—Cruel and inhuman treatment; sentence to State prison; physical incapacity; wilful desertion three years; habitual drunkenness one year.

Either party may remarry; residence required, one year.

Mississippi.—Sentenced to penitentiary; wilful desertion two years; habitual drunkenness; habitual cruel and inhuman treatment; physical incapacity; pregnancy of wife at time of marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; insanity or idiocy at time of marriage unknown to other.

Previous residence, one year; court may decree that guilty party shall not remarry.

Missouri.—Absent without cause for one year; conviction of felony or infamous crime; habitual drunkenness for one year; cruel or barbarous treatment as to endanger life; indignities as to render condition intolerable; husband guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant; conviction of crime or felony prior to marriage unknown to the other; incapacity; wife pregnant at time of marriage not by or with knowledge of husband.

One year's residence required. Either party may remarry.

Montana.—Desertion one year; husband wilfully deserting wife and departing from State without intention of returning, habitual drunkenness for one year; extreme cruelty; incapacity; conviction of felony or infamous crime.

One year's residence required; no statutory provision as to remarriage.

Nebraska.—Sentenced to imprisonment for life or for three years or more; wilful desertion for two years; habitual drunkard; extreme cruelty; utter desertion for two years; physical incapacity; neglect on part of husband to provide.

Residence required, six months; neither party can marry within time allowed for appeal, nor before final judgment, if appeal is taken.

Nevada.—Wilful desertion for one year; conviction of felony or infamous crime; habitual gross drunkenness; physical incapacity at time of marriage, continued to date of petition; extreme cruelty; neglect of husband to provide for one year.

Either party may remarry; residence of six months required.

New-Hampshire.—Extreme cruelty; conviction of crime and imprisonment for one year; where either has treated the other so seriously as to injure health or endanger reason; absence three years unheard of; habitual drunkenness three years; physical incapacity; where either has joined any society which professes to believe the relation of husband and wife unlawful, and refusal to cohabit with the other for six months; desertion for three years, with refusal to cohabit, desertion for three years, with refusal to support; where wife has resided out of State ten years without his consent without returning to claim her marital rights; where the wife of an alien has resided in the State three years and her husband has left the United States with intention of becoming a citizen of another country, not having made any suitable provision for her support; one or the other of the parties must be a resident of the State one year, unless both parties were domiciled in State when action was commenced, or the defendant was served with process in State, the plaintiff being domiciled therein.

Either party can remarry.

DIVORCE LAWS—*Continued.*

New-Jersey.—Wilful, continued and obstinate desertion for two years; physical incapacity; extreme cruelty.

Required residence, three years. No statutory provision as to remarriage.

New-Mexico.—Cruel or inhuman treatment; abandonment; habitual drunkenness; neglect on part of husband to provide.

Required residence, six months.

New-York.—No absolute divorce is granted except for adultery; the following marriages are voidable: woman under age of sixteen when married without consent of parent or guardian; consent obtained by fraud, force or duress; physical incapacity; idiot or insane.

Required residence, one year; where marriage is annulled for any of the above causes, either may remarry, but on absolute divorce granted for adultery, the guilty party shall not marry during life of the other.

North-Carolina.—Wife with child at marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; to wife, if husband is indicted for felony and flees from the State and does not return for one year; also to the husband, if wife refuses sexual relations with him for twelve months. Divorces from bed and board are granted for abandonment, maliciously turning the other out of doors; physical incapacity; cruel or barbarous treatment endangering life; indignities to the person as to render condition intolerable; habitual drunkenness.

Residence required, two years. On absolute divorce, either party may remarry.

North-Dakota.—Extreme cruelty; wilful desertion; wilful neglect and habitual intemperance; each continued for one year; conviction of felony.

Residence required, ninety days. Guilty party cannot marry during lifetime of the other.

Ohio.—Wilful absence for three years; extreme cruelty; physical incapacity; fraudulent contract; gross neglect of duty; habitual drunkenness for three years; imprisonment in penitentiary; divorce procured by either party in another State. Residence required, one year. Either party may remarry.

Oklahoma.—Extreme cruelty; wilful desertion; wilful neglect; habitual intemperance, each continued one year; conviction of felony.

Residence required, ninety days. Either party may remarry.

Oregon.—Conviction of felony; habitual, gross drunkenness for one year; wilful desertion for one year; physical incapacity; cruel and inhuman treatment or personal indignities, rendering life burdensome.

Residence required, one year; neither party can marry until after expiration of time for appeal, and in case of appeal not until after judgment on the appeal.

Pennsylvania.—Wilful and malicious desertion for two years, or where husband has by cruel and abusive treatment endangered his wife's life or offered such indignities to her person as to render her condition intolerable and life burdensome, and thereby forced her to withdraw from his home and family; where wife, by cruel and barbarous treatment, renders condition of husband intolerable; physical incapacity; fraud, force or coercion in obtaining marriage; conviction of felony and sentence for two or more years.

Residence of one year required. Either party can remarry.

Rhode-Island.—Any case where marriage was void or voidable by law; where either party is for crime deemed civilly dead, or from absence or other circumstances presumed to be dead; physical incapacity; extreme cruelty; wilful desertion for five years or for a shorter time, in discretion of court; continued drunkenness; neglect or refusal on part of husband to suitably provide for the wife; or for any other gross misbehavior and wickedness in either of the parties repugnant to or in violation of the marriage covenant.

Residence of one year required. No statutory provision as to remarriage.

South-Carolina.—(No divorce laws.)

South-Dakota.—(Same as North-Dakota.)

Tennessee.—Wilful or malicious desertion for two years; conviction of infamous crime; conviction for felony and sentenced to penitentiary; attempting life of the other; physical incapacity; refusal on part of wife to move into this State, and wilfully absenting herself from husband for two years; woman pregnant at time of marriage not by and without the knowledge of the husband; habitual drunkenness.

Divorces from bed and board are granted for cruel and inhuman treatment to wife; indignities to her person, rendering her condition intolerable and forced her to withdraw; abandoned her or turned her out of doors, and refused or neglected to provide for her.

Two years' residence required. On absolute divorce either party may marry, but on divorce for adultery the guilty party shall not marry the party with whom crime was committed during lifetime of the other.

Texas.—Excesses; cruel treatment or outrages, if of such a nature as to render living together insupportable; adultery; desertion for three years; conviction of felony and imprisonment in State prison.

Residence of six months required; either party may marry.

Utah.—Wilful desertion more than one year; wilful neglect to provide for wife; habitual drunkenness; conviction of felony; physical incapacity; cruel treatment to extent of causing great bodily injury or great mental distress.

One year's residence required; either party may again marry.

Vermont.—Sentence to hard labor in State prison for life or three years or more; intolerable severity; wilful desertion three years, or absence seven years unheard of; husband grossly, wantonly and cruelly neglecting to provide for wife; fraud or force in marriage, or either party under age of consent; parties must have lived together in the State.

Petitioner must reside at least one year in State; guilty party shall not marry for three years.

Virginia.—Sentenced to confinement in penitentiary; conviction of infamous offence before marriage unknown to the other; fugitive from justice for two years; wilful desertion for five years; wife with child at marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; wife a prostitute before marriage unknown to husband, and physical incapacity. Divorces from bed and board are granted for cruelty; reasonable apprehension of bodily harm; abandonment or desertion.

Court may decree that guilty party shall not marry again without permission of court; residence of one year required.

Washington.—Consent to marriage obtained by fraud or force; abandonment one year; cruel treatment or personal indignities rendering life burdensome; habitual drunkenness, or neglect or refusal to provide; imprisonment in penitentiary, or any other cause deemed by the court sufficient; chronic mania or dementia of either party for ten years.

Residence of one year required; either party may marry again.

West-Virginia.—Confinement in penitentiary; infamous crime prior to marriage unknown to the other; wilful desertion for three years; wife with child at marriage not by or with knowledge of husband; wife immoral before marriage unknown to husband; husband notoriously licentious, and physical incapacity. Divorces from bed and board are granted for cruel and inhuman treatment; reasonable apprehension of bodily harm; abandonment; desertion; habitual drunkenness.

Residence of one year required. No statutory provision as to remarriage.

Wisconsin.—Imprisonment for life or three or more years; physical incapacity; wilful desertion for one year; cruel and inhuman treatment by personal violence; habitual drunkenness for one year; where the parties have voluntary lived apart five years; neglect to provide.

One year's residence required; either party can remarry.

DIVORCE LAWS—*Continued.*

Wyoming.—Conviction of felony and sentenced therefor; wilful desertion for one year; habitual drunkenness; neglect on part of husband to provide for one year; such indignities as to render condition intolerable; husband guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant; physical incapacity; conviction of felony or infamous crime before marriage without the other's knowledge; wife with child at marriage not by or with knowledge of husband.

Residence of six months required; no statutory provision as to remarrying.

The courts of every State, and particularly of New-York, are very jealous of their jurisdiction, and generally refuse to recognize as valid a divorce against one of the citizens of the State by the court of another State, unless both parties to the suit were subject at the time to the jurisdiction of the court granting the divorce.

Kansas courts grant divorces for the reason that the applicant's husband or wife has obtained a divorce in another State and the applicant has been forbidden to remarry. If a wife in New-York obtains a divorce from her husband, and he is forbidden to remarry, he may go to Kansas and obtain a divorce on that ground. If his wife contests the case, or can be served with the papers in Kansas, so that she is brought under the jurisdiction of the Kansas court, the courts of New-York must recognize the divorce as valid, and cannot punish the husband for remarrying in New-York.

New-York permits polygamy and polyandry in certain cases. Desertion for five years, without knowledge that the deserter is living, permits the one deserted to marry again; and the second marriage is valid, though the deserter returns. The second marriage may be declared void, but only from the date of the decree, by a court of competent jurisdiction, upon proper petition; but if no such petition is made, and all parties are satisfied, one husband may live in lawful wedlock with two or more wives, or one wife with two or more husbands. The children will inherit, and both wives will be entitled to dower.

According to the Divorce Statistics for twenty years ending 1886, collected by Labor Commissioner Wright, the number of divorces in the United States in that period was 328,716, of which 129,382 were of couples with children and 57,524 of couples without. The causes were: desertion, 126,676; adultery, 67,686; cruelty, 51,595; drunkenness, 13,866; neglect to provide, 7,955.

Barrenness, Illegitimacy, and Childbirth.

BARRENNESS.—One woman in 20, one man in 30 are barren—that is, 4 per cent of population. It is found that one marriage in 20 is barren, say 5 per cent. Among the nobility of England, 21 per cent have no children, owing to intermarriage of cousins, no less than 4½ per cent of the present nobility being married to cousins.—*Mulhall.*

CHILDBIRTH, DEATHS IN.—The average for 20 years in England and Wales has been 32 per 10,000 births—that is, 1½ per cent of all mothers die sooner or later in childbirth.—*Mulhall.*

ILLEGITIMACY.—Percentage of illegitimate births to total births: Greece, 1.6; Ireland, 2.3; Russia, 3.1; Netherlands, 3.5; England, 4.5; Switzerland, 4.6; Canada, 5.0; Spain and Portugal, 5.5; Italy, 6.8; Belgium, 7.0; United States, 7.0; France, 7.2; Germany, 8.4; Norway, 8.5; Scotland, 8.9; Sweden, 10.2; Denmark, 11.2; Austria, 12.9.—*Mulhall.*

FECUNDITY.—In "Statistique Humaine de la France," M. J. Bertillon presents the following table showing that the French are the least prolific and the Germans the most prolific people of Europe. Number of children born alive annually per 1,000 women of 15 to 50 years: France, 102; Ireland, 114; Belgium, 127; England, 136; Netherlands, 137; Spain, 141; Prussia, 150; Bavaria, 156. Aristotle mentions a woman who had 5 children at a birth four times successively; Menage one who had 21 children in seven years. The Empress Catherine received a Russian woman in 1837 who had had 57 children, all of whom were then living, having been born thus: 10 in four confinements, 21 in 7 confinements, 20 in 10 confinements, or in all 57 children in 21 confinements. This woman's husband married again, and his second wife had 15 children in 7 confinements. Fedor Vassileff, of Moscow (1782) had 83 children living when pensioned by the Czar. He had 69 children by his first wife at 27 births. Mrs. George Hirsch, of Dallas, Tex., is reported, November, 1888, of having been confined of 6 children, 4 being boys and 2 girls. This lady takes the record. (Compiled from Mulhall.)

FATAL HOURS IN ILLNESS.—A writer in the *Quarterly Review*, several years ago, undertook to investigate the popular notion that there are certain hours during the twenty-four more fatal to life than others. He ascertained the hour of death in 2,880 instances of all ages from a mixed population, and from deaths occurring during a period of several years. The *maximum* hour of death is from 5 to 6 o'clock, A.M., when it is 40 per cent above the average; and the *minimum* during the hours from nine till eleven o'clock in the evening, when it is 6½ per cent below the average. Thus the least mortality is during midday hours—namely, from ten till three o'clock; the greatest during early morning hours, from three till six o'clock. Fishermen say that the times of the ebb and flow of the tides are always critical hours with invalids.—*Barker's Facts.*

Suicides.

IN European cities the number of suicides per 100,000 inhabitants is as follows: Paris, 42; Lyons, 29; St. Petersburg, 7; Moscow, 11; Berlin, 36; Vienna, 28; London, 23; Rome, 8; Milan, 6; Madrid, 3; Genoa, 31; Brussels, 15; Amsterdam, 14; Lisbon, 2; Christiania, 25; Stockholm, 27; Constantinople, 12; Geneva, 11; Dresden, 51. Madrid and Lisbon show the lowest, Dresden the highest figure.

The average annual suicide rate in countries of the world per 100 000 persons living, is given by Barker as follows: Saxony, 31.1; Denmark, 25.8; Schleswig-Holstein, 24.0; Austria, 21.2; Switzerland, 20.2; France, 15.7; German Empire, 14.3; Hanover, 14.0; Queensland, 13.5; Prussia, 13.3; Victoria, 11.5; New South Wales, 9.3; Bavaria, 9.1; New-Zealand, 9.0; South-Australia, 8.9; Sweden, 8.1; Norway, 7.5; Belgium, 6.9; England and Wales, 6.9; Tasmania, 5.3; Hungary, 5.2; Scotland, 4.0; Italy, 3.7; Netherlands, 3.6; United States, 3.5; Russia, 2.9; Ireland, 1.7; Spain, 1.4.

The causes of suicide in European countries are reported as follows: Of 100 suicides: madness, delirium, 18, per cent; alcoholism, 11; vice, crime, 19; different diseases, 2; moral sufferings, 6; family matters, 4; poverty, want, 4; loss of intellect, 14; consequence of crimes, 3; unknown reasons, 19.

The number of suicides in the United States, five years, 1882–1887, was 8,226. Insanity was the principal cause, shooting the favorite method. 5,386 acts of suicide were committed in the day and 2,419 in the night. Summer was the favorite season, June the favorite month, and the 11th the favorite day of the month.

The month in which the largest number of suicides occurs is July.

Statistics of Crime and Pauperism.

(Compiled from United States Census Bulletins, 1890.)

PENITENTIARY CONVICTS OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1890.

Geographical Divisions.	Aggregate.	White.							Colored
		otal.	Native.					Foreign Born.	Nativity Unknown.	
			Total.	Parents Native.	One Parent Foreign.	Parents Foreign.	One or both Parents Unknown.			
North-Atlantic..	14,477	13,224	9,435	3,960	791	3,993	691	3,780	9	1,253
South-Atlantic...	6,466	1,264	1,112	891	47	87	87	87	5	5,202
North-Central...	10,990	9,261	7,478	4,575	594	1,570	739	1,760	23	1,729
South-Central....	9,241	3,271	2,609	1,971	123	241	274	518	144	5,970
Western.....	4,059	3,586	2,460	1,445	192	693	130	1,122	4	473
Total U. S.....	45,233	30,546	23,094	12,842	1,747	6,584	1,921	7,267	185	14,687
PRISONERS IN COUNTY JAILS, JUNE 1, 1890.										
North-Atlantic..	6,764	6,257	3,982	1,788	280	1,653	261	2,249	26	507
South-Atlantic..	2,696	754	698	561	25	62	50	49	7	1,942
North-Central..	4,225	3,721	2,652	1,405	182	632	433	778	291	504
South-Central....	4,118	1,722	1,417	1,042	55	106	214	239	66	2,396
Western.....	1,735	1,507	935	409	87	281	98	450	122	228
Total U. S.....	10,538	13,961	9,684	5,265	629	2,734	1,056	3,765	512	5,577
INMATES OF JUVENILE REFORMATORIES OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1890.										
North-Atlantic..	7,388	6,783	5,765	1,552	615	2,803	795	806	212	605
South-Atlantic..	1,293	780	714	269	65	150	230	58	8	513
North-Central...	5,451	4,785	4,082	1,266	252	860	1,704	506	197	666
South-Central....	359	209	202	29	4	35	134	7	....	150
Western.....	355	346	315	129	27	117	42	28	3	9
Total U. S.....	14,846	12,903	11,078	3,245	963	3,965	2,905	1,405	420	1,943
ALMSHOUSE PAUPERS IN THE UNITED STATES IN 1890.										
North-Atlantic..	31,143	30,180	15,251	9,414	483	2,017	3,337	14,330	599	963
South-Atlantic..	8,100	5,286	4,498	3,703	64	104	627	725	83	2,814
North-Central...	25,615	24,634	13,062	5,795	304	1,215	5,748	10,265	1,307	981
South-Central....	5,049	3,406	2,655	1,892	39	38	686	500	251	1,643
Western.....	3,138	3,072	1,190	715	59	206	210	1,848	34	66
Total U. S. ...	73,045	66,578	36,656	21,519	949	3,580	10,608	27,648	2,274	6,467

PAUPERISM IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

1890. Public paupers in England and Wales, 787,545; Ireland, 107,774; France, 290,000; Germany, 320,000; Russia, 350,000; Austria, 290,000; Italy, 270,000.

Murders, Hangings and Lynchings in 1891.

The number of murders and homicides in the United States reported in the newspapers during the year 1891 was 5,906, classified by causes as follows: Quarrels, 2,820; liquor, 877; unknown, 859; jealousy, 449; by highwaymen, 241; infanticide, 208; resisting arrest, 182; highwaymen killed, 74; self-defence, 74; insanity, 102; outrages, 2; strikes, 10.

The number of legal executions reported was 123, distributed among the States as follows: Alabama, 3; Arkansas, 3; California, 2; Colorado, 3; Connecticut, 1; Delaware, 4; Georgia, 16; Illinois, 2; Kentucky, 2; Louisiana, 9; Maryland, 2; Minnesota, 2; Mississippi, 8; Missouri, 8; Nebraska, 4; New-York, 4; North-Carolina, 2; Ohio, 2; Pennsylvania, 7; South-Carolina, 8; Tennessee, 3; Texas, 12; Virginia, 8; West-Virginia, 1; Arizona, 2; Indian Territory, 5. Of the total number, 52 were whites, 65 negroes, 1 Mexican, 4 Indians and 1 Japanese.

The number of lynchings reported was 195, distributed among the States as follows: Alabama, 26; Arkansas, 12; California, 1; Colorado, 2; Florida, 10; Georgia, 12; Illinois, 1; Indiana, 3; Kentucky, 11; Louisiana, 29; Maryland, 1; Michigan, 2; Mississippi, 23; Missouri, 2; Montana, 5; Nebraska, 2; North-Carolina, 2; Ohio, 1; Oregon, 1; South-Carolina, 1; South-Dakota, 3; Tennessee, 13; Texas, 16; Virginia, 5; West-Virginia, 2; Wisconsin, 1; Washington, 3; Wyoming, 1; Indian Territory, 2. There were 121 negroes, 69 whites, 2 Indians, 2 Chinese and 1 Mexican. Six of the 175 were women. These figures are taken from a compilation in the Chicago *Tribune*.

Murderous Nations.

Italy takes the lead of European nations, with an average annual crop of murders of 2.470, a ratio per 10.000 deaths of 29.4; Spain follows, with a ratio of 23.8. and 1.200 murders; Austria, ratio of 8.8, and 600 murders; France, ratio of 8.0, and 662 murders; England, ratio of 7.1. and 377 murders.

In England, in the reign of Henry VIII., there were 71,400 persons hanged or beheaded; in one year 300 beggars were executed for soliciting alms. In 1820 no less than 46 persons were hanged in England for forging Bank of England notes, some of which were afterward asserted to be good. Capital punishment was abolished in Italy in 1875, and murders increased 42 per cent. *(Compiled from Mulhall.)*

Embezzlements and Defalcations.

THE following is a statement of the embezzlements of public and corporate funds in the United States by persons entrusted with their care, in the year 1891.

AMOUNT OF EMBEZZLEMENTS IN 1891 BY STATES.

STATES.	Amount.	STATES.	Amount.	STATES.	Amount.
Alabama	$14,900	Massachusetts	$1,577,492	South-Carolina	$30,000
Arkansas	56,510	Michigan	260,270	South-Dakota	4,919
California	358,920	Minnesota	182,520	Tennessee	172,050
Colorado	210,800	Mississippi	13,000	Texas	238,569
Connecticut	18,800	Missouri	432,800	Virginia	55,600
Delaware	238 000	Montana	14,000	Washington	121,900
Georgia	144,106	Nebraska	80,370	West-Virginia	151,500
Illinois	610,874	Nevada	3,000	Wisconsin	52,915
Indiana	214,993	New Hampshire	28,000	Wyoming	11,100
Iowa	101,425	New-Jersey	184,700	New-Mexico	33,000
Kansas	57,566	New-York	5,518,659	Utah	9,000
Kentucky	183,720	North-Carolina	17,200	Dist. Columbia	63,555
Louisiana	263,000	Ohio	138,537	Oklahoma	62,000
Maine	194,455	Pennsylvania	7,055,346		
Maryland	448,247	Rhode-Island	2 000	Total	$19,720,294

SUMMARY FOR 1891 BY MONTHS.

January	$980,747	June	$896,942	November	$1,908,000
February	589,355	July	554,224	December	2,334,685
March	1,283,314	August	342,400		
April	1,272,983	September	1,179,808	Total	$19,720,294
May	7,136,965	October	1,240,871		

SUMMARY OF DEFALCATIONS BY YEARS.

1878	$2,784,000	1884	$22,154,000	1889	$8,600,000
1879	2,754,000	1885	3,475,000	1890	8,622,956
1880–81	4,888,000	1886	3,780,000	1891	19,720,294
1882	2,900,000	1887	4,550,000		
1883	2,350,000	1888	2,240,000	Total	$88,808,250

The above is compiled from records kept by the Chicago *Tribune.*

Medical Organizations.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

OFFICERS:

President—Dr. H. O. Marcy, Massachusetts.
Vice-Presidents—Dr. W. P. King, Missouri.
" Dr. H. Palmer, Wisconsin.
" Dr. W. E. B. Davis, Alabama.
Vice-Presidents—Dr. W. E. Taylor, California.
Permanent Secretary—Dr. William B. Atkinson, Pennsylvania.
Treasurer—Dr. Richard J. Dunglison, Pennsylvania.

The office of the Permanent Secretary is No. 1,400 Pine Street, corner of Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa. The next annual meeting will be held at Detroit, Mich., June 7, 1892.

The number of physicians of this school in the United States is estimated at 75,000; number of colleges, 100; number of professors and instructors, 1,800; students in attendance, 10,000. About 3,000 received the degree of M D. the past year. Of those attending the colleges, about 900 had degrees in science or letters. These colleges had libraries equalling 45,000 volumes. The buildings, lands and scientific apparatus amounted to three millions of dollars in value.

Forty-one States have State medical societies. The American Medical Association, the parent body, so to speak, has a membership of over 5,000. In addition, there are a number of special organizations, such as the American Academy of Medicine, composed only of medical graduates who have received a degree in letters prior to graduation; membership, about 500; American Association for the Study and Cure of Inebriates, American Climatological Association, American Dermatological Association, American Gynæcological Association, American Laryngological Association, American Neurological Association, American Ophthalmological Association, American Otological Association, American Association of Pædiatrics, and American Public Health Association.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF HOMŒOPATHY.

OFFICERS.

President—Dr. T. Y. Kinne, Paterson, N. J.
Vice-President—Dr. J. H. McClelland, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Treasurer—Dr. E. M. Kellogg, New-York City.
General Secretary—Dr. Pemberton Dudley, Philadelphia, Pa.

The office of the General Secretary is southwest corner of Fifteenth and Master Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Statistics of Homœopathy in the United States are as follows: Number of physicians (variously estimated), 12,500; colleges, 15; students in attendance last year, 1,190; number graduated last year, 393; alumni of 15 colleges, 8,320; professors and lecturers, 300; value of college property, $750,000; State societies, 58; local societies, 103; hospitals, general and special, 66; total number of beds, 5,025; patients treated last year, 28,817, of which 21,663 were cured, 2,617 relieved, and 810 died—death rate, 2.82 per cent.; journals published, 25. The Institute will meet at Washington, D. C., in June, 1892.

Mortality in the United States

IN THE CENSUS YEAR 1889–90.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Census Office.)

States and Territories.	Total Deaths.	White.*		Colored.	Under Five Years of Age.	
		Native Born.	Foreign Born.		White.	Colored.
Alabama..	20,898	9,215	320	10,591	3,880	3,847
Arizona...	573	301	169	30	130	3
Arkansas .	14.391	10.089	274	3,627	3,874	1,168
California.	17.703	10.605	5,286	1,281	4,234	119
Colorado..	5.453	3.929	921	86	1.875	32
Conn'ticut	14.470	10,733	3.182	309	4,188	106
Delaware.	3.107	2,066	241	695	805	282
D. of Col..	5.955	2,512	522	2.893	1,054	1,437
Florida ...	4.145	2,108	176	1,806	726	642
Georgia...	21,174	9.356	209	10,971	3.667	4,321
Idaho.....	711	522	105	34	246	2
Illinois....	53.123	39.336	11,650	1,031	20.795	340
Indiana...	24,180	20,505	2,185	862	7.317	298
Iowa.....	17,521	13,381	3,221	162	5,187	54
Kansas....	12,018	9.593	1,321	701	4,278	248
Kentucky.	23.877	17.446	1,177	4,479	6.789	1,572
Louisiana.	16.354	6.953	1.494	7,716	3,094	2,592
Maine	10.044	8.590	1,164	34	1,835	8
Maryland.	18,000	11.279	2,012	4,421	5,346	1,981
Mas'ch'ts .	45,112	32.747	11.327	630	15,109	237
Michigan .	25,016	18.117	5.746	412	8,267	127
Minnesota	15,488	10.389	4.775	98	6,375	35
Missi'si'pi.	14.899	5 834	177	8,560	2,095	2,896
Missouri ..	32,435	24.499	4.005	2,794	11,390	1,105
Montana..	1,012	625	272	26	258	6
Nebraska .	8.445	6.591	1,451	91	3,570	33

States and Territories.	Total Deaths.	White.*		Colored.	Under Five Years of Age.	
		Native Born.	Foreign Born.		White.	Colored.
Nevada	434	217	181	20	69	3
New-Ham .	7.074	5.704	849	17	1,809	3
New-J'sey .	30,344	22,227	6,330	1,34	11.829	642
New-Mex ..	2,522	2,234	167	26	1,014	4
New-York .	123.117	85.592	33,148	1,902	43.580	715
North-Car..	18,420	10,886	69	7,234	4 021	2,280
North-Dak.	1,716	1,067	593	4	763	1
Ohio	49.844	38,494	8,151	2,000	15,395	655
Oklahoma..	352	302	15	20	133	6
Oregon	2.575	1,959	386	38	636	5
Penn'va'ia .	73,530	56,401	12,648	2,383	24 824	932
R'de-Is'nd.	7,559	5,344	1,939	224	2,627	73
South-Car..	15.495	4,730	178	10,448	1,767	3,786
South-Dak.	2,705	1,869	733	11	1,001	3
Tennessee .	23,854	15,229	428	7,573	5.363	2,724
Texas.....	26.478	18,096	1,841	5,190	7,942	1,938
Utah.....	2.118	1,488	574	11	837	2
Vermont...	5,425	4,556	575	13	1,154	3
Virginia ...	23.232	11,600	400	10,819	3.937	3.999
Wash'ton ..	2.695	1,750	512	65	834	14
West-Vir ..	8.275	7.223	328	519	2,724	178
Wisconsin .	18,662	11,508	6,493	101	6,014	24
Wyoming ..	414	258	95	7	127	....
Total	†872,944	596,055	140,075	114.313	264,784	41,911

* Including birthplace unknown; total number, 22,501. † Exclusive of Indians on Reservations.

CAUSES OF DEATHS.

States and Territories.	Scarlet Fever.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Diphtheria, Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Malarial Fever.	Diarrhœal Diseases.	Cancer, Tumors.	Consumption.	Pneumonia.	Puerperal Diseases.
Alabama	23	496	182	448	874	1,030	2,069	331	2,163	1,585	423
Arizona	11	14	1	26	15	30	34	9	68	70	11
Arkansas	25	87	116	420	590	1,527	1,176	154	1,209	1,501	342
California	55	76	105	538	479	153	763	567	2,889	1,526	137
Colorado	69	66	38	382	417	38	394	73	489	686	107
Connecticut	81	43	140	717	331	191	1,148	412	1,743	1,344	95
Delaware	18	31	10	163	102	28	284	59	476	268	27
District of Columbia	18	6	30	192	200	98	592	115	827	484	45
Florida	10	68	50	54	163	287	397	81	377	251	119
Georgia	8	440	89	553	1,000	937	2,353	340	2,155	1,738	426
Idaho	31	5	7	45	46	11	36	7	36	83	13
Illinois	442	314	359	3,561	1,709	731	4,970	1,262	5,698	4,912	676
Indiana	217	257	310	899	1,074	386	1,823	636	3,504	1,701	344
Iowa	226	187	185	1,562	366	216	1,152	515	1,832	1,377	296
Kansas	105	207	207	644	375	400	948	286	1,368	948	220
Kentucky	107	513	539	1,115	1,046	514	1,671	412	3,538	1,924	298
Louisiana	16	239	128	382	319	1,204	1,453	285	1,516	1,213	270
Maine	36	14	96	288	305	32	622	461	1,477	958	98
Maryland	91	272	139	528	517	221	2,145	446	2,315	1,453	178
Massachusetts	194	97	365	2,212	827	115	3,731	1,497	5,981	3,965	284
Michigan	249	282	178	1,557	686	373	2,115	795	2,747	1,830	420
Minnesota	282	158	77	1,176	489	30	1,528	376	1,532	1,219	281
Mississippi	15	450	275	315	521	1,273	1,198	209	1,433	1,447	335
Missouri	283	513	410	1,377	1,072	1,013	2,430	717	3,559	3,300	493
Montana	55	5	2	48	47	2	54	14	55	154	23
Nebraska	142	111	120	808	338	95	886	182	604	649	188
Nevada	2	1	1	16	8	10	17	14	35	68	6
New-Hampshire	20	16	37	326	139	20	567	262	729	624	41
New-Jersey	207	183	376	1,516	684	274	2,522	687	3,388	2,674	207
New-Mexico	36	3	17	678	49	72	80	21	97	189	57
New-York	956	757	1,081	5,653	1,715	953	11,347	3,186	14,854	12,945	872
North-Carolina	34	158	139	657	920	604	2,535	303	2,212	1,332	307
North-Dakota	41	19	16	145	81	23	199	24	167	111	37
Ohio	408	714	555	2,523	1,587	472	3,396	1,497	6,393	3,626	534
Oklahoma	3	1	3	12	10	29	42	4	21	27	12
Oregon	20	25	17	159	149	30	144	66	305	218	49

MORTALITY IN THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

States and Territories.	Scarlet Fever.	Measles.	Whooping Cough.	Diphtheria, Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Malarial Fever.	Diarrhœal Diseases.	Cancer, Tumors.	Consumption.	Pneumonia.	Puerperal Diseases.
Pennsylvania	776	676	517	4,360	2,836	328	5,642	1,926	7,689	6,535	604
Rhode-Island	35	119	102	283	150	59	714	1218	921	574	56
South-Carolina	21	145	96	331	551	740	1,609	213	2,112	1,164	278
South-Dakota	49	35	41	254	132	10	246	54	208	231	74
Tennessee	71	306	244	767	1,083	1,020	2,143	343	3,637	1,892	372
Texas	45	468	200	628	1,026	2,102	2,434	309	2,069	2,533	612
Utah	40	2	14	292	95	37	157	31	62	230	70
Vermont	21	20	16	277	124	14	331	252	661	562	55
Virginia	46	344	299	781	757	616	2,197	410	3,050	1,712	330
Washington	55	46	22	190	232	59	189	42	278	226	50
West-Virginia	33	109	238	424	429	72	672	151	1,143	500	115
Wisconsin	216	128	105	1,221	350	76	1,400	632	2,015	1,549	336
Wyoming	16	2	....	33	27	1	27	2	18	45	9
Total	5,060	9,228	8,354	41,536	27,033	18,565	74,576	20,978	101,645	76,291	11,232

STATISTICS OF DEATHS IN THIRTY-NINE PRINCIPAL CITIES IN THE CENSUS YEAR 1889–1890. PREPARED FOR "THE WORLD ALMANAC" BY THE CENSUS OFFICE.

39 Principal Cities.	Total Deaths.	White.		Colored.	Principal Causes.						
		Native-Born.	Foreign-Born.		Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria and Croup.	Enteric Fever.	Malarial Fever.	Diarrhœal Diseases.	Consumption	Pneumonia.
New-York, N. Y.	43,378	27,141	14,747	962	366	1,870	348	243	4,565	5,871	5,112
Chicago, Ill.	23,162	15,923	6,567	346	202	1,545	794	111	2,797	1,935	2,032
Philadelphia, Pa.	23,738	16,837	5,360	1,309	187	844	770	60	1,602	2,027	1,959
Brooklyn, N. Y.	20,593	14,146	5,992	383	154	1,366	194	207	1,890	2,325	2,261
St. Louis, Mo.	8,645	5,300	2,356	935	121	279	145	229	535	834	639
Boston, Mass.	11,117	7,299	3,462	286	33	638	174	12	893	1,685	1,127
Baltimore, Md.	10,752	6,616	1,609	2,450	59	243	202	122	1,334	1,273	878
San Francisco, Cal.	7,060	3,677	2,573	681	20	176	166	28	262	1,131	684
Cincinnati, O.	6,640	4,437	1,807	386	23	489	151	29	418	832	624
Cleveland, O.	5,736	4,140	1,444	96	56	385	164	41	535	415	492
Buffalo, N. Y.	5,087	3,502	1,503	40	28	220	80	24	597	476	409
New-Orleans, La.	6,875	3,198	1,294	2,367	2	156	45	292	713	832	342
Pittsburgh, Pa.	5,206	3,549	1,376	232	71	452	304	16	460	356	584
Washington, D. C.	5,955	2,512	522	2,893	18	192	200	98	592	827	484
Detroit, Mich.	4,203	2,871	1,135	81	40	360	40	35	474	334	295
Milwaukee, Wis.	3,942	2,576	1,286	12	24	270	61	2	368	376	292
Newark, N. J.	5,280	3,737	1,316	190	59	314	181	45	460	594	462
Minneapolis, Minn.	2,440	1,765	598	26	32	179	94	2	257	252	205
Jersey City, N. J.	4,454	3,117	1,261	66	21	312	134	47	324	443	528
Louisville, Ky.	3,514	1,962	606	917	21	80	122	23	173	453	281
Omaha, Neb.	1,397	1,002	269	44	5	144	63	17	125	95	128
Rochester, N. Y.	2,323	1,526	715	4	1	61	53	12	244	280	248
St. Paul, Minn.	2,240	1,641	526	36	34	139	92	2	303	167	159
Kansas City, Mo.	2,553	1,613	323	469	18	72	53	54	191	238	246
Providence, R. I.	2,955	2,032	778	141	12	124	53	38	220	401	244
Denver, Col.	2,584	1,839	419	63	17	190	232	4	217	257	305
Indianapolis, Ind.	1,987	1,385	270	275	22	75	57	25	146	299	105
Allegheny, Pa.	2,122	1,510	537	61	19	128	192	5	180	155	219
Albany, N. Y.	2,421	1,638	710	45	42	168	67	16	124	304	251
Columbus, O.	1,336	911	235	149	10	67	38	13	93	195	86
Syracuse, N. Y.	1,733	1,219	496	10	24	72	18	21	187	245	152
Worcester, Mass.	1,617	1,141	437	15	1	58	22	3	180	211	125
Toledo, O.	1,656	1,216	341	27	5	238	29	18	110	144	102
Richmond, Va.	2,411	879	119	1,320	1	34	50	54	224	262	164
New-Haven, Ct.	1,720	1,171	447	73	3	108	22	25	129	222	194
Paterson, N. J.	1,859	1,212	576	25	5	64	20	7	219	225	157
Lowell, Mass.	2,122	1,434	665	...	11	112	64	2	272	236	143
Nashville, Tenn.	1,376	592	77	703	3	20	49	27	130	219	114
Scranton, Pa.	1,708	1,084	504	7	13	106	24	1	214	111	227

Death Rate in England and Wales.

The following table of the death rate per thousand male inhabitants in England and Wales in different years shows the progressive decline of the rate, due to better sanitary regulations and better food and housing:

Years.	All Ages.	0–5	5–10	10–15	15–20	20–25	25–35	35–45	45–55	55–65	65–75	75–85	85 and upwds.
1841–50	23.1	71.2	9.2	5.1	7.1	9.5	9.9	12.9	18.2	31.8	67.5	148.3	312.3
1861–70	23.7	73.5	8.2	4.5	6.2	8.5	9.9	13.5	19.2	33.1	67.1	147.2	315.0
1876–80	22.1	67.0	6.3	3.4	4.9	6.7	8.7	13.4	19.8	34.9	69.4	152.2	331.6
1881–85	20.4	59.6	5.8	3.2	4.6	6.0	8.2	12.7	19.4	33.6	68.8	144.6	296.4
1886	20.3	60.3	4.6	2.8	4.3	5.6	7.6	12.0	19.3	33.5	72.8	151.3	334.2
1887	19.8	57.8	4.9	2.9	4.2	5.3	7.4	11.9	18.9	33.5	72.0	146.9	304.6
1888	18.8	52.7	4.5	2.7	4.0	5.4	7.2	11.7	19.2	32.7	71.6	141.6	298.3

Game Laws.

THESE were the regulations in force January 1, 1892. Changes are liable during the year.

NEW-YORK.

Description.	*Open Season.*	*Remarks.*
Deer	Aug. 15 to Nov. 1	But not more than 3 can be killed or taken alive by any one person during that period. Cannot set trap or spring gun or other device for them nor enter their yards to kill or capture. May be run with dogs from Sept. 1 to Oct. 20, except in St. Lawrence and Delaware counties. Must not be sold except from Aug. 15 to Nov. 5. Transportation of deer killed in the State is forbidden except such as are killed lawfully in Queens and Suffolk counties, or one accompanied by owner can be transported.
Hares and Rabbits	Nov. 1 to Feb. 1	Cannot be killed or hunted by ferrets, except in nurseries and adjoining fields by occupants or owners.
Moose	Absolute prohibition.	
Squirrels	Aug. 1 to Feb. 1	Unlawful to snare or trap.
Ducks, Geese and Brant	Sept. to May 1	Except in Long Island waters, Oct. 1 to May 1, and Chautauqua County, Sept. 1 to Feb. 1. Cannot be killed between sunset and daylight, nor with any net, device, or other instrument than guns fired from the shoulder, but lantern or other light must not be used.
Quail	Nov. 1 to Jan. 1	Cannot set net, trap, or snare for them. Cannot be killed in Niagara County for 3 years from May 17, 1886.
Woodcock	Sept. 1 to Jan. 1.	
Ruffed Grouse	Sept. 1 to Jan. 1	Netting prohibited.
Pinnated Grouse	Sept. 1 to Jan. 1	Netting prohibited.
Spruce Grouse	No close season	Netting prohibited.
Wild Birds, Song-Birds	Absolute prohibition	Except the English sparrow.
Trout	April 1 to Sept. 1	Except in the counties included in the Forest Preserve (which are Clinton, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Essex, Warren, Herkimer, Hamilton, Lewis, Fulton, Saratoga, Washington, Greene, Delaware, Ulster and Sullivan), wherein it is from May 1 to Sept. 15. Cannot be caught except with hook and line, except in Lake Ontario, Niagara River, and wholly private waters. No net, seine, set-line, or set-pole can be used, except in Lakes Ontario and Keuka. Cannot be caught through the ice nor be disturbed in their spawning beds except in Lake Ontario.
Bass	May 30 to Jan. 1	Except in certain localities, where it is from May 20 to Jan. 1; in Schroon, Mahopac, Paradox and Skaneateles lakes, July 1 to Jan. 1, and Lake George and Brant Lake, Aug. 1 to Jan. 1. Cannot be caught of less than a half pound weight or less than 8 inches long.
Salt Water Striped Bass	No restriction	Except as to size, same as above.
Muskalonge	May 30 to Jan. 1	Except in certain localities it is May 20 to Jan. 1.
Pickerel	No restriction	Except Lake George, which is closed between Feb. 15 and July 1.
Bullheads	No restriction	Except in Lake George and tributaries cannot be caught between April 1 and July 1.
Pike and Perch	May 30 to Jan. 1.	
Shad	March 15 to June 15	In the Hudson River. None may be taken from that river above the northern line of Westchester County from sunset on Saturday to sunrise on the following Monday.

Shooting on Sunday, fishing within eighty rods of State fisheries and fishways, drawing off water to catch fish, pollution of waters, and stocking the Adirondack waters with any fish except of the salmon and trout families, prohibited. For further information, address the Commissioners of Fisheries, Edward P. Doyle, Clerk, Room 56, Fulton Bank Building, New-York.

PENNSYLVANIA.

BIRDS AND ANIMALS.	*Open Season.*
Turkeys	Oct. 15 to Jan. 1
Ducks	Sept. 1 to May 15
Plover	July 15 to Jan. 1
Woodcock	July 4 to Jan. 1
Quail	Nov. 1 to Dec. 15
Ruffed Grouse or Pheasant	Oct. 1 to Jan. 1
Rail and Reed Birds	Sept. 1 to Dec. 1
Snipe and Wild Pigeons	Any time.
Elk and Deer	Oct. 1 to Dec. 15
Squirrels	Sept. 1 to Jan. 1
Hares and Rabbits	Nov. 1 to Jan. 1

FISH.	*Open Season.*
Wall-eyed Pike	May 30 to Jan. 1
Salmon or Speckled Trout	April 15 to July 15
Shad, Delaware River	Aug. 10 to June 11
Lake Trout	Jan. 1 to Oct. 1
Pickerel	June 1 to Dec. 1
Black and Rock Bass	May 30 to Jan. 1
Susquehanna River Shad	May 15 to June 25
Delaware River Shad, above Trenton, fishing with nets prohibited from	Dec. 31 to June 15
Hunting and fishing on Sunday unlawful.	

NEW-JERSEY.

	Open Season.
Ruffed Grouse	Sept. 30 to Dec. 16
Quail	Oct. 31 to Dec. 16
Woodcock	July and Sept. 30 to Dec. 16
Upland Plover	July 31 to Dec. 16
English Snipe	Mar. 1 to April 31, Sept. 31 to Dec. 16
Prairie Chicken	Oct. 31 to Jan. 1
Reed and Rail Bird and Marsh Hen	Aug. 25 to Dec. 16
Wood Duck	Aug. 31 to Jan. 1

	Open Season.
Gray and Black Squirrel	Sept. 14 to Dec. 16
Fox Squirrel	Aug. 31 to Jan. 1
Rabbit and Hare	Oct. 31 to Dec. 16
Deer	Oct. 31 to Dec. 1
Salmon Trout	Mar. 1 to Oct. 1
Brook Trout	Mar. 31 to July 15
Black and Oswego Bass	May 29 to Dec. 1
Pickerel and Pike	April 30 to Mar. 1

In all the States there is a penalty of from $5 to $50 for killing song-birds.

Stock List and Sales of Leading Stocks in 1891.

OUTSTANDING STOCK, BONDED INDEBTEDNESS, AND MILEAGE, JANUARY 1, 1892.
HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES OF SHARES SOLD ON THE NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE IN 1890 AND 1891.

Stocks.	Stock Outstanding.	Bonded Indebtedness.	Date Payment Last Dividend Declared.	Rate per cent. Last Dividend.	Highest and Lowest 1890.		Highest and Lowest 1891.	
Adams Express	$12,000,000	.....	Dec. 1, 1891	2	156	140	150	134
American Cotton Oil Co. Common	21,092,000	$4,000,000	.....	..	32	10	35⅛	15⅞
American Cotton Oil Co. pref.	10,636,300		.....	..	75	27¼	65	33½
American Express	18,000,000	.....	Jan. 2, 1892	3	120	110	123	113
American Sugar Refining Co.*	25,000,000	.....	Jan. 2, 1892	4	87	..	93⅜	57½
American Sugar Refining Co. pref.*	25,000,000	.....		3½	..	..	98	85
American Telegraph & Cable Co.	14,000,000	.....	Sept. 1, 1891	1¼	87	80	83	78½
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé	102,000,000	209,491,400	Nov. 15, 1888	½	50⅜	23½	47½	24⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	79,760,300	39,013,534	.....	..	9½	4⅜	7	4⅜
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh	6,000,000	8,750,500	.....	..	41	15	43⅛	29
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh pref.	6,000,000		Jan. 3, 1888	2½	80	73½	81⅞	74
Canada Southern	15,000,000	19,023,601	Feb. 1, 1892	1¼	61⅛	42	64½	47⅜
Canadian Pacific	65,000,000	47,956,686	Aug. 17, 1891	2½	84¼	67	91½	72¼
Central Pacific	68,000,000	61,852,000	Aug. 1, 1891	1	36½	20⅛	35	28¾
Chesapeake & Ohio V. T. R.	45,990,000	37,002,000	.....	..	27⅛	14½	28	14¼
Chesapeake & Ohio 1st pref.	13,000,000		.....	..	66¾	36	67⅞	41½
Chesapeake & Ohio 2d pref.	12,000,000		.....	..	46⅛	23½	41	21
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	76,392,600	111,459,482	Dec. 15, 1891	1¼	111½	80	110	75¾
Chicago & East Illinois	6,197,800	10,312,000	Mar. 1, 1888	3	46½	26½	73⅛	41¾
Chicago & East Illinois pref.	4,733,100		Jan. 2, 1892	1½	95	70	103½	83
Chicago Gas Company	25,000,000	18,000,000	Dec. 18, 1891	1¼	65	32	71¾	34
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	46,027,261	122,815,000	Apr. 23, 1888	2½	79⅜	44	82⅜	54¾
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pref.	22,198,900		Oct. 22, 1891	3½	123⅛	99¼	123⅞	105½
Chicago & Northwestern	31,377,327	112,570,500	Dec. 26, 1891	3	117	98	118¾	102⅛
Chicago & Northwestern pref.	22,333,170		Dec. 26, 1891	1¾	148	134	142½	130
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific	46,156,000	51,019,000	Feb. 1, 1892	1	98⅝	61½	90⅛	63⅜
Chicago, St. P., Minneap. & Omaha	21,403,293	23,502,979	Jan. 20, 1891	2	36⅞	19	49¾	21
Chicago, St. P., Minneap. & O. pref.	12,646,833		Jan. 20, 1892	3	100⅞	75	113¾	77½
Chicago Stock Yards	*6,202,500	10,000,000	July 15, 1891	5	..	..	80	69
Cleveland, Cin., Chic. & St. L.	28,000,000	48,157,400	Jan. 11, 1892	1½	80¼	55	74½	56¾
Cleveland, Cin., Chic. & St. L. pref.	10,000,000		Jan. 2, 1892	1¼	101	86	98½	90
Colorado Coal & Iron Company	10,000,000	3,449,000	.....	..	54½	29⅛	39¾	27½
Columbus, Hocking Val. & Toledo	11,700,000	16,240,000	Aug. 19, 1885	..	32¾	18½	34¾	22
Consolidated Gas Company	35,430,060	2,912,000	June 15, 1891	2½	107¼	85	104¾	92½
Delaware & Hudson Canal	30,000,000	10,390,000	Dec. 15, 1891	1¾	175	120	141½	118¼
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	26,200,000	3,674,000	Jan. 20, 1892	1¾	149½	123⅜	145⅜	130⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	38,000,000	42,867,500	Feb. 20, 1890	..	21⅞	14½	21	13¼
Denver & Rio Grande pref.	23,650,000		Feb. 16, 1891	2½	61½	45	63⅞	40
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga.	7,500,000	36,640,000	.....	..	11½	6⅛	8¼	5
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. 1st pref.	11,000,000		Nov. 30, 1891	2	81	55	66	40
East Tennessee, Va. & Ga. 2d pref.	18,500,000		.....	..	27¼	13½	19⅛	9⅞
Edison General Electric Co.	14,000,000	.....	Nov. 2, 1891	2	119	65	111	88
Flint & Pere Marquette Common	3,298,200	9,579,000	.....	2	38¼	17	28½	16½
Great Northern pref.	20,000,000	.....	Nov. 2, 1891	1¼	86	60	124½	72
Green Bay, Winona & St. Paul	10,000,000	5,661,830	.....	..	10⅞	3½	12¾	5
Illinois Central	42,095,000	29,618,500	Sept. 1, 1891	2	120	85	109¾	90
Iowa Central	7,973,591	5,900,000	.....	..	12¼	3¾	16	6
Iowa Central pref.	5,505,912		.....	..	33½	17	44½	20
Lake Erie & Western	11,840,000	7,250,000	.....	..	19⅞	10½	24⅛	12½
Lake Erie & Western pref.	11,840,000		Nov. 16, 1891	1	68	44	70	53
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern	49,466,500	46,167,000	Feb. 1, 1892	†2½	114⅛	101	127	105½
Long Island	12,000,000	9,820,703	Nov. 2, 1891	1¼	95	82	99¼	86
Louisville & Nashville	52,800,000	56,177,660	Aug. 1, 1891	2½	92⅛	65½	83⅞	65⅞
Louisville, New-Albany & Chicago	6,400,000	12,800,000	.....	..	54½	17	29½	18
Manhattan Consolidated	29,891,980	33,618,000	Jan. 2, 1892	1½	117	92	109	95
Mexican Central (Limited)	46,902,600	54,463,000	.....	..	31⅛	16	25¼	17⅜
Michigan Central	18,738,204	21,061,000	Feb. 1, 1892	‡2	104¾	83	109⅞	87½
Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western	2,232,700	12,176,000	Feb. 16, 1891	7	104	84	93	70
Milwaukee, L. Shore & West. pref.	5,000,000		Aug. 15, 1891	3½	117	100	133	98½
Minneapolis & St. Louis	6,000,000	9,318,000	.....	..	8	4	9¾	3¾
Minneapolis & St. Louis pref.	4,000,000		.....	..	20	8½	21½	7⅞
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	47,000,000	60,000,000	.....	..	20⅝	9¾	20	11½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pref.	13,000,000		.....	..	31⅛	16½	30	19¾
Missouri Pacific	47,432,850	51,376,000	July 15, 1891	1	79¼	53	77⅛	54¼
Mobile & Ohio	5,320,600	16,339,230	.....	..	31	13	45	26
Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis	10,000,000	12,370,000	Nov. 2, 1891	1¼	106	94	110	79¾
New-Jersey Central	22,412,000	43,677,822	Nov. 2, 1891	1¾	128½	90	121¾	105¼
New-York Central & Hudson R.	89,428,300	63,377,333	Jan. 15, 1892	1¼	111	95¼	119¾	98½
New-York, Chicago & St. Louis	14,000,000		.....	..	18¼	9½	22½	11¼
New-York, Chic. & St. L. 1st pref.	5,000,000	10,681,000	Mar. 2, 1891	3½	75	50	84	57
New-York, Chicago & St. L. 2d pref.	11,000,000		.....	..	42½	19	47½	23
New-York, Lackawanna & Western	10,000,000	17,000,000	Oct. 2, 1889	1¼	115	110	110	104
New-York, Lake Erie & Western	78,000,000	78,550,865	.....	..	29⅛	16	34½	17½
New-York, Lake Erie & West. pref.	8,536,900		Jan. 15, 1892	3	69½	46	77¼	47½

STOCK LIST AND SALES OF LEADING STOCKS IN 1891—*Continued.*

Stocks.	Stock Outstanding.	Bonded Indebtedness.	Date Payment Last Dividend Declared.	Rate per cent. Last Dividend.	Highest and Lowest, 1890.		Highest and Lowest, 1891.	
New-York & New-England Com ...	$20,000,000	$16,386,000	.....	..	52¼	28	43	31
New-York, New-Haven & Hartford.	23,375,000	2,000,000	Oct. 1, 1891	2½	270	244½	271	224½
New York & Harlem.....	10,000,000	12,005,000	Jan. 2, 1892	4	275	250	275	2.0
New-York, Ontario & Western.. ...	58,119,982	9,444,000	.....	..	22¾	13	23⅜	14
New-York, Susquehanna & Western	13,000,000}	8,136,000	.....	.	9	5¾	11¾	6⅝
New-York, Susquehanna & West. pf	8,000,000}		Oct. 26, 1891	1¼	34⅛	21	41⅞	25
North American Company.....	40,000,000	.....	.....	..	47⅜	7	21⅛	11¾
Northern Pacific.....	49,000,000}	124,951,500	.....	..	39½	16¾	30⅞	2.⅛
Northern Pacific preferred.....	36,643,293}		Jan. 15, 1892	1	86	55	78⅞	58
Ontario Silver Mining.....	15,000,000	.....	Dec. 31, 1890	50	47	36	46	38
Oregon Improvement Co.....	17,332,000	10,485,000	Aug. 1, 1890	1	54	11	32¼	15½
Oregon Railway & Navigation..	24,000,000	20,550,000	Jan. 2, 1892	1½	108⅛	74¾	86⅞	65
Oregon Short Line & Utah Nor.....	26,028,719	50,283,000	.....	..	56	16	31¾	19
Pacific Mail	20,000,000	.....	Sept. 15, 1887	1	47⅜	27¼	41¾	31
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville.....	8,400,000	4,845,000	.....	..	24	13	24½	1.½
Peoria & Eastern.....	10,000,000	9,603,000	.....	..	15	6	14⅞	5
Philadelphia & Reading voting ctfs.	39,488,361	138,185,570	.....	..	48½	26¼	43¾	25⅞
Pittsburgh, Cin., Chic. & St. L.....	19,629,800	41,836,000	.....	..	14	12	29½	12
Pittsburgh, Cin., Chic. & St. L. pf...	22,282,400		Nov. 20, 1891	2	55	50	6.¾	48
Pittsburgh & Western pref.....	5,000,000	9,805,935	.....	..	41	34	43½	25
Pullman Palace Car Company... ..	25,000,000	820,000	Nov. 16, 1891	2	222	160	190½	172
Richmond & West Point Term'l.....	70,000,000	16,565,000	.....	..	28¼	13½	19½	8⅛
Richmond & West Point pref.... ...	5,000,000		July 15, 1891	2½	87½	60½	76½	43
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg....	7,668,100	12,672,090	Nov. 16, 1891	1¼	120	95	1.¼	105¾
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute.....	*2,300,000	§3,057,000	.....	..	46½	21	36	26⅛
St. Louis Southwestern.....	16,500,000	28,000,000	.....	..	..	..	11½	6
St. Louis Southwestern pref.....	20,000,000		.....	..	..	..	22	12
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba..	20,000,000	52,505,000	Nov. 1, 1890	1½	115	90	115¼	100
South-Carolina	4,204,160	8,821,984	.....	..	5	1½	9¼	3
Southern Pacific Co.....	116,074,890	.....	.....	..	37¼	22½	44⅛	23
Tennessee, C. I. & R. R. Co.....	9,000,000	5,141,301	May 15, 1887	..	89	28	41¾	24½
Tenn. C. I. & R. R. Co. pref.....	1,000,000	.....	Jan. 15, 1892	4	119	71	98	80
Texas & Pacific.....	38,710,900	50,000,000	.....	..	24½	12	16⅝	10¾
Toledo, A. A. & North Michigan....	6,200,000	5,040,000	.....	..	42½	12	25⅛	13
Union Pacific	60,868,500	122,446,975	April 1, 1884	1¾	68⅞	40	52½	32¼
Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf.....	31,631,382	22,436,000	.....	..	38⅜	17	24½	14
United States Express.....	10,000,000	.....	May 16, 1891	2	90	61	79	40
Wabash.....	28,000,000}	78,000,000	.....	..	15	8⅛	16	8⅝
Wabash preferred.....	24,000,000}		Nov. 5, 1881	1½	31½	15	34½	16⅞
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	6,250,000	.....	Jan. 15, 1892	4	150	135	145	137
Western Union Telegraph	86,200,000	14,779,528	Jan. 15, 1892	1¼	87	71¾	85½	76
Wheeling & Lake Erie.....	6,000,000	6,360,000	.....	..	42⅛	25¾	39¾	29¼
Wheeling & Lake Erie pref.	4,500,000		Nov. 16, 1891	1¼	79½	63	80	67½
Wisconsin Central Co. Common.. ..	12,000,000	12,000,000	....	..	36⅜	14½	23¾	15

* Common stock. † Also extra dividend of 1 per cent. ‡ Also extra dividend of 1½ per cent. Extra dividend of ¼ of 1 per cent. on New-York Central. Extra dividend of ½ on Canada Southern. New-York Central, New-York, Lake Erie & Western preferred, and Lake Shore, extra dividend.

The tabular statistics above were compiled from Bradstreet's.

SALES OF STOCKS.

The following were the aggregate sales during the year of each of the stocks of which more than one hundred and fifty thousand and less than a million were sold on the Stock Exchange: Wabash, preferred, 890,704; National Lead Trust, 853,609; National Cordage, common, 801,198; Chicago and Northwest, 607,242; Lake Shore, 558,946; Ontario and Western, 576,178; Distilling and Cattle Feeding Company, 548,056; Western Union, 511,470; Canada Southern, 504,452; Wheeling and Lake Erie, common, 495,692; Pacific Mail, 407,552; Chesapeake and Ohio, 401,533; New-York Central, 365,057; Wheeling and Lake Erie, preferred, 308,485; American Cotton Oil, common, 304,497; Tennessee Coal and Iron, 253,205; Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo, 225,711; Delaware and Hudson, 215,541; New-Jersey Central, 208,635; Colorado Coal, 204,835; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, preferred, 201,119; St. Paul and Omaha, 203,290; Louisville, N. A. and Chicago, 191,816; Lake Erie and Western, common, 191,330; Lake Erie and Western, preferred, 187,158; Southern Pacific, 178,272; Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh, 171,796; Wabash, 156,358; New-York, Susquehanna and Western, preferred, 155,814.

The following were the aggregate sales during the year of each of the stocks of which more than a million shares were sold on the Stock Exchange: Northern Pacific, common, 1,027,467; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad, 1,075,009; New-York and New-England Railroad, 1,180,207; North American Company, 1,251,161; Richmond Terminal, common, 1,549,736; American Sugar Refinery, 1,731,575; Philadelphia and Reading, 1,773,932; New-York, Lake Erie and Western, 2,176,246; Missouri Pacific, 2,250,011; Delaware, Lackawana and Western, 2,339,102; Louisville and Nashville Railroad, 2,886,036; Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, 3,302,551; Chicago Gas Company, 3,049,419; Northern Pacific, preferred, 3,129,415; Union Pacific, 4,030,785; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 4,283,257; Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé, 5,965,896; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, common, 8,083,875.

The total sales of shares at the New-York Stock Exchange in 1891 were 66,048,217; in 1890 were 56,126,365; in 1889 were 60,823,904; in 1888 were 62,845,772; in 1887 were 85,921,028; in 1886 were 102,832,804; in 1885, 90,920,707; in 1884, 96,865,325; in 1883, 96,037,905; in 1882, 113,720,655; in 1881, 113,392,685; in 1880, 97,200,000; and in 1879, 74,166,652.

The Fleet of Transatlantic Steamers.

Steamships.	Built. Year.	Built. Place.	Builders.	Tonnage. Net.	Tonnage. Gross.	Horse Power. Indicated.	Horse Power. Registered.	Commander.	Dimensions in Feet. Length.	Dimensions in Feet. Breadth.	Dimensions in Feet. Depth.
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.			**ANCHOR LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1852.**		
City of Rome*†..	1881	Barrow.....	Barrow S. B. Co.....	3,453	8,144	....	1,500	Young.....	561	53	37
Anchoria.....	1874	Barrow.....	Barrow S. B. Co.....	2,713	4,168	...	617	Campbell....	408	40	34
Bolivia.....	1873	Port Glasg'w	R. Duncan & Co.....	2,626	4,050	....	1,120	Baxter.....	400	40	25
Circassia.....	1878	Barrow... .	Barrow S. B. Co.....	2,770	4,272	....	600	Hedderwick..	400	42	25
Devonia.....	1877	Barrow.....	Barrow S. B. Co.....	2,772	4,270	....	600	Craig.....	400	42	25
Ethiopia.....	1873	Glasgow....	A. Stephen & Son....	2,604	4,005	....	720	Wilson, R.N.R.	402	42	25
Furnessia.....	1880	Barrow.....	Barrow S. B. Co.....	2,613	5,495	....	600	Harris.....	445	45	35
NEW-YORK AND BORDEAUX.			**BORDEAUX LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1880.**		
Chateau Lafite...	1881	Southampt'n	Blakely, Mordaunt & Co.	2,253	3,462	....	450	Chabot.....	366	41	22
Panama.....	1881	Sunderland..	Osbourne, Graham & Co.	2,118	1,357	....	180	Chabot.....	281	36	..
Tancarville.....	1881	Newcastle...	Campbell & Mackintosh	2,255	1,463	....	200	Courcet.....	285	36	..
NEW-YORK [BOSTON] AND LIVERPOOL.			**CUNARD LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1840.**		
Etruria*.....	1885	Fairfield....	John Elder & Co.....	3,257	7,718	....	2,500	Hains.....	501.6	57.2	38.2
Umbria.....	1884	Fairfield ...	John Elder & Co.....	3,245	7,718	...	2,500	McKay.....	501.6	57.2	38.2
Aurania.....	1883	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	4,029	7,268	....	1,500	Walker.....	470	57.2	37.2
Servia.....	1881	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	3,971	7,391	....	1,000	Dutton.....	515	52.1	37
Gallia.....	1879	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	3,081	4,808	....	700	Ferguson.....	430.1	44.6	34.4
Bothnia.....	1874	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	2,923	4,535	...	600	Hewitson....	422.3	42.2	34.5
Scythia.....	1875	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	2,906	4,556	....	600	Watt.....	420.8	42.2	34.6
Pavonia.....	1882	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	3,489	5,887	....	700	A. McKay...	430.5	46.4	34.9
Cephalonia.....	1882	Birkenhead.	Laird Bros.....	3,189	5,517	....	700	Seccombe...	430.6	46.5	34.5
Catalonia.....	1881	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	3,093	4,841	....	600	Atkin.....	429.6	43	34
NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.			**FRENCH LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1860.**		
La Touraine.....	1890	St. Nazaire.	CieGle Transatlantique	....	8,000	12000	....	Frangeul....	536	55	38
La Gascogne.....	1886	Toulon	Soc des Forges, etc....	4,118	7,283	9,000	....	Santelli.....	508	52	38
La Bourgogne*...	1886	Toulon	Soc des Forges, etc....	4,171	7,303	9,000	....	Le Boeuf....	508	52	38
La Champagne. .	1886	St. Nazaire.	CieGle Transatlantique	3,906	6,922	9,000	....	Boyer.....	508	51	38
La Bretagne.....	1886	St. Nazaire.	CieGle Transatlantique	3,889	6,920	9,000	....	Collier.....	508	51	38
La Normandie...	1882	Barrow, Eng	.....	3,475	6,217	6,500	....	Laurent..	459	50	34
NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL.			**GUION LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1842.**		
Alaska.....	1881	Glasgow....	John Elder & Co.....	3,579	6,250	11000	1,800	Murray.....	500	50	40
Arizona.....	1879	Glasgow....	John Elder & Co.....	2,928	5,147	6,000	1,200	Brooks.....	464	46	37
Nevada.....	1868	Jarrow	Palmers.....	2,355	3,617	2,800	400	Cushing.....	347	43	35
Wisconsin.....	1870	Jarrow	Palmers.....	2,386	3,700	3,000	600	Worrall.....	378	43	32
Wyoming.....	1870	Jarrow	Palmers.....	2,415	3,723	3,000	600	Rigby.....	366	43	32
NEW-YORK, SOUTHAMPTON AND HAMBURG.			**HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1847.**		
Fürst Bismarck ..	Bdg	Stettin.....	Vulcan S. B. Co.....	....	12,000	16400	....	Albers.....	520	58	40
Normannia*.....	1890	Glasgow....	Fairfield S. B. Co. ...	....	12000	16,000	....	Hebich.....	520	57	40
Augusta Victoria.	1889	Stettin.....	Vulcan S. B. Co.....	....	10000	12500	....	Barends.....	460	56	38
Columbia.....	1889	Birkenhead.	Laird Bros.....	....	10000	12500	....	Vogelgesang.	60	56	38
Scandia.....	1889	Stettin.....	Vulcan S. B. Co.....	2,926	4,372	....	700	Kopff.....	374	44	27
Wieland	1874	Glasgow....	A. Stephen & Son.....	....	3,524	....	600	Barends.....	384	4	32
Gellert.....	1874	Glasgow....	A. Stephen & Son.....	....	3,533	....	600	Kaenpf.....	374	40	24
Suevia.....	1874	Greenock ...	Caird & Co.....	....	3,609	....	500	Ludwig.....	364	41	33
Rugia.....	1882	Stettin.....	Vulcan S. B. Co.....	....	3,467	....	400	Karlowa.....	357	43	28
Rhaetia.....	1883	Hamburg...	Reverstege Ges.....	....	3,553	....	425	Kuhlewein..	351	43	29
Bohemia.....	1881	Glasgow....	A. J. Inglis.....	....	3,410	....	360	Leithauser...	351	40	23
Moravia.....	1883	Glasgow....	A. J. Inglis	....	3,739	....	310	Winckler ...	360	40	22
Slavonia.....	1883	Middlesbro .	R. Dixon & Co.....	....	2,274	....	250	Reuter.....	300	37	25
Polaria	1882	Newcastle ..	C. Mitchell & Co.....	....	2,724	....	300	Schroeder ...	300	38	24
Polynesia.....	1881	Newcastle ..	C. Mitchell & Co.....	....	2,190	....	270	Franck	298	36	23
Russia.....	1889	Birkenhead.	Laird Bros.....	2,732	4,017	....	700	Schmidt	374	41	22
Italia	1889	Newcastle ..	Mitchell & Co	2,263	3,498	....	400	Schmidt	344	41	29
NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.			**INMAN LINE.**						**ESTABLISHED 1856.**		
City of Paris.....	1889	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	5,581	10499	20000	2,000	Watkins.....	583	63	57
City of New-York.	1888	Glasgow....	J. & G. Thomson.....	5,739	10499	20000	2,000	Lewis.....	580	63	57
City of Berlin....	1874	Greenock ...	Caird & Co.....	3,302	5,526	....	1,000	Land.....	510	44	34
City of Chicago...	1883	Glasgow....	C. Connell & Co.....	3,383	5,202	....	900	Redford	430	45	33
City of Chester...	1873	Greenock ...	Caird & Co.....	2,944	4,770	....	850	Lewis.....	444	44	34
City of Richmond.	1873	Glasgow....	Tod & McGregor	2,957	4,780	....	700	Bond.....	440	43	34

* Commodore steamers. † The service of the City of Rome is between New-York and Liverpool; of the other steamers of the line between New-York and Glasgow.

THE FLEET OF TRANSATLANTIC STEAMERS—*Continued.*

Steamships.	Built. Year.	Built. Place.	Builders.	Tonnage. Net.	Tonnage. Gross.	Horse Power. Indicated.	Horse Power. Registered.	Commander.	Dimensions in Feet. Length.	Dimensions in Feet. Breadth.	Dimensions in Feet. Depth.
AMSTERDAM-NETHERLANDS LINE.											
New-York-Boulogne and Rotterdam.									Established 1874.		
Spaarndam*	1881	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,123	4,539	....	600	Bonjer	430	42	31
Maasdam	1872	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,702	3,984	....	600	A. Potjer	420	41	31
Veendam	1872	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,438	3.707	....	600	Van der Zee	420	41	31
Werkendam	1881	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,651	3,657	....	400	W. Bakker	410	39	29
Amsterdam	1879	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,681	3.627	....	400	A. Potjer	411	39	29
Oudam	1880	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,277	3,558	....	400	G. Bakker	411	39	29
Rotterdam	1878	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,361	3,329	....	350	Roggeveen	390	38	29
Didam	1891	Rotterdam	Fabrick Feyenoord	1.773	2,750	....	600	Ponsen	340	40	29
Dubbeldam	1891	Rotterdam	Brown & Mees	1,773	2,750	....	600	Potjer	340	40	29
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.											
New-York, Southampton and Bremen.									Established 1857.		
Kaiser Wilhelm II	1888	Stettin	Vulcan Shipb'ding Co.	4,776	6.990	5,600	....	Stoermer	450	49.6	27
Spree	1890	Stettin	Vulcan Shipb'ding Co.	3,769	6,963	13.000	....	Willigerod.	462	49.3	34
Havel	1890	Stettin	Vulcan Shipb'ding Co.	3,769	6,963	13.000	....	Jüngst	462	49.3	34
Lahn*	1887	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,879	5,581	8,800	....	Helmers	448	49	34
Saale	1886	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,779	5,381	7,500	....	Richter	439	48	34
Trave	1886	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,779	5,381	7,500	....	Willigerod	438	48	34
Aller	1885	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,779	5,381	7,500	....	Christoffers	438	48	34
Ems	1884	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,893	5,192	7.000	....	Jüngst	429	47	34
Eider	1883	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,952	4.719	7,000	....	Bauer	429	47	34
Elbe	1881	Fairfield	Fairfield E. & S. B. Co.	2,810	4,510	5,600	....	Meyer	418	44	35
New-York and Antwerp.			RED STAR LINE.						Established 1873.		
Friesland*	1889	Glasgow	J. & G. Thomson	4.560	7,116	....	800	Randle	479	51	35
Westerland	1883	Birkenhead	Laird Bros	3.691	5,736	....	700	Jamison	449	47	35
Noordland	1883	Birkenhead	Laird Bros	3,316	5,212	....	500	Nickels	400	47	35
Waesland	1867	Glasgow	J. & G. Thomson	3,054	4,752	....	500	Grant	435	42	30
Bergenland	1878	Barrow	Barrow S. B. Co	2,364	3,692	....	600	Bence	402	40	30
Rhynland	1879	Barrow	Barrow S. B. Co	2,360	3,689	....	600	Weyer	402	40	30
Pennland	1870	Glasgow	J. & G. Thomson	2,511	3,760	....	500	Buschmann	361	41	26
Switzerland	1874	Newcastle	Palmer's Co., Ltd	2,104	2,816	....	290	Mills	329	38	30
Nederland	1873	Newcastle	Palmer's Co., Ltd	1,819	2,839	....	290	Ehoft	329	38	30
New-York and Glasgow.			STATE LINE.						Established 1872.		
St. of California	B'g			....	6,000	....	....		400	46	32
St. of Nebraska*	1880			2,577	3,985	....	650	Braes	385	43	32
St. of Indiana	1874			1,612	2,528	....	400	Ritchie	329	36	28
St. of Georgia	1873			1,604	2,490	....	400	Moodie	330	36	31
St. of Nevada	1874			1,588	2,488	....	400	Stewart	332	36	28
St. of Pennsyl'via	1873			1,533	2,472	....	400	Mann	331	36	21
New-York and Antwerp.			WHITE CROSS LINE.						Established 1873.		
Hermann	1881	Sunderland	Sunderland S. B. Co	1,879	2,865	....	220	Meyer	322	40	22
De Ruyter	1873	Glasgow	A. Stephen & Son	1,618	2,304	....	250	Braens	316	35	27
New-York and Liverpool.			WHITE STAR LINE.						Established 1870.		
Teutonic	1889	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	4,244	9,685	16,000	2,400	Irving	582	57½	39
Majestic*	1889	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	4,340	9,861	16,000	2,400	Parsell	582	57½	39
Britannic	1874	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,152	5,004	4,500	760	Smith	455	45	33
Germanic	1874	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,150	5,008	4,500	760	Cameron	455	45	33
Adriatic	1871	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,458	3,888	3,500	600		437	40	31
Celtic	1872	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	2,439	3,867	3,500	600		437	40	31
Runic	1889	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,040	4,649	2,358	520	Thompson	430	45	30
Cufic	1888	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,055	4,639	2,358	520	Jones	430	45	30
Nomadic	1891	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,678	5,749	3,200	600	Nicol	460	49	31
Tauric	1891	Belfast	Harland & Wolff	3,663	5,749	3,200	600	Roberts	460	49	31
New-York and Hull.			WILSON LINE.						Established 1840.		
Persian Monarch	1880	Dumbarton	A. McMillan & Son	2,569	3,923	2,000	500	Bristow	360	43	25
Lydian Monarch	1881	Dumbarton	A. McMillan & Son	2,595	3,987	2,000	500	Huggett	360	43	25
Egyp'an Monarch	1880	Dumbarton	A. McMillan & Son	2,552	3,916	2,000	500	Morgan	360	43	25
Rialto	1878	Dumbarton	A. McMillan & Son	1,799	2,329	....	....	Kerr	301	34	25

* Commodore steamers.

Fastest Atlantic Ocean Passages.

	Steamer.	Line.	Date.	D.	H.	M.
Queenstown to New-York	Teutonic.	White Star.	Aug. 14-19, 1891.	5	16	31
New-York to Queenstown	Teutonic.	White Star.	Oct. 21-27, 1891.	5	21	3
Southampton to New-York	Fürst Bismarck.	Hamburg.	May 9-15, 1891.	6	14	15
New-York to Southampton	Fürst Bismarck.	Hamburg.	June 18-25, 1891.	6	12	54
Havre to New-York	La Touraine.	French.	June 20-27, 1891.	6	16	34
New-York to Havre	La Bourgogne.	French.	Sept. 21-29, 1889.	7	7	30

BEST RECORDS OF OTHER LINES.

Line.	Route.	Steamer.	Date.	D.	H.	M.
North-German Lloyd	New-York to Southampton.	Havel.	Sept. 8-15, 1891.	6	19	3
" " "	Southampton to New-York.	Spree.	Aug. 12-19, 1891.	6	21	22
Guion	New-York to Queenstown.	Alaska.	Sept. 12-19, 1882.	6	18	37
"	Queenstown to New-York.	Alaska.	Sept. 16-22, 1883.	6	21	40
Cunard	Queenstown to New-York.	Etruria.	Sept. 1-7, 1889.	6	1	50
"	New-York to Queenstown.	Umbria.	Nov. 12-18, 1888.	6	3	4
Inman	Queenstown to New-York.	City of Paris.	Aug. 22-27, 1889.	5	19	18
"	New-York to Queenstown.	City of Paris.	Dec. 25-31, 1889.	5	22	50
Anchor	Queenstown to New-York.	City of Rome.	Aug. 18-24, 1886.	6	20	35
"	New-York to Queenstown.	City of Rome.	Aug. 13-19, 1885.	6	18	25

Approximate Distances: Sandy Hook (Light-ship), New-York, to Queenstown (Roche's Point), 2,800 miles; to Southampton, 3,100 miles; Havre, 3,170 miles.

Funnel Marks and Flags of Transatlantic Lines.

Lines.	Funnel Marks.	House Flags.
Amsterdam	Black, with green, white and green bands	Green, white and green, N. A. S. M. in black letters in the white.
Anchor	Black	White swallowtail flag, with red anchor.
Bordeaux	White, with black top	White, red border, three red crescents in centre, blue letters C. B. N. V. in corners.
Bristol	Black, red band, blue and white circle, black top	Red, with blue and white ball in centre.
Cunard	Red, with black rings and black top.	Red flag, with golden lion in centre.
French	Red, with black top	White flag, red ball in corner, with company's name.
Guion	Black, with red band, near the top	Blue flag, with white diamond in centre, containing a black star.
Hamburg-American	Express service, yellow; regular, black	White and blue flag, with an anchor and yellow shield bearing the letters H. A. P. A. G.
Inman	Black, white band, black top	White swallowtail, I. & I. in red letters.
National	White, with black top	Union-jack in square red field, blue and white cross in centre.
North German Lloyd	Cream	White flag, blue key and anchor crossed in centre of an oak leaf wreath, black.
Red Star	Cream, with red star, black top	White swallowtail flag, with red star.
Rotterdam	Black, with white band	One white and two green stripes, N. A. S. M. in centre.
State	Buff, with red ring under black top	Blue swallowtail flag, with red and white stripes at top and bottom, and letter S. in star in centre.
Thingvalla	Yellow, with white band and blue star	White, with seven-pointed blue star.
White Cross	Black	Red, with white cross in centre.
White Star	Cream, with black top	Red swallowtail flag, containing white star.
Wilson	Red, with black top	White pennant, with red ball.

Transportation of the Mails, Average Time.

THE Post-Office Department reports the average time occupied per trip by mail steamers of the transatlantic service, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, as follows:

NEW-YORK TO LONDON.

Steamers.	Trips.	Average time occupied per trip (hours).	Steamers.	Trips.	Average time occupied per trip (hours).	Steamers.	Trips.	Average time occupied per trip (hours).	Steamers.	Trips.	Average time occupied per trip (hours).
Fürst Bismarck	2	169.4	City of Paris	2	185.1	Ems	11	200.3	City of Rome	3	202.3
Columbia	8	173.6	City of Berlin	1	231.0	Fulda	9	206.5	Alaska	5	209.9
Normannia	8	177.5	City of Chicago	3	259.8	Eider	12	206.8	Arizona	4	212.5
Augusta Victoria	8	185.6	City of Chester	1	261.0	Kaiser Wilhelm II	3	215.0	Nevada	3	260.2
Teutonic	11	178.1	Havel	5	183.7	Elbe	4	218.2	Wyoming	1	268.7
Majestic	12	180.0	Spree	8	185.2	Etruria	12	186.2	Wisconsin	3	281.1
Britannic	8	214.5	Lahn	13	189.4	Umbria	13	186.6	La Bretagne	12	205.6
Germanic	9	217.9	Trave	11	201.3	Servia	12	213.4	La Champagne	16	205.9
Celtic	2	235.5	Aller	12	201.9	Auranla	9	214.2	La Gascogne	9	207.6
Adriatic	3	238.0	Saale	10	203.9	Gallia	2	229.0	La Bourgogne	12	209.4
City of New-York	10	180.3	Werra	12	206.2	Bothnia	1	256.3	La Normandie	8	224.2

The figures represent the time from the delivery of the mails to the steamer from the New-York Post-Office until the receipt of them at the foreign post-office. The time of the French steamers is to Paris.

The Common Schools of the United States.

(Prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the United States Bureau of Education.)

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Population, 1890.	Pupils Enrolled in Public Schools, excluding Duplicates.	Average Daily Attendance.	Average Length of School Term in Days.	Salaries of Superintendents and Teachers.	Total Expenditure for Public Schools.	Percentage of Population Enrolled.	Expended per Capita of Population.
N. Atlantic Division.								
Maine	661,086	139,676	98,364	112	$815,000	$1,327,553	21.13	$2.01
New-Hampshire	376,530	59,813	41,526	117.7	514,872	844,333	15.89	2.24
Vermont	332,422	65,608	45.887	136	539,202	711,072	19.74	2.14
Massachusetts	2,238,943	371,492	273.910	177	5,324,000	8,286,062	16.59	3.70
Rhode-Island	345,506	52,774	33,905	188	568,297	884,966	15.27	2.56
Connecticut	746,258	126,505	83,656	182.5	1,363,263	2,157,014	16.95	2.89
New-York	5.997,853	1,042,160	642,984	186.5	10,535,166	17,543,880	17.37	2.92
New-Jersey	1,444,933	234,072	133,286	192	2,238,000	3,323,067	16.20	2.36
Pennsylvania	5,258,014	1,020,522	682,941	147.6	6,937,690	12,928,422	19.41	2.46
S. Atlantic Division.								
Delaware	108,493	31,434	19,649	166	202,893	246,718	18.66	1.51
Maryland	1,042,390	184,251	112,351	184	1,492,369	1,910,663	17.68	1.83
District of Columbia	230,392	36,906	28,184	178	513,101	905,777	16.02	3.93
Virginia	1,655,980	342,269	198,290	118	1,313,724	1,606,509	20.67	.97
West-Virginia	762,794	193,064	121,700	97	853,204	1,198,493	25.31	1.57
North-Carolina	1,617,947	322,533	203,100	59.2	574,747	714,900	19.93	.44
South-Carolina	1,151,149	201,260	147,799	69.6	404,584	460,399	17.49	.41
Georgia	1,837,353	342,562	230,384	70.4	876,931	959,881	19.00	.53
Florida	391,422	92,472	64,819	120	372,074	516,533	23.63	1.32
S. Central Division.								
Kentucky	1,858,635	408,966	231,233	94	1,906,162	2,260,467	22.00	1.22
Tennessee	1,767,518	447,950	323,548	86	1,215,836	1,526,241	25.34	.86
Alabama	1,513,017	301,615	182,467	73.5	660,000	890.000	19.93	.59
Mississippi	1,289,600	325,862	200,790	83	966,591	1,107,970	25.27	.86
Louisiana	1,118,587	132,593	92,066	104.8	545,059	817,110	12.09	.73
Texas	2,235,523	466,872	291,941	100	2,631,252	3,178,300	20.88	1.42
Arkansas	1,128,179	223,071	148,714	75	869,899	1,016,776	19.77	.90
Oklahoma	61,834	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	....
N. Central Division.								
Ohio	3,672,316	797,439	549,269	166.5	6,976,722	10,602,238	21.72	2.89
Indiana	2,192,404	512,955	342,275	130	4,100,614	5,245,218	23.40	2.39
Illinois	3,826,351	778,319	538,310	148	7,349.044	11,645,126	20.34	3.04
Michigan	2,093,889	427,032	282,000	156	3.323,882	5,349.366	20.39	2.55
Wisconsin	1,686,880	351,723	200,457	158.6	2,567,407	3,801,212	20.84	2.25
Minnesota	1,301,826	280,960	127,025	128	2,528,609	4,187,310	21.58	3.22
Iowa	1,911,896	493,267	306.309	156	4,318,871	6,382,953	25.79	3.34
Missouri	2,679,184	620,314	384,627	129.4	3,472,225	5,434.262	23.15	2.03
North-Dakota	182,719	35,543	20,694	113	381,472	626,949	19.45	3.43
South-Dakota	328,808	78,043	48,327	145	808,702	1,199,630	23.74	3.65
Nebraska	1,058,910	240,300	146,139	140	2,126,661	3.376,332	22.69	3.19
Kansas	1,427,096	399,322	243,300	135	3,021,066	4,972,967	27.98	3.49
Western Division.								
Montana	132.159	16,980	10,596	142.7	226,508	364,084	12.85	2.76
Wyoming	60,705	7,052	4,300	119	100,000	140,000	11.62	2.86
Colorado	412,198	65,490	38,715	144.4	818,605	1,681,379	15.88	4.08
New-Mexico	153,593	18,215	12,000	63	66,000	87,000	11.86	.61
Arizona	59,620	7,989	4,702	126	127,608	181,914	13.40	3.05
Utah	207,905	37,279	20,967	133	193,951	394,685	17.93	1.90
Nevada	45,761	7,387	5,064	140	135,800	161,481	16.14	3.53
Idaho	84,385	14,311	9,500	69.8	121,582	169,020	16.95	2.00
Washington	349,390	55,964	36,946	97.2	442,678	958,111	16.02	2.74
Oregon	313,767	63,254	43,333	118.2	578,761	805,979	20.16	2.57
California	1,208,130	221,756	146,589	157.6	3,662,654	5,187,162	18.36	4.29
Total, N. Atl. Div.	17,401,545	3,112,622	2,036,459	166.6	$28,835,490	$48,006,369	17.89	$2.76
" S. Atl. Div.	8,857,920	1,746,751	1,116,276	97.2	6,603,627	8,519,873	19.72	.96
" S. Cent. Div.	10,972,893	2,306,929	1,470,759	88.1	8,794,799	10,796,864	21.02	.98
" N. Cent. Div.	22,362,279	5,015,217	3,188,732	147.9	40,975,275	62,823,563	22.43	2.81
" West. Div.	3,027,613	515,677	332,712	135.1	6,474,147	10,130,815	17.03	3.35
" United States.	62,622,250	12,697,196	8,144,938	134.3	$91,683,338	$140,277,484	20.27	$2.24

These returns are for the year 1890.

Statistics of Education.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(Prepared for The World Almanac by the United States Bureau of Education.)

States and Territories. 1890.	Institutions.	Professors and Instructors.				Students.					Number of Endowed Professorships.	Volumes in Libraries.
		Preparatory Department.	Collegiate Department.	Professional Departments.	Total Number.	Preparatory Department.	Collegiate Department.	Graduate Department.	Professional Departments.	Total Number.		
North Atlantic Division.												
Maine	3	..	38	15	53	....	476	..	93	569	4	76,614
New-Hampshire	1	..	19	15	47	....	256	..	74	417	10	70,000
Vermont	2	..	24	21	51	....	186	..	201	532	5	56,000
Massachusetts	9	11	114	89	503	112	2,729	283	1,119	4,474	48	547,100
Rhode-Island	1	..	22	..	22	....	276	9	....	285	3	68,000
Connecticut	3	..	85	58	182	....	1,099	87	301	1,846	42	269,698
New-York	22	96	397	254	796	2,372	4,605	391	2,356	10,530	42	504,005
New-Jersey	4	4	86	1	91	52	955	118	2	1,141	10	93,262
Pennsylvania	27	78	318	168	547	1,955	3,385	146	1,247	7,141	54	320,986
South Atlantic Division.												
Delaware	1	..	8	..	8	....	82	..	....	82	..	4,100
Maryland	10	42	141	6	194	547	831	236	27	1,823	3	95,700
Dist. of Columbia	4	43	50	84	178	288	317	..	835	1,576	1	68,000
Virginia	8	7	72	13	107	98	1,042	17	321	1,444	21	116,900
West-Virginia	3	10	21	2	29	198	205	..	10	427	3	9,200
North-Carolina	10	11	78	18	101	579	1,045	14	165	1,954	2	73,500
South-Carolina	9	22	65	13	93	413	587	19	85	1,484	..	47,800
Georgia	7	35	50	21	101	922	639	1	169	1,731	11	40,800
Florida	4	16	18	..	32	268	81	..	....	349	..	5,675
South Central Division.												
Kentucky	14	34	94	28	165	754	1,196	4	186	3,358	12	51,000
Tennessee	20	63	139	127	309	1,940	1,552	24	1,089	4,911	11	103,631
Alabama	6	10	43	3	75	729	712	4	46	1,491	..	25,700
Mississippi	6	8	29	1	60	384	541	13	16	1,352	..	25,000
Louisiana	12	83	104	41	221	2,442	899	14	489	4,395	..	97,376
Texas	11	27	70	4	128	1,087	1,258	7	88	3,254	4	19,937
Arkansas	4	1	4	..	28	118	15	1	44	627	..	1,950
North Central Division.												
Ohio	37	156	282	117	657	4,122	3,661	198	1,094	11,248	41	285,713
Indiana	14	62	144	22	257	1,605	1,825	49	233	4,057	17	121,520
Illinois	28	147	229	156	584	3,350	2,360	51	1,767	9,950	15	190,375
Michigan	11	32	151	52	253	1,420	1,886	85	1,280	5,081	36	137,989
Wisconsin	8	19	126	15	156	699	1,224	23	273	2,316	11	90,180
Minnesota	9	10	79	90	192	789	907	71	341	2,375	9	49,839
Iowa	21	97	191	95	376	2,753	1,888	35	568	6,213	23	97,156
Missouri	27	107	197	56	417	2,690	2,266	18	478	6,554	17	135,682
North-Dakota	2	..	18	..	18	133	26	..	....	263	..	3,500
South-Dakota	5	8	42	..	61	445	129	4	....	980	..	9,800
Nebraska	7	24	77	1	91	510	471	22	8	1,187	6	22,104
Kansas	15	73	119	20	222	2,342	808	17	153	4,258	3	57,741
Western Division.												
Montana	1	2	6	..	8	66	14	..	....	80	..	1,200
Wyoming	1	..	..	..	12	44	9	..	....	80	..	1,500
Colorado	4	24	35	41	96	332	119	7	23	1,195	..	18,040
New-Mexico	1	7	..	..	7	165	....	..	....	165	..	.....
Arizona	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	....	..	.....
Utah	1	10	9	..	20	303	79	..	....	357	..	8,500
Nevada	1	2	8	..	10	87	50	..	....	137	..	3,000
Idaho	..	..	..	..	..	....	....	..	....	....	..	.....
Washington	3	9	19	..	24	372	57	..	....	474	..	6,650
Oregon	6	10	31	47	89	482	301	..	111	1,082	3	16,700
California	12	31	136	61	247	1,448	1,084	30	319	3,336	4	102,930
Tot. N. Atlantic Div.	72	189	1,103	621	2,292	4,491	13,967	1,034	5,393	26,935	218	2,005,665
" S. Atlantic Div.	56	186	503	157	843	3,313	4,829	287	1,612	10,870	41	461,675
" S.-Central Div.	73	226	483	204	986	7,454	6,173	67	1,958	19,388	27	324,594
" N.-Central Div.	184	735	1,655	624	3,284	20,858	17,451	573	6,195	54,482	178	1,201,599
" Western Div.	30	95	244	149	513	3,299	1,713	37	453	6,906	7	158,520
" United States	415	1,431	3,988	1,755	7,918	39,415	44,133	1,993	15,611	118,581	471	4,152,053

Statistics of Education.

(Continued.)

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES.

(Prepared for The World Almanac by the United States Board of Education.)

States and Territories. 1890.	Value of Scientific Apparatus.	Value of Grounds and Buildings.	Permanent Productive Funds.	Income for the Year. From Productive Funds.	From State or Municipal Aid.	From Tuition Fees.	Total Income.	Benefactions.
North Atlantic Division.								
Maine	$80,000	$650,000	$1,245,000	$64,591	.....	$30,395	$94,986	$31,150
New-Hampshire	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Vermont	125,000	375,000	529,436	22,501	$8,400	5,383	48,003	121,050
Massachusetts	1,020,000	5,013,000	7,641,083	576,304	.....	438,931	1,424,872	807,813
Rhode-Island	.....	625,000	980,836	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Connecticut	109,630	1,400,000	4,710,811	232,682	.....	235,821	496,096	567,453
New-York	2,005,733	7,659,374	16,362,158	860,354	149,118	542,434	1,738,757	682,262
New-Jersey	51,200	495,000	.....	39,400	.....	14,000	58,100	.....
Pennsylvania	619,300	5,599,000	4,686,241	264,566	.....	332,872	639,130	522,325
South Atlantic Division.								
Delaware	000	75,000	83,000	4,980	.....	360	7,140	.....
Maryland	204,050	1,449,900	3,035,000	52,250	14,675	100,222	168,127	123,829
District of Columbia	30,000	1,000,000	430,000	25,512	23,000	77,216	134,775	16,360
Virginia	340,800	1,681,100	1,391,048	77,116	40,000	80,540	222,431	154,000
West-Virginia	20,200	235,000	188,150	11,409	25,000	5,500	41,909	15,100
North-Carolina	131,000	827,500	357,806	25,271	20,125	46,454	111,049	160,000
South-Carolina	39,000	600,000	203,000	16,580	53,050	28,360	123,040	6,215
Georgia	97,300	848,000	775,202	50,949	1,065	19,000	92,514	51,049
Florida	8,075	75,000	20,000	1,000	.....	7,330	19,821	20,414
South Central Division.								
Kentucky	74,500	779,750	1,177,000	67,750	400	70,488	140,966	136,000
Tennessee	233,550	2,175,000	1,847,400	121,100	800	151,092	364,324	117,685
Alabama	60,500	922,000	325,000	25,500	.....	22,784	82,524	12,600
Mississippi	58,550	409,500	574,000	33,743	300	22,034	61,247	25,000
Louisiana	89,950	1,131,533	1,616,313	105,255	17,500	76,778	209,883	142,395
Texas	61,081	832,800	662,000	43,800	12,500	65,856	139,228	32,244
Arkansas	740	103,000	.....	.....	.....	10,031	13,181	.....
North Central Division.								
Ohio	478,953	5,001,235	5,072,062	284,904	126,600	222,273	738,344	361,757
Indiana	217,300	2,025,000	1,711,129	99,253	23,000	100,154	232,241	178,000
Illinois	270,800	3,187,825	3,849,569	203,411	46,044	213,990	628,018	263,278
Michigan	675,527	1,694,865	1,508,062	103,724	194,820	154,053	500,133	179,399
Wisconsin	214,663	2,418,500	891,516	63,092	112,570	61,613	315,160	235,355
Minnesota	219,138	2,437,824	1,324,876	63,537	65,000	41,613	228,749	121,802
Iowa	126,225	1,964,000	1,231,714	81,043	54,000	136,218	328,101	401,200
Missouri	236,550	2,381,000	1,975,207	119,938	34,400	237,905	399,213	73,042
North-Dakota	10,000	180,000	25,000	3,000	23,400	1,800	32,100	30,025
South-Dakota	29,720	355,000	11,000	1,000	36,850	6,500	52,035	34,300
Nebraska	71,000	1,043,000	1,236,700	43,710	80,000	13,204	145,546	63,089
Kansas	175,300	1,762,050	403,500	26,917	72,125	81,172	244,549	114,383
Western Division.								
Montana	1,500	113,000	3,000	3,000	.....	2,874	10,238	25,000
Wyoming	3,000	150,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colorado	23,800	1,700,000	354,000	900	.....	3,950	62,000	122,000
New-Mexico	.....	5,500	.....	.....	.....	1,188	2,688	1,500
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Utah	25,000	240,000	.....	.....	28,750	5,634	39,384	.....
Nevada	1,000	150,000	91,000	.....	28,000	.....	28,000	.....
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	3,850	578,000	12,000	1,400	5,000	10,400	16,800	4,800
Oregon	13,200	302,000	237,000	14,249	11,277	24,727	50,744	13,100
California	372,700	1,909,088	2,232,596	125,392	98,318	61,835	312,772	39,500
Totals, N. Atlantic Div.	$4,010,863	$21,816,374	$39,155,565	$2,060,398	$157,518	$1,599,836	$4,499,944	$2,732,053
" S. Atlantic Div.	876,425	6,791,500	6,483,206	263,067	176,915	361,982	920,806	546,967
" S. Central Div.	578,871	6,353,583	6,201,713	397,148	31,500	419,063	1,014,353	465,924
" N. Central Div.	2,725,176	24,150,299	19,300,335	1,098,529	868,809	1,270,495	3,844,189	2,055,630
" Western Div.	444,050	5,147,588	2,929,796	144,941	171,375	110,628	522,626	205,900
" United States	$8,635,385	$64,259,344	$74,070,415	$3,966,083	$1,406,117	$3,764,984	$10,801,918	$6,006,474

Principal Universities and Colleges of the United States.

THE statistics embraced in this table were communicated to THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Presidents of the respective Institutions, and represent their condition at the close of 1891.

Organized.	Name.	Location.	Denominational Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instructors.*	Students.*	Volumes in Library.
1859.	Adrian College†	Adrian, Mich	Meth. Prot.	J. F. McCulloch, A.M., B.Ph.	11	150	6,000
1857.	Alfred College	Alfred Centre, N. Y.	Non-Sect	J. Allen, D.D., LL.D	20	350	7,713
1861.	Albion College†	Albion, Mich	Meth. Epis.	L. R. Fiske, D.D., LL.D	28	600	10,000
1815.	Allegheny College†	Meadville, Pa	Meth. Epis.	David H. Wheeler, LL.D	16	315	12,000
1891.	American Univ.†(*a*)	Washington, D. C	Meth. Epis.	Bp. J. F. Hurst, D.D., LL.D.	....	....	.....
1821.	Amherst College	Amherst, Mass	Non-Sect	M. E. Gates, LL.D., L.H.D	27	334	53,000
1872.	Amity College†	College Springs, Ia	Non-Sect	Rev. T. J. Kennedy, D.D	11	360	2,000
1807.	Andover Theol. Sem	Andover, Mass	Cong	Egbert C. Smyth, D.D	9	82	48,000
1852.	Antioch College†	Yellow Springs, O	Non-Sect	Daniel A. Long, D.D., LL.D.	12	100	5,000
1872	Arkansas College†	Batesville, Ark	Presb	Rev. Isaac J. Long, D.D	6	149	1,100
1869.	Atlanta University†	Atlanta, Ga	Non-Sect	Rev. Horace Bumstead, D.D.	28	600	7,000
1858.	Baker University†	Baldwin, Kan	Meth. Epis.	Rev. W. Alfred Quayle, A.M.	16	453	4,000
1889.	Barnard College‡(*b*)	New-York City	Non-Sect	Not yet appointed	21	54	101
1863.	Bates College†	Lewiston, Me	Free Bapt	Oren B. Cheney, D.D	12	169	10,650
1846.	Beloit College	Beloit, Wis	Non-Sect	Edw. D. Eaton, D.D., LL.D	20	375	17,000
1855.	Berea College†	Berea, Ky	Non-Sect	Wm. B. Stewart, A.M., D.D.	18	375	5,000
1840.	Bethany College†	Bethany, W. Va	Disciples	Archibald McLean, LL.D	11	175	5,000
1856.	Bethel College	Russellville, Ky	Baptist	Rev. W. S. Ryland, D.D	6	164	3,000
1850.	Bethel College†	McKenzie, Tenn	C'mb. Presb	W. B. Sherrill, A.M	6	300	1,500
1869.	Boston University†	Boston, Mass	Meth. Epis.	Wm. F. Warren, D.D., LL.D.	118	1,620	35,000
1794.	Bowdoin College	Brunswick, Me	Cong	William DeWitt Hyde, D.D	26	272	48,000
1764.	Brown University	Providence, R. I	Baptist	E. B. Andrews, D.D., LL.D.	44	404	71,000
1885.	Bryn Mawr College‡	Bryn Mawr, Pa	Friends	James E. Rhoads, LL.D	28	157	10,000
1846.	Bucknell University	Lewisburgh, Pa	Non-Sect	J. H. Harris, Ph.D., LL.D	21	340	.....
1855.	Butler University†	Irvington, Ind	Ch. Christ.	Scot Butler, A.M	13	230	6,000
1870.	Canisius College	Buffalo, N. Y	R. Catholic	Rev. John I. Zahm, S.J	31	360	15,000
1870.	Carleton College†	Northfield, Minn	Cong	James W. Strong, D.D	23	278	10,500
1881.	Case Sc. App'l Science	Cleveland, O	Non-Sect	Cady Staley, Ph.D., LL.D	11	140	1,000
1889.	Catholic Univ. Amer.	Washington, D. C.(*c*)	R. Catholic	Rt. Rev. J. J. Keane, D.D. (*d*)	16	33	20,000
1825.	Centenary College	Jackson, La	Meth. Ep. S.	W. L. C. Hunnicutt, D.D	10	138	4,000
1891.	Central College†	Enterprise, Kan	U. Brethren	J. A. Weller, D.D., Ph.D	10	90	300
1857.	Central College	Fayette, Mo	Meth. Ep. S.	Rev. J. D. Hammond, D.D	8	154	5,000
1866.	Cen. Tennessee Coll.†	Nashville, Tenn	Meth. Epis.	J. Braden, A.M., D.D	39	613	2,500
1853.	Central University†	Pella, Ia	Baptist	John Stuart, B.D., Ph.D	9	147	5,000
1873.	Central University	Richmond, Ky	So. Presb	L. H. Blanton, D.D., Chan	25	450	6,000
1819.	Centre College	Danville, Ky	Presb	W. C. Young, A.M., D.D	12	240	6,000
1785.	Charleston College	Charleston, S. C	Non-Sect	H. E. Shepherd, A.M., LL.D.	6	....	10,000
1889.	Clark University	Worcester, Mass	Non-Sect	G. Stanley Hall, Ph.D., LL.D.	70	....	15,000
1820.	Colby University†	Waterville, Me	Baptist	Albion W. Small, Ph.D	14	180	28,000
1820.	Colgate University	Hamilton, N. Y	Baptist	Vacant	16	140	21,000
1848.	Coll. City of N. Y	New-York City	Non-Sect	Alex. Stewart Webb, LL.D	46	1,154	26,740
1754.	Columbia College	New-York City	Non-Sect	Seth Low, LL.D	220	1,756	132,815
1821.	Columbian Univ.†	Washington, D. C	Non-Sect	Jas. C. Welling, A.M., LL.D.	60	800	8,000
1839.	Concordia College	Fort Wayne, Ind	Lutheran	Andrew Baepler	8	213	10,000
1857.	Cornell College†	Mt. Vernon, Ia	Meth. Epis.	Wm. F. King, D.D., DL.D	26	668	10,000
1868.	Cornell University†	Ithaca, N. Y	Non-Sect	Chas. Kendall Adams, LL.D.	135	1,490	136,000
1842.	Cumberland Univ	Lebanon, Tenn	C'mb. Pres.	Nathan Green, LL.D	14	275	10,000
1769.	Dartmouth College	Hanover, N. H	Non-Sect	Sam. C. Bartlett, D.D., LL.D.	50	481	73,000
1837.	Davidson College	Davidson, N. C	Presb	J. B. Shearer, D.D., LL.D	8	140	9,000
1831.	Denison University	Granville, O	Baptist	D. B. Purinton, A.M., LL.D.	15	250	12,000
1837.	De Pauw University†	Greencastle, Ind	Meth. Epis.	John P. D. John, A.M., D.D.	60	961	12,000
1865.	Des Moines College†	Des Moines, Ia	Baptist	H. L. Stetson, A.M., D.D	12	129	3,000
1783.	Dickinson College†	Carlisle, Pa	Methodist	Geo. E. Reed, D.D., LL.D	18	286	31,000
1881.	Drake University†	Des Moines, Ia	Disciples	G. T. Carpenter, LL.D., Chan	56	837	5,000
1866.	Drew Theolog. Sem	Madison, N. J	Meth. Epis.	Henry A. Buttz, D.D., LL.D.	6	120	27,000
1859.	Earlham College†	Richmond, Ind	Or. Friends	Joseph J. Mills, A.M., LL.D.	17	258	6,000
1855.	Elmira College†	Elmira, N. Y	Presb	Charles Van Norden, D.D	18	200	2,800
1857.	Eminence College†	Eminence, Ky	Non-Sect	W. S. Giltner, A.M	8	107	1,800
1837.	Emory College	Oxford, Ga	Meth. Ep. S.	W. A. Candler, D.D	15	279	8,500
1839.	Erskine College	Due West, S. C	A. R. Presb.	Rev. W. M. Grier, D.D	6	84	8,000
1855.	Eureka College†	Eureka, Ill	Disciples	Carl Johann, A.M., LL.D	17	372	6,000
1867.	Fisk University†	Nashville, Tenn	Cong	Erastus Milo Cravath, D.D	27	515	4,050
1852.	Franklin and Marshall	Lancaster, Pa	Ref. Germ	John S. Stahr, Ph.D., D.D	18	223	27,000
1852.	Furman University	Greenville, S. C	Baptist	Charles Manly, D.D	10	185	2,500
1859.	Gale College†	Galesville, Wis	Presb	Rev. J. M. Rogers	7	100	5,000
1817.	General Theol. Sem	New-York City	Prot. Epis.	E. A. Hoffman, D.D., D.C.L.	10	113	21,026
1788.	Georgetown Univ	Georgetown, D. C	Jesuit	Rev. J. H. Richards, S.J	70	625	38,750
1794.	Gr'nville & Tusculum†	Tusculum, Tenn	Presb	Rev. Jere. Moore, D.D	6	185	7,000
1859.	Griswold College†	Davenport, Ia	Prot. Epis.	Wm. S. Perry, D.D., LL.D.	32	198	8,500
1854.	Hamline University†	Hamline, Minn	Meth. Ep	Rev. Geo. H. Bridgman, D.D.	15	300	5,000
1783.	Hampden-Sidney C	Hampden-Sidney, Va	Non-Sect	Rich. McIlwaine, A.M., D.D.	8	148	10,000
1868.	Hampton Institute†	Hampton, Va	Non-Sect	Saml. C. Armstrong, LL.D	43	(*e*)636	5,500
1833.	Hanover College†	Hanover, Ind	Presb	D. W. Fisher, D.D., LL.D	14	185	10,000
1636	Harvard University	Cambridge, Mass	Non-Sect	Charles William Eliot, LL.D.	253	2,660	700,000
1833.	Haverford College	Haverford, Pa	Or. Friends	Isaac Sharpless, Sc.D. LL.D.	17	100	26,000
1851.	Heidelberg Univ.†	Tiffin, O	Reformed	Rev. J. W. Peters, D.D	18	298	8,000

PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

Organized.	Name.	Location.	Denominational Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instructors.*	Students.	Volumes in Library.
1855.	Hillsdale College†	Hillsdale, Mich	Free. Bapt.	Geo. F. Mosher, A.M., LL.D.	25	501	9,000
1867.	Hiram College†	Hiram, O	Disciples	E. V. Zollars, A.M	15	302	4,500
1849.	Hiwassee College	Hiwassee, Tenn	Meth.Ep.S.	J. H. Brunner, A.M., D.D.	5	86	3,000
1822.	Hobart College	Geneva, N. Y	Prot. Epis.	E. N. Potter, S.T.D., LL.D.	17	77	28,260
1865.	Hope College†	Holland, Mich	R. Catholic	Rev. Charles Scott, D.D	12	273	8,100
1841.	Howard College	East Lake, Ala	Baptist	Rev. B. F. Riley, D.D	7	206	2,000
1866.	Howard University†	Washington, D. C	Non-Sect	J. E. Rankin, D.D., LL.D	...	500	12,000
1829.	Illinois College	Jacksonville, Ill.	Non-Sect	Edward A. Tanner, D.D	10	180	14,000
1853.	Illinois Wesleyan C.†	Bloomington, Ill	Meth.Epis.	William H. Wilder, D.D	46	895	5,000
1820.	Indiana University†	Bloomington, Ind	Non-Sect	J. M. Coulter, Ph.D., LL.D.	32	425	16,000
1847.	Iowa College†	Grinnell, Ia	Cong	Rev. George A. Gates	30	455	18,000
1869.	Iowa State College†	Ames, Ia	Non-Sect	W. M. Beardshear, D.D., LL.D	33	425	10,000
1847.	Iowa State Univ.†	Iowa City, Ia	Non-Sect	C. A. Schaeffer, A.M., Ph.D.	77	830	27,000
1867.	Johns Hopkins Univ.	Baltimore, Md	Non-Sect	Daniel C. Gilman, LL.D.	66	468	47,000
1836.	Kentucky Univ.†	Lexington, Ky	Disciples	Charles Louis Loos, LL.D	20	1,229	13,850
1866.	Ky. Wesleyan Coll	Winchester, Ky	Meth.Ep.S.	D. W. Batson, A.M	5	122	2,000
1824.	Kenyon College	Gambier, O	Prot. Epis.	Theodore Sterling, M.D., LL.D	26	164	29,000
1837.	Knox College†	Galesburg, Ill	Non-Sect	Hon. Newton Bateman, LL.D	30	560	7,000
1826.	Lafayette College	Easton, Pa	Presb	Ethelbert D. Warfield, LL.D.	26	293	22,700
1859.	La Grange College†	La Grange, Mo	Baptist	J. F. Cook, LL.D., Ph.D	10	115	2,400
1857.	Lake Forest Univ.†	Lake Forest, Ill	Presb	Wm. C. Roberts, D.D., LL.D	109	1,541	1,200
1847.	Lawrence University†	Appleton, Wis	Meth.Epis.	Rev. C. W. Gallagher, D.D	15	368	13,000
1866.	Lehigh University	S. Bethlehem, Pa	Prot. Epis.	Robert A. Lamberton, LL.D.	34	526	88,000
1891.	Leland Stanford†	Palo Alto, Cal	Non-Sect	David Starr Jordan, LL.D	30	480	10,000
1859.	Lenox College	Hopkinton, Ia	Presb	Alex. G. Wilson, D.D	8	118	1,600
1865.	Lincoln University†	Lincoln, Ill	Cumb. Pres.	Archelaus E. Turner, A.M	13	200	3,000
1853.	Lombard University†	Galesburg, Ill	Univ	N. White, Ph.D., D.D	11	149	6,000
1868.	Maine State College†	Orono, Me	Non-Sect	M. C. Fernald, A.M., Ph.D	14	112	7,000
1849.	Manhattan College	New-York City	R. Catholic	Rev. Bro. Anthony, F.S.C	31	405	27,600
1835.	Marietta College	Marietta, O	Non-Sect	Thomas S. Briscoe (Acting)	11	176	43,000
	Mass. Inst. Tech	Boston, Mass	Non-Sect	Francis A. Walker, LL.D	102	1,011	22,784
1828.	McKendree College†	Lebanon, Ill	Meth. Epis.	Rev. T. H. Herdman, D.D	7	179	7,000
1859.	McMinnville College†	McMinnville, Ore	Baptist	Rev. T. G. Brownson, B.D	5	95	1,400
1837.	Mercer University	Macon, Ga	Baptist	G. A. Nunnally, D.D	15	243	15,000
1809.	Miami University†	Oxford, O	State	William O. Thompson, D.D	10	121	10,007
1800.	Middlebury College†	Middlebury, Vt	Non-Sect	Ezra Brainerd, LL.D	9	67	16,300
1830.	Mississippi College	Clinton, Miss	Baptist	R. A. Venable, A.M., D.D	7	250	5,500
1857.	Monmouth College†	Monmouth, Ill	Unit. Presb	Rev. J. B. McMichael, D.D	13	312	18,000
1837.	Mount Holyoke Coll.‡	South Hadley, Mass.	Non-Sect	Elizabeth Storrs Mead, A.M	32	289	14,000
1808.	Mt. St. Mary's Coll	Emmettsburg, Md	R. Catholic	Very Rev. E. P. Allen, D.D	25	210	12,000
1867.	Muhlenberg College	Allentown, Pa	Lutheran	Rev. Theo. L. Seip, D.D	8	142	80,000
1837.	Muskingum College†	New-Concord, O	Unit. Presb	Rev. John D. Irons, D.D	10	220	1,500
1874.	Nevada State Univ.†	Reno, Nev	Non-Sect	S. A. Jones, Ph.D	14	207	2,119
1825.	Newton Theol. inst	Newton Centre, Mass.	Baptist	Alvah Hovey, D.D., LL.D	9	88	19,300
1855.	Northwestern Univ.†	Evanston, Ill	Meth. Epis.	Henry Wade Rogers, LL.D	100	1,684	29,000
1819.	Norwich University	Norwich, Vt	Non-Sect	Charles H. Lewis, LL.D	13	56	.. ..
1844.	Notre Dame College	Notre Dame, Ind	R. Catholic	Rev. T. E. Walsh, C.S.C., A.M.	54	620	35,000
1834.	Oberlin College†	Oberlin, O	Non-Sect	W. G. Ballantine, D.D., LL.D.	70	1,709	36,000
1873.	Ohio State Univ.†	Columbus, O	Non-Sect	William Henry Scott, LL.D.	47	626	11,000
1804.	Ohio University†	Athens, O	Non-Sect	Charles William Super	15	224	10,000
1842.	Ohio Wesleyan Coll.†	Delaware, O	Meth. Epis.	Jas. W. Bashford, D.D., Ph.D.	36	1,082	14,000
1859.	Olivet College†	Olivet, Mich	Cong	Rev. H. Q. Butterfield, D.D.	17	378	20,000
1860.	Oskaloosa College†	Oskaloosa, Ia	Disciples	A. M Haggard, A.M	9	125	4 000
1865.	Ottawa University†	Ottawa, Kan	Baptist	Franklin Johnson, D.D	10	267	2,600
1832.	Pennsylvania Coll.†	Gettysburg, Pa	Lutheran	H. W. McKnight, D.D., LL.D	15	226	22,000
1857.	Pennsylvania State†	State College, Pa	Non-Sect	George W. Atherton, LL.D	28	240	7,000
1854.	Polytechnic Institute	Brooklyn, N. Y	Non-Sect	D. H. Cochran, Ph.D., LL.D.	46	800	3,000
1746.	Princeton (C. of N.J.)	Princeton, N. J	Non-Sect	F. L. Patton, D.D., LL.D	56	980	83,000
1873.	Purdue University†	La Fayette, Ind	Non-Sect	James H. Smart, A.M., LL.D.	42	625	6,000
1853.	Racine College	Racine, Wis	Prot. Epis.	Rev. Arthur Piper, S.T.D	7	50	10,000
1830.	Randolph-Macon C	Ashland, Va	Methodist	Wm. W. Smith, A.M., LL.D.	17	159	9,000
1824.	Rensselaer Poly. Inst.	Troy, N. Y	Non-Sect	John H. Peck, LL.D	17	175	3,500
1832.	Richmond College	Richmond, Va	Baptist	B. Puryear, LL.D., Ch. of Fac.	11	206	11,000
1862.	Ripon College†	Ripon, Wis	Cong. &Pr.	Vacant	12	229	7,500
1853.	Roanoke College	Salem, Va	Lutheran	J. D. Dreher, A.M., Ph.D	12	150	17,000
1885.	Rollins College†	Winter Park, Fla	Non-Sect	Edw. P. Hooker, A.M., D.D.	....	....	.....
1766.	Rutgers College	New-Brunswick, N.J.	Reformed	Austin Scott, Ph.D., LL.D	26	222	27,568
1853.	Rutherford College†	Rutherford Col., N.C.	Non-Sect	R. L. Abernethy, A.M., D.D.	6	250	.....
1856.	Seton Hall College	South Orange, N. J	R. Catholic	Very Rev. W. F. Marshall, A.M.	15	136	10,000
1865.	Shaw University†	Raleigh, N. C	Baptist	Rev. H. M. Tupper, D.D	33	429	3,000
1827.	Shurtleff College†	Upper Alton, Ill	Baptist	A. A. Kendrick, D.D	18	272	10,500
1873.	Smith College†	Northampton, Mass.	Non-Sect	Rev. L. Clark Seelye, D.D	43	642	5,426
1801.	South Carolina Coll	Columbia, S. C	Non-Sect	James Woodrow, D.D., LL.D	13	96	30,000
1858.	Southern University	Greensboro, Ala	Methodist	Rev. A. S. Andrews, D.D., LL.D	13	225	18,000
1871.	Stevens Inst. of Tech.	Hoboken, N. J	Non-Sect	Henry Morton, Ph.D	17	218	7,250
1847.	St. Francis Xavier C.	New-York City	R. Catholic	Rev. W. O'B. Pardow, S.J.	21	524	22,000
1784.	St. John's College	Annapolis, Md	Non-Sect	Thomas Fell, Ph.D., LL.D.	12	148	6,500
1856.	St. Lawrence Univ.†	Canton, N. Y	Univ	Alpheus B. Hervey, A.M., Ph.D	12	120	10,000
1829.	St. Louis University	St. Louis, Mo	R. Catholic	Rev. Jos. Grimmelsman, S.J.	22	418	42,000

PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

Organized.	Name.	Location.	Denominational Control.	President or Chairman of Faculty.	Instr'ctors.*	Students.*	Volumes in Library.
1860.	St. Stephen's College.	Annandale, N. Y	Prot. Epis.	R. B. Fairbairn, D.D., LL.D.	8	73	9,000
1869.	Swarthmore College†.	Swarthmore, Pa.	So. Friends.	Charles De Garmo, Ph.D.	25	200	15,000
1870.	Syracuse University†.	Syracuse, N. Y.	Meth. Epis.	C. N. Sims, D.D., LL.D. (Ch.)	52	774	39,388
1823.	Trinity College	Hartford, Conn.	Prot. Epis.	Geo. W. Smith, D.D., LL.D	15	122	33,000
1859.	Trinity College	Trinity College, N.C.	Meth. Ep. S.	John F. Crowell, Dr. Litt.	17	207	7,600
1852.	Tufts College	College Hill, Mass.	Univ.	Elmer Hewitt Capen, D.D.	23	180	30,000
1834.	Tulane University	New-Orleans, La.	Non-Sect.	William P. Johnston, LL.D.	75	1,176	51,500
1795.	Union College	Schenectady, N. Y.	Non-Sect.	Harrison E. Webster, LL.D.	16	179	27,250
1830.	Union Theol. Sem.	New-York City	Presb.	T. S. Hastings, D.D., LL.D.	11	164	65,000
1831.	Univ. of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	Non-Sect.	Richard C. Jones, A.M.	....	....	.....
1868.	Univ. of California†.	Berkeley, Cal.	Non-Sect.	Martin Kellogg, A.M. (acting)	150	800	46,000
1831.	Univ. City of N. Y.	New-York City	Non-Sect.	H. M. MacCracken, D.D., LL.D	97	1,330	11,000
1877.	Univ. of Colorado†	Boulder, Col.	Non-Sect.	Horace Morrison Hale, LL.D.	25	175	7,700
1880.	Univ. of Denver†	Denver, Col.	Meth. Epis.	William F. McDowell, Ph.D	76	848	3,000
1850.	Univ. of Deseret†	Salt Lake City, Utah.	Non-Sect.	John R. Park, M.D.	25	504	10,000
1785.	Univ. of Georgia	Athens, Ga.	Non-Sect.	Wm. E. Boggs, D.D., LL.D.	19	184	18,000
1868.	Univ. of Illinois†.	Champaign, Ill.	Non-Sect.	T. J. Burrill, Ph.D. (acting).	37	545	20,300
1864.	Univ. of Kansas†.	Lawrence, Kan.	Non-Sect.	Francis H. Snow, Ph.D., LL.D	41	583	14,876
1837.	Univ. of Michigan†.	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Non-Sect.	James B. Angell, LL.D.	130	2,640	77,705
1869.	Univ. of Minnesota†.	Minneapolis, Minn.	Non-Sect.	Cyrus Northrop, LL.D.	118	1,200	25,500
1844.	Univ. of Mississippi†.	Oxford, Miss.	Non-Sect.	Edward Mayes, LL.D.	16	225	13,000
1840.	Univ. of Missouri†.	Columbia, Mo.	Non-Sect.	M. M. Fisher, D.D., LL.D.	....	....	25,000
1785.	Univ. of Nashville†.	Nashville, Tenn.	Non-Sect.	C. E. Bessey, D. (Ch.), Ph.D.	36	722	10,000
1871.	Univ. of Nebraska†.	Lincoln, Neb.	Non-Sect.	James Hulme Canfield, A.M.	50	650	16,000
1881.	Univ. of New-Mex.†.	Santa Fé, N. M.	Cong.	Vacant	4	180	1,000
1795.	Univ. of N. Carolina.	Chapel Hill, N. C.	Non-Sect.	George T. Winston, LL.D.	19	235	40,000
1755.	Univ. of Penn.	Philadelphia, Pa.	Non-Sect.	William Pepper, M.D., LL.D.	203	1,701	95,000
1850.	Univ. of Rochester	Rochester, N. Y.	Baptist§	David J. Hill, LL.D.	15	195	26,500
1883.	Univ. of S. Dakota†.	Vermilion, S. Dak.	Non-Sect.	Joseph W. Mauck, M.A.	12	175	.....
1868.	Univ. of the South	Sewanee, Tenn.	Prot. Epis.	Rev. Thos. F. Gailor, S.T.D.	20	275	23,000
1807.	Univ. of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tenn.	Non-Sect.	C. W. Dabney, Jr., Ph.D., LL.D	44	413	5,896
1883.	Univ. of Texas†	Austin, Tex.	Non-Sect.	L. Waggener, A.M., LL.D.	27	333	8,000
1855.	Univ. of the Pacific†.	College Park, Cal.	Meth Epis.	I. Crook, D.D.	24	233	3,000
1791.	Univ. of Vermont†.	Burlington, Vt.	Non-Sect.	Matthew H. Buckham, D.D.	40	526	45,000
1819.	Univ. of Virginia	Charlottesville, Va.	Non-Sect.	W. M. Thornton, LL.D. (Ch.)	36	488	52,000
1867.	Univ. of W. Virginia†	Morgantown, W. Va.	Non-Sect.	E. M. Turner, LL.D.	21	212	5,000
1848.	Univ. of Wisconsin†.	Madison, Wis.	Non-Sect.	T. C. Chamberlin, LL.D.	78	966	33,000
1870.	Univ. of Wooster†.	Wooster, O.	Presb.	Rev. Sylvester F. Scovel	56	735	11,000
1867.	Upper Iowa Univ.†.	Fayette, Ia.	Meth. Epis.	John W. Bissell, A.M., D.D.	22	542	5,228
1802.	U. S. Military Acad.	West Point, N. Y.	Non-Sect.	Col. John M. Wilson, LL.D.	51	283	35,000
1845.	U. S. Naval Acad	Annapolis, Md.	Non-Sect.	Capt. R. L. Phythian, U.S.N.	66	244	31,860
1873.	Vanderbilt Univ.	Nashville, Tenn.	Methodist	L. C. Garland, A.M., LL.D.	64	680	20,000
1861.	Vassar College†.	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Non-Sect.	James M. Taylor, D.D.	36	398	19,000
1832.	Wabash College	Crawfordsville, Ind.	Presb.	Jos. F. Tuttle, D.D., LL.D.	14	217	32,500
1833	Wake Forest College.	Wake Forest, N. C.	Baptist	C. E. Taylor, Ph D., Dr. Litt.	12	227	11,000
1865.	Washburn College†.	Topeka, Kan.	Cong.	P. McVicar, A.B., A.M., D.D	13	300	6,000
1802.	Wash. & Jefferson C.	Washington, Pa.	Non-Sect.	Rev. James D. Moffat, D.D.	11	226	11,000
1749.	Wash. & Lee Univ.	Lexington, Va.	Non-Sect.	Gen. G. W. C. Lee, LL.D.	18	231	30,000
1853.	Washington Univ.†.	St. Louis, Mo.	Non-Sect.	Winfield S. Chaplin, A.M.	57	750	10,000
1875.	Wellesley College	Wellesley, Mass.	Non-Sect.	Helen A. Shafer, M.A.	74	688	39,700
1868.	Wells College	Aurora, N. Y	Presb.	Edw. S. Frisbee, A.M., D.D	14	76	3,250
1831.	Wesleyan University†	Middletown, Conn.	Meth. Epis.	B. P. Raymond, D.D., LL.D.	26	264	39,000
1826.	West. Reserve Univ.	Cleveland, O.	Non-Sect.	Charles F. Thwing, D.D.	62	800	30,000
1819.	Western University.	Allegheny City, Pa.	Non-Sect.	W. J. Holland, Ph.D., D.D.	33	140	5,500
1855.	Westminster College.	Fulton, Mo.	Presb.	Rev. Wm. Hoge Marquess	9	112	6,000
1852.	Westminster College†	New Wilmington, Pa.	Unit. Presb.	Rev. R. G. Ferguson	10	284	.....
1860.	Wheaton College†.	Wheaton, Ill.	Cong.	Charles A. Blanchard	15	210	2,500
1793.	Williams College	Williamstown, Mass.	Non-Sect.	Franklin Carter, Ph.D., LL.D	25	355	32,000
1693.	William & Mary Coll.	Williamsburg, Va.	Non-Sect.	Lyon G. Tyler, M.A.	....	....	.....
1854.	Wofford College	Spartanburg, S. C.	Meth. Ep. S.	James H. Carlisle, LL.D.	11	222	6,000
1701.	Yale University	New-Haven, Conn.	Cong.	Timothy Dwight, D.D., LL.D	153	1,720	200,000

* All departments.

† Co-education of the sexes.

‡ Education of women only.

§ A majority of the trustees must be Baptists.

(*a*) Not yet opened for work.

(*b*) Annex of Columbia College.

(*c*) Confined strictly to post-graduate work. The national university of the Church.

(*d*) Rector.

(*e*) Indians, 132; Negroes, 504.

American colleges have been represented in the office of President of the United States as follows: William and Mary, 3; Harvard, 2; Princeton, Bowdoin, Williams, Union, Dickinson, Hampden-Sydney, Kenyon, University of North-Carolina, West Point and Miami, 1 each.

PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

College Name.	Commencement Day, 1892.	Number of Graduates since Organization.*	Alumni Living.*	Oldest Living Graduate.†	Year of Graduation.	Present Address.
Adrian College‡...	June 23..	351	....	.....	....	.....
Alfred College. ...	June 30..	....	...	.....	....	.....
Albion College‡....	June 23..	365	355	.....	....	.....
Allegheny Coll.‡ ..	June 30..	947	747	Thomas Van Horne.....	1834	Meadville, Pa.
American Univ.‡(a)	.....	....	....	.....	....	.....
Amherst College...	June 29..	3,402	2,375	Samuel D. Partridge.....	1827	Milwaukee, Wis.
Amity College‡....	June 9...	98	90	N. Y. Davis.....	1873	Maywood, Neb.
Andover Theol. S..	June 16..	1,990	....	.....	....	.....
Antioch College‡ ..	June 22..	...	....	Rev. J. B. Weston, D.D....	1856	Stanfordville, N. Y.
Arkansas College‡.	June 9...	79	77	.....	....	.....
Atlanta Univ.‡	May 26..	229	210	Rev. Floyd Snelson.....	1871	Waycross, Ga.
Baker University‡.	June 9...	1,401	....	.....	....	.....
Barnard Coll.§ (b).	.....	....	...	.....	....	.....
Bates College‡.....	June 30..	596	554	.....	....	.....
Beloit College	June 25..	421	378	.....	....	.....
Berea College‡.....	June 22..	2,552	2,400	George L. Pigg.....	1873	Camp Sheridan, Neb.
Bethany College‡..	June 16..	722	....	Rev. John A. Dearborn.....	1844	Kansas City, Mo.
Bethel College.....	June 9...	124	105	{Thomas Corwin Mulligan. {Rev. C. P. Shields, Prof..	1837	Gallatin, Tenn. Russellville, Ky.
Bethel College‡....	June 1...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Boston University‡	June 1...	2,407	2,307	.....	....	.....
Bowdoin College ..	June 23..	4,005	2,300	Rev. Thomas T. Stone, D.D.	1820	Bolton, Mass.
Brown University.	June 22..	3,480	....	John G. Metcalf, M.D.....	1820	Mendon, Mass.
Bryn Mawr Coll.§.	June 2...	50	50	.....	....	.....
Bucknell Univ.....	.....	865	775	.....	....	.....
Butler University‡	June 16..	400	360	.....	....	.....
Canisius College...	June 21..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Carleton College‡..	June 16..	198	193	James J. Dow.....	1874	Faribault, Minn.
Case Sc. Ap'l Sc'nce	June 11..	47	47	.....	....	.....
Catholic U. Am. (c)	June 16.	28	40	Rev. Peter Yorke, S.T.L....	1891	San Francisco, Cal.
Centenary College.	June 1...	284	....	Dr. D. L. Phares.....	1837	Madison Station, Miss.
Central College‡...	June 9...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Central College....	June 8...	92	85	S. C. Major, Jr., B. S.....	1859	Fayette, Mo.
Central Tenn. C.‡..	May 26..	233	219	George Bryant.....	1870	Nashville, Tenn.
Central Univ.‡....	June 16..	166	....	.....	....	.....
Central University.	June 8...	400	....	.....	....	.....
Centre College.....	June 9...	1,000	600	Asbury M. Coffee.....	1826	Knob Noster, Mo.
Charleston College.	June 29..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Clark University ..	Sept. 29..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Colby University‡.	June 29..	1,230	880	Robt. Williams Wood, M.D.	1829	Jamaica Plain, Mass.
Colgate University.	June 16.	1,066	725	Rev. William Dean, D.D....	1833	San Diego, Cal.
Coll. City of N. Y..	June 23..	1,456	....	.....	1853	.....
Columbia College..	June 8...	10,890	....	Archibald G. Rogers.....	1820	34 W. 27th St., New-York.
Columbian Univ.‡.	June 7, 8.	2,485	....	Rev. Robert Ryland, D.D..	1826	Lexington, Ky.
Concordia College	June 29..	706	....	Rev. J. F. Biltz.....	1847	Concordia, Mo.
Cornell College‡...	June 23..	458	428	Judge Matthew Cavanaugh .	1858	Iowa City, Ia.
Cornell Univ.‡....	June 16..	1,806	1,809	.....	....	.....
Cumberland Univ..	June 2...	2,138	....	Nathan Green	1845	Lebanon, Tenn.
Dartmouth College	June 30..	7,013	3,670	.....	....	.....
Davidson College..	June 10..	627	...	Rev. William Flinn, D.D...	1840	Clarksville, Tenn.
Denison Univ.....	June 16..	400	....	.....	....	.....
De Pauw Univ.‡...	June 9...	1,400	1,200	Rev. T. A. Goodwin, D.D...	1840	Indianapolis, Ind.
Des Moines Coll.‡..	June 23..	....	50	.....	....	.....
Dickinson College‡	June 8...	1,440	700	Rev. John T. Morris, D.D...	1823	Baltimore, Md.
Drake University‡.	June 16..	400	398	C. W. Martindale.	1883	Des Moines, Ia.
Drew Theol. Sem..	May 19..	519	499	Rev. J. Boyd Brady, D.D...	1869	Newark, N. J.
Earlham College‡ .	June 22..	251	228	Joseph A. Clark, A.B.....	1862	Eagle Rock, Idaho.
Elmira College§....	June 15..	331	300	.....	....	.....
Eminence College‡	June 2...	257	....	R. J. Hodges.....	1860	Xenia, Ohio.
Emory College	June 9...	1,038	852	Rev. A. R. Holcombe, D.D..	1841	Mansfield, La.
Erskine College....	June 15..	520	350	Rev. D. F. Haddon.....	1843	Ora, S. C.
Eureka College‡...	June 16..	600	....	E. W. Dickinson.....	1860	Eureka, Ill.
Fisk University‡ ..	June 15..	185	176	Prof. James D. Burris.....	1875	Rodney, Miss.
Franklin & M'rshall	June 16..	877	693	Rev. E. V. Gerhart, D.D. LL.D	1838	Lancaster, Pa.
Furman University	June 17..	183	163	Rev. John G. Williams.....	1855	Allendale, S. C.
Gale College‡.....	June 24..	....	....	.....	....	.....
General Theol. Sem.	June 18..	1,184	809	Rev. Samuel Fuller, D.D...	1827	Middletown, Conn.
Georgetown Univ .	June 21..	1,920	....	John T. Doyle.....	1838	Menlo Park, N. J.
Gr'nville&T'sc'l'm‡	May 6....	....	....	.....	....	.....
Griswold College‡ .	June 17..	235	218	Rev. J. Chamberlain, A.M .	1863	New-York City.
Hamline Univ.....	June 9...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Hampden-Sidn'yC.	June 18..	....	....	Rev. Robert Burwell, D.D..	1823	Raleigh, N. C.
Hampton Inst.‡...	May 21...	723	....	.....	....	.....
Hanover College‡..	June 11..	614	505	Rev. J. Lyle Martin, D.D...	1834	Farley, Ia.
Harvard Univ.....	June 29..	17,775	9,200	Rev. Fred. A. Farley, A.B..	1818	130 Pacific St., Brooklyn.
Haverford College.	June 23..	476	421	Joseph Walton	1836	Moorestown, N. J.

PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

College Name.	Commencement Day, 1892.	Number of Graduates since Organization.*	Alumni Living.*	Oldest Living Graduate.†	Year of Graduation.	Present Address.
Heidelberg Univ.‡..	June 17..	371	332	Rev. George Z. Mechling....	1854	Hamilton, O.
Hillsdale Coll·ge‡..	June 9...	716	650	Philip C. Talford.....	1863	Sand Creek, Mich.
Hiram College‡....	June 23..	138	130	James M. Hurlbut.....	1869	Cleveland, O.
Hiwassee College..	May 10..	....	...	Judge D. M. Key.....	1851	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Hobart College....	June 25..	(*d*) 646	(*d*)483	Sam. Percy McDonald, M.A.	1829	Huron, Erie Co., O.
Hope College‡.....	July 27..	641	598	Rev. Gerrit J. Nykerk.....	1857	Overisel, Mich.
Howard College....	June 8..	251	208	Rev. W. Wilkes, D.D.	1851	Childersburg, Ala.
Howard Univ.‡.....	June 2...	1,300	1,000	.....	....	.....
Illinois College	June 9...	577	400	Rev. J. E. Spilman, D.D....	1835	Carnie, Ill.
Illinois Wesl. C.‡..	June 18..	....	....	Rev. W. F. Short, D.D.....	1868	Jacksonville, Ill.
Indiana Univ.‡....	June 15..	1,070	....	Judge Andrew Wylie.....	1832	Washington, D. C.
Iowa College‡.	June 22..	400	375	.....	....	.....
Iowa State Coll.‡..	Nov. 11..	502	....	.....	....	.....
Iowa State Univ.‡..	June 16..	3,331	....	Dexter Edson Smith, B.S. ..	1858	Santa Ana, Cal.
Johns Hopkins Un.	June 13..	483	472	.....	....	.....
Kentucky Univ.‡...	June 9...	519	489	William E. Riley.....	1841	Louisville, Ky.
Kentucky Wesl. C.	June 9...	109	97	Ben D. Best, B.S.....	1868	Covington, Ky.
Kenyon College....	June 23..	778	548	James Ballock Chase, A.M..	1829	Council Bluffs, Ia.
Knox College‡.....	June 9...	818	700	.....	....	.....
Lafayette College.	June 29..	1,377	1,201	George W. Kidd.....	1836	Houston, Tex.
La Grange Coll.‡..	May 6 ...	188	175	E. H. Sawyer, D.D.....	1870	Kirksville, Mo.
Lake Forest Un.‡..	June 15..	4,500	....	.....	....	.....
Lawrence Univ.‡..	June 23..	362	304	William D. Storey.....	1857	Santa Cruz, Cal.
Lehigh University.	June 15..	469	451	.....	....	.....
LelandStanfrd,Jr.‡	June15(*c*)	....	....	.....	....	.....
Lenox College.	June 8...	161	153	Ralph H. Kirk.....	1868	Sturgis, S. Dak.....
Lincoln Univ-‡....	June 16..	300	180	A. J. Wallace, M.D.....	1868	Decatur, Ill.
Lombard Univ.‡..	June 15..	243	216	.....	....	.....
Maine State Coll.‡	June 29..	349	330	.....	....	.....
Manhattan College	June 24..	581	517	Most Rev. P. J. Ryan, D.D.	1866	Philadelphia.
Mass. Inst. Tech...	May 31 ..	859	....	.....	....	.....
McKendree Coll.‡.	June 16..	464	300	R. F. Cunningham, M.D....	1841	Lebanon, Ill.
McMinnville Coll.‡	June 10..	7	7	John H. Smith.....	1884	Astoria, Ore.
Mercer University.	June 8...	834	725	.....	....	.....
Miami University‡	June 16..	1,000	750	John W. Caldwell.....	1827	Cincinnati, O.
Middlebury Coll.‡.	June 29..	1,363	570	Rev. Samuel A. Bumstead..	1820	Decatur, Ill.
Mississippi College	May 25 ..	200	156	Rev. E. M. Richardson, D.D.	1845	Memphis, Tenn.
Monmouth Coll. ‡..	June 11..	849	766	A. Porter Jameson, Banker.	1858	Waseca, Minn.
Mt. Holyoke Coll.§	June 23..	2,200	....	.....	....	.....
Mt. St. Mary's Coll.	June 29 .	....	....	Louis Binsse.....	1835	New-York City.
Muhlenberg Coll...	June 23..	296	277	.....	....	.....
Muskingham Coll.‡	June 23..	289	250	Rev. Thos. Callahan.....	1840	Ironton, Mo.
Nevada State Un.‡.	June 11..	53	53	.....	....	.....
Newton Theol. In..	May 19 ..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Northwestern Un.‡	June 17..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Norwich Univ.....	July 1 ...	300	....	.....	....	.....
Notre Dame Coll...	June 21..	1 200	....	.....	....	.....
Oberlin College.‡..	June 22..	2,5·9	2,192	Huntington Lyman...	1836	Cortland, N. Y.
Ohio State Univ.‡.	June 22..	229	227	C. C. Howard.....	1878	Columbus, O.
Ohio University‡..	June 22..	427	....	Judge A. G. Brown.....	1822	Athens, O.
Ohio Wesleyan C.‡	June 23..	1,414	1,343	Rev. Wm. D. Godman, D.D.	1836	Baldwin, La.
Olivet College‡ ...	June16 23	291	240	Mrs. Mary N. B. Griswold..	1863	Vermontville, Mich.
Oskaloosa Collegi ‡	June 9...	104	98	George W. Seevers.....	1867	Oskaloosa, Ia.
Ottawa Univ.‡	June 1...	42	40	Rev. J. W. Stocks.....	1887	Cambridge, Mass.
Pennsylvania C.‡..	June 23..	864	700	J. B. Bacon.....	1834	New-York City.
Pa. State Coll.‡...	June 30..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Polytechnic Inst...	June 15..	457	....	R. W. Raymond, Ph.D.....	1858	Brooklyn, N. Y.
Princeton,C.ofN.J.	June 15..	7,364	4,005	Hon. John B. Grimball.....	1819	Charleston, S. C.
Purdue Univ.‡....	June 8...	275	266	John Bradford Horper, B.S..	1875	Indianapolis, Ind.
Racine College	June 8...	200	150	.....	....	.....
Randolph-MaconC.	June 17..	700	....	.....	....	.....
Rensselaer Poly.In.	June 15..	1,014	800	Thomas C. Ripley.....	1828	Saginaw, Mich.
Richmond College.	June 20..	800	....	.....	....	.....
Ripon College‡....	June 22..	169	....	.....	....	.....
Roanoke College...	June 15..	372	....	.....	....	.....
Rollins College‡...	June 1...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Rutgers College...	June 22..	1,648	1,007	Rev. A. M. Mann.....	1827	Farmer Village, N. Y.....
Rutherford Coll.‡..	May 23..	.. .	....	Rev. John T. Abernethy...	1872	Snow Hill, N. C.
Seton Hall College.	June 15..	300	...	John D. Kernan.....	1862	Utica, N. Y.
Shaw University‡.	May 26..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Shurtleff College‡..	June 2...	425	380	Rev. J. Bulkley, D.D.....	1847	Upper Alton, Ill.
Smith College§....	June 22..	450	....	.....	....	.....
South Carolina C...	June 29..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Southern Univ.....	June 8...	241	230	.....	....	.....
Southwest.Bapt. C.	June 2...	....	....	.....	....	.....

PRINCIPAL UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

College Name.	Commencement Day, 1892.	Number of Graduates since Organization.*	Alumni Living.*	Oldest Living Graduate.†	Year of Graduation.	Present Address.
Stevens In. of Tech.	June 23..	426	411	J. Augustus Henderson.....	1873	Lemont, Pa.
St. Francis X'vier C.	June 28..	565	497	Rev. Thomas M. Killeen....	1855	Bergen Point.
St. John's College.	June 30..	465	....	Wm. Harwood, B.A., M.A..	1827	Annapolis, Md.
St. Lawrence Un.‡	June 16 .	454	413	.....	....	.....
St. Louis Univ....	June 24..	969	662	Valsin Dupuy, A.B.....	1838	Iberville, La.
St. Stephen's Coll..	June 15..	219	201	The Rev. Jos. Carey, D.D..	1861	Saratoga Springs.
Swarthmore Coll.‡	June 21..	273	262	.....	....	.....
Syracuse Univ.‡...	June 22..	1,282	....	.....	....	.....
Trinity College....	June 23..	1,036	683	Rev. Oliver Hopson.....	1827	Madalin, N. Y.
Trinity College....	June 2...	300	....	.....	....	.....
Tufts College.....	June 15..	615	562	.....	....	.....
Tulane University.	.....	4.495	....	.....	....	.....
Union College.....	June 29..	7,049	2,630	.....	....	.....
Union Theol. Sem.	May 17 ..	2,565	2,004	A. Bordman Lambert, D.D..	1837	Salem, N. Y.
Univ. of Alabama .	June 22..	1,260	....	W. A. Cochrane.....	1834	Tuscaloosa, Ala.....
Univ. of Cal'f'rnia‡	June 29..	1,400	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. City of N.Y.	June 9...	8,000	4,000	Robert R. Crosby.....	1834	113 E. 24th St., N. Y. City
Univ. of Colorado‡	May 27 ..	138	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Denver‡..	June 10..	....	....	John Hipp, A.B.....	1834	Denver.
Univ. of Deseret‡...	June 9...	266	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Georgia ..	June 15..	2,225	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Illinois‡ .	June 8...	693	671	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Kansas‡..	June 9..	575	540	L. D. L. Tosh.....	1873	Wichita, Kan.
Univ. of Michigan‡	June 30..	10,127	9.281	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Minnesota‡	June 2...	495	470	Warren C. Eustis..... / Henry M. Williamson.....	1873	Farmington, Minn. Dakota.
Univ. of Miss‡....	June 30..	1,002	....	Jordan M. Phipps.....	1851	Florida Keys, Fla.
Univ. of Missouri‡	June 2...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Nashville‡	May 25 ..	....	....	Hon. Edwin H. Ewing.....	1827	Murfreesboro, Tenn.
Univ. of Nebraska‡	June 15..	256	....	.....	...	.....
Univ. of N. Mex.‡	June 17..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of North-Car.	June 2...	2,030	....	George Franklin Davidson..	1823	Old Fort, N. C.
Univ. of Pa.....	June 16..	....	....	Dr. Enoch Fithian.....	1816	Greenwich, N. J.
Univ. of Rochester	June 15..	1,024	....	Robert Telford.....	1851	De Land, Fla.
Univ. of S. Dakota‡	June 15..	69	....	C. B. Antisdel.....	1888	.....
Univ. of the South	Aug. 4...	113	680	Thomas Bringhurst, B.A....	1874	Houston, Tex.
Univ. of Tennessee	June 8...	....	....	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Texas‡...	June 15..	262	260	.....	....	.....
Univ. of the Pacific‡	May 26 ..	....	300	.....	....	.....
Univ. of Vermont‡	June 15.	2,644	1,877	Amos Andrew Parker.....	1813	Fitzwilliam, N. H.
Univ. of Virginia..	June 29..	9,275	....	Thomas Wood.....	1830	Charlottesville.
Univ. of W. Va.‡ .	June 8...	250	....	M. H. Dent.....	1870	Grafton, W. Va.
Univ. of Wis.‡....	June 14..	1,790	....	Charles T. Wakeley.....	1857	Madison, Wis.
Univ. of Wooster‡	June 19...	650	....	Rev. John Miller.....	1871	Winfield, Kan.....
Upper Iowa Univ.‡	June 9...	525	456	.....	....	.....
U. S. Mil. Acad. ..	June 11..	3,449	1,550	William C. Young.....	1822	New-York City.
U. S. Naval Acad..	June 3...	2,047	1,610	Rear-Admiral W. G. Temple	1846	Washington, D. C.
Vanderbilt Univ...	June 17..	701	....	W. H. Morgan, M.D., D.D.S.	1874	Nashville, Tenn.
Vassar College§....	June 8...	903	....	.....	....	.....
Wabash College...	June 15..	601	500	Rev. Silas Jessup, M.A....	1838	Rockton, Ill.
Wake Forest Coll..	June 9...	450	300	Dr. Oscar F. Baxter.....	1834	Elizabeth City, N. C.
Washburn College‡	June 16..	....	....	Rev. Perley M. Griffin.....	1869	Parsons, Kan.
Wash. & Jeffer. C.	June 22..	3,568	1,870	Rev. John L. Hawkins.....	1818	Melrose, Kan.
Wash. & Lee Univ.	June 15..	....	2,000	Henry M. Bowyer, A.B.....	1823	Amsterdam, Va.
Washington Univ.‡	June 9...	742	....	Thomas Lamb Eliot.....	1862	Portland, Ore.
Wellesley College.	June 21..	734	598	.....	....	.....
Wells College.	June 15..	100	98	.....	....	.....
Wesleyan Univ.‡..	June 29..	1,663	1,270	Daniel Henry Chase, LL.D..	1833	Middletown, Conn.
West. Res. Univ...	June 29..	2,500	....	Dudley Allen.....	1832	Oberlin, O.
Western Univ.....	June 23..	491	....	Hon. Daniel Agnew, LL.D..	1825	Beaver, Pa.
Westminster Coll.	June 5...	200	172	.....	....	.....
Westminster Coll.‡	June 22..	....	....	Rev. W. P. Shaw.....	1854	Medway, Pa.
Wheaton College.‡	June 25..	....	....	.....	....	.....
Williams College..	June 22..	3,543	1,808	David Dudley Field.....	1825	New-York City.
William & Mary C.	.....	...	....	.....	....	.....
Wofford College..	June 15..	337	297	Hon. Samuel Dibble.....	1856	Orangeburg, S. C.
Yale University....	June 29..	14,936	7,367	Hon. Edward McCrady.....	1820	Charleston, S. C.

* All departments.
† Earliest graduate living.
‡ Co-education of the sexes.
§ Education of women only.
(*a*) Not yet opened for work.
(*b*) Annex of Columbia College.
(*c*) Confined strictly to post-graduate work. The national university of the Church.
(*d*) Academic department.
(*e*) In 1893.

Hon. Amos Andrew Parker, of Fitzwilliam, N. H., is the oldest living graduate of any American college. He was of the class of 1813 of the University of Vermont. Mr. Parker celebrated his one hundredth birthday on October 8, 1891. The next oldest living graduate is Dr. Fithian, of Greenwich, N. J., of the class of 1816 of the University of Pennsylvania. Rev. Dr. Farley, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the oldest surviving Harvard graduate; class of 1818.

American College Cheers.

THE following collection of college cheers has been made by THE WORLD ALMANAC, through correspondence with officials of the respective institutions. It is believed to be the largest collection ever published.

Allegheny.—"Al-le-ghe-ny, rah boom!"
Amherst.—"'Rah; 'rah-'rah; 'Rah; 'rah-'rah; Am-h-e-r-s-t!"
Beloit.—"O-Y-Ya-Ya-Ya-B-loit—"
Bethany.—"Hi Yi, 'Rah 'Rah, Yah Hoo, Bethanee!"
Boston University.—"Boston, Boston, B-B-B-Boston, 'Varsity, 'Varsity, Rah! Rah!! Rah!!!"
Bowdoin.—"B-o-w-d-o-i-n 'Rah, 'Rah, 'Rah!"
Brown University.—"Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah! Brown!!"
Bucknell University.—"'Rah, 'rah ru, Bucknell, B. U., 'Rah ru, ru 'rah, bang!"
Butler University.—"B! U! Hurrah! B. U. Hurrah! Boomlah! Butler! 'Rah! 'Rah! 'Rah!"
Carleton.—"C-A-R-L-E-T O-N-'Rah! 'Rah! 'Rah!"
Central (Kansas).—"Rock, Chalk! Jayhawk C. C. we be!"
Central University (Pella, Ia.).—"Central Central ra, ra, ra! 'Varsity 'Varsity ha, ha, ha! Iowa, Iowa, wa, wa, wa! Maxima pro patria, ra, ra ra!"
Central University (Richmond, Ky.).—"Hip, Hip, Hip, Hi Yi C. U. R. K. Y.!"
Colgate University.—"Rah! Rah! Colgate! Zip Boom Ah!"
Class Cheers, '92.—"C. U. True blue! Vive la-Vive-la Ninety-two!"
'93.—"Hoorah! Hooru! Ninety-three! C. U.! Kai Nika!"
'94.—"C. U. Rah! C. U. Rah! Eighteen Ninety-four! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
'95.—"Hobble, Gobble! Razzle, Dazzle! Zip Boom Ah! C. U. Ninety-five! 'Rah! 'Rah! 'Rah!"
Colby.—"C-o-l-b-y, 'rah! 'rah! 'rah!"
College of the City of New York.—"'Rah 'Rah 'Rah, C. C. N. Y.!"
Columbian University.—"Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah C-o-l-u-m-b-i-a-n!"
Columbia.—"H'ray! h'ray! h'ray! C-o-l-u-m-b-i-a!"
Cornell (Iowa).—"Zip-siss-boom, Cah-Cah-nell, C-C-Tiger-la, Zip-siss hurrah!"
Cornell University.—"Cornell! I Yell! Yell! Cornell!"
Cumberland University.—"Rah! Rah-ran 'Cum-ber-land!"
Dartmouth.—"Wah, who, wah! wah who wah! da-didi, Dartmouth! wah who wah!"
Davidson.—"Rah-rah-rah-Run-Run-Run-Pink and Blue, Da-vid-son!"
Des Moines.—"We shout—we yell—we howl—hoorah for D. M. C.!"
Dickinson.—"Rip-rah-bus-bis—Dickinsoniensis—Tiger!"
Class Cheers, '92—"Bric-a-ty Brax Co-ax Co-ax—Bric-a-ty Brax Co-ax Co-ax—Hul-la-ba-loo! Hul-la-ba-loo, Woo, 'Rah Ninety-two!"
'93.—"Bim-Boom, Bramahootra! Hip, High, sah! Treis Kai Enenghonta! sis boom ah!"
'94.—"Palin! Palin! Sunkalcometha! Rah! Rah! Ninety-four! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
'95.—"Hul-la-ba-loo! Kenick Kenick. Hul-la-ba-loo! Kenick Kenick. Who's Alive, Ninety-five, Tiger!"
Earlham.—"'Rah; 'rah, 'rah; ri, ro, rem; E-A-R-L-H-A-M; thee, thou! 'rah!!!!!"
Elmira.—"Rah! Rah! Rah! Elmira! Elmira College! Boom Rah!"
Eureka.—"Hip, Hip, Hurrah Eu-re-kah!"
Franklin and Marshall.—"Nevonia! Nevonia! F. and M.!"
Georgetown University.—"Hoo-rah, Hoo-rah, Hoo-rah—ray! Georgetown! Georgetown! Blue and Gray! Hicky! Hicky! Kai! Kai! Mucky! Mucky! Hey-yah! O my! Hory-Dory! Mucky-Dory! Hey-yah!"
Hamline University.—"Ho! Ho!! Ho!!! Ham-le-u-ne Vers-te. Rah! Re!"
Hamilton.—"'Rah! 'rah! 'rah! Hamilton! Zip 'rah boom!"
Hampden-Sidney.—"Hoop la hi—Hoopla-he—hoopla—Hampden-Sidney-C.!"
Harvard University.—"Rāh rāh rāh! rāh rāh rāh! rāh rāh rāh—Harvard!"
Haverford.—"Yo-Yo-Yo—Yo-Yo-Yo—Yo-Yo-Yo—Hav-er-*ford!*"
Hillsdale.—"Hip, hip, Rah, rah, rah, Hillsdale College, Zip, boom, rah!"
Hiram.—"Rah, Rah, Rah: Rah, Rah, Rah! Hiram, Hiram: Zip, Boom, Rah!"
Hobart.—"Hip, Hobart! Hip, Hobart! Hip, Ho! Hip, Ho! Hip Hobart!"
Illinois Wesleyan.—"Hip, Hip, Hip, Zip, Zip, Zip, Boom, Ah, Oo, I. W. U.!"
Indiana University.—"I. U.! I. U.! I. U.! 'rah 'rah 'rah sth, boom, bang!"
Iowa College.—"Der Gute Gott nier Weiss!"
Iowa State College.—"Hip ha! Rip Ra! Peda balloo ballee! Huzza! Zip boom! I. A. C.!"
Iowa State University.—"Hi! Hi! Hi! S. U. I.! Giddy, Giddy, Giddy, U. N. I.!"
Kenyon.—"Heika! Heika! Heika! Ken-yon! Ken-yon! Ken-yon!"
Knox.—"Zip rah! Boom rah! Knox-i-ae! Knox-i-a! KNOX! KNOX! KNOX!"
Lafayette.—"Rah! Rah! Rah! Tiger Lafayette!"
Class Cheers, '92.—"Hoo, Rah, Ray, Duo et Nonaginta Lafayette!"
'93.—"Hyka! Hyka! Hyka! Siss-boom-ah! '93 Rah! Rah! Rah!"
'94.—"Hullabaloo, hurrah, hurrah, Hoorah, Hooror Lafayette, Ninety-four!"
'95.—"Wah who, wah, Ninety-five Rah, Rah, Rah!"
Lehigh University.—"Hoo, 'rah 'ray! Hoo, 'rah 'ray! Ray 'ray 'ray, Lehigh!"
Leland Stanford, Jr., University.—"Wah, Hoo! Wah Hoo! L. S. J. U.! *Stanford!!*"
Lincoln University.—"Ki-yi-mockli-on, Ra-ha—Lincoln!"
Maine State College.—"M. S. C. Rah! Rah! Rah! M. S. C. Rah! Rah! Rah! M. S. C. Rah! Rah! Rah! Tiger!"
Manhattan.—"Rah! Rah! Rah! M-a-n—h-a-t—t-a-n, Manhattan!!"
Miami University.—"Rah—Rah—Rah—M-I-A-M-I—Mi-am-i, Miami!"
Middlebury.—"Midd', Midd', Middlebury! 'rah, 'rah, 'rah!"
Monmouth.—"Ho Rah. Ho Roo. Depa Lu, Depa Loo, Rah Si-Ki Yi, Hot, Cold, Wet or Dry, Get there, Eli. MONMOUTH!"
Mt. St. Mary's.—"Rah! Rah, Rah, Sis! Boom, Bah! Mount St. Mary's Ha! Ha, Ha!"
Class Cheer, '92.—"Rackity, Rackity, Rackity, Rack! Rackity, Rackity, Rackity, Rhu! Rankity, Rinkity, Runkity, Blunck, We are the boys of '92!"
Muhlenberg.—"'Rah 'Rah 'Rah 'Rah, Muhlenberg!"
Norwich University.—"Rah! Rah! Rah! Old N. U.! N. U., N. U., N. U.!"
Notre Dame.—"Reh! reh! reh! U. N. D., N. D. U.; reh! reh! reh!"
Nevada State University.—"Wa-hoo, Wa-hoo, N. S. U!"
Oberlin.—"Hi!-O!-Hi!-O!-Hi!-O!-Hi! Hi! O! Hi! O-ber-lin!"
Ohio State University.—"Wahoo, Wahoo, Rip, Zip, Baz, Zoo, I yell, I yell, for *O. S. U.!*"
Ohio University.—"Wah-hoo, Wah-hoo, Rip, rah, O.-U.-O-hi-O-U.! followed by three cheers!"

AMERICAN COLLEGE CHEERS—*Continued.*

Ottawa University (Kansas).—(1) "'Rah! 'Rah 'Rah Hi! O. U. Ottawa!" (2) "Hi! Yi! O. U. Get there '92!" (3) "'Rah 'Rah Foot alive, All's serene with '95!"
Pennsylvania College.—" Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah, Penn-syl-va-ni-a!"
Polytechnic Institute (Brooklyn).—" Rah! Rah! Rah! P. O. L. Y. Tiger!"
Princeton.—" Hooray, Hooray, Hooray, Tiger-Sis-Boom-ah! Princeton!"
Purdue University.—" Purdue Purdue Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah! Purdue Purdue! Rah, Rah Rah Rah! Hurrah Hurrah, Bully for old Purdue!"
Randolph-Macon College.—" Rip, rah, rah! rip rah rah!! Randolph-Macon, Virginia!"
Richmond.—" Hubla-le-luck, ko-ak-ko-ak; Hubla le luck, ko-ak-ko-ak; Wo-up, wo-up, Diabolou, Richmond!"
Rutgers.—" 'Rah! 'rah! 'rah! bow-wow-wow! Rutgers!"
Seton Hall College.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! S-E-T-O-N-I-A, Ha! Ha! Ha!"
Stevens Institute of Technology.—" Boomrah! Boomrah! Boomrah Stevens!"
Class Cheers, '92.—" Rah, Rah, Grey, Rah Rah Blue, Boomrah Stevens, Class of Ninety-two!"
'93.—" Humpty Rah, Dumpty Rah, Bumpty Rah, Re, whoop-er-up Stevens, Class of Ninety-three!"
'94.—" Wacka Lacka, Wacka Lacka, Wacka Lacka Loo. Boom Rah Stevens Tech., Class of '94!"
'95.—" Umbocohi, Hoboki, Rah Rah Stevens, Class of '95!"
St. Francis Xavier.—" Rah, Rah, Rah, X-A-V-I-E-R!"
St. John's.—" S-J! S-J! hip, hip, hooray! hooray!"
St. Laurence University.—" Rah Rah Rah, Rah rah rah, Rah rah rah, Laurentia!"
St. Stephens.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! St. Stephens!"
Swarthmore.—" Rah, Rah! Rah Rah Rah! Rah Rah! Rah Rah Rah! Swarthmore!"
Trinity, Hartford.—" 'Rah! 'rah! 'rah! Trin-i-ty! boom-'rah! boom-'rah! Trin-i-ty!"
Tufts.—" 'Rah, 'rah, 'rah! 'rah, 'rah, 'rah! Tufts!"
Union.—" Rah! Rah! U-N-I-O-N-Hikah! Hikah! Hikah!"
University of California.—" Ha-Ha-Ha-California—U. C. Berk-lee Zip-Boom-ah!"
University of Colorado.—" U-U-U- of C. V-V-Varsity, U-U-U- of C. V-V-Varsity. *S-i-s-s-s-s* BOOM COLORADO!"
University of Denver.—" U, U, U, of D, Den-ver, Ver-si-tee!"
University of Georgia.—" Rah-Rah-Rah! Rah-Rah-Rah! Rah-Rah-Rah! *Georgia!*"
University of Illinois.—" Rah-hoo-rah, Zip boom ah! Hip-zoo, rah zoo, Jimmy, blow your bazoo. Ip-sidi-iki, U. of I., Champaign!!!"
University of Kansas.—" Rock-Chalk-Jay-Hawk K. U.!"
University of Michigan.—" U. of M. Hurrah! Hurrah! Hōo-ráh! Hōo-ráh! Michigan! Michigan! ráh! ráh! ráh!"
Class Cheers, '92.—" Ninety-two-Ninety-two, Rah-Rah-Rah! Hobble-gobble, Razzle-dazzle Fizz! Boom! ah!"
'93.—" Roo, Rah, Rah! Roo, Rah, Ree! Michigan! Michigan! '93!"
'94.—" Hoo! Yah! Hee! Boom! Bang! Roar! Michigan '94!"
University of Minnesota.—" Rah, rah, rah, Ski-U-mah—Minne-So-ta!"
University of Mississippi.—" Riss, Riss, Riss, University of Miss. Hip! Hip! Hurrah!"
University of Nebraska.—" U, U, U, N-I-Ver-Ver-Ver-Sit-Y-Oh My!!"
University of North-Carolina.—" Rah! Rah!! Rah!!! White and Blue! Vive-la! Vive-la N. C. U.!"
University of Pennsylvania.—" Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Penn-syl-va-ni-ah! H'ray! H'ray! H'ray! Penn-syl-va-ni-ā!"
University of Rochester.—" 'Rah, 'rah, 'rah, Rochester!"
University of South-Dakota.—" Da-ko-tá, Da-ko-ta, U-ni-vi-a, Da-ko-tá."
University of the City of New-York.—" Rah, Rah, Rah, N. Y. U. Siss! Boom!! Ah!!!
Class Cheers, '92.—" Kalamazoo-Mazoo-Mazoo-Hah Ho! High Ho! N. Y. U. '92—Siss Boom ah!"
'93.—" Rah, Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Tres Kai emnākontah N. Y. U. '93 Tigah!"
'94.—" Rick! Rack! Yellow, Black! Roar, Roar, Roar—N.-Y.-U.—'94."
University of Tennessee.—" Rah, rah, ree, bim, bum, bee, Ten-I-see."
University of the South.—" 'Rah 'Rah Ree, U-ni-v; Hey-ip-hey-ip Se-wa-nee!"
University of Vermont.—" 'Rah, 'rah, 'rah! 'rah, 'rah, 'rah! U. V. M.! 'rah, 'rah!"
University of Virginia.—" Rah-rah-rah, Uni-v! Rah-rah-rah, Var-si-tee! Vir-gin-i-a!"
University of Wisconsin.—" U-Rah-Rah-Wis-con-sin!" repeated three times with a Tiger.
University of Wooster.—" 'Rah, 'rah, 'rah! W-two O-ster! bang! boom! whiz!"
Upper Iowa University.—" Hi, Ki, Yah, Wah Hoo Wah, U. I. 'Varsity! Zip Boom Rah!"
Vanderbilt University.—" Vanderbilt, Rah, Rah, Rah! Whiz Boom, Zip-boom, Rah, Rah, Rah!"
Wabash.—" Wah-Hoo-Wah, Wah Hoo Wah, Wah Hoo Wah Hoo W-a-bash!"
Class Cheers, '92.—" Brekety Kex Ko-ax Ko-oo, Brekety Kex O '92!"
'93.—" Zip Za Boom, Rip Ra Ree, ah there, World's Fair, Hurrah For '93!"
'94.—" Hi-Yi, Hippi Ki, Whoop War, 94!"
Wake Forest.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Or-et-Noir! Woop-la! Yi! Ve! La! W. F. C.!"
Washburn.—" Zah! Zah, Rah!! Rah, Rah, Rah!! Wāshburn."
Washington and Jefferson.—" Wich-i-Koáx, Ko-áx, Koáx! Wich-i-Koax, Koax, Koax! W. J. W. J. Boom!"
Washington and Lee.—" Chick-a-go-runk! go-runk! go-runk! ha, ho, hi, ho! Wash-ing-ton and Lee!"
Wesleyan.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Wesleyana! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Western Reserve.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Biff! Bum! Bah! a la 'delbert, Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Class Cheers, '93.—" Boom! rah! rah boo! boom Ree! '93! Rah boo, '93!"
'94.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Biff! Bum! Bore! Vive-la! Vive-la, '94!"
'95.—" Hi Hi Hi Za, Za, Za, '95! '95! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Western University (Pennsylvania).—" Allegenee-genack-genack! Hooray! Wup!"
Class Cheers, '92.—" Hi-Yi-Yi-Yi! Wup a Baloo! X-C-I-I-'92!"
'93.—" Ki-Ro-Kee, Ki-Ro-Kee! Boom a lack, a boom a lack! a '93!"
'94.—" Yak, Yak, Yak, Ki, wah, yore! sis, wah, boom a lack! '94!"
'95.—" Whoop a la, Whoop a live, Wish la Roo, Wish la nive! X-C-V! Rah! '95!"
Westminster (Fulton, Mo.).—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Oh! yes, Sir! Vive-la, Vive-la, West-min-ster!"
Williams College.—" Rah! Rah! Rah! Will-yums, yams, yums! Will-yums!"
Yale University.—" Rah, Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Yale!

College Colors.

(Communicated to THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Presidents of the Respective Institutions.)

Alfred College .....Purple and Gold.
Allegheny College.....Cadet Blue and Old Gold.
Amherst College.....Purple and White.
Baker University.....White.
Barnard College.....Blue and White.
Bates College .....Garnet.
Beloit College.....Old Gold and Black.
Bethany College.....Green and White.
Boston University.....Crimson and White.
Bowdoin College.....White.
Brown University.....Brown and White.
Bryn Mawr College.....Yellow and White.
Bucknell University.....Orange and Blue.
Butler University.....Blue and White.
Carleton College... .....Maize.
Catholic University of America.....Tea Green.
Central College.....Blue.
Central University (Iowa).Red, White and Blue.
Central University (Kentucky).....Olive Green and Old Gold.
Centre Coll. (Kentucky)..White and Buff.
Colgate University.....Maroon and Orange.
College City of New-York.Lavender.
Columbia College.....Blue and White.
Columbian University.....Navy Blue and Orange.
Cornell College.....Purple.
Cornell University.....Cornelian and White.
Cumberland University....Green, White and Blue.
Dartmouth College.....Green.
Davidson College.....Pink and Blue.
De Pauw University.....Old Gold.
Des Moines College.....Black and Gold.
Dickinson College.....Red and White.
Drake University.....Green and Pink.
Earlham College.....Cream and Blue.
Elmira College.....Purple and Gold.
Eureka College.....Light Blue.
Franklin and Marshall College .....Blue and White.
Furman University.....Purple and White.
Georgetown University....Blue and Gray.
Griswold College.....Magenta and Old Gold.
Hamline University.....Gray and Red.
Hamilton College.....Rose Pink.
Hampden-Sidney College..Black and White.
Hampton Institute.....Pink and Blue.
Hanover College.....Blue and Scarlet.
Harvard University.....Crimson.
Haverford College.....Scarlet and Black.
Heidelberg University.....Old Gold and Peacock Blue.
Hillsdale College.....Blue and Old Gold.
Hiram College.....Bright Red and Sky Blue.
Hiwassee College.....Red and Blue.
Hobart College.....Orange and Royal Purple.
Howard University.....Red, White and Blue.
Illinois College.....White and Blue.
Illinois Wesleyan College..Steel Gray and Navy Blue.
Indiana University.....Red (Cardinal) and White.
Iowa College..... .....Red and Black.
Iowa State College.....Gold, Silver and Black.
Iowa State University... .Old Gold.
Johns Hopkins University.Black and Blue.
Kentucky University.....Orange and Blue.
Knox College.....Old Gold and Royal Purple.
Kenyon College..... Mauve.
Lafayette College.....Maroon and White.
Lake Forest University....Ruby Red, Orange and Black.
Lehigh University.....Brown and White.
Lincoln University.....Violet and White.
Maine State College.....Blue.
Manhattan College.....Blue and White.
Marietta College.....United States Flag.
Miami University.....Red and White.
Middlebury College.....Blue.
Monmouth College.....Red and White.
Mount St. Mary's College..White and Blue.
Muhlenberg College.....Cardinal and Steel.
Northwestern University..Purple and Gold.
Notre Dame College.....Blue and Old Gold.
Norwich University.....Gold and Garnet.
Nevada State University..Pink and Cream.
Oberlin College.....Crimson and Gold.
Ottawa University(Kansas)Old Rose and Ocean Blue.
Ohio State University.....Red and Gray.
Ohio Wesleyan College....Scarlet and Jet.
Olivet College.... .....Crimson.
Oskaloosa College.....Old Gold and White.
Pennsylvania College .....Orange and Blue.
Pennsylvania State CollegeNavy Blue and White.
Polytechnic Institute (Brooklyn).....Blue and Gray.
Princeton College.....Orange and Black.
Purdue University.....Old Gold and Black.
Racine College.....Royal Purple.
Randolph-Macon College..Black and Orange.
Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.....Cherry.
Richmond College.....Garnet and Cream.
Rollins College..... ..Rose Pink.
Rutherford College.....Red and Blue.
Seton Hall College. .....Blue and White.
Smith College..... ..White.
Stevens' Institute of Technology.....Silver Gray and Cardinal.
St. Francis Xavier College.Red and Blue.
St. John's College.....Blue and White.
St. Lawrence University..Scarlet and Brown.
St. Louis University.....Orange, White and Blue.
St. Stephen's College.....Ecclesiastical Red.
Swarthmore College.....Garnet.
Syracuse University.....Orange.
Trinity College (Hartford).Dark Blue and Old Gold.
Trinity College (N. C.)....Blue.
Tufts College.....Brown and Blue.
Tulane University.....Old Gold.
Union College.....Garnet.
University of California...Blue and Gold.
University of Colorado ...Gold and Silver.
University of Denver.....Red and Yellow.
University of Georgia.....Crimson, Black and Old Gold.
University of Illinois. .....Black and Yellow (Gold).
University of Kansas.....Corn Yellow and Sky Blue.
University of Michigan....Maize and Blue.
University of Minnesota...Old Gold and Maroon.
University of Missouri. ...Old Gold and Black.
University of Nebraska ...Old Gold.
University of North Carolina.....White and Blue.
University of PennsylvaniaRed and Blue.
University of Rochester...Blue and Steel Gray.
University of South Carolina..... ....Tea Green and Cardinal Red
University of South DakotaVermilion.
University of the South...Purple.
University of the City of New-York.....Violet.
University of Tennessee...Blue and Gray.
University of Texas.....White, Heliotrope and Old Gold.
University of Vermont.... Straw and Dark Green.
University of Virginia.....Navy Blue and Orange.
University of Wisconsin...Crimson.
University of Wooster.....Old Gold and Black.
Vanderbilt University.....Black and Old Gold.
Vassar College.....Pink and Gray.
Wabash College.....Scarlet.
Wake Forest College.....Orange and Black.
Washburn College.....Blue.
Washington and Jefferson College..... .....Red and Black.
Washington and Lee University.....White and Blue.
Washington University....Red and Green.
Wellesley College.....Blue.
Wells College.....Red.
Wesleyan University.....Cardinal and Black.
Western Reserve University. .....White and Crimson.
Western University.....Old Gold and Blue.
Westminster College(Pennsylvania)..... Blue and White.
William and Mary College.Orange and White.
Williams College.....Royal Purple.
Yale University.....Dark Blue.

Statistics of American College Fraternities.

GENERAL FRATERNITIES.

	Name.	Membership.	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters.	Houses or Halls Owned.	Where Founded.	When Founded.
ΑΔΦ	Alpha Delta Phi	6,236	19	8	7	Hamilton.	1832
ΑΤΩ	Alpha Tau Omega	2,061	35	21	1	V. M. I.†	1805
ΒΘΠ	Beta Theta Pi	6,995	60	19	1	Miami.	1839
ΧΦ	Chi Phi	3,147	21	23	1	Princeton.	1854
ΧΨ	Chi Psi	2,930	16	9	5	Union.	1841
ΔΚΕ	Delta Kappa Epsilon	10,353	34	13	9	Yale.	1844
ΔΦ	Delta Phi	2,205	11	4	2	Union.	1827
ΔΨ	Delta Psi	2,504	9	10	8	Columbia.	1847
ΔΤΔ	Delta Tau Delta	4,044	39	26	—	Bethany.	1860
ΔΥ	Delta Upsilon	4,871	26	6	7	Williams.	1834
ΚΑ	Kappa Alpha	997	4	2	3	Union.	1825
ΚΑ(s)	Kappa Alpha (Southern)	2 057	26	12	—	Wash. & Lee.	1867
ΚΣ	Kappa Sigma	2,048	22	20	—	Virginia.	1867
ΦΑΧ	Phi Alpha Chi	*200	3	4	—	—	—
ΦΔΘ	Phi Delta Theta	6,803	66	17	1	Miami.	1848
ΦΓΔ	Phi Gamma Delta	4,244	40	23	—	Jefferson.	1848
ΦΚΨ	Phi Kappa Psi	5,302	35	16	1	Jefferson.	1852
ΦΚΣ	Phi Kappa Sigma	1,878	11	15	1	U. of Pa.	1850
ΦΘΨ	Phi Theta Psi	*170	3	—	—	—	—
ΠΚΑ	Pi Kappa Alpha	310	4	7	—	U. of Va.	1868
ΨΥ	Psi Upsilon	7,124	17	2	5	Union.	1833
ΣΑΕ	Sigma Alpha Epsilon	2,342	31	33	—	Alabama.	1856
ΣΧ	Sigma Chi	3,999	38	21	—	Miami.	1855
ΣΝ	Sigma Nu	971	20	7	—	V. M. I.†	1869
ΣΦ	Sigma Phi	1,820	7	2	6	Union.	1827
ΤΔΣ	Tau Delta Sigma	61	3	—	—	U. of South.	1889
ΘΔΧ	Theta Delta Chi	2 817	18	17	2	Union.	1847
ΖΨ	Zeta Psi	3,590	20	10	4	N. Y. U.	1846
	Total	92,279	638	353	64		

LADIES' FRATERNITIES.

ΑΒΓ	Lambda Beta Gamma	212	2	—	—	Oxford, Miss.	1881
ΑΦ	Alpha Phi.	348	5	—	1	Syracuse.	1872
ΒΣΟ	Beta Sigma Omicron	11	1	—	—	Missouri.	1889
ΔΔΔ	Delta Delta Delta	190	5	—	—	Boston.	1889
ΔΓ	Delta Gamma	632	12	9	—	Mississippi.	1872
ΓΦΒ	Gamma Phi Beta	272	5	—	—	Syracuse.	1874
ΚΑΘ	Kappa Alpha Theta	1,180	20	6	—	De Pauw.	1870
ΚΚΓ	Kappa Kappa Gamma	1,523	22	9	—	Monmouth.	1870
ΠΒΦ	Pi Beta Phi	1,344	19	8	—	Monmouth.	1867
ΣΚ	Sigma Kappa	91	1	—	—	Colby.	1874
ΡΕΟ	Rho Epsilon Omicron	*1,500	5	—	—	Iowa.	
	Total	7,303	97	32	1		

There are 16 professional fraternities founded by the professional schools attached to colleges, and these number 45 active chapters and 3,364 members. But a part of these members also belong to the general fraternities.

There are also 17 local fraternities, or one college societies, which number in the aggregate 3,876 members.

SUMMARY.

	Members.	Active Chapters.	Inactive Chapters	Houses or Halls.
General Fraternities	92,279	638	353	64
Ladies' Fraternities	7,303	97	32	1
Professional Fraternities	3,364	45	3	—
Local Fraternities	3,876	17	—	5
Total	106,822	797	388	70

* Estimated. † Virginia Military Institute.

These tables are from a work on "American College Fraternities," by William Raimond Baird, and are reprinted with the permission of the author.

Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle.

President .....Lewis Miller, Akron, O.
Chancellor....Bishop John H. Vincent, Buffalo. | *General Secretary*.....A. M. Martin, Pittsburgh.
Principal.....Dr. Jesse L. Hurlbut, Chautauqua | *Office Secretary*....Miss K. F. Kimball, Buffalo.

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific Circle was organized in 1878 at the instance of Lewis Miller. Its purpose is to promote habits of reading and study in nature, art, science, and in secular and sacred literature, in connection with the routine of daily life; to give college graduates a review of the college course; to secure for those whose educational advantages have been limited the college student's general outlook upon the world and life, and to develop the habit of close, connected, persistent thinking.

It endeavors to encourage individual study in lines and by text-books which shall be indicated; by local circles for mutual help and encouragement in such studies; by summer courses of lectures and "students' sessions" at Chautauqua, and by written reports of each year's work.

Any person may join the circle upon payment of the annual membership fee, which is fifty cents. No entrance examination is necessary. Persons may enter for one year, but the full course is four years, after which the graduate receives a diploma. The course of studies is directed from the centre of the circle, and may be pursued at home and in the local circles. Attendance at the summer meetings at Chautauqua, N. Y., is urged, but is not imperative. Application for membership should be made to John H. Vincent, Chancellor, Buffalo, N. Y.

There are over fifty Chautauqua assemblies in the United States, Canada, Great Britain, Japan, India, South-America, Australasia, and South-Africa, with a membership of a half million persons. All are modelled in organization and methods upon the original Chautauqua Assembly, but are independent in management.

University Extension.

This educational movement, comparatively new in the United States, has been a feature of the higher class of English educational work for some years, the great universities, particularly Oxford and Cambridge, being its centres. It is simply the extension of the higher education from the college nucleus to the people by means of lectures, teachers, publications, the holding of examinations, etc. Its methods are much on the lines established by the Chautauqua Circle. Many American colleges are now interested in this work and are the centres of activity in it. Its growth is almost phenomenal. The Legislature of New-York in 1891 made an appropriation for the establishment of a department of university extension in the University of the State of New-York, and it has been organized by the Regents and placed under the direction of Mr. Melvil Dewey, the secretary. "The American Society for the Extension of University Teaching" has been organized at Philadelphia. Professor E. J. James is president, and the general advisory committee is composed of President Adams, of Cornell; Angell, of the University of Michigan; Gates, of Amherst; Chamberlain, of the University of Wisconsin; Jordan, of Leland-Stanford University, and Professor Harper, of Yale, and others of like prominence. The membership admission fee and annual due is five dollars. Instead of obliging the student always to come to the university, the university proposes, in addition to its home work, to go out to the people. The motto is, "Help people to help themselves."

A conference of college presidents and professors and leading educators from all parts of the United States was held at Philadelphia, December 30, 1891. Provost Pepper, of the University of Pennsylvania, presided. Among the speakers was Professor Sadler, of Christ Church, Oxford, England, whose theme was the "Development of University Extension," in the course of which he said:

"It seems to me this work reconciles culture and labor. The very political future makes work of this kind important. What can be more important than that men of all classes and stations, with their varied experiences, should meet together in the university extension class and frankly explain to one another their respective views? We shall thus see that all good and honest-thinking men don't much differ in their final ideas of social reform.

"The greatest bond between classes in English life is their common knowledge of the English Bible. Surely the best way of obtaining true equality is to give the best people in every rank of a nation every educational advantage, and as we are now in a time, as Emerson said, when 'things are in the saddle and ride mankind,' we should set before all ranks of our people an ideal of spirit instead of an ideal of moneymaking. I believe university extension is doing a religious work. Our aim is not intellectual communism, but equalization of intellectual opportunities, and it is a significant feature that among our university extension students is the lady who, if she is spared, will some day be Queen of England and an Oxford chimney-sweep."

Professional Schools in the United States.

Years.	Theological Schools.			Law Schools.			Medical Schools.								
							Regular.			Eclectic.			Homeopathic.		
	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.	Number.	Teachers.	Pupils.
1884-85.....	152	793	5,775	49	285	2,744	88	1,591	9,441	8	95	530	12	219	1,088
1885-86.....	142	856	6,379	49	283	2,954	89	1,633	10,431	10	123	703	13	212	1,103
1886-87.....	145	857	6,356	50	310	3,185	89	1,712	9,806	10	134	719	13	226	1,138
1887-88.....	138	7[illegible]6	6,[illegible]12	49	293	3,657	8[illegible]	1,746	11,172	9	132	713	12	224	1,118
1888-89.....	141	686	6,989	52	345	3,9[illegible]6	92	1,907	12,238	9	116	669	14	249	1,159

The Famous Old People of 1892.

(Age at the last birthday is given. The list was made up January 1, 1892.)

Age.

100. Admiral Sir Provo W. P. Wallis, R. N.

93. Sir James Bacon, jurist.

89. Louis Kossuth.

88. Earl Grey, statesman.

87. Professor Sir Richard Owen, anatomist; Neal Dow, prohibitionist; Field Marshal Sir Patrick Grant.

86. Ferdinand de Lesseps, David Dudley Field, Francis William Newman, James Martineau, philosopher; Barthelemy-Sainte-Hilaire, statesman; George Müller, orphanage founder.

84. John G. Whittier, poet.

83. Hamilton Fish, Marshal MacMahon, Robert C. Winthrop, Alphonse Karr.

82. William Ewart Gladstone, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Lord Tennyson, Marshal Canrobert, Cassius M. Clay, Hugh McCulloch, Professor Blackie, Admiral Keppel, R. N.; Frances Anne Kemble.

81. Pope Leo XIII., ex-Senator Payne, Senator Morrill, Lord Armstrong, gunmaker.

80. Ex-President McCosh, of Princeton College; ex-President Noah Porter, of Yale College; General Cialdini, of Italy; Bishop Colenso, Professor Bunsen, chemist.

79. George Ticknor Curtis, Justice Bradley, Samuel Smiles, biographer; Harriet Beecher Stowe.

78. Sir H. Bessemer, inventor; Professor Dana, geologist; ex-Senator Thurman.

77. Ernest Curtius, Greek scholar; Verdi, the composer; Duc de Nemours, Baroness Burdett-Coutts.

76. Bismarck, Rawlinson, the historian; General Jubal A. Early, N. P. Banks, C. W. Couldock, comedian; Sir Henry Parkes, Australian statesman; Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

75. Justice Field, Senator Dawes, M. Leon Say, the financier; Rev. Newman Hall; Daniel Huntington, painter; Philip James Bailey, poet; Dr Siemans, electrician; Sir James Caird, political economist; Gustave Freytag, novelist; Parke Godwin, Russell Sage.

74. Professor Mommsen, historian; King Christian of Denmark, Dr. Brown-Sequard, Sir Alexander Galt, Canadian statesman; Sir John Gilbert, R. A.; Sir Joseph Hooker, botanist; Sir Austin Layard, Professor Jowett, Senator John M. Palmer.

73. General Beauregard, B. F. Butler, ex-Senator Evarts, Cyrus W. Field, Froude, historian; Gounod, composer; Prince de Joinville, ex-Senator Hampton, Professor Bain, Bishop A. C. Coxe, Baron Reuter, news-gatherer; Mrs. John Drew, comedienne.

72. Queen Victoria, ex-Prime Minister Crispi, General Longstreet, John Ruskin, Walt Whitman, poet; Sir Lyon Playfair, Duke of Cambridge; Justice Blatchford, Prince Hohenlohe, statesman; Sir Monier-Williams, Sanscrit scholar; W. W. Story, author and sculptor; Julia Ward Howe, Abram S. Hewitt.

71. Herbert Spencer, John Tenniel, cartoonist; Professor John Tyndall, De Giers, Russian statesman; Florence Nightingale, Mrs. G. H. Gilbert, comedienne; Jean Ingelow, poet; Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, General Rosecrans, Susan B. Anthony.

70. Lord Coleridge, Lord Chief Justice of England; Professor Virchow, Duc de Broglie, Sir Samuel W. Baker, William H. Russell, journalist; Rev. Dr. Storrs, Sir Charles Tupper, Ristori, tragic actress; Professor Helmholtz, physiologist; Dr. Temple, Bishop of London; Sims Reeves, singer.

69. Duc d'Aumale, Rosa Bonheur, Francis Galton, Got, French comedian; Edward Everett Hale, ex-President Hayes, Professor Pasteur, chemist; General Pope, U. S. A.; Professor Alfred R. Wallace.

68. Duke of Argyll, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Thomas Hughes, Max Müller, Joseph Ernest Renan, Senator Sherman, Professor Goldwin Smith, Professor Freeman, historian; ex-Speaker Grow.

67. George William Curtis, Alexander Dumas (fils), Professor Huggins, astronomer; Eastman Johnson, painter; Vice-President Morton, George Macdonald, novelist; Senator Stanford, Senator Colquitt.

66. Sir William Aitken, pathologist; Professor Charcot, Professor Huxley, Justice Lamar, Professor March, philologist; R. D. Blackmore, novelist.

65. Karl Blind, Earl of Derby, Marquis of Dufferin, ex-Empress Eugenie, Senator Hoar, M. Waddington, French statesman; Senator Hawley.

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64. Sir William Harcourt, statesman; Père Hyacinthe, Professor St. George Mivart, Sagasta, Spanish statesman; Professor Whitney, philologist; J. H. Stoddart, comedian; Senator Voorhees.

63. Sir Henry James, lawyer; De Freycinet, French statesman; Professor T. W. Dwight, ex-Senator Edmunds, General Gourko, Russian commander; Ibsen, dramatist; Mrs. Oliphant, novelist; George Augustus Sala, Henri Taine, literary critic; Jules Verne, Count Tolstoi, Justice Gray, of the Supreme Court.

62. General Booth, Salvation Army leader; George W. Childs, Joseph Jefferson, comedian; Sir John Millais, R. A.; Carl Schurz, Senator Allison, Senator Cullom.

61. James G. Blaine, Hans Von Bülow, President Diaz, of Mexico; Emperor Francis Joseph, ex-Queen Isabella, ex-Khedive Ismail, Sir Frederick Leighton, R. A.; Rev. Joseph Parker, English pulpit orator; James Payn, novelist; Rubinstein, pianist; Marquis of Salisbury, British premier; Salvini, tragedian; Secretary Tracy, Madame Janauschek, actress; General Oliver O. Howard, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, actress.

60. Chancellor Von Caprivi, Archdeacon Farrar, Rev. Henry M. Field, General Galliffet, French soldier; President Gilman, of Johns Hopkins; George J. Goschen, British statesman; Frederick Harrison, positivist; Henry Labouchère, journalist; Professor Marsh, of Yale, paleontologist; Henri Rochefort, Victorien Sardou, General Schofield, Edmund Yates, Amelia B. Edwards, author.

At what age does one become "old"? Five centuries ago a man was old at fifty. But the hale and hearty gentleman of to-day who has just turned sixty would probably protest against being classed among old people, even if famous. That his susceptibilities may not be wounded, therefore, a separating dash has been discreetly introduced after age sixty-five.

The Forty Immortals of the French Academy.*

	Year Elected.	Name.	Born.	Predecessor.
1	1855....	Ernest Wilfred Gabriel Baptiste Legouvé.....	Paris, 1807.....	Ancelot.
2	1862....	Jacques Victor Albe, Duc de Broglie.....	Paris, 1821	Lacordaire, Père.
3	1865....	Charles Camille Doucet.....	Paris, 1812.....	De Vigny.
4	1870....	Emile Ollivier.....	Marseilles, 1825	De Lamartine.
5	1870 ...	Xavier Marmier.....	Pontarlier, 1808.	De Pongerville.
6	1871....	Henri Eugène Orléans, Duc d'Aumale.....	Paris, 1822.....	De Montalembert.
7	1871....	Camille Felix Michel Rousset.....	Paris, 1821.....	Prévost-Paradol.
8	1874....	Alfred Jean François Mézières.....	Paris, 1826.....	St. Marc-Girardin.
9	1874....	Alexandre Dumas.....	Paris, 1824.....	Lebrun.
10	1875....	John Emile Lemoinne.....	London, 1815.....	Janin.
11	1876....	Jules François Simon.....	Lorient, 1814.....	De Remusat.
12	1876....	Marie Louis Antoine Boissier.....	Nimes, 1823....	Patin.
13	1877....	Victorien Sardou.....	Paris, 1831.....	Autran.
14	1878....	Joseph Ernest Renan.....	Tregnier, 1823.....	Claude Bernard.
15	1878....	Hippolyte Adolphe Taine.....	Vouziers, 1826.....	De Loménie.
16	1878....	Edmond Armand, Duc D'audiffret-Pasquier.....	Paris, 1823.....	Dupanloup (Bishop).
17	1880....	Maxime Du Camp.....	Paris, 1822.....	St. René-Taillandier.
18	1880....	Aimé Joseph Edmond Rousse.....	Paris, 1817.....	Jules Favre.
19	1881....	René François Armand Sully-Prudhomme.....	Paris, 1839.....	Duvergier de Hauranne.
20	1881....	Louis Pasteur.....	Dôle, 1822.....	Littré.
21	1881....	Charles Victor Cherbuliez.....	Geneva, 1829.....	Dufaure.
22	1882....	Adolphe Louis Albert Perraud.....	Lyons, 1828.....	Auguste Barbier.
23	1882....	Edouard Jules Henri Pailleron.....	Paris, 1839.....	Charles Blanc.
24	1882....	Louis Charles de Mazade-Percin.....	Castelsarrazin, 1820....	Comte de Champagny.
25	1884....	François Edouard Joachin Coppée.....	Paris, 1842	De Laprade.
26	1884....	Ferdinand Marie de Lesseps.....	Versailles, 1805.....	Henri Martin.
27	1884....	Jean Victor Duruy.....	Paris, 1811.....	Mignet.
28	1884....	Joseph Louis François Bertrand.....	Paris, 1822.....	J. B. Dumas.
29	1884....	Ludovic Halévy.....	Paris, 1834.....	Comte d'Haussonville.
30	1886....	Jean Baptiste Léon Say.....	Paris, 1826.....	Edmond About.
31	1886....	Charles Marie Leconte de Lisle.....	Isle de Réunion, 1818..	Victor Hugo.
32	1886....	Aimé Marie Edouard Hervé.....	Isle de Réunion, 1835..	Duc de Noailles.
33	1886....	Vallery Clément Octave Gréard	Vire, 1828.....	Comte de Falloux.
34	1888....	Othénin Paul de Cléron, Comte d'Haussonville..	Gurey, 1843.....	Caro.
35	1888....	Jeanne Pierre Jurien de la Gravière.....	Brest, 1812.....	Viel-Castel.
36	1888....	Jules Arnaud Arsène Claretie.....	Limoges, 1840.....	Cuvillier-Fleury.
37	1888....	Henri Meilhac.....	Paris, 1830.....	Labiche.
38	1888....	Eugène Marie Melchior Vicomte de Vogué.....	Nice, 1848.....	Désiré Nisard.
39	1890....	Charles Louis de Saulces de Freycinet.....	Foix, 1828.....	Emile Augier.
40	1891....	Louis Marie Julien Viaud (Pierre Loti).....	Rochefort, 1850.....	Octave Feuillet.

* The French Academy is one of five academies, and the highest, constituting the Institute of France. It was founded in 1635 by the Cardinal Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of 40 members, elected for life, after personal application and the submission of their nomination to the head of the State. It meets twice weekly, and is "the highest authority on everything appertaining to the niceties of the French language, to grammar, rhetoric and poetry and the publication of the French classics." A chair in the Academy is the highest ambition of most literary Frenchmen. The other academies of the Institute of France are: The Academy of Inscriptions and Belles-Lettres, with 40 members; Academy of Sciences, with 66 members; Academy of Fine Arts, with 40 members (as follows: Painting, 14; sculpture, 8; architecture, 8; engraving, 4; musical composition, 6), and Academy of Moral and Political Science, with 40 members. All members are elected for life.

The Earthquake Record of 1891.

GREAT alarm, but comparatively little damage, was occasioned on June 7 in various parts of Lombardy, Tuscany and Venetia by repeated vertical shocks of earthquake. At Margenizo, Tregnano and Badia some people were killed and many injured by the falling down of houses. Later on, Florence, Trieste and Rome experienced the effects of what may be described as subsidiary earthquake tremors, which lasted for several days. With an eruption of Vesuvius, however (which gradually increased in intensity during the succeeding days), the shocks diminished in frequency and violence. On September 9 San Salvador was the scene of a disastrous earthquake, during which the earth rose and fell with a wave-like motion, throwing down hundreds of houses, killing over 40 persons and injuring 50 or 60 others in the city of Salvador alone; the towns in the country suffered more than the capital, Analquito and Cosmasagua being completely destroyed, and damage done at Santa Anna and Susimtepeque, 60 miles from Salvador. Before the earthquake the volcanoes of San Salvador, San Miguel and Izalco had been unusually active, while afterward the waters of Lake Ilopango rose many feet. On October 28 a disastrous earthquake occurred in Japan, by which an enormous area was affected, of which Hiogo was the centre. The suburbs of that city were destroyed, and several other towns more or less ruined. The shocks passed in a westerly direction along the shore of the Bay of Osaka, causing immense havoc. The town of Kano, on the coast, was entirely swept away. The sea became a seething caldron, and bursting upon the shore, deluged the low-lying coast. Very few of the residents escaped. The city of Gifu was partially wrecked, 5,000 houses being destroyed. In the province of Oragoya 18,000 houses were wrecked. The town of Okaku suffered terribly, and Kasamutsu became a pile of ruins. The chief fatalities were at Ogaki, where at least 1,000 were killed. The official estimates of deaths, etc., placed the number of killed at 4,000 persons, of injured at 5,000, and of houses destroyed at 50,000; while bridges and railroads were demolished over a long line of country. Among the natural phenomena observed were great fissures in the ground at many points, rendering roads impassable and travelling dangerous. One striking feature was the subsidence of the land to some depth over large tracts of country. The volcano Nakusan belched forth enormous masses of stones and continuous streams of sand and mud, the contour of the mountain being completely changed by the eruption. These disturbances were plainly recorded in the instruments at the observatory at Berlin, and their reflex action was shown in a severe shock of earthquake which was felt at Athens on October 30.—*Whitaker's Almanack for* 1892.

The Production of Books.

American and Imported Publications in 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, Recorded by "The Publishers' Weekly," not including Government Works and the Productions of the Minor Cheap Libraries.

Divisions.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	Divisions.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Fiction	1,022	874	942	1,118	Biography, Memoirs	201	247	178	218
Law	438	335	410	458	Fine Arts and Illus. Books.	175	250	171	135
Juvenile Books	487	410	388	408	Physical and Math. Science	76	56	96	93
Literary History and Miscel.	251	291	144	183	Useful Arts	123	124	129	133
Theology and Religion	353	482	363	467	Sports and Amusements	48	46	43	82
Education, Language	283	413	319	399	Domestic and Rural	61	39	44	29
Poetry and the Drama	221	280	171	168	Humor and Satire	26	47	25	42
History	157	144	110	153	Mental and Moral Philos.	21	18	28	11
Medical Science, Hygiene	171	151	157	117					
Social and Political Science.	143	227	157	183	Total	4,437	4,631	4,014	4,559
Description, Travel	180	194	139	162					

Many of the American productions are reprints of English works.

British Publications from 1887 to 1890 Inclusive.

Divisions.	1887.		1888.		1889.		1890.	
	New Books.	New Eds.	New Books.	New Eds.	New Books.	New Eds.	New Books.	New Eds.
Theology, Sermons, Biblical, etc	680	135	748	164	630	134	555	153
Educational, Classical and Philological	582	102	630	149	557	124	561	88
Juvenile Works and Tales	439	100	357	113	418	93	443	95
Novels, Tales and other Fiction	762	228	929	385	1,040	364	881	323
Law, Jurisprudence, etc	73	49	115	57	66	40	40	39
Political and Social Economy, Trade and Commerce	113	25	111	24	110	16	87	22
Art, Sciences and Illustrated Works	115	63	184	69	112	34	54	19
Voyages, Travels, Geographical Research	227	68	224	73	203	57	188	69
History, Biography, etc	394	71	377	109	310	114	294	97
Poetry and the Drama	82	44	163	68	133	54	114	74
Year-Books and Serials in Volumes	302	...	324	3	342	4	318	1
Medicine, Surgery, etc	133	77	126	73	133	49	143	50
Belles-Lettres, Essays, Monographs, etc	140	235	165	224	157	183	171	191
Miscellaneous, including Pamphlets, not Sermons	368	79	507	120	483	107	511	100
	4,410	1,276	4,960	1,631	4,694	1,373	4,414	1,321
		4,410		4,960		4,694		4,414
		5,686		6,591		6,067		5,735

Bible Statistics.

The following statement is on the authority of a communication published in *Notes and Queries* (London). It is represented to be the fruits of three years' labor by the indefatigable Dr. Horne, and is given by him in his introduction to the study of the Scriptures. The basis is an old English Bible of the King James version.

Old Testament.—Number of books, 39; chapters, 929; verses, 23,214; words, 593,493; letters, 2,728,100.
New Testament.—Number of books, 27; chapters, 260; verses, 7,959; words, 181,253; letters, 838,380.
The Bible.—Total number of books, 66; chapters, 1,189; verses, 31,173; words, 773,746; letters, 3,566,480.
Apocrypha.—Number of books, 14; chapters, 183; verses, 6,081; words, 125,185.

Old Testament.—The middle book of the Old Testament is Proverbs. The middle chapter is Job 29. The middle verse is 2 Chronicles 20, between verses 17 and 18. The shortest book is Obadiah. The shortest verse is 1 Chronicles 1: 25. The word "and" occurs 35,543 times. Ezra 7: 21 contains all the letters of our alphabet. The word "Selah" occurs 73 times and only in the poetical books. 2 Kings 19 and Isaiah 37 are alike. The Book of Esther does not contain the words God or Lord. The last two verses of 2 Chronicles and the opening verses of the Book of Ezra are alike. Ezra 2 and Nehemiah 7 are alike. There are nearly 30 books mentioned, but not found in the Bible, consisting of civil records and other ancient writings now nearly all lost. About 26 of these are alluded to in the Old Testament.

New Testament.—The middle book is 2 Thessalonians. The middle chapter is between Romans 13 and 14. The middle verse is Acts 17: 17. The smallest book is 2 John. The smallest verse is John 11: 35. The word "and" occurs 10,684 times. The name Jesus occurs nearly 700 times in the Gospels and Acts, and in the Epistles less than 70 times. The name Christ alone occurs about 60 times in the Gospels and Acts, and about 240 times in the Epistles and Revelation. The term Jesus Christ occurs 5 times in the Gospels.

The Bible.—The middle book is Micah. The middle (and smallest) chapter is Psalm 117. The middle verse is Psalm 118: 8. The middle line is 2 Chronicles 4: 16; the largest book is that of the Psalms; the largest chapter is Psalm 119. The word Jehovah (or Lord) occurs 6,855 times. The word "and" occurs 46,227 times. The number of authors of the Bible is 50. The Bible was not until modern times divided into chapters and verses. The division of chapters has been attributed to Lanfrank, Archbishop of Canterbury, in the reign of William I.; but the real author of this division was Cardinal Hugo de Sancto-Caro, about 1236. The number of languages on earth is estimated at 3,000; the Bible or parts of it have been rendered into only about 180. The first English translation complete of the Bible was by Wickliffe in 1380. The first American edition was printed in Boston in 1752.

Review of Scientific Progress in 1891.

(*Specially prepared for* THE WORLD ALMANAC.)

FROM a careful study of the radiant points of shooting stars, Mr. Denning, of Bristol, England, has not only established with considerable accuracy the position of such stationary points, but has also found the average height of meteors entering the atmosphere to be at the beginning 70 miles and at the end 48 or 50 miles.

In spectrum analysis Professor Rowland has largely contributed to our knowledge of the constituents of the sun. He has photographed the spectra of all known elements (with the exception of a few rare gaseous ones) in connection with the solar spectrum from the extreme ultra violet to the D line. He finds positive evidence of the existence in the sun of at least 36 elements, the most important of which are the well-known substances hydrogen, carbon, potassium, sodium, calcium, aluminium, iron, nickel, magnesium, barium, copper, zinc, silver, tin and lead. Among the elements not yet found in the sun are antimony, arsenic, bismuth, boron, nitrogen, gold, mercury, phosphorus, sulphur and selenium, to which also may be added oxygen, according to the researches of Mr. Janssen. Professor Rowland also found evidence of many rare and unknown elements, which he has hitherto failed to identify with the spectra of any known element on the earth. Among the elements not yet found to exist in the sun is that important group known by the name of halogens, comprising chlorine, iodine, bromine and fluorine.

The search for asteroids is still continued, especially at the observatories of Vienna and Nice. The number of them is now 321, unless some of those recently discovered turn out to be identical with those previously found. Four or five comets have been discovered during the year—they were all telescopic and possess no special interest.

The most important contribution to theoretical astronomy during the year 1891 was the exhaustive paper of Professor Harkness on the Solar Parallax and its related Constants. He has collected the most trustworthy astronomical, physical and geodetic constants which are intimately connected with the solar parallax, and by a judicious adjustment of them, using the principle of "Least Squares" for that purpose, has deduced a homogeneous system of values which harmonizes well with the results of observation. A summary of his results is as follows: Equatorial semi-diameter of the earth, 20,925,293 feet; Polar semi-diameter, 20,855,590 feet; mean density of earth equals 5.576 (water being 1); length of the seconds pendulum at equator, 39.01254 inches; acceleration of terrestrial gravity at equator per second of mean solar time, 32.086528 feet; length of the sidereal year, 365 days, 6 hours, 9 min., 9.314 sec. (mean time); length of tropical year, 365 days, 5 hours, 48 min. 46.069 sec. (mean time); solar parallax, 8.80905" ±0.00567"; mean distance of earth from sun, 92,796,950 miles, with a probable error of not more than 60,000 miles either way; mean distance of moon from earth, 238,854.75 miles, with a probable error of only 9,916 miles and the velocity of light 186,337 miles per second.

The method of determining celestial motions in the line of sight, by means of the spectroscope, is yielding extraordinary but not altogether unforeseen results, and is furnishing us with a separating power which far surpasses that of any telescope. The spectroscope has added greatly to our list of binary stars, and has given us for the first time a knowledge of a new class of stellar systems in which the components are nearly equal in magnitude and in close proximity to each other. The star β Aurigæ has lately been found to be such a star. It consists of two suns, which revolve about their common centre of gravity in *four days*, at a distance from each other of between seven or eight millions of miles; and assuming them to be of equal weight, each is a little more than double the weight of our sun. This extraordinary condition of things is probably not a permanent one, but one of the stages in the evolution of the life history of the system. This unique arrangement of suns is probably due to two centres of condensation, instead of one in the nebula, out of which this system was originally evolved. No telescope could ever reveal to us binary stars of this order. In the case of this close double star, an object glass of not less than *eighty feet* in diameter would be required to separate its components.

An arc of nearly 40° on the 52d parallel of north latitude has been lately measured geodetically in Europe, and the result is that this parallel is not a circle but an approximately circular curve, from which it follows that the earth is not an ellipsoid of revolution. A similar result was found in the case of the 42d parallel in the United States.

Two large refracting telescopes have been mounted during the year—viz., those of Chamberlain Observatory, at Denver, and Goodsell Observatory, at Northfield, Minn., besides several smaller ones in different parts of the world, and two more observatories have been established for the study of astro-physics, one the Kenwood Observatory, at Chicago, and the other in connection with the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, D. C.

CHEMISTRY.

In chemistry, several verifications of previously determined constants have been made, and a new test to distinguish arsenic from antimony has been discovered. Liquid oxygen has been prepared in tolerably large quantities, and is found to have a decidedly *blue* color, and it is therefore probable that the blue color of the sky is in a great measure due to the oxygen in the atmosphere.

Two new modifications of sulphur have been obtained, which, however, are very unstable, as they pass back into ordinary sulphur in the course of a few hours. A new form of silicon has also been produced by subjecting potassium silicofluoride to an intense heat in contact with impure aluminium. The new modification consists of perfect crystals having a metallic lustre, infusible and insoluble in all acids except the hydrofluoric. The new modifications of these well-known elements are probably polymerized atomic forms.

GEOLOGY AND EXPLORATION.

Several valuable contributions to the geology of North America have appeared from the pens of several State geologists, among which may be mentioned those of the States of Alabama, Missouri,

REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS—*Continued.*

Minnesota, Wisconsin and Texas. Tin ore has been found in certain localities in Texas and diamonds in Wisconsin.

The remains of vertebrated life in the lower Silurian strata have been discovered by Walcott, of the United States Geological Survey, near Cañon City, Col., in the sandstone resting on the prepaleozoic rocks forming the eastern front of the Rocky Mountains. They consist of immense numbers of plates of placo-ganoid fishes. Considerable interest attaches to this discovery from the fact that we now have at least some of the ancestors of the great group of placoderm fishes which make their appearance so suddenly at the close of the upper Silurian and lower Devonian groups. It also indicates that the vertebrate fauna extends far back into the Silurian, and that the differentiation between the vertebrate and invertebrate types probably took place in the Cambrian age.

An extensive series of soundings have been made in the Indian Ocean, in which a large area northwest of Australia has been found to have depths of 3,000 fathoms and more.

An exploring expedition undertaken by American scientists, with the view of examining the geological features of the basin of the Grand River in Labrador, has contributed largely to our knowledge of that almost inaccessible region. The height of the great falls on that river was estimated to be not less than 316 feet.

Another expedition has been sent out under the auspices of the United States Geological Survey, to explore the arid wastes in Southeastern California and adjacent territory. J. M.

National Academy of Sciences.

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The National Academy of Sciences was incorporated by act of Congress, March 3, 1863. The charter provides that "the Academy shall, whenever called upon by any department of the Government, investigate, examine, experiment, and report upon any subject of science or art; the actual expense of such investigations, examinations, experiments and reports to be paid from appropriations which may be made for the purpose." The Academy is composed at present of 94 members, 3 honorary members and 24 foreign associates.

American Social Science Association.

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The next meeting of the Association will be held at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., September, 1892.

American Association for the Advancement of Science.

OFFICERS.

President—Professor Joseph LeConte, Berkeley, Cal.
Vice-Presidents—A—Mathematics and Astronomy, J. R. Eastman, Washington, D.C.; B—Physics, B. F. Thomas, Columbus, O.; C—Chemistry, Alfred Springer, Cincinnati, O.; D—Mechanical Science and Engineering, John B. Johnson, St. Louis, Mo.; E—Geology and Geography, H. S. Williams, Ithaca, N. Y.; F—Biology, S. H. Gage, Ithaca, N. Y.; H—Anthropology, W. H. Holmes, Washington, D.C.; I—Economic Science and Statistics, S. Dana Horton, Pomeroy, O.
Permanent Secretary—F. W. Putnam, Cambridge (office Salem), Mass.
General Secretary—Amos W. Butler, Brookville, Ind.
Secretary of the Council—T. H. Norton, Cincinnati, O.
Treasurer—William Lilly, Mauch Chunk, Pa.
Auditors—Henry Wheatland, Salem, Mass.; Thomas Meehan, Germantown, Pa.
The next meeting of the Association will be held at Rochester, N. Y., August 17, 1892.

Statistics of Litigation.

THE ordinary number of civil lawsuits in certain European countries in a year, according to Mulhall, is as follows: England, lawsuits, 1,150,000, per 1,000 inhabitants, 42; Germany, lawsuits, 3,239,000, per 1,000 inhabitants, 70; Italy, lawsuits, 1,390,000, per 1,000 inhabitants, 52; France, lawsuits, 708,000, per 1,000 inhabitants, 19; Belgium, lawsuits, 94,000, per 1,000 inhabitants, 18. The Queen's Bench in 1887 disposed of 80,000 suits. There are 14,000 solicitors or attorneys in England, and 17,000 in France, without counting barristers.

Copyright Law of the United States.

SECTION 4,952 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in force December 1, 1873, as amended by the act of June 18, 1874, as amended by the act of March 3, 1891, provides that the author, inventor, designer, or proprietor of any book, map, chart, dramatic or musical composition, engraving, cut, print, or photograph or negative thereof, or of a painting, drawing, chromo, statuary, and of models or designs intended to be perfected as works of the fine arts, and the executors, administrators, or assigns of any such person, shall, upon complying with the provisions of this chapter, have the sole liberty of printing, reprinting, publishing, completing, copying, executing, finishing, and vending the same; and, in the case of a dramatic composition, of publicly performing or representing it, or causing it to be performed or represented by others. And authors or their assigns shall have exclusive right to dramatize or translate any of their works, for which copyright shall have been obtained under the laws of the United States.

PRINTED TITLE REQUIRED.

A *printed* copy of the title of the book, map, chart, dramatic or musical composition, engraving, cut, print, photograph, or chromo, or a *description* of the painting, drawing, statue, statuary, or model or design for a work of the fine arts, for which copyright is desired, must be delivered to the Librarian of Congress or deposited in the mail, within the United States, *prepaid*, addressed "LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS, WASHINGTON, D. C." This must be done on or before day of publication in this or any foreign country.

The *printed title* required may be a copy of the title-page of such publications as have title-pages. In other cases, the title must be printed expressly for copyright entry, with name of claimant of copyright. The style of type is immaterial, and the print of a type-writer will be accepted. But a separate title is required for each entry, and *each* title must be printed on paper as large as commercial note. The title of a *periodical* must include the date and number; and each number of a periodical requires a separate entry of copyright.

FEES.

The legal fee for *recording* each copyright claim is 50 cents, and for a *copy* of this record (or certificate of copyright under seal of the office) an additional fee of 50 cents is required, making $1, in case certificate is wanted, which will be mailed as soon as reached in the records. In the case of publications produced by other than citizens or residents of the United States, the fee for recording title is $1, and 50 cents additional for a copy of the record. Certificates covering more than one entry in one certificate are not issued.

Not later than the day of publication of each book or other article, in this country or abroad, two complete copies of the best edition issued must be delivered, to perfect the copyright, or deposited in the mail within the United States, addressed "LIBRARIAN OF CONGRESS, WASHINGTON, D. C." The freight or postage must be prepaid, or the publications enclosed in parcels covered by printed Penalty Labels, furnished by the Librarian, in which case they will come FREE by mail (not express), without limit of weight, according to rulings of the Post Office Department. In the case of books, photographs, chromos, or lithographs, the two copies deposited must be printed from type set or plates made in the United States, or from negatives or drawings on stone, or transfers therefrom, made within the United States. Without the deposit of copies above required the copyright is void, and a penalty of $25 is incurred. No copy is required to be deposited elsewhere.

The law requires one copy of each new edition wherein any substantial changes are made, to be deposited with the Librarian of Congress.

NOTICE OF COPYRIGHT.

No copyright is valid unless notice is given by inserting in every copy published, on the title-page or the page following, if it be a book; or if a map, chart, musical composition, print, cut, engraving, photograph, painting, drawing, chromo, statue, statuary, or model or design intended to be perfected as a work of the fine arts, by inscribing upon some portion thereof, or on the substance on which the same is mounted, the following words, viz.: "*Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year* ——, *by* ——, *in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington*," or, at the option of the person entering the copyright, the words: "*Copyright*, 18—, *by* ——."

The law imposes a penalty of $100 upon any person who has not obtained copyright who shall insert the notice "*Entered according to act of Congress*," or "*Copyright*," etc., or words of the same import, in or upon any book or other article.

TRANSLATIONS AND DRAMAS.

The copyright law secures to authors or their assigns the exclusive right to translate or to dramatize their own works.

Since the phrase *all rights reserved* refers exclusively to the right to dramatize or to translate, it has no bearing upon any publications except original works, and will not be entered upon the record in other cases.

DURATION OF COPYRIGHT.

Any person publicly performing or representing any dramatic composition for which a copyright has been obtained, without the consent of the proprietor thereof, or his heirs or assigns, shall be liable for damages therefor; such damages in all cases to be assessed at such sum, not less than $100 for the first, and $50 for every subsequent performance, as to the court shall appear to be just.

Every person who shall print or publish any manuscript whatever, without the consent of the author or proprietor first obtained, shall be liable to the author or proprietor for all damages occasioned by such injury.

The original term of copyright runs for twenty-eight years. *Within six months before* the end of that time, the author or designer, or his widow or children, may secure a renewal for the further term of fourteen years, making forty-two years in all.

RENEWALS.

Applications for renewal must be accompanied by explicit statement of ownership, in the case of the author, or of relationship, in the case of his heirs, and must state definitely the date and place of entry of the original copyright. Advertisement of renewal is to be made within two months of date of renewal certificate, in some newspaper, for four weeks.

TIME OF PUBLICATION.

The time within which any work entered for copyright may be issued from the press is not limited by any law or regulation, but the courts have held that it should take place within a reasonable time. A copyright may be secured for a projected work as well as for a completed one. But the law provides for no *caveat*, or notice of interference—only for actual entry of title.

COPYRIGHT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

ASSIGNMENTS.

A copyright is assignable in law by any instrument of writing, and such assignment is to be recorded in the office of the Librarian of Congress within sixty days from its date. The fee for this record and certificate is $1, and for a certified copy of any record of assignment $1.

A copy of the record (or duplicate certificate) of any copyright entry will be furnished, under seal of the office, at the rate of fifty cents each.

SERIALS OR SEPARATE PUBLICATIONS.

In the case of books published in more than one volume, or of periodicals published in numbers, or of engravings, photographs, or other articles published with variations, a copyright is to be entered for each volume or part of a book, or number of a periodical, or variety, as to style, title, or inscription, of any other article. But a book published serially in a periodical, under the same general title, requires only one entry. To *complete* the copyright on such a work, two copies of each serial part, as well as of the complete work (if published separately), should be deposited.

WORKS OF ART.

To secure copyright for a painting, statue, or model or design intended to be perfected as a work of the fine arts, a definite description must accompany the application for copyright, and a photograph of the same as large as "cabinet size," mailed to the Librarian of Congress not later than the day of publication of the work or design.

The fine arts, for copyright purposes, include only painting and sculpture, and articles of merely ornamental and decorative art are referred to the Patent Office, as subjects for Design Patents.

Every applicant for a copyright should state distinctly the full name and residence of the claimant, and whether the right is claimed as author, designer, or proprietor. No affidavit or witness to the application is required.

TRADE-MARKS.

Copyrights cannot be granted upon Trade-marks, nor upon names of companies or articles, nor upon an idea or device, nor upon prints or Labels intended to be used for any article of manufacture. If protection for such names or labels is desired, application must be made to the Patent Office, where they are registered at a fee of $6 for labels, and $25 for trade-marks.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT.

The provisions as to copyright entry in the United States by foreign authors, etc., by act of Congress approved March 3, 1891 (to take effect July 1, 1891), are the same as the foregoing.

The right of citizens or subjects of a foreign nation to copyright within the United States is not to take effect unless such nation permits to United States citizens the benefit of copyright on the same basis as to its own citizens; or unless such nation is a party to an international agreement providing for reciprocity in copyright, to which the United States may become a party. The Librarian of Congress can enter copyright for foreigners only after a proclamation of the President of the United States, certifying the existence of either of the foregoing conditions.

The right of Americans to secure copyright abroad is unchanged by the new law, pending new legislation in foreign countries, or international agreements as to copyright between their governments and that of the United States.

AMERICAN COPYRIGHT ABROAD.

The Librarian of Congress has prepared the following statement in reply to requests for information as to International Copyright:

"I have to advise you that International Copyright arrangements between the United States and foreign countries now include Great Britain and her possessions, France, Belgium, and Switzerland. For an American citizen to secure copyright in Great Britain three conditions are necessary:

"The title should be entered at Stationers' Hall, London, the fee for which is 5 shillings sterling, and 5 shillings additional if a certified copy of entry is required.

"The work must be published in Great Britain or in her dominions simultaneously with its publication in the United States.

"Five copies of the publication are required, one for the British Museum, and four on demand of the Company of Stationers for four other libraries.

"Copyright in Canada is to be registered with the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa, fee $1 for registry and 50 cents for certificate; and the work to be published in Canada, and two copies deposited.

"Copyright may be secured in France, by a foreigner, by depositing two copies of the publication at the Ministry of the Interior at Paris. No fee nor entry of title required.

"To secure copyright in Belgium a foreigner may register his work at the Department of Agriculture, Industry, and Public Works, at Brussels.

"In Switzerland, registry of title at the Department of Commerce and Industry at Berne is optional, not obligatory, fee 2 francs. If registered, deposit of one copy is required.

"The Librarian of Congress cannot take charge of any copyright entries or arrangements with other countries."

Volapük.

A CONVENTION of American Volapükists was held in Boston, Mass., in August, 1890, and twenty-three States were represented. Colonel C. E. Sprague, of New-York, is president of the association. Volapük, the new "universal language," is the invention of a German Catholic priest, Rev. Johann Martin Schleyer, of Constance, in Baden. He published his system in 1879. On account of its extreme simplicity—its grammar contains no artificial genders, has a single conjugation, and no irregular verbs—Volapük is very easily acquired. The Volapük dictionary now contains 14,000 words, while any imaginable new word may be easily formed by composition. All difficulties of pronunciation and spelling are avoided; no sound is employed which is not common the world over; every word is accented on the last syllable, and the orthography is strictly phonetic. It is claimed that there are now over 1,200 books and pamphlets in Volapük, 5,000,000 students—of whom over a million are proficient—2,000 business houses which make use of it, 500 Volapük clubs, and 30 journals published in its interest. A world's congress of Volapükists will be held in Belgium this year.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

COUNCIL, 1891-92.

President, Thomas W. Wood; *Vice-President*, F. D. Millet; *Corresponding Secretary*, T. Addison Richards; *Recording Secretary*, H. W. Robbins; *Treasurer*, Frederick Dielman; J. B. Bristol, C. Y. Turner, Eastman Johnson, Louis C. Tiffany, George W. Maynard, J. C. Nicoll; *Superintendent*, C. S. Farrington.

NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

Elected.

1872. Bear, J. H., 110 Fifth Ave., New-York City.
1862. Beard, William H., 51 West 10th St.
1860. Bierstadt, Albert 1271 Broadway.
1888. Blashfield, Edwin H., Brooklyn, N. Y.
1859. Blauvelt, Charles F., Annapolis, Md.
1871. Boughton, George H., London, Eng.
1872. Brandt, Carl L., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.
1863. Brevoort, J. R., 52 East 23d St.
1881. Bridgman, Frederick A., Paris, France.
1875. Bristol, John B., 52 East 23d St.
1863. Brown, J. G., 51 West 10th St.
1873. Butler, George B., 110 Fifth Ave.
1875. Calverley, Charles, 337 Fourth Ave.
1881. Casilear, John W., 51 West 10th St.
1890. Chase, William M., 51 West 10th St.
1849. Church, Frederic E., Hudson, N. Y.
1884. Church, F. S., 58 East 13th St.
1862. Colman, Samuel, Newport, R. I.
1864. Cranch, Christopher P., Cambridge, Mass.
1851. Cropsey, Jasper F., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.
1826. Cummings, Thomas Seir, Hackensack, N. J.
1863. Dana, W. P. W., Paris, France.
1867. DeHaas, M. F. H., 51 West 10th St.
1883. Dewing, Thomas W., 3 North Washington Sq.
1883. Dielman, Frederick, 41 West 10th St.
1851. Flagg, George W., Nantucket, Mass.
1849. Flagg, Jared B., 253 West 42d St.
1832. Gaul, Gilbert, 110 Fifth Ave.
1878. Gifford, R. Swain, 152 West 57th St.
1867. Griswold, C. C., 51 West 10th St.
1865. Guy, Seymour Joseph, 51 West 10th St.
1863. Hall, George Henry, Paris, France.
1889. Hamilton, Hamilton, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
1859. Hart, James M., 11 East 14th St.
1858. Hart, William, 52 East 23d St.
1891. Hartley, J. S. (elect), 145 West 55th St.
1851. Haseltine, W. Stanley, Rome, Italy.
1863. Hennessy, W. J., Paris, France.
1869. Henry, E. L., 77 West 48th St.
1865. Homer, Winslow, 80 East Washington Sq.
1882. Hovenden, Thomas, Plymouth Meeting, Pa.
1882. Howland, Alfred C., 52 East 23d St.
1840. Huntington, Daniel, 49 East 20th St.
1868. Inness, George, 139 West 55th St.
1861. Johnson, David, 52 East 23d St.
1860. Johnson, Eastman, 65 West 55th St.
1851. Jones, Alfred, 86 Trinity Place.
1883. Jones, H. Bolton, 253 West 42d St.
1869. Lafarge, John, 51 West 10th St.
1868. Lambdin, George C., Philadelphia, Pa.

Elected.

1852. Lang, Louis, 13 Waverley Place.
1882. Linton, William J., New-Haven, Conn.
1861. Loop, Henry A., 163 West 47th St.
1890. Low, Will H., 42 West 15th St.
1876. Magrath, William, Washington, D. C.
1875. Martin, Homer D., 109 East 15th St.
1885. Maynard, George W., 80 East Washington Sq.
1875. Miller, Charles H., 108 West 23d St.
1885. Millet, F. D., 92 Clinton Place.
1884. Moran, Thomas, 37 West 22d St.
1891. Mowbray, H. Siddons, 66 West 11th St.
1887. Murphy, J. Francis, 222 West 23d St.
1870. Nehlig, Victor.
1845. Nicoll, J. C., 51 West 10th St.
1884. Parton, Arthur, 51 West 10th St.
1869. Perry, E. Wood, 51 West 10th St.
1880. Porter, Benjamin C., 3 North Washington Sq.
1846. Prud'homme, John F. E., Georgetown, D. C.
1881. Richards, T. Addison, National Academy.
1871. Ritchie, Alexander H., 109 Liberty St.
1878. Robbins, Horace Wolcott, 137 East 60th St.
1863. Rogers, John, 14 West 12th St.
1875. Shldstedt, L. G., Buffalo, N. Y.
1861. Shattuck, Aaron D., Granby, Conn.
1888. Shirlaw, Walter, 3 North Washington Sq.
1890. Shurtleff, R. M., 47 West 22d St.
1882. Smillie, George H., 337 Fourth Ave.
1876. Smillie, James D., 337 Fourth Ave.
1861. Sonntag, William L., 120 East 22d St.
1879. St. Gaudens, Augustus, 148 West 36th St.
1868. Tait, Arthur F., 53 East 56th St.
1862. Thompson, Launt, 176 Fifth Ave.
1874. Thompson, Wordsworth, 52 East 23d St.
1880. Tiffany, Louis C., 335 Fourth Ave.
1891. Tryon, D. W. (elect), 226 West 59th St.
1886. Turner, C. Y., 35 West 14th St.
1883. Van Elten, Kruseman, 51 West 10th St.
1865. Vedder, Elihu.
1891. Vinton, Frederic P. (elect), Boston, Mass.
1891. Walker, Horatio (elect), 51 West 10th St.
1883. Ward, Edgar M., 51 West 10th St.
1863. Ward, J. Q. A., 119 West 52d St.
1889. Warner, Olin L., 80 East Washington Sq.
1866. Weir, John F., New-Haven, Conn.
1886. Weir, J. Alden, 11 East 12th St.
1861. Whittredge, Worthington, 51 West 10th St.
1873. Wilmarth, Lemuel E., 20 West 14th St.
1871. Wood, Thomas Waterman, 51 West 10th St.
1869. Wyant, A. H., 52 East 23d St.
1880. Yewell, George H., 114 West 18th St.

ASSOCIATE NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS.

Allen, Thomas, Boston, Mass.
Beckwith, J. Carroll, 58 West 57th St.
Blum, Robert, 80 East Washington Sq.
Bradford, William, 96 Fifth Ave.
Bricher, A. T., 2 West 14th St.
Bridges, Miss Fidelia, Canaan, Conn.
Brush, George de F., 80 Grove St.
Bunner, A. F., 146 West 55th St.
Carpenter, Francis B., 337 Fourth Ave.
Champney, J. Wells, 96 Fifth Ave.
Coleman, C. C., Rome, Italy.
Curran, Charles C., 22 West 61st St.
DeForest, Lockwood (elect), 7 East 10th St.
Dolph, J. H., 53 West 57th St.
Ferguson, Henry A., 315 East 15th St.
Fitch, John L., 51 West 10th St.
Freer, Frederick W., Chicago, Ill.
Gay, Edward, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
Irwin, Benoni, 146 West 55th St.
Jones, Francis C., 253 West 42d St.
Kappes, Alfred, 560 East 163d St.
Lanman, Charles, Washington, D. C.
Lippincott, W. H., 24 East 42d St.
Loop, Mrs. Henry A., 163 West 47th St.
Lyman, Joseph, 51 West 10th St.
McCord, George H., 2 West 14th St.
Mayer, Constant, 1298 Broadway.
Minor, Robert C., 34 N. Y. University.
Moeller, Louis, 41 West 30th St.
Moran, Edward, 426 Fifth Ave.
Morgan, William, 146 West 55th St.
O'Donovan, W. R., 213 East 28th St.
Ogilvie, Clinton, 52 East 23d St.
Palmer, Walter L., Albany, N. Y.
Parsons, Charles, Franklin Sq.
Picknell, William L. (elect), 363 Fifth Ave.
Poore, H. R., Philadelphia, Pa.
Reinhart, Charles Stanley (elect), 222 West 23d St.
Remington, Frederic, New-Rochelle, N. Y.
Rondel, Frederick, Philadelphia, Pa.
Ryder, P. P., 51 West 10th St.
Sartain, William, 152 West 57th St.
Satterlee, Walter, 52 East 23d St.
Scott, Julian, Plainfield, N. J.
Story, George H., 230 West 59th St.
Ulrich, Charles F.
Weldon, C. D.
Wiles, Irving R., 120 West 50th St.
Wiggins, Carleton, 52 East 23d St.
Witt, J. H., 58 West 57th St.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—*Continued.*

The addresses of members of the Academy, given in the list, refer to the city of New-York when not otherwise specified.

The number of deceased Academicians is 76; of Associate Academicians, 58.

The National Academy was founded in 1826. Of the thirty founders of the institution but one survives—Mr. Thomas S. Cummings, N.A.

The schools of the National Academy are open from the first Monday in October to the middle of May. Circulars containing rules, conditions of admission and other details may be had on application at the Academy, corner of Fourth Avenue and East Twenty-third Street, New-York.

ROYAL ACADEMY.

President, Sir Frederick Leighton; *Keeper*, P. H. Calderon; *Treasurer*, J. C. Horsley; *Librarian*, John E. Hodgson; *Secretary*, Frederick A. Eaton.

ROYAL ACADEMICIANS.

1879 Alma-Tadema, L.
1872 Armitage, Edward.
1879 Armstead, Henry H.
1891 Brock, Thomas.
1888 Burgess, J. B.
1867 Calderon, Philip H.
1880 Cole, Vicat.
1867 Cooper, Thomas Sidney.
1877 Davis, Henry W. B.
1891 Dicksee, Frank.
1871 Dobson, William C. T.
1864 Faed, Thomas.
1887 Fildes, S. Luke.
1876 Gilbert, Sir John.
1863 Goodall, Frederick.
1891 Gow, Andrew C.
1881 Graham, Peter.
1890 Herkomer, H., R.A.
1879 Hodgson, John E.
1860 Hook, James Clarke.
1864 Horsley, J. Callcott.
1863 Leighton, Sir F., Bt.
1875 Leslie, G. Dunlop.
1879 Marks, Henry Stacy.
1864 Millais, Sir J. E., Bt.
1877 Orchardson, W. Q.
1881 Ouless, Walter W.
1880 Pearson, John L.
1873 Pettie, John.
1876 Poynter, Edward J.
1881 Rivière, Briton.
1869 Sant, James.
1877 Shaw, Richard Norman.
1871 Stocks, Lumb.
1887 Stone, Marcus.
1888 Thornycroft, W. H.
1885 Waterhouse, Alfred.
1867 Watts, George Frederick.
1870 Wells, Henry Tan.
1874 Woolner, Thomas.
1878 Yeames, William F.

ASSOCIATE ROYAL ACADEMICIANS.

Aitchison, George.
Birch, Charles Bell.
Blomfield, Sir Arthur W.
Bodley, George Frederick.
Boughton, George Henry.
Brett, John.
Burne-Jones, Edward.
Crofts, Ernest.
Crowe, Eyre.
Ford, Edward Onslow
Gilbert, Alfred.
Gregory, Edward John.
Hunter, Colin.
Leader, Benjamin Williams.
Lucas, John Seymour.
Macbeth, Robert Walker.
MacWhirter, John.
Moore, Henry.
Morris, Philip Richard.
Murray, David.
Prinsep, Valentine Cameron.
Richmond, William Blake.
Stacpoole, Frederick.
Storey, George Adolphus.
Waterhouse, John William.
Waterlow, Ernest Albert.
Woods, Henry.
Wylie, W. L.

PRESIDENTS OF THE ROYAL ACADEMY.—1768, Sir Joshua Reynolds; 1792, Benjamin West; 1805, James Wyatt; 1806, Benjamin West; 1820, Sir Thomas Lawrence; 1830, Sir Martin A. Shee; 1850, Sir Charles Eastlake; 1866, Sir Edwin Landseer elected, declined, Sir Francis Grant; 1878, Sir Frederick Leighton.

Statistics of the Press.

ROWELL reports for 1891 the number of newspapers published in the United States and Canada as 19,373. Of these, 837 were Canadian publications. The following was the frequency of issue: Weekly, 14,000; monthly, 2,625; daily, 1,791; semi-monthly, 327; semi-weekly, 238; quarterly, 180; bi-weekly, 90; bi-monthly, 76; tri-weekly, 76—total, 19,373.

The following table exhibits the number of papers printed in the several States and Canada in 1892.

New-York	1,938	California	568	North Carolina	205	Florida	122
Illinois	1,714	Wisconsin	529	Arkansas	198	South-Carolina	126
Pennsylvania	1,357	Texas	542	Connecticut	207	North-Dakota	125
Ohio	1,139	Minnesota	476	Maryland	200	Vermont	81
Canada	837	New-Jersey	353	Alabama	180	Dist. of Columbia	65
Kansas	765	Colorado	276	Maine	175	Rhode-Island	66
Iowa	878	Georgia	291	Mississippi	163	Montana	66
Missouri	849	Kentucky	280	Louisiana	173	Delaware	39
Massachusetts	655	South-Dakota	256	Washington	194	Nevada	25
Indiana	698	Tennessee	262	West-Virginia	152		
Michigan	690	The Territories	165	Oregon	146	Total	19,373
Nebraska	610	Virginia	262	New-Hampshire	152		

To ascertain the total number of papers issued in a whole year, the number of each sort put forth at a single issue is multiplied by the number of issues in the year, and the result is as follows: 6,653,250 daily x 312, 2,075,814,000; 23,228,750 weekly x 52, 1,207,805,000; 9,245,750 monthly x 12, 110,949,000; 389,250 semi-weekly x 104, 40,482,000; 1,367,250 semi-monthly x 24, 32,814,000; 41,000 tri-weekly x 156, 6,396,000; 215,750 bi-weekly x 26, 5,609,500; 323,750 quarterly x 4, 1,295,000; 59,250 bi-monthly x 6, 355,500—total yearly issue of American and Canadian papers, 3,481,610,000.

The above is taken from the lists of George P. Rowell & Co.

The total number of *newspapers* published in the world at present is estimated at about 47,000, distributed as follows: United States and Canada, 19,000; Germany, 6,000; Great Britain, 7,000; France, 4,300; Japan, 2,000; Italy, 1,500; Austria-Hungary, 1,200; Asia, exclusive of Japan, 1,000; Spain, 850; Russia, 800; Australia, 800; Greece, 600; Switzerland, 450; Holland, 300; Belgium, 300; all others, 1,000. Of these, about half are printed in the English language.

Religious Denominations in the United States.

THE Census Bureau has published so far (January 1, 1892) only a part of the religious statistics of the United States. The bulletins issued during 1891 covered the smaller denominations, as a rule, the Roman Catholics and Lutherans being the only exceptions. The great bodies of the Methodists, Baptists, Episcopalians and Presbyterians have not yet been reported. The following is a summary of the census statistics made public to date.

DENOMINATIONS.	Churches.*	Value of Church Property.	Communicants or Members.
Roman Catholics	10,221	$118,381,516	6,250,045
Greek Catholics	14	63,300	10,850
Russian Orthodox	12	220,000	13,504
Greek Orthodox	1	5,000	100
Armenians	6	.....	335
Old Catholics	4	13,320	665
Reformed Catholics	8	.....	1,000
United Presbyterians	866	5,408,084	94,402
Ch. of the New Jerusalem†	154	1,386,455	7,095
Catholic Apostolic Church	10	66,050	1,394
Salvation Army	320	37,350	8,662
Advent Christians	580	465,605	25,816
Evangelical Adventists	30	61,400	1,147
Life and Advent Union	28	16,790	1,018
Seventh-day Baptists	106	264,010	9,123
" " (Ger.)	6	14,550	194
Six Principle Baptists	18	19,500	937
Christian Church, South	143	137,000	13,004
Schwenkfeldians	4	12,200	306
Theosophical Society	40	600	695
Brethren in Christ	63	57,750	2,080
Cumberland Presbyterians	2,791	3,515,511	164,940
Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints‡	425	825,506	144,352
Reformed Episcopalians	83	1,615,101	8,455
Moravians	94	681,250	11,781
German Evangel. Synod	870	4,614,490	187,432
Ger. Evangel. Prot. Ch	52	1,187,450	136,156
Plymouth Brethren	109	.....	2,279
MENNONITES:			
Mennonite	246	317,045	17,078
Bruederhoef Menn.	5	4,500	352
Amish Mennonite	97	76,450	10,101
Old Amish Mennonite	22	1,500	2,038
Apostolic Mennonite	2	1,200	209
Reformed Mennonite	34	52,650	1,655
General Conf. Menn	45	119,350	5,670
Ch. of God in Christ	18	1,600	471
Old (Wisler) Menn	15	8,015	610
Bundes Conference	12	11,350	1,388
Defenceless Menn	9	10,540	856
Brethren in Christ	45	39,600	1,113
Total Mennonites	550	$643,800	41,541
COMMUNISTIC SOCIETIES.‖			
Shakers	15	$36,800	1,728
Amana	7	15,000	1,600
Mennonite	5	4,500	352
Harmony	1	10,000	250
Separatists	1	3,000	200
New Icaria	1	.....	21
Altruists	1	.....	25
Total Communistic	31	$69,300	4,176

DENOMINATIONS.	Churches.*	Value of Church Property.	Communicants or Members.
Dunkards, Conservative	720	$1,121,541	61,101
" Progressive	128	145,770	8,089
African M. E. Church	2,481	6,468,280	452,725
Wesleyan Methodist	565	393,250	16,492
African Union Meth. Prot.	40	54,440	3,415
Christian Union	294	234,350	18,214
Temple Society	4	15,300	340
Church of God	479	643,185	22,511
Re-organized Church of Latter-day Saints§	431	226,285	21,773
Seventh-Day Adventists	995	644,675	28,891
Christian Connection	1,281	1,637,202	90,718
Disciples of Christ	7,246	12,206,038	641,051
Ethical Society	4	6,260	1,064
Friends, Orthodox	794	2,795,784	80,655
" Hicksite	201	1,661,850	21,992
" Wilburite	52	6,700	4,329
" Primitive	9	16,700	232
Jews, Orthodox	316	2,802,050	57,597
" Reformed	217	6,952,225	72,899
LUTHERANS:			
General Synod	1,424	8,919,170	164,620
United Synod, South	414	1,114,065	37,457
General Council	1,995	1[illegible]96,786	317,145
Synodical Conference	1,934	7,804,313	357,153
Joint Synod, Ohio	421	1,639,087	69,505
Buffalo Synod	27	84,410	4,242
Hauge's Synod	175	214,395	14,730
Norwegian Church	95	200,800	15,037
Michigan Synod	65	164,770	11,482
Danish Lutheran	133	129,700	10,111
German Augsburg Syn.	23	111,060	7,010
Danish Lutheran Asso.	50	44,775	3,493
Icelandic Synod	13	7,200	1,991
Immanuel Synod	21	94,200	5,580
Suomai Synod	11	12,898	1,385
United Norwegian	1,222	1,544,455	119,972
Independent	112	530,125	18,096
Total Lutherans	8,427	$34,218,234	1,199,514
Union Amer. Meth. Epis.	42	$187,600	2,279
Asso. Church N. Amer.	31	29,200	1,053
Asso. Reform. Syn., South	116	211,850	8,501
Cumberland Presb. (Col.)	238	202,961	13,439
Reformed Presb. Synod	115	1,071,400	10,574
Reformed Presb. Gen. Syn.	33	469,000	4,602
Reformed Presb. Covenan.	4	.....	37
Reformed Presb. Pittsb'rg	1	75,000	600
Welsh Calvinistic Meth.	187	625,875	12,722
Christian Reformed	99	428,500	12,470
Reformed Ch. in Amer.	572	10,340,159	92,970
Reformed Ch. in the U.S.	1,510	7,975,583	204,018
Spiritualists	334	573,650	45,030
United Zion's Children	25	8,300	525

* Or organizations. † Swedenborgians. ‡ Mormons. § Seceding Mormons.

The Year Books of religious denominations in 1890 gave the following statistics of denominations upon which the Census Bureau has but partially reported. The totals below include the returns of some of the smaller subdivisions reported above:

DENOMINATIONS.	Churches.	Communicants.
Total Baptists	48,371	4,292,291
" Prot. Episcopalians	5,118	470,076
" Congregationalists	4,689	491,985
" Methodists	54,711	4,980,240

DENOMINATIONS.	Churches.	Communicants.
Total Presbyterians	13,619	1,229,012
" Unitarians	407	20,000
" Universalists	732	42,952

The next triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church will meet at Baltimore, Md., in October, 1892.

The next quadrennial general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held at Omaha, Neb., May 1, 1892.

The next general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will be held at Memphis, Tenn., in May, 1894.

RELIGIOUS STATISTICS—*Continued.*

NUMBERS IN THE WORLD ACCORDING TO CREED.

Creeds.	No. of Followers.	Creeds.	No. of Followers.
Christianity	420,000,000	Confucianism	80,000,000
Buddhism	340,000,000	Sintoism	14,000,000
Mohammedanism	210,000,000	Judaism	7,000,000
Brahmanism	175,000,000	Fetishism and all others	180,000,000

The above is an estimate by Schem, in his "Statistics of the World." To illustrate how the opinions of statistical experts differ, the figures of Sir Monier Williams, Professor of Sanskrit at the University of Oxford, about Asiatic creeds may be cited. In his work on "Buddhism," latest edition of 1889–90, he protests against the gross exaggeration common as to the numerical strength of the Buddhists. Estimating the strength of the six great religions of the world, he places Christianity at the head, with, approximately, 430,000,000 to 450,000,000 followers. Confucianism, the religion of China, and of other parts of Asia in a lesser degree, he thinks occupies second place, with over 200,000,000 followers. To Brahmanism and Hinduism, practically one, he gives third place, with about 200,000,000 followers. Buddhism comes fourth, with 100,000,000 followers, and it is said to be rapidly declining. The fifth is Mohammedanism, with 83,000,000 followers. After these, of Asiatic religions, are Taoism, Jainism and Zoroastrianism in much smaller numbers.

ENGLISH-SPEAKING RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES OF THE WORLD.

Episcopalians	23,000,000	Lutherans, etc.	1,750,000
Methodists of all descriptions	16,960,000	Unitarians	1,250,000
Roman Catholics	15,200,000	Minor Religious Sects	4,000,000
Presbyterians of all descriptions	11,100,000	Of no particular religion	13,500,000
Baptists of all descriptions	8,600,000		
Congregationalists	5,500,000	English-speaking Population	104,360,000
Free Thinkers	3,500,000		

A very large number, more than 10,000,000, of Hindus, Mohammedans, Buddhists and others in the East also speak and read English.

The estimates in the last table are from Whitaker's (London) Almanack, 1891.

The Encyclopedia Britannica, last edition, makes a rough estimate of numbers of Protestants in the world speaking all civilized languages, and places the Lutherans at the head, with over 42,000,000 members (mostly in Germany and Scandinavia), and the Anglican Church second, with about 20,000,000 members.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL STATISTICS, 1890.

States and Territories.	Teachers and Officers.	Scholars.	States and Territories.	Teachers and Officers.	Scholars.	States and Territories.	Teachers and Officers.	Scholars.
Alabama	22,340	193,825	Louisiana	5,058	37,024	Oklahoma	360	2,340
Alaska	52	1,100	Maine	11,625	92,875	Oregon	2,997	21,070
Arizona	222	1,369	Maryland	26,065	206,196	Pennsylvania	123,484	964,599
Arkansas	11,965	94,305	Massachusetts	33,923	237,593	Rhode-Island	5,178	49,422
California	7,863	71,687	Michigan	37,800	277,200	South-Carolina	13,054	103,315
Colorado	4,084	32,141	Minnesota	15,014	133,784	South-Dakota	6,300	40,700
Connecticut	19,284	149,999	Mississippi	11,767	84,677	Tennessee	38,016	274,560
Delaware	2,913	22,706	Missouri	40,461	278,776	Texas	23,161	190,625
Dist. of Columbia	4,634	44,970	Montana	745	5,883	Utah	554	6,741
Florida	6,158	56,594	Nebraska	23,324	161,014	Vermont	7,390	53,809
Georgia	58,885	301,612	Nevada	812	2,060	Virginia	43,531	283,336
Idaho	396	3,223	New-Hampshire	6,640	49,335	Washington	4,210	29,475
Illinois	77,213	582,756	New-Jersey	33,709	247,648	West-Virginia	19,212	120,811
Indian Terr.	1,333	10,455	New-Mexico	225	1,345	Wisconsin	15,211	114,869
Indiana	45,109	374,185	New-York	108,272	979,415	Wyoming	365	2,976
Iowa	43,295	319,128	North-Carolina	32,172	255,013			
Kansas	32,132	214,422	North-Dakota	2,760	20,240	Total	1,151,340	8,649,131
Kentucky	31,606	225,801	Ohio	88,461	620,107			

The number of Sunday-schools reported is 108,939, and total number of teachers and scholars, 9,800,582.

The statistics of Sunday-schools in these tables do not include the schools of Hebrews, Roman Catholics and non-Evangelical Christian churches, except as to Maryland, the returns of which include all Christian denominations. The number of scholars in Roman Catholic Sunday-schools in the United States is estimated by clerics at 700,000.

The statistics of Sunday-schools in the foregoing and following table are those reported to the International Sunday-school Convention, at Pittsburgh, Pa., June 24–27, 1890, the North American statistics having been compiled by E. Payson Porter, Statistical Secretary, 195 Broadway, New-York. The next international convention will be held at St. Louis, Mo., in 1893.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL STATISTICS OF ALL NATIONS.

Europe: England and Wales, 6,350,266; Scotland, 711,188; Ireland, 338,231; Austria, 4,831; Belgium, 2,542; Denmark, 37,000; Finland, 8,800; France, 53,110; Germany, 431,221; Holland, 157,676; Italy, 13,410; Norway, 27,190; Portugal, 2,100; Russia, 6,445; Spain, 8,400; Sweden, 238,082; Switzerland, 89,459.

Asia: China, 6,317; India, 116,014; Japan, 7,409; Persia, 5,316; Central Turkey, 7,600.

Africa: 169,849; South America, 153,000.

North America: United States, 9,800,471; Canada, 530,220; Newfoundland, 24,979; West Indies, 119,906; Central America and Mexico, 16,300.

Oceanica: Australia, 457,729; New-Zealand, 109,872; Fiji Islands, 45,609; Hawaiian Islands, 17,253; other Islands, 10,800; the world, 20,078,595.

Bishops.

BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

See.	*Cons.*
Alabama—Richard Hooker Wilmer	1862
" Henry M. Jackson, Assistant	1891
Arizona and New-Mexico—John Mills Kendrick	1889
Arkansas—Henry Niles Pierce (missionary)	1870
California—William Ingraham Kip	1853
" William Ford Nichols, Assistant	1890
" Northern: John H. D. Wingfield	1874
Colorado—John Franklin Spalding	1873
Connecticut—John Williams	1851
Dakota, North—William D. Walker (missionary)	1883
" South—William Hobart Hare	1873
Delaware—Leighton Coleman	1888
East-Carolina—Alfred Augustine Watson	1884
Florida—Edwin Gardner Weed	1886
Georgia—C. Kinloch Nelson	1892
Illinois—Chicago: William Edward McLaren	1875
" Quincy: Alexander Burgess	1878
" Springfield: George Franklin Seymour	1878
Indiana—David Buel Knickerbacker	1883
Iowa—William Stevens Perry	1876
Kansas—Elisha Smith Thomas	1887
Kentucky—Thomas Underwood Dudley	1875
Louisiana—John Nicholas Galleher	1880
" Davis Sessums, Assistant	1891
Maine—Henry Adams Neely	1867
Maryland—William Paret	1885
" Easton: William Forbes Adams	1875
Massachusetts—Phillips Brooks	1891
Michigan—Thomas Frederick Davies	1889
" Western: George D. Gillespie	1875
Minnesota—Henry Benjamin Whipple	1859
" Mahlon N. Gilbert, Assistant	1886
Mississippi—Hugh Miller Thompson	1883
Missouri—Daniel Sylvester Tuttle	1867
" West: Edward Robert Atwill	1890
Montana—Leigh R. Brewer (missionary)	1880
Nebraska—George Worthington	1885
Nevada and Utah—Abiel Leonard (missionary)	1888
New-Hampshire—William Woodruff Niles	1870
New-Jersey—John Scarborough	1873
" Northern: Thomas A. Starkey	1880
New-York—Henry Codman Potter	1883
" Central: Frederick D. Huntington	1869
" Western: Arthur Cleveland Coxe	1865
" Albany: William Croswell Doane	1869
" Long Island: Abram N. Littlejohn	1869
North-Carolina—Theodore Benedict Lyman	1873
Ohio—William Andrew Leonard	1889
" Southern: Boyd Vincent	1889
Oregon—Benjamin Wistar Morris (missionary)	1868
Pennsylvania—Ozi William Whitaker	1869
" Pittsburgh: Cortlandt Whitehead	1882
" Central: M. A. De Wolfe Howe	1871
" " N. S. Rulison, Assistant	1884
Rhode-Island—Thomas March Clark	1854
South-Carolina—William Bell White Howe	1871
Tennessee—Charles Todd Quintard	1865
Texas—Alexander Gregg	1859
" Northern: Alex. C. Garrett (missionary)	1874
" Western: James S. Johnson (missionary)	1888
The Platte—Anson Rogers Graves	1890
Vermont—William Henry Augustus Bissell	1868
Virginia—Francis McNeece Whittle	1868
" Alfred Magill Randolph, Assistant	1883
West-Virginia—George William Peterkin	1878
Wisconsin—Milwaukee: Isaac L. Nicholson	1891
" Fond du Lac: Charles C. Grafton	1889
Washington—John Adams Paddock (missionary)	1880
Wyoming and Idaho—Ethelbert Talbot (miss.)	1887
Africa—Cape Palmas: S. D. Ferguson (miss.)	1885
Shanghai—China: William J. Boone (missionary)	1884
Yeddo—Japan: Channing Moore Williams (miss.)	1866
Horatio Southgate, late bishop of Constantinople, Turkey. *Retired*	1844
Charles C. Penick, late Bishop of Cape Palmas. *Retired*	1877
S. I. J. Schereschewsky, late Bishop of Shanghai, China. *Retired*	1877
Thomas Augustus Jaggar, late Bishop of Southern Ohio. *Retired*	1875
Gregory Thurston Bedell, late Bishop of Ohio. *Retired*	1859

BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

	Residence.	*Elected.*
Thomas Bowman	St. Louis, Mo	1872
Randolph S. Foster	Boston, Mass	1872
Stephen M. Merrill	Chicago, Ill	1872
Edward G. Andrews	New-York City	1872
Henry W. Warren	Denver, Col	1880
Cyrus D. Foss	Philadelphia, Pa	1880
John F. Hurst	Washington, D. C	1880
William X. Ninde	Topeka, Kan	1884
John M. Walden	Cincinnati, O	1884
Willard F. Mallalieu	New-Orleans, La	1884
Charles H. Fowler	San Francisco, Cal	1884
William Taylor	Miss. Bishop for Africa	1884
John H. Vincent	Buffalo, N. Y	1888
James N. Fitzgerald	Minneapolis, Minn	1888
Isaac W. Joyce	Chattanooga, Tenn	1888
John P. Newman	Omaha, Neb	1888
Daniel A. Goodsell	Fort Worth, Texas	1888
James M. Thoburn	Miss. Bishop for India	1888

BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH.

	Residence.	*Elected.*
John C. Keener	New-Orleans, La	1870
Alpheus W. Wilson	Baltimore, Md	1882
J. C. Granbery	Ashland, Va	1882
R. K. Hargrove	Nashville, Tenn	1882
W. W. Duncan	Spartanburg, S. C	1886
E. R. Hendrix	Kansas City, Mo	1886
C. B. Galloway	Jackson, Miss	1886
J. S. Key	Fort Worth, Texas	1886
A. G. Haygood	Los Angeles, Cal	1890
O. P. Fitzgerald	San Francisco, Cal	1890

BISHOPS OF THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

	Residence.
Charles Edward Cheney	Chicago, Ill.
William R. Nicholson	Philadelphia, Pa.
Edward Cridge	Victoria, B. C.
Samuel Fallows	Chicago, Ill.
P. F. Stevens	Charleston, S. C.
James A. Latané	Baltimore, Md.
Edward Wilson	Metuchen, N. J.
Thomas W. Campbell	Toronto, Ont.

OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES.

DETROIT, MICH., MAY 21, 1891.

Moderator, Wm. Henry Green, D.D., Princeton, N.Y. | *Stated Clerk*, W. H. Roberts, D.D., LL.D., Cin'ati, O.

THE TRUSTEES.

President, George Junkin, Philadelphia.
Treasurer, F. K. Hipple, Philadelphia.

Corresponding Secretary, Rev. Joseph Beggs, D.D., Schuylkill, Pa.

BOARD OF HOME MISSIONS.

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Treasurer, O. D. Eaton.
Recording Secretary, Oscar E. Boyd, office of the Board, 53 Fifth Avenue, New-York.

ARCHBISHOPS.

Baltimore, Maryland	James Gibbons, Cardinal	1863
Boston, Massachusetts	John J. Williams	1866
Chicago, Illinois	Patrick A. Feehan	1865
Cincinnati, Ohio	William H. Elder	1857
New-Orleans, La.	Frances Janssens	1881
New-York, New-York	M. A. Corrigan	1873
Portland, Oregon	W. H. Gross, *Cons.*	1873
Philadelphia, Pa.	Patrick J. Ryan	1872
St. Louis, Missouri	Peter R. Kenrick	1841
St. Paul, Minnesota	John Ireland	1875
San Francisco, Cal.	Patrick W. Riordan	1833
Santa Fé, N. Mexico	J. B. Salpointe	1869

BISHOPS.

Albany, New-York	Francis McNeirny, *Cons.*	1872
Allegheny, Pa.	R. Phelan	1885
Alton, Illinois	James Ryan	1883
Belleville, Illinois	J. Janssen	1888
Boisé City, Idaho	A. J. Glorieux	1885
Boston, Mass.	John Brady (Auxiliary)	1891
Brooklyn, New-York	John Loughlin	1853
Buffalo, New-York	S. V. Ryan	1868
Burlington, Vermont	L. De Goesbriand	1853
Charleston, S. C.	H. P. Northrop	1882
Cheyenne, Wyoming	M. F. Burke	1887
Cleveland, Ohio	Vacant	...
Columbus, Ohio	J. A. Watterson	1880
Concordia, Kansas	Vacant	...
Covington, Kentucky	C. P. Maes	1885
Dallas, Texas	T. F. Brennan	1891
Davenport, Iowa	H. Cosgrove	1884
Denver, Colorado	Nicholas Matz	1887
Detroit, Michigan	John S. Foley	1888
Dubuque, Iowa	John Hennessy	1865
Duluth, Minn.	Jas. McGoldrick	1889
Erie, Pennsylvania	Tobias Mullen	1868
Fort Wayne, Indiana	Joseph Dwenger	1872
Galveston, Texas	N. A. Gallagher	1882
Grand Rapids, Mich.	H. J. Richter	1833
Green Bay, Wisconsin	Vacant	...
Guthrie, Oklahoma	Theo. Meerschaert	1891
Harrisburg, Pa.	Thomas P. McGovern	1888
Hartford, Connecticut	L. S. McMahon	1879
Helena, Montana	J. B. Brondel	1879
Indian Territory	Isidore Robot	1890
Jamestown, Dakota	John Shanley	1889
Kansas City, Missouri	John J. Hogan	1863
La Crosse, Wisconsin	Vacant	...
Leavenworth, Kansas	L. M. Fink	1871
Lincoln, Nebraska	Thomas Bonacum	1887
Little Rock, Arkansas	Edward Fitzgerald	1867
Louisville, Kentucky	William G. McCloskey	1863
Manchester, N. H.	D. M. Bradley	1884
Marquette, Michigan	John Vertin, *Cons.*	1879
Marysville, California	Eugene O'Connell	1887
Milwaukee, Wis.	Frederic Katzer	1886
Mobile, Alabama	J. O'Sullivan	1885
Monterey, California	F. Mora	1873
Nashville, Tennessee	J. Rademacher	1883
Natchez, Miss.	Thomas Heslin	1889
Natchitoches, La.	Anthony Durier	1887
Newark, New-Jersey	W. M. Wigger	1881
Ogdensburg, New-York	Vacant	...
Omaha, Nebraska	Richard Scannell	1887
Peoria, Illinois	J. L. Spalding	1877
Pittsburgh, Pa.	Vacant	...
Portland, Me.	J. A. Healy	1875
Providence, R. I.	M. Harkins	1887
Richmond, Va.	A. Van de Vyver	1889
Rochester, New-York	B. J. McQuaid	1868
St. Augustine, Florida	John Moore	1877
St. Cloud, Minnesota	Otto Zardetti	1889
St. Paul, Minnesota	Thomas L. Grace	1859
Salt Lake City, Utah	Lawrence Scanlan	1887
San Antonio, Texas	J. C. Neraz	1881
Savannah, Georgia	Thomas A. Becker	1868
Scranton, Pennsylvania	William O'Hara	1868
Springfield, Mass.	P. T. O'Reilly	1870
Syracuse, New-York	P. A. Ludden	1887
Trenton, New-Jersey	M. J. O'Farrell	1881
Tucson, Arizona	P. Bourgade	1887
Vancouver, Wash.	Ægidius Junger	1879
Vancouver Island	J. N. Lemmeus	1888
Vincennes, Indiana	F. S. Chatard	1878
Virginia City, Nevada	P. Manogue	1881
Wheeling, W. Virginia	John J. Kain	1875
Wichita, Kansas	J. J. Hennessy	1888
Wilmington, Delaware	Alfred A. Curtis	1887
Wilmington, N. C.	Leo Haid	1888
Winona, Minn.	Jos. B. Cotter	1889
Yankton, Dakota	Martin Marty	1880

College of Cardinals.

CARDINAL BISHOPS.

Name.	*Office or Dignity.*	*Nation.*	*Age.*	*Cr'd*
Bianchi, A.	Bp. Palestrina	Ital.	75	1882
La Valletta, R. M.	Dean Sac. College	Ital.	65	1868
Parocchi, L. M.	Bp. Albano	Ital.	75	1882
Serafini, L.	Pref. Cong. Coun.	Ital.	83	1877
Stefano, L. O. S.	Sub. Dean Sac. Coll.	Ital.	64	1873

CARDINAL PRIESTS.

Name.	*Office or Dignity.*	*Nation.*	*Age.*	*Cr'd*
Agnostini, D.	Pat'arch Venice	Ital.	67	1882
Battaglini, F.	Abp. Bologna	Ital.	68	1885
Benavides, F.	Abp. Saragossa	Span.	82	1877
Bernardow, V. F.	Abp. of Sens.	Fr.	75	1886
Bonaparte, L.		Ital.	64	1868
Capecelatro, A.	Abp. Capua	Ital.	67	1885
Celesia, P. G. M.	Abp. Palermo	Ital.	78	1884
Charles, F. M.	Abp. Prague	Bohem.	48	1889
Di Rende, C. S.	Abp. Benevento	Ital.	46	1887
Desprez, J. F.	Abp. Toulouse	Fr.	85	1879
D'Annibile, G.	Pref. Sac. Cong.	Fr.	77	1889
Di Canossa, L.	Bp. Verona	Ital.	83	1877
Donajewsky, A.	Bp. Cracow	Aust.	75	1890
Dusmet, G. B.	Abp. Catavia	Ital.	73	1889
Ferreira, A.	Bp. Oporto	Port.	63	1879
Foulon, J. A.	Abp. Lyons	Fr.	69	1889
Fürstenburg, F. Von.	Abp. Olmutz	Aust.	84	1879
Galbati, Sebastian	Abp. Ravenna	Ital.	70	1890
Gibbons, James	Abp. Baltimore	Amer.	58	1886
Giordani, Louis	Abp. Ferrara	Ital.	70	1887
Gonzales, Z.	Abp. Seville	Span.	61	1884
Goossens, P. L.	Abp. Malines	Belg.	65	1889
Langénieux, B. M.	Abp. Rheims	Fr.	68	1886
Laurenzi, C.	Sec. Memorials	Ital.	69	1884
Lavigerie, C. M.	Abp. Carthage	Fr.	67	1880
Ledochowski, M.	Abp. Posen	Pol'h.	70	1872
Manning, H. E.	Abp. Westminster	Eng.	84	1879
Massella, G. A.	Pref. Cong. Rites	Ital.	66	1885
Melchers, P.	Abp. Osnabruck	Germ.	78	1887
Mermillod, G.	Abp. Lausanne	Swiss.	63	1894
Mihalovitz, J.	Abp. Zagabria	Hung.	78	1885
Moncecillo, A.	Abp. Valencia	Span.	81	1884
Moran, P. F.	Abp. Sydney	Irish.	62	1885
Neto, J. S.	Pat'arch, Lisbon	Port.	51	1884
Paya Y Rico	Abp. Compostella	Span.	81	1877
Place, C. P.	Abp. Rennes	Fr.	58	1887
Rampolla, M.	Sect'y of State	Ital.	49	1887
Richard, F. M.	Abp. Paris	Fr.	73	1889
Rotelli, Louis	Nuncio at Paris	Ital.		1891
Sanfelice, Wm.	Abp. Naples	Ital.	58	1884
Schonborn F. de Paul	Abp. Prague	Hung.	58	1889
Simeoni, J.	Pref. Propagan	Ital.	76	1875
Simor, John	Primate Hungary	Hung.	79	1873
Taschereau, E. A.	Abp. Quebec	Can.	72	1886
Vanutelli, S.	Pref. Cong. Indu.	Ital.	58	1887
Vanutelli, V.	Abp. Sardis	Span.	56	1890
Von Hohenlohe, A.	Abp. L. Basilica	Ger.	69	1866

CARDINAL DEACONS.

Name.	*Office or Dignity.*	*Nation.*	*Age.*	*Cr'd*
Apollini, A.	Vice-Camerlango	Ital.	69	1889
Christoforl, C.	Pref. Indulgences	Ital.	78	1885
Mazella, C.	Pref. Cong. Index	Ital.	59	1886
Ruggiero, G.		Ital.	—	1889
Mertel, T.	Vice-Chancellor	Bohem.	86	1883
Macchi, A.		Ital.	60	1889
Pa otti, Luigi		Ital	63	1887
Parracciani, F. R.	Gr. Prior St. John	Ital.	62	1889
Theodoli, A.		Ital.	72	1886
Verga, Isidoro	Pref. Cong. Bishops	Ital.	63	1884
Zigliara, T.	Pref. Cong. Studies	Ital.	65	1879

Young Men's Christian Associations.

OFFICERS OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Office, No. 40 East Twenty-third Street, New-York. *Chairman*, Cephas Brainerd; *Treasurer*, Benjamin C. Wetmore; *General Secretary*, Richard C. Morse; *Board of Trustees: Chairman*, J. N. Harris, New-London, Ct.; *Treasurer*, John S. Bussing, New-York City.

OFFICERS OF THE CENTRAL INTERNATIONAL COMMITTEE.—Headquarters, No. 2 Place Du Port, Geneva, Switzerland. *Chairman*, Gustave Tophel; *Secretary*, Jean Dillon; *Treasurer*, Frederic Bonna; *General Secretary*, Charles Fermaud. The committee is composed of members representing America, Australia, Austria Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, England, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Japan and India.

OFFICERS OF THE STATE COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK.—General Office, 40 East Twenty-third Street, New-York. *Chairman*, Edmund P. Platt; *Treasurer*, A. W. Law; *General Secretary*, George A. Hall; *Assistant Secretary*, Donald McColl; *Office Secretary*, F. F. Calyer.

OFFICERS OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—General Office, No. 40 East Twenty-third Street, New-York. *President*, Cleveland H. Dodge; *General Secretary*, R. R. McBurney.

NUMBER OF ASSOCIATIONS IN THE WORLD.

Countries.	Number.	Countries.	Number.	Countries.	Number.	Countries.	Number.
AMERICA.		EUROPE—*Cont.*		EUROPE—*Cont.*		AFRICA.	
United States	1,305	Netherlands	387	Turkey	2	Madagascar	2
Canada	80	Denmark	105	Bulgaria	1	South-Africa	10
Mexico, South-America, etc.	12	Switzerland	379			West Central Africa	1
		Norway	103	ASIA.			
EUROPE.		Sweden	79	India	37	OCEANICA.	
England and Wales	306	Italy	40	Ceylon	14	Australia	9
Ireland	54	Spain	8	China	8	Tasmania	2
Scotland	254	Belgium	30	Japan	18	New-Zealand	2
France	66	Austria	6	Turkey	11	Hawaii	4
Germany	800	Hungary	3	Persia	3		
		Russia	9	Syria	1	Total	4,151

NUMBER OF ASSOCIATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

Alabama	19	Louisiana	5	North-Dakota	6	West-Virginia	13
Arkansas	12	Maine	20	Ohio	68	Wisconsin	36
California	29	Maryland	17	Oklahoma	2	Wyoming	3
Colorado	7	Massachusetts	63	Oregon	8	Alberta	1
Connecticut	21	Michigan	34	Pennsylvania	126	British Columbia	3
Delaware	1	Minnesota	18	Rhode-Island	6	Manitoba	6
Dist. of Columbia	2	Mississippi	15	South Carolina	26	New-Brunswick	8
Florida	5	Missouri	43	South-Dakota	23	Newfoundland	1
Georgia	17	Montana	3	Tennessee	41	Nova-Scotia	19
Idaho	3	Nebraska	34	Texas	23	Ontario	35
Illinois	86	New Hampshire	13	Utah	2	Prince Edward Isl.	2
Indiana	21	New-Jersey	39	Vermont	11	Quebec	5
Iowa	48	New-York	138	Virginia	56		
Kansas	66	North-Carolina	48	Washington	9	Total	1,385
Kentucky	19						

The total membership of these American associations is 225,501; they occupy 231 buildings of their own, valued at $9,946,085, and have a total net property of over $12,000,000, including 649 libraries, containing 437,347 volumes. They employ 1,186 general secretaries and other paid officials, and expended last year for current expenses—local, State, and National—$2,032,127.

Young Women's Christian Associations.

THE work of the associations among women is fourfold: Physical—systematic training in the Gymnasium, health talks, and holiday excursions.

Social—Receptions and socials in home-like rooms, musical and literary entertainments, helpful companionships.

Intellectual—Libraries and reading-rooms, and educational classes.

Spiritual—Bible training classes, evangelistic meetings, personal work.

General statistics: Number of associations in Great Britain, 1,000; on the Continent of Europe, 20; India, 20; Australia, 25; America, 257; other places, including China and Japan, 175; total world, 1,500; Membership of American associations, 12,000.

The International Association was formed in 1886. General office, No. 153 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. The International Committee of twenty-seven members controls the work. The officers are: *Chairman*, Mrs. John V. Farwell, Jr.; *Secretary*, Mrs. F. T. West; *Treasurer*, Mrs. L. W. Messer; *General Secretary*, Miss Corabel Tarr; *Office Secretary*, Miss Thirsa F. Hall; *International Secretary*, Miss Elizabeth Wilson.

Thirteen States have organized State associations. Each State holds an annual convention. The International Convention occurs biennially. Each year a Summer School is held for the training of young women in Secretarial and Bible work. *The Evangel*, the official organ of the associations, is published monthly at Chicago. The second Thursday of October is observed as a day of prayer for young women. A special department is maintained for young women of colleges.

Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

THE following statistics and statement of the purposes of the organization were prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Mr. William Shaw, Treasurer of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

OFFICERS OF THE UNITED SOCIETY OF CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.—Office. No. 50 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass. *President*, Rev. Francis E. Clark; *Treasurer*, William Shaw; *General Secretary*, J. W. Baer.

The first Society of Christian Endeavor was formed February 2, 1881, in the Williston Church, Portland, Me., by Rev. F. E. Clark, pastor, for the purpose of training a large number of converts for the duties of church-membership.

Each society is in some local church, and in no sense outside. It exists simply to make the young people loyal and efficient members of the Church of Christ. It is the Church training the young. Its motto is, "For Christ and the Church." June 1, 1891, there were 16,274 societies, with a membership of 1,008,000, chiefly in the United States and Canada, but to some extent in Great Britain and in all missionary lands. It is found in about the same proportions in all the great evangelical denominations and in all their subdivisions. Wherever it has been established longest it is most fully endorsed by pastors and churches.

Its essential features are the prayer-meeting pledge, honestly interpreted, the lookout, prayer-meeting and social committees, and the consecration meeting. Other committees are optional, and the constitution is entirely flexible in other points according to the needs of the local church.

The United Society is simply the bureau of information for all the societies. It prints the literature, answers, through the president and other officers, thousands of letters of inquiry every week, supports one general secretary, and is the general headquarters of the work. The office is at 50 Bromfield Street, Boston, Mass. It levies no taxes, however, and assumes no authority, but every society manages its own affairs in its own way. It is supported by the sales of its literature and by voluntary contributions. It is managed by a board of trustees, representing the great evangelical denominations, the President being Francis E. Clark, D.D., the founder of the society; General-Secretary, J. W. Baer; Treasurer, William Shaw; Trustees: Rev. C. A. Dickinson, Boston, Mass.; Rev. J. L. Hill, Medford, Mass.; Rev. R. W. Brokaw, Springfield, Mass.; Rev. H. B. Grose, Vermilion, South-Dakota; Rev. N. Boynton, Boston, Mass.; W. H. Pennell, Portland, Me.; Choate Burnham, Boston, Mass.; W. J. Van Patten, Burlington, Vt.; John Henry Barrows, D.D., Chicago, Ill.; Wayland Hoyt, D.D., Minneapolis, Minn.; S. V. Leech, D.D., San Francisco, Cal.; John Wanamaker, Philadelphia, Pa.; T. S. Hamlin, D.D., Washington, D. C.; George H. Wells, D.D., Montreal, Canada; P. S. Henson, D.D., Chicago, Ill.; H. C. Farrar, D.D., Albany, N. Y.; J. T. Beckley, D.D., Philadelphia, Pa.; W. H. McMillan, D.D., Alleghany, Pa.; Bishop Samuel Fallows, D.D., Chicago, Ill.; Rev. W. J. Darby, Nashville, Tenn.; Rev. R. L. Swain, Ph.D., Westerville, Ohio; M. Rhodes, D.D., St. Louis, Mo.; Rev. W. W. Andrews, Sackville, New-Brunswick; Gilby C. Kelly, D.D., Louisville, Ky.; President Merrill E. Gates, Amherst, Mass.; President William R. Harper, Chicago, Ill.; David J. Burrill, D.D., New York City; Rev. J. Z. Tyler, Cincinnati, O.; Clerk, William Shaw; Auditor, F. E. Kidder. The trustees meet quarterly to consult concerning the best interests of the society.

The following table shows the total number of societies composing the organization, by States or Territories and counties:

STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.
Alabama	44	Iowa	786	New-Hampshire	210	Vermont	237
Alaska	1	Kansas	652	New-Jersey	546	Virginia	48
Arkansas	83	Kentucky	108	New-York	2,354	Washington	119
Arizona	5	Louisiana	21	North-Carolina	24	West-Virginia	49
California	387	Maine	334	North-Dakota	33	Wisconsin	466
Colorado	150	Maryland	131	Ohio	1,061	Wyoming	9
Connecticut	534	Massachusetts	813	Oregon	133	Floating Societies	4
Delaware	26	Michigan	536	Oklahoma	13		
Dist. of Columbia	52	Minnesota	413	Pennsylvania	1,463	Total, U. S.	15,138
Florida	104	Mississippi	26	Rhode-Island	92		
Georgia	77	Missouri	530	South-Carolina	35	British Provinces	854
Idaho	10	Montana	36	South-Dakota	114	Foreign	282
Illinois	1,043	Nebraska	335	Tennessee	114	Total Societies	16,274
Indiana	512	Nevada	1	Texas	116		
Indian Territory	28	New-Mexico	5	Utah	35	Tot. Membership	1,008,000

Christian Alliance.

OFFICERS OF THE CHRISTIAN ALLIANCE.—*President*, Rev. A. B. Simpson, New-York; *Recording Secretary*, Dr. Charles Scudder, 1 East Thirty-third Street, New York; *Membership Secretary*, Mrs. E. M. Whittemore, 723 Park Avenue, New-York City; *Evangelistic Secretary*, Rev. Charles Warren Ryder, Providence, R. I.; *Treasurer*, Mr. W. H. Burnham Kenwood, Madison County, N. Y.; *Secretary of Committee*, Rev. W. H. Walker, Bridgeport, Conn.; *Superintendent of Highway Missions*, Mr. J. T. Burghard. There is a board of managers of nine persons, of which Rev. Dr. Simpson is chairman, and there are 100 vice-presidents representing most of the States of the Union, Canada, Mexico, England, and Ireland. The principal office is at 692 Eighth Avenue, New-York.

The Christian Alliance was organized in 1887, and is spreading rapidly through this country and Canada. Membership consists of all professing Christians who shall subscribe to the principles of the order and enroll their names. The objects of the Alliance are stated to be "Wide diffusion of the Gospel in its fulness, the promotion of a deeper and higher Christian life, and the work of evangelization, especially among the neglected classes, by highway missions and any other practicable methods." In New-York City special work is done for fallen girls by means of "The Door of Hope," at 102 East Sixty-first Street, under charge of Mrs. E. M. Whittemore.

Auxiliary to the Christian Alliance is the International Missionary Alliance, with a missionary training college, at 690 Eighth Avenue, New-York. It has a board of officers, with Rev. C. N. Kinney, of Sing Sing, N. Y., as chairman, and Rev. B. A. Simpson, 692 Eighth Avenue, as secretary. This organization has already established 33 missionaries in India, Congo Free State, China, Japan, and Haiti, and is extending its work as financial assistance is rendered, and within the past six months $118,500 has been contributed towards furthering the Gospel in heathen lands.

The International Order of King's Daughters and Sons.

THE following information about this organization was corrected for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis.

OFFICERS OF THE CENTRAL COUNCIL.—Office, No. 158 West Twenty-third Street, New-York City. *President*, Mrs. F. Bottome; *Vice-President*, Miss Kate Bond; *General Secretary*, Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson; *Treasurer*, Miss G. H. Libby; *Recording Secretary*, Mrs. C. D. W. Bridgman; *Corresponding Secretary*, Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis.

The Order of the King's Daughters and Sons is a religious order of service, composed of thousands of small circles of men and women united in one great organization that numbers now over two hundred thousand members. It is a Christian but unsectarian order, and its members may be found in all churches and in almost all nations. It originated in New-York City, and has spread over nearly every State in the Union, and has its representatives in Canada, England, France, Italy, India, Australia, New-Zealand and other countries. Its members are bound individually and collectively to serve the needy and the suffering, to consider the poor and to be helpful in good work. Each individual circle may choose its own field of labor, but cannot escape the obligations of service.

The bad e is a small Maltese cross of silver, often worn with a knot of purple ribbon. The order is an incorporated society, of which this little cross is the seal. Its headquarters are at No. 158 West Twenty-third Street, New-York City. State secretaries are appointed in twenty-five States and the District of Columbia, and six provincial secretaries in the various provinces in Canada. Lady Henry Somerset is the honorary secretary for England, and Miss Violet Vida Keane, acting secretary.

Its original circle of ten women, to which have been made some additions, forms now the Central Council of the Order. The general officers are members of this Council. The first meeting of this original circle was held in New-York City on January 18, 1886. It is now six years old, and it ranks among the strongest and most useful societies of the world. It issues a monthly magazine called *The Silver Cross*, which is most helpful to the members of the Order, and takes a high rank among the religious and philanthropic periodicals of the country. It deals with every topic by which women may be made helpful to humanity. Its work in aid of every charitable object is effective and increasing. Any information concerning the order may always be secured by writing or calling at the headquarters, 158 West Twenty-third Street, New-York City.

The Daughters of the King.

THE Order of the Daughters of the King was organized on Easter Even, 1885. It is desired by its promoters that a careful distinction shall be made between the Daughters of the King and the King's Daughters. The former is the older society, and differs from the King's Daughters in many important particulars. In the first place, it is more of an order than a society, and is distinctively Episcopal. Its work is definite, and is "for the spread of Christ's kingdom among young women" and the "active support of the rector's plans in the parish in which the particular chapter may be located." Its badge is a cross of silver, a Greek cross fleury, and its mottoes are "Magnanimeter Crucem Sustine" and "For His Sake." Its colors are white and blue—white, the old royal color of Israel, and the blue, the color of the Virgin Mary, the "blessed daughter of Israel's King, the Mother of the King of Kings." Its constitution is framed, as far as is possible, in the terms of that of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew's, the work of the two organizations being similar.

The officers of the Council are: *President*, Mrs. Margaret J. Franklin, of New-York; *Vice-President*, Mrs. J. W. F. Peck, of New-Haven; *Secretary*, Miss Elizabeth L. Ryerson, of New-York, and *Treasurer*, Miss Annie Kragel, of New-York. Members of the Council must be communicants of the Protestant Episcopal Church. There are nearly one hundred chapters, scattered through the States.

Society of St. Vincent de Paul.

THIS great Roman Catholic organization is engaged in the important work of caring for the Roman Catholic poor in the large cities of the United States. Its head is the superior council of the New-York Circumscription, which has its office at No. 2 Lafayette Place. Local bodies, over which it has, in nearly all cases, jurisdiction, are known as Particular Councils.

The officers of the Superior Council are as follows: *Spiritual Director*, the Very Reverend Monsignor John Farley; *President*, Jeremiah Fitzpatrick; *Vice-Presidents*, Joseph A. Kernan and James E. Dougherty; *Secretary*, Thomas M. Mulry; *Recording Secretary*, Daniel E. Scannell; *Treasurer*, Philip H. Shelley. There are also twenty councillors. The principal work of the Particular Councils consists in visiting the poor and relieving them, procuring situations for deserving persons out of employment, and promoting attendance on the Sunday-schools of the Church.

The Presbyterian Revision.

THE Committee of the Presbyterian General Assembly "on the Revision of the Confession of Faith," which reported at the meeting of the General Assembly, at Detroit, May 22, 1891, was composed of the following ministers and elders: Rev. Dr. W. E. Moore, of Ohio, Moderator; Professor William Henry Green, Professor Matthew B. Riddle, Professor Willis J. Beecher, Professor Edward D. Morris, Professor Herrick Johnson, Professor William Alexander, President Francis L. Patton, of Princeton College; Rev. Dr. William C. Roberts, Rev. Dr. R. R. Booth, Rev. Dr Henry J. Van Dyke, Rev. Dr. Ebenezer Erskine, Rev. Dr. J. T. Leftwich, Rev. Dr. S. J. Niccolls, Rev. Dr. E. R. Burkhalter, ex-Justice Strong, of the United States Supreme Court; ex-Senator McMillan, of Minnesota; Judge Alfred Hand, Emerson E. White, of Ohio; Judge Henry B. Sayler, of Indiana; Winthrop S. Gilman, of New York; William Ernst, of Kentucky; George Junkin, of Pennsylvania; Charles M. Charnley, of Illinois, and M. H. Stratton, of New Jersey. Final action on the report was postponed one year.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

THE head office of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is 121 Bible House, New-York City. The following is a list of the officers of the board, elected at the annual meeting at Pittsfield, Mass., October 15, 1891: *President*, Rev. Richard S. Storrs, D.D., LL.D., Brooklyn, N. Y.; *Vice-President*, Eliphalet W. Blatchford; *Prudential Committee*, Augustus C. Thompson, D.D., Joseph S. Ropes, Edwin B. Webb, D.D., Charles C. Burr, Elbridge Torrey, Albert H. Plumb, D.D., William P. Ellison, the Rev. Charles A. Dickinson, the Rev. Francis F. Clark, D.D., G. Henry Whitcomb; *Corresponding Secretaries*, Nathaniel G. Clark, D.D., Judson Smith, D.D.; *Recording Secretary*, Henry A. Stimson, D.D.; *Assistant Recording Secretary*, E. N. Packard, D.D.; *Treasurer*, Langdon S. Ward, Esq.; *Auditors*, the Rev. Arthur W. Tufts, James Gordon, Samuel Johnson.

Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.—*President*, Frances E. Willard, Evanston, Ill.; *Corresponding Secretary*, Caroline B. Buell, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago; *Recording Secretary*, Mary A. Woodbridge, Ravenna, Ohio; *Treasurer* Esther Pugh, 161 La Salle Street, Chicago.

OFFICERS OF THE WORLD'S WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.—*President*, Frances E. Willard, Evanston, Ill.; *Vice-Presidents*, Lady Somerset, London, England, and Mrs. Fawcett, Toronto, Ont.; *Corresponding Secretary*, Mary Clement Leavitt, 1226 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Object: To unify throughout the world the work of Women in Temperance and Social Reform and to circulate a petition addressed to all the governments of the world for the overthrow of the alcohol and opium trades. Methods: Preventive, Educational, Evangelistic, Social and Legal. Time of Payer: Noontide. Badge: A Knot of White Ribbon. Watchwords: Agitate! Organize!

The following statement of the purposes of the society was prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by the President, Frances E. Willard:

The National W. C. T. U. was organized in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1874, and is the sober second thought of the great women's crusade. It is now regularly organized in the forty-four States of the Union, and in every Territory except Alaska. Its headquarters are in Chicago, Ill., where it has a Woman's Temperance Publication House that publishes about 125,000,000 pages annually, and has five editors and 150 employés. This publishing house is a stock company, and all its directors and stockholders are women, also its business manager. The *Union Signal* is the organ of the Society, and has over 80,000 subscribers. The publishing house handled over $200,000 last year.

The Woman's Lecture Bureau is located at 161 La Salle Street, in the same building as the publishing house, and sends speakers to all parts of the country and Canada. The Woman's National Temperance Hospital demonstrates the value of non-alcoholic medication. The Woman's Temperance Temple, to cost over $1,000,000, is being built in Chicago. The National Society handled over $30,000 in 1890 at its headquarters in Chicago, and its local auxiliaries expended about half a million in their work.

There are 10,000 local unions with a membership and following, including the children's societies, of about half a million. The W. C. T. U. have forty distinct departments of work, presided over by as many women experts in the National Society, and in nearly every State. All the States in the Republic except ten have laws requiring the study of scientific temperance in the public schools, and all these laws were secured by the W. C. T. U., also the laws for forbidding the sale of tobacco to minors. Most industrial homes for girls were secured through the efforts of this society; also the refuges for erring women, and laws raising the age of consent, and providing for better protection for women and girls, have been secured in many legislatures through the influence of the department for the promotion of Social Purity, of which the president of the society is superintendent.

The World's W. C. T. U. was founded through the influence of the National Society in 1883, and already has auxiliaries in thirty-three different nationalities. The white ribbon is the badge of all the W. C. T. U. members, and is now a familiar emblem in every civilized country. A great petition is being circulated in all parts of the world against legalizing the sale of opium and alcoholics. When two millions of names have been secured, this petition is to be presented to all the governments of the world by a commission of women appointed for that purpose.

Non-Partisan National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

OFFICERS.—*President*, Mrs. E. J. Phinney, 168 Crawford Street, Cleveland, O.; *Vice-President*, Mrs. Harriet G. Walker, Minneapolis, Minn.; *General Secretary*, Mrs. Howard M. Ingham, 2 Walnut Street, Cleveland, O.; *Recording Secretary*, Mrs. Florence Miller, Des Moines, Iowa; *Treasurer*, Mrs. C. Cornelia Alford, 315 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

This association was organized in June, 1890, by seceders from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Article 2 of the constitution provides: "The *object* of this association shall be to interest and unite the women of the nation in non-partisan, non-sectarian temperance work; and confining itself strictly to such temperance work, it will devise and execute measures to secure, through the blessing of God, total abstinence and the complete extinction of the liquor-traffic."

Article 5 reads: "Neither the officers of this association nor the annual meeting shall directly or indirectly pledge the influence or co-operation of the association, in whole or in part, to any other association, or to any political party, or to any religious sect."

Ministering Children's League.

THIS organization was founded by the Countess of Meath; now has branches all over the world, and is rapidly growing in membership. Each national branch has a central secretary, to whom all the local branches report, but each local branch elects its own officers. These exist in almost every State of the Union.

The members of the Ministering Children's League are children, and associated with them are parents, Sunday-school teachers and others whose privilege it is to watch over the welfare of children, and they join as "associate members." Children of all ages and denominations are eligible for membership, and are invited to join; it is especially wished that the elder ones become members, because their example and influence will be of great value among younger brothers and sisters. The objects of the League are stated to be: "To promote kindness, unselfishness and the habit of usefulness among children and to create in their minds an earnest desire to help the needy and suffering; to aid the necessities of the poor by supplying them with warm clothing, comforts, etc." The rule of the League is, "Every member must try to do at least one kind deed every day." The motto of the League is, "No day without a deed to crown it." Beds in charitable institutions are being supported by "Ministering Children." A chapel for the Indians has been built through the exertions of one little band of members in New-York. "It is difficult to estimate the good this League has done; but it has certainly made "homes happier," taught members to become better sons and daughters, kinder brothers and sisters, truer friends and to be good to dumb beasts. And they are also trained to be useful and helpful in every practicable way."

The *Honorable Central Secretary* and head of the League is the Countess of Meath, 83 Lancaster Gate, London, W., England. The *Central Secretary for the United States* is Mrs. F. E. Benedict, 54 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., from whom membership cards, costing a nominal sum, can be had. Badges, which are of three kinds, can be had of Mrs. E. G. Day, 27 West One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street, or James Potts & Co., Publishers, 14 Astor Place, New-York. All necessary information regarding the forming of local branches of this growing order can be obtained from Mrs. Benedict.

The Epworth League.

THE following statistics and statement of the purposes of the organization were prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Mr. Robert R. Doherty, Recording Secretary of the Epworth League.

OFFICERS OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUE (central office, No. 150 Fifth Avenue, New-York).—*President*, Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald; *Corresponding Secretary*, Rev. Jesse L. Hurlbut; *Recording Secretary*, Robert R. Doherty; *Treasurer*, Rev. James M. Freeman; *Executive Committee:* The four officers just named, and W. W. Cooper, Rev. L. E. Prentiss, O. L. Doty, Rev. Arthur Edwards and W. J. Haven.

The Epworth League was formed in May, 1889, by the union of five general (Methodist) societies of young people, which had under their united jurisdiction about 1,500 local societies or "chapters," and about 60,000 members. By vigorous effort the united society has now (December, 1891) 6,702 chapters and an aggregate membership of over 200,000.

Its purpose is to promote intelligent and loyal piety in the young members and friends of the church, to aid them in religious development, and to train them in works of mercy and help. Its constitution provides for development along social, intellectual and religious lines. Its essential features are the weekly prayer-meeting, the "intellectual" and "mercy and help" departments, and its thorough harmony with the officiary of the church.

It has an organ, published weekly, the *Epworth Herald*, edited by Dr. Joseph F. Berry, with a circulation of 50,000. There are no salaried officers, the organization being entirely voluntary, and no assessments on local chapters. The incidental expenses thus far have been paid by voluntary contributions.

The following table shows the total number of chapters comprising the organization by States and Territories:

STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.	STATES.	No. of Societies.
Alabama	11	Iowa	505	New-Hampshire	60	Tennessee	38
Arizona	2	Kansas	365	New-Jersey	267	Texas	22
Arkansas	10	Kentucky	36	New-Mexico	4	Utah	7
California	111	Louisiana	6	New-York	815	Vermont	80
Colorado	34	Maine	103	North-Carolina	4	Virginia	5
Connecticut	68	Maryland	94	North-Dakota	35	Washington	46
Delaware	34	Massachusetts	274	Ohio	663	West-Virginia	46
Dist. of Columbia	13	Michigan	384	Oklahoma Terr.	7	Wisconsin	193
Florida	6	Minnesota	156	Oregon	36	Wyoming	4
Georgia	11	Mississippi	19	Pennsylvania	503	Foreign	22
Illinois	684	Missouri	137	Rhode-Island	29		
Indiana	423	Montana	13	South-Carolina	17	Total	6,702
Idaho	1	Nebraska	182	South-Dakota	84	Tot. Membership	200,000
Indian Territory	1	Nevada	2				

The Theosophical Society.

THE following information about this organization was prepared by William Q. Judge, General Secretary of the American section:

The Theosophical Society has been in existence fifteen years, having been founded in New-York in November, 1875, with the following objects:

First.—To form a nucleus of a UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD OF HUMANITY, without distinction of race, creed, or color.

Second.—To promote the study of Aryan and other Eastern literatures, religions, and sciences, and demonstrate the importance of that study.

Third.—To investigate unexplained laws of nature and the psychical powers latent in man.

The Society appeals for support and encouragement to all who truly love their fellow-men and desire the eradication of the evils caused by the barriers raised by race, creed, or color, which have so long impeded human progress; to all scholars, to all sincere lovers of TRUTH, *wheresoever it may be found*, and to all philosophers, alike in the East and in the West; and lastly, to all who aspire to higher and better things than the mere pleasures and interests of a worldly life, and are prepared to make the sacrifices by which alone a knowledge of them can be attained.

The Society represents no particular creed, is entirely unsectarian, and includes professors of all faiths. No person's religious beliefs are interfered with, and all that is exacted from each member is the same toleration of the views of others which he desires them to exhibit toward his own. The Society, as a body, eschews politics and all subjects outside its declared sphere of work, the rules stringently forbidding members to compromise its strict neutrality in these matters.

As a condition precedent to membership, belief in and adherence to the first of the above-named objects is required; as to the other two, members may pursue them or not, as they see fit. The act of joining the Society, therefore, carries with it no obligation whatever to profess belief in either the practicability of presently realizing the brotherhood of mankind, or in the superior value of Aryan over modern science, or the existence of occult powers latent in man. It implies only intellectual sympathy in the attempt to disseminate tolerant and brotherly feelings, to discover as much truth as can be uncovered by diligent study and careful experimentation, and to essay the formation of a nucleus of a universal brotherhood.

The headquarters are at Adyar, a suburb of Madras, where the Society has a property of twenty-seven acres and extensive buildings, including one for the Oriental Library and a spacious hall wherein the General Council meets annually in convention, on December 27.

Many branches of the Society have been formed in various parts of the world, and new ones are constantly being organized. Each branch frames its own by-laws and manages its own local business without interference from headquarters; provided only that the fundamental rules of the Society are not violated. All branches in America and the West Indies are under the jurisdiction of the American section; in Europe, India, Ceylon, etc., are other sections; these are all under the jurisdiction of the General Convention held in India. Each section is autonomous.

The President of the Society is Colonel Henry S. Olcott, in India; the Vice-President, William Q. Judge (also General Secretary American section), P. O. Box, 2659 New York.

Throughout the world there are about 250 branches. The American section includes at this date the 59 branches in the United States, which are located in most of the principal cities and in many of the smaller towns. Addresses may be obtained from the General Secretary. Inquirers and applicants can address the General Secretary at the address given above, enclosing a stamp, and will receive from him further information or application blanks.

American Secular Union.

THE general object of the American Secular Union is to secure the total separation of Church and State; to the end that equal rights in religion, genuine morality in politics and freedom, virtue and brotherhood be established, protected and perpetuated.

As means for the accomplishment of this purpose, the specific work of the society is, to advocate:

1. The equitable taxation of church property in common with other property.
2. The total discontinuance of religious instruction and worship in the public schools, and especially the reading of any Bible.
3. The repeal of all laws enforcing the observance of Sunday as a *religious* institution, rather than an *economic* one, justified by physiological and other secular reasons.
4. The cessation of all appropriations of the public funds for educational and charitable institutions of a sectarian character.
5. The abolition of ecclesiastical chaplaincies paid out of the public treasury.
6. The discontinuance of the practice of the appointment by the President of the United States and the Governors of the several States, and other civil public officers, of religious festivals and fasts.
7. The substitution of a solemn affirmation, under the pains and penalties of perjury in the courts, and in all other departments of the Government, in place of the common forms of a judicial oath.
8. The defence through the courts of any American citizen whose equal religious and political rights are denied, or who is oppressed, on account of any opinions he may have held or expressed on the subject of religion.
9. The promulgation, by all peaceable and orderly means, of the great principles of religious liberty and equal rights, devotion to truth for its own sake and universal brotherhood on the ground of a common humanity; and to secure the State from the encroachments of the Church, and to foster the development of intelligence and morality which constitute the all-sufficient basis of secular government.

Any person can become a member by paying one dollar into the treasury of the society. An annual congress is held. The executive committee has authority to charter local auxiliary societies.

The officers are: *President*, Hon. C. B. Waite, Chicago, Ill.; *Secretary*, M. A. Freeman, Chicago, Ill.

The Mormons.

THE following particulars regarding the organization and tenets of the "Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints" were prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC, by First President Wilford Woodruff, the head of the Church. A more extended statement was printed in THE ALMANAC of 1890, pages 160, 161.

ORGANIZATION OF THE CHURCH.

There are in the Church two orders of priesthood—the Melchizedek, or higher; and the Aaronic, or lesser, the latter being an appendage of the former.

In the Melchizedek Priesthood are apostles, patriarchs, high-priests, seventies and elders, and it holds the keys of all the spiritual blessings of the Church, with the authority to preside, and to direct in all spiritual matters in the Church.

It is the duty of the above-named officers to preach the Gospel, baptize, lay on hands for confirmation and the gift of the Holy Ghost for ordination, healing and blessing; also to administer the sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and to officiate in all the ordinances of the Gospel.

In the Aaronic Priesthood are bishops, priests, teachers and deacons, who have authority to administer in outward ordinances and temporal things, under the direction of the Melchizedek Priesthood.

For Church government there are various organizations. The First Presidency consists of three apostles—the first president and his two counsellors. Their duty is to preside over all the Church.

In the Council of the Twelve Apostles the oldest apostle of the twelve presides. They are special witnesses of Jesus Christ in all the world, and they travel and preach the Gospel and build up the Church, calling chiefly on the Seventies to assist them.

The Seventies are organized in councils of seventy, each with seven presidents, one of whom presides over all the seventy.

A bishop, with his two counsellors, sits as a common judge in the Church to settle minor difficulties; but their decisions only extend to the fellowship of the members, this being the extent of their jurisdiction.

In and around Utah the Church is organized into districts termed Stakes of Zion, each stake having its president and two counsellors, who are high-priests, and a high council of twelve high-priests, which sits as a superior court in Church matters only. Each stake is subdivided into wards, each ward having its own meeting-house, and being presided over by a bishop and his two counsellors.

DOCTRINES OF THE CHURCH.

The following statement of the doctrines of the Church was issued with the approval of the Prophet Joseph Smith:

1. We believe in God, the Eternal Father, and in His Son Jesus Christ, and in the Holy Ghost.
2. We believe that men will be punished for their own sins, and not for Adam's transgression.
3. We believe that through the atonement of Christ all mankind may be saved, by obedience to the laws and ordinances of the Gospel.
4. We believe that these ordinances are: First, Faith in the Lord Jesus Christ; second, Repentance; third, Baptism by immersion for the remission of sins; fourth, Laying on of hands for the Gift of the Holy Ghost.
5. We believe that a man must be called of God, by "prophecy, and by the laying on of hands," by those who are in authority, to preach the Gospel and administer in the ordinances thereof.
6. We believe in the same organization that existed in the primitive Church—viz.: apostles, prophets, pastors, teachers, evangelists, etc.
7. We believe in the gift of tongues, prophecy, revelation, visions, healing, interpretation of tongues, etc.
8. We believe the Bible to be the word of God, as far as it is translated correctly; we also believe the Book of Mormon to be the word of God.
9. We believe all that God has revealed, all that He does now reveal and we believe that He will yet reveal many great and important things pertaining to the Kingdom of God.
10. We believe in the literal gathering of Israel and in the restoration of the Ten Tribes. That Zion will be built upon this continent. That Christ will reign personally upon the earth, and that the earth will be renewed and receive its paradisac glory.
11. We claim the privilege of worshipping Almighty God according to the dictates of our conscience, and allow all men the same privilege, let them worship how, where or what they may.
12. We believe in being subject to kings, presidents, rulers and magistrates; in obeying, honoring and sustaining the law.
13. We believe in being honest, true, chaste, benevolent, virtuous and in doing good to *all men;* indeed, we may say that we follow the admonition of Paul, "We believe all things, we hope all things," we have endured many things, and hope to be able to endure all things. If there is anything virtuous, lovely or of good report or praiseworthy, we seek after these things.

Freemasonry.

THE DEGREES IN MASONRY.

Lodge.

1. Entered Apprentice.
2. Fellow Craftsman.
3. Master Mason.

YORK RITE.

Chapter.

4. Mark Master.
5. Past Master.
6. Most Excellent Master.
7. Royal Arch Mason.

Council.

8. Royal Master.
9. Select Master.
10. Super Excellent Master

Commandery.

11. Red Cross Knight.
12. Knight Templar.
13. Knight of Malta.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Lodge of Perfection.

4. Secret Master.
5. Perfect Master.
6. Intimate Secretary.
7. Provost and Judge.
8. Intendant of the Building.
9. Elect of Nine.
10. Elect of Fifteen.
11. Sublime Knight Elect.
12. Grand Master Architect.
13. Knight of the Ninth Arch.
14. Grand, Elect, Perfect and Sublime Mason.

Councils of Princes of Jerusalem.

15. Knight of the East or Sword.

Councils of Princes of Jerusalem (Continued).

16. Prince of Jerusalem.

Chapters of Rose Croix.

17. Knight of the East and West.
18. Knight of the Rose Croix de H.R.D.M.

Consistories of Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret.

19. Grand Pontiff.
20. Master Ad Vitam.
21. Patriarch Noachite.
22. Prince of Libanus.
23. Chief of the Tabernacle.
24. Prince of the Tabernacle.

Consistories of Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret (Continued).

25. Knight of the Brazen Serpent.
26. Prince of Mercy.
27. Commander of the Temple.
28. Knight of the Sun.
29. Knight of St. Andrew.
30. Grand Elect Knight, K.H., or Knight of the Black and White Eagle.
31. Grand Inspector Inquisitor Commander.
32. Sublime Prince of the Royal Secret.
33. Sovereign Grand Inspector General of the 33d and Last Degree.

MASONIC GRAND LODGES IN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITISH AMERICA.

Grand Lodges.	No. Members 1890.	Grand Secretaries.	Grand Lodges.	No. Members 1890.	Grand Secretaries.
Alabama.....	9,546	M. J. Green, Montgomery.	Nebraska.....	9,282	W. R. Bowen, Omaha.
Arizona.....	429	G. J. Roskruge, Tucson.	Nevada.....	998	C. N. Noteware, Carson.
Arkansas	12,654	F. Hempstead, Little R'ck	N. Brunswick	1,885	E. J. Wetmore, St. John.
British Colum	678	W. J. Quinlan, Victoria.	N. Hampshire	8,333	G. P. Cleaves, Concord.
California....	15,831	G. Johnson, San Francisco	New-Jersey..	13,981	T.H.R. Redway, Trenton
Canada.....	20,499	J. J. Mason, Hamilton.	New-Mexico..	696	A. A. Keen, Las Vegas.
Colorado.....	5,252	Ed. C. Parmalee, Pueblo.	New-York....	75,775	E.M.L Ehlers, N.Y. City.
Connecticut..	15,505	J. K. Wheeler, Hartford.	N. Carolina..	8,495	D. W. Bain, Raldgh.
Delaware ...	1,699	W. S. Hayes, Wilmington.	North-Dakota	1,464	T. J. Wilder, Caselton.
Dist. of Colum	3,832	W. R. Singleton, Wash.	Nova Scotia..	2,839	William Ross, Halifax.
Florida.....	4,118	D.C. Dawkins, J'cks'nville	Ohio	34,840	J. H. Bromwell, Cinn.
Georgia.....	13,450	A. M. Wolihin, Macon.	Oregon.... ..	3,664	S. F. Chadwick, Salem.
Idaho.....	751	J. H. Wickersham, Boisé.	Pennsylvania	41,192	M. Nisbet, Philadelphia.
Illinois.....	42,369	Loyal L. Munn, Freeport.	Pr. Ed. Island	505	B.W. Higgs, Charlottst'n
Indiana.....	23,890	W. H. Smith, Indianapolis	Quebec.....	3,050	J. H. Isaacson, Montr'l.
Indian Terr..	1,357	J. S. Murrow, Atoka.	Rhode-Island	3,964	E. Baker, Providence.
Iowa.....	23,463	T. S. Parvin, Ced. Rapids.	S. Carolina...	5,702	C. Inglesby, Charleston.
Kansas.....	18,089	J. H. Brown, Kansas City.	South-Dakota	3,385	C. T. McCoy, Aberdeen.
Kentucky....	15,974	H. B. Grant, Louisville.	Tennessee. ..	16,743	J. Frizzell, Nashville.
Louisiana....	4,280	R. Lambert, New-Orleans.	Texas.....	21,558	W. F. Swain, Houston.
Maine.....	20,968	Stephen Berry, Portland.	Utah.....	486	C. Diehl, Salt Lake City.
Manitoba.....	1,711	W. G. Scott, Winnipeg.	Vermont.....	8,742	W.G. Reynolds, Burlgt'n
Maryland....	5,491	J. H. Medairy, Baltimore.	Virginia.....	9,930	W. B. Isaacs, Richm'nd.
Massach'setts	30,880	S. D. Nickerson, Boston.	Washington..	2,852	T. M. Reed, Olympia.
Michigan	31,864	W. P. Innes, Gd. Rapids.	W. Virginia..	4,131	G. W. Atkinson, Wh'l'g.
Minnesota....	12,168	T. Montgomery, St. Paul.	Wisconsin....	13,646	J. W. Laflin, Milwaukee.
Mississippi...	8,390	J. L. Power, Jackson.	Wyoming....	650	W.L. Kuykendall, Cheyn
Missouri.....	27,824	J. D. Vincil, St. Louis.			
Montana.....	1,833	Cornelius Hedges, Helena.	Total.....	673,643	

The returns of the Grand Lodges of the United States and British America for 1890–91 were as follows: Whole number of members, 673,643; raised, 36,781; admissions and restorations, 22,065; dismissions, 18,368; expulsions, 372; suspensions, 276; suspensions for non-payment of dues, 13,573; deaths, 9,058.

These Grand Lodges are in full affiliation with the English Grand Lodge, of which the Prince of Wales is Grand Master, and the Grand Lodges of Ireland, Scotland, Cuba, Peru, South Australia, New-South Wales and Victoria, and also with the Masons of Germany and Austria. They are not in affiliation and do not correspond with the Masons of France. Freemasonry is under the ban of the Church in Spain, Italy, and other Catholic countries, and the membership is small and scattered.

FREEMASONRY—*Continued.*

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL GRAND CHAPTER, 1891-94.

General Grand High Priest—Jos. P. Hornor, La.
Dep. Gen. Grand High Priest—Geo. L. McCahan, Md.
General Grand King—R. C. Lemmon, O.
General Grand Scribe—Jas. W. Taylor, Ga.
Gen. Grand Treasurer—Daniel Striker, Mich.
Gen. Grand Secretary—Christopher G. Fox, N.Y.
General Grand Captain of the Host—A. G. Pollard, Mass.
General Grand Principal Sojourner—Joseph E. Dyas, Ill.
General Grand Royal Arch Captain—William C. Swain, Wis.
General Grand Master 3d Vail—Nathan Kingsley, Minn.
Gen. Grand Master 2d Vail—B. G. Witt, Ky.
Gen. Grand Master 1st Vail—Geo. E. Corsor, D. C.

The office of the General Grand Secretary is at Buffalo, N. Y.

The number of grand chapters, each representing a State (except Pennsylvania, Virginia and West-Virginia), is 42, and the number of enrolled subordinate chapters is 2,069, exclusive of 22 subordinate chapters in the Territories of the United States, the Sandwich Islands, and the Chinese Empire, which are under the immediate jurisdiction of the General Grand Chapter.

The total membership of the 2,069 enrolled subordinate chapters is 141,901. The degrees conferred in Chapters are Mark Master, Past Master, Most Excellent Master and Royal Arch Mason.

KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.

OFFICERS OF THE GRAND ENCAMPMENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Grand Master—John P. S. Gobin, Pa.
Deputy Grand Master—Hugh McCurdy, Mich.
Grand Generalissimo—Warren L. Thomas, Ky.
Grand Captain-General—Reuben H. Lloyd, Cal.
Grand Senior Warden—Henry B. Stoddard, Tex.
Grand Junior Warden—Nicholas Van Slyck, R.I.
Grand Treasurer—H. Wales Lines, Conn.
Grand Recorder—William Bryan Isaacs, Va.
Grand Standard Bearer—Geo. M. Moulton, Ill.
Grand Sword Bearer—Myron M. Parker, D. C.
Grand Warder—Henry M. Aiken, Tenn.
Grand Capt. of Guard—Francis E. White, Neb.

The office of the Grand Master is at Lebanon, Pa., and of the Grand Recorder at Richmond, Va. The next triennial conclave (the twenty-fifth) will be held at Denver, Col., on the second Tuesday in August, 1892.

The number of grand commanderies in the United States, each representing individual States and Territories (except that Massachusetts and Rhode-Island are combined), is 39. The number of subordinate commanderies under their jurisdiction is 850. Membership, to July, 1891, 85,443. Kansas and Mississippi estimated in all figures. These are exclusive of subordinate commanderies in the Territories, Delaware, Florida, District of Columbia, Nevada, South-Carolina, and the Sandwich Islands, with a membership of 2,204. The number of persons knighted in the two years ending July 1, 1891, was 12,403; admitted, 2,123; restored, 489; dimitted, 3,268; suspended, 2,067; expelled, 79; died, 2,186. The degrees conferred in a commandery are, Red Cross Knight, Knight Templar and Knight of Malta. A Mason to receive the orders must be a Master Mason and Royal Arch Mason in good standing.

ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

SUPREME COUNCIL OF SOVEREIGN GRAND INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF THE THIRTY-THIRD AND LAST DEGREE.

OFFICERS OF THE NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION.

M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander.....Henry L. Palmer, Wis.
P. Gr. Lt.-Com.—Charles Levi Woodbury, Mass.
Gr. Min. State—Samuel C. Lawrence, Mass.
Gr. Treasurer-Gen.—Newton D. Arnold, R. I.
Gr. Secretary-Gen.—Clinton F. Paige, N. Y.

The address of the Grand Secretary-General is Binghamton, N. Y., and of the Assistant Grand Secretary-General, Albert P. Moriarty, 104 Stewart Building, New-York City.

OFFICERS OF THE SOUTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION.

M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander (Acting).....James C. Batchelor, D. C.
Grand Secretary-General.....Frederick Webber, D. C.

The addresses of both of these officers are Washington, D. C.

These grand bodies are in relations of amity with the Supreme Councils for France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Belgium, Brazil, the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Peru, Portugal, Italy, Mexico, Colombia, Chile, Central America, Greece, Canada, Cuba, Switzerland, Egypt, Tunis, and Spain.

The number of Masons who have reached the thirty-third degree in Masonry is very limited. There are less than five hundred of them in the Northern Masonic jurisdiction of the United States. The following are some of the better known of these Masons: General Benjamin F. Butler, Judge William A. Richardson, General Gustavus W. Smith, of the Confederate Army; James W. Husted, E. L. M. Ehlers, William D. Garrison, of the Grand Union Hotel, New-York; John Boyd Thacher, of Albany; J. Edward Simmon, ex-Governor Edward F. Jones, ex-Governor George Hoadley, J. H. McVicker and ex-Mayor Dewitt C. Cregier, of Chicago; W. R. Alger and Rev. Minot J. Savage, of Boston; President Palmer, of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company.

SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE OF THE INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.

Grand Sire—Charles M. Busbee.
Deputy Grand Sire—C. T. Campbell.
Grand Secretary—Theodore A. Ross.
Grand Treasurer—Isaac A. Sheppard.
Grand Chaplain—Rev. J. W. Venable.
Grand Marshal—A. C. Cable.
Grand Guardian—Alexander Guthrie.
Grand Messenger—E. A. Kelly.

GRAND LODGES AND MEMBERSHIP.

Jurisdiction.	No. of Members.	Jurisdiction.	No. of Members.	Jurisdiction.	No. of Members.
Alabama	2,271	Maine	18,876	Oregon	4,611
Arizona	586	Manitoba	1,459	Pennsylvania	97,833
Arkansas	2,804	Maryland	8,252	Quebec	1,075
British Columbia	1,202	Massachusetts	40,438	Rhode-Island	6,173
California	28,307	Michigan	21,298	South-Carolina	649
Colorado	5,681	Minnesota	10,089	South-Dakota	3,123
Connecticut	12,754	Mississippi	994	Switzerland	240
Delaware	2,829	Missouri	18,750	Tennessee	4,055
Denmark	2,051	Montana	1,824	Texas	5,016
Dist. of Columbia	1,708	Nebraska	7,544	Utah	1,212
Florida	683	Nevada	1,512	Vermont	3,170
Georgia	4,031	New-Hampshire	10,873	Virginia	4,335
Idaho	1,316	New-Jersey	22,363	Washington	4,358
Illinois	38,858	New-Mexico	597	West-Virginia	5,477
Indiana	33,580	New-York	54,727	Wisconsin	15,463
Iowa	25,426	North-Carolina	2,729	Wyoming	7,235
Kansas	16,243	North-Dakota	1,433		
Kentucky	7,420	Ohio	56,917	Total	647,471
Louisiana	909	Ontario	17,707		
L. Prov., B.N.A.	2,917				

The membership of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which includes the German Grand Lodges, is 672,148. The American organization is not in affiliation with an English order entitled the Manchester Unity Odd Fellows, who number 673,073.

The encampment branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows numbers 116,064 members; Rebekah lodges, sisters, 69,711; brothers, 63,187; Chevaliers of the Patriarchs Militant, 25,000. The next meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge will be held at Portland, Ore., on September 19, 1892.

The total relief paid by the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, year ending December 31, 1890, was $2,917,688.13; brothers relieved, 80,242; widowed families relieved, 190,978; paid for relief of brothers, $1,812,313.65; for widowed families, $150,700.22; education of orphans, $171,408.33.

Independent Order of Good Templars.

THE RIGHT WORTHY GRAND LODGE.

R. W. G. Templar—Dr. Oronhyatekha, Toronto, Canada.
R. W. G. Counsellor—Edw. Wavrinsky, Sweden.
R. W. G. V. Templar—Miss Schreiner, South Africa.
R. W. G. S. J. Templar—Mrs. A. A. Brookbank, Ind.
R. W. G. Secretary—B. F. Parker, Milwaukee, Wis.
R. W. G. Treasurer—W. M. Jones, Rochester, N. Y.
R. W. G. Chaplain—Rev. M. B. Hogg, Ireland.
R. W. G. Marshal—A. J. Leonard, Kasauli, India.
R. W. G. D. Marshal—Mrs. A. A. Minnick, Neb.
R. W. G. Guard—Mrs. A. J. Pyle, Virginia.
R. W. G. Sentinel—F. J. Merchant, Queensland.
R. W. G. Messenger—Lars O. Jensen, Norway.

The last report of the R. W. G. Secretary returned the number of grand lodges in the world as 100 and the membership as 410,996. The membership of the juvenile branch was 159,106. The Good Templars, which is a beneficial order, based on total abstinence, are organized in nearly every State of the Union, England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Canada, West Indies, East, West and South Africa, Australia, New-Zealand, British India, Iceland and other countries. All persons becoming members of the Order are required to subscribe to the following pledge: "That they will never make, buy, sell, use, furnish, nor cause to be furnished to others, as a beverage, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or cider, and will discountenance the manufacture and sale thereof in all proper ways."

The Royal Arcanum.

SUPREME COUNCIL.

Supreme Regent—Charles F. Loring, Mass.
Supreme Vice-Regent—H. H. C. Miller, Ill.
Supreme Orator—Chill W. Hazzard, Pa.
Sitting Past Supreme Regent—Legh R. Watts, Va.
Supreme Secretary—W. O. Robson, Boston, Mass.
Supreme Treasurer—E. A. Skinner, N. Y.
Supreme Chaplain—Carnot O. Spencer, Ct.
Supreme Guide—Edson M. Schryer, Md.
Supreme Warden—Bascom Myrick, Ga.
Supreme Sentry—George W. Ball, Ind.

The membership of the order, June 1, 1891, was 118,454; the number of grand councils, 19, and subordinate councils to, 1,375. The Supreme Council was organized at Boston, June 23, 1877, and incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. Number of deaths to June 1, 1891, was 5,594. Benefits paid to June 1, 1891, $16,512,028.

Ancient Order of Foresters.

SUPREME COURT OF AMERICA.

OFFICERS:

Supreme Chief Ranger—William A. Kitts.
Supreme Sub Chief Ranger—E. A. Bachman.
Supreme Treasurer—T. L. Schultze.
Supreme Secretary—E. M. McMurtry, Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Supreme Recording Secretary—J. J. Bushnell.
Supreme Senior Woodward—Philip F. Orgler.
Supreme Junior Woodward—Daniel Lanigan.
Supreme Senior Beadle—G. H. Hagenmuller.
Supreme Junior Beadle—James B. Taylor.
Supreme Trustee—Conrad Muller.
" " Thomas McCabe, M.D.
" " Duncan MacInnes.

The order was established in America in 1864. The American branch is composed of 16 grand courts and 900 sub-courts, and has 90,000 members. The membership of the order in the whole world, on December 31, 1890, as stated by the "Foresters' Directory," was 816,176. There were 6,184 subordinate lodges or "courts" existing in the United States, Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, Holland, East and West Indies, Spain, Malta, East, West and South Africa, St. Helena, New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Victoria, New-Zealand, Tasmania, British Columbia, Peru, British Guiana, Bermuda, the Hawaiian Islands, Nicaragua and Colombia. The funds of the society amounted to $25,288,825, and its assets aggregated $76,000,000. During 1890 $3,621,842 was paid to the members of the order for sick and funeral benefits.

Statistics of the Principal Fraternal Organizations.

American Legion of Honor.—Founded 1878; number of grand councils, 18; sub-councils, 1,065; total number of members, 63,751; benefits disbursed since organization, $20,458,330; Supreme Commander, Enoch S. Brown, New-York; Supreme Secretary, Adam Warnock, Boston, Mass.

B'nai B'rith, Independent Order of.—Founded 1843; number of district grand lodges, 9; number of district sub-lodges, 367; number of members, 25,478; benefits disbursed since organization, $10,000,000.

Catholic Knights of America.—Founded 1877; number of supreme councils, 1; number of branches, 527; number of members, 22,000; benefits disbursed since organization, $4,500,000; Supreme President, Hon. James David Coleman; Supreme Secretary, John Barr.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.—Founded 1876; number of grand councils, 5; number of branches, 600; number of members, 35,000; benefits disbursed since organization, $3,000,000; Chancellor, R. Mulholland, Dunkirk, N. Y.; Recorder, C. J. Hickey, 543 Madison Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Druids, Ancient Order of.—Founded 1781, introduced in the United States 1839; number of grand groves in the United States, 15; number of sub-groves in the United States, 300; number of members in the United States, 15,000; benefits disbursed since 1849, $5,074,973; Supreme Arch, Louis G. Schord, San Francisco, Cal.; Supreme Secretary, N. Freudenthal, Albany, N. Y.

Equitable Aid Union.—Founded 1879; number of grand unions, 5; number of subordinate unions, 874; number of members, 43,250; benefits disbursed since organization, $3,708,606.08; Supreme President, R. N. Seaver, M.D.; Supreme Secretary, Albert Morgan.

Knights of Honor.—Founded 1873; number of grand lodges, 36; number of sub-lodges, 2,584; number of members, 138,256; benefits disbursed since organization, $36,478,500; Supreme Reporter, B. F. Nelson, St. Louis, Mo.

Knights of Pythias.—Number of grand lodges, 48; number of members, 263,847; Supreme Chancellor, George B. Shaw, Wisconsin; Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal, R. L. C. White, Nashville, Tenn.

Knights of the Maccabees.—Founded 1881; number of great camps, 2 (Michigan and New-York); number of sub-tents, 1,151; number of members, 62,580; benefits disbursed since organization, $1,253,439; Supreme Commander, D. P. Markey; Supreme Record Keeper, N. S. Boynton; headquarters, Port Huron, Mich.

Red Men, Improved Order of.—Founded 1772; number of great councils, 30; number of tribes, 1,306; number of members, 111,644; benefits disbursed since organization, over $13,000,000; Great Incohonee, Thomas K. Donnally, Philadelphia, Pa.; Great Chief of Records, Charles C. Conley, Philadelphia, Pa. Connected with the order is a female branch called the "Degree of Pocahontas." It has 211 councils in 21 different States, with 16,268 members.

United American Mechanics, Order of.—Founded 1845; number of grand councils, 12; sub-councils, 519; number of members, 48,517; National Councillor, Thomas B. Chapman, Hartford, Ct.; National Secretary, John Server, 423 North Forty-first Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

United Friends, Order of.—Founded 1851; number of grand councils, 6; number of sub-councils, 340; number of members, 22,304; benefits disbursed since organization, $2,484,398.53; Imperial Councillor, Thomas S. Stout; Imperial Recorder, O. M. Shedd, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

United Workmen, Ancient Order of.—Founded 1868; number of grand lodges, 27; number of sub-lodges, 4,200; number of members, 267,611; benefits disbursed since organization, for beneficiary fund, $37,776,350; for charity, $5,000,000; beneficiary fund, $4,762,157.09; Supreme Master Workman, J. W. Kinsley, Helena, Mont.; Supreme Recorder, M. W. Sackett, Meadville, Pa.

Woodmen, Fraternity of Modern.—Founded 1883; number of head camps, 1; number of local camps, 1,550; total number of members, 53,000; benefits disbursed since organization, $1,500,000; Head Consul, W. A. Northcott, Greenville, Ill.; Head Clerk, C. W. Hawes, Fulton, Ill.

MEMBERSHIP OF FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS.

According to the latest reports of the supreme bodies of these organizations, the membership of the principal fraternal organizations in the United States is as follows:

Free Masons	673,643	Catholic Mutual Benefit Association	35,000
Odd Fellows	647,471	National Union	26,300
Ancient Order of United Workmen	267,611	Independent Order of B'nai B'rith	25,478
Knights of Pythias	263,847	Catholic Benevolent Legion	23,553
Knights of Honor	138,256	Order of United Friends	22,304
Improved Order of Red Men	111,644	Catholic Knights of America	21,093
Royal Arcanum	118,454	Order of the Golden Cross	17,393
Knights and Ladies of Honor	70,419	Royal Templars of Temperance	15,133
American Legion of Honor	63,751	Ancient Order of Druids	15,000
Knights of the Maccabees, Supreme Tent	62,580	Royal Society of Good Fellows	13,084
Modern Woodmen of America	53,000	United Order of Pilgrim Fathers	12,443
United American Mechanics, Order of	48,517	Order of the Golden Chain	7,130
Equitable Aid Union	43,250		
Order of Chosen Friends	38,821	Total	2,835,275

The Stage.

BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE.

Name.	Birthplace	Born.	Name.	Birthplace.	Born.
Albani, Emma	Chambly, Canada	....	Kendal, Mrs. W. H.	Lincolnshire, Eng.	1849
Albaugh, John W.	Baltimore, Md.	1837	Keene, Thomas W	New-York City	1840
Aldrich, Louis	Mid-ocean	1843	Kellogg, Clara Louise	Sumterville, S. C.	1842
Anderson, Mary	Sacramento, Cal	1859	Kelcey, Herbert H. L.	London, Eng.	1855
Archer, Belle	Easton, Pa.	1860	Langtry, Lily	St. Helens, Jersey.	1850
Arditi, Luigi	Piedmont, Italy	1822	Lee, Henry	New-York City	1826
Atherton, Alice	Cincinnati, O	1854	Lewis, Catherine	Wales	1856
Bandmann, Daniel E.	Cassel, Germany	1839	Lewis, James	Troy, N. Y.	1829
Bangs, Frank C	Alexandria, Va	1836	Lucca, Pauline	Vienna	1840
Barron, Charles	Boston, Mass.	1841	Mackaye, Steele	Buffalo, N. Y.	1843
Barrymore, Maurice	England	1847	Maddern, Minnie	New-Orleans, La.	1865
Bateman, Isabel	Cincinnati, O.	1854	Mansfield, Richard	Heligoland, Ger.	1857
Bateman, Kate	Baltimore, Md.	1842	Mantell, Robert B.	Ayrshire, Scotland	1854
Bernhardt, Sarah	Paris	1844	Martinot, Sadie	Yonkers, N. Y.	1857
Boniface, George C	New-York City	1832	Mather, Margaret	Detroit, Mich.	1851
Booth, Agnes	Australia	1843	Mayo, Frank	Massachusetts	1839
Booth, Edwin	Belair, Md.	1833	Mitchell, Maggie	New-York City	1832
Bowers, Mrs. D. P.	Stamford, Conn	1830	Modjeska, Helena	Poland	1844
Buchanan, Virginia	Cincinnati, O.	1846	Mordaunt, Frank	Burlington, Vt.	1841
Burgess, Neil	Boston, Mass	1846	Morris, Clara	Cleveland, O.	1846
Burroughs, Marie	San Francisco	1866	Murphy, Joseph	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1839
Campanini, Italo	Parma, Italy	1846	Nilsson, Christine	Sweden	1843
Carey, Eleanor	Chile, S. A.	1852	O'Neil, James	Ireland	1849
Cayvan, Georgia	Maine	1858	Patti, Adelina	Madrid	1843
Chanfrau, Mrs. F. S.	Philadelphia, Pa.	1837	Phillips, Gus	New-York City	1837
Clarke, George	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1840	Pixley, Annie	New-York City	1856
Clarke, John S.	Baltimore, Md.	1835	Ponisi, Madame	Huddersfield, Eng.	1825
Claxton, Kate	New-York City	1848	Pope, Charles	Germany	1832
Cody, William F.	Scott Co., Iowa	1845	Proctor, Joseph	Marlboro', Mass.	1816
Coghlan, Rose	Peterboro, Eng.	1853	Rankin, A. McKee	Sandwich, Canada	1844
Couldock, Charles W.	London, Eng.	1815	Reed, Roland	Philadelphia, Pa.	1852
Crabtree, Lotta	New-York City	1847	Rehan, Ada	Limerick, Ireland	1860
Crane, William H.	Leicester, Mass.	1845	Rhea, Mlle.	Brussels	1855
Daly, Augustin	North-Carolina	1838	Ristori, Adelaide	Italy	1821
Damrosch, Walter J.	Breslau, Prussia	1862	Robinson, Frederick	London, Eng.	1832
Dauvray, Helen	Cincinnati, O.	1858	Robson, Stuart	Annapolis, Md.	1836
Davenport, Fanny	London, Eng.	1850	Rossi, Ernesto	Leghorn, Italy	1829
De Belleville, Frederick	France	1844	Roze, Marie	Paris	1846
Dickinson, Anna	Philadelphia, Pa.	1842	Russell, Annie	New-York City	1864
Dillon, Louise	Savannah, Ga.	1857	Russell, Lillian	Clinton, Ia.	1860
Dixey, Henry E.	Boston, Mass.	1859	Russell, Sol Smith	Brunswick, Mo.	1848
Dreher, Virginia	Louisville, Ky.	1858	Salvini, Tommaso	Milan, Italy	1830
Drew, John	Philadelphia, Pa.	1853	Scanlan, William, J.	Springfield, Mass.	1856
Drew, Mrs. John	England	1818	Scott-Siddons, Mrs.	India	1844
Edouin, Willie	Brighton, Eng	1845	Stanhope, Adelaide	Paris, France	1858
Ellsler, Effie	Philadelphia, Pa.	1858	Stanley, Alma Stuart	Jersey, Eng	1860
Eytinge, Rose	Philadelphia, Pa.	1837	Stevenson, Charles A.	Dublin, Ireland	1842
Fawcett, Owen	London, Eng.	1838	Stoddart, J. H	Yorkshire, Eng.	1827
Fayne, Frank I.	Kentucky	1836	Studley, John B.	Boston, Mass	1832
Florence, Mrs. W. J.	New-York City	1846	Sullivan, Barry	Birmingham, Eng.	1824
Germon, Effie	Augusta, Ga	1845	Sully, Daniel	Detroit, Mich.	1855
Gerster, Etelka	Kaschau, Hungary	1857	Tearle, Osmond	Plymouth, Eng.	1852
Gilbert, Mrs. G. H.	Rochdale, Eng.	1820	Terris, William	London, Eng.	1849
Goodwin, Nat C.	Boston, Mass.	1857	Terry, Ellen	Coventry, Eng.	1848
Harrigan, Edward	New-York City	1845	Thompson, Charlotte	Bradford, Eng.	1843
Harrison, Maud	England	1858	Thompson, Denman	Girard, Pa.	1833
Hauk, Minnie	New-Orleans, La.	1853	Thompson, Lydia	London, Eng.	1838
Haworth, Joseph S.	Providence, R. I.	1855	Thorne, Edwin F.	New-York City	1845
Heron, Bijou	New-York City	1863	Thursby, Emma	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1857
Holland, E. M.	New-York City	1848	Toole, John L.	London, Eng.	1832
Hill, Charles Barton	Dover, Eng	1828	Turner, Carrie	St. Charles, Iowa	1862
Irving, Henry	Keinton, Eng.	1838	Vezin, Hermann	Philadelphia, Pa.	1829
James, Louis	Tremont, Ill	1842	Vokes, Rosina	London, Eng.	1854
Janausche'k, Francesca	Prague, Austria	1830	Warde, Frederick	Wadington, Eng.	1851
Janisch, Antonie	Vienna, Austria	1850	Wheatcroft, Nelson	London, Eng.	1852
Jefferson, Joseph	Philadelphia, Pa.	1829	Williams, Gus	New-York City	1847

Season of 1891-92 in the United States, number of "attractions" on the road, about 350; estimated number of actors, actresses, singers, etc., all kinds, in the United States, actively employed, 5,000; number of theatres and opera houses in the United States, about 3,200.

The American Turf.

RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES

RUNNING.

Dashes—Best at all Distances.

Distance.	Name, Age, Weight, and Sire.	Place.	Date.	Time.
¼ mile	Jim Miller (2)	Deer Lodge, Mont.	Aug. 16, 1888	0.21½
⅜ "	Fashion (4)	Lampas, Texas	Aug. 15, 1891	0.34
½ "	Geraldine (4), by Grinstead, 122 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	Aug. 30, 1889	0.46
⅝ "	Britannic (5), by Plevna, 122 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	Aug. 31, 1889	0.59
⅝ "	Fordham (4), by Falsetto, 115 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	Oct. 4, 1889	0.59
⅝ "	Sallie McClelland (2), by Hindoo, 115 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	May. 31, 1890	0.59
⅝ "	Annie Queen (2), by Wanderer, 110 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	June 12, 1891	0.59
⅝ "	Johnny Heckscher (2), by Faustus, 115 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	Oct 10, 1891	0.59
5½ furlongs	La Tosca (3), by St. Blaise, 111 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	June 4, 1891	1.04¼
¾ mile	Fides (4), by Imp. Ill-Used, 116 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	May 31, 1890	1.10¼
6½ furlongs	Renfax (3), by Argyle, 106 lbs.	San Francisco, Cal.	April 30, 1891	1.20½
⅞ mile	Bella B. (5), by Enquirer, 103 lbs.	Monmouth Park	Aug. 28, 1890	1.23½
7½ furlongs	Leo H. (3), by Rapture, 95 lbs.	Nashville, Tenn.	May. 3, 1888	1.34¼
1 mile	Salvator (4), by Imp. Prince Charlie, 110 lbs.*	Monmouth Park	Aug. 28, 1890	1.35½
1 "	Raveloe (3), by Joe Hooker, 107 lbs.	Monmouth Park	July 31, 1890	1.39¼
1 "	Racine (3), by Bishop, 107 lbs.	Wash. Park, Chicago.	June 28, 1890	1.39½
1 "	La Tosca (3), by St. Blaise	Morris Park, N. Y.	Oct. 10, 1891	1.39½
1 mile 70 yds.	Whitney (3), by Fonso, 102 lbs.	Garfield Park	Aug. 18, 1891	1.44½
1 mile 100 yds.	Little Minch (aged), by Glenelg, 112 lbs.	St. Louis, Mo.	June 6, 1888	1.48
1 1-16 miles	Aloha (6), by Imp. St. Mungo, 110 lbs.	Wash. Park, Chicago.	June 13, 1891	1.49
	Van Buren (3), by Vanderbilt, 90 lbs.	Garfield Park	Aug. 11, 1891	1.46
1½ miles	Tristan (6), by Imp. Glenelg, 114 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	June 2, 1891	1.51½
1 3-16 "	Tristan (5), by Imp. Glenelg, 102 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 4, 1890	2.00 1-5
1¼ "	Banquet (3), by Imp. Rayon d'Or, 108 lbs.	Mormouth Park	July 17, 1890	2.03¾
1 mile 500 yds.	Bend Or (4), by Buckden, 115 lbs.	Saratoga, N. Y.	July 25, 1882	2.10½
1 5-16 miles	Royal Arch (aged), by Fellowcraft, 105 lbs.	Jerome Park, N. Y.	July 11, 1888	2.19¼
1⅜ miles	Ormie (4), by Dudley, 105 lbs.	Wash. Park, Chicago.	July 7, 1890	2.20¼
1½ "	Firenze (6), by Imp. Glenelg, 117 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	June 26, 1890	2.33
1½ "	Hindoocraft (3), by Hindoo, 75 lbs.	Morris Park, N. Y.	Aug. 27, 1889	2.48
1⅝ "	Exile (4), by Mortimer, 115 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 11, 1886	2.48¾
1¾ "	Hotspur (5), by Joe Daniels, 117 lbs.	San Francisco, Cal.	April 30, 1891	3.00¾
1⅞ "	Enigma (4), by Enquirer, 90 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 15, 1885	3.20
2 "	Ten Broeck (5), by Imp. Phaeton, 110 lbs.*	Louisville, Ky.	May 29, 1877	3.27½
2 "	Wildmoor (6), by Longfellow	Kansas City, Mo.	Sept. 29, 1886	3.28
2 "	Bushwacker (aged), by Imp. Bonnie Scotland, 99 lbs.	Saratoga, N. Y.	Aug. 18, 1881	3.30
2⅛ "	Monitor (4), by Glenelg, 110 lbs	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 20, 1880	3.44½
2¼ "	Springbok (5), by Imp. Australian, 114 lbs. Preakness (aged), by Lexington, 114 lbs.	Saratoga, N. Y.	July 20, 1875	3.56¼
2½ "	Aristides (4), by Imp. Leamington, 104 lbs.	Lexington, Ky.	May 13, 1876	4.27½
2⅝ "	Ten Broeck (4), by Imp. Phaeton, 104 lbs.	Lexington, Ky.	Sept. 16, 1876	4.58½
2¾ "	Hubbard (4), by Planet, 107 lbs.	Saratoga, N. Y.	Aug. 9, 1873	4.58¾
3 "	Drake Carter (4), by Ten Broeck, 115 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 16, 1884	5.24
4 "	Ten Broeck (4), by Imp. Phaeton, 104 lbs.*	Louisville, Ky.	Sept. 27, 1876	7.15¾
4 "	Fellowcraft (4), by Imp. Australian, 108 lbs.	Saratoga, N. Y.	Aug. 20, 1874	7.19½
4 "	Lexington (4), by Boston, 103 lbs.*	New-Orleans, La.	April 2, 1855	7.19¾

Heats—Best Two in Three.

¼ mile	Sleepy Dick (aged)	Kiowa, Kan.	Oct. 10, 1888	0.21½ 0.22¼
½ "	Bogus (aged), by Ophir, 113 lbs.	Helena, Mont.	Aug. 22, 1888	0.48 0.48
4½ furlongs	Susie S. (aged), by Ironwood	Santa Rosa, Cal.	Aug. 23, 1889	0.55 0.55¾
⅝ mile	Kitty Pease (4), by Jack Hardy, 82 lbs.	Dallas, Tex.	Nov. 2, 1887	1.00 1.00
¾ "	Lizzie S. (5), by Wanderer, 118 lbs.	Louisville, Ky.	Sept. 18, 1883	1.13¼ 1.13½
⅞ "	Hornpipe (4), by Imp. St. Mungo, 105 lbs.	Westside, Chicago, Ill.	July 19, 1888	1.30 1.30
1 mile	Guido (4), by Double Cross, 117 lbs.	Wash. Park, Chicago.	July 11, 1891	1.41½ 1.41¼
1 1-16 miles	Slipalong (5), by Longfellow, 115 lbs.	Wash. Park, Chicago.	Sept. 2, 1885	1.50½ 1.48
1⅛ miles	Gabriel (4), by Alarm, 112 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 23, 1880	1.56 1.56
1⅛ "	Glenmore (5), by Glen Athol, 114 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 25, 1880	2.10 2.14
	Mary Anderson (3), 83 lbs.; won first heat in			2.09
1½ miles	Kenio (6), by Chilicothe	Toledo, O.	Sept. 16, 1880	2.43½ 2.45
	Belle of Nelson (5); won second heat in			2.45
2 miles	Bradamante (3), by War Dance, 87 lbs.	Jackson, Miss.	Nov. 17, 1877	3.32 3.29
3 "	Norfolk (4), by Lexington, 100 lbs.	Sacramento, Cal.	Sept. 23, 1865	5.27½ 5.29½
4 "	Ferida (4), by Glenelg, 105 lbs.	Sheepshead Bay, N.Y.	Sept. 18, 1880	7.23½ 7.41
4 "	Glenmore (4), by Glen Athol, 108 lbs.	Baltimore, Md.	Oct. 25, 1879	7.30¼ 7.31
	Willie D. (4), 105 lbs.; won first heat in			7.29½

* Races against time.

THE AMERICAN TURF—RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES—*Continued.*

Heats—Best Three in Five.

Dist'nce	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.				
½ mile.	Haddington (6), by Haddington, 118 lbs..	Petaluma, Cal. .	Aug. 28, 1883	.....	.....	0.49½	0.50½	0.49¾
.....	Aunt Betsy (3), 106 lbs.; won first heat in	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.49½
¾ mile.	Gleaner (aged), by Glenelg, 112 lbs.....	Wash.Park,Chic.	July 5, 1886	.....	.....	1.15	1.14½	1.15½
1 "	Thad Stevens (aged), by Langford, 100 lbs.	Sacramento, Cal.	July 8, 1873	.....	.....	1.43½	1.46½	1.45
.....	Thornhill won the first and second heats in	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.43	1.43	.....
1 1-16m.	Dave Douglas (5), by Leinster.....	Sacramento, Cal.	Sept.23, 1887	1.51½	1.51½	1.51½	1.54	1.50½
	First and third heats were dead heats....	.						

HURDLE RACES.

Distance.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.		
1 mile.....	Swannanoe (aged), by Red Dick, 120 lbs.	Brighton Beach,N.Y.	July 16, 1881	.....	.....	1.50
1 1-16 miles...	JudgeJackson(aged),by Buckden,138lbs.	Latonia, Ky	May 29, 1886	.....	.....	1.59¼
1⅛ miles.....	Winslow (4), by Ten Broeck, 138 lbs....	Westside,Chicago, Ill	Aug. 29, 1888	.....	.....	2.02¾
1 3-16 miles ..	Jim Murphy (4), by Fellowcraft, 133 lbs.	Saratoga, N.Y.....	Aug. 21, 1888	.....	.....	2.12
1¼ miles. ...	BourkeCockran(4), by War Dance,127 lbs.	Brighton Beach,N.Y.	Nov. 9, 1882	.....	.....	2.16
1⅜ "	Guy (aged), by Narragansett, 155 lbs....	Latonia, Ky.....	Oct. 8, 1885	.....	.....	2.35
1½ "	Kitty Clark (3), by Glenelg, 130 lbs.	Brighton Beach,N.Y.	Aug 23, 1881	.. ...	.....	2.47
1½ "	Speculation (6), by Daniel Boone,125lbs.	Brighton Beach,N.Y	July 19, 1881	.....	.....	2 47
1⅝ "	Turfman (5), by Revolver, 140 lbs.....	Saratoga, N.Y.....	Aug. 7, 1882	.....	.....	3.16
1¾ "	Kitty Clark (4), by Glenelg, 142 lbs.....	Monmouth, N. J.....	July 12, 1882	.....	.....	3.17
2 "	Tom Leathers (aged), by Camp's Whale, 117 lbs.....	New-Orleans, La.....	April 16, 1875	.....	.....	3.47½
2¼ "	Buckra (aged), by Buckden, 168 lbs.....	SheepsheadBay,N.Y.	June 21, 1887	... ..	.....	4.26
Mile heats...	Will Davis (aged), by Fadladeen,140 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.....	July 3, 1886	.....	1.49½	1.51

TROTTING—IN HARNESS.

Distance.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.		
1 mile by a mare.....	Sunol*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Oct. 20, 1891	.....	.....	2.08¼
1 " " gelding.....	Jay-Eye-See.....	Narragansett, R. I.....	Aug. 1, 1884	.....	.....	2.10
1 " " stallion.....	Palo Alto*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Nov. 17, 1891	.....	.....	2.08¾
1 " in a race.....	{Nancy Hauks.....	Independence, Iowa.....	Aug. 27, 1891	.....	.....	2.12
	{Delmarch.....	Cambridge City, Ind ...	Sept. 26, 1891	.....	.....	2.12
1 " (on a half-mile track)	Nelson.....	Bangor, Me.....	Sept. 6. 1890	.....	.....	2.15¼
1 " by a yearling.....	Frou-Frou*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Nov. 28, 1891	.....	.....	2.28¼
1 " " two-year old...	Arion*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Nov. 10, 1891	.....	.....	2.10¾
1 " " three-year old.	Sunol.....	San Francisco, Cal.....	Nov. 9, 1889	.....	.....	2.10½
1 " " four-year old..	Sunol.....	Chicago, Ill.....	Aug. 23, 1890	.....	.....	2.10½
1 " " five-year old....	Sunol*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Oct. 20, 1891	.....	.....	2.08¼
1 " best in first season...	Arion*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Nov. 10, 1891	.....	.....	2.10¾
Best 2 heats.....	Palo Alto*.....	Stockton, Cal.....	Nov. 10, 1891	.....	2.10¼	2.09¾
" 3 "	Nancy Hauks.....	Independence, Iowa.....	Aug. 27, 1891	2.12	2.12¾	2.12
" 3 " by a stallion....	Delmarch.....	Cambridge City, Ind	Sept. 26, 1891	2.16¼	2.14½	2.12
2 miles.....	Fanny Witherspoon*.	Chicago, Ill.....	Sept. 25, 1885	.. ...	.....	4.43
3 "	Huntress.....	Prospect Park, Brooklyn	Sept. 21, 1872	.....	.....	7.21¼
4 " (on a half-mile track)	Satellite*.....	Keokuk, Ia.	Aug. 12, 1887	.....	.....	10.52½
5 "	Lady Mack.....	Oakland, Cal.....	April 2, 1874	.....	.....	13.00
10 "	Controller.....	San Francisco, Cal	Nov. 23, 1878	.....	.....	27.23¼
20 "	Captain McGowan....	Boston, Mass.....	Oct. 31, 1865	.....	.....	58.25

* Against time.

To Wagon.

1 mile.....	Allerton*.....	Independence, Iowa.....	Sept.25, 1891	.....	.....	2.15
1 mile in a race....	Alfred S.....	Philadelphia, Pa.....	Sept. 4, 1890	.....	.....	2.16¾
Best 3 heats.....	Hopeful.....	Chicago, Ill.....	Oct. 12, 1876	2.16½	2.17	2.17
2 miles.....	General Butler.....	Fashion Track, L. I.....	June 18, 1863	.....	.....	4.56¼
2 "	Dexter.....	Fashion Track, L. I.....	Oct. 27, 1865	.....	.....	4.56¼
3 "	Prince.....	Centreville, L. I	Sept.15, 1857	.....	.....	7.53½
5 "	Fillmore.....	San Francisco, Cal.	April18. 1863	.....	.....	13.16
10 "	Julia Aldrich	San Francisco, Cal.....	June 15, 1868	.....	.....	29.04½
20 "	Controller*.....	San Francisco, Cal.....	April20, 1878	.....	.....	58.57

Under Saddle.

1 mile...	Great Eastern.....	Fleetwood Park, N. Y...	Sept. 22, 1877	.....	.....	2.15¾
2 miles.....	George M. Patchen...	Fashion Track, L. I.....	July 1, 1863	.....	.....	4.56
3 "	Dutchman.....	Beacon Track, Hoboken.	Aug. 1, 1839	.....	.....	7.32½
4 "	Dutchman.....	.....	May, 1836	.....	.....	10.51

By Teams.

1 mile. Maud S. and Aldine, at Fleetwood Park, N. Y., driven by W. H. Vanderbilt to a road wagon (not a record), 2.15¼, June 15, 1883.

1 mile. *Belle Hamlin and Justina, at Independence, Iowa (kite-shaped track), driven by W. J. Andrews to skeleton wagon, for a record—2.13—Oct. 27, 1890.

1 mile. Belle Hamlin and Justina, at Independence, Iowa (kite-shaped track), driven by their breeder and owner, C. J Hamlin, 76 years old, to skeleton wagon, for a record—2.13¾—Oct. 24, 1890.

1 mile (in a race). Arao and Conde, driven by O. A. Hickok, won in straight heats over the Bay District track, San Francisco, Nov. 26, 1887, from Lindsay's Jane L. and Palatina. Time, 2.30½, 2.23, 2.18¾. (The third heat is the best time ever made in a team race—first half, 1.13; second half, 1.05¼.)

* Against time.

THE AMERICAN TURF—RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES—*Continued.*

Distance.	Name.	Place.	Date.	Time.
With Running Mate.				
1 mile	H. B. Winship*	Narragansett, R. I	Aug. 1, 1884	2.06
PACING—IN HARNESS.				
1 mile	Direct*	Independence, Iowa	Sept. 4, 1891	2.06
1 " in a race	Direct	Columbia, Tenn	Oct. 26, 1891	2.08
1 " best three heats	Direct	Columbia, Tenn	Oct. 26, 1891	2.09 2.08 2.08¾
1 " by a yearling	Fausta*	Stockton, Cal	Nov. 28, 1891	2.22¾
1 " by a two-year old	Manager	Independence, Iowa	Aug. 29, 1890	2.16½
1 " by a three-year old	Manager*	Independence, Iowa	Sept. 19, 1891	2.11½
1 " by a four-year old	Gold Leaf	Napa, Cal	Aug. 17, 1889	2.11¼
1 " by a five-year old	Arrow	Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 1, 1888	2.13¼
1 " by a five-year old	Bessemer (third heat)	St. Paul, Minn	Aug. 30, 1889	2.13¼
1 " best by a mare	Buffalo Girl	Pittsburgh, Pa	July 27, 1883	2.12½
1 " best by a stallion in a race	Direct	Columbia, Tenn	Oct. 26, 1891	2.08
1 " by a stallion against time	Direct*	Independence, Iowa	Sept. 4, 1891	2.06
2 miles	Defiance ... Longfellow	Sacramento, Cal	Sept. 26, 1872	4.47¾
3 "	James K. Polk*	Centreville, L. I	Sept. 13, 1847	7.44
PACING—TO WAGON.				
1 mile	Roy Wilkes*	Independence, Iowa	Oct. 30, 1891	2.13
2 miles	Young America			4.58½
3 "	Longfellow	Sacramento, Cal	Sept. 7, 1869	7.53
4 "	Longfellow	San Francisco, Cal	Dec. 31, 1869	10.42½
5 "	Fisherman	San Francisco, Cal	Dec. 19, 1874	13.03½
Fastest 3 heats	Johnston	St. Paul, Minn	Sept. 16, 1887	2.16¼ 2.15¼ 2.15¼
Under Saddle.				
1 mile	Johnston*	Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 3, 1888	2.13
2 miles	James K. Polk. Roanoke ...	Philadelphia, Pa	June 20, 1850	4.57½
3 "	Oneida Chief	Hoboken, N. J	Aug. 15, 1843	7.44
By a Team.				
1 mile	Daisy D. and Silver Tail	East Saginaw, Mich*	July 15, 1887	2.18½
With a Running Mate.				
1 mile	Westmont*	Chicago, Ill	July 10, 1884	2.01¾

* Against time.

The English Derby.

The Derby was first run on May 4th, 1780; it was then a dash of a mile, and was won by Sir Charles Banbury's Diomed, by Florizel. In 1799 he was imported into the United States, and to him can be traced nearly all the best of the American racing families. In 1784 the distance was increased to a mile and a half, and the weights raised to 115 pounds for colts and 112 pounds for fillies. The present course was first used in 1872. In 1884 the weights were raised to 126 pounds for colts and 121 pounds for fillies. The winners since 1863 were:

Year.	Owner and Winner.	Sire.	Subs.	Starters.	Time.	Second.
1863	Mr. R. C. Naylor's Macaroni	Sweetmeat	255	31	2.50 1-2	Lord Clifden.
1864	Mr. W. d'Anson's Blair Athol	Stockwell	234	30	2.43	General Peel.
1865	Count Legrange's Gladiateur	Monarque	249	29	2.46	Christmas Carol.
1866	Mr. Sutton's Lord Lyon	Stockwell	274	26	2.50	Savernake.
1867	Mr. H. Chaplin's Hermit	Newminster	256	30	2.52	Marksman.
1868	Sir J. Hawley's Blue Gown	Beadsman	262	18	2.43 1-2	King Alfred.
1869	Mr. J. Johnstone's Pretender	Adventurer	247	22	2.52 1-2	Pero Gomez.
1870	Lord Falmouth's Kingcraft	King Tom	252	15	2.45	Palmerston.
1871	Baron Rothschild's Favonius	Parmesan	209	17	2.50	Albert Victor. King of the Forest.
1872	Mr. Savile's Cremorne	Parmesan	191	23	2.45 1-2	Pell Mell.
1873	Mr. Merry's Doncaster	Stockwell	201	12	2.50	Gang Forward. Kaiser.
1874	Mr. Cartwright's George Frederick	Marsyas	212	20	2.46	Couronne de Fer.
1875	Prince Batthyany's Galopin	Vedette	199	18	2.48	Claremont.
1876	Mr. A. Battazzi's Kisber	Buccaneer	226	15	2.44	Forerunner.
1877	Lord Falmouth's Silvio	Blair Athol	245	17	2.50	Glen Arthur.
1878	Mr. Crawfurd's Sefton	Speculum	231	22	2.56	Insulaire.
1879	Mr. Acton's Sir Bevys	Favonius	278	23	3.02	Palmbearer.
1880	Duke of Westminster's Bend Or	Doncaster	257	19	2.46	Robert the Devil.
1881	Mr. P. Lorillard's Iroquois	Leamington	242	15	2.50	Peregrine.
1882	Duke of Westminster's Shotover	Hermit	198	14	2.45 3-5	Quicklime.
1883	Sir F. Johnstone's St. Blaise	Hermit	215	11	2.48 2-5	Highland Chief.
1884	Mr. J. Hammond's St. Gatien / Sir J. Willoughby's Harvester	Rotherhill or The Rover. Stirling	189	15	2.46 1-5	.....
1885	Lord Hasting's Melton	Master Kildare	189	12	2.44 1-5	Paradox.
1886	Duke of Westminster's Ormonde	Bend Or	199	9	2.45 3-5	The Bard.
1887	Mr. Abington's Merry Hampton	Hampton	190	11	2.43	The Baron.
1888	Duke of Portland's Ayrshire	Hampton	158	9	2.42 1-5	Crowberry.
1889	Duke of Portland's Donovan	Galopin	169	13	2.44 2-5	Miguel.
1890	Sir James Miller's Sainfoin	Springfield	233	8	2.49 1-4	Le Nord.
1891	Sir F. Johnson's br. c. Common	Isonomy	203	11	2.56 4-5	Gouverneur.

American Turf Events of 1891.

Jan. 1. The first race of the year was run at Clifton, N. J. The weather was cold and the attendance large. C. Nulty's b. h. Lakewood by Luke Blackburn, dam Dora, at odds of 4 to 1, won, with Thistle stable's Cecilia second, and Pickwick stable's Lysander third.

Jan. 2. At Guttenburg the races were run in a fog so dense the horses could not be seen. A. Lakeland's North Anna by Woodlands, dam North Anna, won the Innovation Stakes, the first two-year-old stake race of the year.

Jan. 8. The New-Jersey Jockey Club was convicted of "keeping a disorderly house."

Jan. 20. Races at Clifton were postponed, the officials fearing a raid on the track.

Jan. 21. THE WORLD began a warfare on Winter racing.

Jan. 22. The Clifton officials resumed racing at their track, but without bookmakers.

Jan. 24. G. H. Engeman, Wm. A. Engeman, J. J. Engeman, A. H. Battersby and Charles Victor Sass, officials of the Clifton race track, were arrested and put under $1,000 bond.

Jan. 27. The races at Clifton were indefinitely postponed.

Jan. 28. George, John J. and William Engeman, A. H. Battersby and Charles Victor Sass were convicted of running a "disorderly house" at the Clifton race track, and were sentenced to State prison for one year, and fined $500 each.

Jan. 30. The Clifton officials issued a notice to horse-owners that there would be no more racing at the Clifton track with betting.

Feb. 2. The weights of the Suburban and Brooklyn Handicaps were published, Tenny and Kingston carrying top weight in the Brooklyn, 128 lbs., and Kingston carrying 130 lbs. to Tenny's 128 lbs., in the Suburban.

Feb. 3. Racing was resumed at Clifton, without betting.

Feb. 7. The racing at Clifton was discontinued for the remainder of the year.

Feb. 14. Racing was begun at Dundee, N. J.

Feb. 18. Ben Ali Haggin, son of J. B. Haggin, died.

Feb. 20. M. Williams, E. Hardman and M. Lynch were ruled off at Guttenburg for welching. Anteeo, son of Electioneer, was sold at Lexington, Ky., to S. A. Brown for $55,000, the highest price paid up to that time for a horse at public auction.

Feb. 26. THE WORLD exposed the dishonest racing at Dundee.

Feb. 27. The Board of Control decided to license jockeys and trainers.

Feb. 28. THE WORLD exposures caused the closing up of the Dundee race track.

March 5. Leonard Jerome died at Brighton, Eng.

March 7. Jockey Lambly was ruled off at Guttenburg for pulling Dixie.

March 21. THE WORLD announced the decision of Monmouth Park officials not to race in New-Jersey.

April 3. Elizabeth and Linden Associations turned over their racing dates to the Guttenburg Association.

April 15. The legitimate racing season in the West opened at Memphis, Tenn.

April 16. Inspector Byrnes denounced racing and attacked the Dwyer Brothers.

April 28. The Bennings track was opened at Washington, D. C.

May 1. President Walbaum, of the Guttenburg race track, James Brown and Edward Shanley were arrested for "keeping a disorderly house." They were released on $1,200 bail.

May 15. The executors of the estate of Senator George Hearst sold all his horses at public auction. Tournament fetched $33,500, Foxhall Keene buying him; and Canvass, a two-year-old, was sold to F. Gebhard for $21,500.

May 16. Tenny won the Brooklyn Handicap, with Prince Royal second and Tea Tray third.

May 17. The Dwyer Brothers announced that they would fight the pool rooms.

May 17. The Brooklyn Jockey Club gates were locked to keep the pool-room agents from obtaining the news. The gates were kept locked during the remainder of the meeting.

May 28. Common won the English Derby.

June 3. Tristan beat Tenny in the Metropolitan Handicap, and made a new record for a mile and an eighth.

June 17. Loantaka won the Suburban, with Major Domo second and Cassius third.

June 23. Kingston carried 139 lbs. at Sheepshead Bay, and made a new record over the Futurity course, 1.08.

June 26. Jockey Edward Garrison's license was taken away by the Board of Control.

July 2. Potomac won the Realization, with Montana second and Strathmeath third.

July 9. The Monmouth Park Association began running off its dates at Jerome Park.

July 12. San Juan was pulled at Morris Park to let his stable companion, Rey del Rey, win, no declarations being made. Bets were declared off.

July 21. Corrigan and Hankins opened rival race tracks at Chicago.

July 30. Forged notices were sent out in New-York that the Monmouth Park races had been postponed. The association offered a reward of $500 for the detection of the guilty persons.

July 31. Potomac broke down and was retired.

Aug. 2. Longstreet defeated Tenny in a match race at Morris Park.

Aug. 4. Kingston defeated Tulla Blackburn in a match race at Brighton Beach.

Aug. 12. Sir Matthew won the Junior Champion Stakes, with Dagonet second and Bashford third.

Aug. 14. Frienze won the Champion Stakes, Riley being second and Raceland third.

Aug. 30. His Highness, 131 lbs., won the Futurity, with Yorkville Belle second and Dagonet third. Corrigan's Huron, whom the stewards declared ineligible, started under a court order and ran second, but was disqualified. The Board of Control decided to accept no more of Corrigan's entries.

Sept. 4. George E. Smith, "Pittsburg Phil," won $100,000 on King Cadmus' Victory at Sheepshead Bay.

Sept. 15. The Brooklyn Jockey Club renewed its warfare on the pool rooms, and continued it during the meeting.

Sept. 26. Allerton broke the record to wagon made by Hopeful in 1876, trotting in 2.15.

Oct. 2. Nancy Hanks trotted a mile at Richmond, in 2.09.

Oct. 16. The legitimate racing season ended, and THE WORLD exclusively announced the winning owners and the amounts won.

Oct. 17. Racing was resumed at Guttenburg.

Oct. 17 and 18. The late August Belmont's Nursery stud was sold. St. Blaise was bought by Charles Reed of Fairview, Tenn., for $100,000, the highest price ever paid for a thoroughbred stallion.

Oct. 24. Sunol lowered Maud S.'s record of 2.08¾ to 2.08¼.

Oct. 30. The Washington Park Association left the Western Turf Congress.

Nov. 7. The Guttenburg Association bought the Saratoga race track, and elected G. Walbaum president.

Nov. 11. The grand jury indicted President William J. Thompson of the Gloucester race track.

Nov. 12. Arion, a two-year-old, lowered all records by trotting a mile in 2.10¾.

Nov. 18. The Court of Errors and Appeals in New-Jersey decided against the race tracks.

Dec. 3. The Board of Control decided to have the delinquent forfeit list published.

Dec. 4. Eurus died at Chesterbrook farm.

Dec. 10. William J. Thompson, the indicted president of the Gloucester race track, was acquitted.

Dec. 11. Sunol arrived in New-York.

Rifle-Shooting Records.

75 out of 75, at 1,000 yards. W. H. Jackson, at Boston, August 13, 1879; J. K. Milner, at Creedmoor, L. I., September 14, 1876; C. H. Laird, at Washington, D. C., October 18, 1879.
95 out of 100, at 200 and 500 yards. J. E. Klein, San Francisco, Cal., August 24, 1884.
96 out of 105, at 200, 500 and 600 yards. J. H. Brown, Creedmoor, L. I., September 25, 1883.
93 out of 105, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. Sergeant T. J. Dolan, at Creedmoor, L. I., September 25, 1883.
100 out of 100, at 200 yards, off-hand. H. G. Bixby, Boston, April 6, 1880, and W. M. Farrow, Boston, Mass., October 15, 1882.
145 out of 150, at 1,000 yards. W. M. Farrow, Creedmoor, L. I., September 17, 1880.
150 out of 150, at 800 and 900 yards. Cale Maudlin, Western Union Junction, Wis.
171 out of 180, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. Major Henry Fulton, Creedmoor, L. I., September 26, 1874.
224 out of 225, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. W. Gerrish, Boston, Mass., September 15, 1880; C. W. Hinman, same place, August 24, 1881; C. M. Bell, at Chicago, October 1, 1881.
242 out of 250, at 500 yards. F. R. Bull, Springfield, Mass., August 6, 1886.
433 out of 450, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. W. H. Jackson, Creedmoor, September 25, 26, 1878.
633 out of 675, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. W. H. Jackson, Creedmoor, September 22-24, 1879.
968 out of 1,080, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. American team, six men, at Dollymount, Ireland, May 29, 1880.
3,334 out of 3,600, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards. American team, eight men, at Creedmoor, September 13, 14, 1877.
50 in possible 50, at 200 yards, off-hand, Creedmoor target. W. M. Farrow, Creedmoor, L. I., October 22, 1879; J. S. Summer, Boston, February 28, 1880.
155 out of 155, at 200 yards (31 consecutive bull's-eyes), off-hand, .35 calibre rifle. E. F. Richardson, Lawrence, Mass., July 11, 1885.
236 out of 250, at 200 yards, military rifle. Ed. Hovey, San Francisco, Cal., May 16, 1886.
75 out of 75, at 200 yards, off-hand. Dr. W. F. Wilcox, Catskill, N. Y., May 3, 1882.
471 out of 500, at 200 yards, off-hand, military rifle, open sights, 6-lb. pull. Howard Carr, San Francisco, Cal., October 18, 1884.
2,211 out of 2,500, at 200 yards, German ring target, muzzle-loading hair trigger rifle. William Hayes, Newark, N. J., August 7, 1886.
191 out of 225, at 1,000, 1,100 and 1,200 yards. Frank Hyde, Bruton, N. J., October 12, 1878.
201 out of 225, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, military rifle. T. J. Dolan, Creedmoor, L. I., August 23, 1884.
968 out of 1,080, six men, 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, fifteen shots each range old Creedmoor target. American team, Dollymount, Ireland, June 29, 1875.
1,679 out of 1,800, eight men, at 800, 900 and 1,000 yards, fifteen shots each distance. American team, Creedmoor, September 14, 1877.

Shot-Gun Performances.

100 single live birds consecutive. A. H. Bogardus, Chicago, Ill., 1869.
100 live bird match, Hurlingham rules, 12 gauge guns. Ed. D. Fulford, 100; J. L. Brewer, 99, Marion, N. J., November 12, 1891.
100 consecutive birds killed, Hurlingham rules (except 10 gauge), five ground-trap at 30 yards. A. H. Bandle, Cincinnati, O., December 25, 1888.
49 out of 50 birds, at 25 yards. Miss Annie Oakley, Gloucester, N. J., July 30, 1888.
94 out of 50 pairs. John Taylor, Greenville, N. J., November 23, 1865.
500 glass balls out of 514, in 24 min. 2 sec. J. C. Haskell, Lynn, Mass., May 30, 1881.
64,017 balls broken with rifle in 131 consecutive hours. B. A. Bartlett, Buffalo, September 7-12, 1889.
60,000 balls hit out of 60,670. W. F. Carver, Minneapolis, Minn., December 24-30, 1888.
1,000 glass balls broken in 1 hour, 1 min. 54 sec., at 15 yards; two traps, twelve feet apart, loading his own guns. A. H. Bogardus, New-York City, December 20, 1879.

Pistol-Shooting Records.

60 out of 60, at 12 yards. Dr. W. R. Pryor.
" " " " " " Alfred Brennon.
" " " " " " Edward Wasserman.
72 " " 72 " " " Chevalier Ira Paine.

72 out of 72, at 12 yards. George Bird.
" " " " " " A. A. Cohen.
" " " " " " " Alfred Brennon.

36 out of 36, at 50 yards. W. Winans, at Wimbledon, Eng., June 5, 1888.
96 out of 100, at 50 yards. Chevalier Ira Paine, Springfield, Mass., June 5, 1888.
Rapid pistol shooting. 5 shots in ¾ of a second. A. A. Cohen and W. Kent.
Card splitting with .22 calibre pistol. J. V. R. Schuyler, 10 consecutive; Pierre Lorillard, Jr., 7 consecutive. With .44 calibre revolver, 12 yards. George Bird, 10 in 12 shots; A. A. Cohen, 6 consecutive, 12 in 14 shots at playing cards set up edgewise to shooter; A. Brennon, 6 consecutive.
Revolver shooting at word, 59 in possible 60, 127 yards, S. & W. revolver. E. Wasserman, December 18, 1891.
75 consecutive shots, at 12 yards, all in a space that a 50-cent piece could cover. W. Chase, June 28, 1880.
Rapid revolver firing, inside of 10-inch circle at 12 yards, 5 shots in ¾ of a second. A. A. Cohen and William Kent. 5 shots in 1 second, George Bird, Pierre Lorillard, Jr., and Captain T. H. Swift.
Coin hitting. Silver five-cent piece, 100 feet, with .22 calibre rifle. H. C. Starkweather, 35 consecutive; W. C. Althouse and Charles Mehlig, 28 consecutive; C. F. Stagg and C. C. Hiscoe, 21 consecutive.
At suspended musket balls, ¾ of an inch diameter, with revolver, 12 yards. W. R. Pryor, 8 consecutive; J. T. B. Collins, 8 consecutive; George Bird, 6 consecutive.

Records of Rifle-Shooting in Galleries.

42 consecutive bull's-eyes, at 100 feet, on a 1⅛-inch target. L. V. Sone, March 17, 1879, and 41 by F. Conlin, December 25, 1879.
90 consecutive bull's-eyes at the word, and 99 out of 100 at 12 yards. R. V. R. Schuyler.
Rapid shooting, 17 shots in 1 minute, at 12 yards, scoring 67 out of 85. P. Lorillard, Jr.
25 shots in 29 seconds, at 12 yards, scoring 115 out of 125. G. Bird.
All the shooting, except where mentioned, took place in Conlin's Gallery, New-York, on the standard target of 1¼ inches.

University Boat-Racing.

INTERNATIONAL RACING.

1869, August 17. Oxford (Eng.) four beat Harvard (Am.) four over the Putney-Mortlake course on the Thames by three clear lengths. Time, 22.17.

1876, September 1. Yale four beat Columbia four at the Centennial Regatta, rowed over a mile and a half course on the Schuylkill, in 9.10¾; Columbia, 9.21. A four from First Trinity College, Cambridge, Eng., was entered, but withdrew by reason of illness of one of the four.

1878, a Columbia College four won the Visitors' Challenge Cup at Henley Regatta, Eng., in 8.42.

HARVARD AND YALE UNIVERSITY EIGHTS.

The Harvard and Yale University "eights" have rowed annually as follows—distance, four miles straight:

Date.	Course.	Winner.	Time.	Loser.	Time.
June 30, 1876	Springfield, Mass.	Yale	22.02	Harvard	22.33
June 30, 1877	" "	Harvard	24.36	Yale	24.44
June 28, 1878	New-London, Ct.	"	20.44¾	"	21.29
June 27, 1879	" "	"	22.15	"	23.58
July 1, 1880	" "	Yale	24.27	Harvard	25.09
July 1, 1881	" "	"	22.13	"	22.19
June 30, 1882	" "	Harvard	20.47	Yale	20.50½
June 28, 1883	" "	"	24.26	"	25.59
June 26, 1884	" "	Yale	20.31	Harvard	20.46
June 26, 1885	" "	Harvard	25.15½	Yale	26.30
July 2, 1886	" "	Yale	20.41¼	Harvard	21.05¾
July 1, 1887	" "	"	22.56	"	23.10½
June 29, 1888	" "	"	20.10	"	21.24
June 29, 1889	" "	"	21.30	"	21.55
June 27, 1890	" "	"	21.29	"	21.40
June 26, 1891	" "	Harvard	21.23	Yale	21.57

HARVARD AND YALE—PREVIOUS RACES.

Previous races in which Harvard and Yale have rowed are summarized as follows:

1852, August 3. Lake Winipiseogee, Centre Harbor, N. H., two miles straight to windward, in eight-oared barges, class of 1853, Oneida, of Harvard, beat Halcyon, of Yale, two lengths.

1855, July 21. Connecticut River, at Springfield, three miles with a turn, in barges Iris (eight-oared) and Y. Y. (four-oared), of Harvard, beat Nereid and Nautilus (both sixes), of Yale. Allowances, eleven seconds per oar. Time: Iris, 22 m.; Y. Y., 22.03; Nereid, 23.38, and Nautilus, 24.38.

1858, no race. George E. Dunham, stroke of the Yale crew, was drowned at Springfield, six days before the race, in a collision while at practice.

1859, July 26. Lake Quinsigamond, Worcester, Mass., three miles with a turn, Harvard shell, 19.18; Yale shell, 20.18. Harvard lapstreak, Avon, 21.13; Brown lapstreak, Atalanta, 24.40. Same course, July 27, in Citizen's regatta, Yale shell, 19.14; Harvard, 19.16.

1860, July 24. Lake Quinsigamond, Harvard, 18.53; Yale, 19.05; Brown, 21.15.

There were no further races until 1864, when they were renewed by University six-oared crews, at three miles with a turn, and with the following results:

Date.	Course.	Winner.	Time.	Loser.	Time.
July 29, 1864	Lake Quinsigamond	Yale	19.01	Harvard	19.43½
July 28, 1865	" "	"	17.42½	"	18.09
July 27, 1866	" "	Harvard	18.43	Yale	19.10
July 19, 1867	" "	"	18.13	"	19.25½
July 24, 1868	At Worcester, Mass.	"	17.48½	"	18.38½
July 23, 1869	Lake Quinsigamond	"	18.02	"	18.11
July 22, 1870	Lake Saltonstall	"	(Foul)	"	Disq.

In 1871 was begun what were then known as the Inter-University Races, in which Harvard and Yale were contestants.

1871, July 21. At Springfield, three miles straight, Massachusetts Agricultural, 16.46½; Harvard, 17.23½; Brown, 17.47½.

1872, July 24. At Springfield, same course, Amherst, 16.33; Harvard, 16.57; Amherst Agricultural, 17.10; Bowdoin, 17.31; Williams, 17.59; Yale, 18.13.

1873, July 17. At Springfield, same course, Yale, 16.59; Wesleyan, 17.09; Harvard, 17.36½; Amherst, 17.40; Dartmouth, 18.07; Columbia, 18.16; Massachusetts Agricultural, 18.26½; Cornell, 18.32; Bowdoin, 18.49½; Trinity, 19.32; and Williams, 19.45.

1874, July 18. At Saratoga, N. Y., three miles straight, Columbia, 16.42; Wesleyan, 16.50; Harvard, 16.54; Williams, 17.08; Cornell, 17.31; Dartmouth, 18.00; Trinity, 18.23; Princeton, 18.38; Yale fouled and withdrawn.

1875, July 14. At Saratoga, N. Y., Cornell, 16.53½; Columbia, 17.04½; Harvard, 17.05; Dartmouth, 17.10½; Wesleyan, 17.13½; Yale, 17.14½; Amherst, 17.29½; Brown, 17.33½; Williams, 17.43½; Bowdoin, 17.50½; Hamilton and Union not timed; Princeton withdrawn.

1876, July 19. At Saratoga, N. Y., Cornell, 17.01½; Harvard, 17.05½; Columbia, 17.08½; Union, 17.27½; Wesleyan, 17.58½; Princeton, 18.10. Yale refused to enter, but rowed Harvard an eight-oared race as above.

UNIVERSITY BOAT-RACING—*Continued.*

COLUMBIA AND HARVARD EIGHTS.

In 1881 and since Columbia and Harvard have rowed a full university eight-oared race over the Thames course at New-London. The race in 1882 was, however, a row-over for Columbia, Harvard declining to row, on account of a dispute as to hour of race.

Date.	Course.	Winner.	Time.	Loser.	Time.
June 27, 1881	New-London, Ct.	Harvard	21.45	Columbia	21.58
July 3, 1882	" "	Columbia	24.32	Harvard	declined.
June 20, 1883	" "	Harvard	24.45	Columbia	25.55
June 18, 1884	" "	"	24.21	"	24.39
June 20, 1885	" "	"	24.27	"	26.22
June 25, 1886	" "	Columbia	21.38	Harvard	22.00
June 27, 1887	" "	Harvard	20.24	Columbia	20.29

No races have been rowed since 1887.

FRESHMEN EIGHTS.

Previous to 1880 a number of races were rowed by "Freshmen" crews of the several universities and colleges, with six oars. In 1880 an agreement was entered into by Harvard and Columbia to row an eight-oared race annually at two miles straight away. In 1886 Yale joined in the arrangement, but sunk in the race. In 1890 Harvard did not row, and Yale and Cornell entered.

Date.	Course.	Winner.	Time.	Loser.	Time.
July 7, 1880	New-London, Ct.	Harvard	11.32	Columbia	11.37
June 30, 1881	Back Bay, Boston	"	9.05¾	"	9.21¾
July 1, 1882	Harlem River, N. Y.	Columbia	10.56	Harvard	11.10
June 27, 1883	New-London, Ct.	Harvard	11.03	Columbia	11.22
June 26, 1884	" "	Columbia	9.43½	Harvard	9.54
June 25, 1885	" "	Harvard	12.22*	Columbia	13.12
July 1, 1886	" "	"	11.53	"	12.10
June 30, 1887	" "	Columbia	11.13¾	Harvard	11.35
June 28, 1888	" "	"	11.54	"	12.08
June 27, 1889	" "	Harvard	12.21	Columbia	12.28
June 24, 1890	" "	Cornell	11.16¼	Yale Columbia	11.25 11.29
June 24, 1891	" "	Columbia	9.41	Yale Harvard	* *

* No record was taken.

INTER-COLLEGIATE ROWING ASSOCIATION.

In 1883 and since a race for fours, without coxswains, has been rowed at a mile and a half straight, under the auspices of the Inter-Collegiate Rowing Association.

1883, July 4. At Lake George, N. Y., Cornell, 11.57; University of Pennsylvania, 12.29; Princeton, 12.40; Wesleyan, 12.47.

1884, July 7. At Saratoga, N. Y., University of Pennsylvania, 8.39¾; Cornell, 8.41; Princeton, 8.49: Columbia, 9.25; and Bowdoin, not timed.

1885, July 4. At Lake Quinsigamond (Worcester), Mass., Cornell finished first in 9.10½, followed by Brown, Bowdoin, and University of Pennsylvania. Referee decided Cornell disqualified for a foul, ordered Brown and Bowdoin to row over, and placed University of Pennsylvania third. July 15, same course, Bowdoin, 8.26; Brown, second.

1886, July 3. At Lake George, N. Y., Bowdoin, 8.06; University of Pennsylvania, second. Won by a length and a half.

1887, July 5. At Lake Quinsigamond, Cornell defeated Bowdoin by 2 feet in 9 28¾.

June 27, 1889, a match between Cornell, Columbia, and University of Pennsylvania, in eight-oared shells, was rowed at three miles over the New-London course, from Winthrop's Point, up river, Cornell winning somewhat easily, Columbia second. Time not accurately taken, owing to darkness. Said to be between 15 minutes, 03 seconds, and 16 minutes, 04 seconds.

June 26, 1890, Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania by six lengths in a three-mile race at New-London. Time, 14 minutes, 43 seconds.

June 25, 1891, Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania by six lengths, and Columbia by thirteen lengths in a three-mile race at New-London. The time, 14 minutes, 27½ seconds, breaks the record.

YALE AND UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Date.	Course.	Distance.	Winner.	Time.
1886	New London, Ct.	4 miles	Yale	22.23
1887	" "	"	Yale	22.20
1888	" "	"	Yale	21.19½
1889	" "	"	Yale	22.50

The crews were University eights.

The Oxford-Cambridge Boat Races.

Year.	Date.	Winner.	Course.	Time.	Won by.
1829.	June 10	Oxford	Henley	14m. 30s.	Easily.
1836.	June 17	Cambridge	Westminster to Putney	36 0	1 minute.
1839.	April 3	Cambridge	Westminster to Putney	31 0	1 min. 45 sec.
1840.	April 15	Cambridge	Westminster to Putney	29 30	¾ length.
1841.	April 14	Cambridge	Westminster to Putney	32 30	1 min. 4 sec.
1842.	June 11	Oxford	Westminster to Putney	30 45	13 seconds.
1845.	March 15	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	23 30	30 seconds.
1846.	April 3	Cambridge	Mortlake to Putney	21 5*	2 lengths.
1849.	March 29	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	22 0	Easily.
1849	December 15	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	.. ..	Foul.
1852.	April 3	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 36	27 seconds.
1854.	April 8	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	25 29	11 strokes.
1856.	March 15	Cambridge	Mortlake to Putney	25 50	½ length.
1857.	April 4	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 35†	35 seconds.
1858.	March 27	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	21 23	22 seconds.
1859.	April 15	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	24 40	Cambridge sank.
1860.	March 31	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	26 5	1 length.
1861.	March 23	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	23 30	48 seconds.
1862.	April 12	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	24 41	30 seconds.
1863.	March 28	Oxford	Mortlake to Putney	23 6	43 seconds.
1864.	March 19	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 40	26 seconds.
1865.	April 8	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 24	4 lengths.
1866.	March 24	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	25 35	15 seconds.
1867.	April 13	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 40	½ length.
1868.	April 4	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	20 56	6 lengths.
1869.	March 17	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	20 5	3 lengths.
1870.	April 6	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	22 4	1¼ lengths.
1871.	April 1	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	23 5	1 length.
1872.	March 23	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	21 15	2 lengths.
1873.	March 29	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	19 35‡	3¼ lengths.
1874.	March 28	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	22 35	3 lengths.
1875.	March 20	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 2	10 lengths.
187	April 8	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	20 20	Won easily.
1877.	March 24	Oxford / Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	24 8§	Dead heat.
1878.	April 13	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 13	10 lengths.
1879.	April 5	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	21 18	3½ lengths.
1880.	March 22	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 23	3¾ lengths.
1881.	April 8	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 51	3 lengths.
1882.	April 1	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	20 12	7 lengths.
1883.	March 15	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 18	3½ lengths.
1884.	April 7	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	21 39	2¼ lengths.
1885.	March 28	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	21 36	3 lengths.
1886.	April 3	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	22 29	⅝ length.
1887.	March 26	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	20 52‖	2½ lengths.
1888.	March 24	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	20 48	6 lengths.
1889.	March 30	Cambridge	Putney to Mortlake	20 14	2½ lengths.
1890.	March 20	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 3	1 length.
1891.	March 21	Oxford	Putney to Mortlake	22 0	¼ length.

N.B.—In addition to the above, the Universities have contended together five times at Henley Regatta, in the same heat, for the Grand Challenge Cup, and the following table shows the winners on those occasions:

Year.	Date.	Winner.	Time.	Won by.
1845	June 7	Cambridge	8m. 30 s.	2 lengths.
1847	June 17	Oxford	8 4	2 lengths.
1851	June 17.	Oxford	7 45	6 lengths.
1853	June 11	Oxford	8 3	1½ feet.
1855	June 25	Cambridge	8 32	2½ lengths.

Also at the Thames National Regatta on June 22, 1844, Oxford beat Cambridge.

NOTE.—Henley course, about two miles and a quarter; the Westminster to Putney course, about five miles, and the Putney to Mortlake course, about four miles. In 1856 the course was from Barker's rails above Mortlake to Putney, about 1,200 yards more than the usual course. In 1863 the course was from the High Bridge to Putney Pier.

* In 1846 the race was first rowed on outriggers.

† In 1857 the first race in which either University rowed in the present style of boats without keels; also the first time either rowed with round oars.

‡ In 1873 both crews used sliding seats for the first time.

§ In 1877 the Oxford bow damaged his oar, and was virtually a passenger at the finish.

‖ In 1887 Oxford No. 7 broke his oar.

Rowing Records.

SINGLE SCULLS.

Distance.	Rowers.	Place.	Date.	Time.
				M. S.
1 mile.	Ellis Ward	Savannah River	April 1, 1872.	5.01
2 miles.	J. Tyler	Hudson River	June 24, 1868.	11.20
3 miles.	E. Hanlan	Lake Quinsigamond, Mass.	Aug. 14, 1886.	19.23
4 miles.	E. Hanlan	Ogdensburg, N. Y	July 28, 1883.	27.57½
5 miles.	E. Hanlan	Chautauqua Lake, N. Y	Oct. 16, 1879.	33.56¼
	G. H. Keenan	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	9.26
	S. C. Hawkins	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	9.18¾

PAIR-OARED SCULLS

2 miles.	J. A. Riley	Greenwood Lake, N. Y	Oct. 9, 1876.	12.20¼
2 miles.	D.G.Bartlett, G.Gibbs and J.Gleecker	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	10.10
3 miles.	J. Faulkner, P. Regan	Philadelphia, Pa	Sept. 5, 1876.	20.28
5 miles.	John and Barney Biglin	Philadelphia, Pa	May 20, 1872.	32.01

DOUBLE SCULLS.

1 mile.	J. Smith, J. C. Hayes	Harlem River	Sept. 9, 1885.	5.55¼
2 miles.	F. E. Yates, C. E. Courtney	Saratoga Lake	Aug. 8, 1876.	12.16
3 miles.	P. H. Conley, C. E. Courtney	Near Albany, N. Y	Aug. 20, 1885.	17.57¼
	J. C. Griffith, C. Donogan	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	8.36⅜
	George Freeth, J. Platt	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	8.41½

FOUR-OARED SHELLS.

1 mile.	Argonauta Rowing Association	Kill von Kull	Sept. 1, 1883.	4.51
1 mile.	J. G. Gaudeaur	...	...	6.9
2 miles.	Minnesota Boat Club	Mississippi River	Aug. 12, 1884.	12.30
3 miles.	Argonauta Rowing Association	Kill von Kull	Sept. 8, 1875	15.37¼
3 miles.	J. G. Gaudeaur	...	...	20.28
4 miles.	Ward Bros. (Joshua, Ellis, Gilbert and Hank)	Saratoga Lake, N. Y	Sept. 11, 1871.	24.40
5 miles.	John, James and Barney Biglin and Dennis Leary	Harlem River	Sept. 10, 1860.	30.44¾
6 miles.	E. Ross, L. Hutton, J. Price and R. Fulton (the famous Paris crew)	St. John, N. B	Aug. 23, 1871.	39.20⅜

SIX-OARED SHELLS.

3 miles.	Amherst University Crew	Springfield, Mass.	July 24, 1872.	16.32⅘

EIGHT-OARED SHELLS.

1 mile.	Bradford Boat Club, Senior	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	7.33
1 mile.	Passaic Boat Club, Junior	Passaic River	May 30, 1890.	....
1 mile.	Columbia College Boat Club	Harlem River	June 1, 1883.	5.04¾
2 miles.	Columbia College Freshmen	New-London	June 24, 1891.	9.41
3 miles.	Cornell University Crew	New-London	June 25, 1891.	14.27½
4 miles.	Yale College University Crew	New-London	June 29, 1888.	20.10

Yachting Records.

Ten years ago there were less than 80 yacht clubs in the United States and Canada. To-day there are more than 150 clubs, representing a total membership of about 20,000 men, and a grand fleet of nearly 5,000 yachts.

The New-York Yacht Club, now 47 years old, is recognized as the premier club of America in point of wealth and membership. Its fleet at the close of 1891 numbered 253 vessels—viz.: Steamers, 97; schooners, 75; sloops, cutters and yawls, 81. The membership has reached 700.

The other large New-York clubs are the American (steam), Larchmont, Atlantic, Seawanhaka-Corinthian and Corinthian. The principal Eastern clubs are the Boston, Eastern, Massachusetts, Corinthian of Marblehead, Dorchester, Hull and South Boston.

Forty-four races of large yachts were sailed during the season of 1891, as follows:

New-York Bay, 6; Long-Island Sound, 11; Newport, 7; Boston Bay, 10; Vineyard Sound, 1, and the nine racing runs of the New-York Yacht Club. The chief interest was in the 46-foot class. No less than nine of that length were built solely for racing purposes. The "Gloriana," designed and built by the Herreshoff Manufacturing Co., for E. D. Morgan, defeated the others easily. An attempt was made to have a steam yacht race, but it failed. Schooner racing was revived a trifle by the advent of the "Volunteer" as a schooner. She proved fast in the hands of her owner, General Paine. The cruise of the New-York Yacht Club was the most successful in its history. It gave 35 prize cups, valued at $8,000, to the winners.

W. R. Hearst's steam yacht "Vamoose" and N. L. Munro's "Norwood" both broke the record for a mile.

YACHTING RECORDS—*Continued.*

PRIZE WINNERS IN 1891.

46 AND 40-FOOT CLASSES.

Yacht.	Starts.	1st Place.	2d Place.	Total.	Yacht.	Starts.	1st Place.	2d Place.	Total.
Gloriana	8	8	..	8	Barbara	10	1	1	2
Beatrix (*c. b.*)	11	7	1	8	Uvira	3	1	..	1
Jessica	19	5	2	7	Alborak	8	..	1	..
Oweene	19	5	8	13	Liris	7	4	2	6
Sayonara	25	6	6	12	Gossoon	13	5	5	10
Mineola	24	4	3	7	Ventura	4	..	..	..
Nautilus	12	..	1	1					

SCHOONER CLASS.

Constellation	4	4	..	4	Iroquois	8	2	1	3
Palmer (*k*)	6	1	2	3	Marguerite	10	6	1	7
Fortuna (*k*)	8	2	..	2	Œnone (*k*)	10	3	2	5
Merlin	7	2	..	3	Rebecca	3	2	..	2
Volunteer	7	4	..	4	Quickstep	6	6	..	6
Mayflower	11	6	1	7	Viator (*k*)	9	4	..	4

70, 61 AND 53-FOOT CLASSES.

Gracie	5	2	..	2	Hildegarde	8	6	..	3
Shamrock	2	1	..	1	Wayward	2	..	..	..
Katrina	3	3	..	3	Clara	9	6	..	6
Bedouin	2	1	1	2	Cinderella	10	1	..	4
Huron	4	1	..	1	Anaconda	3	1	..	1
Mischief	5	1	..	1					

35 AND 30-FOOT CLASSES.

Tigress	4	4	..	4	Mignon (*k*)	6	..	1	1
Polly	4	..	4	4	Saladin (*k*)	7	1	1	2
Eurybia	4	..	1	1	Hawk	13	5	1	6
Saona (*k*)	4	..	..	..	Fancy ( )	7	2	..	2
Senorita	2	..	..	..	Harbinger	8	2	1	3
Sasqua	4	2	1	3	Kathleen (*k*)	7	1	..	1
Mildred	9	5	1	6					

K, "keel"; c. b., "centreboard."

TABLE OF RECORDS.

Name.	Length.	Owner.	Distance.	Course.	Time.	Date.
Steam Yachts.	Feet.		Miles.		H. M. S.	
Now Then	86.4	N. L. Munro	159	Long Island Sd.	7 04 00	July 12, 1887
Henrietta	60	N. L. Munro	133½	Hudson River	6 40 00	Sept. 10, 1886
Norwood	63.2	N. L. Munro	1 mile.	New-York Bay	0 2 12	Nov. 7, 1891
Vamoose	112.6	W. R. Hearst	1 knot.	Long Island Sd.	0 2 30	Oct. 10, 1891
Atalanta	243.0	Jay Gould	22 (head tide).	Hudson River	1 13 00	June 3, 1886
Schooners.						
Dauntless	123.1	C. H. Colt	225	Atlantic Ocean.	18 28 03	Oct. 28, 1875
Sappho	135	W. P. Douglass	2,870	Atlantic Ocean.	12d 09h 36m	Apr. 24. 1872
Sea Fox	115	A. Cass. Canfield	31	New-York Bay	3 52 10	June 13, 1889
Grayling	98	L. A. Fish	31	New-York Bay	3 29 40	Sept. 20, 1889
Sachem	105	Owen & Metcalf	27	Atlantic Ocean.	2 36 36	Aug. 9, 1886
Sloops.						
Katrina	85.9	Auchincloss Bros.	31	New-York Bay	3 49 00	June, 1889
Shamrock	81	J. Rogers Maxwell	31	New-York Bay	3 33 09	Sept. 20, 1888
Puritan	93	J. M. Forbes	27	Atlantic Ocean.	2 38 52	Aug. 9, 1886
Mayflower	100	Charles J. Paine	25	Vineyard Sd. & Buzzard Bay	2 19 00	Aug. 10, 1886
Cat Boats.						
Julita	21.4	J. Hatch	10	Boston Harbor.	1 12 00	Sept. 16, 1888
Catamarans.						
Tarantula	.....	Fred. Hughes	115	Long Island Sd.	7 30 00	Apr. 5, 1878
Duplex	40	J. H. Longstreet	40	Long Island Sd.	4 18 52	Apr. 29, 1885

YACHTING RECORDS—*Continued.*

TRANS-ATLANTIC YACHT RACES.

Name.	Length.	Owner.	Distance.	Time.				Date.
	Feet.		Miles.	D.	H.	M.	S.	
Henrietta (won)..	105	J. G. Bennett.....	3,106	13	21	55		1866
Fleetwing.....	106	George A. Osgood.....	3,135	14	06	10		1866
Vesta	105	George L. Lorillard.....	3,144	14	06	50		1866
Cambria (won)...	.. . .	James Ashbury.....	2,881	23	05	17		1870
Dauntless.....	123	J. G. Bennett.....	2,783	23	07	00		1870
Coronet (won)....	133	R. T. Bush.....	2,949	14	23	30		1887
Dauntless..	123	C. H. Colt.....	2,947	16	01	43	13	1887

SAILING YACHTS WHICH HAVE CROSSED THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.

1851, schooner America and sloop Silvie; 1857, sloop Charter Oak; 1858, sloop Christopher Columbus; 1863, schooner Gypsie; 1866, sloop Alice and schooners Henrietta, Fleetwing and Vesta; 1868, schooner Sappho; 1869, schooners Sappho, Dauntless and Meteor; 1871, schooner Enchantress; 1872, schooners Sappho and Dauntless; 1873, schooners Enchantress and Faustine; 1874, schooner Viking; 1876, schooners Ermengarde and Vesta; 1879, schooner Intrepid; 1881, schooner Dauntless; 1883, schooners Intrepid, Norseman and Gitana; 1884, schooner Dauntless; 1886, schooner Coronet; 1887, schooners Coronet, Dauntless and Fortuna, and cutter Thistle; 1888, cutter Clara; 1889, cutter Minerva; 1890, cutter Jessica; steamer Sultana; 1891, steamers Utowana, Sultana, Alva.

The America's Cup.

THERE is no prospect of another race for the America's Cup until the New-York Yacht Club eliminates or modifies the "dimension clause" in the present deed of gift. A short time before the death of George L. Schuyler—the only surviving donor of the Cup—he so revised the old deed of gift, at the request of the Club, that English yachtsmen declared it was impossible to win and hold the cup.

The last challenge received was in 1889, from the Earl of Dunraven, whose cutter Valkyrie had shown some speed in English waters. He offered to race under the condition of the old deed of gift, but the New-York Yacht Club declined.

For the full record of the contests for the America's cup, from 1851 to 1887, see THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1891.

As THE WORLD ALMANAC goes to press, the Herreshoffs have nearly ready for launching from their works at Bristol, R. I., a new Gloriana, a 46-footer, but more powerful than her namesake. She is owned by Archibald Rogers, a thorough yachtsman, who will race her next season in the 46-foot class. He has owned the cutter Bedouin for years.

Fly-Casting Records.

THESE casts were made at the National Rod and Reel Association tournaments held at Central Park, New-York, and the statement of records was contributed to THE WORLD ALMANAC by Mr. A. N. Cheney, of Glens Falls, N. Y.

Light Rod Contest (rods not to exceed 5 ounces in weight): Reuben C. Leonard, 95 feet, made 1888.

Single-Handed Fly Casting, Amateur: R. C. Leonard, 85 feet, made 1882; R. B. Lawrence, 85 feet, made 1888.

Switch Fly Casting: H. W. Hawes, 102 feet, made 1887.

Single-Handed Fly Casting, Expert: R. C. Leonard, 102½ feet, made 1888.

Salmon Casting: H. W. Hawes, 138 feet, made 1888.

Minnow Casting for Black Bass: A. F. Dressel, average of 5 casts, 137 feet, made 1888; Sidney Fry made an average of 140 4-5 feet in 5 casts, but failing in accuracy, yielded first place to Mr. Dressel.

Striped Bass Casting (Light): H. W. Hawes, average of 5 casts, 129 6-10 feet, 1884.

Striped Bass Casting (Heavy): W. H. Wood, average of 5 casts, 246 5-10 feet, made 1889. Longest single cast, some class as above, W. H. Wood, 250 feet, made 1885.

Fly Casting for Black Bass: James L. Breese, 90 feet, made 1889.

Pool Records.

JANUARY 16, 1891. Champion Charles H. Manning, of New-York, forfeited the championship of America at continuous pool and the Brunswick-Balke-Callender Company emblem to Albert G. Powers, of Chicago, through failure to cover Powers's forfeit money before the expiration of the time limit as required under the rules governing contests for the emblem.

March 16, 17 and 18, 1891. Albert G. Powers, of Chicago, defeated P. H. Walsh, of Scranton, Pa., for the championship, by a score of 600 to 392 at the Auditorium, Chicago.

May 13, 14 and 15, 1891. Alfredo de Oro, of Cuba, defeated Powers for the championship and a stake of $1,000, by a score of 600 to 517 at Chicago.

Billiard Records.

Three-Ball Straight Rail.—Highest run on record, 1,531, on a 5x10 table, by Maurice Vignaux, at Paris, April 10-14, 1880, against George F. Slosson. Harvey McKenna, the celebrated rail player, who died November 4, 1889, in New-York, and Jacob Schaefer have made higher runs on a 4½x9 table, but the 5x10 is the only recognized table for records of the present day. The best average at the three ball straight-rail game on a 5x10 table is 333⅓, by Jacob Schaefer, at Music Hall, Chicago, May 15, 1879.

Cushion Carroms.—Highest run, 77, on a 5x10 table, by William Sexton, at Tammany Hall, New-York, December 19, 1881, against Jacob Schaefer. Best average, 10 in 200 points, on a 5x10 table, by Jacob Schaefer, at Chicago, November 10, 1887.

Champion's Game.—(Corner play barred.) Highest run on record (18 by 38-inch lines), 398 on a 5x10 table, by George F. Slosson, at Paris, January 30 to February 3, 1882, against Maurice Vignaux. Slosson also made the best average on record in this match, 38 36-78 in 3,000 points up.

Amateur Championship.—Orville Oddie, Jr., of Brooklyn, defeated Dr. H. D. Jennings, of Brooklyn, J. E. Soule and L. A. Flanagan, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Alexander Morton and C. F. Jones, of New-York, for a silver tankard valued at $1,000, given by the New-York Racquet Club, as emblematic of the amateur championship. Games played from May 23 to May 28, 1887, in the court of the Racquet Club, 300 points each game on a 5x10 table. Score: Oddie won 5, lost 0; Morton won 4, lost 1; Jennings won 3, lost 2; Soule won 3, lost 2; Jones won 1, lost 1; Flanagan won 0, lost 5. Winner's average, 11 1-34. Best run, 183.

The second amateur tournament was held at the Racquet Club, beginning May 14 to May 19, 1888, under the same conditions as the first championship. Orville Oddie, of Brooklyn, again proved the winner, beating Clement Banbridge and Alexander Morton, of New-York, and Dr. Jennings, of Brooklyn. Score: Oddie won 3, lost 0; Banbridge won 2, lost 1; Dr. Jennings won 1, lost 2; Morton won 0, lost 3. Winner's average, 8 1-3. Best run, 109.

The third amateur tournament was held at the Racquet Club from May 13 to May 18, 1889, under the usual conditions, and Orville Oddie, of Brooklyn, became champion for the third successive time. The other competitors were A. P. Townsend, of Brooklyn; A. Miller, of New-York; Dr. H. D. Jennings, of Brooklyn, and R. J. Maginnis, of Boston. Score: Oddie won 4, lost 0; Townsend won 3, lost 1; Maginnis won 2, lost 2; Jennings won 1, lost 3; Miller won 0, lost 4. Winner's best average, 13 1-23. Best run, 195.

For the fourth amateur tournament Orville Oddie was the only entry. He therefore won the emblem by default, and it was presented to him by the club, May 15, 1890.

Balk-Line Game.—Highest run, at the 8-inch balk-line game, 329, on a 5x10 table, by Maurice Vignaux, at Paris, January, 1884.

Highest run at the 14-inch balk-line game, 230, on a 5x10 table, by Jacob Schaefer, at Cosmopolitan Hall, New-York, March 8-13, 1886, against Vignaux.

Best average at the 14-inch balk line, 75, by Maurice Vignaux, at Chicago, November, 1885.

February 22 to March 1, 1890. A handicap balk-line tournament, games 500 points each, was played at Chickering Hall, New-York. George F. Slosson and Jacob Schaefer played the 14-inch game, while Maurice Daly, Frank C. Ives, W. H. Catton and J. R. Heiser played the 8-inch game. Slosson won first money, $1,600, with 5 victories and no defeats; Schaefer won second money, $1,200, with 4 victories and one defeat; Daly, Ives and Catton were tied for third and fourth money, with 2 victories and 3 defeats, and divided $800, while Heiser lost 5 games and won no prize.

April 7 to 12, 1890. A 14-inch balk-line handicap tournament, games 500 points each, was played at Chicago, Ill., by the same players who contested the New-York tournament a month before. Schaefer (500) won first money, $1,600, with 5 victories and no defeats; Ives (275) won second money, $1,200, with 4 victories and 1 defeat; Slosson (500) won third money, $800, with 3 victories and 2 defeats; Catton (250) won fourth money, with 2 victories and 3 defeats; while Heiser (250), with 1 victory and 4 defeats, and Daly (300), with 0 victories and 5 defeats, received no prizes.

December 1, 1890. A match game of 14-inch balk-line billiards, 800 points up, for $500 a side, the net receipts and the Brunswick-Balke-Callender Cup, emblematic of the championship of the world, was played at Chickering Hall, New-York, between Jacob Schaefer, of Chicago, and George F. Slosson, of New-York. Schaefer won by a score of 800 to 609. Averages: Schaefer, 19 21-41; Slosson, 15 9-40. Highest runs: Schaefer, 125; Slosson, 60. Both men played poorly.

February 16 to 27, 1891. Tournament for the championship of players of the second class at 14-inch balk line, 400 points up, known as the "Shortstop" tournament. Score: Eugene Carter won 7, lost 0; Frank C. Ives won 6, lost 1; William H. Catton won 4, lost 3; Edward McLaughlin won 3, lost 4; J. François Maggioli won 3, lost 4; William H. Hatley won 3, lost 4; Joseph Capron won 2, lost 5; Louis Shaw won 0, lost 7.

April 29, 1891. First match for players of the second grade (Schaefer and Slosson barred). Frank C. Ives defeated Eugene F. Carter 500 to 478. Winner's average, 9 23-53.

May 6, 1891. Second match for the championship of the world, 14-inch balk lines, the B. B. C. Co. challenge cup, stake of $1,000 and net door receipts. Jacob Schaefer defeated Eugene Carter at Chicago by a score of 800 to 481. Winner's average, 21 2-38; best run, 104; best run by loser, 111.

October 26, 1891. A match game at 14-inch balk lines, 800 points up, for a stake of $1,000 and net door receipts, was played at Chickering Hall, New-York, between Jacob Schaefer and George F. Slosson. Slosson won by a score of 800 to 392. Winner's average, 22 3-36; best run, 173; best run by loser, 48. This contest was not for the championship emblem.

October 28, 1891. Frank C. Ives defeated Eugene Carter by a score of 600 to 188, at Milwaukee.

Cricket.

CRICKET is fast gaining in popularity throughout the United States, and the season of 1891 saw more games played than ever before. The twelve principal clubs in the vicinity of New-York are members of the Metropolitan District Cricket League, and their championship series of games resulted as follows :

SECTION I.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Per Cent.
Staten Island	10	6	2	2	.750
New-Jersey A. C.	10	6	3	1	.666
Paterson	10	5	4	1	.555
Kings County	10	5	5	0	500
Fort Hamilton	10	3	7	0	.300
Harlem	10	3	7	0	.300

SECTION II.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Drawn.	Per Cent.
Manhattan	11	10	1	0	.909
Brooklyn	11	9	2	0	.818
Cosmopolitan	10	6	4	0	.600
Berkeley	10	3	6	1	.333
Bedford	10	1	8	1	.111
New-York	10	1	9	0	.100

TOUR OF THE ENGLISH TEAM.

An English team of amateurs arrived on September 23 and played a series of 8 games. They won 6, lost 1 and 1 was drawn. The team comprised the following : Lord Hawke (Captain), Viscount Throwley, Hon. H. Milles, C. W. Wright, S. M. J. Woods, K. J. Key, C. Wreford-Brown, J. H. J. Hornsby, G. W. Hillyard, H. T. Hewett, G. W. Ricketts and Kenneth McAlpine. The following is a record of the games played :

September 25, 26, 27. At Manheim, English Team, 259 and 171; Gentlemen of Philadelphia, 248 and 183 for 2 wickets. Lost by 8 wickets.

October 1, 2. At Manheim, English Team, 82 and 95 for 6 wickets ; Gentlemen of Philadelphia, 56 and 119. Won by 4 wickets.

October 5, 6, 7. At Staten Island, English Team, 383 ; XVI. of New-York, 122 and 166 for 5 wickets. Drawn.

October 9, 10. At Mount Washington. English Team, 305 ; XV. of Baltimore 70 and 85. Won by an innings and 150 runs.

October 12, 13. At Longwood, English Team, 90 and 207 ; Boston A. A., 29 and 26. Won by 242 runs.

Oct. 16, 17. At Parkside. English Team, 186 ; Chicago C. C., 35 and 61. Won by an innings and 90 runs.

October 20, 21. At Toronto. English Team, 184; Western Ontario, 82 and 48. Won by an innings and 54 runs.

October 23, 24. At Ottawa. English Team, 280; Eastern Ontario, 106 and 90. Won by an innings and 84 runs.

THE INTER-CITY LEAGUE.

First Round.—Philadelphia beat Baltimore; Boston beat New-York; Chicago beat Detroit.
Second Round.—Philadelphia beat Boston; Pittsburgh forfeited to Chicago.
Championship.—Philadelphia beat Chicago.

ENGLISH CRICKET RECORDS.

The highest total ever made in any match is 920, obtained by the Orleans Club against the Rickling Green Club, at Rickling Green, in August, 1882.

The highest individual score ever made in any match is 485, by Mr. A. E. Stoddart, for the Hampstead Club against the Stoics, in August, 1886.

The highest total ever obtained in a first-class match is 803, by the Non-Smokers against the Smokers, on the East Melbourne Ground in Australia, in March, 1887.

The highest total ever made in a first-class match in England is 703, obtained by Cambridge University against Sussex, at Brighton, in June, 1890.

The highest total ever obtained in a first-class county match is 698, by Surrey against Sussex, at the Oval, in August, 1888.

The highest individual innings ever played in a first-class match is 344, by Mr. W. G. Grace for the M.C.C. against Kent, in the Canterbury Week of 1876. The only other individual innings of over three hundred in first-class matches are : 338 by Mr. W. W. Read, for Surrey against Oxford University, at the Oval, in June, 1888 ; 321 by Mr. W. L. Murdoch, for New South Wales against Victoria, at Sydney, New South Wales, in February, 1882 ; and 318 by Mr. W. G. Grace, for Gloucestershire against Yorkshire, at Cheltenham, in August, 1876. This innings by Mr. Grace is a record in first-class county matches.

The highest individual innings in any county match is 323 not out, by Mr. F. E. Lacey, for Hampshire against Norfolk, at Southampton, in May, 1887.—*Barker's Facts for* 1892.

Baseball Records.

CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA.

SINCE 1884 the winners of the respective pennants of the National League and American Association have played a post-season series for the championship of America. The results:

YEAR.	Contesting Teams.	Results of Series.		
1884....	Providence *vs.* Metropolitans.....	Providence... .. 3	Metropolitans.... 0	Drawn.... 0
1885....	Chicago *vs.* St. Louis.....	Chicago..... 3	St. Louis..... 3	Drawn.... 1
1886 ..	Chicago *vs.* St. Louis	Chicago..... ... 2	St. Louis... 4	Drawn.... 0
1887....	Detroit *vs.* St. Louis.....	Detroit 11	St. Louis 4	Drawn.... 0
1888....	New-York *vs.* St. Louis	New-York..... 6	St. Louis..... 4	Drawn.... 0
1889 ..	New-York *vs.* St. Louis.....	New-York..... . 6	Brooklyn 3	Drawn.... 0
1890....	Brooklyn *vs.* Louisville.....	Brooklyn. 3	Louisville 3	Drawn.. . 1
1891....	No games played.....	....	.....	.....

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

The record of the champion team of the National League, together with the name of the leading batter each year, since its organization, is as follows:

YEAR.	Champion Club.	Won.	Lost.	Average.	Champion Batter.	Club.	Average.
1876.....	Chicago.....	52	14	.788	Barnes	Chicago.....	.403
1877.....	Boston.....	31	17	.648	White.....	Boston...	.385
1878.....	Boston.....	41	19	.707	Dalrymple	Milwaukee	.356
1879.....	Providence.....	55	23	.705	Anson	Chicago.	.407
1880	Chicago.....	67	17	.798	Gore	Chicago...	.365
1881	Chicago	56	28	.667	Anson.....	Chicago.....	.399
1882... .	Chicago.....	55	29	.655	Brouthers.....	Buffalo.....	.367
1883.....	Boston.....	63	35	.643	Brouthers.....	Buffalo.....	.371
1884.....	Providence.....	84	28	.750	O'Rourke.....	Buffalo....	.350
1885	Chicago.....	87	25	.776	Connor.....	New-York	.371
1886	Chicago.....	90	34	.725	Kelly.....	Chicago.....	.388
1887.....	Detroit...	79	45	.637	Maul	Philadelphia.....	.343
1888.....	New-York.....	84	47	.641	Anson	Chicago	.343
1889.. .	New-York.....	83	43	.659	Brouthers.....	Boston.....	.313
1890 ...	Brooklyn	86	43	.667	Luby....	Chicago..	.342
1891.....	Boston.....	87	51	.630	Hamilton.	Philadelphia . .	.338

The catcher's record of continuous games played was broken in 1890 by Charles Zimmer, of the Cleveland Club, who caught in 110 consecutive championship games.

The cities which have been represented at different times in the National League are Chicago Boston, New-York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Indianapolis, Washington, Detroit, St Louis, Kansas City, Providence, Buffalo, Troy, Worcester, Cincinnati, Brooklyn, Syracuse, Milwaukee, Hartford and Louisville. Boston and Chicago have been in the League every year since its organization.

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

The American Association was organized in 1882. Its record since that time to date follows:

YEAR.	Champion Club.	Won.	Lost.	Average.	Champion Batter.	Club.	Average.
1882... .	Cincinnati	54	26	.673	Browning	Louisville	....
1883.....	Athletic..... ..	66	32	.673	Mansell.....	St. Louis	.357
1884.....	Metropolitan.....	75	32	.701	Esterbrook.....	Metropolitan.....	.405
1885.....	St. Louis.....	79	33	.705	Browning.... ..	Louisville..	.367
1886.....	St. Louis.....	93	46	.669	Orr	Metropolitan.....	.346
1887.....	St. Louis...	95	40	.704	O'Neil.....	St. Louis.....	.492*
1888.....	St. Louis.....	92	43	.681	O'Neil.....	St. Louis.....	.392
1889.....	Brooklyn.....	93	44	.679	Tucker.....	Baltimore.....	.375
1890. ...	Louisville.....	87	44	.664	Goodall.....	Louisville...	.422
1891.....	Boston.....	93	42	.689	No official record.		

* Bases on balls were credited as base hits in the records of 1887.

In 1884 the Association circuit embraced twelve clubs. It was considered too unwieldy, and reduced to eight the following winter.

Since its organization the following clubs have held membership in the American Association: St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Athletic, Allegheny (Pittsburgh), Baltimore, Metropolitan, Columbus, Toledo, Brooklyn, Indianapolis, Washington, Virginia (Richmond), Cleveland, Kansas City, Syracuse, Rochester, Milwaukee and Boston.

BASEBALL RECORDS—*Continued.*

THE WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

The Western League began playing in 1886. Its name was changed two years later to Western Association. It was one of the "major leagues" last year. The record :

Year.	Champion Club.	Won.	Lost.	Average.	Champion Batter.	Club.	Average.
1886.....	Denver..	54	26	.675	O'Brien	Denver.....	.348
1887.....	Topeka..	83	24	.775	Silch.....	Denver..	.508
1888.....	Des Moines	74	40	.648	Johnson	Kansas City.....	.342
1889.....	Omaha.....	83	38	.686	Earl.....	Milwaukee.....	.380
1890... .	Kansas City	78	39	.666	Works	Omaha..... ..	.375
1891.....	Sioux City.....	... ..	.....	.....	Wright....	Duluth & Omaha.	.373

THE EASTERN ASSOCIATION.

The Eastern Association was organized in the spring of 1891, of the remnants of the International and Atlantic Associations, together with the Rochester and Syracuse Clubs. The year was split up into two championship seasons, the Buffalo Club winning both pennants.

INTERCOLLEGIATE BASEBALL.

The Intercollegiate League has varied in membership almost every year since its organization. The record since 1880 shows the following winners :

1880—Princeton.	1883—Yale.	1886—Yale.	1889—Yale.
1881—Yale.	1884—Yale.	1887—Yale.	1890—Yale.
1882—Yale.	1885—Harvard.	1888—Yale.	1891—Princeton.

Harvard and Princeton did not play in 1890, and last year the Cambridge College did not play against either Yale or Princeton. The three Yale-Princeton games last year resulted as follows :

May 23, at New-Haven—Yale, 5 ; Princeton, 3. June 6, at Princeton—Princeton, 5 ; Yale, 3. June 13, at New-York—Princeton, 5 ; Yale, 2.

In December, 1891, committees of Harvard and Princeton met in New-York and agreed to resume baseball contests.

LONG DISTANCE THROWING RECORDS.

October 15, 1872—John Hatfield, of the Mutuals, threw the ball 133 yards, 1 foot, 7½ inches, at the Union Grounds, Brooklyn.

September 9, 1882—Ed. Williamson, of Chicago, threw the ball 132 yards, 1 foot, at the Chicago grounds.

October 12, 1884—Ed. Crane, of the Boston Unions, topped the record with a throw of 135 yards, 1 foot, ½ inch, at Cincinnati.

Ed. Williamson won the Cincinnati competition in 1888, with a throw of 133 yards, 11 inches.

The shortest 9-inning game on record was played on the Excelsior Grounds, Brooklyn, May, 1861, by the Excelsior and Field Clubs ; time, 50 minutes.

The longest game on record was played at Boston, May 11, 1877. The Manchester and Harvard College teams played 24 innings ; score, 0 to 0.

The longest championship game on record was played at Tacoma, May 16, 1891, between the Tacoma and Seattle teams. The Tacomas won in 22 innings ; score : 6 to 5.

Harry Berthrong's record of 14⅘ seconds for running around the bases, made at Washington in 1868, is still the standard.

IMPORTANT BASEBALL EVENTS.

In 1884 a new baseball organization was formed to fight the established leagues. It was known as the Union Association, with Henry V. Lucas at the head. The most noteworthy incident of the resulting warfare was the desertion of Glasscock, McCormick and Briody from the Cleveland Club of the National League. The fight was uneven, and the Union Association went to pieces before the season ended.

The year 1890 marked the second uprising against the National agreement bodies. The players of the National League had formed what was known as the Brotherhood of Players, for protective and benefit purposes. They failed to obtain what they considered their rights in 1889, and during the following winter enlisted enough capital to start the Players' National League in 1890. The League conducted a successful playing season, as compared with the National League, but was outgeneralled by the latter's leaders in the fall, and was dismembered.

A new National agreement was adopted in January, 1891, by the National League, American Association and Western Association. A National Board was provided for to decide all cases in dispute between any of the parties to the agreement. Stovey and Bierbauer, who rightfully belonged

BASEBALL RECORDS—*Continued.*

to the Athletics, of the American Association, were signed by the Boston and Pittsburgh League Clubs respectively. The matter was brought before the new National Board, which ruled against the Athletics on a technicality. This angered the American Association, and it broke away from the National agreement, maintaining an independent existence all through the season. This had a depressing effect on the game, and caused an unnatural boom in the players' salaries. The League adopted conciliatory measures late in the fall. Committees of the two organizations arranged for the consolidation of the League and Association into a twelve-club league. This was accomplished at Indianapolis, December 17. Thus all opposition was wiped out, and a new era in baseball begun. The Association cities St. Louis, Louisville, Baltimore and Washington were added to the original League circuit. The Columbus, Milwaukee, Chicago, Boston and Athletic Clubs were bought out.

The close of the National League's championship season of 1891 aroused adverse criticism on the part of the Chicago Club A week before the season's end, the Chicagos were in the lead. The Bostons won five straight games from the New-Yorks, thereby passing the Chicagos, and winning the pennant. President Hart of the Chicago Club made formal charges against the New-York management. These charges were subsequently investigated by the New-York Club directors and later by the directors of the National League. A complete vindication of the New-York players and management resulted.

In October of last year James Mutrie, who had practically been the founder of successful professional baseball in this city, and who had managed the New-York Club since 1885, was deposed. Patrick T. Powers was appointed as his successor.

HOW THE CLUBS FINISHED IN 1891.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Boston.	Chicago.	New-York.	Philadelphia.	Cleveland.	Brooklyn.	Cincinnati.	Pittsburgh.	Won.	Average.
Boston	..	7	15	12	11	15	11	16	87	.630
Chicago	13	..	5	9	16	13	14	12	82	607
New-York	5	13	..	9	13	11	13	7	71	.538
Philadelphia	7	10	10	..	10	8	11	12	68	.496
Cleveland	9	4	6	10	..	9	13	14	65	.468
Brooklyn	5	7	8	12	11	..	9	9	61	445
Cincinnati	9	6	5	9	7	10	..	10	56	.409
Pittsburgh	3	6	12	8	6	10	10	..	55	.407
Lost	51	53	61	69	74	76	81	80	..	....

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	Boston.	St. Louis.	Baltimore.	Athletic.	Milwaukee.	Columbus.	Louisville.	Washington.	Won	Average.
Boston	..	8	12	13	13	15	14	18	93	.689
St. Louis	10	..	12	10	14	11	12	16	85	.620
Baltimore	8	7	..	9	10	12	14	11	71	.526
Athletic	7	10	10	..	13	11	12	10	73	.525
Milwaukee*	7	6	8	7	..	13	10	13	64	.471
Columbus	5	9	7	9	7	..	12	12	61	.445
Louisville	3	10	6	8	10	8	..	10	55	.396
Washington	2	2	9	10	5	6	10	..	44	.328
Lost	42	52	64	66	72	76	84	90	..	....

* Milwaukee took Cincinnati's place August 18.

AMATEUR BASEBALL LEAGUE.

The championship season of the Amateur League resulted in a tie between the Staten Island Athletic and Englewood Field Clubs. The supplementary series was won by the former.

AMATEUR ATHLETIC UNION.

The New-Jersey Athletic Club won the baseball championship of the A. A. U. by forfeit, the Detroit Athletic Club refusing to play the final series.

Jumping Records.

Performance.	Jumper.	Distance. Ft.	Distance. In.
Running high jump	W. B. Page	6	4
Running broad jump	C. S. Reber	23	6½
Standing high jump	Samuel Crook	5	1½
Standing broad jump	M. W. Ford	10	9¾
Three standing broad jumps	M. W. Ford	34	4½
Standing hop step and jump	J. W. Rich	29	11
Running hop step and jump	E. B. Bloss	44	11½
Pole jump for height	H. H. Baxter	11	5
Pole jump for distance	A. H. Green	26	4½

Weight-Throwing Records.

Performance.	Thrower.	Distance. Ft.	Distance. In.
Putting 16-lb. shot	Geo. R. Gray	46	7¾
Putting 21-lb. shot	Geo. R. Gray	39	1½
Putting 24-lb. shot	Geo. R. Gray	33	11¾
Throwing 16-lb. hammer	J. S. Mitchell	141	3½
Throwing 21-lb. hammer	C. A. J. Queckberner	90	3
Throwing 56-lb. weight for height	J. S. Mitchell	15	2
Throwing 56-lb. weight for distance	J. S. Mitchell	34	11

Football Records.

INTERCOLLEGIATE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION RECORDS.

Colleges.	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Yale	2	3	4	4	3	3	3
Princeton	3	3	2	3	4	2	2
Harvard	0	2	3	2	2	*	..
Univ. of Pa.	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
Wesleyan	1	0	1	0	1	0	0

Yale won the championship in 1881, 1882, 1883, 1887, 1888, 1890 and 1891.

Princeton won the championship in 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1885 and 1889.

* November 19, 1889. Harvard resigned from the Intercollegiate Football Association on account of a controversy with Princeton, which was charged with playing professionals on its football team. Harvard hoped to form a dual league with Yale, but the latter did not enter into the arrangement.

November 22, 1890. Harvard defeated Yale for the first time since 1875 at Hampden Park, Springfield, Mass., in the presence of 16,000 spectators, by a score of 12 to 6. Princeton's subsequent defeat by Yale virtually made Harvard the champion in 1890.

INTERCOLLEGIATE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION RECORDS FOR 1891.

Colleges.	Yale.	Princeton.	Univ. of Pa.	Wesleyan.	Won.	Points Scored.	Opponents.
Yale	—	1	1	1	3	143	0
Scores		19—0	48—0	76—0			
Princeton	0	—	1	1	2	97	19
Scores	0—19		24—0	73—0			
Univ. of Pa.	0	0	—	1	1	18	82
Scores	0—43	0—24		18—10			
Wesleyan	0	0	0	—	0	10	167
Scores	0—76	0—73	10—18				
Lost	0	1	2	3	..	..	..

November 21, 1891. Yale defeated Harvard at Hampden Park, Springfield, Mass., in the presence of 20,000 spectators, by a score of 10 to 0. This makes Yale's record of victories for 1891 complete.

NEW-ENGLAND INTERCOLLEGIATE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION RECORDS FOR 1891.

Colleges.	Williams.	Amherst.	Dartmouth	Technology.	Stevens.	Won.	Points Scored.	Opponents.
Williams	—	*	1	1	1	3	104	6
Scores		0—0	14—6	30—0	60—0			
Amherst	*	—	*	1	1	2	76	28
Scores	0—0		14—14	24—14	38—0			
Dartmouth	0	*	—	1	1	2	60	46
Scores	6—14	14—14		8—6	32—12			
Technology	0	0	0	—	1	1	36	62
Scores	0—30	14—24	6—8		16—0			
Stevens	0	0	0	0	—	0	12	146
Scores	0—60	0—38	12—32	0—16				
Lost	0	0	1	3	4	..	..	..

* Tie games.

Article 2 of the By-laws reads: "The team winning the largest percentage of games—this percentage to be obtained by dividing the number of games won by the number won and lost—shall be awarded the championship of the Association." It will be seen that no provision is made for tie games, and according to this rule, Amherst and Williams both have percentages of 1,000, neither having lost a game, although Williams has won one more game than Amherst. At a meeting of the Association it was decided to award no championship for 1891.

ARMY AND NAVY FOOTBALL.

November 28, 1891. The West Point Military Cadets defeated the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., by a score of 32 to 16. It was the second annual game, the Naval Cadets winning the first, which was played at West Point.

FOOTBALL RECORDS—*Continued.*

AMERICAN FOOTBALL UNION RECORDS FOR 1891.

Clubs.	Crescent.	Orange.	New-York.	Won.	Points Scored.	Opponents.
Crescent A. C.	—	1	1	2	46	6
Scores		28—0	18—6			
Orange A. C.	0	—	1	1	12	28
Scores	0—28		12—0			
New-York A. C.	0	0	—	0	6	30
Scores	6—18	0—12				
Lost	0	1	2	..	..	.

Before the season opened the Manhattan Athletic Club was a member of the Union. Owing to a rule passed the day before the season opened, prohibiting any man from playing on a team who did not reside within 100 miles of New-York, the Manhattan resigned from the Union.

Running Records.

Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.	Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.
		M. S.		H. M. S.			H. M. S.		H. M. S.
50yds	H. M. Johnson.	.. 5¼	L. E. Myers	.. .. 5½	2m.	W. Lang (Eng.).	.. 9 11½	W.G.George	.. 9 17 2-5
75 "	H. M. Johnson.	.. 7 2-5	L. E. Myers	.. .. 7¾	3 "	P. Cannon (Scotland).	.. 14 34 2-5	J. Kibblewhite.	.. 14 29 3-5
100 "	H. Bethune.	.. 9 4-5	L. H. Cary	.. .. 9½*	4 "	P. Cannon..	.. 19 25 2-5	W.G.George	.. 19 39 4-5
125 "	.....	.. ..	W. Baker...	.. .. 12 3-5	5 "	J. White (Eng.).	.. 24 40	W.G.George	.. 25 7 4-5
			C. H. Sherrill.	.. .. 12 3-5	10 "	W. Cummings(Eng.)	.. 51 6 2-5	W.G.George	.. 25 20
150 "	H. Hutchens	.. 14½	J. Owen, Jr.	.. .. 14 4-5	25 "	G. Mason (Eng.).	2 36 34	G. A. Dunning(Eng.)	2 33 44
			C. H. Sherrill.	.. .. 14 4-5					
200 "	.....	.. ..	E.H.Pelling	.. .. 19 4-5	50 "	G. Cartwright.	5 55 4½	J. Dixon (Eng.).	6 18 26 1-5
220 "	H. Hutchens	.. 21 3-5	L. H. Cary..	.. .. 21 4-5					
440 "	R. Buttery .	.. 48¼	W. Baker...	.. .. 47¾	100 "	C. Rowell..	13 26 30	J. Saunders.	17 36 14
880 "	F. Hewitt...	1 53½	W. C. Dohm	.. 1 54½	150 "	C. Rowell...	22 28 25	.....	.. ..
1 m.	W.G.George	4 12¾	W.G.George	.. 4 18 2-5					

* The Amateur Athletic Union has not yet accepted this record, but the evidence in favor of its adoption is complete, and entitles it to stand.

Time.	Name.	Distance.
24 hours	Charles Rowell	150 miles, 395 yards.
36 "	Charles Rowell	204 " 880 "
48 "	Charles Rowell	258 " 220 "
72 "	Charles Rowell	353 " 220 "
100 "	P. Fitzgerald	455 " 1,320 "
142 " (6 days)	G. Littlewood	623 " 1,320 "

Swimming Records.

Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.	Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.
		H. M. S.		H. M. S.			H. M. S.		H. M. S.
100yds	J. Haggerty (Eng.).	.. 1 5½	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 1 6¼	880yds	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 12 8½	E. Dunsman	.. 5 1½
120 "	.....	.. .. ..	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 1 26	1000 "	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 13 54½	H. Parker (Eng.).	.. 16 20
160 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	.. 2 1½	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 1 58½	1 m..	J. J. Collier (Eng.).	.. 26 52	Davenport..	.. 29 25½
200 "	W.Beckwith (Eng.).	.. 2 40	F. S. Campbell.	.. 2 17	2 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	.. 59 17	T. E. Kitching.	.. 54 57¾
240 "	J. Finney (Eng.)	.. 3 9	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 3 ½	3 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	1 26 30	A. P. Douglass.	1 53 30
300 "	W.Beckwith (Eng.).	.. 4 8	F.Gormanly	.. 4 57	5 "	C. Wythe (Eng.)	1 4 23	W. R. Itter (Eng.).	1 15 20
400 "	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 5 16¼	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 5 44½	20 "	F. Cavill....	5 51 ..	J Mercardier	4 59 46
440 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	.. 6 12	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 6 16 2-5	40 "	Capt. Webb (Eng.).	9 57 ..	.....	.. .. ..
500 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	.. 6 43	J. Nuttall (Eng.).	.. 7 19¼	74 "	Capt. Webb (Eng.).	84	.....	.. .. ..
600 "	J. Finney (Eng.).	.. 8 40	.....	.. .. ..	94 "	W.Beckwith (Eng.).	60	.....	.....

Curling Champions.

Match.	Medal.	Last Played.	Location.	Rinks.	Winner.	Skip.
North *vs.* South Scotland..	Dalrymple...	Jan. 8, 1891...	New-York.....	8	North.....	Pres. Peattie.
Scotch *vs.* Other Nations...	McLintock...	Feb. 8, 1890...	St. Paul.....	5	St. Paul...	J. C. Myron.
International (2 rink).....	Gordon.....	Feb. 4, 1891...	Montreal.....	2	Canada. ...	Prs.D.Brown
Champion Rink.....	Mitchell.....	Jan.14, 15, 16, '91	New-York.....	18	Yonkers. ..	Geo. Frazier.
Scotch *vs.* American.....	Patterson....	Feb. 22, 1889..	New-York.....	9	Scotsmen..	J. Patterson.

Walking Records.

Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.
		H. M. S.		H. M. S.
1m.	W. Perkins (Eng.).	.. 6 23	F. P. Murray(Am.).	.. 6 29 3-5
2 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 13 14	F. P. Murray(Am.).	.. 13 48 3-5
3 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 20 21½	F. P. Murray(Am.).	.. 21 9 1-5
4 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 27 38	W. H. Meek (Eng).	.. 29 10
5 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 35 10	H. H. Curtis (Eng.).	.. 37 17
6 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 43 1	H. H. Curtis (Eng.).	.. 44 57
7 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	.. 51 4	H. H. Curtis (Eng.).	.. 52 28 2-5
8 "	J. Meagher (Am.).	.. 58 37	J. B. Clark (Am.).	1 2 8½
9 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	1 7 14	E.E.Merrill (Am.).	1 10 8
10 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	1 14 45	C. W. V. Clarke (Eng.).	1 17 53½
15 "	J. W. Raby (Eng.).	1 55 56	T. Griffith (Eng.).	2 0 27
20 "	W. Perkins (Eng.).	2 39 57	W.E.N.Coston (Eng.).	3 0 9
25 "	W. Franks (Eng.).	3 35 14	W.E.N.Coston (Eng.).	3 53 35
50 "	W. Howes (Eng.).	7 57 44	A. W. Sinclair(Eng.).	8 25 25½
100 "	W. Howes (Eng.).	18 8 15	A. W. Sinclair(Eng.).	19 41 50

Time.	Professional.	Distance.	Amateur.	Distance.
24hrs.	W. Howes (Eng.).	127 miles, 1,201 yds.	A. W. Sinclair(Eng.).	120 miles.

Greatest Distance in One Hour.

Distance.	Professional.	Amateur.
8 miles, 302 yds.	J. Meagher.....	.....
7 " 1,318 "	.....	J. B. Clarke.

Greatest Distance in Two Hours.

15 miles, 824 yds.	W.Perkins(Eng.)	.....
13 " 990 "	.....	W.O'Keefe(Am.)

Greatest Distance in Three Hours.

22 miles, 456½yds.	H.Thatcher(Eng.)	.....
19 " 1,685 "	.....	W. E. N. Coston (Eng.).

Greatest Distance in Four Hours.

27¼ miles.....	W.Franks (Eng.)	.....
25 " 660 yds.	.....	W. E. N. Coston (Eng.).

SOME ENGLISH RECORDS.

4,000 quarter-miles in 4,000 perlods of ten minutes (walking a quarter-mile at the commencement of and within each consecutive ten minutes).—Performed twice by William Gale, at the Canton Hotel Grounds, Cardiff, June 28 to July 25, 1877, and at the Agricultural Hall, London, October 21 to November 17, 1877.

1,500 miles in 1,000 hours (mile and a half each hour, starting at the commencement of the hour).—Successfully performed by William Gale (height 5 feet 3½ inches) at Lillie Bridge. He commenced his task at 2.20 A.M. on Sunday, August 26. 1877, and completed it on Saturday, October 6, at 5h. 16m. 50s. P.M.

In 1788 Foster Powell walked from London to York and back again in 140 hours. In 1809 Captain Barclay walked 1,000 miles in 1,000 consecutive hours.

Canoeing.

The twelfth meet of the American Canoe Association was held in August, 1891, at Willsborough Point, Lake Champlain, N. Y. The "record," which consists of three races, paddling and sailing combined, sailing and paddling, was won by H. D. Murphy, of Winchester, Mass., in the canoe Iguana, with 12 points.

The Trophy Paddling Race was won by R. G. Muntz, of Argonauta, B. C., Toronto, in the canoe Spark.

The Trophy Sailing Race was won by Ford Jones, of Brookville, Canada, in the canoe Canuck.

The New-York Canoe Club's Challenge Cup sailing race, September 7, 1891, best two in three, was won by T. E. H. Barrington, of the N. Y. C. C., in the canoe Toltec, beating Ford Jones, the champion.

The Manhattan Athletic Club's two Challenge Cup races were decided on Gravesend Bay, June 20. George P. Douglass and L. B. Palmer, of the Ianthe C. C., Newark, won the Tandem Paddling race in the canoe Cricket. H. L. Quick, of Yonkers, won the sailing race in the canoe Uno.

Bicycling Records.

AMERICAN AMATEUR, ORDINARY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
¼	*.. .. 33 4-5	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 9, 1891
½	*.. 1 10 3-5	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 9, 1891
¾	.. 1 55 1-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 26, 1885
1	*.. 2 25 3-5	W. W. Windle.....	Sept. 15, 1890
2	.. 5 21 2-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 23, 1885
3	.. 8 07 2-5	W. A. Rowe..... ..	Oct. 19, 1885
4	.. 11 11 4-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885
5	.. 13 51 3-5	A. B. Rich.....	Sept. 15, 1890
6	.. 16 55 3-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885
7	.. 19 47 2-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885
8	.. 22 41 4-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885
9	.. 25 41 2-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885
10	.. 28 37 4-5	W. A. Rowe.....	Oct. 19, 1885

ENGLISH AMATEUR, ORDINARY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
	.. .. 35 4-5	F. J. B. Archer.....	June 7, 1890
	.. 1 12 2-5	W. Lambley.....	July 11, 1891
	*.. 1 51 4-5	J. Osmond.....	July 19, 1890
	.. 2 28 4-5	J. Osmond.....	July 19, 1890
	*.. 5 12 1-5	I. Illston.....	July 19, 1890
	*.. 8 03 2-5	W. Lambley.....	Sept. 10, 1891
	*.. 10 51 1-5	W. Lambley.....	Sept. 10, 1891
	*.. 13 44 1-5	W. Lambley..... ..	Sept. 10, 1891
	*.. 16 40 2-5	J. Osmond.....	Sept. 8, 1887
	*.. 19 33 4-5	J. Osmond.....	Sept. 8, 1887
	*.. 22 26 1-5	J. Osmond.....	Sept. 8, 1887
	*.. 25 16 4-5	J. Osmond.....	Sept. 8, 1887
	*.. 28 04 3-5	J. Osmond.....	Sept. 8, 1887

AMERICAN AMATEUR SAFETY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
¼	.. .. 33 3-5	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 8, 1891
½	*.. 1 06	H. C. Tyler.....	Oct. 17, 1891
¾	*.. 1 41	W. W. Windle.....	Oct. 17, 1891
1	*.. 2 15	W. W. Windle.....	Oct. 17, 1891
2	.. 4 59 3-5	W. F. Murphy.....	Sept. 18, 1891
3	.. 7 49 3-5	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 21, 1891
4	..10 27	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 21, 1891
5	..12 52 4-5	A. A. Zimmerman....	Sept. 21, 1891

ENGLISH AMATEUR SAFETY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
	.. .. 33 4-5	F. Bradbury.....	July 13, 1891
	.. .. 1 07 2-5	J. F. Fletcher.....	Oct. 3, 1891
	.. .. 1 42	J. Osmond.....	July 13, 1891
	.. .. 2 16	J. Osmond..... ..	July 13, 1891
	*.. .. 4 50 3-5	J. Osmond.....	July 15, 1891
	*.. .. 7 17 2-5	J. Osmond.....	July 15, 1891
	*.. .. 9 47 1-5	J. Osmond.....	July 15, 1891
	*.. ..12 16 2-5	J. Osmond.....	July 15, 1891

AMERICAN AMATEUR TANDEM SAFETY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
¼	*.. .. 37 2-5	Banker and Brinker..	Sept. 9, 1891
½	*.. 1 11 3-5	Banker and Brinker..	Sept. 9, 1891
¾	*.. 1 54 1-5	Banker and Brinker..	Sept. 9, 1891
1	*.. 2 24 1-5	Murphy and Zimmerman.....	Sept. 21, 1891
2	*.. 5 09 3-5	Banker and Brinker..	Sept. 10, 1891
3	*.. 8 10	Ivens and Gassler....	Sept. 2, 1890
4	*.. 11 12 1-4	W. F. and C. M. Murphy.....	Sept. 2, 1890
5	.. 14 05	W. F. and C. M. Murphy.....	Sept. 2, 1890

ENGLISH AMATEUR TANDEM SAFETY.

Miles.	Time. (H. M. S.)	Names.	Dates.
	.. .. 40 2-5	Williams and Glover.....	June 25, 1891
	.. 1 18 1-5	Williams and Glover.....	June 25, 1891
	.. 1 58 3-5	Williams and Glover.....	June 25, 1891
	.. 2 40	Williams and Glover.....	June 25, 1891
	.. 5 41 3-5	Lloyd and Glover.....	Sept. 4, 1890
	.. 8 30 2-5	Lloyd and Glover.....	Sept. 4, 1890
	.. 11 16 1-5	Lloyd and Glover.....	Sept. 4, 1890
	*.. 14 02 2-5	Lloyd and Glover.....	Sept. 4, 1890

PATH RECORDS BY HOURS.

ONE HOUR.

Miles	Yards.	Wheels.	Names.	Dates.
22	1,400	English Amateur Safety.....	R. L. Ede.....	August 9, 1891.
22	150	American Professional Bicycle.....	W. A. Rowe.....	October 25, 1886.
21	498	English Professional Safety	J. Duboise.....	August 25, 1887.
21	226	English Amateur Tricycle	Dr. E. B. Turner.....	July 28, 1890.
21	126	French Professional Safety.....	S. G. Whittaker.....	August 15, 1888.
21	100	English Amateur Safety.....	H. E. Laurie.....	August 31, 1888.
20	1,012	American Professional Bicycle	W. A. Rowe	October 19, 1885.
20	905	English Professional Bicycle	F. J. Lees.....	August 18, 1883.
20	715	English Professional Tandem Tricycle.....	Allard, Oxborrow.....	October 17, 1887.
20	675	English Amateur Bicycle.....	P. Furnivall.....	September 22, 1887.

TWO HOURS.

Miles	Yards.	Wheels.	Names.	Dates.
40	360	English Professional Bicycle.....	W. F. Knapp.....	August 16, 1888.
39	1,320	American Professional Bicycle	F. F. Ives.....	October 9, 1886.
38	620	English Amateur Tricycle.....	Dr. E. B. Turner.....	August 1, 1889.
37	1,420	English Amateur Bicycle.....	C. Potter	September 24, 1887.
44	450	English Amateur Safety.....	R. L. Ede.....	August 9, 1891.

THREE HOURS.

Miles	Yards.	Wheels.	Names.	Dates.
54	1,320	American Professional Bicycle	F. F. Ives.....	October 9, 1886.
54	578	English Amateur Bicycle.....	J. H. Adams	August 22, 1888.
52	1,100	English Amateur Tricycle.....	E. P. Morehouse	August 8, 1889.
63	49	English Amateur Safety.....	R. L. Ede.....	August 9, 1891.

FOUR HOURS.

Miles	Yards.	Wheels.	Names.	Dates.
75	210	English Amateur Safety.....	C. L. Newland.....	October 5, 1891.

FIVE HOURS.

Miles	Yards.	Wheels.	Names.	Dates.
91	535	English Amateur Safety.....	C. L. Newland.....	October 5, 1891.

BICYCLING RECORDS—*Continued.*

TWELVE HOURS.

Miles.			
180½	French Professional Safety	M. Fol	September —, 1889.
175½	English Amateur Safety	M. Holbein	September 17, 1889.
167½	English Amateur Safety	J. H. Browne N. M. Crosbie	October 12, 1890.
164	English Amateur Bicycle	J. F. Walsh	October 9, 1890.
175½	English Amateur Tricycle	M. A. Holbein	July 7, 1891.

TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

361	English Amateur Safety	M. A. Holbein	November 24, 1891.
322	American Professional Bicycle	S. G. Whittaker	October 18, 1887.
298½	English Tandem Tricycle	G. P. Mills R. Tingley	October 4, 1887.
289	American Amateur Bicycle	Bert Meyers	November 22, 1888.
317	English Amateur Tricycle	M. A. Holbein	July 7, 1891.

ROAD RECORDS.

AMERICAN AMATEUR BICYCLE.

Miles.	Time.	Names.	Dates.	Miles.	Time.	Names.	Dates.
	H. M. S.				H. M. S.		
5	13 34 2-5	C. W. Dorntge	Sept. 22, 1891	25	1 27 11	A. W. Porter	May 30, 1891
10	26 46 3-5	C. W. Dorntge	Sept. 22, 1891	50	3 20 35	R. G. Betts	Oct. 19, 1890
15	40 33 2-5	C. W. Dorntge	Sept. 22, 1891	75	5 14 43	R. G. Betts	Oct. 19, 1890
20	53 56 2-5	C. W. Dorntge	Sept. 22, 1891	100	7 8 37 2-5	R. G. Betts	Oct. 19, 1890

TANDEM TRICYCLE RECORDS.

ENGLISH.

¼	39 2-5	Crump & Scheltema-Beduin	June 25, 1891	2	5 33 3-5	Wilson & Dangerfield	June 20, 1890
½	1 15 4-5	Crump & Scheltema-Beduin	June 25, 1891	3	8 23	Wilson & Dangerfield	June 20, 1890
¾	1 54 3-5	Crump & Scheltema-Beduin	June 25, 1891	4	11 11 1-5	Wilson & Dangerfield	June 20, 1890
1	2 31 2-5	Crump & Scheltema-Beduin	June 25, 1891	5	13 54 1-5	Wilson & Dangerfield	June 20, 1890

TRICYCLE RECORDS.

ENGLISH.

¼	37 1-5	W. G. Bramson	June 25, 1891	2	5 24 2-5	G. Turner	June 25, 1890
½	1 16	W. G. Bramson	June 25, 1891	3	8 06 2-5	G. Turner	June 25, 1890
¾	1 54 4-5	W. G. Bramson	June 25, 1891	4	11 06 1-5	G. Turner	June 25, 1890
1	2 28 2-5	G. Cassignard	Oct. 18, 1891	5	13 50 3-5	G. Turner	June 25, 1890

* World's records.

Hurdle Racing Records.

AMATEUR.

Distance.	Height.		Name.	Time.
Yards.	Ft.	In.		
60	3	6	A. A. Jordan	8 3-5 sec.
75	2	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	8 3-5 sec.
80	3	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	10 2-5 sec.
80	3	6	A. A. Jordan	11¼ sec.
100	2	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	12 4-5 sec.
120	3	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	14 3-5 sec.
120	3	6	C. N. Jackson (Eng.)	16 sec.
120	3	6	D. D. Bulger (Ireland)	16 1-5 sec.
120	3	6	H. L. Williams	15 4-5 sec.
120	3	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	16 sec.
121	3	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	16 sec.
138	3	6	W. R. Pollock (Eng.)	18 sec.
200	3	6	F. C. Puffer	29 3-5 sec.
220	2	6	J. P. Lee	24 4-5 sec.
250	2	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	32 1-5 sec.
250	2	6	S. A. Safford	32 1-5 sec.
293	2	6	L. E. Myers	37⅘ sec.
300	2	6	A. F. Copland (Canada)	37 3-5 sec.
425	2	6	J. S. Voorhees	58 sec.
440	3	6	Godfrey Shaw (Eng.)	59 sec.

Sack Racing Records.

AMATEUR.

Distance.	Name.	Time.
Yards.		
50	R. K Stackpole.	7 4-5 sec.
60	J. Nason	11¼ sec.
75	S. See	12 2-5 sec.
100	S. See	16 2-5 sec.
100 yards over hurdles 18 inches high.	J. Nason	21¼ sec.

Pigeon Flying.

It is thirteen years since flying for record began, but for fully half the time but little advance was made for either speed or distance, because the journeys, although engaging many birds, were but few in each season and these upon dates named far in advance. The weather was thus a chance, and being bad oftener than good, the showing made was poor. Tournament flying was inaugurated in 1886 by the offer of a prize by THE WORLD, and although the time of the competition was limited to only a few months, it was enough to show that the idea was the correct one. It was not until 1889, when the competition was open through the entire season, that really good work was done. In that year the record for speed which had stood since 1883 was broken, and 1,476 yards per minute was the best to a bird's credit. The same year the distance covered in the day was increased from 505 miles in 13 hours, 7 minutes, to 525 miles in 11 hours, 25 minutes, winning the George W. Childs prize. The new records for the year are:

100 miles in 1,374 yards per minute, by Miss Liberty and the Clipper of J. O'Neill winning the *Clipper* prizes.

325 miles in 1,733 yards per minute, by Miss Sleepy of Gilman E. Hook, New-Bedford, Mass., winning THE WORLD's watch as the best breaking the record, the Royal Blue Line's $25 as the best speed of the year, and the *Stock-Keeper* cup for the best speed to New-England.

Lawn Tennis Champions.

CLARENCE HOBART won the "all-comers" tournament at Newport. He was defeated by Oliver S. Campbell for the championship at Newport, August 26, 1891. Score: 2-6, 7-5, 6-2, 6-2.

O. S. Campbell and R. P. Huntington, Jr., won the championship in doubles at Newport, by defeating Clarence Hobart and Valentine G. Hall.

CHAMPIONSHIPS—SINGLES.

America—O. S. Campbell, of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Intercollegiate—F. S. Hovey, of Harvard College.
Ladies'—Miss Mabel E. Cahill, of New-York.

CHAMPIONSHIPS—DOUBLES.

America and Eastern States—O. S. Campbell and R. P. Huntington, Jr.
Western States—S. T. Chase and J. A. Ryerson.
Intercollegiate—F. S. Hovey and R. D. Wrenn, of Harvard.
Ladies'—Miss M. E. Cahill and Mrs. Morgan.

Skating Records.

Distance.	Professional.	Time.	Amateur.	Time.
		H. M. S.		H. M. S.
50yds	.....	.. .. ..	S. D. See .... / C. B. Davidson.....	.. 6
75 "	....	.. .. ..	S. D. See	.. .. 8¾
100 "	.....	.. .. ..	S. D. See ...	.. .. 10 1-5
150 "	.....	.. .. ..	S. D. See .... / G.D.Phillips.	.. 14 1-5
200 "	.....	.. .. ..	S. D. See	 18
220 "	.....	.. .. ..	S. D. See	.. .. 19¾
300 "	.....	.. .. ..	G. D. Phillips.....	.. .. 29⅜
440 "	.....	.. .. ..	H. P. Moshier.....	.. .. 37 1-5
440 "	.....	.. .. ..	C. G. Tebbut (Eng.).	.. .. 36 1-5
880 "	.....	.. .. ..	H. Lindahl (Norway).	.. 1 22 1-5
880 "	.....	.. .. ..	G.D.Phillips.	.. 1 24 4-5
1 m.	J. H. McCormack (Canada).	.. 2 58	J.Donoghue.	.. 2 12 3-5
1 "	Hagen (Norway).	.. 2 49	J. T. Donoghue.....	.. 3 28 1-5
1½ "	.....	.. .. ..	J.Donoghue. (Lingay Fen).	.. 4 46
2 "	J. H. McCormack (Canada).	.. 6 45	J.Donoghue. (Amsterdam)	.. 6 07
2 "	.....	.. .. ..	Narsing (Holland).....	.. 6 20
3 m.	Hagen (Norway).	.. 8 46 2-5	J. Donoghue. (Amsterdam)	.. 9 17
4 "	J. H. McCormack (Canada).	.. 14 15	J. Donoghue. (Newburg).	.. 12 27
5 "	.....	.. .. ..	J. T. Donoghue (Newburg).	.. 15 36 2-5
5 "	.....	.. .. ..	H. McCormack	.. 17 54 2-5
5 "	F. Dowd (Canada).	.. 17 17	C. Gordon (Canada).	.. 17 41½
5 "	.....	.. .. ..	H. Lindahl (Norway).	.. 15 16
10 "	A. Paulsen ..	.. 33 ..	E. Godager (Canada).	. 33 21 1-5
10 "	....	.. .. ..	H. McCormack	.. 47 45
20 "	A. Paulsen ..	1 8 15	A. Paulsen...	1 14 7¼
25 "	.....	.. .. ..	A. Paulsen...	1 33 28 3-5
50 "	R. Goetz.....	4 23 43½	S. Montgomery.....	4 13 36
100 "	John Ennis..	11 37 45	L. Tebbut (Saxony)	11 40 ..
150 "	E. St. Clair..	44 57 45	.....	.....
200 "	E. St. Clair..	63 44 35	.....	.....
300 "	E. St. Clair..	92 4 ..	.....	.....
400 "	E. St. Clair..	138 35 ..	.....	.....

Amateur Athletic Union Boxing.

105-pound class.....	J. D. Millen.....	West Side A. C.....	.....
115-pound class.....	T. F. Connolly.....	Trimount A. C.....	Boston.
125-pound class.....	W. H. Horton.....	A. C. S. N.....	Philadelphia.
135-pound class.....	O. H. Ziegler.....	A. C. S. N.....	Philadelphia.
158-pound class.....	W. H. Stucky.....	West End A. A.....	Newark.
Heavy weight class.....	A. Isaacs	Pastime A. C	New-York.

Amateur Athletic Union Wrestling.

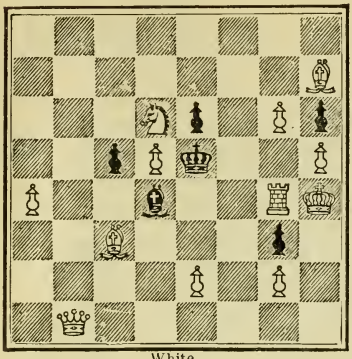
105-pound class.....	F. Bertsch.....	Ashland A. C.....	Newark.
115-pound class.....	T. Beck.....	Southwark T. V.	Philadelphia.
125-pound class.....	F. Holzhauer..... / F. Wels.....	Ashland A. C..... / Prospect Harriers.....	Newark. / Brooklyn.
135-pound class.....	A. Ullman.....	Williamsburgh A. C.....	Brooklyn.
158-pound class.....	P. Von Boeckman.....	St. George A. C.....	New-York.

Chess.

THE PRIZE PROBLEMS OF 1891.

PRIZE PROBLEM OF N. Y. CHESS ASSOCIATION.

Black.

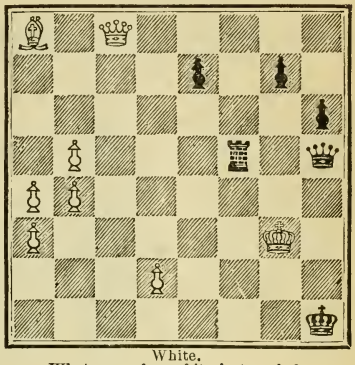


White.

White to play and mate in three moves.

PRIZE PROBLEM OF U. S. CHESS ASSOCIATION.

"Looking Backward."



White.

What move has white just made?

1891 will be remembered as an eventful year in the annals of the royal pastime, on account of the many meetings, important tournaments and great matches. The popularity of chess is ever on the increase; new clubs and associations have been formed, and new and valuable contributions have been given to the theory and literature of the game.

Steinitz opened the year by adding another laurel to his marvellous garland of victories by defeating Gunsberg, who came from London to play an international match, but received the first check to his brilliant career by losing both games of the great cable match with Tschigorin, of St. Petersburg. Steinitz had beaten the Russian master, however, in their previous match, so that honors may be looked upon as even, and the return match, now progressing in Havana, is to break the tie and decide the world's championship. The match commenced on the first day of the new year, and the opening game was scored by Tschigorin, who played his favorite Evans Gambit. The match is for the first ten games, draws not counting. Stakes, $2,000 a side.

The meeting of the United States Chess Association was held in Lexington, Ky., August 4, and Showalter, of Kentucky, for the third time in succession, carried off the highest honors, Pollock, of Baltimore, winning the second prize, and Hanham, of New-York, the third, Professor De Roode winning the problem-solving contest. Mr. Arthur Peter, of Lexington, won the free-for-all tournament, without the loss of a single game. The officers for the ensuing year are: President, J. Warren Hulse, of St. Louis; Secretary and Treasurer, W. H. Ripley, of Indianapolis.

Successful Association tournaments were held on Washington's Birthday in many of the States, notably in New-York, where Delmar for the third time won the championship, Mr. Eckles, of Brooklyn, carrying off the problem-solving prize. At the midsummer meeting, which was again held in Skaneateles, July 22, Hanham won the first prize, and, as the representative of the Manhattan Club, also secured the $500 club trophy. At the same meeting Delmar achieved a decisive victory in a set match over Pollock, of Baltimore. Mr. Charles A. Gilberg, of Brooklyn, is the President of the Association.

Dr. Otto Meyer, formerly of the City Chess Club of New-York, won the championship at the Virginia Chess Association meeting. Messrs. Logan and Lowenhardt divided the honors of the Kentucky State Association tournament, and Mr. W. H. Lyons, of Newport, Ky., was elected president.

During the year the chess world suffered a great loss in the death of Captain George H. Mackenzie, who died in New-York on March 14, 1891. For upward of a quarter of a century he was the recognized chess champion of America, and the most brilliant exponent of modern chess since the days of Paul Morphy.

The deaths of J. H. Bauer and Louis Paulsen may also be referred to as removing from the foremost ranks two great chess masters who had carried off many tournamental honors. Louis Paulsen, who made his *début* in the American Chess Congress of 1856, where he received second prize, acquired a great reputation as a blindfold player. He has conducted as many as fifteen games of chess simultaneously without seeing the boards. Herr Paulsen was not successful as a tournament player, and never carried off the first prize in any international contest, but as a match player he was invincible and was never beaten, for which reason negotiations had been pending for some time to pit him against the great Steinitz.

The Intercollegiate Chess Association has done much toward creating a love of the game in the colleges, and a movement is now on foot to furnish a handsome trophy to represent the championship.

Mr. A. Vorrath, of Hoboken, won the New-Jersey championship at the annual convention of the State Association, which met at Elizabeth on Washington's Birthday.

Mr. A. B. Hodges, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., but now a resident of New-York, carried off the first prize in the Manhattan Chess Club tournament with the phenomenal score of twenty-seven straight wins and two draws.

After the United States Chess Association meeting of 1890, Max Judd, of St. Louis, challenged and defeated the winner, J. W. Showalter, in a set match of seven games; but in a return match which is now progressing, the score stands: Showalter, 6, Judd, 4, and 3 draws; the match standing adjourned on account of the illness of Mr. Judd.

Energetic steps are now being taken toward holding an International Chess Congress, in connection with the Columbia Exposition, at Chicago, on a scale calculated to bring the leading masters from all parts of the world.

An association of American chess problemists has been formed during the past year, which will do much toward cultivating a love and knowledge of that popular branch of the game.

The Civil War of 1861-65.

NUMBER OF MEN IN THE UNION ARMY FURNISHED BY EACH STATE AND TERRITORY, FROM APRIL 15, 1861, TO CLOSE OF WAR.

States and Territories.	Number of Men Furnished.	Aggregate Reduced to a Three Years' Standing.	States and Territories.	Number of Men Furnished.	Aggregate Reduced to a Three Years' Standing.
Alabama	2,556	1,611	New-York	448,850	392,270
Arkansas	8,289	7,836	North-Carolina	3,156	3,156
California	15,725	15,725	Ohio	313,180	240,514
Colorado	4,903	3,697	Oregon	1,810	1,773
Connecticut	55,864	50,623	Pennsylvania	337,936	265,517
Delaware	12,284	10,322	Rhode-Island	23,236	17,866
Florida	1,290	1,290	South-Carolina	.....	.....
Georgia	.....	.....	Tennessee	31,092	26,394
Illinois	259,092	211,133	Texas	1,965	1,632
Indiana	196,363	153,576	Vermont	33,288	29,068
Iowa	76,242	68,630	Virginia	.....	.....
Kansas	20,149	18,706	West-Virginia	32,068	27,714
Kentucky	75,760	70,832	Wisconsin	91,327	79,260
Louisiana	5,224	4,654	Dakota	206	206
Maine	70,107	56,776	District of Columbia	16,534	1,506
Maryland	46,638	41,275	Indian Territory	3,530	3,530
Massachusetts	146,730	124,104	Montana	.....	.....
Michigan	87,364	80,111	New-Mexico	6,561	4,432
Minnesota	24,020	19,693	Utah	.....	.....
Mississippi	545	545	Washington	964	964
Missouri	109,111	86,530	U. S. Army	.....	.....
Nebraska	3,157	2,175	U. S. Volunteers	.....	.....
Nevada	1,080	1,080	U. S. Colored Troops	93,441	91,789
New-Hampshire	33,937	30,849			
New-Jersey	76,814	57,908	Total	2,778,304	2,326,168

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861–65, according to a statement prepared by the Adjutant-General's office, was as follows: Killed in battle, 67,058; died of wounds, 43,012; died of disease, 199,720; other causes, such as accidents, murder, Confederate prisons, etc., 40,154; total died, 349,944; total deserted, 199,105. Number of soldiers in the Confederate service who died of wounds or disease (partial statement), 133,821. Deserted (partial statement), 104,428. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured, 476,169. Number of United States troops paroled on the field, 16,431; Confederate troops paroled on the field, 248,599. Number of United States troops who died while prisoners, 30,156; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 30,152.

THE GREAT BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.

(From "Regimental Losses in the American Civil War," by William F. Fox, Lieutenant-Colonel U.S.V.)
As to the loss in the Union armies, the greatest battles in the war were:

Date.	Battle.	Killed.	Wounded.*	Missing.	Aggregate.
July 1–3, 1863	Gettysburg	3,070	14,497	5,434	23,001
May 8–18, 1864	Spottsylvania	2,725	13,413	2,258	18,399
May 5–7, 1864	Wilderness	2,246	12,037	3,383	17,666
September 17, 1862	Antietam†	2,108	9,549	753	12,410
May 1–3, 1863	Chancellorsville	1,606	9,762	5,919	17,287
September 19–20, 1863	Chickamauga	1,656	9,749	4,774	16,179
June 1–4, 1864	Cold Harbor	1,844	9,077	1,816	12,737
December 11–14, 1862	Fredericksburg	1,284	9,600	1,769	12,653
August 28–30, 1862	Manassas‡	1,747	8,452	4,263	14,462
April 6–7, 1862	Shiloh	1,754	8,408	2,885	13,047
December 31, 1862	Stone's River§	1,730	7,802	3,717	13,249
June 15–19, 1864	Petersburg (assault)	1,688	8,513	1,185	11,386

* Wounded in these and the following returns includes mortally wounded.
† Not including South Mountain or Crampton's Gap.
‡ Including Chantilly, Rappahannock, Bristol Station and Bull Run Bridge.
§ Including Knob Gap and losses on January 1 and 2, 1863.

The Union losses at Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, were: killed, 470; wounded, 1,071; captured and missing, 1,793; aggregate, 3,334.

The Confederate losses in particular engagements were as follows: Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, killed, 387; wounded, 1,582; captured and missing, 13; aggregate, 1,982. Fort Donelson, Tenn., Feb. 14–16, 1862, killed, 466; wounded, 1,534; captured and missing, 13,829; aggregate, 15,829. Shiloh, Tenn., April 6–7, 1862, killed, 1,723; wounded, 8,012; captured and missing, 959; aggregate, 10,694. Seven Days' Battle, Virginia, June 25–July 1, 1862, killed, 3,478; wounded, 16,261; captured and missing, 875; aggregate, 20,614. Second Manassas, Aug. 21–Sept. 2, killed, 1,481; wounded and missing, 7,627; captured and missing, 89; aggregate, 9,197. Antietam campaign, Sept. 12–20, 1862, killed, 1,886; wounded, 9,348; captured and missing, 1,367; aggregate, 12,601. Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, killed, 596; wounded, 4,068; captured and missing, 651; aggregate, 5,315. Stone's River, Tenn., Dec. 31, 1862, killed, 1,294; wounded, 7,945; captured and missing, 1,027; aggregate, 10,266. Chancellorsville, May 1–4, 1863, killed, 1,665; wounded, 9,081; captured and missing, 2,018; aggregate, 12,764. Gettysburg, July 1–3, 1863, killed, 2,592; wounded, 12,706; captured and missing, 5,150; aggregate, 20,448. Chickamauga, Sept. 19–20, 1863, killed, 2,268; wounded, 13,613; captured and missing, 1,090; aggregate, 16,971.

"Gettysburg was the greatest battle of the war; Antietam the bloodiest. The largest army was assembled by the Confederates at the seven days' fight; by the Unionists at the Wilderness.'

Living Union Generals.

LIST OF LIVING MAJOR-GENERALS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY WHO SAW ACTIVE SERVICE IN THE FIELD DURING THE CIVIL WAR.

THERE were commissioned by the United States during the civil war of 1861–65, including those who held rank at the time the war began, over 2,500 general officers of various grades: general, lieutenant-generals, major-generals, major-generals by brevet, brigadier-generals and brigadier-generals by brevet. It is believed that less than 1,000 of these are now living. The following is a partial list of those who held the rank of major-general in the regular and volunteer armies, either in full or by brevet, and saw active service in the field, who are known or supposed to be living at the present time.*

REGULAR ARMY.

William S. Rosecrans.
Philip St. George Cooke.
John Pope.
John M. Schofield.
Daniel Butterfield.
Oliver O. Howard.
James B. Fry.
Absalom Baird.
Alvan C. Gillem.
John W. Turner.
Daniel P. Woodbury.
Zealous B. Tower.
John Newton.
Wm. F. Smith.
Thomas J. Wood.
Rufus Ingalls.
Stewart Van Vliet.
John W. Davidson.
Alfred Pleasanton.
Frank Wheaton.
Wesley Merritt.
George Stoneman.
Godfrey Weitzel.
James H. Wilson.
William W. Averell.
Richard W. Johnson.
Eli Long.
Andrew J. Smith.
Eugene A. Carr.
David S. Stanley.
John B. McIntosh.
August V. Kautz.
Benjamin H. Grierson.
Samuel S. Carroll.
Robert S. Granger.
Alexander S. Webb.
William B. Franklin.
Christopher C. Auger.
William P. Carlin.
Abner Doubleday.
Joseph J. Reynolds.
John E. Smith.
Charles H. Smith.
Orlando B. Willcox.
Galusha Pennypacker
Nelson A. Miles.
Daniel E. Sickles.
Wager Swayne.
William H. French.
Albion P. Howe.
John Gibbon.
George W. Getty.
Adelbert Ames.
Samuel W. Crawford.
John C. Robinson.
Frederick Steele.
Alex. McD. McCook.

VOLUNTEER ARMY.

Nathaniel P. Banks.
Benjamin F. Butler.
Don Carlos Buell.
Samuel R Curtis.
Franz Sigel.
John A. McClernand.
Lewis Wallace.
Erasmus D. Keyes.
Fitz John Porter.
Darius N. Couch.
Henry W. Slocum.
John J. Peck.
Thomas L. Crittenden.
Schuyler Hamilton.
Jacob D. Cox.
James S. Negley.
John M. Palmer.
Richard J. Oglesby.
C. C. Washburn.
James G. Blunt.
Carl Schurz.
W. T. H. Brooks.
Granville M. Dodge.
Henry E. Davies.
Francis C. Barlow.
Gersham Mott.
M. D. Leggett.
John M. Corse.
Lewis A. Grant.
Thomas H. Ruger.
Rufus Saxton.
Charles J. Paine.
James W. McMillan.
C. C. Andrews.
Joseph B. Carr.
N. Martin Curtis.
Nathan Kimball.
John B. Sanborn.
Benjamin F. Kelly.
John H. Ketchum.
Jacob G. Lanman.
John B. McIntosh.
Thomas J. McKean.
Byron R. Pierce.
B. F. Potts.
William H. Powell.
Elliot W. Rice.
James R. Slack.
Green Clay Smith.
Thomas Kelby Smith.
J. W. Sprague.
John D. Stevenson.
John M. Thayer.
Davis Tillson.
Erastus B. Tyler.
Daniel Ullman.
William B. Woods.
Joseph Bailey.
Thomas L. Kane.
John G. Mitchell.
William H. Morris.
Halbert E. Paine.
Henry G. Thomas.
Hector Tyndale.
Horatio P. Van Cleve.
James A. Williamson.
James D. Morgan.
James C. Veatch.
William P. Benton.
Thomas J. Lucas.
James J. Gilbert.
Joshua L. Chamberlain.
Robert S. Foster.
Henry Baxter.
Oliver Edwards.
P. R. De Trobriand.
William A. Pile.
John McNeil.
Elias S. Dennis.
Lewis B. Parsons.
Orris S. Ferry.
William Vandever.
August L. Chetlain.
John P. Hawkins.
Alexander Shaler.
Adin B. Underwood.
Salomon Meredith.
John C. Caldwell.
Fitz Henry Warren.
Joseph R. Hawley.
August Willich.
William T. Clark.
R. K. Scott.
Joseph R. West.
Martin T. McMahon.
Charles G. Loring.
Robert Allen.
Walter C. Whitacker.
Manning F. Force.
John W. Fuller.
John F. Miller.
Joseph Hayes.
Joseph A. Cooper.
Alexander Asboth.
Henry A. Barnum.
George L. Beal.
William Birney.
James Bowen.
Mason Brayman.
R. P. Buckland.
Robert A. Cameron.
Selden E. Connor.
Thomas Ewing, Jr.
James D. Fessenden.
Walter Q. Gresham.
Cyrus Hamlin.
Rutherford B. Hayes.
Edward W. Hinks
H. M. Plaisted.
George H. Nye.
William Wells.
George A. Macy.
Henry L. Abbott.
John C. Tidball.
Frederick Winthrop.
Benjamin F. Baker.
Nelson Cross.
Adrian R. Root.
Lewis T. Barney.
Charles J. Powers.
Isaac S. Catlin.
George H. Sharpe.
James Wood, Jr.
James Jourdan.
E. L. Molineux.
James P. McIvor.
John Ramsay.
Robert McAllister.
William J. Sewell.
John I. Gregg.
Richard Coulter.
St. Clair Mulholland.
James Gwyn.
Henry J. Madill.
A. L. Pearson.
Horatio G. Sickel.
A. W. Dennison.
Alvin C. Voris.
Marshall F. Moore.
W. L. McMillan.
J. Warren Keifer.
Russell A. Alger.
William L. Stoughton.
Henry D. Washburn.
Willard Warner.

* The list has been restricted to major-generals who were actively engaged in the field during the war. It is known to be imperfect, as the whereabouts of several persons in the list are unknown, and they have not been heard of for some time. A complete list is desirable, and the editor would welcome corrections and additions during the year, with the view of republication in the next ALMANAC.

Living Confederate Generals.

JANUARY 1, 1892.

DURING the Civil War there were 498 persons commissioned as generals of the several grades in the Confederate Army. Of these, less than 174 are now living—twenty-six years after the close of the war.

General W. L. Cabell, of Dallas, Tex., has prepared the following list of survivors, together with their present places of residence, when known:

GENERAL.

Gustave P. T. Beauregard, New-Orleans, La.

GENERAL WITH TEMPORARY RANK.

Edmund Kirby Smith, Sewanee, Tenn.

LIEUTENANT-GENERALS.

Stephen D. Lee, Starkville, Miss.
James Longstreet, Gainesville, Ga.
Jubal A. Early, Lynchburg, Va.
Simon B. Buckner, Frankfort, Ky.
Joseph Wheeler, Wheeler, Ala.
Ambrose P. Stewart, Oxford, Miss.
Wade Hampton, Columbia, S. C.
John B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Gustavus W. Smith, New-York.
LaFayette McLaws, Savannah, Ga.
C. W. Field, Washington, D. C.
S. G. French, Holly Springs, Miss.
John H. Forney, Alabama.
Dabney H. Maury, Richmond, Va.
Henry Heth, United States Coast Survey.
Robert Ransom, Jr., Weldon, N. C.
J. L. Kemper, Orange Court House, Va.
Fitzhugh Lee, Glasgow, Va.
W. B. Bate, U. S. Senate.
Robert F. Hoke, Raleigh, N. C.
J. B. Kershaw, Camden, S. C.
M. C. Butler, U. S. Senate.
E. C. Walthall, U. S. Senate.
L. L. Lomax, Blacksburg.
P. M. B. Young, Atlanta, Ga.
T. L. Rosser, Charlottesville, Va.
W. W. Allen, Montgomery, Ala.
S. B. Maxey, Paris, Tex.
William Mahone, Petersburg, Va.
G. W. Custis Lee, Lexington, Va.
William B. Tallaferro, Gloucester, Va.
John G. Walker, Missouri.
William T. Martin, Natchez, Miss.
Bushrod R. Johnson, Nashville, Tenn.
C. J. Polignac, Paris, France.
E. M. Law, Yorkville, S. C.
James H. Fagan, Little Rock, Ark.
Thomas Churchill, Little Rock, Ark.
Richard Gatlin, Fort Smith, Ark.
Matt Ransom, U. S. Senate.
T. A. Smith, Jackson, Miss.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

George T. Anderson, Anniston, Ala.
Joseph R. Anderson, Richmond, Va.
Frank C. Armstrong, Texas.
E. S. Alexander, Savannah, Ga.
Arthur S. Bagby, Texas.
Alpheus Baker, Louisville, Ky.
Laurence S. Baker, address not known.
Pinckney D. Bowles, Alabama
William L. Brandon, Mississippi.
John Bratton, South-Carolina.
J. L. Brent, Baltimore, Md.
C. A. Battle, Eufaula, Ala.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS—*Continued.*

R. L. T. Beale, Hague, Va.
Hamilton P. Bee, San Antonio, Tex.
W. R. Boggs, Winston, N. C.
Tyree H. Bell, Tennessee.
William L. Cabell, Dallas, Tex.
E. Capars, Columbia, S. C.
James R. Chalmers, Vicksburg, Miss.
Thomas L. Clingman, Charlotte, N. C.
George B. Cosby, Kentucky.
Francis M. Cockrell, U. S. Senate.
A. H. Colquitt, U. S. Senate.
R. E. Colston, Washington, D. C.
Phil Cook, Atlanta, Ga.
M. D. Corse, Alexandria, Va.
Alexander W. Campbell, Tennessee.
John B. Clark, Jr., Brunswick, Mo.
Alfred Cumming, Augusta, Ga.
X. B. DeBray, Austin, Tex.
William R. Cox, North-Carolina.
Joseph Davis, Mississippi City, Miss.
H. T. Davidson, Tennessee.
T. P. Dockery, Arkansas.
Basil W. Duke, Louisville, Ky.
John Echols, Louisville, Ky.
C. A. Evans, Atlanta, Ga.
Samuel W. Ferguson, Pass Christian, Miss.
J. J. Finley, Florida.
D. M. Frost, Missouri.
Richard M. Gano, Dallas, Tex.
I. Q. George, Jackson, Miss.
R. L. Gibson, U. S. Senate.
William L. Gardner, Memphis, Tenn.
G. W. Gordon, Nashville, Tenn.
E. C. Govan, Arkansas.
Johnson Haygood, Barnswell, S. C.
George P. Harrison, Jr., Auburn, Ala.
Robert J. Henderson, Atlanta, Ga.
A. T. Hawthorne, Atlanta, Ga.
J. F. Holtzclaw, Montgomery, Ala.
Eppa Hunton, Warrenton, Va.
William P. Hardeman, Austin, Tex.
N. H. Harris, Mississippi.
R. H. Harriss, Vicksburg, Miss.
Richard Harrison, Waco, Tex.
George B. Hodge, Kentucky.
William J. Hoke, North-Carolina.
Alfred Iverson, Florida.
J. D. Imboden, Southwest Virginia.
Henry R. Jackson, Savannah, Ga.
William H. Jackson, Nashville, Tenn.
Bradley T. Johnson, Baltimore, Md.
George D. Johnston, Charleston, S. C.
Robert D. Johnston, Birmingham, Ala.
A. R. Johnson, Texas.
J. D. Kennedy, Camden, S. C.
William H. King, Austin, Tex.
William W. Kirkland, New-York.
James H. Lane, Auburn, Ala.
A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga.
T. M. Logan, Richmond, Va.
Robert Lowry, Jackson, Miss.
Walter P. Lane, Marshall, Tex.
Joseph H. Lewis, Kentucky.

LIVING CONFEDERATE GENERALS—*Continued.*

BRIGADIER-GENERALS—*Continued.*

W. G. Lewis, North-Carolina.
William McComb, Gordonsville, Va.
Samuel McGowen, Abbeville, S. C.
R. McNair, Hallsville, Miss.
John T. Morgan, U. S. Senate.
T. T. Munford, Lynchburg, Va.
George Manney, Nashville, Tenn.
James G. Martin, North-Carolina.
John McCausland, West-Virginia.
Henry E. McCulloch, Texas.
W. R. Miles, Mississippi.
William Miller, Florida.
John C. Moore, Texas.
Francis T. Nichols, New-Orleans, La.
R. L. Page, Norfolk, Va.
W. H. Payne, Warrenton, Va.
W. F. Perry, Glendale, Ky.
Roger A. Pryor, New-York.
Lucius E. Polk, Tennessee.
W. H. Parsons, Texas.
N. B. Pearce, Arkansas.
E. W. Pettus, Selma, Ala.
W. A. Quarles, Clarkesville, Tenn.
B. H. Robertson, Washington, D. C.
F. H. Robertson, Waco, Tex.
Daniel Russell, Fredericksburg, Va.
George W. Rains, Augusta, Ga.
A. E. Reynolds, Mississippi.
D. H. Reynolds, Arkansas.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS—*Continued.*

R. V. Richardson, Tennessee.
William P. Roberts, Raleigh, N. C.
Charles A. Ronda, Blacksburg, Va.
L. S. Ross, College Station, Tex.
Joe Shelby, Carthage, Mo.
Charles M. Shelly, Alabama.
F. A. Shoup, Sewanee, Tenn.
A. M. Scales, Greensboro, N. C.
Thomas B. Smith, Nashville, Tenn.
G. M. Sorrell, Savannah, Ga.
George H. Stewart, Baltimore, Md.
Marcellus A. Stovall, Augusta, Ga.
Edward L. Thomas, Washington, D. C.
W. R. Terry, Richmond, Va.
J. C. Tappan, Helena, Ark.
Robert B. Vance, Asheville, N. C.
A. J. Vaughan, Memphis, Tenn.
James A. Walker, Wytheville, Va.
D. A. Weisger, Petersburg, Va.
G. C. Wharton, New River, Va.
Marcus J. Wright, Washington, D. C.
G. J. Wright, Griffin, Ga.
H. H. Walker, New-York.
W. S. Walker, Florida.
W. H. Wallace, Columbia, S. C.
T. N. Waul, Galveston, Tex.
John S. Williams, Mount Sterling, Ky.
Zebulon York, Baton Rouge, La.

Wars of the United States.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED.

Wars.	From—	To—	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total.
War of the Revolution	April 19, 1775	April 11, 1783	130,711	164,080	309,781
Northwestern Indian Wars	Sept. 19, 1790	Aug. 3, 1795	.....	.....	8,983
War with France	July 9, 1798	Sept. 30, 1800	.....	.....	*4,593
War with Tripoli	June 10, 1801	June 4, 1805	.....	.....	*3,330
Creek Indian War	July 27, 1813	Aug. 9, 1814	600	13,181	13,781
War of 1812 with Great Britain	June 18, 1812	Feb. 17, 1815	85,000	471,622	576,622
Seminole Indian War	Nov. 20, 1817	Oct. 21, 1818	1,000	6,911	7,911
Black Hawk Indian War	April 21, 1831	Sept. 31, 1832	1,339	5,126	6,465
Cherokee disturbance or removal	1836	1837	.....	9,494	9,494
Creek Indian War or disturbance	May 5, 1836	Sept. 30, 1837	935	12,483	13,418
Florida Indian War	Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 14, 1843	11,169	29,953	41,122
Aroostook disturbance	1838	1839	.....	1,500	1,500
War with Mexico	April 24, 1846	July 4, 1848	30,954	73,776	112,230
Apache, Navajo, and Utah War	1849	1855	1,500	1,061	2,561
Seminole Indian War	1856	1858	.....	3,687	2,687
Civil War†	1861	1865	.....	.....	2,772,408

* Naval forces engaged. † The number of troops on the Confederate side was about 600,000.

In the War of 1812-15 there were 10 battles, 8 combats and assaults, 52 actions and bombardments. In the Mexican War there were 11 pitched battles and 35 actions, combats, sieges and skirmishes. In the Civil War of 1861-65 there were 107 pitched battles, 102 combats and 362 actions, sieges and lesser affairs. Since 1812 the United States Army has had over 640 battles, fights and actions against Indians. Since 1780 there have been 912 garrisoned forts, arsenals and military posts in the United States. At the present time (1891) there are 144 garrisoned forts, arsenals and military posts.

Up to and including June, 1861, there were 1,966 graduates of the Military Academy, and of these there were living at the outbreak of the Civil War of 1861-65, 1,249. Of the 1,249, 428 were in civil life and 821 were in the military service of the United States. Of those in civil life, 292 took sides with the Union and 99 joined the Confederacy, while 37 are unknown. Of the 821 in the army, 627 sided with the Union, 184 joined the Confederacy, and 10 took neither side. Of the 99 who joined the Confederacy from civil life, all, except one, were either born and brought up or were residents of Southern territory. On the other hand, of the 350 graduates born or appointed from Southern States, 162 remained loyal to the United States. Of the graduates who served in the Civil War, one fifth were killed in battle, while one half were wounded.—*Lieutenant W. R. Hamilton, U. S. A.*

Soldiers' Homes.

LOCATIONS OF HOMES FOR DISABLED UNITED STATES SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, AND REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THEM.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

President of the Board of Managers....General William B. Franklin, Hartford, Conn.
Secretary.....General M. T. McMahon, 93 Nassau Street, New York City.

BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL HOME.

BRANCHES.	Location.	No. of Members	BRANCHES.	Location.	No. of Members.
Central.....	Dayton, O.....	4,683	Pacific.	Santa Monica, Cal..	557
Northwestern	Milwaukee, Wis....	1,955	Marion.....	Marion, Ind.....	518
Eastern.....	Togus, Me.....	1,607			
Southern.....	Hampton, Va.....	2,604	Total	.....	13,928
Western.....	Leavenworth, Kan..	2,004			

Above is average number present in National Home for year ending June 30, 1891. Total number cared for in National Home during same period, 21,157.

NOTIFICATION.

All disabled soldiers and sailors of the United States—whether of the late war or the Mexican War—are notified that homes have been established at the places above-named, for all such as are unable to earn a living by labor. All the ordinary comforts of a home are provided—chapels for religious service, halls for concerts, lectures, etc., hospitals with experienced surgeons and nurses, library and reading-rooms, amusement halls, post and telegraph offices, stores, etc. Good behavior ensures the kindest treatment.

Soldiers and sailors are especially informed that the Home is neither an hospital nor almshouse, but a home where subsistence, quarters, clothing, religious instruction and amusements are provided by the Government of the United States. The provision is not a charity, but is a reward to the brave and deserving, and is their right, to be forfeited only by bad conduct at the Home, or conviction of heinous crimes.

A soldier or sailor desiring admission may apply by letter to either of the managers, whereupon a blank application will be sent to him, and if he be found duly qualified, transportation will be furnished; or he can apply personally, or by letter, at the branch nearest to his place of residence.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

1. An honorable discharge from the United States for service during Rebellion or Mexican War.
2. Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor.
3. Applicants for admission will be required to stipulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Home. Attention is called to the fact that by the law establishing the Home the members are made subject to the Rules and Articles of War, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the Army of the United States. Applicants must state whether or not they have been in a home before.
4. A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his Discharge Paper, and when he is a pensioner his Pension Certificate, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him, and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers be sent with it. If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the State, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his Pension Certificate to the Home, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasurer of the Home to draw the said moneys, and to hold and dispose of them, subject to the laws of Congress, and the rules, regulations and orders which have been or may hereafter be made by the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers. Pensioners receiving over $16 a month will not be admitted.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING PAYMENT OF PENSIONS.

The pensions to be paid to the beneficiaries of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, under the act approved February 26, 1881, making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, etc., shall be held by the treasurers of the branches, and be paid over to the pensioners at such times and in such amounts as the Governors may direct, with the following reservations:

A pensioner having a wife, child or parent dependent upon him may send, or may direct that all of his pension money shall be sent to such dependent relative.

The Governors may prevent a hurtful or wasteful or extravagant use of the pension money in any case by retaining a sufficient amount until in their opinion the danger of harm or waste or extravagance has passed; any balance due the pensioner at the date of his death shall be paid to his lawful heirs.

STATE HOMES FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

STATE.	Location.	No. of Members.	STATE.	Location.	No. of Members.
California.....	Yountville.....	234	New-Jersey.....	Kearney.....	313
Connecticut	Noroton.....	246	New-York	Bath.....	1,058
Illinois	Quincy.....	882	Ohio	Sandusky	595
Iowa	Marshalltown	353	Pennsylvania	Erie.	423
Kansas	Dodge City.....	30	Rhode-Island.....	Bristol.....	39
Massachusetts....	Chelsea....	193	South-Dakota....	Hot Springs.....	58
Michigan	Grand Rapids.....	463	Vermont.... .	Bennington.....	59
Minnesota	Minnehaha	134	Wisconsin.....	Waupaca..	99
Nebraska.....	Grand Island... ...	73			
New-Hampshire..	Tilton.....	40			5,292

Above is average number present in State Homes for year ending June 30, 1891.

SOLDIERS' HOMES—*Continued.*

STATISTICS OF SOLDIERS' HOMES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.

	1891.		1891.
Average number of members present, National Homes	13,931	Pensioners, number, National Homes	11,190
Average present and absent, National Homes	17,528	Pensions, amount, National Homes	$1,421,841.76
Whole number cared for, National Homes	21,157	Average amount of pension, National Homes	127.06
Deaths, National Homes	1,026	Amount reported as sent to families through Home Treasurers, National Homes	327,000.31
Average age of number cared for, National Homes	57.47	Amount paid pensioners direct, National Homes	1,046,147.03
Average age of those who died, National Homes	63.44	Average number present in State Homes	5,292
Amount expended for support of Home less construction and repairs, National Homes	$1,943,385.04	Amount paid State Homes	$520,697.85
Annual cost of maintenance of each man, National Homes	139.50	Average number present for the year in National and State Homes	19,106

UNITED STATES HOME FOR REGULAR ARMY SOLDIERS.

The United States Soldiers' Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged soldiers of the *regular* army. All soldiers who have served twenty years as enlisted men in the army (including volunteer service, if any), and all soldiers of less than twenty years' service who have incurred such disability, by wounds, disease, or injuries *in the line of duty while in the regular army,* as unfits them for further service, are entitled to the benefits of the Home.

A pensioner who enters the Home may assign his pension, or any part of it, to his child, wife or parent, by filing written notice with the agent who pays him. If not so assigned, it is drawn by the treasurer of the Home and held in trust for the pensioner, to whom it is paid in such sums as the commissioners deem proper while he is an inmate of the Home, the balance being paid in full when he takes his discharge and leaves the Home. Inmates are subject to the rules and articles of war, the same as soldiers in the army. They are comfortably lodged, fed and clothed, and receive medical attendance and medicines all without cost to them. There are 1,250 men now receiving the benefits of the Home.

The Board of Commissioners consist of "the General-in-Chief commanding the army, the Surgeon-General, the Commissary-General, the Adjutant-General, the Quartermaster-General, the Judge Advocate-General and the Governor of the Home."

Applications for admission to the Home may be addressed to the "Board of Commissioners, Soldiers' Home, War Department, Washington City, D. C.," and must give date of enlistment and date of discharge, with letter of company and number of regiment for each and every term of service, and rate of pension, if any, and must be accompanied by a medical certificate showing nature and degree of disability, if any exists.

The State Militia of the States of the Union.

STRENGTH OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND OF THE AVAILABLE ARMS-BEARING POPULATION OF EACH OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES.

COMPILED FOR THE WORLD ALMANAC from records in the War Department up to October 1, 1891, by Lieutenant W. R. Hamilton, Fifth Artillery, U. S. A.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Infantry.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Total Enlisted	Total Commissioned.	Number of Men available for Military Duty (unorganized).
Alabama	2,429	236	186	2,671	283	160,000
Arizona	286	....	....	286	21	14,980
Arkansas	2,118	....	....	2,118	202	125,000
California	3,293	56	870	3,954	386	139,352
Colorado	703	....	....	708	72	85,000
Connecticut	2,546	...	68	2,614	243	90,834
Delaware	428	118	....	546	58	38,000
D. of Columbia	251	43	35	1,329	146	42,000
Florida	933	528	27	960	838	47,705
Georgia	2,933	...	135	3,656	384	264,021
Idaho	282	....	..	308	26	10,000
Illinois	3,567	47	108	3,722	323	542,621
Indiana	1,965	23	178	2,166	178	451,075
Iowa	2,461	....	....	2,521	210	233,968
Kansas	1,676	....	51	1,727	152	225,000
Kentucky	1,199	...	....	1,199	72	385,000
Louisiana	1,173	152	239	1,564	101	138,439
Maine	1,007	....	....	1,007	83	97,503
Maryland	1,854	....	....	1,854	182	125,000
Massachusetts	4,687	217	311	4,615	375	339,691
Michigan	2,324	....	....	2,324	110	314,688
Minnesota	1,627	....	128	1,755	152	152,000
Mississippi	1,120	175	175	1,470	55	130,000
Missouri	1,887	...	120	2,007	154	350,000
Montana	485	77	57	619	58	31,050
Nebraska	1,143	54	60	1,257	87	113,500
Nevada	440	....	74	514	51	11,178
New-Hampshire	879	53	68	1,000	105	34,000
New-Jersey	3,989	....	....	3,989	306	284,800
New-Mexico	380	382	....	762	73	30,000
New-York	12,491	98	363	12,957	718	650,000
North-Carolina	1,282	35	....	1,317	161	225,000
North-Dakota	455	....	....	455	58	36,178
Ohio	4,176	60	500	4,736	374	600,000
Oregon	1,441	75	48	1,564	137	43,824
Pennsylvania	7,365	163	219	7,747	588	692,194
Rhode-Island	1,029	93	63	1,185	142	47,000
South-Carolina	2,917	1,269	518	4,704	509	116,000
South-Dakota	450	....	....	450	43	60,000
Tennessee	1,235	38	252	1,525	146	263,000
Texas	2,207	115	123	2,445	243	300,000
Vermont	709	....	....	709	75	44,164
Virginia	2,103	283	200	2,587	222	220,000
Washington	929	111	....	1,040	105	59,600
West-Virginia	756	....	....	756	92	90,000
Wisconsin	2,347	53	63	2,463	196	286,289
Wyoming	227	....	....	227	16	12,200
Total	92,203	4,554	5,224	101,981	9,311	9,760,156

Society of the Cincinnati.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

President-General.....Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL.D., N. Y.
Vice-President-General.....Hon. Robert Milligan McLane, Md.
Secretary-General.....Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D., R. I.
Treasurer-General.....Mr. John Schuyler, C.E., N. Y.
Assistant-Secretary-General.....Mr. Thomas Pinckney Lowndes, S. C.
Assistant-Treasurer-General.....Dr. Herman Burgin, N. J.

The historic and patriotic Order of the Cincinnati was founded by the American and French officers at the cantonments of the continental army on the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the War of the Revolution for American Independence in May, 1783.

In forming the society it was declared that, "To perpetuate, therefore, as well the remembrance of this vast event, as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute, and combine themselves into one Society of Friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and, in failure thereof, the collateral branches who may be judged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."

For convenience, thirteen State societies were formed, and one in France, under the direct patronage of Louis XVI. Upon the roll of original members appeared the names of all the great historic military and naval characters of the Revolution, and upon the roll of honorary members, elected for their own lives only, appeared many of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

THE RIGHT TO MEMBERSHIP.

All continental officers who had served with honor and resigned after three years' service as officers, or who had been rendered supernumerary and honorably discharged, in one of the several reductions of the American army, or who had continued to the end of the war, and all French officers who had served in the co-operating army under Count d'Estaing, or auxiliary army under Count de Rochambeau, and held or attained the rank of colonel for such services, or who had commanded a French ship of war on the American coast, were entitled to become original members, and upon doing so were required to contribute a month's pay.

STATE SOCIETIES.

Several State societies became dormant because the members had to emigrate to the lands given them for their services, west of the Alleghanies, and with broken health and ruined fortunes, begin life anew in failure of Congress to keep its promises as to half pay.

There now remains seven State societies, viz., those of Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland and South-Carolina, and the one in France, which was dispersed at the Reign of Terror in 1792, is now being re-established under the acting presidency of M. le Marquis de Rochambeau.

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The general society is composed of the general officers and five delegates from each State society, and meets triennially. In 1854 it ruled that proper descendants of Revolutionary officers who were entitled to original membership, but who never could avail themselves of it, are qualified for hereditary membership, if found worthy, on due application.

GENERAL OFFICERS SINCE ORGANIZATION.

The following have been the principal general officers:

PRESIDENTS-GENERAL.

1783..Gen. George Washington, LL.D., Va.
1800..Major-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, LL.D., N. Y.
1805..Major-Gen. C. Cotesworth Pinckney, LL.D., S.C.
1825..Major-Gen. Thos. Pinckney, A.M., S. C.
1829..Major-Gen. Aaron Ogden, LL.D., N. J.
1839..Major-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A.M., N. Y.
1844..Brevet-Major William Popham, N. Y.
1848..Brig.-Gen. A. Scammell Dearborn, A.M., Mass.
1854..Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL.D., N. Y.

VICE-PRESIDENTS-GENERAL.

1784..Maj.-Gen. Horatio Gates, LL.D., Va.
1787..Maj.-Gen. Thomas Mifflin, A.M., Pa.
1799..Maj.-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, LL.D., N. Y.
1800..Maj.-Gen. C. Cotesworth Pinckney, LL.D., S. C.
1805..Maj.-Gen. Henry Knox, A.M., Mass.
1811..Brig.-Gen. John Brooks, M.D., LL.D., Mass.
1825..Maj.-Gen. Aaron Ogden, LL.D., N. J.
1829..Maj.-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A.M., N. Y.
1839..Major the Hon. William Shute, N. J.
1844..Hon. Horace Binney, LL.D., Pa.
1848..Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL.D., N. Y.
1854..Hon. Charles Stewart Daveis, LL.D., Mass.
1866..Mr. James Warren Sever, A.M., Mass.
1872..Hon. James Simons, A.M., S. C.
1881..William Armstrong Irvine, M.D., Pa.
1887..Hon. Robert Milligan McLane, Md.

SECRETARIES-GENERAL.

1783..Maj.-Gen. Henry Knox, A.M., Mass.
1799..Major the Hon. William Jackson, Pa.
1829..Mr. Alexander W. Johnston, Pa.
1857..Thos. McEwen, A.M., M.D., Pa.
1875..Mr. Geo. Washington Harris, Pa.
1884..Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D., R. I.

The last triennial meeting of the general society was held in Baltimore and at Mount Vernon in May, 1890. The next triennial will be held in Boston, Mass., in 1893.

The office of the Secretary-General is at Garden City, Long-Island, N. Y.

The presidents of the State societies are as follows: Massachusetts, Mr. Winslow Warren; Rhode-Island, Hon. Nathanael Greene, LL.D.; New-York, Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL.D.; New-Jersey, Hon. Clifford Stanley Sims; Pennsylvania, Hon. William Wayne; Maryland, Hon. Robert M. McLane; South-Carolina, Rev. Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, D.D.

The number of living members of the Society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the Triennial Meeting, May, 1890, was 439. President Harrison is an honorary member in the Pennsylvania State Society, ex-President Cleveland and Major-General Howard, U. S. Army, are honorary members in the New-York State Society, and Major-General Schofield is an honorary member in the New-Jersey State Society.

Sons of the Revolution.

GENERAL OFFICERS:

General President, Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, Md.
General Vice-President, William Wayne, Pa.
General Treasurer, R. M. Cadwalader, Pa.
General Secretary, J. M. Montgomery, N. Y.
General Asst. Secretary, T. M. Cheeseman, N. Y.
General Asst. Treasurer, Arthur H. Dutton, Mass.
General Chaplain, D. C. Weston, D.D., N. Y.

The society of the "Sons of the Revolution" was originated in New-York in 1875 by John Austin Stevens, in conjunction with other patriotic gentlemen of Revolutionary ancestry. The New-York society was instituted February 22, 1876; reorganized December 3, 1883, and incorporated May 3, 1884, to "keep alive among ourselves and our descendants the patriotic spirit of the men who, in military, naval or civil service, by their acts or counsel, achieved American independence; to collect and secure for preservation the manuscript rolls, records and other documents relating to the war of the Revolution, and to promote intercourse and good feeling among its members now and hereafter."

Eligibility to membership is confined to male descendants from an ancestor who as a soldier, sailor or civil official assisted in establishing American independence during the war of the Revolution. The officers of the New-York Society are: *President*, Frederick S. Tallmadge; *Vice-President*, Floyd Clarkson; *Secretary*, James Mortimer Montgomery; *Treasurer*, Arthur M. Hatch; *Registrar*, Charles Isham; *Historian*, John Canfield Tomlinson; *Chaplain*, Rev. Brockholst Morgan. The membership, January, 1892, is 910.

There are six other State societies of the "Sons of the Revolution" now organized and others are being formed. Communications on the subject may be addressed to the General Secretary, James Mortimer Montgomery, 56 Wall Street, N. Y.

The Pennsylvania Society numbers 440 members, and the officers are: *President*, William Wayne; *Vice-President*, Richard M. Cadwalader; *Secretary*, George H. Burgin; *Treasurer*, Robert P. Dechert; *Chaplain*, Rev. George W. Hodge.

The Georgia Society numbers 65 members, with the following officers: *President*, Colonel John Screven; *Vice-President*, John G. Bullock, M.D.; *Secretary*, William Harden; *Assistant Secretary*, George M. Gausden; *Treasurer*, Waring Russell; *Chaplain*, L. C. Vass, D.D.

The District of Columbia Society numbers 104 members, with the following officers: *President*, John Lee Carroll; *Vice-President*, Rear-Admiral F. A. Roe; *Secretary*, Charles Worthington; *Treasurer*, Alexander B. Legare; *Chaplain*, Rev. George W. Douglas, D.D.

The New Jersey Society, recently formed, has 60 members, with S. Meredith Dickinson President, and the Massachusetts Society has 51 members, with William Leverett Chase President. The Iowa Society has 24 members, with Right Rev. Dr. Perry, Bishop of Iowa, as President.

SONS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

This is a distinct association, and its general society was organized April 30, 1889, in New-York, and chartered in Connecticut in 1890. Its purposes are the same as those of the older organization. The officers are: *President-General*, Dr. William Seward Webb; *Vice-Presidents-General*, Lucius P. Deming, of Connecticut; ex-Governor Simon B. Buckner, Kentucky; W. H. Arnoux, New-York; J. C. Pumpelly, New-Jersey; *Registrar-General*, L. L. Tarbell, Massachusetts; *Secretary-General*, Lieut. J. C. Cresap, U. S. N., Annapolis, Md.

State societies of the "Sons of the American Revolution" have been organized in New-Jersey, Connecticut, Maryland, Vermont, Massachusetts, Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, New-Hampshire, Rhode-Island, Virginia and in some other States and in the District of Columbia, but many of them contain as yet only enough members for organization. A California society of descendants of Revolutionary patriots, entitled "Sons of Revolutionary Sires," organized July 4, 1876, having reorganized and changed its name in 1889, has been admitted to membership. There are two organizations of a New-York society of "Sons of the American Revolution," one, a local patriotic society, having its principal office in Queens County, chartered by the State of New-York September 26, 1889, George N. Conklin President, and having no connection with the general society; the other subsequently formed and located in the city of New-York, with Hon. Chauncey M. Depew as President. The membership of the "Sons of the American Revolution" is reported as over 2,500.

DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

A general society was organized in Washington, D. C., in 1890, of female descendants of Revolutionary patriots. There are now 16 State societies and over 1,000 members. The officers of the general society are: *President-General*, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison; *Vice-Presidents-General*, Mrs. William D. Cabell, Mrs. A. W. Greely, Mrs. G. Brown-Goode, Mrs. William C. Winlock, Mrs. William Earle, Mrs. H. V. Boynton, Mrs. F. O. St. Clair and Miss Mary Desha; *Secretaries-General*, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth and Miss S. P. Breckinridge; *Registrars-General*, Miss Eugenia Washington and Mrs. A. Howard Clarke.

DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION.

A New-York State society of "Daughters of the Revolution" was organized by Mrs. Flora Adams Darling on August 20, 1890. The officers are as follows: *Director-General*, Mrs. Flora Adams Darling; *Managing-Director*, Mrs. Edward Poulet Steers; *Curator*, Mrs. De Witt Clinton Mather; *Registrar*, Mrs. J. J. Casey; *Secretary*, Mrs. Judge Ingraham; *Directors*, Mrs. Judge Truax, Mrs. General Horatio C. King, Mrs. Robert Stevens, Mrs. De Valney Everett, Mrs. Judge Dayton, Mrs. LeRoy Sunderland Smith and Mrs. Leon Burnett.

Society of Tammany or Columbian Order.

OFFICERS.

Grand Sachem, Thomas F. Gilroy; *Sachems*, Hugh J. Grant, Richard Croker, John J. Gorman, Henry D. Purroy, William H. Clark, John McQuade, Charles Welde, Bernard F. Martin, John H. V. Arnold, W. Bourke Cockran, Charles E. Simmons, Thomas L. Feitner, Charles M. Clancy; *Secretary*, John B. McGoldrick; *Treasurer*, Arthur Leary; *Sagamore*, William H. Dobbs; *Wiskinkie*, Daniel M. Donegan.

This organization was formed in 1789, being the effect of a popular movement in New-York, having primarily in view a counterweight to the so-called "aristocratic" Society of the Cincinnati. It was essentially anti-Federalist or Democratic in its character, and its chief founder was William Mooney, an upholsterer and a native-born American of Irish extraction. It took its first title from a noted ancient wise and friendly chief of the Delaware tribe of Indians, named Tammany, who had, for the want of a better subject, been canonized by the

soldiers of the Revolution as the American patron saint. The first meeting was held May 12, 1789. The act of incorporation was passed in 1805. The Grand Sachem and thirteen Sachems were designed to typify the President and the governors of the thirteen original States. William Mooney was the first Grand Sachem. The society is nominally a charitable and social organization, and is distinct from the general committee of the Tammany Democracy, which is a political organization.

Society of the War of 1812.

A SOCIETY with this title was founded by veterans of the war in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1854. It has been inactive for some years and until recently. The present officers are: *President*, John Cadwalader, Pennsylvania; *Vice-Presidents*, Maj. A. Jackson Reilly, Pennsylvania; Rear-Admiral Roe, U. S. N.; Colonel M. I. Ludington, U. S. A.; *Secretary*, Peter S. Hay, Philadelphia, Pa., the present headquarters of the society.

SOCIETY OF THE WAR OF 1812 IN THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Instituted as a military society by the veterans of the War of 1812, on September 10, 1890, and incorporated under the laws of the State of New-York, Dec. 31, 1891.

The officers are: *President*, Rev. Morgan Dix, D.D., D.C.L.; *Vice-President*, Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D.; *Secretary*, Appleton Morgan, LL.D.; *Treasurer*, Gouverneur Mather Smith, M.D. The Board of Directors includes the officers and Lieutenant Michael Moore, U. S. Army (retired), and General Abraham Dally, both of the War of 1812, and Hon. James M. Varnum and James Mortimer Montgomery. The office of the Secretary is No. 21 Park Row, New-York City.

The original members comprise those who actually served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the War of 1812, or on vessels other than merchant ships which sailed under commissions of letters of marque and reprisal from the United States in that war.

The hereditary members comprise such male descendants of those qualified for original membership as may be deemed worthy and admitted on due application in their own right.

The purposes of the order are to inspire among the members and among the American people the patriotic spirit of the men who, during the War of 1812, defended their country against hostile encroachments on its rights and interests and caused its sovereignty and independence to be respected; to inculcate and maintain the great principles of the laws of nations for which they contended; to collect and preserve the manuscript rolls, records and other documents relating to that war, and to commemorate the land and naval victories of the American arms in that war; to undertake and assist in the erection of proper memorials thereof; to perpetuate the mutual friendships formed in that war under the pressure of common danger and to promote fellowship among the members of every degree.

Pursuant to the resolve of the United States Congress, approved September 25, 1890, officers and enlisted men in the army or navy of the United States, who are either original or hereditary members of this military society, are authorized to wear its distinctive insignia or badge on all occasions of ceremony.

Aztec Club.

OFFICERS.

President, General Daniel M. Frost, Mo.; *Vice-President*, General Fitz John Porter, N. Y.; *Secretary*, General Innis N. Palmer; *Assistant-Secretary*, Mark B. Hatch, D. C.; *Treasurer*, Colonel Delancey Floyd-Jones, N. Y.

This society, originally composed of officers of the United States armies who served in the war with Mexico, was formed in the City of Mexico in 1847, "with a view to cherish the memories and keep alive the traditions that cluster about the names of those officers who took part in the Mexican war." Membership is confined to officers who served in the war or their blood relatives. Each primary member may nominate as his successor his son or a blood relative, who during the life of the primary member is known as associate-member, and on the death of the former is entitled, as his representative, to full membership. The headquarters of the organization are in Washington, D. C. The address of the Assistant-Secretary is Mark B. Hatch, Treasury Department.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

OFFICERS.

Commander-in-Chief, Major-General Rutherford B. Hayes; *Senior Vice-Commander*, Rear-Admiral John J. Almy; *Junior Vice-Commander*, Colonel Nelson Cole; *Recorder-in-Chief*, Lieutenant-Colonel John P. Nicholson; *Registrar-in-Chief*, Brigadier-General Albert Ordway; *Treasurer-in-Chief*, Brigadier-General Charles A. Carleton.

The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized by officers and ex-officers of the army, navy and marine corps of the United States who took part in the Civil War of 1861-65. Membership descends to the eldest direct male lineal descendant, according to the rules of primogeniture. There are 20 commanderies, each representing a State, and one commandery representing the District of Columbia. Each has its corps of officers. The total membership of the Loyal Legion, October 31, 1891, was 9,640.

Sons of Veterans, U. S. A.

OFFICERS.

Commander-in-Chief, Bartow S. Weeks, New-York City; *Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief*, Harry S. Fuller, Milwaukee, Wis.; *Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief*, Charles A. Bookwalter, Indianapolis, Ind.; *Adjutant-General*, Raphael Tobias, New-York City; *Quartermaster-General*, John V. B. Clarkson, New-York City; *Inspector-General*, Henry Frazee, Cleveland, Ohio; *Judge-Advocate-General*, R. Shaw Van Denison, Iowa; *Surgeon-General*, Frank N. Gier, Hillsdale, Mich.; *Chaplain-in-Chief*, George W. Pollit, Paterson, N. J.

The Sons of Veterans is an organization composed of the lineal descendants, over 18 years of age, of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines who served in the late Civil War. There are 32 organized divisions in 44 States and Territories and in Canada. Each division has its own corps of officers, the chief of which is the Division Commander. The organization has 2,500 camps and about 100,000 members. The eleventh annual meeting of the Commandery-in-Chief will be held at Helena, Mont., in 1892, on a day to be fixed by the Council-in-Chief.

United Confederate Veterans.

OFFICERS.

General Commanding, John B. Gordon, Georgia; *Lieutenant-General, Eastern Division*, E. Kirby Smith; *Lieutenant-General, Western Division*, H. W. Mansur; *Adjutant-General*, Clement A. Evans, Georgia; *Quartermaster-General*, Stephen D. Lee, Mississippi; *Inspector-General*, Robert F. Hoke, North-Carolina; *Judge Advocate-Generals*, Matthew C. Butler, South-Carolina, and William B. Bate, Tennessee; *Commissary-General*, Joseph Wheeler, Alabama; *Surgeon-General*, Joseph Jones, M.D., Louisiana; *Chaplain*, R. L. Dabney, Texas.

This association was organized at New-Orleans June 10, 1889. Its avowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical, and benevolent. Its constitution says that it "will endeavor to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans, soldiers and sailors now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the States; to preserve relics or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, common sufferings and privations; to care for the disabled and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and to make and preserve a record of the resources of every member, and, as far as possible, of those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity." State organizations are authorized, and are called Divisions. The present headquarters of the association are at Atlanta, Ga., the Secretary being W. H. Harrison, and the Treasurer, R. U. Hardeman.

Union Veteran Legion.

OFFICERS.

National Commander, Joseph E. Palmer, Jr., 346 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.; *Senior Vice National Commander*, Datus E. Coon, San Diego, Cal.; *Junior vice National Commander*, John T. Brady, Washington, D. C.; *Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff*, Thomas C. McKean, 446 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.; *Quartermaster-General*, Frank L. Blair, Petoskey, Mich.; *Judge Advocate General*, William H. Redheffer, Philadelphia, Pa.; *Inspector-General*, James R. Ross, Indianapolis, Ind.; *Surgeon-General*, William Goehrig, M.D., Williamsport, Pa.; *Chief Mustering Officer*, James S. Smyth Williamsport, Pa.; *Chaplain-in-Chief*, Rev. John A. Danks, Alleghany, Pa.

The Union Veteran Legion was organized at Pittsburgh, Pa., March, 1884, and the national organization was perfected, November 17, 1886. Encampments are now organized in 18 States and the District of Columbia, numbering 104 encampments. To become a member, the applicant must have been an officer, soldier, sailor or marine of the Union army, navy or marine corps during the late Civil War, who *volunteered prior to July* 1, 1863, for a term of three years, and was honorably discharged, for any cause, after a service of at least two continuous years; or was, at any time, discharged by reason of wounds received in the line of duty; also those who volunteered for a term of two years *prior to July* 22, 1861, *and served their full term of enlistment*, unless discharged for wounds received in the line of duty; but no drafted person, nor substitute, nor any one who has at any time borne arms against the United States is eligible. A statement by the adjutant-general of the Legion says: "It is believed that those who entered the service prior to July, 1863, had but one object in view, and that was the preservation of the Union. There were no bounties prior to that date, nor were there any fears of a draft; consequently, those who shouldered a musket or wielded a sabre felt that it was a sacred duty to offer their lives in defence of their country's honor." An article of the rules provides that "No officer or comrade of the Union Veteran Legion shall in any manner use this organization for partisan purposes, and no discussion of partisan questions shall be permitted at any of its meetings."

Regular Army and Navy Union.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL CORPS.

National Commander, James F. Roche, Boston, Mass.; *National Vice Commander*, John M. Holt, Newport, R. I.; *National Deputy Commander*, Edward J. Davis, Omaha, Neb.; *National Paymaster*, F. A. Emery, Roxbury, Mass.; *National Adjutant*, H. G. Collins, 15 Milton Place, Boston, Mass.; *National Chaplain*, Rev. R. S. Sidelinger, Portland, Me.; *National Judge Advocate*, C. B. Stone, West Acton, Mass.; *National Inspector*, John A. Keefe, Boston, Mass.; *National Surgeon*, Jacob A. Lommell, Newport, R. I.

The Regular Army and Navy Union was organized in Cincinnati, O., in March, 1888. The National organization (called National Corps) was perfected in August, 1890. It admits to its ranks ex-members of the regular army, navy and marine corps of the United States of America who have been honorably discharged from the service, no matter if they served before, during or since the war. The next session of the National Corps will take place on September 25, 1892, in Detroit, Mich. There are at present thirty-one garrisons located in as many different States and Territories.

Patriotic Order Sons of America.

OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL CAMP.

National President, Clarence F. Huth, Shamokin, Pa.; *National Vice-President*, Joseph Williams; *National Master of Forms*, R. M. J. Reed; *National Secretary*, Federick E. Stees, 524 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; *National Treasurer*, John H. Hoffer.

This order was organized in Philadelphia in 1847, and had extended through several Eastern and Southern States when the Civil War broke out. After the restoration of peace the order was reorganized, and is now established in nearly every State and Territory, with a membership of about 100,000.

The order has for its object "the inculcation of pure American principles and reverence for American institutions; the cultivation of paternal affection among American freemen; the opposition to foreign interference with State interests in the United States of America, and to any form of organized disregard of American laws and customs; the preservation of the Constitution of the United States, and the advancement of our free public school system. Its immediate benefits are home benevolence, the care of its sick, the burial of its dead, the protection of and assistance to all connected with it who may be in need."

To be a member, a person must have been born on the soil or within the jurisdiction of the United States, and "must believe in the existence of a Supreme Being as the Creator and Preserver of the Universe." Its motto is "God, our Country, and our Order."

Society of Loyal Volunteers.

THE officers of the National Board of Founders are: *Chairman*, Allen R. Foote, Washington, D.C.; *Vice Chairman*, Frank R. Williams; *Secretary*, George A. Priest, *Treasurer*, Harrison Dingman.

This society was founded in 1891. Its membership is composed of all persons, male and female, whose record and character as soldiers or citizens is untarnished. The objects of the organization are said to be "to teach that the duty of loyalty demands that each citizen should faithfully perform the duties of a volunteer soldier in times of war and the duties of a citizen in times of peace, and to secure the enactment of just laws and their equitable administration, for the assistance, care and maintenance of all loyal citizens who are in need, by reason of their loss of earning capacity, incurred in the performance of their duty during the war for the preservation of the Union. The organization will oppose the granting of pensions to the shirks, cowards and vice-destroyed men who encumbered muster-rolls of the Union army, devoured its subsistence, and crowded honest but disabled men out of its hospitals."

The Scotch-Irish Society of America.

OFFICERS.

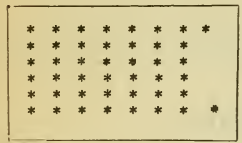
President, Robert Bonner, New-York City; *Vice-President-General*, Rev. J. S. McIntosh, D.D., Philadelphia, Pa.; *First Vice-President-at-Large*, J. F. Johnston, Birmingham, Ala.; *Second Vice-President-at Large*, T. T. Wright, Nashville, Tenn.; *Secretary*, A. C. Floyd, Columbia, Tenn.; *Treasurer*, Lucius Frierson, Columbia, Tenn. There are also vice-presidents for the States and Territories represented in the society, Rev. Dr. John Hall representing New-York, Colonel A. K. McClure, Pennsylvania, and Bishop Hugh Miller Thompson, Mississippi.

This society was organized in May, 1889, when the first Scotch-Irish Congress was held at Columbia, Tenn. It is composed of the people of Scotch-Irish descent, residents of the United States. Its purpose is declared to be "the preservation of Scotch-Irish history and associations, the increase and diffusion of knowledge regarding the Scotch-Irish people, the keeping alive of the characteristic qualities and sentiments of the race, the promotion of intelligent patriotism and the development of social intercourse and fraternal feeling." State societies are being formed, and the growth of the organization is expected to be large, as the race is widely extended over the Union, and particularly in the middle South, where such men as Andrew Jackson, John C. Calhoun and Sam Houston were its types.

The second congress of the society was held at Pittsburgh, Pa., May 29–June 1, 1890. The next meeting will be at Atlanta, Ga., May, 5, 1892.

The American Ensign.

THE revised statutes of the United States provide that "On the admission of a new State to the Union one star shall be added to the union of the flag; and such addition shall take effect on the fourth day of July then next succeeding such admission."



Field of the Flag from July 4, 1891.

From the date of the admission of Colorado, in 1876, to that of North-Dakota, November 2, 1889, the union or blue field of the United States flag bore 38 stars. The admission of North-Dakota, South-Dakota, Montana and Washington added four more stars to the field, and the flag flung to the breeze July 4, 1890, contained 42 stars. The Idaho admission bill had been signed by President Harrison the day previous, but too late for the addition of its star to the flag. Wyoming has since been admitted, and the flag therefore has borne since July 4, 1891, and will until another State is admitted, forty-four stars. The Navy Department has arranged the order of the stars on the new field, which is as represented in the accompanying diagram, and the President has approved of the design. There are four rows of seven stars each, and two rows of eight stars each, the latter being the upper and lower rows.

The Library of Congress.

THE Library of Congress occupies the entire western projection of the central Capitol building. The original library was in 1800, but was destroyed with the Capitol in 1814, during the war with England. It was afterward replenished by the purchase of the library belonging to ex-President Jefferson, by Congress, embracing about 7,000 volumes. In 1851 it contained 55,000 volumes, and by an accidental fire in that year the whole collection was destroyed, except 20,000 volumes. It was rebuilt in 1852, when $75,000 was appropriated in one sum to replenish the collection. The new library halls, three in number, are fitted up with ornamental iron cases and iron ceilings, the whole being perfectly fire-proof. The library is recruited by regular appropriations made by Congress, which average about $11,000 per annum; also by additions received by copyright, by exchanges, and from the Smithsonian Institution. The library of the Smithsonian Institution has now been deposited in the Library of Congress, where it is secured against loss by fire. This collection is especially rich in scientific works, embracing the largest assemblage of the transactions of learned societies which exists in the country. The library was also enriched by the presentation to the Government, in 1882, of the large private library of Dr. Joseph M. Toner, of Washington, numbering over 27,000 volumes, besides nearly as many pamphlets. The donor, whose public spirit is worthy of emulation, adds to the collection annually. The library of copyright books was removed here from the Patent Office in 1870, and all copyrights issued in the United States are now recorded in the books deposited in the office of the Librarian of Congress. The present number of volumes in the whole library, including law books, which are kept in a separate library room under the Supreme Court, is over 625,000, besides about 200,000 pamphlets. A new building to contain its overflowing stores of learning and to afford room for their proper arrangement is in progress of erection, a liberal appropriation having been made by the Fiftieth Congress. This collection is very rich in history, political science, jurisprudence, and in books, pamphlets, and periodicals of American publication, or relating in any way to America. At the same time, the library is a universal one in its range, no department of literature or science being unrepresented. The public are privileged to use the books in the library, while members of Congress and about thirty official members of the Government only can take away books. Ainsworth R. Spofford is librarian, with a corps of nineteen assistants.—*The Congressional Directory.*

Commander-in-Chief.....John Palmer, Albany, N. Y.

S. Vice-Com...Henry M. Duffield, Detroit, Mich.
J. Vice-Com.....T. S. Clarkson, Omaha, Neb.

Surgeon-General.Benj. F. Stevenson, Visalia, Ky.
Chaplain-in-Chief.S. B. Paine, St. Augustine, Fla.

OFFICIAL STAFF.

Adjutant-Gen .. Fred. Phisterer, Albany, N. Y.
Quartermaster-Gen.....John Taylor, Phila., Pa.

Inspector-Gen ....J. F. Pratt, East Orange, N. J.
Judge Adv.-Gen.....J. W. O'Neall, Lebanon, O.

The National Council of Administration has 44 members, each department being represented by one member.

DEPARTMENT OFFICERS AND MEMBERSHIP.

Departments. (44.)	Department Commanders.*		Department Asst. Adjt. Generals.*		Members.
Alabama	Seymour Bullock	Mobile.	W. J. Pender	Birmingham.	334
Arizona	Ed. Schwartz	Phœnix.	C. D. Belden	Phœnix.	293
Arkansas	Wm. H. H. Clayton	Fort Smith.	S. K. Robinson	Fort Smith.	2,200
California	W. H. L. Barnes	San Francisco	T. C. Masteller	San Francisco	5,812
Col. and Wyoming	George W. Cook	Denver.	Philip Trounstine	Denver.	2,901
Connecticut	H. N. Fanton	Danbury.	John H. Thacher	Hartford.	6,807
Delaware	Daniel Greene	Newport.	John B. Stradley	Wilmington.	1,280
Florida	John H. Welsh	Welshton.	T. S. Wilmarth	Jacksonville.	471
Georgia	A. E. Sholes	Augusta.	A. Guiton	Augusta.	455
Idaho	Judson Spofford	Boisé City.	Norman H. Camp	Boisé City.	439
Illinois	Horace S. Clark	Mattoon.	P. L. McKinnie	Chicago.	32,329
Indiana	I. N. Walker	Indianapolis.	Irvin Robbins	Indianapolis.	24,726
Iowa	Charles L. Davidson	Hull.	Charles L. Longley	Cedar Rapids.	20,174
Kansas	T. McCarthy	Larned.	A. B. Campbell	Larned.	17,716
Kentucky	S. G. Hillis	Fearis.	A. S. Cole	Fearis.	3,973
La. and Mississippi.	George T. Hodges	New-Orleans.	C. W. Keeting	New-Orleans.	1,093
Maine	Samuel L. Miller	Waldoboro.	E. C. Milliken	Portland.	9,700
Maryland	J. C. Hill	Baltimore.	Hugh A. Maughlin	Baltimore.	2,423
Massachusetts	A. A. Smith	Griswoldville.	A. C. Munroe	Boston.	23,781
Michigan	Charles L. Eaton	Paw Paw.	K. W. Noyes	Paw Paw.	19,280
Minnesota	C. D. Parker	St. Paul.	Joseph L. Brigham	St. Paul.	7,947
Missouri	George W. Martin	Brookfield.	Thomas B. Rodgers	St. Louis.	20,822
Montana	H. C. Kessler	Butte.	L. F. Wyman	Butte.	626
Nebraska	Joseph Teeter	Lincoln.	J. W. Bowen	Lincoln.	4,144
New-Hampshire	E. B. Huse	Enfield.	J. Minot	Concord.	5,211
New-Jersey	J. R. Mullikin	Newark.	F. W. Sullivan	Newark.	7,798
New-Mexico	Albert P. Fountain	Las Cruces.	J. F. Bennett	Las Cruces.	292
New-York	C. H. Freeman	Corning.	W. W. Bennett	Albany.	40,444
North-Dakota	William A. Bentley	Bismarck.	John Bowen	Bismarck.	535
Ohio	A. M. Warner	Cincinnati.	W. B. Folger	Cincinnati.	45,522
Oklahoma and I. T.	G. A. Colton	Kingfisher.	E. B. Burns	Kingfisher.	552
Oregon	Owen Summers	Portland.	R. S. Greenleaf	Portland.	2,052
Pennsylvania	George G. Boyer	Harrisburg.	S. P. Town	Philadelphia.	43,168
Potomac	J. M. Pipes	Washington.	John P. Church	Washington.	3,312
Rhode-Island	Benjamin H. Child	Providence.	Edmund F. Prentiss	Providence.	2,856
South-Dakota	C. S. Palmer	Sioux Falls.	W. D. Stiles	Sioux Falls.	2,769
Tennessee	A. J. Gahagan	Chattanooga.	H. B. Case	Chattanooga.	3,719
Texas	M. W. Mann	Dallas.	J. C. Bigger	Dallas.	1,305
Utah	Frank Hoffman	SaltLakeCity.	F. P. Addleman	Salt Lake City	184
Vermont	D. L. Morgan	Rutland.	C. C. Kinsman	Rutland.	5,487
Virginia	H. B. Nichols	Norfolk.	W. N. Eaton	Portsmouth.	1,422
Wash. and Alaska	D. G. Lovell	Tacoma.	Frank Clendennen	Tacoma.	2,783
West-Virginia	I. H. Duval	Wellsburg.	George B. Crawford	Wellsburg.	2,633
Wisconsin	W. H. Upham	Marshfield.	E. B. Gray	Marshfield	13,710
Total June 30, 1891					398,270

New department officers are elected from January to April, 1892.

The first post of the Grand Army was organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. The first department encampment was held at Springfield, Ill., July 12, 1866. The first national encampment was held at Indianapolis, November 20, 1866.

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

1866—Indianapolis....Stephen A. Hurlbut, Ill.
1868—Philadelphia....John A. Logan, Illinois.
1869—Cincinnati.....John A. Logan, Illinois.
1870—Washington....John A. Logan, Illinois.
1871—Boston.....A. E. Burnside, Rhode-Isl.
1872—Cleveland.....A. E. Burnside, Rhode-Isl.
1873—New-Haven.....Charles Devens, Jr., Mass.
1874—Harrisburg.....Charles Devens, Jr., Mass.
1875—Chicago.....John F. Hartranft, Pa.
1876—Philadelphia....John F. Hartranft, Pa
1877—Providence ...J. C. Robinson, New-York.
1878—Spri'gfield, Mass. J. C. Robinson, New-York.
1879—Albany.....William Earnshaw, Ohio.
1880—Dayton, O.....Louis Wagner, Pa.
1881—Indianapolis....George S. Merrill, Mass.
1882—Baltimore.....Paul Van Der Voort, Neb.
1883—Denver.....Robert B. Beath, Pa.
1884—Minneapolis....John S. Kuntz, Ohio.
1885—Portland, Me... S. S. Burdette, Wash.
1886—San Francisco ..Lucius Fairchild, Wis.
1887—St. Louis.....John P. Rae, Minnesota.
888—Columbus, O... William Warner, Mo.
1889—Milwaukee, Wis. Russell A. Alger, Mich.
1890—Boston, Mass...Wheelock G. Veazey, Vt.
1891—Detroit, Mich...John Palmer, New York.

The Armed Strength of Europe.

TABLE SHOWING RESOURCES IN THE EVENT OF A GENERAL CONFLICT.

THE military and naval statistics embraced in the following tables were specially prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Lieutenant W. R. Hamilton, Fifth Artillery, United States Army, and corrected from the latest official reports on file at the War Department, December, 1891.

LAND FORCES.

	Germany.	France.	Italy.	Austria-Hungary.	Russia	Great Britain.	Turkey.
ACTIVE ARMY.							
Officers	22,441	26,362	17,288	22,892	28,140	136,842	8,978
Non-com. Offs. & Men	787,563	1,098,896	796,564	852,498	1,670,000		146,200
Non-combatants	272,520	242,454	16,306	15,560	82,640	13,200	.....
Horses	284,466	243,782	83,000	172,400	298,000	62,460	23,000
Guns	2,220	2,284	1,292	1,622	2,740	464	2,432
Vehicles	35,364	41,428	.....	23,900	19,300	.....	.....
FIELD RESERVE.							
Officers	13,110	9,694	3,404	6,928	26,494	68,506	17,640
Non-com. Offs. & Men	392,103	901,200	288,636	283,600	998,316		600,000
Non-combatants	3,671	46,500	.....	.....	88,000	.....	.....
Horses	71,000	61,702	.....	23,105	69,400	.....	84,000
Guns	924	1,788	.....	.....	1,460	356	4,000*
Vehicles	13,902	5,636	.....	.....	11,408	.....	.....
FIRST RESERVE.							
Officers	12,200	16,149	6,600	2,502	24,300	750,000	.....
Non-com. Offs. & Men	888,000	940,000	1,392,000	864,000	1,167,000		.....
Horses	87,680	80,000	60,608	.....	147,300	136,590	.....
Guns	900	*5,960	1,542	.....	316	1,260	.....
SECOND RESERVE.						COLONIAL AND INDIAN STATE TROOPS.	
Officers	11,782	14,204	914	.....	4,000,000	224,000	.....
Non-com. Offs. & Men	786,400	1,162,967	16,908	.....			.....
Horses	7,506	30,000	.....	.....	230,000	.....	.....
Guns	528	896	.....	.....	.....	182	.....
GRAND TOTAL.							
Officers	59,533	66,409	28,206	32,322	7,914,250	1,179,350	26,618
Non-com. Offs. & Men	2,854,066	4,103,063	2,494,108	2,000,098			746,200
Horses	450,652	415,484	143,608	195,505	744,700	62,460*	107,000
Guns	4,572	10,928	2,834	1,622	4,516	2,262	6,492
PEACE ESTABLISHM'NT							
Infantry	342,508	352,360	183,194	220,100	600,000	46,207	Same as Active Army, minus Reserve.
Cavalry	72,362	70,280	25,100	49,640	132,680	35,922	
Artillery	60,400	76,804	27,242	25,698	78,900	37,288	
Engineers & Train	24,692	28,670	16,098	29,000	24,200	22,000	
Horses	150,306	124,695	80,608	70,000	390,000	63,000	
Guns	1,538	*10,000	1,292	1,622	2,740	464	
TOT. PEACE ESTABM'T							
Men	499,862	528,114	251,634	324,438	835,780	141,417	.....
Horses	150,306	124,695	80,608	70,000	390,000	63,000	.....
Guns	1,538	10,000	1,292	1,622	2,740	464	.....

* Including fortress guns on frontier.

Service in all Continental armies is compulsory on all able-bodied males between certain ages. The length of service and the age vary in different countries. Thus in France every Frenchman upon reaching the age of 20 is liable to military service till he reaches the age of 40. In Germany every male is liable on reaching the age of 17, and continues so till he reaches 45. Military service is of two kinds—active military service and occasional liability to military service. Each year a certain number of males reach the age of liability, and are enrolled for service. From their numbers are excused all who are morally and physically unfit, and then a certain number are transferred to non-combatant corps. All who actually serve throughout the entire year constitute the peace establishment. At the end of five years, their actual service having ceased, they are graduated soldiers, and are transferred to the first reserve; and after a few years' service in that to another reserve. All the graduated soldiers who are under the extreme age of 30 or 32 constitute the active army—that is, they are the ones who, on breaking out of war, with the peace army, form the first great war army, and all the graduated soldiers between ages of 32 and 45 constitute the reserves to this army, and form second armies. Then all those over the age of 40 or 45 form the last reserves, whose business it is to stay at home and garrison the depots, make the provisions and supplies, ammunition, etc., for the war armies. They are never called out except in case of invasion.

The "vehicles" in the tables mean the wagons used for transporting guns and ammunition, clothing and food supplies, the ambulances, etc., necessary for an army in the field. By the "train" is meant the pontoon outfits, bridge-building outfits, etc., which accompany the engineer troops and are under their charge.

ARMED STRENGTH OF EUROPE—*Continued.*

LAND FORCES.

	Spain.	Belgium.	Netherlands.	Denmark.	Sweden and Norway.	Danubian States. Servia.	Roumania.	E. Roumelia.	Bulgaria.
Infantry	62,264	71,542	46,216	26,900	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cavalry	9,000	7,400	4,500	2,160	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Artillery	10,698	17,366	12,000	7,288	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Engineers and Train	2,840	2,500	1,100	600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	84,802	98,808	63,816	37,148	32,000	53,589	29,000	12,600	67,000
Raised to War Strength	.....	.....	.....	52,700	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cuban Army	46,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Porto Rico Army	9,600	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philippines Army	12,480	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Indian Army	.....	.....	29,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
First Reserve Army	.....	.....	.....	.....	86,198	60,000	29,000	27,000	52,000
Second Reserve Army	.....	.....	.....	.....	149,312	.....	.....	.....	.....
					Norway				
Peace Army	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
War Army	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Standing Army	152,882	.....	92,816	37,148	32,000	53,589	29,000	12,600	67,000
Reserves	321,680	72,460	63,106	38,000	260,000	79,000	29,000	32,000	62,000
Grand Total	474,562	173,268	155,922	75,148	589,510	132,589	58,000	44,600	129,000

NAVIES.

Class of Vessel.	Germany.	France.	Italy.	Russia.	Austria.	Great Britain.	Netherlands	Spain.	Sweden and Norway.	Turkey.	Denmark.
Armored Ships	19	61	20	39	12	84	24	15	5– 5	14	7
Guns	240	672	288	148	126	654	78	132	10– 10	108	58
Unarmored Vessels	37	139	42	54	19	130	47	78	8– 6	49	7
Guns	434	864	168	362	160	1,342	172	118	117– 118	177	17
Torpedo Catchers	9	27	7	....	....	17	....	3	3– ...	...	....
Torpedo Boats	130	132	86	147	40	260	56	36	29– 5	....	....
Armored Gunboats	23	12	3	12	2	9	7	3	11– ...	5	5
Guns	33	38	12	44	7	26	17	14	18– ...	10	15
Unarmored Gunboats	32	48	26	44	27	179	24	76	18– 13	17	3
Guns	89	111	110	84	69	455	70	113	18– 19	29	4
Transports, Tugs, etc.	17	55	32	9	28	260	27	10	3– 10	24	....
Dispatch Vessels	6	31	8	8	2	6	1	1	....	7	....
Guns	21	142	36	27	2	12	4	2	....	28	....
Training Ships	9	15	16	3	5	19	17	2	....	....	....
Guns	70	136	148	38	21	178	78	13	....	....	....
Total number of Guns											
80 tons or over	10	17	32	9	2	28	....	....	....	....	....
40 " to 80 tons	20	58	40	32	20	68	8	30	19– 10	55	30
20 " " 40 "	64	342	96	49	98	336	48	90	90– 12	81	70
4 " " 20 "	246	980	238	269	236	572	130	226	88– 72	112	47
Officers	1,500	3,400	630	3,000	950	4,300	800	2,321	520– 100	1,800	164
Seamen	8,000	48,000	13,500	29,000	7,000	41,500	7,600	17,400	5100– 612	30,000	4,200
Marine Officers	200	965	96	780	48	364	60	256	45– 25	90	....
Marine Soldiers	1,700	23,550	3,000	4,300	9,000	12,000	2,700	7,500	900– 700	4,500	....
Total Active List	11,908	75,915	17,226	37,080	8,998	58,164	10,160	27,477	6565–1437	36,390	4,364
Reserve (Naval)	34,000	150,000	15,000	24,000	7,500	55,000	3,500	6,700	4200– ...	....	....

RESOURCES IN ABLE-BODIED MEN.

The average proportion of men in Europe capable of bearing arms is estimated at about 25 per cent of the population. For financial resources, see tables of "Wealth of the Nations" and "Statistics of Foreign Countries," on other pages. This table was compiled by the editor of the Almanac from population returns in the "Statesman's Year Book," London.

Nations.	Population Capable of Bearing Arms.*	Nations.	Population Capable of Bearing Arms.*	Nations.	Population Capable of Bearing Arms.*
Austria	9,800,000	Great Britain†	12,000,000	Russia‡	22,000,000
Belgium	1,460,000	Greece	495,000	Spain	4,200,000
Denmark	490,000	Italy	7,500,000	Sweden and Norw'y	1,600,000
France	9,550,000	Netherlands	1,050,000	Switzerland	720,000
Germany	12,000,000	Portugal	1,170,000		

* Inclusive of persons engaged in the general and local civil administration, railroads, necessary tillers of the soil and others who would not be spared to the field except as a last resort. † Great Britain includes Canada and Australia, but not other colonies or India. ‡ Russian population in Europe only is considered. Behind it are the hordes of Tartary and Central Asia.

THE ARMED STRENGTH OF EUROPE—*Continued.*

RIFLES USED BY EUROPEAN AND ASIATIC POWERS.

Name of Gun.	Used by.	Weight. Lbs.	Weight. Oz.	Calibre. Inch.	Kind of Magazine.	Number of Rounds.
Männlicher	Austria	9	0	0.315	Detachable.	5
Mauser	Belgium	8	2	0.310	Fixed.	5
Mauser	Germany	8	9	0.310	Tube.	5
Mauser	Turkey	8	4	0.310	Tube.	5
Lebel	France	9	4	0 315	Tube.	8
Lebel	Russia	9	4	0.304	Tube.	8
Lee	China	9	0	0.433	Detachable.	5
Lee-Metford	England	9	9	0.303	Semi-detachable.	8
Vetterli	Italy	10	10	0.409	Tube.	5
Vetterli	Switzerland	10	10	0.409	Tube.	5
Murata	Japan	..	..	0.300	Detachable.	..
Kropatchek	Portugal	..	..	... .	.....	..
Re-arming	Spain	..	..	.....	.....	..
Re-arming	Denmark	..	..	.. ..	.....	..
Re-arming	Sweden and Norway	9	2	0.315	Tube.	8

The Springfield rifle is still used by the United States Army.

Since the issue of The World Almanac of 1891 a board of United States Army officers has been convened and had a long series of meetings and exhaustive experiments with the latest types of magazine rifles. Although the decision has not been definitely made, yet the type of gun chosen is known to be the Lee, with a reduced calibre amounting to .300 inches. Very few people have an idea that politics enter at all in the adoption of a small-arm fire-arm. Yet this is so with European powers to a very great extent. It was the Chassepot that made Louis Napoleon believe he could crush Germany, and thus lured him on to destruction. The birth of a sister republic has exercised an enormous influence on all Continental powers since 1871.

In looking over the above list, it will be noticed that two powers, France and Russia, have adopted the same gun—the Lebel—yet the calibre differs by the .01 part of an inch. To clearly comprehend the significance of this, it must be known that no two powers, in adopting the same arm, have the same calibre. The guns may be absolutely the same in all other particulars, yet the calibre must be different. This necessitates a difference in the cartridge, which difference, small as it may be, renders it impossible for a captured army to have its own ammunition turned against its own troops by a victorious enemy. Now for the political part. The gun adopted by Russia is a French gun, made in France. French officers worked hard to secure this end, but still harder to have Russia adopt the same calibre as themselves. But to do so meant virtually an alliance. In that case France might be overrun by an enemy, her workshops and arsenals destroyed, but she could still keep up the war, because she could draw on Russia for her supplies, which would enable French rifles to still continue to work. Fêtes and dinners have been exchanged, compliments been given and toasts drank, but the alliance so much sought for by France is impossible, on account of the difference of the .01 part of an inch.

The modern bullet is about the diameter of a lead-pencil, and a little over an inch long, but fired from the gun by an extremely powerful explosive gives it an extremely high initial velocity, and hence a greater range, a flatter trajectory and a larger and more extended danger space.

Experiments of smokeless powders still continue, both here and abroad. Such powders are not absolutely smokeless, but give off a vapor that at a distance of 200 yards or less can be clearly distinguished on a clear day. The advantages of smokeless powders still continue to be a question of dispute, yet when a powder is found that is entirely smokeless, free from dangerous gases and powerful, there will then be but one course to adopt—take it up—for its advantages will be manifest. The tactics of the next war are still unknown, and will be so till the moment of actual conflict. With guns and powders that fire a bullet with force sufficient to penetrate six men, with no smoke to tell where the shot came from, with but little noise; with huge charges of high explosives thrown from above from balloons; with vessels that will remain under water for a period of an hour or two, and sail about there with as little trouble as on the surface, it would seem that it would only need one war between two of the great powers to induce the coming of the millennium.

MODERN HEAVY GUNS.

	Calibre. Inches.	Length of Gun. Feet.	Weight of Charge. Pounds.	Weight of Projectile. Pounds.	Initial Velocity. Feet.	Perforation of Wrought-Iron—1,000 Yards. Inches.
England.						
100-ton Breech-Loader Rifle.	17	39.7	772	2,000	1,835	28.0
108 " " " "	17	46.8	882	2,000	2,037	28.7
Germany.						
119-ton Breech-Loader Rifle.	15.75	44.7	615	1,632	2,017	29.2
Italy.						
100-ton Breech-Loader Rifle.	17.4	32.7	551	2,000	1,700	25.3
France.						
71-ton Breech-Loader Rifle.	14.5	34.8	546	1,455	2,034	24.5

Besides the foregoing guns, much heavier ordnance is in process of construction. Krupp in Germany is making a 168-ton gun. The Armstrongs have finished guns of 111 tons, and are at work on guns of 132 tons. France is also making large guns, but all are yet uncompleted, and no correct data can be given.

American Naval Progress in 1891.

During the past year work has steadily progressed on the new vessels, for which appropriations have already been made. The commissioning of the old monitor Miantonomah marked an era in the nation's history, and merits more than a passing notice. This vessel is the first armored battle ship to fly the Stars and Stripes, and in the anticipated trouble between the United States and Chili was the only ship powerful enough to meet a vessel of the line. Although the Miantonomah's armor is only seven inches on the broadside, and of an obsolete type, her four 10-inch breech-loading rifles are second to none in the world. She is the first of the old Monitor fleet to be thoroughly modernized. The other four, the Puritan, Amphitrite, Monadnock and Terror, are undergoing radical changes, and will not be completed for a year or more.

The armored cruisers Maine, Texas and New-York will not be ready for sea until 1893. This delay is owing principally to the large armor plates, which are very difficult to forge with our limited steel plant. Although we have been slow in producing steel armor, the experiments on the Potomac have shown its superiority, and the success of our guns must be very flattering to Americans. The keels of the great 10,000-ton battleships Massachusetts, Indiana and Oregon were laid in the spring of 1891. The first two are being built under the supervision of Naval Architect Lewis Nixon, at the Cramp Shipyard, on the Delaware River, and the last at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco.

Five new vessels were added to the navy and placed in commission during 1891. Their names and dimensions are:

Ships.	Material.	Displacement.	Length.	Beam.	Draught.	Speed.	Horse-power.	Cost.	Armament. Guns. *Main.*	Armament. Guns. *Secondary.*
		Tons.	Ft. In.	Ft. In.	Ft. In.	Knots.				
Miantonomah.	Iron.	3,815	249 4	55 9	14 3	10.5	1,600	$1,365,000	4 of 10-in.	2 rapid-fire and 4 machine guns.
Charleston.....	Steel.	3,730	300 ..	46 ..	18 6	18	7,500	1,325,000	2 of 8-inch 6 " 6 "	4 rapid-fire and 4 machine guns.
Bennington....	"	1,700	230 ..	36 ..	14 ..	16	3,400	490,000	6 of 6-inch	4 rapid-fire and 5 machine guns.
Newark.....	"	4,083	310 ..	49 ..	18 9	18	8,500	1,250 000	12 of 6-inch	Four 6-pdr. rapid-fire and 9 machine guns.
Concord.....	"	1,700	230 ..	36 ..	14 ..	16	3,400	490,000	6 of 6-inch	4 rapid-fire and 5 machine guns.

Following is a list of vessels now under contract:

Ships.	Material.	Displacement.	Length.	Beam.	Draught.	Speed.	Horse-power.	Cost.	Armament. Guns. *Main.*	Armament. Guns. *Secondary.*
		Tons.	Ft.	Ft. In.	Ft. In.	Knots.				
New-York.....	Steel.	8,150	380	64 10	23 3	20	16,500	$3,000,000	6 of 8-inch	Twelve 4-in. rapid-fire, eight 6-in. rapid-fire, four 1-pdr. and 4 machine.
Monterey.....	"	4,000	250	59 ..	14 6	16	5,400	.....	2 of 12-in. 2 " 10 "	Six 6-pounders, four 3-pounders, 2 rapid-fire, 2 machine.
Cincinnati. ...	"	3,893	300	42 6	18 ..	19	10,000	1,100,000	10 of 4-inch	Two 6-pounders rapid-fire, two 3-pounders rapid-fire, 4 machine.
Raleigh.....	"	3,893	300	42 6	18 ..	19	10,000	1,110,000	1 of 6-in. 10 " 4 "	Two 6-pounders, rapid-fire two 3 pounders rapid-fire, 4 machine guns.
Massachusetts.	"	10,298	348	69 3	24 ..	16.2	9,000	4,000,000	4 of 13-in. 8 " 8 " 4 " 6 "	28 rapid-fire and machine guns.

AMERICAN NAVAL PROGRESS IN 1891—*Continued.*

Ships.	Material.	Displacement.	Length.	Beam.	Draught.	Speed.	Horse-power.	Cost.	Armament. Guns. *Main.*	*Secondary.*
		Tons.	Ft. In.	Ft. In.	Ft. In.	Knots.				
Indiana	Steel.	10,298	348 .	69 3	24 ..	16.2	9,000	$4,000,000	4 of 13-in. 8 " 8 " 4 " 6 "	28 rapid-fire and machine guns.
Oregon	"	10,298	348 ..	69 3	24 ..	16.2	9,000	4,000,000	4 of 13-in. 8 " 8 " 4 " 6 "	28 rapid-fire and machine guns.
Texas	"	6,300	290 ..	64 ..	22 6	17	8,600	2,475,000	2 of 12 ins. 46 tons, B.L.R. 6 of 6 ins.	8 rapid-fire, 4 millimetres
Maine	"	6,648	310 ..	57 ..	21 6	17	9,000	2,588,000	40 of 10 ins 26 tons, B. L. R. 6 of 6 ins.	8 rapid-fire, 17 millimetres.
Puritan	"	6,060	280 ..	60 ..	18 1	13	3,700	1,360,000	4 of 12 ins. 25 tons B. L. R.	4 rapid-fire, 4 millimetres
Amphitrite	"	3,815	249 4	55 9	14 3	12	1,600	625,000	4 of 10 ins. 25 tons, B. L. R.	2 rapid-fire, 4 millimetres
Monadnock	"	3,815	249 4	55 9	14 3	12	1,600	1,360,000	4 of 10 ins. 25 tons, B. L. R.	2 rapid-fire, 4 millimetres
Terror	"	3,815	249 4	55 9	14 3	12	1,600	1,360,000	4 of 10 ins. 25 tons, B. L R.	2 rapid-fire, 4 millimetres

* B. L. R., breech-loading rifles.

In addition to these vessels described above, there are cruisers number 6, 9, 10 and 11, the steel practice vessel, the harbor defence ram and gunboats number 5 and 6.

The following vessels have been lost or stricken from the navy list:

Galena—went ashore off Gay Head, March, 1891.
Triana, Nina, tugs—wrecked, March, 1891.
Juniata—sold, March, 1891.
Quinnebaug—sold, March, 1891.
Pilgrim, tug—sold, March, 1891.
Saugus, monitor—sold, March, 1891
Rescue, tug—sold, March, 1891.
Brooklyn—sold, March, 1391.
Ossipee—sold, March, 1891.

Range of Naval Guns.

A LIST OF GUNS IN EUROPEAN NAVIES RANGING TEN MILES OR MORE.

WHETHER a foreign warship could lie in the outer harbor and bombard New-York is an interesting question to most New-Yorkers. The following is a list of foreign warships armed with guns which have a range of ten miles or more:

Nation.	Ships.	Maximum Armor.	Draught.		Guns.	Calibre.
		Thickness in Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Number.	Inches.
England	Collingwood	18	26	3	4	12
"	Rodney	18	25	3	4	13.5
"	Benbow	18	27	..	2	17
"	Camperdown	18	27	3	4	13.5
"	Howe	18	27	3	4	13.5
"	Anson	18	27	3	4	13.5
"	Hero	12	24	..	2	12
"	Renown	18	27	3	2	16.25
"	Sanspareil	18	27	3	2	16.25
France	Amiral Baudin	21⅝	26	..	3	16.5
"	Formidable	21⅝	26	..	3	16.5
"	Furieux	19⅝	21	7	2	13.4
"	Indomptable, Caiman,	19⅝	24	7	2	16.5
"	Marceau, Hoche, Magenta,	17¾	27	3	2	13.4
"					2	10.6
"	Neptune	17¾	27	3	3	13.4
Italy	Lepanto	18.9	29	6	4	17
"	Ruggiero di Lauria	17.7	25	11	4	17
"	Andrea Doria	17.7	29	6	4	17
"	F. Morosini	17.7	25	11	4	17
Russia	Catherine II	24	27	..	4	12
"	Tchesme	24	25	..	4	12
"	Senope	24	25	..	4	12
Denmark	Tordenskiold	8	15	..	1	13.8

The Partition of Africa

BY THE NATIONS OF EUROPE AMONG THEMSELVES.

Divisions.	Area.	Population.	Inhabitants to a Square Mile.
BRITISH AFRICA:			
Gambia	2,700	50,000	19
Sierra Leone	15,000	180,000	12
Gold Coast	46,600	1,905,000	41
Lagos and Yoruba	21,070	3,000,000	142
Niger Territories and Oil Rivers*	290,000	17,000,000	59
British Guiana	375,370	22,632,000	60
Cape Colony (with Pondo Land and Walvisch Bay)	233,430	1,700,000	7
Basutoland	9,720	180,000	19
Natal	21,150	540,000	25
Zulu and Tonga Lands	14,220	180,000	13
British Bechuanaland	43,000	44,000	1
Bechuanaland Protectorate	127,000	50,000	0.4
Zambezi, Nyassaland, etc.	540,000	1,100,000	2
British South Africa	988,520	3,794,000	4
Zanzibar and Pemba	985	165,000	167
Ibea, to 5° N. Latitude. Rest to Egyptian Frontier	245,000	5,600,000	23
	820,000	7,000,000	8
Northern Somal Coast	30,000	240,000	8
Sokotra	1,382	10,000	8
British East Africa	1,097,367	13,015,000	12
Mauritius, etc.	1,053	390,000	371
St. Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha	126	5,000	4
Total British Africa	2,462,436	39,836,600	16
FRENCH AFRICA:			
Tunis	44,800	1,500,000	33
Algeria	184,500	3,820,000	21
Sahara	1,568,000	1,120,000	0.7
Senegambia (old possessions)	51,000	250,000	5
Gold and Benin Coasts	7,500	250,000	33
Soudan (remainder)	475,500	8,800,000	18
French Congo (and Gabon)	220,000	2,500,000	11
Obok (Bay of Tajura)	2,320	23,000	10
Madagascar and dependencies	228,600	3,520,000	16
Comoros	760	64,000	84
Réunion	970	166,000	171
Total French Africa	2,783,950	22,013,000	8
PORTUGUESE AFRICA:			
Portuguese Guiana	11,600	150,000	13
Angola†	603,000	3,600,000	6
Mozambique	293,000	1,500,000	5
Madeira	314	136,000	433
Cape Verde Islands	1,490	111,000	75
St. Thomé and Principé	420	21,000	40
Tot. Portuguese Africa	909,824	5,518,000	6
SPANISH AFRICA:			
Tetuan, etc. (Morocco)	27	6,000	222
Sahara	243,000	100,000	0.4
Canaries	2,800	288,000	103
Gulf of Guinea‡	930	50,000	54
Total Spanish Africa	246,757	444,000	2
GERMAN AFRICA:			
Togoland (Slave Coast)	16,000	500,000	31
Camarons (Kamerun)	130,000	2,600,000	10
Southwest Africa	324,000	259,000	0.8
East Africa (with Mafia)	361,000	1,760,000	5
Total German Africa	831,000	5,110,000	6
ITALIAN AFRICA:			
Eritrea	56,100	660,000	12
Abyssinia	189,000	4,500,000	24
Somal Coast	70,000	210,000	3
Total Italian Africa	315,100	5,370,000	17
SUMMARY:			
British Africa	2,462,436	39,836,600	16
French Africa	2,783,950	22,013,000	8
Portuguese Africa	909,824	5,518,000	6
Spanish Africa	246,757	444,000	2
German Africa	831,000	5,110,000	6
Italian Africa	315,100	5,370,000	17
Congo State (Belgian)	827,000	15,000,000	18
Boer Republics	163,400	810,000	5
Liberia	37,000	1,050,000	29
Turkish (Egypt and Tripoli)	836,000	7,980,000	10
Unappropriated	2,021,583	§23,868,400	12
Great Lakes	80,350	.....	..
Total Africa	11,514,300	127,000,000	11

This table is from "The Statesman's Year Book," for which it was prepared by E. G. Ravenstein, F.R.G.S. The population estimates are for January 1, 1891.

* Inclusive of Sokoto (121,000 square miles, 9,800,000 inhabitants) and Gando (98,500 square miles, 61,000,000 inhabitants), with Borgu and territories tributary to Sokoto on the north.

† Including the whole of Lunda, a portion of which will probably be ceded to the Congo State as a result of the arbitration of the Swiss Government.

‡ Spain also claims some 70,000 square miles on the mainland.

§ Unappropriated Africa includes Morocco (219,000 square miles, 6,000,000 inhabitants), Bornu, with Kanem (80,000 square miles, 5,100,000 inhabitants), Wadai (172,000 square miles, 2,600,000 inhabitants), Bagirmi (71,000 square miles, 1,500,000 inhabitants), etc.

African exploration began, in a systematic way, with Mungo Park's first expedition in 1795. On his second expedition, in 1804, he died. From Burckhardt's expedition, in 1812, to Livingston's, beginning in 1840, there was no important undertaking. Dr. Livingston's second journey was begun in 1858: Du Chaillu's, 1856 and 1863; Sir Samuel Baker's, 1864 and 1870. Stanley's expedition to find Livingston was in 1871; to explore the Congo and the great lakes, 1875-77; to relieve Emin, 1887-89.

Indebtedness of Nations.

COMPILED FROM THE ELEVENTH UNITED STATES CENSUS.

Countries.	Debt Less Sinking Fund, 1890.	Debt per Capita.
Argentine Republic	$284,867,069	$70.40
Austria-Hungary	*2,866,339,539	70.84
Belgium	380,504,099	63.10
Bolivia	14,763,367	12.38
Brazil	585,345,927	41.80
Chile	85,192,339	31.96
Colombia	63,451,583	16.36
Denmark	33,004,722	15.66
France	†4,446,793,398	116.35
Madagascar	2,827,900	0.81
Tunis	34,881,500	23.25
German Empire	77,577,719	1.57
Alsace-Lorraine	3,837,373	2.39
Baden	71,165,252	42.95
Bavaria	335,503,105	60.03
Bremen	16,217,400	89.94
Brunswick	4,876,174	12.10
Hamburg	59,202,946	94.85
Hesse	7,562,763	7.60
Lippe	220,725	1.72
Lübeck	3,295,709	43.10
Oldenburg	9,211,095	25.95
Prussia	1,109,384,127	37.03
Reuss, E. B.	70,687	1.13
Reuss, Y. B.	63,540	0.53
Saxe-Weimar	425,662	1.31
Saxony	143,897,747	41.11
Schaumburg-Lippe	150,000	3.83
Saxe-Altenburg	158,853	0.93
Saxe Coburg-Gotha	955,311	4.63
Saxe-Meiningen	2,550,698	11.39
Schwarzb'rg-Rudolsta't	743,800	8.67
Schwarzb'rg-Sond'rsh'n	842,631	11.16
Waldeck	568,200	9.92
Würtemberg	107,735,500	52.93
Great Britain and Ireland	3,350,719,563	87.79
Ceylon	11,184,400	3.86
India	‡881,003,592	3.27
Cape of Good Hope	110,817,720	77.56
Mauritius	8,464,662	22.92
Natal	22,028,424	45.76
Bermudas	$41,864	$2.69
Canada	237,533,212	47.51
Fiji	678,800	5.41
New South Wales	233,289,245	214.87
New Zealand	184,898,305	298.01
Queensland	129,204,750	333.46
South Australia	102,177,500	321.00
Tasmania	22,335,345	147.46
Victoria	179,614,005	161.63
Western Australia	6,509,736	150.23
Greece	107,306,518	49.06
Guatemala	10,825,836	7.59
Hayti	13,500,000	14.06
Hawaii	2,302,235	26.57
Honduras	63,394,267	146.77
Italy	2,324,826,329	76.06
Japan	305,727,816	7.83
Liberia	972,000	0.91
Mexico	113,606,675	9.98
Montenegro	740,200	3.14
Netherlands	430,589,858	95.56
Dutch East Indies	18,381,509	0.64
Nicaragua	1,711,206	4.28
Norway	13,973,752	7.13
Paraguay	19,633,013	59.56
Peru	382,175,655	145.77
Roumania	180,145,800	32.75
Russia	3,491,018,074	30.79
Salvador	6,013,300	9.05
Santo Domingo	9,865,256	16.17
Servia	60,811,330	30.20
Spain	1,251,453,696	73.85
Sweden	64,220,807	13.53
Switzerland	10,912,925	3 72
Turkey	821,000,000	§37.20
Egypt	517,278,200	75.88
United States	915,962,112	14.63
Venezuela	22,517,437	11.00
Total	$27,396,055,389	.....

* In these amounts there is included debt of Hungary for 1880, $536,051,184; for 1890, $837,928,836. Florin reckoned at 50 cents. † Inclusive of floating debt, but exclusive of annuities whose capitalized value is estimated by good authority to be not less than $2,000,000,000. ‡ The rupee is reckoned at 50 cents. Its exchange value in 1890 was about 35 cents, making the actual face value of the debt about 30 per cent less than the amount stated. § Reckoning the population of European and Asiatic Turkey and Tripoli in Africa.

NATIONAL DEBT OF GREAT BRITAIN.

	Principal.	Annual Charge.
Debt at the Revolution in 1688	£664,263	£39,835
Debt at Accession of Queen Anne, 1702	16,394,702	1,310,852
Debt at Accession of George I., 1714	54,145,363	3,351,268
Debt at Accession of George II., 1727	52,092,238	2,217,461
Debt in 1762 (George III., 1760)	138,865,430	4,851,961
Debt at beginning of American War	128,583,635	4,471,481
Debt at conclusion of American War, 1784	249,851,628	9,559,817
Debt at Accession of George IV., 1820	794,980,481	29,789,658
Debt at Accession of Queen Victoria, 1837	761,422,570	28,533,192
Debt April 5, 1891	684,070,959	*25,000,000

* This is now a fixed charge.—*Whitaker.*

Heads of the Governments of the World.

Country.	Official Head.	Title.	Born.	Acceded.
Abyssinia	Menelik	Emperor	....	March 12, 1889
Afghanistan	Abdur Rahman Khan	Amir	1845	1880
Annam	Bun-Lan	King	1879	Jan. 30, 1889
Argentine Republic	Dr. Carlos Pelegrini	President	....	Aug. 8, 1890
Austria-Hungary	Francis Joseph	Emperor	Aug. 18, 1830	Dec. 2, 1848
Baluchistan	Mir Khodádal	Khan	....	1856
Belgium	Leopold II	King	April 9, 1835	Dec. 10, 1865
Bokhara	Seid Abdul Ahad	Amir	....	Nov. 12, 1885
Bolivia	Aniceto Arce	President	....	Aug. 15, 1888
Borneo	Hasim Jalilal Alam Akamaldin	Sultan	....	May 1885
Brazil, United States of	Floriano Peixoto	President	....	Nov. 23, 1891
Bulgaria	Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg	Prince	Feb. 26, 1861	Aug. 11, 1887
Chile	Admiral Jorge Montt	President	1847	Nov. 6, 1891
China	Kuang Hsü	Emperor	Aug. 15, 1871	Jan. 12, 1875
Colombia, United States of	Rafael Nuñez	President	....	Aug. 7, 1886
Congo Free State	Leopold	Sovereign	April 5, 1835	April 30, 1885
Corea	Li Hung	King	July 25, 1851	Jan. 1864
Costa Rica	J. J. Rodriguez	President	....	May 8, 1890
Denmark	Christian IX	King	April 8, 1818	Nov. 15, 1863
Dominican Republic	General Ulises Heureaux	President	....	Sept. 1, 1886
Ecuador	Antonio Florez	President	....	June 20, 1888
Egypt	Abbas Pacha	Khédive	July 14, 1874	Jan. 8, 1892
France	Marie François Sadi Carnot	President	Aug. 11, 1837	Dec. 3, 1887
Germany	William II	Emperor	Jan. 27, 1859	June 15, 1888
Prussia	William II	King		
Bavaria	Otto	King	April 27, 1848	June 13, 1886
Saxony	Albert	King	April 23, 1826	Oct. 29, 1873
Wurtemberg	William II	King	Feb. 25, 1848	Oct. 16, 1891
Baden	Frederick I	Grand Duke	Sept. 9, 1826	Sept. 5, 1856
Hesse	Louis IV	Grand Duke	Sept. 12, 1837	June 13, 1877
Anhalt	Frederick	Duke	April 29, 1831	May 22, 1871
Brunswick	Prince Albrecht	Regent	May 8, 1837	Oct. 21, 1885
Mecklenburg-Schwerin	Frederick Francis III	Grand Duke	March 19, 1851	April 15, 1883
Mecklenburg-Strelitz	Frederick William	Grand Duke	Oct. 17, 1819	Sept. 6, 1860
Oldenburg	Peter	Grand Duke	July 8, 1827	Feb. 27, 1853
Saxe-Altenburg	Ernest	Grand Duke	Sept. 16, 1826	Aug. 3, 1853
Saxe-Coburg and Gotha	Ernest II	Duke	June 21, 1818	Jan. 29, 1844
Saxe-Meiningen	George II	Duke	April 2, 1826	Sept. 20, 1866
Saxe-Weimar	Charles Alexander	Grand Duke	June 24, 1818	June 8, 1853
Weldeck-Pyrmont	George Victor	Prince	Jan. 14, 1831	May 15, 1845
Great Britain and Ireland	Victoria	Queen	May 24, 1819	June 20, 1837
Greece	George I	King	Dec. 24, 1845	Oct. 31, 1863
Guatemala	General Don Manuel L. Barillas	President	....	March 16, 1886
Hawaii	Liliuokalani	Queen	Sept. 2, 1838	Jan. 19, 1891
Haiti	General Hippolyte	President	....	Oct. 17, 1889
Honduras	Parlano Leista	President	....	Nov. 10, 1891
Italy	Humbert	King	March 14, 1844	Jan. 9, 1878
Japan	Mutsu Hito	Emperor	Nov. 3, 1852	Feb. 13, 1867
Khiva	Seid Mehemed	Rehim	....	1868
Liberia	Dr. Blyden	President	....	April 1890
Luxemburg	Adolph (Duke of Nassau)	Grand Duke	July 24, 1817	Nov. 23, 1890
Madagascar	Ranavalo III	Queen	1862	July 13, 1882
Mexico	General Porfirio Diaz	President	....	Dec. 1, 1888
Monaco	Albert	Prince	Nov. 13, 1848	Sept. 10, 1889
Montenegro	Nicholas	Prince	Oct. 7, 1841	Aug. 14, 1860
Morocco	Mulai Hassan	Sultan	1831	Sept. 20, 1873
Netherlands	Wilhelmina (a minor)	Queen	Aug. 31, 1880	Nov. 23, 1890
Nicaragua	Dr. Roberto Sacasa	President	....	Oct. 1890
Oman	Seyyid Feysal bin Turkee	Sultan	....	June 4, 1888
Orange Free State	F. W. Reitz	President	....	Jan. 1889
Paraguay	Juan G. Gonzalez	President	....	Sept. 25, 1890
Persia	Nasir-ed-Din	Shah	July 18, 1831	Sept. 10, 1848
Peru	Remigio Morales Bermudez	President	....	Aug. 10, 1890
Portugal	Charles I	King	Sept. 28, 1863	Oct. 19, 1889
Roumania	Charles	King	April 20, 1839	March 26, 1881
Russia	Alexander III	Emperor	March 10, 1845	March 1, 1881
Salvador	General Carlos Ezeta	President	....	Sept. 11, 1890
Samoa	Malietoa	King	....	Dec. 5, 1889
Sarawak	Sir Charles Johnson Brooke	Raja	June 3, 1829	1868
Servia	Alexander I. (a minor)	King	Aug. 14, 1876	March 6, 1889
Siam	Phra Bat Somdetch Phra C. Yühna	King	Sept. 21, 1853	Oct. 1, 1868
Spain	Alphonso XIII. (a minor)	King	May 17, 1886	May 17 1886
Sweden and Norway	Oscar II	King	Jan. 21, 1829	Sept. 18, 1872
Switzerland	Dr. E. Welti	President	....	Dec. 1890
Transvaal	S. J. Paul Krüger	President	....	May 8, 1888
Tunis	Sidi Ali Pasha	Bey	1817	Oct. 28, 1882
Turkey	Abdul Hamid II	Sultan	Sept. 22, 1842	Aug. 31, 1876
United States of America	Benjamin Harrison	President	Aug. 20, 1833	March 4, 1889
Uruguay	Julio Herrera y Obes	President	....	March 1, 1890
Venezuela	Raimundo A. Palacio	President	....	March 19, 1890
Zanzibar	Seyyid Ali	Sultan	....	Feb. 13, 1890

Ministries of Principal European Countries.

JANUARY 1, 1892.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

EMPIRE.

Minister Foreign Affairs, Count G. Kálnoky.
Minister Finance, B. von Kállay.
Minister War, Baron F. von Bauer.

AUSTRIA.

President, Count E. von Taaffe.
Minister Finance, Dr. E. Steinbach.
Minister Defence, Count von Welsersheimb.
Min. Pub. Instruction, Baron von Frankenthurn.
Minister Agriculture, Count Falkenhayn.
Minister Commerce, Marquis von Bacquehem.
Minister Justice, Count Schoenborn.

HUNGARY.

President, Count Julius Szápáry.
Minister Finance, Dr. A. Wekerle.
Minister Defence, Gen. Féjérváry.
Minister Commerce, Herr Baross.
Minister Public Instruction, Count Czáky.
Minister Agriculture, Count Bethlen.
Minister Justice, Herr von Szilágyi.

BELGIUM.

President and Minister Finance, M. A. Beernaert.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Prince de Chimay.
Minister Interior, M. de Burlet.
Minister Works, M. de Bruyn.
Minister War, Gen. C. Pontus.
Minister Justice, M. J. Lejeune.
Min. Railways, Posts, etc., M. Van den Peereboom.

FRANCE.

President and Minister War, M. de Freycinet.
Minister Foreign Affairs, M. A. de Ribot.
Minister Marine, M. Jules Barbey.
Minister Commerce, M. Jules Roche.
Minister Finance, M. Maurice Rouvier.
Minister Interior, M. Constans.
Minister Public Works, M. Yves Guyot.
Minister Justice and Worship, M. Fallières.
Minister Instruction and Arts, M. Leon Bourgeois.
Minister Agriculture, M. Jules Develle.

GERMANY.

Chancellor of the Empire, Gen. von Caprivi.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Marshal von Bieberstein.
Minister Interior, Dr. von Boetticher.
Minister Marine, Admiral Hollmann.
Minister Justice, Dr. Bosse.
Minister Finance, Baron von Maltzahn.
Minister Post-Office, Dr. von Stephan.
Minister Railroads, Dr. von Schulz.

ITALY.

Pres. and Min. Foreign Affairs, Marquis di Rudinì.
Minister Justice, Count Luigi Ferraris.
Minister War, Gen. L. Pelloux.
Minister Marine, Admiral Saint-Bon.
Minister Instruction, Prof. P. Villari.
Minister Finance, Prof. G. Colombo.
Minister Treasury, Prof. L. Luzzatti.
Minister Agriculture, Signor B. Chimirri.
Minister Public Works, Signor A. Branca.
Minister Posts and Telegraphs, Signor A. Branca.
Minister Interior, Baron G. Nicotera.

NETHERLANDS.

President and Min. Interior, Dr. J. van Poortyvliet.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Dr. G. van Ternhoven.
Minister Colonies, Baron van Dedem.
Minister Justice, Dr. H. J. Smit.
Minister Finance, Dr. N. G. Pierson.
Minister War, Col. A. L. W. Seyffardt.
Minister Marine, J. C. Jansen.
Minister Commerce, C. Lely.

RUSSIA.

Minister Foreign Affairs, M. Nicholas C. de Giers.
Minister Finance, M. Vishnegradsky.
Minister Interior, M. Dournovo.
Minister Instruction, Count Delanoff.
Minister War, Gen. Vannovski.
Minister Marine, Admiral Tchikhatchew.
Minister Justice, M. Manassèine.

SPAIN.

President of Council, Señor Canovas del Castillo.
Minister Interior, Señor Elduayan.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Duke of Teutan.
Minister War, Gen. Azcarraga.
Minister Marine, Admiral F. Montojo.
Minister Finance, Señor Concha y Castaneda.
Minister Public Works, Señor Linares Rivas.
Minister Colonies, Señor Robledo.
Minister Justice, Señor Villaverde.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

SWEDEN.

Prime Minister, E. G. Bostroem.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Count Lewenhaupt.
Minister Justice, A. Ostergren.
Minister War, Baron Palmstierna.
Minister Marine, Baron C. von Otter.
Minister Interior, Victor L. Groll.
Minister Finance, Baron von Essen.
Minister Instruction, Dr. G. Wennerberg.

NORWAY.

President of Council, J. W. Christian Steen.
Minister War, Col. P. T. Holst.
Minister Interior, Wallert Konow.
Minister Justice, Ale A. Gram.
Minister Public Works, H. H. T. Nysom.
Minister Religion and Instruction, V. A. Wexelsen.

TURKEY.

Prime Minister, Marshal Djevad Pacha.
Minister Foreign Affairs, Saïd Pacha.
Minister Interior, Khalil Rifaat Pacha.
Minister Finance, Nassif Effendi.
Minister Justice, Riza Pacha.
Minister Instruction, Zihri Pacha.
Minister Marine, Hassan Pacha.
Minister Public Works, Gen. Tewfik Pacha.
Minister Customs, Hassan Fehme Pacha.

Statistics of the Countries of the World.

Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.	Countries.	Population.	Sq. Miles.	Capitals.
British Empire*	343,431,000	8,995,824	London.	Tripoli	1,000,000	398,873	Tripoli.
China	303,241,969	4,468,750	Peking.	Bulgaria	3,154,375	37,860	Sofia.
Russian Empire	108,737,244	8,457,289	St. Petersb'rg	Egypt	6,817,265	400,000	Cairo.
France and Colonies	59,666,967	3,127,856	Paris.	Italy	29,699,785	110,665	Rome.
France	38,218,903	204,177	Paris.	Italy and Colonies	34,970,785	425,765	Rome.
Colonies	21,448,064	2,923,679	.....	Abyssinia	4,500,000	189,000	.....
Algeria	2,817,307	184,466	Algiers.	Eritrea	660,000	56,100	.....
Senegal, etc	183,237	580,000	St. Louis.	Somal Coast	210,000	70,000	.....
Tunis	1,500,000	45,000	Tunis.	Spain	17,550,216	196,173	Madrid.
Cayenne	26,502	46,697	Cayenne.	Spain and Cols.	28,911,609	603,070	Madrid.
Cambodia	1,500,000	32,254	Saigon.	Spanish Africa	444,000	246,757	.....
Cochin-China	1,223,000	13,692	.....	Philippine Isl'ds	9,500,000	114,326	Manilla.
Tonquin	12,000,000	60,000	Hanoi.	Brazil	14,000,000	3,210,000	Rio de J'n'lro
New-Caledonia	62,752	7,621	Noumea.	Mexico	11,632,924	751,700	Mexico.
Tahiti	12,800	462	.....	Corea	10,510,000	85,000	Seul.
Sahara	1,120,000	1,560,000	.....	Cuba	1,521,684	43,220	Havana.
United States	62,622,250	3,602,990	Washington.	Porto Rico	784,709	3,550	San Juan.
German Empire	49,421,064	211,108	Berlin.	Congo State	8,000,000	802,000	.....
Prussia	29,957,302	134,467	Berlin.	Persia	7,653,600	636,000	Teheran.
Bavaria	5,589,382	29,291	Munich.	Portugal	4,708,178	34,038	Lisbon.
Saxony	3,500,513	5,789	Dresden.	Portugal & Cols.	11,073,681	951,785	Lisbon.
Würtemberg	2,035,443	7,531	Stuttgart.	Port. Africa	5,518,000	909,824	.....
Baden	1,656,817	5,803	Karlsruhe.	Port. Asia	847,503	7,923	.....
Alsace-Lorraine	1,603,987	5,602	Strasburg.	Sweden and Nor.	6,774,409	298,974	Stockholm.
Hesse	956,170	2,965	Darmstadt.	Morocco	6,500,000	314,000	Fez.
Meckl.-Schwerin	575,140	5,137	Schwerin.	Belgium	6,030,043	11,373	Brussels.
Hamburg	622,530	158	.....	Siam	5,700,000	280,550	Bangkok.
Brunswick	372,580	1,425	Brunswick.	Roumania	5,376,000	46,314	Bucharest.
Oldenburg	341,250	2,479	Oldenburg.	Argentine Repub.	4,200,000	1,095,013	Buenos A'res
Saxe-Weimar	313,668	1,387	Weimar.	Colombia	4,000,000	331,420	Bogotá.
Anhalt	247,603	906	Dessau.	Afghanistan	4,000,000	279,000	Cabul.
Saxe-Meiningen	214,697	953	Meiningen.	Madagascar	3,500,000	230,000	Ant'n'narivo.
Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.	198,717	760	Gotha.	Peru	2,970,000	405,040	Lima.
Bremen	180,443	99	.....	Switzerland	2,933,334	15,981	Berne.
Saxe-Altenburg	161,129	511	Altenburg.	Chile	2,665,926	256,860	Santiago.
Lippe	123,250	472	Detmold.	Bolivia	2,300,000	472,000	La Paz.
Reuss(younger line)	112,118	319	Gera.	Greece	2,187,208	24,977	Athens.
Meckl.-Strelitz	98,371	1,131	Neu Strelitz.	Denmark	2,172,205	14,789	Copenhagen.
Schwarzburg-Rud.	83,939	363	Rudolstadt.	Denmark & Cols.	2,288,193	101,403	Copenhagen.
Schwarzburg-Son.	73,623	333	S'nd'rsh'usen	Iceland	72,445	39,756	Rejkjavik.
Lubeck	76,485	115	.....	Greenland	9,780	46,740	Godthaab.
Waldeck	56,565	433	Arolsen.	West Indies	33,763	118	.....
Reuss (elder line)	53,787	122	Greiz.	Venezuela	2,121,988	566,159	Caracas.
Schaumburg-Lippe.	37,204	131	Buckeburg.	Servia	2,096,043	18,757	Belgrade.
Colonies, total	5,510,000	931,445	.....	Nepaul	2,000,000	56,800	Khatmandu.
Camerons	500,000	193,000	Camerons.	Oman	1,600,000	81,000	Muscat.
East-Africa	1,760,000	361,000	.....	Guatemala	1,427,116	46,774	N.Guatemala
South-Africa	250,000	324,000	.....	Ecuador	1,146,000	144,000	Quito.
Austro-Hung.Empire.	41,827,700	201,591	Vienna.	Liberia	1,050,000	14,000	Monrovia.
Japan	39,607,234	147,669	Tokio.	Transvaal	800,000	110,193	Pretoria.
Netherlands	4,450,870	12,680	The Hague.	Uruguay	700,000	72,112	Montevideo.
Netherlands and Cols.	33,042,238	778,187	The Hague.	Khiva	700,000	22,320	Khiva.
Borneo	1,073,500	203,714	.....	Salvador	651,130	7,228	San Salvador
Celebes	2,000,000	72,000	.....	Hayti	550,000	29,830	P. au. Prince
Java	21,974,161	50,848	Batavia.	Paraguay	476,000	145,000	Asuncion.
Molaccas	353,000	42,420	Amboyna.	Honduras	431,917	42,658	Tegucigalpa.
New-Guinea	200,000	159,755	.....	Nicaragua	400,000	51,660	Managua.
Sumatra	2,750,000	170,744	.....	Dominican Repub.	350,000	20,506	San Domingo.
Surinam	57,141	46,060	Paramaribo.	Montenegro	245,380	3,486	Cetigno.
Turkish Empire	33,559,787	1,652,533	C'nst'ntin'ple	Costa Rica	213,785	19,985	San José.
European Turkey	4,790,000	63,850	.....	Orange Free State	133,518	41,484	Bloemfontein
Asiatic Turkey	16,133,900	729,170	.....	Hawaii	86,647	6,587	Honolulu.

* For statistics in detail see tabular page entitled "The British Empire."

Foreigners in Various Countries.

Countries.	Number.	Per cent of Population.	Countries.	Number.	Per cent of Population.	Countries.	Number.	Per cent of Population.
Argentine Republic	212,000	11.20	Egypt	83,000	1.52	Japan	2,000	.01
Austria	127,000	.35	France	864,000	2.30	Roumania	89,000	1.82
Belgium	98,000	1.66	Germany	291,000	.64	Russia	148,000	.21
Brazil	243,000	2.64	Great Britain and Ireland	127,000	.36	Spain	41,000	.26
Chile	27,000	1.31	Greece	20,000	1.20	Switzerland	211,000	7.77
China	4,000	.....	Holland	64,000	1.65	Sweden and Norway	17,000	.27
Denmark	54,000	2.84	Italy	261,000	1.02	United States*	6,680,000	13.40

* Census of 1880.

Trade of Principal Nations.*

Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	Countries.	Imports.	Exports.
Norway	$53,230,000	$36,850,000	Italy†	$289,255,000	$201,180,000
Sweden	103,435,000	83,775,000	Austria-Hungary	222,210,000	302,250,000
Denmark	84,535,000	58,145,000	Roumania‡	93,590 000	54,835,000
Hamburg	571,440,000	461,135,000	Greece‡	32,425,000	23,195,000
Germany	1,391,100,000	1,121,625,000	Turkey	93,155,000	57,185,000
Netherlands†	517,415,000	449,535,000	Egypt†	36,576,000	61,205,000
Belgium	621.370,000	602,605,000	China	133,905,000	117,430,000
France	1,064,060,000	960,700,000	Japan	50,610,000	53,640,000
Portugal	69,530,000	39,185,000	Gt. Brit. and Ire.	2,138,190,000	1,558,530,000
Spain	170,555,000	176.925,000			

* Exclusive of specie except when mentioned. For imports and exports of the United States and other American nations, see tables on other pages. These statistics are for 1889 or 1890. † Including silver bullion. ‡ Including bullion and specie.

Day Census of the City of London.

The day census of the city of London proper was taken on April 27, 1891, and the census of vehicular traffic on May 4, and on each occasion nearly 800 enumerators were employed. The total number of "employers and employed" in 1881 was 261,061, and in 1891 it was 301,381, an increase of 40,320. The number of women engaged in the city during the day was 50,416, against 44,179 in 1881, and the number of children under fifteen years of age, 23,105, against 19,235. The census of the street traffic taken on May 4 for a period of twenty-four hours shows that 1,121,708 persons entered the city at eighty different points on foot or in vehicles, against 797,563 in 1881. The number of vehicles entering the city during the same time was 92,483, against 71,893 in 1881. On the same date 52,413 persons came into the city through Liverpool Street Station, against 33,890 in 1881; through Broad Street there came 43,042, against 30,444 in 1881; and through the Metropolitan Railway at Bishopsgate, 13,180, against 9,325 in 1881. In the taking of this census, 36,568 forms were used, and the cost was over £1,200. These returns apply to the city only, not to the metropolitan district of London.

Prices of Old Postage Stamps.

The price charged by dealers for cancelled United States stamps of the common issues is as follows:

Year.	Description.	Price.	Year.	Description.	Price.	Year.	Description.	Price.
1851.	1c., Blue	$ .10	1861.	10c., Green	$ .05	1869.	6 ., Blue	$ .25
1851.	3c., Red	.01	1861.	12c., Black	.15	1869.	10c., Orange	.25
1856.	5c., Brown	2.50	1866.	15c., Black	.25	1869.	12c., Green	.25
1855.	10c., Green	.25	1861.	24c., Lilac	.20	1869.	15c., Brown	.50
1851.	12c., Black	1.00	1861.	30c., Orange	.50	1869.	24c., Green and Pearl	1.50
1860.	24c., Lilac	10.00	1861.	90c., Blue	1.50	1869.	30c., Red and Black	1.50
1857.	1c., Blue	.05	1868.	1c., Blue	.05	1869.	90c., Black and Carmine	3.50
1857.	3c., Red	.01	1868.	2c., Black	.02	The above of 1869 are all grilled;		
1856.	5c., Brown	1.00	1868.	3c., Red	.01	the plain variety is worth a little		
1857.	10c., Green	.15	1868.	5c., Brown	.25	more.		
1857.	12c., Black	.50	1868.	5c., Red Brown	.50	1870, present issue, if grilled, is		
1860.	24c., Lilac	.50	1868.	10c., Green	.20	worth from 50c. to $2.50 each, ac-		
1860.	30c., Orange	.50	1868.	12c., Black	.25	cording to denomination. Plain		
1860.	90c., Blue	2.00	1868.	15c., Black	.25	ones:		
1861.	1c., Blue	.02	1868.	24c., Lilac	1.00	1882.	5c., Chocolate	$ .05
1863.	2c., Black	.02	1868.	30c., Orange	1.00	1883.	5c., Brown	.01
1861.	3c., Red	.01	1868.	90c., Blue	2.50	1870.	6c., Carmine	.10
1861.	3c., Scarlet	10.00	1869.	3c., Grilled Rose	5.00	1871.	7c., Vermilion	.25
1861.	5c., Yellow	2.50	1869.	1c., Buff	.10	1870.	12c., Purple	.10
1861.	5c., Brown	.15	1869.	2c., Brown	.05	1870.	24c., Violet	.50
1861.	5c., Red Brown	.25	1869.	3c., Blue	.01	1870.	90c., Carmine	.10

Business Failures in the United States, 1887-1891.

States and Territories.	No. of Failures.					Actual Assets.		General Liabilities.	
	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1891.	1890.	1891.	1890.
Eastern States	1,789	1,480	1,671	1,372	1,331	$16,359,000	$11,439,141	$33,356,000	$27,111,142
Middle States	3,022	2,803	2,912	2,361	2,349	26,607,000	37,202,477	58,945,000	69,855,414
Southern States	2,412	1,655	1,909	2,098	1,910	21,884,000	14,371,592	35,578,000	23 740,240
Western States	2,622	2,520	2,756	2,627	2,310	24,175,000	18,862,425	42,576,000	35,000,662
Northwestern States	1,264	1,132	1,426	1,166	925	7,880,000	6,157,712	12,712,000	10,587,856
Pacific States	1,182	1,032	935	890	821	5,355,000	4,655,759	8,973,000	8,136,950
Territories	143	71	110	93	94	633,000	266,527	1,037,000	530,565
Totals United States	12,394	10,673	11,719	10,587	9,740	$102,893,000	$92,775,625	$193,178,000	$175,032,836

The number of failures in the city of New-York for a series of years was as follows: 1888, 372; 1886, 475; 1887, 421; 1888, 529; 1889, 673; 1890, 548; 1891, 663. The actual assets of insolvents in New-York in 1891 was $6,621,000, and the general liabilities, $21,894,000. These returns are made by Bradstreet.

Reigning Families

OF THE PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Francis Joseph I., the Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, was born August 18, 1830, and was proclaimed Emperor of Austria after the abdication of his uncle, Ferdinand I., on December 2, 1848. He was crowned King of Hungary June 8, 1867. He married, in 1854, Elizabeth, a daughter of Duke Maximilian of Bavaria. They have had issue:

1. Archduchess Gisela, born 1856; married to Leopold, son of the regent Luitpold of Bavaria. Issue, two daughters and two sons.
2. Archduke Rudolph, late heir apparent, born 1858; died by suicide 1889. He married, 1881, Stephanie, daughter of the present King of the Belgians, and had issue one daughter, the Archduchess Elizabeth, born 1883.
3. Archduchess Marie, born 1868.

On the death of the Crown Prince, in 1889, the right of succession to the throne passed to the Emperor's eldest brother, the Archduke Charles Louis, who was born 1833; married, 1862 (second marriage), the Princess Annunciata, daughter of King Ferdinand II. of Naples, and had issue the Archduke Francis, born 1863, who is in the line of succession to the throne and is unmarried; the Archduke Otho, born 1865, and married to the Princess Marie of Saxony, and has one son; the Archduke Ferdinand, born 1868, and unmarried, and the Archduchess Margaret Sophia, born 1870, who is abbess of a retreat for noble ladies. By a third marriage, the Archduke Charles Louis has two daughters, who are children.

The Emperor has a second brother, the Archduke Louis Victor, born 1842, and is unmarried.

There are upward of fifty other archdukes and archduchesses of Austria, cousins of the Emperor, collateral relatives of the reigning house and members of the formerly reigning branches of Tuscany and Modena. Death, in 1891, carried off four of these: the Archduke Sigismund, born in 1826, and his brother Henry, born in 1828, both cousins of the Emperor and field marshals in the Austrian army; the Archduchess Marie, and the Archduke Ferdinand of the Tuscan branch. The family is descended from Count Rudolph of Hapsburg, who was elected Emperor of Germany in 1276.

BAVARIA.

Otho, King of Bavaria, was born April 27, 1848, and succeeded his brother, Ludwig II., June 13, 1886, when that mad monarch committed suicide by drowning himself in the Starnberg Lake. Otho is also crazy, and is shut up in one of his châteaus, and the kingdom is governed by Prince Luitpold, his uncle, as regent. The latter is also the heir apparent to the throne; was born in 1821; married, 1844, the Austrian Archduchess Augusta of Tuscany, who is dead, and has four children:

1. Prince Louis, born 1845; married the Austrian Archduchess Maria Theresa, and has seven daughters and four sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Rupert, born 1869.
2. Prince Leopold, born 1846; married to the Austrian Archduchess Gisela, daughter of the Emperor Francis Joseph. There are two daughters and two sons. 3. Princess Theresa, born 1850, unmarried. 4. Prince Arnulf, married, and has a son.

King Otho has five cousins who bear princely titles, children of his dead brother Adalbert.

The royal house of Bavaria comes from the Counts of Wittelsbach of the twelfth century, one of whose descendants was elevated to the rank of Elector, and a later one made king by Napoleon I.

BELGIUM.

Leopold II., King of the Belgians, was born April 9, 1835, and was a son of Leopold I., Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (uncle of Queen Victoria), who was elected King of the Belgians in 1831, and Princess Louise, daughter of King Louis Philippe of France. The present King, who ascended the throne in 1865, was married in 1853 to the Austrian Archduchess Marie-Henriette, and has the following children:

1. Princess Louise, born 1858; married to Prince Philippe of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha.
2. Princess Stephanie, born 1864; married, 1881, to the late Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, and has one daughter.
3. Princess Clementine, born 1872.

The heir presumptive is Prince Philippe, Count of Flanders, the King's brother, born in 1837; married to the Hohenzollern Princess Marie. He had two sons, the eldest being Baldwin, who died in 1891, and the other, Albert, born in 1875, survives, and is next to his father in the right of succession to the throne. Prince Philippe has also two daughters, Henriette, born 1870, and Josephine, born 1872.

The sister of the King is the hapless ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico, widow of Maximilian. She was born in 1840, widowed in 1867, has no children, and is now insane.

DENMARK.

Christian IX., King of Denmark, born April 8, 1818, was Duke of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glücksburg, and succeeded to the throne of Denmark by virtue of treaty and the law of the Danish succession on the death of his kinsman, Frederick VII., in 1863. He married the Princess Louise of Hesse-Cassel, and has had the following offspring:

1. Prince Royal Frederick, born 1843; married to the Princess Louise of Sweden in 1869, and has three daughters and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Christian, born in 1870.
2. The Princess of Wales (Alexandra), born 1844; married the Prince of Wales, 1863, and has four living children.
3. The King of the Greeks (George I.), born 1845; married to the Grand Duchess Olga, of Russia, and has two daughters and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Constantine.

4. The Empress of Russia (Dagmar), born 1847 ; married the present Czar in 1866, and has five children.

5. The Duchess of Cumberland (Thyra), born 1853 ; married the present Duke of Cumberland (English title), son of the ex-King of Hanover, in 1878, and has three sons and three daughters. She became insane in 1887.

6. Prince Waldemar, born 1858 ; married, 1885, the Princess Marie of Orleans, daughter of the Duke of Chartres, and has three sons. He was elected reigning Prince of Bulgaria in 1886, but declined.

GERMANY.

William II., German Emperor and King of Prussia, was born January 27, 1859 ; succeeded his father, the Emperor Frederick III., June 15, 1888. He married the Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg (born 1858 , and has had issue :

1. Frederick William, Crown Prince, born 1882 ; 2. William, born 1883 ; 3. Adalbert, born 1884 ; 4. Augustus, born 1887 ; 5. Oscar, born 1888 ; 6, a son, born 1890.

The Emperor's brother is Prince Henry, born 1862, and married, 1888, to his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse, daughter of the late Princess Alice of England, and has a son; and the Emperor has four sisters, all the children of the late Emperor Frederick and the Princess Victoria of England (Dowager Empress), who survives. The sisters are :

1. Princess Charlotte, born 1860 ; married, 1878, to George, hereditary prince of Saxe-Meiningen, and has one daughter.

2. Princess Victoria, born 1866 ; married, 1890, to Prince Adolphus, of Schaumburg-Lippe.

3. Princess Sophia, born 1870 ; married, 1889, to Constantine, Crown Prince of Greece, and has one son.

4. Princess Margaret, born 1872, who is unmarried.

The Emperor has an aunt, the Princess Louise, born 1838, married to the present Grand Duke of Baden, and he has a number of cousins, descendants of the brothers and sisters of the Emperor William I. One of these, Prince Albert, born 1837, is a field marshal in the German army, and another, Princess Margaret, daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles, is the wife of the British Duke of Connaught, son of Queen Victoria. The reigning family is descended from Frederick of Hohenzollern, a German count, in 980, and Frederick William, the Elector of Brandenburg, 1640–88, whose son became King of Prussia.

GREECE.

George I., King of the Greeks, born December 24, 1845, elected King in 1863. He is the son of the present King of Denmark, Christian IX., and brother of the Princess of Wales and the Empress of Russia. He married, 1867, the Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, uncle to the present Emperor. They have had six living children, five sons and one daughter. The eldest son is :

Prince Constantine, born 1868 ; married, 1889, the Princess Sophia, sister of the present German Emperor, and has one son, Prince George, born 1890.

The King's eldest daughter, Alexandra, married, in 1889, the Grand Duke Paul, brother of the present Emperor of Russia, and died September 24, 1891, leaving a daughter and a son.

ITALY.

Humbert I., King of Italy, was born March 14, 1844, and was the eldest son of Victor Emanuel, the first King of United Italy. He succeeded his father in 1878. He married, in 1868, his cousin Margherita, daughter of Ferdinand, Duke of Genoa, and they have had issue one child only :

1. Victor Emanuel, Prince of Naples, heir apparent, born 1869.

The following are the sisters of the King :

1. Princess Clotilde, born 1843 ; married, 1859, to Prince Napoleon Jerome Bonaparte, the head of the Bonaparte family, and has issue two sons and a daughter, Letitia. (See "Bonapartists.")

2. Princess Pia, born 1847, and married, 1862, to the late King Louis of Portugal, and has two sons.

The late Prince Amadeus, brother of the King, Duke of Aosto and ex-King of Spain, born 1845 ; married first in 1867, and had issue three sons—Emanuel, now Duke of Aosta, born 1869; Victor, Count of Turin, born 1870, and Louis, Duke of Abruzzi, born 1873 ; married, second, 1888, his niece, Princess Letitia, daughter of Prince Napoleon Bonaparte and the Princess Clotilde. By this second marriage he had a son, Humbert, Count of Salemi, born in 1889.

The King's aunt by marriage, the Princess Elizabeth, widow of the Duke of Genoa, has a son and a daughter, the latter being King Humbert's wife. The family is descended from the Counts of Savoy, who flourished in the eleventh century.

NETHERLANDS.

Wilhelmina, Queen of the Netherlands and Princess of Orange-Nassau, born August 31, 1880, daughter of the late King William III. and Emma, daughter of Prince George Victor of Waldeck. Queen Emma is regent during the minority of the Queen, whose father died November 23, 1890.

The Queen's aunt is the Princess Sophia, married to the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar. She has a son, Prince Charles, born 1844, and two daughters. This family, known as the House of Orange, is descended from the Princes of Orange, the stadtholders of the Dutch Republic.

PORTUGAL.

Charles I., King of Portugal, born September 28, 1863, son of the late King Louis and his spouse, the Princess Pia, daughter of King Victor Emanuel of Italy. He succeeded to the throne October 19, 1889. He married, 1886, the Princess Amelie of Orleans, daughter of the Count of Paris,

and has two sons, Prince Louis Philippe, Duke of Braganza, born 1887, and Prince Manuel, Duke of Beja, born 1889.

The King has a brother, Prince Alphonso, Duke of Oporto, born 1865, and unmarried; and an aunt married to the Prince of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, and has three sons.

The reigning family belongs to the house of Braganza, whose founder was an illegitimate son of King John I. (1406) of the old line of Portuguese kings.

ROUMANIA.

Charles I., King of Roumania, born April 30, 1839, is a son of the late Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, and was elected "Lord of Roumania" by the nobles thereof in 1866. He was proclaimed King in 1881. He married, 1869, Elizabeth, a daughter of the princely German house of Wied. He has no children.

The succession to the throne, in the event of his being childless, has been settled by the constitution of the kingdom upon his elder brother, Prince Leopold, of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen; but he has renounced his right to the throne in favor of his son, Prince Ferdinand, born 1865, who is, therefore, the heir presumptive. He is unmarried.

RUSSIA.

Alexander III., Emperor of Russia, was born March 10, 1845, and succeeded his father, Alexander II. (who died by assassination), March 13, 1881. He married, in 1866, the Princess Dagmar, daughter of the present King of Denmark, and sister of the present Princess of Wales and the present King of Greece. They have issue three sons and two daughters, the eldest son and the heir apparent being the Grand Duke Nicholas (the césarevitch), born in 1868. The other children are minors. The brothers and sisters of the Emperor are:

1. Grand Duke Vladimir, born 1847; married, 1874, the Princess Marie, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and has three sons and one daughter.
2. Grand Duke Alexis, born 1850. He is unmarried.
3. Grand Duchess Marie, born 1853; married to the Duke of Edinburgh, and has one son and four daughters.
4. Grand Duke Sergius, born 1857; married, 1884, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse, daughter of Princess Alice of England, and has no issue.
5. Grand Duke Paul, born 1860; married, 1889, Princess Alexandra, daughter of the King of the Greeks. She died September 24, 1891, leaving a son, the Grand Duke Demetrius, and a daughter.

The Emperor has an aunt, the Grand Duchess Olga, who is mother of the present King of Würtemberg, and two surviving uncles (sons of the Emperor Nicholas I.) as follows:

1. Grand Duke Constantine, born 1827, high admiral of the Russian navy; married, 1848, Princess Alexandra, of Saxe-Altenburg, and has had issue five children, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1850, being the eldest, and the Grand Duchess Olga, born 1851, the eldest daughter being married to the King of the Greeks.
2. Grand Duke Michael, born 1832, field marshal in the Russian army; married, 1857, Princess Cecelia of Baden, and has issue seven children, the eldest daughter, Anastasia, born 1860, being the wife of the reigning Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

A third uncle, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1831, field marshal in the Russian army, died in 1891. He married, in 1856, the Princess Alexandra of Oldenburg, and had issue two sons, the youngest of whom, the Grand Duke Peter, married, in 1889, a daughter of the present Prince of Montenegro.

The Russian reigning family is descended from Michael Romanoff, elected Czar in 1613. The members of the family for over two centuries, however, have married so generally into the German royal houses, that the present Romanoffs are practically, by blood, Germans; as much so as their kinsman, the head of the German Empire.

SAXONY.

Albert, King of Saxony, born April 23, 1828, succeeded to the throne on the death of his father, 1873; married, 1853, Caroline, daughter of Prince Gustavus of Holstein-Gottorp-Vasa. They have no children.

The heir to the throne is the King's brother, George, born 1832; married, 1859, the Infanta Maria, daughter of the late King Ferdinand of Portugal. He has one daughter and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Frederick, born 1865.

The King has one sister, Princess Elizabeth, born 1830, who married Prince Ferdinand of Sardinia, and is a widow.

The royal house of Saxony is one of the oldest in Europe, having given an emperor to Germany as early as the beginning of the tenth century. The elector of Saxony was made king in 1815.

SPAIN.

Alphonso XIII., King of Spain, born May 17, 1886, nearly six months after the death of his father, Alphonso XII. His mother, Maria Christina, an Austrian princess, is the Queen Regent during his minority. He has two sisters, the Infanta Maria-de-las-Mercedes, born 1880, and the Infanta Maria Theresa, born 1882.

The King's aunts are the Infantas Isabella, widow of the Count de Girgenti; Maria, wife of Prince Louis of Bavaria, and Eulalie, wife of Prince Antonio of Orleans.

The King's grandmother is ex-Queen Isabella, born in 1830, crowned 1833, abdicated 1870. Her husband, the Infant Francis d'Assisi, born 1822, is living.

The King's grand-aunt, the Infanta Louisa, widow of the Duke of Montpensier (son of King

REIGNING FAMILIES—*Continued.*

Louis Philippe of France), is the mother of a son and daughter, the latter being the wife of the Count of Paris, head of the house of Orleans.

A second cousin of the King is Don Carlos, born in 1848, and a pretender to the Spanish throne, who is married, and has four daughters and a son, Prince Jaime, born in 1870.

The Spanish reigning family are Bourbons, descendants of King Louis XIV. of France.

SERVIA.

Alexander I., King of Servia, born August 17, 1876; son of King Milan I., who abdicated in 1889, and Natalie, daughter of Colonel Keschko of the Russian Imperial Guard. Alexander was proclaimed King in 1889, on the abdication of his father. He is the only child of his parents. The ex-King obtained a divorce from Queen Natalie in 1888.

The present reigning house was founded by Milos Todorovic Obrenovic, leader of the insurrection against the yoke of Turkey in 1815–29. The Turkish Government recognized the quasi-independence of Servia in 1829, and confirmed the title of Obrenovic as reigning prince. The present King is the fifth of his dynasty, being descended from a brother of the founder.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Oscar II., King of Sweden and Norway, born January 21, 1829; son of Oscar I. and grandson of Marshal Bernadotte. He married, 1857, the Princess Sophia, of Nassau, and has had four sons, the eldest of whom is the Prince Royal Gustavus, born 1858; married, 1881, to the Princess Victoria of Baden, and has three sons, all small children. The King's other sons are: Prince Oscar, born 1859, married to Miss Ebba Munck, one of his mother's maids of honor, and relinquished his rights to the throne; Prince Carl, born 1861, and Prince Eugene, born 1865. The King has a niece, Louise, married to the eldest son of the King of Denmark. The royal family comes from Napoleon's marshal, Bernadotte, a Frenchman, who was elected heir apparent to the crown of Sweden and Norway in 1810.

WÜRTEMBERG.

William II., King of Würtemberg, born February 25, 1848, succeeded his uncle, King Charles I., October 6, 1891. He married, 1877, Princess Marie, of Waldeck, who died, leaving a daughter, Pauline, born 1877. The King married, secondly, Princess Charlotte of Schaumburg-Lippe, by whom he has no children.

The King's mother, Princess Katherine, is living, and he has an aunt, Princess Augusta, married to Prince Hermann of Saxe-Weimar, with issue of four sons and two daughters. He has a number of cousins, one of them being the Duke of Teck, who is married to the English Princess Mary of Cambridge.

The French Pretenders.

BONAPARTIST.

Of the Emperor Napoleon I. and his brothers Joseph and Louis, male issue is now extinct. The Emperor's brothers Lucien and Jerome are represented by the following living descendants, and they constitute the present Imperialist house of France:

Prince Napoleon Victor, born July 18, 1862, son of the late Prince Napoleon (who died March 18, 1891), and the Princess Clotilde, sister of King Humbert of Italy. The prince is now the undisputed head of the Bonaparte family. He lives in Brussels and is unmarried. His only brother, Prince Napoleon Louis, born 1864, is an officer in the Russian army. His sister, Princess Letitia, born 1866, is the widow of the late Prince Amadeus of Italy, her own uncle, by whom she had a son, Prince Humbert, born 1889.

The living aunt of Prince Napoleon Victor is the Princess Mathilde, born 1820; married, 1840, Prince Demidoff of Russia; now a widow without children.

Prince Lucien Bonaparte, who is the Cardinal Bonaparte, is the representative of the eldest son of Napoleon's brother, Lucien, and the head of that branch of the imperial family. He was born 1828; created Cardinal 1868. He has three living sisters, married respectively to the Marquis of Roccagiovine, Count Primoli, and Prince Gabrelli, and one brother, Prince Napoleon, born 1839, married, and has two daughters.

Prince Roland Bonaparte is the only living male cousin of the Cardinal. He is a son of the late Prince Pierre Napoleon Bonaparte; was born 1858; married, 1880, the daughter of Blanc, the proprietor of the Monte Carlo gambling-hell. His wife died in 1882, leaving him a daughter and a fortune. He has one sister, Jeanne, born 1861, and married to the Marquis de Villeneuve.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, widow of the late Emperor Napoleon III., was a daughter of Count Cyprien de Montijo, a Spanish grandee, and was born May 5, 1826. She married 1853. Became a widow 1873. Her only son, Prince Louis Napoleon, was killed in Zululand in 1879.

BOURBON—ORLEANIST.

The Count of Paris, Louis Philippe, is the eldest son of the late Duke of Orleans, who was the eldest son of King Louis Philippe. He was born August 24, 1838; married, 1864, his cousin, the Spanish Infanta Marie of Montpensier. The issue of the marriage are four daughters and two sons, the eldest of the latter being Robert, Duke of Orleans, heir apparent, born 1869. The eldest daughter, Princess Amelie, born 1865, is married to the present King of Portugal.

The only brother of the Count of Paris is the Duke of Chartres, born 1840, and married to a daughter of the Prince of Joinville. The issue are two daughters and two sons, the eldest son being Prince Henry, born 1867, and the eldest daughter, Princess Marie, being married to Prince Waldemar of Denmark.

The living uncles of the Count of Paris are as follows:

1. Louis, Duke of Nemours, born 1814. He is the father of two daughters and two sons, the eldest son being the Count of Eu, born 1842, married to a daughter of Pedro II. of Brazil, and having three children, and the second son being the Duke of Alençon, born 1844, and married to a Bavarian princess, and having two children.

2. Francis, Prince of Joinville, born 1818, married to a daughter of Pedro I. of Brazil, and has one daughter and one son, the Duke of Penthievre, born 1845.

3. Henry, Duke of Aumale, born 1822, childless.

The other uncle of the Count, Anthony, Duke of Montpensier, born 1824, died 1890; married, 1832, a sister of Queen Isabella of Spain, and had a daughter, the wife of the Count of Paris, and a son, Prince Anthony, born 1866, who married, 1888, his cousin, the Infanta Eulalie of Spain.

By the death of the Count of Chambord, in 1883, the elder line of the Bourbons of France became extinct, and the right of succession merged in the Count of Paris, representative of the Younger, or Orleans line.

Sovereigns of Europe.

ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THE DATES OF THEIR ACCESSION TO THE THRONE.

Sovereigns.	Accession.	Age at Accession.
Victoria, Queen of Great Britain, etc.	1837	18
Ernest II., Duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha	1844	26
George Victor, Prince of Waldeck	1845	14
Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria	1848	18
Frederick, Grand Duke, Baden	1852	25
Peter, Grand Duke, Oldenburg	1853	25
Charles, Grand Duke, Saxe-Weimar	1853	35
Ernest, Duke, Saxe-Altenburg	1853	26
Nicholas, Prince, Montenegro	1860	19
George I., King of the Greeks	1863	17
Christian IX., King of Denmark	1863	45
Leopold II., King of the Belgians	1865	30
Charles, King of Roumania	1866	26
George II., Duke, Saxe-Meiningen	1866	40
Frederick, Duke, Anhalt	1871	40
Oscar II., King of Sweden	1872	43
Albert, King of Saxony	1873	45
Abdul, Hamid, Sultan of Turkey	1876	33
Louis IV., Grand Duke, Hesse	1877	39
Humbert I., King of Italy	1878	34
Leo XIII., Pope	1878	68
Alexander III., Emperor of Russia	1881	36
Frederick III., Grand Duke, Mecklenburg-Schwerin	1883	32
Alphonso XIII., King of Spain	1886	[illegible]
Otho I., King of Bavaria	1886	38
William II., German Emperor	1888	29
Alexander I., King of Servia	1889	13
Albert, Prince of Monaco	1889	41
Charles I., King of Portugal	1889	26
Adolphus, Grand Duke, Luxemburg	1890	73
Wilhelmina, Queen of Netherlands	1890	10
William, King of Würtemberg	1891	43

ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THEIR RESPECTIVE AGES.

Sovereigns.	Year of Birth.	Age Jan. 1, 1892. y.	m.	d.
Leo XIII., Pope	1810	81	9	29
Adolphus, Grand Duke of Luxemburg	1817	74	5	7
Christian IX., King of Denmark	1818	73	8	22
Ernest II., Duke, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha	1818	73	6	9
Charles, Grand Duke, Saxe-Weimar	1818	73	6	6
Victoria, Queen of Great Britain	1819	72	7	7
George II., Duke, Saxe-Meiningen	1826	65	8	28
Frederick, Grand Duke, Baden	1826	65	3	21
Ernest, Grand Duke, Altenburg	1826	65	3	14
Peter, Grand Duke, Oldenburg	1827	64	5	23
Albert, King of Saxony	1828	63	8	7
Oscar II., King of Sweden	1829	62	11	10
Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria	1830	61	4	13
George, Prince, Waldeck	1831	60	11	17
Frederick, Duke, Anhalt	1831	60	8	2
Leopold II., King of the Belgians	1835	56	8	21
Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse	1837	54	3	18
Charles, King of Roumania	1839	52	8	19
Nicholas, Prince of Montenegro	1841	50	2	23
Abdul Hamid, Sultan	1842	49	3	8
Humbert I., King of Italy	1844	47	9	17
Alexander III., Emperor of Russia	1845	46	9	22
George I., King of the Greeks	1845	46	0	7
William, King of Würtemberg	1848	43	10	3
Otho, King of Bavaria	1848	43	8	4
Albert, Prince of Monaco	1848	43	1	19
Frederick, Grand Duke, Mecklenburg	1851	40	9	12
William III., German Emperor	18[illegible]9	32	11	4
Charles I., King of Portugal	1863	28	3	4
Alexander I., King of Servia	1876	15	4	13
Wilhelmina, Queen of Netherlands	1880	11	4	1
Alphonso XIII., King of Spain	1886	5	7	14

Death made havoc among the royalties in 1891. The following are some of the more important takings off from a dynastic point of view: The King of Würtemberg, aged 68; Dom Pedro, ex-Emperor of Brazil, aged 66; Prince Baldwin, heir presumptive to the Belgian throne, aged 22; Grand Duke Nicholas of Russia, a field-marshal in the Russian army, aged 60; Grand Duchess Alexandra, wife of Grand Duke Paul of Russia, brother of the Czar, aged 21; Grand Duchess Olga, wife of Grand Duke Michael, uncle of the Czar, aged 52; Archduchess Marie, aged 17; Archduke Ferdinand, aged 3; Archduke Sigismund, aged 65; and Archduke Henry, a field-marshal, aged 63; all of the Austrian Imperial family; Prince Napoleon the chief of the French Imperialists, aged 60, and his cousin, Prince Lucien Bonaparte, aged 78; Wilhelmina, Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, aged 88, and Princess Elizabeth, of Baden, aged 56. To these may be added from outside of Europe, King Kalakaua of Hawaii, Prince Chun, father of the Chinese Emperor and a leading statesman, and ex-king Tamasese of Samoa.

COST OF THE BRITISH ROYAL FAMILY.

THE annuities paid by the British people to the royal family for its support are as follows: The Queen, $1,925,000; Prince of Wales, $200,000; Princess of Wales, $50,000; Crown Empress Frederick of Germany, $40,000; Duke of Edinburgh, $125,000; Princess Christian, $30,000; Princess Louise, $30,000; Duke of Connaught, $125,000; Princess Beatrice, $30,000; Duke of Cambridge (the Queen's cousin), $60,000; Duchess of Teck (the Queen's cousin), $25,000; Duchess of Albany, $30,000; Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz (the Queen's cousin), $15,000; children of the Prince of Wales, $180,000. Total, $2,895,000. The Queen also receives the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster. During recent years these have amounted to about $250,000 per annum. When the royal children marry dowries are usually provided for them. The last of the Queen's children to marry, Princess Beatrice, received $150,000 as dowry from the British people, by Parliamentary grant.

CIVIL LISTS OF EUROPEAN SOVEREIGNS.

Austria-Hungary, Emperor of, $3,875,000.
Bavaria, King of, $1,412,000, which includes all allowances to family.
Belgium, King of, $660,000.
Denmark, King of, $227,775; and Crown Prince, $33,330.
Germany, Emperor of. (See Prussia, King of.) No separate Civil List.
Greece, King of, $260,000, including $20,000 a year each from Great Britain, France, and Russia.
Holland, King of, $250,000, also a large revenue from domains, and $62,500 for royal family, courts, and palaces. The reigning house possesses a very large private fortune.
Italy, King of, $2,858,000, of which $180,000 for royal family.
Japan, Emperor of, $3,000,000.
Norway and Sweden, King of, $575,525.
Portugal, King of, $634,440, including all payments to family.
Prussia, King of, $3,852,770; also a vast amount of private property, castles, forests, and landed estates, out of which the court expenditure and royal family are paid.
Roumania, King of, $237,000.
Russia, Czar of, has private estates of more than 1,000,000 square miles of cultivated land and forests, besides gold and other mines in Siberia. The annual income has been estimated at about $12,000,000.
Saxony, King of, $735,000, and $80,100 additional for the royal family.
Servia, King of, $240,000.
Spain, King of, $1,400,000, besides $600,000 for royal family.
Würtemberg, King of, $449,050, and extra $73,450 for the royal family.—*Barker's Facts.*

The British Royal Family.

JANUARY 1, 1892.

QUEEN VICTORIA was born May 24, 1819; succeeded her uncle, King William IV., June 20, 1837; married, February 10, 1840, Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who died in 1861. In the following table their children and grandchildren and their matrimonial alliances are enumerated.

NAMES.	Born	Died	Married.	Date
THE QUEEN	1819	....	Duke of Saxony, Prince of Coburg and Gotha (died 1861)	1840
*Descendants.**				
1. VICTORIA ADELAIDE, PRINCESS ROYAL	1840	....	Crown Prince of Prussia (succ. as German Emperor, March, 1888. Died June, 1888)	1858
Frederick William (succ. as German Emperor, June, 1888). (*Issue*, 4 sons)	1859	....	Princess Augusta of Schleswig-Holstein	1881
Charlotte. (*Issue*, 1 dau.)	1860	....	Prince of Saxe-Meiningen	1878
Henry	1862	....	Princess Irene of Hesse	1888
Sigismund	1864	1866		
Victoria	1866	....	Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe	1890
Waldemar	1868	1879		
Sophia Dorothea. (*Issue*, 1 son)	1870	....	Duke of Sparta	1889
Margaret	1872	....		
2. ALBERT EDWARD, PRINCE OF WALES	1841	...	Princess Alexandra of Denmark	1863
Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence	1864	1892		
George Frederick	1865	....		
Louise Victoria. (*Issue*, 1 dau.)	1867	....	Duke of Fife	1889
Victoria Alexandria	1868	...		
Maude Charlotte	1869	....		
Alexander	1871	1871		
3. ALICE MAUD MARY	1843	1878	Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse	1862
Victoria Alberta. (*Issue*, 2 dau.)	1863	....	Prince Louis of Battenberg	1884
Elizabeth	1864	....	Grand Duke Sergius of Russia	1884
Irene Marie. (*Issue*, 1 son)	1866	....	Prince Henry of Prussia	1888
Ernest Louis	1868	...		
Frederick William	1870	1873		
Victoria Alice	1872	....		
Mary Victoria	1874	1878		
4. ALFRED, DUKE OF EDINBURGH	1844	....	Grand Duchess Marie, sister of Emperor of Russia	1874
Alfred Alexander	1874	....		
Marie Alexandria Victoria	1875	...		
Victoria Melita	1876	....		
Alexandria Louise	1878	....		
Beatrice	1884	....		
5. HELENA, PRINCESS CHRISTIAN	1846	....	Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig-Holstein	1866
Christian Victor	1867	....		
Albert John	1869	....		
Victoria Louise	1870	....		
Louise Augusta	1872	....		
Harold	1876	1876		
6. LOUISE, MARCHIONESS OF LORNE	1848	....	Marquis of Lorne	1871
7. ARTHUR, DUKE OF CONNAUGHT	1850	....	Princess Louise of Prussia	1879
Margaret	1882	....		
Arthur Patrick	1883	....		
Victoria Patricia	1886	....		
8. LEOPOLD, DUKE OF ALBANY	1853	1884	Princess Helena of Waldeck	1882
Alice Mary	1883	....		
Leopold (*posthumous.*)	1884	...		
9. BEATRICE M. V. F.	1857	....	Prince Henry of Battenberg	1885
Albert Alexander	1886	....		
Victoria Eugénie	1887	....		
Leopold Arthur Louis	1889	....		
The Queen's Cousins.				
DUKE OF CUMBERLAND. (*Issue*, 6 children)	1845	....	Princess Thyra of Denmark	1878
GEORGE, DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE	1819	....	Morganatic marriage	...
AUGUSTA, DUCHESS OF MECKLENBURG-STRELITZ (son and grandchildren)	1822	....	Frederick, Duke of Mecklenburg	1843
MARY ADELAIDE, DUCHESS OF TECK. (1 dau., Princess Mary, b. 1867, and 3 sons.)	1833	....	Francis, Duke of Teck	1866

The Queen has had, so far, sixty children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, of whom fifty-one are living and nine are dead.

* Queen's children in SMALL CAPS. Their children follow.

The British Parliament.

THE supreme legislative power of the British Empire is, by its constitution, vested in Parliament. This body is divided into two houses, the Lords and the Commons.

THE HOUSE OF PEERS.

The House of Peers is composed of the whole Peerage of England and of certain representatives of the peerages of Scotland and Ireland, but many members of these latter have also English titles, which give them seats in the House. The Duke of Buccleuch sits as Earl of Doncaster, and the Duke of Leinster as Viscount Leinster. Exclusive of 13 minors and one baron, whose claim is not established, the House at present consists of 5 Princes of the Blood, 2 Archbishops, 21 Dukes, 20 Marquises, 115 Earls, 27 Viscounts, 24 Bishops, 287 Barons, 16 Scottish Representative Peers elected for each Parliament, and 28 Irish Representative Peers elected for life (1 Scotch and 2 Irish Representative Peers are also included as Peers of England)—in all, 537 members.

The Speaker of the House of Peers is always the Lord Chancellor of England.

A TABLE OF BRITISH DUKES.

Created.	Title.	Name.	Born.	Succeeded.	Heir to Title.
1868....	Abercorn*.....	James Hamilton, 2d Duke.....	1838	1885	Marq. Hamilton, s.
1881....	Albany†.....	H. R. H. Leopold Charles Edward, 2d Duke.	1884	1884	None.
1701....	Argyll‡.....	George Douglas Campbell, 8th Duke.....	1823	1847	Marq. of Lorne, s.
1703 ...	Athole‡.....	John J. H. H. Stewart-Murray, 7th Duke...	1840	1864	Marq. Tullibardine, s.
1682....	Beaufort	H. C. Fitzroy Somerset, 8th Duke.....	1824	1853	Marq. of Worcester, s.
1694....	Bedford.....	Geo. W. F. S. Russell, 10th Duke.....	1852	1891	Lord H. A. Russell, b.
1673....	Buccleuch & Queensberry‡....	Wm. H. W. Montagu-Douglas-Scott, 6th Duke (*a*).....	1831	1884	Earl Dalkeith, s.
1801....	Cambridge†.....	H.R.H. George William Frederick, 2d Duke.	1819	1850	None.
1874....	Connaught†.....	H. R. H. Arthur William Patrick, 1st Duke.	1850	....	Prince Arthur, s.
1841....	Cornwall and (1469) Rothesay†.....	H. R. H. Albert Edward, Prince of Wales.	1841	....	Prince George, s.
1799....	Cumberland†.....	H. R. H. Ernest Augustus, 3d Duke (*b*).....	1845	1878	Earl Armagh, s.
1694....	Devonshire.....	Spencer C. Cavendish, 8th Duke.....	1833	1891	Victor Cavendish, n.
1866....	Edinburgh†.....	H. R. H. Alfred Ernest Albert, 1st Duke....	1844	....	Prince Alfred, s.
1889....	Fife.....	Alex. Wm. George (Duff), 1st Duke (*c*).....	1849	....	None.
1675....	Grafton.....	Aug. Charles Lennox (Fitzroy), 7th Duke (*d*	1821	1882	Earl of Euston, s.
1643....	Hamilton‡ and Brandon.....	Wm. Alex. L. S. Douglas-Hamilton, 12th Duke.....	1845	1863	Lt. A. D. D. Hamilton, c.
1694....	Leeds.....	George G. Osborne, 9th Duke.....	1828	1872	Marq. Carmarthen, s.
1766....	Leinster*.....	Gerald Fitzgerald, 8th Duke.....	1851	1887	Marq. Kildare, s.
1719....	Manchester.....	Geo. Victor Drogo Montagu, 8th Duke (*e*)...	1853	1890	Visc. Mandeville, s.
1702....	Marlborough.....	Geo. C. Spencer-Churchill, 8th Duke (*f*)....	1844	1883	Marq. Blandford, s.
1707....	Montrose‡.....	Douglas B. M. R. Graham, 5th Duke.....	1852	1874	Marq. Graham, s.
1756....	Newcastle.....	Henry P. A. Pelham-Clinton, 7th Duke.....	1864	1879	L.H. Pelham-Clinton, b.
1483....	Norfolk.....	Henry Fitzalan Howard, 15th Duke (*g*).....	1847	1860	Earl Arundel & S., s.
1766....	Northumberland...	Algernon George Percy, 6th Duke.....	1810	1867	Earl Percy, s.
1716....	Portland.....	W. J. A. Cavendish-Bentinck, 6th Duke....	1857	1879	Lord H. Cavendish, b.
1675....	Richmond and (1876) Gordon and Lennox‡.....	Charles H. Gordon-Lennox, 6th Duke (*h*)....	1818	1860	Earl March, s.
1707 ...	Roxburghe‡.....	James H. R. Innes-Ker, 7th Duke.....	1839	1879	Marq. Bowmont, s.
1703....	Rutland.....	John J. Robert Manners, 7th Duke.....	1818	1888	Marq Granby, s.
1684....	St. Albans.....	W. A. A. de Vere Beauclerk, 10th Duke (*i*).	1840	1849	Earl of Burford, s.
1547....	Somerset.....	Algernon P. B. (St. Maur), 14th Duke.....	1813	1891	Lord Seymour, s.
1833....	Sutherland.....	G.G.W. (Sutherland-Leveson-Gower), 3d Duke	1828	1861	Marq. Stafford, s.
1814....	Wellington.....	Henry (Wellesley), 3d Duke (*j*)	1846	1884	Lord A.C. Wellesley, b.
1874....	Westminster.....	Hugh Lupus (Grosvenor), 1st Duke.....	1825	.. .	Earl Grosvenor, gs.

s, son; b, brother; gs, grandson; c, cousin; n, nephew.

* Irish Dukes. † Royal Dukes. ‡ Scotch Dukes. (*a*) Eighth Duke of Queensbury, descendant of the Duke of Monmouth, illegitimate son of King James II. (*b*) Son of King George V., of Hanover. (*c*) Husband of the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of the Prince of Wales. (*d*) Descendant of Henry Fitzroy, First Duke, illegitimate son of King Charles II. and Barbara Villiers. (*e*) His wife was Miss Yznaga of New-York. (*f*) His wife was Mrs. Hammersley, of New-York. (*g*) Premier Duke. (*h*) Descendant of Charles Lennox, First Duke illegitimate son of King Charles II. and Louise-Renée de Queroualles. (*i*) Descendant of Charles Beauclerk, First Duke, illegitimate son of King Charles II. and Nell Gwynne. (*j*) Grandson of the Duke of Wellington.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The division of parties in the House of Commons, returned in the general elections of July, 1886, was as follows: Conservatives, 316; Liberal-Unionists, 78; Gladstone-Liberals, 191; Nationalists or Parnellites, 85. The distribution of seats among the parties is as follows:

In England the Conservatives had 183 seats; Liberal-Unionists, 46; Gladstone-Liberals, 125; Parnellites, 1; in Scotland the Conservatives had 5 seats; the Liberal-Unionists, 17; Gladstone-Liberals, 43; in Wales the Conservatives had 4 seats; Liberal-Unionists, 3; Gladstone-Liberals, 17; in Ireland the Conservatives had 17 seats; Liberal-Unionists 2; and Parnellites, 84.

This gave a majority of Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists of 118 over the Gladstone-Liberals and the Nationalists combined.

Since 1886 a number of political changes have taken place, in consequence of the death or resignation of members, and the return of others in the bye elections, so that the political composition of the House is now (January 1, 1892) as follows: Conservatives, 306; Gladstone-Liberals, 210; Nationalists, 86; Liberal-Unionists, 68; Conservative-Unionist majority, 78. The speaker, Mr. Arthur Wellesley Peel, is classed as a Liberal-Unionist.

The British Government.

THE MINISTRY.

JANUARY 1, 1892.

The Present Conservative Ministry.		The Late Liberal Ministry.
Marquis of Salisbury	*Prime Minister.*	William Ewart Gladstone.
Arthur James Balfour*	*First Lord of the Treasury.*	William Ewart Gladstone.
Lord Halsbury	*Lord High Chancellor.*	Lord Herschell.
Viscount Cranbrooke	*President of the Council.*	Earl Spencer.
George J. Goschen	*Chancellor of the Exchequer.*	Sir William Harcourt.
Henry Matthews	*Home Secretary.*	Hugh C. E. Childers.
Marquis of Salisbury	*Foreign Secretary.*	Earl of Rosebery.
Lord Knutsford	*Colonial Secretary.*	Earl Granville.
Hon. Edward Stanhope	*Secretary for War.*	H. Campbell-Bannerman.
Viscount Cross*	*Secretary for India.*	Earl of Kimberley.
Marquis of Lothian*	*Secretary for Scotland.*	Earl of Dalhousie.
Earl Cadogan	*Lord Privy Seal.*	William Ewart Gladstone.
Lord George Francis Hamilton	*First Lord of the Admiralty.*	Marquis of Ripon.
Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach	*President Board of Trade.*	A. J. Mundella.
Charles T. Ritchie	*Pres. Local Government Board.*	James Stanfield.
Duke of Rutland	*Chancellor Duchy Lancaster.*	E. Heneage.*
Sir James Fergusson, Bart*	*Postmaster-General.*	Lord Wolverton.*
William Lawies Jackson	*Chief Secretary for Ireland.*	John Morley.
Lord Ashbourne	*Lord Chancellor for Ireland.*	John Naish.*
Henry Chaplin	*President Board of Agriculture.*	.....
Earl of Zetland*	*Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland.*	Earl of Aberdeen.

* Not in the Cabinet.

Hon. Sidney Herbert Sir W. Hood Walrond, Bart Sir H. E. Maxwell, Bart	*Junior Lords of the Treasury.*	Charles Dalrymple. Hon. Sidney Herbert. Sir W. Hood Walrond.
Lord Windsor	*Paymaster-General.*	Earl Beauchamp.
Sir W. T. Marriott	*Judge Advocate General.*	W. T. Marriott.
Charles Bellby Stuart-Wortley	*Political Sec. Home Office.*	Charles Bellby Stuart-Wortley.
James William Lowther	*Political Sec. Foreign Office.*	Hon. Robert Bourke.
Baron Henry de Worms	*Political Sec. Colonial Office.*	Earl of Dunraven.
Hon. George Nathaniel Curzon	*Political Sec. India Office.*	Lord Harris.
Earl Brownlow	*Political Sec. War Office.*	Viscount Bury.
Sir Richard Everard Webster, Q.C.	*Attorney-General.*	Sir Richard Everard Webster, Q.C.
Sir Edward Clarke, Q.C.	*Solicitor-General.*	Sir John Eldon Gorst, Q.C.

HOUSEHOLD OFFICIALS.

Earl of Mt. Edgcumbe	*Lord Steward.*	Earl Sydney.
Earl of Lathom	*Lord Chamberlain.*	Earl of Kenmore.
Duke of Portland	*Master of the Horse.*	Earl of Cork.
Earl of Coventry	*Master of the Buckhounds.*	Lord Suffield.

COURTS OF LAW.

House of Lords.—*Lord High Chancellor*—Lord Halsbury, and such peers of Parliament as are holding or have held high judicial office.

Lords of Appeal in Ordinary.—Lords Watson, Macnaghten, Morris and Hannen.

Court of Appeals.—*Ex-Officio Judges*—The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls, and the President of the Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division. *Master of the Rolls*—Lord Esher. *Lords Justices*—Sir Nathaniel Lindley, Sir Charles Synge C. Bowen, Sir Edward Fry, Sir Henry Charles Lopes, Sir Edward Ebenezer Kay.

High Court of Justice, Chancery Division.—*President*—The Lord High Chancellor. *Justices*—Sir Joseph William Chitty, Sir Ford North, Sir James Stirling, Sir Arthur Kekewich, Sir Robert Romer,

High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division.—*Lord Chief Justice of England*—Lord Coleridge. *Justices*—George Denman, Sir Charles Edward Pollock, Sir Henry Hawkins, Sir James Charles Mathew, Sir Lewis William Cave, Sir John Charles Day, Sir Archibald Levin Smith, Sir Alfred Wills, Sir William Grantham, Sir Arthur Charles, Sir Roland Vaughan Williams, Sir John Compton Lawrance, Sir Robert Samuel Wright, Sir Richard Henn Collins.

High Court of Justice, Probate, Divorce and Admiralty Division.—*Justices*—Sir Charles Parker Butt, Sir Francis Henry Jeune.

Court of Arches.—*Judge*—Lord Penzance.

Bankruptcy Court.—*Judge*—Sir R. Vaughan Williams. *Registers*—J. R. Brougham, H. S. Giffard, John E. Linklate, Herbert J. Hope.

ARMY.

Commander in Chief.....Field Marshal H. R. H. the Duke of Cambridge.

Adjutant General.—Gen. Sir Redvers H. Buller.

Quartermaster-General.—Lieut.-Gen. Sir Thomas D. Baker.

Director of Artillery.—Lieut.-Gen. Robert J. Hay.

Director of Military Intelligence.—Maj.-Gen. Edward F. Chapman.

Director General of Military Education.—Lieut.-Gen. Sir R. Biddulph.

Director-General Medical Department.—Surg.-Maj. Gen. Sir W. A. Mackinnon.

Inspector-General of Fortifications.—Lieut.-Gen. Robert Grant.

FIELD MARSHALS.

H. R. H. Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief.
H. R. H. Prince of Wales.
Sir Patrick Grant, Colonel Royal Horse Guards, and Governor of Chelsea Hospital.
Lord William Paulet, Colonel Durham Light Infantry.
Sir John Lintorn Arabin Simmons, Colonel Commandant Royal Engineers.
Sir Frederick Paul Haines, Royal Scots Fusiliers.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT—*Continued.*

GENERALS—ACTIVE LIST.

H. R. H. Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.
Sir Edwin B. Johnson.
Viscount Wolseley.
Hon. Sir Arthur Edward Hardinge.
Sir Lothian Nicholson.
Edmund Henry Cox.
Lord Chelmsford.
Sir Charles Henry Brownlow.
Sir Archibald Alison, Bart.
John M. de Courcy Meade.
Francis William Thomas.
Sir Peter Stark Lumsden.
Sir George W. Alex. Higginson.
Sir Fredk. Sleigh Roberts, Bart.
John I. Murray.
Sir John Ross.
Hon. Percy R. Basil Feilding.
William West Goodfellow.
Sir Henry Augustus Smyth.
Sir Redvers H. Buller.

NAVY.

Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty: First Lord, Lord G. F. Hamilton; *Senior Naval Lord*, Admiral Sir Anthony Hiley Hoskins; *Second Naval Lord*, Vice-Admiral Henry Fairfax; *Third Naval Lord and Controller*, Vice-Admiral O. John Hopkins; *Junior Naval Lord*, Rear-Admiral Frederick G. D. Bedford; *Civil Lord*, Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, M.P.

FLAG OFFICERS IN COMMISSION.

Nore, *Vice-Admiral* Charles Thomas Curme.
Portsmouth, *Admiral* Earl of Clanwilliam.
Devonport, *Admiral* Duke of Edinburgh.
Queenstown, Ireland, *Rear-Adm.* James E. Erskine.
Channel Squadron, *Vice-Adm.* Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Bt.
Mediterranean, *Vice-Adm.* Sir George Tryon.
N. Am. and W. Indies, *Vice-Adm.* Sir G. W. Watson.
Pacific, *Rear-Adm.* Charles F. Hotham.
China, *Vice-Adm.* Sir Frederick Richards.
East Indies, *Rear-Adm.* Fredk. C. Bryan Robinson.
Australia, *Rear-Adm.* Lord Chas. T. M.-D.-Scott.
Cape and W. Africa, *Rear-Adm.* H. F. Nicholson.
S. E. Coast America, *Captain* Wm. Metcalfe Lang.
Training Squadron, *Comm.* Lewis Anth. Beaumont.
Supt., Portsmouth, *Rear-Adm.* John A. Fisher.
Supt., Devonport, *Rear-Adm.* Sir R. H. M. Molyneux.
Supt., Chatham, *Rear-Admiral* Edward Kelly.
Supt., Malta Dock, *Rear Admiral* Alexander Buller.
Supt., Naval Reserves, *Rear-Admiral* Robert O'Brien FitzRoy, C.B.

ADMIRALS OF THE FLEET.—H. R. H. Prince of Wales, H. I. M. William II., German Emperor, Sir Provo W. Parry Wallis, Sir G. T. Phipps Hornby, Lord John Hay.

ADMIRALS.—Algernon Federick Rous De Horsey, Sir John E. Commerell, Earl of Clanwilliam, H. S. H. Prince of Leiningen, H. R. H. Duke of Edinburgh, Sir R. Vesey Hamilton, C. L. D. Waddilove, Sir Algernon McL. Lyons, Sir Francis William Sullivan, Sir Anthony H. Hoskins, Sir Nowell Salmon.

VICE-ADMIRALS.—Sir John K. Erskine Baird, Charles Thomas Curme, Sir George Willes Watson, Hon. William John Ward, William Henry Whyte, Henry Duncan Grant, Sir Michael Culme-Seymour, Bt., Sir Frederick William Richards, Hon. Walter Cecil Carpenter, Robert Gordon Douglas, Sir George Tryon, Algernon C. Fieschi Heneage, Sir W. J. Hunt-Grubbe, Charles John Rowley, Richard Wells, Hon. Sir Edmund Robert Fremantle, John O. Hopkins, St. George C. D'Arcy-Irvine, Henry Fairfax, Thomas Barnardiston.

THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH.

ENGLISH ARCHBISHOPS.

Trans.
1883. *Canterbury*, Edward White Benson, *b.* 1829.
1891. *York*, William D. Maclagan, *b.* 1826.

ENGLISH BISHOPS.

App.
1885. *London*, Rt. Hon. F. Temple, *b.* 1821.
1890. *Durham*, Brooke Foss Westcott, *b.* 1825.
1891. *Winchester*, Anthony W. Thorold, *b.* 1825.
1890. *Bangor*, Daniel Lewis Lloyd, *b.* 1844.
1869. *Bath and Wells*, Lord A. C. Hervey, *b.* 1808.
—— *Carlisle*, vacant.
1888. *Chester*, Francis John Jayne, *b.* 1845.
1870. *Chichester*, Richard Durnford, *b.* 1802.
1885. *Ely*, Lord A. Compton, *b.* 1825.
1885. *Exeter*, Edward H. Bickersteth, *b.* 1825.
1863. *Gloucester and Bristol*, C. J. Ellicott, *b.* 1819.
1868. *Hereford*, James Atlay, *b.* 1817.
1885. *Lincoln*, Edward King, *b.* 1829.
1891. *Litchfield*, Augustus Legge.
1880. *Liverpool*, John Charles Ryle, *b.* 1816.
1883. *Llandaff*, Richard Lewis, *b.* 1821.
1886. *Manchester*, James Moorhouse, *b.* 1826.
1882. *Newcastle*, Ernest R. Wilberforce, *b.* 1840.
1857. *Norwich*, Hon. J. T. Pelham, *b.* 1811.
1888. *Oxford*, William Stubbs, *b.* 1825.
1891. *Peterborough*, Mandall Creighton.
1884. *Ripon*, William Boyd Carpenter, *b.* 1841.
1891. *Rochester*, Randall T. Davidson, *b.* 1848.
1890. *St. Albans*, John W. Festing.
1889. *St. Asaph*, Alfred George Edwards, *b.* 1848.
1874. *St. David's*, William Basil Jones, *b.* 1822.
1885. *Salisbury*, John Wordsworth, *b.* 1843.
1887. *Sodor and Man*, J. W. Bardsley, *b.* 1835.
1884. *Southwell*, George Ridding, *b.* 1828.
1891. *Truro*, John Gott.
1888. *Wakefield*, William Walsham How, *b.* 1823.
1891. *Worcester*, J. J. S. Perowne, *b.* 1823.

THE CITY OF LONDON.

Lord Mayor.	*Ald.*	*Shff.*	*Mayor.*
David Evans	1884	1885	1891
Aldermen.			
Sir William Lawrence, Kt.	1855	1857	1863
Sir James C. Lawrence, Bart.	1860	1862	1868
Sir Andrew Lusk, Bart.	1863	1860	1873
William James Richmond Cotton	1866	1868	1875

Aldermen.	*Ald.*	*Shff.*	*Mayor.*
Sir Francis Wyatt Truscott, Kt.	1871	1871	1879
Sir John Whittaker Ellis, Bt., M.P.	1872	1874	1881
Sir Henry Edmund Knight, Kt.	1874	1875	1882
Sir Reg. Hanson, Bt., LL.D., M.P.	1880	1881	1886
Sir Polydore de Keyser, Kt.	1882	1882	1887
Sir James Whitehead, Bt., F.S.A.	1882	1884	1888
Sir Joseph Savory, Bart.	1883	1882	1890

All the above have passed the Civic Chair.

Lieut.-Col. Phineas Cowan	1835	1883	....
Stuart Knill	1865	1889	....
George Robert Tyler	1877	1891	....
Joseph Renals	1888	....	....
Lieut.-Col. Walter Henry Wilkin	1888	....	....
George Faudel Phillips	1888	1884	....
Edward Hart	1888	....	....
Lieut.-Col. Horatio David Davies	1889	1887	....
John Voce Moore	1889	....	....
Alfred James Newton	1890	1888	....
Frank Green	1891	....	....
Joseph Ockfield Dimsdale	1891	....	....
Marcus Samuel	1891	....	....
James Thompson Ritchie	1891	....	....

Population of Great Britain and Ireland.

CENSUS OF 1891.

ENGLAND.

Counties.	Population.	No. of Acres.	Paupers.	Counties.	Population.	No. of Acres.	Paupers.
Bedford	165,997	294,983	5,850	Middlesex	575,254	153,035	12,378
Berks	268,352	462,210	7,569	Monmouth	275,086	370,350	8,561
Bucks	164,325	477,151	5,870	Norfolk	448,629	1,3[illegible]0,173	20,208
Cambridge	196,266	524,935	7,249	Northampton	308,149	629,912	8,122
Chester	707,962	657,123	14,803	Northumberland	506,096	1,290,312	10,266
Cornwall	318,601	863,665	11,171	Nottingham	505,154	527,752	12,191
Cumberland	266,559	970,161	8,888	Oxford	188,265	483,621	7,089
Derby	432,414	658,624	9,515	Rutland	22,123	94,889	773
Devon	636,184	1,655,208	24,763	Salop	254,745	844,565	5,227
Dorset	188,965	627,265	8,075	Somerset	510,064	1,049,812	20,283
Durham	1,024,259	647,592	21,109	Stafford	1,103,322	748,433	34,543
Essex	761,172	987,032	22,976	Suffolk	365,479	944,060	13,675
Gloucester	548,901	783,699	19,627	Surrey	572,060	462,657	14,349
Hants	666,239	1,037,764	22,487	Sussex	554,538	933,269	19,126
Hereford	113,391	532,918	4,736	Warwick	801,760	566,271	17,065
Hertford	215,165	405,141	8,769	Westmoreland	66,215	500,906	1,489
Huntingdon	59,290	229,515	1,414	Wilts	255,120	866,677	10,296
Kent	866,287	974,671	21,852	Worcester	422,515	472,453	12,721
Lancaster	3,957,954	1,208,154	72,143	York	3,218,747	3,882,851	66,436
Leicester	379,214	511,907	9,762				
Lincoln	467,184	1,767,879	16,273	Total	27,499,984	32,527,079	730,246
London	4,211,056	71,475	112,547				

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen	281,331	1,251,451	*6,557	Kirkcudbright	39,979	574,587	1,058
Argyll	75,945	2,056,400	2,418	Lanark	1,045,787	561,284	20,209
Ayr	224,222	722,229	5,113	Linlithgow	52,789	76,866	977
Banff	64,167	410,110	1,861	Nairn	10,019	114,400	293
Berwick	32,398	294,805	753	Orkney & Shetland	59,149	592,352	843
Bute	18,408	139,440	330	Peebles	14,760	226,899	222
Caithness	37,161	438,878	1,706	Perth	126,128	1,617,808	2,917
Clackmannan	28,433	30,477	413	Renfrew	290,790	156,785	4,404
Dumbarton	94,511	154,542	1,495	Ross and Cromarty	77,751	2,003,065	3,517
Dumfries	74,308	680,217	1,732	Roxburgh	53,726	425,657	942
Edinburgh	444,055	231,724	7,662	Selkirk	27,349	161,545	237
Elgin	43,448	304,606	1,608	Stirling	125,604	286,338	2,310
Fife	187,320	314,952	3,428	Sutherland	21,940	1,297,846	899
Forfar	277,788	560,087	5,180	Wigtown	36,048	310,742	1,071
Haddington	37,491	173,298	954	Zetland	.....	.....	1,116
Inverness	88,392	2,616,498	3,553				
Kincardine	36,647	245,346	617	Total	4,033,103	19,083,659	86,835
Kinross	6,289	46,485	140				

WALES.

Anglesey	34,210	193,511	1,895	Glamorgan	693,001	516,959	17,158
Brecon	52,864	462,158	1,626	Merioneth	64,725	384,717	2,947
Cardigan	86,349	443,387	3,221	Montgomery	67,290	495,089	2,777
Carmarthen	118,632	594,405	4,514	Pembroke	1,995	391,181	3,574
Carnarvon	125,596	369,477	5,971	Radnor	17,119	276,552	706
Denbigh	116,688	425,038	3,696				
Flint	42,565	161,807	2,126	Total	1,501,034	4,712,281	50,211

IRELAND.

Leinster.				**Ulster.**			
Carlow	40,936	221,295	†1,213	Antrim	427,968	711,276	6,306
Dublin	429,111	226,495	9,680	Armagh	143,056	313,036	801
Kildare	69,988	418,496	2,330	Cavan	111,679	467,025	1,558
Kilkenny	87,154	507,254	3,184	Donegal	185,211	1,190,269	1,257
King's	65,563	493,263	1,675	Down	266,893	611,926	2,434
Longford	52,647	257,222	1,748	Fermanagh	74,037	417,665	504
Louth	79,852	201,618	2,836	Londonderry	151,666	513,388	1,040
Meath	76,616	578,298	3,063	Monaghan	86,089	318,806	749
Queen's	64,639	424,853	1,477	Tyrone	171,278	778,943	1,466
Westmeath	65,028	434,017	2,149				
Wexford	111,536	573,200	4,028	**Connaught.**			
Wicklow	61,934	499,822	2,010	Galway	214,256	1,502,362	4,178
Munster.				Leitrim	78,379	376,510	1,238
				Mayo	218,406	1,318,130	3,467
Clare	123,859	768,265	4,041	Roscommon	114,194	585,407	2,186
Cork	436,641	1,838,921	16,840	Sligo	98,338	451,815	1,412
Kerry	178,919	1,159,356	4,659				
Limerick	158,563	662,972	7,411	Total	4,706,448	20,327,472	107,129
Tipperary	172,882	1,048,969	6,468				
Waterford	98,130	456,198	3,697				

* The column for Scotland gives "registered paupers and dependents." † This column, for Ireland, gives persons in receipt of poor relief on January 3, 1891.

The British Empire.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Countries.	Area in Sq. Miles.	How Acquired by England.	Date.]	Population, 1891.
England	50,823	.....	....	27,499,984
Wales	7,363	Conquest	1282	1,501,034
Scotland	29,820	Union	1603	4,033,103
Ireland	32,531	Conquest	1172	4,706,448
Islands	295	.....	....	147,870
Total	120,832			37,888,153

COLONIES AND DEPENDENCIES.

Europe:				
Gibraltar	2	Conquest	1704	25,000
Malta, etc.	122	Treaty cession	1814	164,000
Asia:				
India (including Burma)	1,649,000	Conquest; Transfer from East India Co.	Begun 1757; 1858	284,000,000
Ceylon	25,365	Treaty cession	1801	3,000,000
Cyprus	3,584	Convention with Turkey	1878	187,000
Aden and Socotra	3,070	(Aden) Conquest	1839	44,000
Straits Settlements	1,500	Treaty cession	1785–1824	600,000
Hong Kong	30½	Treaty cession	1841	221,000
Labuan	31	Treaty cession	1846	6,000
British North Borneo	31,000	Cession to Company	1877	150,000
Africa:				
Cape Colony	217,895	Treaty cession	1588, 1814	1,430,000
Natal	19,000	Annexation	1843	5,300,000
St. Helena	47	Conquest	1673	6,000
Ascension	38	Annexation	1815	200
Sierra Leone	3,000	Settlement	1787	62,000
Gold Coast, etc.	29,401	Treaty cession	1872	1,427,000
Mauritius, etc.	1,068	Conquest and cession	1810, 1814	378,000
America:				
Canada Proper	370,488	Conquest	1759–60	5,000,000
New-Brunswick	27,174	Treaty cession	1763	
Nova Scotia	20,907	Conquest	1627	
Manitoba	60,520	Settlement	1813	
British Columbia, etc.	341,305	Transfer to Crown	1858	
Northwest Territories	3,257,500	Charter to Company	1670	
Prince Edward Island	2,133	Conquest	1745	
Newfoundland	42,200	Treaty cession	1713	198,000
British Guiana	76,000	Conquest and cession	1803–1814	282,000
British Honduras	7,562	Conquest	1798	28,000
Jamaica	4,193	Conquest	1655	581,000
Trinidad and Tobago	1,754	Conquest	1797	205,000
Barbadoes	166	Settlement	1605	172,000
Bahamas	5,794	Settlement	1629	48,000
Bermuda	41	Settlement	1612	16,000
Other Islands	8,742	.....	.....	255,000
Australasia:				
New South Wales	310,700	Settlement	1788	1,122,000
Victoria	87,884	Settlement	1832	1,105,000
South-Australia	903,690	Settlement	1836	325,000
Queensland	668,497	Settlement	1824	407,000
Western Australia	1,060,000	Settlement	1828	44,000
Tasmania	26,215	Settlement	1803	152,000
New-Zealand	104,032	Purchase	1845	621,000
Fiji	7,423	Cession from the Natives	1874	125,000
New-Guinea (British)	234,768	Annexation	1884	150,000

Estimates of area and present population are by Whitaker. The entire population of the empire according to this authority, is 343,431,000, and the total area 8,995,824. The East Indian possessions extend over a territory larger than the continent of Europe without Russia; but the North American possessions are greater still; and, inclusive of Hudson's Bay and the great lakes, have a larger area than the whole of Europe. Australasia is the next possession in size.

Dominion of Canada.

Governor-General (Salary, $50,000)..... .. ....LORD STANLEY OF PRESTON, G.C.B.

MINISTRY.

The salary of each member of the Dominion cabinet holding a portfolio is $7,000 per annum, except the Premier, who receives $8,000.

Premier, Hon. J. J. C. Abbott.
Min. Finance, Hon. George E. Foster.
Min. Customs, Hon. Mackenzie Bowell.
Min. Militia, Sir Adolphe P. Caron, K.C.M.G.
Postmaster-General, Hon. John Haggart.
Min. Agriculture, Hon. John Carling.
Min. Inland Revenue, Hon. John Costigan.
Secretary of State, Hon. Joseph A. Chapleau.
Min. Interior, Hon. Edgar Dewdney.
Min. Justice, Sir John S. D. Thompson, K.C.M.G.
Min. Marine and Fisheries, Hon. Charles Tupper.
President of the Privy Council, Hon. J. J. C. Abbott.
Without Portfolio, Hon. Frank Smith.
" " Hon. J. A. Ouimet.
" " Hon. George A. Kirkpatrick.

The Senate (Dominion Parliament) is composed of 80 members, Hon. G. W. Allan, Speaker, whose salary is $4,000. Each Senator receives a sessional indemnity of $1,000 and mileage. The House of Commons is composed of 215 members, Hon Peter White, Speaker, whose salary is $4,000. Each member of the House receives a sessional indemnity of $1,000 and mileage. The members of the House of Commons are elected under a Federal Act, which provides for practically almost universal suffrage. The Senators are appointed for life by the Crown on the nomination of the Governor-in-Council.

AREA, POPULATION, AND SEATS OF GOVERNMENT, AND LIEUTENANT-GOVERNORS OF THE PROVINCES.

PROVINCES.	Area Square Miles.	Population, 1891.	Seats of Government.	Lieutenant-Governors.	Appointed.
Alberta.....	106,100	25,278	Regina	Hon. Joseph Royal.....	1888
Assiniboia.	89,535	30,374	Regina.....	" " "	1888
Athabaska....	104,500	.....	Regina.....	" " "	1888
British Columbia.....	383,300	92,767	Victoria.....	Hon. Hugh Nelson.....	1887
Manitoba.....	73,956	154,442	Winnipeg	Hon. John Schultz.	1888
New-Brunswick.	28,200	321,270	Fredericton. ..	Sir Leonard Tilley, K.C.M.G.....	1883
Nova Scotia.....	20,907	450,523	Halifax	Hon. M. B. Daly.....	1890
Ontario	222,000	2,114,475	Toronto.....	Sir Alex. Campbell, K.C.M.G.....	1887
Prince Edward Island	2,000	109,088	Charlottetown.	Hon. J. S. Carvell.....	1889
Quebec.	228,900	1,488,586	Quebec.....	Hon. F. R. Angers.....	1887
Saskatchewan.....	107,092	11,146	Regina.....	Hon. Joseph Royal.	1888
Remaining Territory.	2,090,200	31,462	Regina....	" " "	1888
Total	3,466,690	4,820,411			

High Commissioner in London, England, Sir Charles Tupper, Bart. Salary, $10,000.

The Dominion of Canada has an area of 3,467,000 square miles, and comprises one sixteenth of the land surface of the globe. It is the largest of all the British possessions, Australia, the next in size, containing 2,944,628 square miles. The government of Canada is Federal, centred at Ottawa, which city is the capital of the Dominion, while the seven provinces and the Northwest Territories have their respective local legislatures. The head of the Federal Government is the Governor-General, appointed by the Queen of Great Britain, and holding office for five years, his salary being paid by the Dominion Government.

The Lieutenant-Governors of the several provinces are appointed by the Federal Government for a term of five years. The Legislatures are elected by the people of each province. The highest Court in the dominion is the Supreme Court, composed of a Chief Justice and five Judges, each of whom receives a salary of $7,000 per annum, except the Chief Justice, who is paid an additional $1,000. From the decisions of this Court the only tribunal to which appeal can be made is to the Judicial Committee of the Imperial Privy Council of Great Britain. The only other Federal Court is the Exchequer Court, presided over by a single Judge, for trying cases connected with the revenue. All others are of a provincial character, limited to jurisdiction in their respective provinces only.

FINANCES.

Revenue (financial year ending June 30, 1890), $39,870,925, of which $23,968,954 was from customs; $6,914,850 from excise; $2,357,388 from post-office; $2,357,388 from public works, including government railways; $1,082,271 from interest on investments, and $220,141 from Dominion lands.

The expenditure on account of consolidated fund was $35,994,031, of which $9,656,841 was for interest; $1,308,847 for civil government; $709,784 for administration of justice; $932,187 for legislation; $466,115 for lighthouse and coast service; $286,315 for mail subsidies and steamship subventions; $1,107,824 for Indians; $328,893 for fisheries; $120,548 for geological survey; $153,308 for arts, agriculture and statistics; $1,287,013 for militia and defence; $1,972,501 for public works; $3,904,922 for subsidies to provinces; $3,074,470 for post-office; $4,362,200 for railways and canals; $873,400 for collecting customs revenue; $164,047 for ocean and river service.

DOMINION OF CANADA—*Continued.*

National Debt.

The gross public debt of Canada on June 30, 1891, amounted to $289,899,230, of which $195,826,800 is payable in London, England, and the remainder in Canada. Among the amounts payable in Canada are government savings banks' deposits, $38,816,804, and Dominion notes, $16,176,317. The total assets counted against gross public debt amount to $52,090,199, of which amount $26,555,614 are sinking funds.

Militia.

The total strength of the Canadian militia on January 1, 1892, was 36,618 men, including 1,963 cavalry, 1,440 field artillery, 1,913 garrison artillery, 179 engineers, 31,123 infantry. Attached to the military schools and college there are 1,079 men, which constitute the permanent force of Canada.

Trade.

Exports fiscal year (1890–91): To Great Britain, $49,280,858; United States, $41,138,785; France, $253,734; Germany, $532,142; Spain, $67,110; Portugal, $120,611; Italy, $90,999; Holland, $14,741; Belgium, $72,672; Newfoundland, $1,467,908; West Indies, $3,122,770; South America, $1,063,172; China and Japan, $78,791; Australia, $589,100; other countries, $523,903. Total, $98,417,296.

Imports for consumption (1890–91): From Great Britain, $42,047,526; from United States, $55,685,657; France, $2,312,143; Germany, $3,804,090; Spain, $488,807; Portugal, $70,537; Italy, $241,800; Holland, $389 791; Belgium, 655,448; Newfonndland, $751,003; West Indies, $3,238,156; South America, $719,778; China and Japan, $2,123,311; Australia, $169,065; Switzerland, $244,319; other countries, $2,403,684. Total imports for consumption, $113,345,126, of which dutiable, $74,536,036, and free, $37,809,088.

Banks.

Chartered banks (October 31, 1891): Capital paid úp, $61,000,000; reserve fund, $23,195,000; making total banking capital, $84,195,000; circulation redemption fund, $843,000. Total assets, $277,854,900; total liabilities, $194,519,484; notes in circulation, $37,183,000; deposits, $149,675,000; loans and discounts, $204,500,000.

Railways.

Canada has a network of railways, the total mileage of which at the end of June, 1891, was 14,000 miles.

Fisheries.

The following is a statement of the money value of the fisheries within the Dominion of Canada, 1871–89 inclusive:

1871	$7,573,199.85	1878	$13,215,686.00	1885	$17,722,973.18
1872	9,570,116.05	1879	13,529,153.00	1886	18,670,288.00
1873	10,547,402.44	1880	14,499,980.00	1887	18,386,103.00
1874	11,681,886.20	1881	15,817,163.00	1888	17,418,510 00
1875	10,350,385.29	1882	16,824,092 00	1889	17,655,256.00
1876	11 117.000.00	1883	16,958,192.00	1890	17,715,000.00
1877	12,005,934.00	1884	17,776,404.24		

General Statistics.

Post-offices (year ended June 30, 1890), 7,913; number of letters mailed, 121,000,000 Tonnage of seagoing vessels entered and cleared, 10,328,235 tons register; vessels built and registered, 351; tonnage, 53,853; light-houses 705.

Population of Cities, Census of 1891.

Montreal, 216,650; Toronto, 181,220; Quebec, 63,090; Hamilton, 48,980; Ottawa, 44,154; St. John, 39,179; Halifax, 38,510; London, 31,977; Winnipeg, 25,642; Kingston, 19,264; Victoria, B. C., 16,841; Vancouver, B. C., 13,685; St. Henri, 13,415; Brantford, 12,753; Charlottetown, 11,374; Hull, 11,265; Guelph, 10,539; St. Thomas, 10,370; Windsor, 10,322; Sherbrooke, 10,110; Belleville, 9,914; Peterboro', 9,717; Stratford, 9,501; St. Cunégonde, 9,233; St. Catharines, 9,170; Chatham, Ont., 9,052; Brockville, 8,793; Moncton, 8,765; Woodstock, Ont., 8,612; Trois-Rivières, 8,334; Galt, 7,535; Owen Sound, 7,497; Berlin, 7,425; Lévis, 7,301; St. Hyacinthe, 7,016; Cornwall, 6,805; Sarnia, 6,693; Sorel, 6,669; New Westminster, 6,641; Fredericton, 6,502; Dartmouth, N. S., 6 249; Yarmouth, 6,089; Lindsay, 6,081; Barrie, 5,550; Valleyfield, 5,516; Truro, 5,102; Port Hope, 5,042.

Total Population by Religion and Origin.

Religion (census of 1881—returns of the census of 1892 are not yet reported): Baptists, 296,525; Roman Catholics, 1,791,982; Church of England, 574,818; Congregational, 26,900; Disciples, 20,193; Lutherans, 46,350; Methodists, 742,981; Presbyterians, 676,165; no religion, 2,634; other denominations, 146,262, including 2,303 Jews.

Origin of people (census of 1881): African, 21,394; Chinese, 4,383 (it is estimated that this number has been increased to 25,000); English and Welsh, 892,841; French, 1,299,161; German and Dutch, 282,906; Scandinavian, 5,223; Indian, 108,547; Irish, 957,403; Swiss, 4,588; Scotch, 699,863; of other origins, 48,501. Natives of the United States are put down at 77,753.

Mexico.

President (Salary, $30,000).. ....GENERAL PORFIRIO DIAZ.

MINISTRY.

The salary of each member of the cabinet is $8,000.

Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Señor Don Ignacio M. Mariscal.
Secretary of the Interior, Señor Don Manuel Romero Rubio.
Secretary of Justice and Public Instruction, Señor Don Joaquin Baranda.
Secretary of Improvements, Señor Don Manuel F. Leal.
Secretary of Finances, Señor Don Benito Gomez Farias.
Secretary of War and Navy, Señor General Pedro Hinojosa.
Secretary of Communications and Commerce, Señor General Manuel G. Cosio.

AREA, POPULATION, CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area Square Miles.	Population.	Capitals.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area Square Miles.	Population.	Capitals.
Aguas Calientes..	2,897	121,926	Aguas Calientes.	Puebla.....	2,019	839,468	Puebla.
Campeche..	25,834	91,186	Campeche.	Queretaro	3,205	213,525	Queretaro.
Chiapas.....	16,048	266,496	San Cristobal.	San Luis Potosi..	27,503	546,447	San Luis Potosi.
Chihuahua.....	83,715	208,073	Chihuahua.	Sinaloa.....	36,200	223,684	Culiacan.
Coahuila.....	50,904	183,327	Coahuila.	Sonora.....	79,020	150,391	Hermosillo.
Colima.....	3,746	69,547	Colima.	Tabasco.....	11,849	114,028	S. Juan Bautista.
Durango.....	42,511	265,931	Durango.	Tamaulipas.....	27,916	189,139	Cuidad Victoria.
Guanajuato.....	11,413	1,007,166	Guanajuato.	Tepic (Ter.).....	12,000	130,019	Tepic.
Guerrero.....	24,552	332,887	Chilpancingo.	Tlaxcala.....	1,622	155,151	Tlaxcala.
Hidalgo.....	8,661	494,212	Pachuca.	Vera Cruz	26,232	644,157	Vera Cruz.
Jalisco.....	39,174	1,161,700	Guadalajara.	Yucatán	29,569	282,502	Merida.
Mexico.....	7,840	778,966	Toluca.	Zacatecas.....	22,999	526,966	Zacatecas.
Michoacán.....	23,714	850,025	Morelia.	Low. California..	61,563	34,668	La Paz.
Morelos..... ...	1,776	151,540	Cuernavaca.	Federal District..	463	451,246	City of Mexico.
Nuevo Leon.....	26,637	270,852	Monterey.				
Oaxaca.....	33,582	806,845	Oaxaca.	Total.....	751,700	11,632,924	

The present Constitution of Mexico bears date February 5, 1857, with subsequent amendments down to October, 1887. By its terms Mexico is considered a Federative Republic, divided into States, nineteen at the outset, but at present twenty-seven in number, with two Territories and one Federal District, each having a right to manage its own local affairs, while the whole are bound together in one body politic by fundamental and constitutional laws. The powers of the Federal Government are divided into three branches, the legislative, executive and judicial. The legislative power is vested in a Congress, consisting of a House of Representatives and a Senate; the executive in a President, and the judicial in Federal Courts. Representatives elected by the suffrage of all male adults, at the rate of one member for 40,000 inhabitants, hold their places for two years. The qualifications requisite are to be twenty-five years of age and a resident in the State. The Senate consists of two members from each State, of at least thirty years of age, who are returned in the same manner as the deputies. The members of both Houses receive salaries of $3,000 each a year.

The President is elected by electors popularly chosen in a general election, holds office for four years, and, according to the last Amendment of the Constitution, which is now being approved, there will be no prohibition to his re-election. The Senator who presides over the Senate by monthly election acts temporarily in default of the President of the Republic. Congress has to meet annually from September 16 to December 15, and from April 1 to May 31, and a permanent committee of both Houses sits during the recesses.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

The Federal revenue collected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, was $41,770,000; disbursements, $38,452,804; value of imports year ended June 30, 1890, $46,000,000; value of exports, $62,499,388.

ARMY AND NAVY.

The army consists of infantry, 17,307; engineers, 655; artillery, 1,604; cavalry, 5,484; rural guards of police, 1,950; gendarmerie, 244; total, 27,244. There are over 3,000 officers. There is a fleet of two unarmored gun-vessels, each of 450 tons and 600 horse-power, and armed with 220-pounders, and three small gunboats.

NATIONAL DEBT.

The external debt, contracted in London, is £10,500,000, and the total debt of the country was in 1890, in American money, $113,606,675 (United States Census report).

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Miles of railway in operation, 6,100; miles of telegraph line, 18,000.

This information about Mexico has been compiled mainly from the bulletins of the Bureau of American Republics, Washington, D. C.

Central and South American Trade Statistics.

VALUE OF FOREIGN TRADE.

Countries.	Value of Exports.*	Value of Imports.*	Total Value of Foreign Trade.*
Central America:	$	$	$
Guatemala	9,960,645	7,079,370	17,040,015
Honduras	2,680,531	2,500,000	5,180,531
Nicaragua	1,522,000	2,146,000	3,668,000
Costa Rica	6,965,371	6,306,408	13,271,779
Salvador	5,673,786	2,886,050	8,559,836
Brit. Honduras	2,155,554	1,863,327	4,018,881
Total	28,957,887	22,781,155	51,739,042
South America:			
Colombia	11,777,620	16,199,780	27,977,400
Venezuela	17,410,555	15,239,915	32,650,470
British Guiana	12,026,095	8,778,081	20,804,176
Dutch Guiana	1,415,791	1,967,129	3,382,920
French Guiana	1,160,669	2,368,543	3,529,212
Brazil	116,075,232	142,505,454	258,580,686
Uruguay	25,954,107	36,823,863	62,777,970
Argentine	105,617,666	149,124,615	254,742,281
Paraguay	1,720,187	2,989,518	4,709,705
Chile	65,963,100	65,090,013	131,053,113
Bolivia	10,463,845	6,150,000	16,613,845
Peru	8,872,287	8,658,531	17,530,818
Ecuador	7,910,210	9,681,456	17,591,666
Total	386,367,364	465,576,898	851,944,262
W. Indies, Rep's.:			
Hayti	13,250,307	7,543,294	20,793,601
Santo Domingo	2,550,983	1,992,884	4,513,867
Total	15,771,290	9,536,178	25,307,468

Countries.	Value of Exports.*	Value of Imports.*	Total Value of Foreign Trade.*
Spanish W. Indies.	$	$	$
Cuba	74,560,000	53,124,000	127,684,000
Porto Rico	14,065,585	14,177,577	28,243,162
Total	88,625,585	67,301,577	155,927,162
British W. Indies.			
Jamaica	8,850,278	8,206,728	17,057,006
Bahamas	588,205	921,560	1,509,765
Barbadoes	5,200,986	5,123,096	10,324,082
Turk's Island	125,970	398,177	524,147
St. Lucia	591,583	681,752	1,273,340
St. Vincent	396,086	386,120	782,206
Virgin Islands	16,804	14,369	31,173
St. Christopher, Nevis	1,147,559	841,753	1,989,312
Antigua	962,970	763,713	1,726,683
Montserrat	134,915	103,377	238,292
Dominica	204,349	237,939	442,288
Trinidad	10,322,563	9,407,938	19,730,501
Tobago	188,276	139,619	327,895
Total	28,730,549	27,226,141	55,956,690
French W. Indies.			
Guadeloupe, etc.	5,025,891	4,696,330	9,722,221
Martinique	4,526,796	4,422,875	8,949,671
Total	9,552,687	9,119,205	18,671,892
Dutch W. Indies	204,080	1,296,002	.....

For area and population of these countries, see tables of "Statistics of Countries of the World."
* Expressed in United States money at the nominal value of the several moneys.

VALUE OF IMPORTS FROM PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES.

To—	From United States.	From Great Britain.	From France.	From Germany.	From Spain.
Central America	$3,290,379	$5,322,973	$302,064	.....	.....
Guatemala	792,786	1,408,620	422,853	$639,878	$133,633
Nicaragua	319,950	204,120	284,310	620,460	.....
Costa Rica	1,345,408	1,237,051	379,882	625,412	32,919
Salvador	638,362	1,108,823	311,662	258,921	.....
Colombia	6,114,941	5,942,765	9,784,294	.....	240,656
Venezuela	3,810,558	4,537,452	2,441,793	2,597,856	351,502
British Guiana	1,563,677	4,468,006	26,765	.....	.....
Brazil	8,127,883	28,344,482	11,507,453	3,748,976	99,504
Uruguay	1,648,304	9,907,845	4,713,278	3,163,694	2,297,391
Argentine Republic	9,563,049	42,503,282	22,163,018	12,844,240	3,776,828
Chile	2,857,454	24,032,240	5,637,540	12,810,478	207,457
Peru	825,427	3,489,869	1,055,625	330,334	2,697

VALUE OF EXPORTS TO PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES.

From—	To United States.	To Great Britain.	To France.	To Germany.	To Spain.
Guatemala	$2,085,467	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nicaragua	270,540	$538,650	$199,260	$204,930	.....
Costa Rica	1,557,986	2,103,121	123,767	220,794	.....
Salvador	1,862,071	148,466	903,565	1,000,225	.....
Colombia	4,771,303	1,294,498	4,490,762	.....	$23,717
Venezuela	8,803,791	640,493	2,935,493	2,029,049	42,198
British Guiana	3,765,124	4,882,567	40,480	.....	.....
Brazil	52,953,176	26,177,259	22,538,478	990,794	33,606
Uruguay	2,420,079	5,291,736	4,740,224	1,292,396	239,571
Argentine Republic	6,432,227	16,464,262	26,994,486	12,843,712	3,197,879
Chile	1,888,473	51,891,347	3,917,090	4,333,815	815
Peru	461,726	7,981,916	4,794,107	1,656,718	298,912

This data, representing a year's trade, is compiled from the bulletins issued by the Bureau of American Republics, Washington, D. C., which give the latest available reports. The information is very imperfect, on account of the want of a systematic arrangement for the collection of statistics of any kind in Central and South American countries. An approximation to actual facts may, however, be obtained from these tables, and the prospects are of improved methods of statistical work hereafter.

Largest Cities of the Earth.

POPULATION ACCORDING TO THE LATEST OFFICIAL CENSUSES.

Cities.	Census Year	Population.	Cities.	Census Year	Population.	Cities.	Census Year	Population.
London	1891	4,231,431	Munich	1890	348,317	Magdeburg	1890	202,325
Paris	1886	2,344,550	Breslau	1890	335,174	Damascus	est.	200,000
New-York (municp.)*	1890	1,710,715	Mexico	1890	329,535	Hull, Eng	1891	199,991
Canton	est.	1,600,000	Sheffield	1891	324,243	Havana	1888	198,201
Berlin	1890	1,579,244	Hamburg	1890	323,923	Salford, Eng	1891	198,136
Tokio, Japan	1890	1,389,684	Turin	1890	320,808	Delhi	1891	193,580
Vienna	1890	1,364,548	Copenhagen	1890	312,387	Florence	1890	191,453
Chicago	1890	1,098,576	Prague	1889	304,000	Penang	1881	190,597
Philadelphia	1890	1,044,894	San Francisco	1890	297,990	Lille	1886	188,272
St. Petersburg	1890	959,226	Cincinnati	1890	296,309	Mandelay	1891	187,910
Constantinople	1885	873,565	Cologne	1890	281,273	Smyrna	1885	186,510
Brooklyn (municp.)*	1890	853,945	Kioto, Japan	1890	279,792	Newcastle	1891	186,345
Calcutta	1891	840,130	Dresden	1890	276,085	Cawnpore	1891	182,310
Bombay	1891	804,470	Lucknow	1891	272,590	Newark, U. S.	1890	181,578
Moscow	1885	753,469	Barcelona	1887	272,481	Toronto	1891	181,220
Glasgow	1891	565,714	Odessa	1887	270,613	Rangoon	1891	181,210
Buenos Ayres	1891	546,986	Palermo	1890	267,416	Frankfort	1890	179,850
Naples	1890	530,872	Cleveland	1890	261,546	Riga, Russia	1885	175,332
Liverpool	1891	517,951	Edinburgh	1891	261,261	Kharkoff, Russia	1885	171,416
Buda-Pesth	1890	506,384	Belfast	1891	255,896	Valencia	1886	170,763
Manchester	1891	505,343	Dublin	1891	254,769	Kieff, Russia	1887	170,216
Peking, China	est.	500,000	Buffalo	1890	254,457	Hanover	1890	165,499
Melbourne	1891	488,999	Seoul, Corea	est.	250,000	Minneapolis	1890	164,738
Osaka, Japan	1890	476,271	Stockholm	1890	246,154	Jersey City	1890	163,987
Madrid	1887	472,228	Lisbon	1878	242,207	Konigsburg	1890	161,528
Brussels	1889	469,317	New-Orleans	1890	241,995	Louisville	1890	161,005
St. Louis	1890	460,357	Bordeaux	1886	240,582	The Hague	1890	160,531
Madras	1891	449,930	Pittsburgh	1890	238,473	Manila	est.	160,000
Boston	1890	446,507	Santiago, Chile	1885	236,412	Patna	est.	160,000
Warsaw	1890	443,426	Washington	1890	229,796	Portsmouth, Eng	1891	159,255
Baltimore	1890	435,151	Alexandria	1882	227,064	Trieste	1890	158,344
Birmingham	1891	429,171	Benares	1891	222,420	Venice	1890	158,019
Rome	1890	423,217	Bucharest	1876	221,805	Dundee	1891	155,640
Amsterdam	1890	417,539	Bristol, Eng	1891	221,665	Ghent	1889	150,656
Milan	1890	414,651	Hong Kong	1891	221,141	Toulouse	1886	147,617
Lyons	1886	401,930	Montreal	1891	216,650	Seville	1887	143,182
Hyderabad, India	1891	392,730	Bradford, Eng	1891	216,361	Liege	1889	142,657
Sydney	1891	386,400	Antwerp	1889	215,779	Leicester, Eng	1891	142,051
Marseilles	1884	376,143	Nottingham, Eng	1891	211,984	Stuttgart	1890	139,689
Cairo	1882	368,108	Teheran, Persia	est.	210,000	Omaha	1890	139,526
Leeds	1891	367,506	Rotterdam	1890	209,136	Rochester, U. S.	1890	138,327
Rio de Janeiro	1885	357,332	Genoa	1890	206,485	Bremen	1890	125,830
Shanghai	est.	355,000	Detroit	1890	205,669	Yokohama	1890	121,985
Leipzig	1890	353,272	Milwaukee	1890	204,103			

* Municipal census of 1890. The statistics of population of largest cities of the earth have been taken mainly from the Almanach de Gotha for 1892.

NOTE.—The population of Chinese cities other than Canton; Peking and Shanghai is omitted, because reports respecting it are utterly untrustworthy. There are forty or more Chinese cities whose inhabitants are numbered by rumor at from 200,000 to 1,000,000 each, but no official censuses have ever been taken; and setting aside consideration of the Oriental tendency to exaggeration, there is reason to believe that the estimates of population in many instances covered districts of country bearing the same names as those of the cities, instead of definite municipalities.

Centre of Population in the United States.

Date.	Position of Centre of Population.					Westward Movement during Preceding Decade.
	N. Lat.		W. Long.		Approximate Location by Important Towns.	
	°	′	°	′		Miles.
1790	39	16.5	76	11.2	23 miles east of Baltimore, Md	.....
1800	39	16.1	76	56.5	18 miles west of Baltimore, Md	41
1810	39	11.5	77	37.2	42 miles N. W. by west of Washington, D. C.	36
1820	39	5.7	78	33.0	16 miles north of Woodstock, Va	50
1830	38	57.9	79	19.9	19 miles W. S. W. of Moorefield, West Va	39
1840	39	2.0	80	18.0	16 miles south of Clarksburgh, West Va	55
1850	38	59.0	81	19.0	23 miles S. E. of Parkersburgh, West Va	55
1860	39	0.4	82	48.8	20 miles south of Chillicothe, O	81
1870	39	12.0	83	35.7	48 miles E. by N. of Cincinnati, O	42
1880	39	4.1	84	39.7	8 miles W. by S. of Cincinnati, O	58
1890	39	11.9	85	32.9	20 miles east of Columbus, Ind	48
					Total	505

This table was prepared by the Census Office.

Population of the United States,

AT EACH CENSUS FROM 1790 TO 1890.

(Compiled from the Reports of the Superintendents of the Census.)

States and Territories.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.
Alabama	.....	127,901	309,527	590,756	771,623	964,201	996,992	1,262,505	1,513,017
Arizona	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,658	40,440	59,620
Arkansas	.....	14,255	30,388	97,574	209,897	435,450	484,471	802,525	1,128,179
California	.....	.....	.....	.....	92,597	379,994	560,247	864,694	1,208,130
Colorado	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34,277	39,864	194,327	419,198
Connecticut	261,942	275,148	297,675	309,978	370,792	460,147	537,454	622,700	746,258
Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,837	14,181	135,177	.....
Delaware	72,674	72,749	76,748	78,085	91,532	112,216	125,015	146,608	168,493
Dist. of Columbia	24,023	32,039	39,834	43,712	51,687	75,080	131,700	177,624	230,392
Florida	.....	.....	34,730	54,477	87,445	140,424	187,748	269,493	391,422
Georgia	252,433	340,985	516,823	691,392	906,185	1,057,286	1,184,109	1,542,180	1,837,353
Idaho	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,999	32,610	84,385
Illinois	12,282	55,162	157,445	476,183	851,470	1,711,951	2,539,891	3,077,871	3,826,351
Indiana	24,520	147,178	343,031	685,866	988,416	1,350,428	1,680,637	1,978,301	2,192,404
Iowa	.....	.....	.....	43,112	192,214	674,913	1,194,020	1,624,615	1,911,896
Kansas	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	107,206	364,399	996,096	1,427,096
Kentucky	406,511	564,135	687,917	779,828	982,405	1,155,684	1,321,011	1,648,690	1,858,635
Louisiana	76,556	152,923	215,739	352,411	517,762	708,002	726,915	939,946	1,118,587
Maine	228,705	298,269	399,455	501,793	583,169	628,279	626,915	648,936	661,086
Maryland	380,546	407,350	447,040	470,019	583,034	687,049	780,894	934,943	1,042,390
Massachusetts	472,040	523,159	610,408	737,699	994,514	1,231,066	1,457,351	1,783,085	2,238,943
Michigan	4,762	8,765	31,639	212,267	397,654	749,113	1,184,059	1,636,937	2,093,889
Minnesota	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,077	172,023	439,706	780,773	1,301,826
Mississippi	40,352	75,448	136,621	375,651	606,526	791,305	827,922	1,131,597	1,289,600
Missouri	20,845	66,557	140,455	383,702	682,044	1,182,012	1,721,295	2,168,380	2,679,184
Montana	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,595	39,159	132,159
Nebraska	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,841	122,993	452,402	1,058,910
Nevada	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,857	42,491	62,266	45,761
New-Hampshire	214,460	244,022	269,328	284,574	317,976	326,073	318,300	346,991	376,530
New-Jersey	245,562	277,426	320,823	373,306	489,555	672,035	906,096	1,131,116	1,444,933
New-Mexico	.....	.....	.....	.....	61,547	93,516	91,874	119,565	153,593
New-York	959,049	1,372,111	1,918,608	2,428,921	3,097,394	3,880,735	4,382,759	5,082,871	5,997,853
North-Carolina	555,500	638,829	737,987	753,419	869,039	992,622	1,071,361	1,399,750	1,617,947
North-Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	182,719
Ohio	230,760	581,295	937,903	1,519,467	1,980,329	2,339,511	2,665,260	3,198,062	3,672,316
Oklahoma	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	61,834
Oregon	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,294	52,465	90,923	174,768	313,767
Pennsylvania	810,091	1,047,507	1,348,233	1,724,033	2,311,786	2,906,215	3,521,951	4,282,891	5,258,014
Rhode-Island	76,931	83,015	97,199	108,830	147,545	174,620	217,353	276,531	345,506
South-Carolina	415,115	502,741	581,185	594,398	668,507	703,708	705,606	995,577	1,151,149
South-Dakota	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	328,808
Tennessee	261,727	422,771	681,904	829,210	1,002,717	1,109,801	1,258,520	1,542,359	1,767,518
Texas	.....	.....	.....	.....	212,592	604,215	818,579	1,591,749	2,235,523
Utah	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,380	40,273	86,786	143,963	207,905
Vermont	217,895	235,966	280,652	291,948	314,120	315,098	330,551	332,286	332,422
Virginia	974,600	1,065,116	1,211,405	1,239,797	1,421,661	1,596,318	1,225,163	1,512,565	1,655,980
Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,594	23,955	75,116	349,390
West-Virginia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	442,014	618,457	762,794
Wisconsin	.....	.....	.....	30,945	305,391	775,881	1,054,670	1,315,497	1,686,880
Wyoming	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,118	20,789	60,705
Total	7,239,881	9,633,822	12,866,020	17,069,453	23,191,876	31,443,321	38,558,371	50,155,783	62,622,250

The inhabitants of Alaska and the Indian Territory are not included in the above. The population of Alaska in 1890 was 30,329; of the Indian Territory,*——. Total population of the United States in 1890, 62,830,361. *Not yet reported.

Population: Census of 1790.—Connecticut, 237,946; Delaware, 59,096; Georgia, 82,548; Kentucky, 73,677; Maine, 96,540; Maryland, 319,728; Massachusetts, 378,787; New-Hampshire, 141,885; New-Jersey, 184,139; New-York, 393,751; Pennsylvania, 434,373; Rhode-Island, 68,825; South-Carolina, 249,072; Tennessee, 35,691; Vermont, 85,425; Virginia, 747,610. Total, U. S., 3,589,063.

Population: Census of 1800.—Connecticut, 251,002; Delaware, 64,273; District of Columbia, 14,093; Georgia, 162,686; Indiana, 5,641; Kentucky, 220,955; Maine, 151,719; Maryland, 341,548; Massachusetts, 422,845; Mississippi, 8,850; New-Hampshire, 183,858; New-Jersey, 211,149; New-York, 589,051; North-Carolina, 478,103; Ohio, 45,365; Pennsylvania, 602,365; Rhode-Island, 69,122; South-Carolina, 345,591; Tennessee, 105,602; Vermont, 154,465; Virginia, 880,200. Total, U. S., 5,308,483.

Population and Area of the United States.

BY STATES AND COUNTIES.

FROM THE REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

THE areas given are of land surface. For gross areas of States, which include water surface, see table of "State and Territorial Statistics."

ALABAMA.

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Autauga	660	13,350
Baldwin	1,620	8,941
Barbour	888	31,893
Bibb	625	13,824
Blount	752	21,927
Bullock	640	27,063
Butler	782	21,641
Calhoun	640	33,885
Chambers	600	26,319
Cherokee	586	20,459
Chilton	710	14,549
Choctaw	916	17,526
Clarke	1,160	22,624
Clay	599	15,165
Cleburne	545	13,218
Coffee	728	12,170
Colbert	556	20,189
Conecuh	804	14,594
Coosa	684	15,906
Covington	994	7,536
Crenshaw	640	15,425
Cullman	577	13,439
Dale	660	17,225
Dallas	954	49,350
De Kalb	760	21,106
Elmore	652	21,732
Escambia	972	8,666
Etowah	510	21,926
Fayette	700	12,323
Franklin	620	16,081
Geneva	640	10,690
Greene	544	22,007
Hale	732	27,501
Henry	984	24,847
Jackson	1,144	28,026
Jefferson	1,092	88,501
Lamar	612	14,187
Lauderdale	682	23,733
Lawrence	768	20,725
Lee	610	28,694
Limestone	596	21,201
Lowndes	720	31,550
Macon	629	18,439
Madison	796	38,119
Marengo	960	33,095
Marion	796	11,347
Marshall	580	18,935
Mobile	1,234	51,587
Monroe	990	18,990
Montgomery	772	56,172
Morgan	686	24,089
Perry	774	29,332
Pickens	934	22,470
Pike	710	24,423
Randolph	589	17,219
Russell	670	24,093
Saint Clair	648	17,353
Shelby	720	20,886
Sumter	970	29,574
Talladega	784	29,346
Tallapoosa	795	25,460
Tuscaloosa	1,346	30,352
Walker	824	16,078
Washington	1,050	7,935
Wilcox	940	30,816
Winston	630	6,552
Totals	51,540	1513017

ARIZONA.

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Apache	21,060	4,281
Cochise	6,004	6,938
Gila	3,212	2,021
Graham	6,152	5,670

ARIZONA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Maricopa	9,892	10,986
Mohave	11,332	1,444
Pima	10,596	12,673
Pinal	5,300	4,256
Yavapai	29,236	8,685
Yuma	10,136	2,651
Totals	112,990	59,620

ARKANSAS.

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Arkansas	1,062	11,432
Ashley	927	13,295
Baxter	545	8,527
Benton	884	27,716
Boone	672	15,816
Bradley	755	7,972
Calhoun	575	7,267
Carroll	659	17,288
Chicot	760	11,419
Clark	905	20,997
Clay	568	12,200
Cleburne	558	7,884
Cleveland	693	11,362
Columbia	825	19,893
Conway	493	19,459
Craighead	668	12,025
Crawford	582	21,714
Crittenden	614	13,946
Cross	672	7,693
Dallas	676	9,296
Desha	733	10,324
Drew	802	17,352
Faulkner	623	18,342
Franklin	672	19,934
Fulton	649	10,984
Garland	622	15,328
Grant	617	7,786
Greene	591	12,908
Hempstead	742	22,796
Hot Spring	626	11,603
Howard	629	13,789
Independence	836	21,961
Izard	547	13,038
Jackson	619	15,179
Jefferson	840	40,881
Johnson	612	16,758
Lafayette	497	7,700
Lawrence	574	12,984
Lee	606	18,886
Lincoln	536	10,255
Little River	547	8,903
Logan	642	20,774
Lonoke	769	19,263
Madison	892	17,402
Marion	631	10,390
Miller	648	14,714
Mississippi	803	11,635
Monroe	696	15,336
Montgomery	854	7,923
Nevada	616	14,832
Newton	838	9,950
Ouachita	732	17,633
Perry	560	5,538
Phillips	650	25,341
Pike	620	8,537
Poinsett	720	4,272
Polk	935	9,883
Pope	795	19,458
Prairie	678	11,374
Pulaski	883	47,329
Randolph	622	14,485
Saint Francis	612	12,543
Saline	622	11,311
Scott	930	12,635

ARKANSAS (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Searcy	768	9,664
Sebastian	600	33,200
Sevier	547	10,072
Sharp	570	10,418
Stone	619	7,043
Union	1,138	14,977
Van Buren	998	8,567
Washington	927	32,024
White	1,137	22,946
Woodruff	577	14,009
Yell	936	18,015
Totals	53,045	1128179

CALIFORNIA.

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Alameda	704	93,864
Alpine	755	667
Amador	568	10,320
Butte	1,720	17,939
Calaveras	980	8,882
Colusa	2,450	14,640
Contra Costa	710	13,515
Del Norte	1,500	2,592
El Dorado	1,790	9,222
Fresno	8,010	32,026
Humboldt	3,570	23,469
Inyo	10,020	3,544
Kern	7,971	9,808
Lake	1,125	7,101
Lassen	4,890	4,239
Los Angeles	4,000	101,454
Marin	590	13,072
Mariposa	1,570	3,787
Mendocino	3,694	17,612
Merced	2,270	8,925
Modoc	4,198	4,986
Mono	3,384	2,002
Monterey	3,452	18,537
Napa	850	16,411
Nevada	1,000	17,389
Orange	740	13,589
Placer	1,492	15,101
Plumas	2,720	4,953
Sacramento	1,010	40,339
San Benito	1,000	6,412
S. Bernardino	21,000	25,497
San Diego	14,548	34,987
San Francisco	50	298,997
San Joaquin	1,380	28,629
S. Luis Obispo	3,304	15,072
San Mateo	460	10,087
Santa Barbara	2,380	15,154
Santa Clara	1,380	48,005
Santa Cruz	425	19,270
Shasta	3,060	12,133
Sierra	900	5,051
Siskiyou	5,680	12,163
Solano	960	20,946
Sonoma	1,548	32,721
Stanislaus	1,486	10,040
Sutter	590	5,468
Tehama	2,988	9,916
Trinity	3,000	3,719
Tulare	5,592	24,574
Tuolumne	2,048	6,082
Ventura	1,683	10,071
Yolo	979	12,684
Yuba	714	9,636
Totals	155,980	1208130

COLORADO.

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Arapahoe	5,220	132,125
Archuleta	1,100	826
Baca	2,300	1,479

COLORADO (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Square Miles.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Bent	1,500	1,313
Boulder	790	14,082
Chaffee	1,150	6,612
Cheyenne	1,800	524
Clear Creek	390	7,184
Conejos	1,200	7,193
Costilla	1,720	3,491
Custer	720	2,970
Delta	1,150	2,534
Dolores	1,000	1,498
Douglas	840	3,006
Eagle	1,600	3,725
Elbert	1,880	1,856
El Paso	2,660	21,239
Fremont	1,600	9,156
Garfield	3,250	4,478
Gilpin	150	5,867
Grand	2,100	604
Gunnison	3,200	4,359
Hinsdale	1,400	862
Huerfano	1,600	6,882
Jefferson	860	8,450
Kiowa	1,800	1,243
Kit Carson	2,150	2,472
Lake	450	14,663
La Plata	1,860	5,509
Larimer	4,100	9,712
Las Animas	4,700	17,208
Lincoln	2,600	689
Logan	1,830	3,070
Mesa	3,000	4,250
Montezuma	2,640	1,529
Montrose	2,200	3,980
Morgan	1,290	1,601
Otero	2,050	4,192
Ouray	450	6,510
Park	2,100	3,548
Phillips	570	2,642
Pitkin	950	8,9:9
Prowers	1,650	1,969
Pueblo	2,400	31,431
Rio Blanco	3,600	1,500
Rio Grande	1,250	3,451
Routt	6,000	2,369
Saguache	3,240	3,313
San Juan	500	1,572
San Miguel	1,300	2,909
Sedgwick	650	1,293
Summit	690	1,906
Washington	1,080	2,301
Weld	4,075	11,736
Yuma	1,180	2,596
Totals	103,645	412,198

CONNECTICUT.

Fairfield	640	150,081
Hartford	738	147,189
Litchfield	948	53,542
Middlesex	390	39,594
New-Haven	619	209,058
New-London	687	76,634
Tolland	403	25,081
Windham	520	45,158
Totals	4,845	746,258

DELAWARE.

Kent	1,960	32,664
New-Castle	430	97,182
Sussex	900	38,647
Totals	3,290	168,493

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
The District..	70	230,392

FLORIDA.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Alachua.....	1,282	22,934
Baker.....	538	3,333
Bradford.....	560	7,516
Brevard.....	2,446	3,401
Calhoun.....	1,080	1,681
Citrus.....	592	2,394
Clay.....	634	5,154
Columbia	862	12,877
Dade.....	5,636	861
De Soto.....	3,272	4,944
Duval	900	26,800
Escambia.....	680	20,188
Franklin	690	3,308
Gadsden	550	11,894
Hamilton	576	8,507
Hernando	520	2,476
Hillsborough..	1,280	14,941
Holmes.....	535	4,336
Jackson.....	990	17,544
Jefferson	600	15,757
La Fayette...	1,008	3,686
Lake	1,100	8,034
Lee.....	4,000	1,414
Leon.....	910	17,752
Levy	1,104	6,586
Liberty.....	800	1,452
Madison.....	830	14,316
Manatee....	1,240	2,895
Marion.....	1,600	20,796
Monroe.	692	18,786
Nassau.....	640	8,294
Orange.....	1,566	12,584
Osceola.	1,758	3,133
Pasco.....	800	4,249
Polk.....	2,060	7,905
Putnam.....	776	11,186
Saint John's..	990	8,712
Santa Rosa...	1,226	7,961
Sumter.....	600	5,363
Suwannee...	640	10,524
Taylor.....	1,079	2,122
Volusia.....	1,288	8,467
Wakulla.....	540	3,117
Walton.....	1,560	4,816
Washington..	1,340	6,426
Totals.....	54,240	291,422

GEORGIA.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Appling.....	1,074	8,676
Baker	355	6,144
Baldwin.....	240	14,608
Banks	359	8,562
Bartow.....	491	20,616
Berrien	745	10,694
Bibb.....	235	42,370
Brooks.....	529	13,979
Bryan.....	600	5,520
Bulloch.....	903	13,712
Burke.....	1,080	28,501
Butts	204	10,565
Calhoun.....	265	8,438
Camden.....	769	6,178
Campbell	230	9,115
Carroll.....	548	22,301
Catoosa.	149	5,431
Charlton.....	1,055	3,335
Chatham.....	433	57,740
Chattahoochee.	220	4,902
Chattooga....	321	11,202
Cherokee....	409	15,412
Clarke.....	140	15,186
Clay.....	192	7,817
Clayton.....	135	8,295
Clinch.....	988	6,652
Cobb.....	379	22,286
Coffee.....	1,145	10,488
Colquitt.....	550	4,794
Columbia...	333	11,281
Coweta	506	22,354
Crawford	234	9,375

GEORGIA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Dade.....	186	5,707
Dawson.....	192	5,612
Decatur	1,106	19,949
De Kalb.....	269	17,189
Dodge.....	414	11,552
Dooly.....	705	18,146
Dougherty....	312	12,206
Douglas.....	178	7,794
Early.....	429	9,792
Echols.....	390	3,079
Effingham.....	449	5,599
Elbert.....	406	15,376
Emanuel.....	1,028	14,703
Fannin.....	409	8,724
Fayette	162	8,728
Floyd.....	539	28,391
Forsyth.....	297	11,155
Franklin.....	359	14,670
Fulton	166	84,655
Gilmer.....	452	9,074
Glascock.....	90	3,720
Glynn.....	427	13,420
Gordon.....	351	12,758
Greene.....	361	17,051
Gwinnett.....	450	19,899
Habersham...	347	11,573
Hall	497	18,047
Hancock.....	474	17,149
Haralson	269	11,316
Harris.....	423	16,791
Hart.....	381	10,887
Heard.....	290	9,557
Henry.....	322	16,220
Houston.....	570	21,613
Irwin.....	601	6,316
Jackson.....	328	19,176
Jasper	380	13,579
Jefferson.....	640	17,213
Johnson.....	266	6,129
Jones.....	386	12,709
Laurens.....	761	13,747
Lee	360	9,074
Liberty	966	12,887
Lincoln.....	309	6,146
Lowndes.....	431	15,102
Lumpkin.....	267	6,867
McDuffie.....	235	8,789
McIntosh	419	6,470
Macon.....	288	13,183
Madison.....	300	11,024
Marion.....	330	7,728
Meriwether...	552	20,740
Miller.....	240	4,275
Milton.....	110	6,208
Mitchell.....	507	10,906
Monroe.....	490	19,137
Montgomery..	763	9,248
Morgan.....	322	16,041
Murray.....	410	8,461
Muscogee	244	27,761
Newton.....	260	14,310
Oconee.....	168	7,713
Oglethorpe...	528	16,951
Paulding.....	340	11,948
Pickens.....	276	8,182
Pierce.....	555	6,379
Pike	262	16,300
Polk.....	330	14,945
Pulaski.....	435	16,559
Putnam.....	335	14,842
Quitman.....	168	4,471
Rabun.....	464	5,606
Randolph	449	15,267
Richmond....	329	45,194
Rockdale	126	6,813
Schley.....	163	5,443
Screven.....	738	14,424
Spalding	189	13,117
Stewart.	450	15,682
Sumter.....	515	22,107
Talbot	360	12,258
Taliaferro....	168	7,291
Tattnall.....	1,123	10,253
Taylor.....	356	8,666
Telfair.....	491	5,477
Terrell.....	320	14,503
Thomas.....	1841	26,154

GEORGIA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Towns.....	180	4,064
Troup.....	493	20,723
Twiggs.....	376	8,195
Union.....	325	7,749
Upson	321	12,188
Walker	404	13,282
Walton	339	17,467
Ware.....	893	8,811
Warren.....	264	10,957
Washington..	688	25,237
Wayne.....	721	7,485
Webster.....	225	5,695
White.....	170	6,151
Whitfield	285	12,916
Wilcox	563	7,980
Wilkes.....	464	18,081
Wilkinson	417	10,781
Worth	750	10,048
Totals.....	58,980	1837353

IDAHO.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Ada.....	2,500	8,368
Alturas.....	6,700	2,629
Bear Lake...	1,100	6,057
Bingham.....	10,500	13,575
Boise.....	4,000	3,342
Cassia.....	4,500	3,143
Custer	3,500	2,176
Elmore	3,000	1,870
Idaho.....	11,400	2,955
Kootenai ...	5,600	4,108
Latah	1,080	9,173
Lemhi.....	5,500	1,915
Logan.....	5,800	4,169
Nez Perce...	1,610	2,847
Oneida.....	2,700	6,819
Owyhee.....	7,800	2,021
Shoshone ...	4,400	5,382
Washington..	2,700	3,836
Totals.....	84,290	84,335

ILLINOIS.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Adams.....	830	61,888
Alexander....	230	16,563
Bond	380	14,550
Boone	290	12,203
Brown	300	11,951
Bureau.....	870	35,014
Calhoun.....	260	7,652
Carroll.....	440	18,320
Cass.....	260	15,963
Champaign...	1,000	42,159
Christian....	710	36,531
Clark	510	21,899
Clay.	470	16,722
Clinton.....	494	17,411
Coles.....	520	30,693
Cook.....	960	1191922
Crawford.....	452	17,283
Cumberland..	350	15,443
De Kalb.....	650	27,066
De Witt.....	405	17,011
Douglas.....	410	17,669
Du Page.....	340	22,551
Edgar.....	630	26,787
Edwards.....	220	9,444
Effingham....	490	19,358
Fayette.....	720	23,367
Ford	490	17,035
Franklin.....	430	17,188
Fulton.....	840	43,110
Gallatin.....	349	14,935
Greene.....	544	23,791
Grundy.....	440	21,024
Hamilton	440	17,800
Hancock.....	769	31,907
Hardin.....	194	7,234
Henderson...	380	9,876
Henry.....	830	33,838
Iroquois.....	1,120	35,167
Jackson.....	580	27,809

ILLINOIS (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Jasper.....	506	18,188
Jefferson....	580	22,590
Jersey	360	14,810
Jo Daviess...	663	25,101
Johnson.	340	15,013
Kane.....	540	65,061
Kankakee....	680	28,732
Kendall.....	330	12,106
Knox	720	38,752
Lake.....	490	24,235
La Salle.....	1,152	80,798
Lawrence....	260	14,693
Lee.....	740	26,187
Livingston....	1,026	38,455
Logan.....	620	25,489
McDonough ..	580	27,467
McHenry.....	624	26,114
McLean.....	1,166	63,036
Macon.....	580	38,083
Macoupin.....	864	40,380
Madison.....	740	51,535
Marion	580	24,341
Marshall.....	400	18,653
Mason.....	560	16,067
Massac.....	240	11,313
Menard.....	320	13,120
Mercer.....	555	18,545
Monroe.....	380	12,948
Montgomery..	702	30,003
Morgan.....	580	32,636
Moultrie.....	340	14,481
Ogle.....	780	28,710
Peoria.....	615	70,378
Perry.....	440	17,529
Piatt.....	440	17,062
Pike.....	795	31,000
Pope.....	360	14,016
Pulaski	190	11,355
Putnam.....	170	4,730
Randolph	560	25,049
Richland.....	361	15,019
Rock Island..	440	41,917
St. Clair.....	680	66,571
Saline.....	380	19,542
Sangamon....	860	61,195
Schuyler.....	430	16,013
Scott.....	250	10,304
Shelby.....	776	31,191
Stark	290	9,982
Stephenson...	560	31,328
Tazewell.....	650	29,556
Union.....	400	21,549
Vermilion....	926	49,905
Wabash.....	220	11,866
Warren	540	21,281
Washington..	540	19,262
Wayne...	720	23,806
White	500	25,005
Whiteside....	700	30,854
Will	850	62,007
Williamson...	440	22,226
Winnebago...	552	39,938
Woodford....	540	21,429
Totals.....	56,000	3826351

INDIANA.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Adams.....	330	20,181
Allen.....	650	66,689
Bartholomew.	400	23,867
Benton.....	503	11,903
Blackford	170	10,461
Boone	420	26,572
Brown	330	10,398
Carroll.....	370	20,621
Cass.....	420	31,152
Clark	381	30,959
Clay.....	360	30,536
Clinton	400	27,370
Crawford.....	270	13,941
Daviess.....	430	26,227
Dearborn.....	287	23,364
Decatur.....	380	19,277
De Kalb.....	370	24,307
Delaware.....	400	30,131

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

INDIANA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Dubois	410	20,253
Elkhart	470	39,201
Fayette	210	12,630
Floyd	140	29,458
Fountain	390	19,558
Franklin	400	18,366
Fulton	380	16,746
Gibson	490	24,920
Grant	420	31,493
Greene	540	24,379
Hamilton	400	26,123
Hancock	307	17,829
Harrison	470	20,786
Hendricks	400	21,498
Henry	400	23,879
Howard	300	26,185
Huntington	380	27,644
Jackson	510	24,139
Jasper	570	11,185
Jay	396	23,478
Jefferson	370	24,507
Jennings	350	14,608
Johnson	320	19,561
Knox	510	28,044
Kosciusko	556	28,645
Lagrange	384	15,615
Lake	500	23,886
La Porte	540	34,445
Lawrence	452	19,795
Madison	450	36,487
Marion	400	141,156
Marshall	441	23,878
Martin	340	13,973
Miami	360	25,823
Monroe	430	17,673
Montgomery	504	28,025
Morgan	430	18,643
Newton	400	8,803
Noble	420	23,359
Ohio	90	4,955
Orange	400	14,678
Owen	390	15,046
Parke	440	20,296
Perry	380	18,240
Pike	310	18,544
Porter	410	18,052
Posey	398	21,529
Pulaski	430	11,233
Putnam	490	22,335
Randolph	460	28,085
Ripley	450	19,350
Rush	414	19,034
Saint Joseph	470	42,457
Scott	190	7,833
Shelby	400	25,454
Spencer	390	22,060
Starke	300	7,339
Steuben	330	14,478
Sullivan	440	21,877
Switzerland	230	12,514
Tippecanoe	500	35,078
Tipton	260	18,157
Union	170	7,006
Vanderburgh	230	59,809
Vermillion	270	13,154
Vigo	410	50,195
Wabash	430	27,126
Warren	360	10,955
Warrick	390	21,161
Washington	500	18,619
Wayne	380	37,628
Wells	357	21,514
White	500	15,671
Whitley	330	17,768
Totals	35,910	2192404

INDIAN TERRITORY.

The Territory.	.....	.....

IOWA.

Adair	576	14,534
Adams	432	12,292

IOWA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Allamakee	615	17,907
Appanoose	500	18,961
Audubon	432	12,412
Benton	720	24,178
Black Hawk	576	24,219
Boone	576	23,772
Breme	432	14,630
Buchanan	576	18,997
Buena Vista	576	13,548
Butler	576	15,463
Calhoun	576	13,107
Carroll	576	18,828
Cass	576	19,645
Cedar	576	18,253
Cerro Gordo	576	14,864
Cherokee	576	15,659
Chickasaw	504	15,019
Clarke	432	11,332
Clay	576	9,309
Clayton	745	26,733
Clinton	680	41,199
Crawford	720	18,894
Dallas	576	20,479
Davis	500	15,258
Decatur	534	15,643
Delaware	576	17,349
Des Moines	400	35,324
Dickinson	408	4,328
Dubuque	600	49,848
Emmet	400	4,274
Fayette	720	23,141
Floyd	504	15,424
Franklin	576	12,871
Fremont	500	16,842
Greene	576	15,797
Grundy	504	13,215
Guthrie	576	17,380
Hamilton	576	15,319
Hancock	576	7,621
Hardin	576	19,003
Harrison	605	21,356
Henry	432	18,895
Howard	480	11,182
Humboldt	432	9,836
Ida	432	10,705
Iowa	576	18,270
Jackson	612	22,771
Jasper	720	24,943
Jefferson	432	15,184
Johnson	575	23,082
Jones	576	20,233
Keokuk	576	23,862
Kossuth	984	13,120
Lee	486	37,715
Linn	720	45,303
Louisa	300	11,873
Lucas	432	14,563
Lyon	600	8,680
Madison	576	15,977
Mahaska	576	28,805
Marion	576	23,058
Marshall	576	25,842
Mills	448	14,548
Mitchell	480	13,299
Monona	684	14,515
Monroe	432	13,666
Montgomery	432	15,848
Muscatine	432	24,504
O'Brien	576	13,060
Osceola	408	5,574
Page	528	21,341
Palo Alto	576	9,318
Plymouth	818	19,568
Pocahontas	576	9,553
Polk	576	65,410
Pottawatamie	900	47,430
Poweshiek	576	18,394
Ringgold	545	13,556
Sac	576	14,522
Scott	440	43,164
Shelby	576	17,611
Sioux	768	18,370
Story	576	18,127
Tama	720	21,651
Taylor	540	16,384
Union	432	16,900

IOWA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Van Buren	480	16,253
Wapello	432	30,426
Warren	576	18,269
Washington	576	18,468
Wayne	525	15,670
Webster	720	21,582
Winnebago	408	7,395
Winneshiek	696	22,528
Woodbury	800	55,632
Worth	408	9,247
Wright	576	12,057
Totals	55,475	1911896

KANSAS.

Allen	504	13,509
Anderson	576	14,203
Atchison	423	26,758
Barber	1,134	7,973
Barton	900	13,172
Bourbon	637	28,575
Brown	576	20,319
Butler	1,428	24,055
Chase	750	8,233
Chautauqua	651	12,293
Cherokee	576	27,770
Cheyenne	1,020	4,401
Clark	975	2,357
Clay	660	16,146
Cloud	720	19,295
Coffey	648	15,856
Comanche	795	2,549
Cowley	1,122	34,478
Crawford	592	30,286
Decatur	900	8,414
Dickinson	851	22,273
Doniphan	378	13,535
Douglas	459	23,961
Edwards	612	3,600
Elk	651	12,216
Ellis	625	7,942
Ellsworth	720	9,272
Finney	864	3,350
Ford	1,040	5,308
Franklin	576	20,279
Garfield	432	881
Geary	407	10,423
Gove	1,020	2,994
Graham	900	5,029
Grant	576	1,308
Gray	864	2,415
Greeley	780	1,264
Greenwood	1,155	16,309
Hamilton	922	2,027
Harper	810	13,266
Harvey	540	17,601
Haskell	576	1,077
Hodgeman	864	2,395
Jackson	658	14,626
Jefferson	568	16,620
Jewell	900	19,349
Johnson	480	17,385
Kearney	861	1,571
Kingman	864	11,833
Kiowa	720	2,873
Labette	649	27,586
Lane	720	2,060
Leavenworth	455	38,485
Lincoln	720	9,709
Linn	687	17,215
Logan	1,080	3,384
Lyon	858	23,196
McPherson	900	21,614
Marion	954	20,539
Marshall	900	23,912
Meade	975	2,542
Miami	888	19,614
Mitchell	720	15,037
Montgomery	648	23,104
Morris	684	11,381
Morton	729	724
Nemaha	720	19,249
Neosho	576	18,561
Ness	1,080	4,944

KANSAS (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Norton	900	10,617
Osage	720	25,062
Osborne	900	12,628
Ottawa	720	12,881
Pawnee	756	5,504
Phillips	900	13,661
Pottawatomie	848	17,722
Pratt	720	8,118
Rawlins	1,080	6,756
Reno	1,260	27,679
Republic	720	19,012
Rice	720	14,451
Riley	612	13,183
Rooks	900	8,018
Rush	720	5,504
Russell	900	7,223
Saline	720	17,249
Scott	720	1,262
Sedgwick	1,008	43,626
Seward	648	1,503
Shawnee	558	49,172
Sheridan	900	3,733
Sherman	1,080	5,261
Smith	900	15,613
Stafford	792	8,520
Stanton	672	1,031
Stevens	728	1,418
Sumner	1,188	30,271
Thomas	1,080	5,538
Trego	900	2,535
Wabaunsee	804	11,720
Wallace	900	2,408
Washington	900	22,894
Wichita	720	1,827
Wilson	576	15,286
Woodson	504	9,021
Wyandotte	160	54,407
Totals	81,700	1427096

KENTUCKY.

Adair	400	13,721
Allen	335	13,692
Anderson	200	10,610
Ballard	250	8,390
Barren	445	21,490
Bath	270	12,813
Bell	350	10,312
Boone	270	12,246
Bourbon	244	19,976
Boyd	180	14,053
Boyle	180	12,948
Bracken	200	12,369
Breathitt	450	8,705
Breckinridge	520	18,976
Bullitt	272	8,291
Butler	452	13,956
Caldwell	315	13,186
Calloway	434	14,675
Campbell	140	44,208
Carlisle	190	7,612
Carroll	165	9,266
Carter	544	17,504
Casey	444	11,848
Christian	708	34,118
Clark	260	15,434
Clay	550	12,447
Clinton	220	7,647
Crittenden	340	13,119
Cumberland	315	8,452
Davless	410	33,120
Edmonson	348	8,005
Elliott	270	9,214
Estill	250	10,836
Fayette	252	35,698
Fleming	540	16,078
Floyd	410	11,256
Franklin	200	21,267
Fulton	190	10,005
Gallatin	130	4,611
Garrard	225	11,138
Grant	280	12,671
Graves	550	28,524
Grayson	570	15,688

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

KENTUCKY (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Green	275	11,463
Greenup	352	11,911
Hancock	200	9,214
Hardin	580	21,304
Harlan	410	6,197
Harrison	315	16,914
Hart	410	16,439
Henderson	472	29,536
Henry	272	14,164
Hickman	240	11,637
Hopkins	550	23,505
Jackson	305	8,261
Jefferson	375	188,598
Jessamine	162	11,248
Johnson	300	11,027
Kenton	152	54,161
Knott	365	5,438
Knox	350	13,762
La Rue	260	9,433
Laurel	450	13,747
Lawrence	465	17,702
Lee	228	6,205
Leslie	420	3,964
Letcher	310	6,920
Lewis	450	14,803
Lincoln	328	15,962
Livingston	360	9,474
Logan	544	23,812
Lyon	275	7,628
McCracken	250	21,081
McLean	256	9,887
Madison	385	24,348
Magoffin	300	9,196
Marion	336	15,648
Marshall	330	11,287
Martin	235	4,209
Mason	225	20,173
Meade	332	9,484
Menifee	150	4,666
Mercer	250	15,034
Metcalfe	410	9,871
Monroe	272	10,989
Montgomery	200	12,367
Morgan	288	11,249
Muhlenberg	484	17,955
Nelson	380	16,417
Nicholas	190	10,764
Ohio	610	22,946
Oldham	170	6,754
Owen	312	17,676
Owsley	176	5,975
Pendleton	310	16,346
Perry	448	6,331
Pike	780	17,378
Powell	144	4,698
Pulaski	870	25,731
Robertson	210	4,684
Rockcastle	260	9,841
Rowan	320	6,129
Russell	260	8,136
Scott	272	16,546
Shelby	405	16,521
Simpson	320	10,878
Spencer	200	6,760
Taylor	270	9,353
Todd	330	16,814
Trigg	425	13,902
Trimble	155	7,140
Union	380	13,229
Warren	530	30,158
Washington	300	13,629
Wayne	590	12,859
Webster	340	17,196
Whitley	580	17,590
Wolfe	190	7,180
Woodford	247	12,380
Totals	40,000	1858635

LOUISIANA.

Parishes.		
Acadia	630	13,231
Ascension	324	19,545
Assumption	335	19,629

LOUISIANA (*Con.*).

Parishes.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Avoyelles	858	25,119
Bienville	855	14,108
Bossier	780	20,330
Caddo	825	31,555
Calcasieu	3,410	20,176
Caldwell	548	5,814
Cameron	1,552	2,828
Catahoula	1,380	12,002
Claiborne	800	23,212
Concordia	680	14,871
De Soto	865	19,860
E. Baton Rouge	450	25,922
East Carroll	400	12,362
East Feliciana	485	17,903
Franklin	600	6,900
Grant	646	8,270
Iberia	580	20,997
Iberville	650	21,848
Jackson	580	7,453
Jefferson	390	13,221
La Fayette	264	15,966
La Fourche	1,020	22,095
Lincoln	485	14,753
Livingston	620	5,769
Madison	664	14,135
Morehouse	845	16,786
Natchitoches	1,285	25,836
Orleans	187	242,039
Ouachita	644	17,985
Plaquemines	930	12,541
Pointe Coupée	580	19,613
Rapides	1,495	27,642
Red River	386	14,318
Richland	575	10,230
Sabine	1,010	9,390
Saint Bernard	680	4,326
Saint Charles	288	7,737
Saint Helena	420	8,062
Saint James	300	15,715
St. John Bap.	195	11,359
Saint Landry	1,700	40,250
Saint Martin	620	14,884
Saint Mary's	640	22,416
St. Tammany	915	10,160
Tangipahoa	780	12,655
Tensas	610	16,647
Terre Bonne	1,800	20,167
Union	905	17,304
Vermillion	1,230	14,294
Vernon	1,540	5,903
Washington	660	6,700
Webster	609	12,466
W. Bat. Rouge	210	8,363
West Carroll	380	3,748
W. Feliciana	365	15,062
Winn	960	7,089
Totals	45,420	1118587

MAINE.

Counties.		
Androscoggin	485	48,968
Aroostook	6,700	49,589
Cumberland	1,005	90,949
Franklin	1,660	17,053
Hancock	1,312	37,312
Kennebec	888	57,012
Knox	328	31,473
Lincoln	520	21,996
Oxford	1,892	30,586
Penobscot	3,332	72,865
Piscataquis	3,772	16,134
Sagadahoc	260	19,452
Somerset	3,664	32,627
Waldo	705	27,759
Washington	2,452	44,482
York	920	62,829
Totals	29,895	661,086

MARYLAND.

Allegany	477	41,571
Anne Arundel	400	34,004

MARYLAND (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Baltimore	622	72,909
Baltimore City	28	434,439
Calvert	218	9,860
Caroline	315	13,903
Carroll	426	32,376
Cecil	375	25,851
Charles	460	15,191
Dorchester	610	24,843
Frederick	633	49,512
Garrett	680	14,213
Harford	492	28,893
Howard	250	16,269
Kent	315	17,471
Montgomery	508	27,185
Prince George	480	26,080
Queen Anne's	352	18,461
Saint Mary's	360	15,819
Somerset	365	24,155
Talbot	283	19,736
Washington	435	39,782
Wicomico	365	19,930
Worcester	475	19,747
Totals	9,860	1042390

MASSACHUSETTS.

Barnstable	373	29,172
Berkshire	959	81,108
Bristol	557	186,465
Dukes	124	4,369
Essex	503	299,995
Franklin	665	38,610
Hampden	634	155,713
Hampshire	572	51,859
Middlesex	827	437,167
Nantucket	65	3,268
Norfolk	494	118,950
Plymouth	671	92,700
Suffolk	45	484,780
Worcester	1,551	280,787
Totals	8,040	2238943

MICHIGAN.

Alcona	700	5,409
Alger	983	1,238
Allegan	835	38,961
Alpena	580	15,581
Antrim	538	10,413
Arenac	388	5,682
Baraga	915	2,036
Barry	580	23,783
Bay	466	56,412
Benzie	340	5,237
Berrien	570	41,285
Branch	504	26,791
Calhoun	720	43,501
Cass	504	20,953
Charlevoix	427	9,686
Cheboygan	815	11,986
Chippewa	1,606	12,019
Clare	580	7,558
Clinton	580	26,509
Crawford	580	2,962
Delta	718	15,330
Eaton	580	32,094
Emmet	438	8,756
Genesee	640	39,430
Gladwin	540	4,898
Gogebic	1,115	13,166
Gr'd Traverse	485	13,355
Gratiot	560	28,668
Hillsdale	597	30,660
Houghton	1,000	35,389
Huron	750	28,545
Ingham	552	37,666
Ionia	580	32,801
Iosco	563	15,224
Iron	1,100	4,432
Isabella	580	18,784
Isle Royal	215	135
Jackson	720	45,031

MICHIGAN (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Kalamazoo	576	39,273
Kalkaska	580	5,160
Kent	860	109,922
Keweenaw	350	2,894
Lake	580	6,505
Lapeer	660	29,213
Leelanaw	350	7,944
Lenawee	720	48,448
Livingston	580	20,858
Luce	915	2,455
Mackinac	1,045	7,830
Macomb	468	31,813
Manistee	550	24,230
Manitou	120	860
Marquette	2,399	39,521
Mason	500	16,385
Mecosta	580	19,697
Menominee	1,362	33,639
Midland	530	10,657
Missankee	580	5,048
Monroe	530	32,337
Montcalm	720	32,637
Montmorency	580	1,487
Muskegon	520	40,013
Newaygo	860	20,476
Oakland	900	41,245
Oceana	540	15,698
Ogemaw	570	5,583
Ontonagon	1,242	3,756
Osceola	580	14,630
Oscoda	580	1,904
Otsego	540	4,272
Ottawa	570	35,358
Presque Isle	715	4,687
Roscommon	580	2,033
Saginaw	816	82,273
Saint Clair	705	52,105
Saint Joseph	504	25,356
Sanilac	960	32,589
Schoolcraft	1,216	5,818
Shiwassee	528	30,952
Tuscola	830	32,508
Van Buren	530	30,541
Washtenaw	720	42,210
Wayne	565	257,114
Wexford	580	11,278
Totals	57,430	2093889

MINNESOTA.

Aitkin	1,900	2,462
Anoka	420	9,884
Becker	1,400	9,401
Beltrami	5,040	312
Benton	390	6,284
Big Stone	450	5,792
Blue Earth	750	29,210
Brown	585	15,817
Carlton	860	5,272
Carver	340	16,532
Cass	2,990	1,247
Chippewa	575	8,555
Chisago	435	10,359
Clay	1,009	11,517
Cook	1,520	98
Cottonwood	640	7,419
Crow Wing	550	8,852
Dakota	575	20,240
Dodge	430	10,864
Douglas	720	14,606
Faribault	720	16,708
Fillmore	864	26,338
Freeborn	720	17,962
Goodhue	755	28,806
Grant	576	6,875
Hennepin	580	185,294
Houston	565	14,653
Hubbard	575	1,412
Isanti	450	7,607
Itasca	5,430	743
Jackson	720	8,924
Kanabec	522	1,579
Kandiyohi	860	13,997
Kittson	2,245	5,387

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

MINNESOTA (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Lac-qui-parle	650	10 382
Lake	2,380	1,299
Le Sueur	460	19,057
Lincoln	500	5,691
Lyon	720	9,501
McLeod	504	17,026
Marshall	1,810	9,130
Martin	720	9,403
Meeker	630	15,456
Mille Lacs	580	2,845
Morrison	970	13,325
Mower	675	18,019
Murray	720	6,692
Nicollet	455	13,282
Nobles	720	7,958
Norman	1,440	10,618
Olmsted	648	19,434
Otter Tail	2,200	34,232
Pine	1,400	4,052
Pipe Stone	460	5,132
Polk	3,030	30,192
Pope	720	10,032
Ramsey	162	139,796
Redwood	870	9,336
Renville	900	17,093
Rice	505	23,968
Rock	470	6,817
Saint Louis	5,880	44,862
Scott	355	13,831
Sherburne	424	5,908
Sibley	588	15,199
Stearns	1,334	34,844
Steele	430	13,232
Stevens	576	5,251
Swift	653	10,161
Todd	972	12,930
Traverse	552	4,516
Wabasha	540	16,972
Wadena	540	4,053
Waseca	430	13,313
Washington	400	25,992
Watonwan	430	7,746
Wilkin	725	4,346
Winona	630	33,797
Wright	684	24,164
Yel. Medicine	612	9,854
Totals	79,205	1301826

MISSISSIPPI.

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Adams	400	26,031
Alcorn	410	13,115
Amite	700	18,198
Attala	759	22,213
Benton	436	10,585
Bolivar	876	29,980
Calhoun	600	14,688
Carroll	615	18,773
Chickasaw	520	19,891
Choctaw	404	10,847
Claiborne	452	14,516
Clarke	630	15,826
Clay	420	18,607
Coahoma	500	18,342
Copiah	760	30,233
Covington	570	8,299
De Soto	480	24,183
Franklin	556	10,424
Greene	820	3,906
Grenada	430	14,974
Hancock	549	8,318
Harrison	990	12,481
Hinds	870	39,279
Holmes	750	30,970
Issaquena	370	12,318
Itawamba	540	11,708
Jackson	1,072	11,251
Jasper	720	14,785
Jefferson	490	18,947
Jones	680	8,333
Kemper	740	17,961
La Fayette	720	20,553
Lauderdale	680	29,661
Lawrence	680	12,218

MISSISSIPPI (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Leake	560	14,803
Lee	470	20,040
Le Flore	660	16,869
Lincoln	570	17,912
Lowndes	536	27,047
Madison	720	27,321
Marion	1,055	9,532
Marshall	720	26,043
Monroe	770	30,730
Montgomery	395	14,459
Neshoba	560	11,146
Newton	576	16,625
Noxubee	668	27,338
Oktibbeha	460	17,694
Panola	680	26,977
Pearl River	666	2,957
Perry	1,116	6,494
Pike	720	21,203
Pontotoc	530	14,940
Prentiss	415	13,679
Quitman	400	3,286
Rankin	755	17,922
Scott	600	11,740
Sharkey	425	8,382
Simpson	580	10,138
Smith	630	10,635
Sunflower	720	9,384
Tallahatchie	635	14,361
Tate	390	19,253
Tippah	490	12,951
Tishomingo	435	9,302
Tunica	450	12,158
Union	424	15,606
Warren	590	33,164
Washington	880	40,414
Wayne	775	9,817
Webster	430	12,060
Wilkinson	592	17,592
Winston	640	12,089
Yalobusha	472	16,629
Yazoo	1,020	36,394
Totals	46,340	1289600

MISSOURI.

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Adair	570	17,417
Andrew	420	16,000
Atchison	560	15,533
Audrain	680	22,074
Barry	810	22,943
Barton	612	18,504
Bates	874	32,223
Benton	744	14,973
Bollinger	616	13,121
Boone	680	26,043
Buchanan	420	70,100
Butler	716	9,964
Caldwell	430	15,152
Callaway	760	25,131
Camden	652	10,040
C. Girardeau	540	22,060
Carroll	690	25,742
Carter	500	5,799
Cass	688	23,301
Cedar	496	15,620
Chariton	740	26,254
Christian	556	14,017
Clark	510	15,126
Clay	415	19,856
Clinton	440	17,138
Cole	390	17,281
Cooper	562	22,707
Crawford	710	11,961
Dade	500	17,536
Dallas	530	12,647
Daviess	576	20,456
De Kalb	440	14,539
Dent	720	12,149
Douglas	792	14,111
Dunklin	500	15,085
Franklin	866	23,056
Gasconade	510	11,706
Gentry	450	19,018
Greene	683	43,016

MISSOURI (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Grundy	460	17,876
Harrison	730	21,633
Henry	740	28,235
Hickory	415	9,453
Holt	462	15,469
Howard	450	17,371
Howell	920	18,618
Iron	550	9,119
Jackson	630	160,510
Jasper	672	50,500
Jefferson	640	22,484
Johnson	800	28,132
Knox	510	13,501
Laclede	740	14,701
Lafayette	622	30,184
Lawrence	606	26,228
Lewis	510	15,935
Lincoln	598	18,346
Linn	620	24,121
Livingston	520	20,668
McDonald	580	11,283
Macon	820	30,575
Madison	492	9,268
Maries	515	8,600
Marion	420	26,233
Mercer	484	14,581
Miller	590	14,162
Mississippi	430	10,134
Moniteau	420	15,630
Monroe	644	20,790
Montgomery	546	16,850
Morgan	638	12,311
New-Madrid	620	9,317
Newton	648	22,108
Nodaway	848	30,914
Oregon	780	10,257
Osage	586	13,080
Ozark	780	9,795
Pemiscot	480	5,973
Perry	436	13,237
Pettis	668	31,151
Phelps	640	12,636
Pike	620	26,321
Platte	410	16,248
Polk	640	20,339
Pulaski	520	9,387
Putnam	542	15,365
Ralls	490	12,294
Randolph	470	24,893
Ray	584	24,215
Reynolds	830	6,633
Ripley	640	8,332
Saint Charles	520	22,977
Saint Clair	690	16,747
St. Genevieve	450	9,883
Saint Francois	410	17,347
Saint Louis	492	36,307
St. Louis City	48	451,770
Saline	760	33,762
Schuyler	336	11,249
Scotland	440	12,274
Scott	434	11,228
Shannon	900	8,718
Shelby	514	15,642
Stoddard	840	17,327
Stone	516	7,090
Sullivan	658	19,000
Taney	660	7,973
Texas	1,145	19,406
Vernon	850	31,505
Warren	435	9,913
Washington	780	13,153
Wayne	800	11,727
Webster	630	15,177
Worth	270	8,738
Wright	700	14,484
Totals	68,735	2679184

MONTANA.

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Beaver Head	4,200	4,655
Cascade	2,600	8,755
Choteau	27,280	4,741
Custer	26,580	5,208

MONTANA (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Dawson	26,680	2,056
Deer Lodge	5,085	15,155
Fergus	6,762	3,514
Gallatin	2,295	6,246
Jefferson	1,850	6,026
Lewis-Clarke	2,600	19,145
Madison	4,250	4,692
Meagher	7,000	4,749
Missoula	18,550	14,427
Park	5,558	6,881
Silver Bow	915	23,744
Yellowstone	3,105	2,065
Totals	145,310	132,159

NEBRASKA.

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Adams	552	24,303
Antelope	864	10,399
Arthur	720	91
Banner	756	2,435
Blaine	720	1,146
Boone	692	8,683
Box Butte	1,080	5,494
Brown	1,020	4,359
Buffalo	882	22,162
Burt	468	11,069
Butler	583	15,454
Cass	530	24,080
Cedar	735	7,028
Chase	888	4,807
Cherry	5,068	6,428
Cheyenne	3,288	5,693
Clay	576	16,310
Colfax	400	10,453
Cuming	576	19,265
Custer	2,592	21,677
Dakota	280	5,386
Dawes	1,404	9,722
Dawson	1,028	10,129
Deuel	2,130	2,893
Dixon	408	8,084
Dodge	520	19,260
Douglas	330	158,008
Dundy	912	4,012
Fillmore	576	16,022
Franklin	576	7,693
Frontier	972	8,497
Furnas	720	9,840
Gage	864	36,344
Garfield	576	1,659
Gosper	468	4,816
Grant	720	458
Greeley	576	4,869
Hall	552	16,513
Hamilton	576	14,096
Harlan	576	8,158
Hayes	720	3,953
Hitchcock	720	5,799
Holt	2,714	13,672
Hooker	720	426
Howard	576	9,430
Jefferson	576	14,850
Johnson	396	10,333
Kearney	525	9,061
Keith	1,254	2,556
Keya Paha	660	3,920
Kimball	923	959
Knox	1,100	8,582
Lancaster	864	76,395
Lincoln	2,580	10,441
Logan	576	1,378
Loup	576	1,682
McPherson	620	401
Madison	576	12,669
Merrick	440	8,758
Nance	436	5,773
Nemaha	391	12,930
Nuckolls	576	11,417
Otoe	609	25,403
Pawnee	432	10,340
Perkins	882	4,364
Phelps	576	9,869
Pierce	576	4,864
Platte	682	15,427

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

NEBRASKA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Polk	439	10,817
Red Willow	720	8,837
Richardson	545	17,574
Rock	856	3,083
Saline	576	20,097
Sarpy	230	6,875
Saunders	740	21,577
Scott's Bluff	756	1,838
Seward	576	18,140
Sheridan	2,180	8,687
Sherman	576	6,399
Sioux	2,016	2,452
Stanton	432	4,619
Thayer	576	12,738
Thomas	720	517
Thurston	398	3,176
Valley	576	7,092
Washington	381	11,869
Wayne	444	6,169
Webster	576	11,210
Wheeler	576	1,633
York	576	17,279
Unorganized	655	695
Totals	76,840	1058910

NEVADA.

Churchill	4,852	703
Douglas	892	1,551
Elko	17,652	4,794
Esmeralda	8,540	2,148
Eureka	4,150	3,275
Humboldt	16,580	3,434
Lander	5,296	2,266
Lincoln	17,680	2,466
Lyon	1,264	1,987
Nye	16,908	1,290
Ormsby	144	4,883
Storey	270	8,806
Washoe	5,620	6,089
White Pine	9,892	1,721
Totals	109,740	45,761

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Belknap	392	20,321
Carroll	907	18,124
Cheshire	784	29,579
Coos	1,771	23,211
Grafton	1,766	37,217
Hillsborough	844	93,247
Merrimack	909	49,435
Rockingham	709	49,650
Strafford	376	38,449
Sullivan	547	17,304
Totals	9,005	376,530

NEW-JERSEY.

Atlantic	565	28,836
Bergen	235	47,226
Burlington	860	58,528
Camden	220	87,687
Cape May	255	11,268
Cumberland	505	45,438
Essex	127	256,088
Gloucester	326	28,649
Hudson	43	275,126
Hunterdon	454	35,355
Mercer	225	79,978
Middlesex	310	61,754
Monmouth	475	69,128
Morris	470	54,101
Ocean	578	15,974
Passaic	197	105,046
Salem	340	25,151
Somerset	303	28,311
Sussex	525	22,259
Union	102	72,467
Warren	360	33,553
Totals	7,455	1444933

NEW-MEXICO.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Bernalillo	8,628	20,913
Colfax	6,600	7,974
Doña Ana	8,992	9,191
Grant	9,300	9,657
Lincoln	26,452	7,081
Mora	4,000	10,618
Rio Arriba	7,150	11,534
San Juan	6,008	1,890
San Miguel	13,246	24,204
Santa Fé	2,292	13,562
Sierra	3,116	3,630
Socorro	15,476	9,595
Taos	2,300	9,868
Valencia	8,900	13,876
Totals	122,460	153,593

NEW-YORK.

Albany	499	164,555
Allegany	1,060	43,240
Broome	685	62,973
Cattaraugus	1,356	60,866
Cayuga	773	65,302
Chautauqua	1,020	75,202
Chemung	436	48,265
Chenango	854	37,776
Clinton	995	46,437
Columbia	691	46,172
Cortland	480	28,657
Delaware	1,557	45,496
Dutchess	853	77,879
Erie	996	322,981
E-sex	1,667	33,052
Franklin	1,783	33,110
Fulton	567	37,650
Genesee	497	33,265
Greene	660	31,598
Hamilton	1,767	4,762
Herkimer	1,459	45,608
Jefferson	1,147	68,806
Kings	37	838,547
Lewis	1,294	29,806
Livingston	644	37,801
Madison	628	42,892
Monroe	721	189,586
Montgomery	396	45,699
New-York	40	1515301
Niagara	504	62,491
Oneida	1,196	122,922
Onondaga	824	146,247
Ontario	674	48,453
Orange	791	97,859
Orleans	399	30,803
Oswego	962	71,883
Otsego	956	50,861
Putnam	241	14,849
Queens	250	128,059
Rensselaer	643	124,511
Richmond	61	51,693
Rockland	200	35,162
St. Lawrence	2,926	85,048
Saratoga	800	57,663
Schenectady	200	29,797
Schoharie	647	29,164
Schuyler	335	16,711
Seneca	346	28,227
Steuben	1,490	81,473
Suffolk	720	62,491
Sullivan	911	31,031
Tioga	498	29,935
Tompkins	494	32,923
Ulster	1,157	87,062
Warren	940	27,860
Washington	831	45,690
Wayne	621	49,729
Westchester	463	146,772
Wyoming	606	31,193
Yates	342	21,001
Totals	47,620	5997853

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Alamance	446	18,271
Alexander	278	9,420

NORTH-CAROLINA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Alleghany	284	6,523
Anson	460	20,027
Ashe	436	15,628
Beaufort	718	21,072
Bertie	695	19,176
Bladen	890	16,763
Brunswick	890	10,900
Buncombe	628	35,266
Burke	620	14,939
Cabarrus	392	18,142
Caldwell	460	12,298
Camden	250	5,667
Carteret	510	10,825
Caswell	410	16,028
Catawba	388	18,689
Chatham	784	25,413
Cherokee	530	9,976
Chowan	220	9,167
Clay	160	4,197
Cleveland	420	20,394
Columbus	940	17,856
Craven	792	20,533
Cumberland	794	27,321
Currituck	217	6,747
Dare	240	3,768
Davidson	580	21,702
Davie	296	11,621
Duplin	828	18,690
Durham	292	18,041
Edgecombe	520	24,113
Forsyth	372	28,434
Franklin	480	21,090
Gaston	340	17,764
Gates	360	10,252
Graham	250	3,313
Granville	600	24,424
Greene	310	10,039
Guilford	680	28,052
Halifax	680	28,908
Harnett	560	13,700
Haywood	590	13,346
Henderson	360	12,589
Hertford	324	13,851
Hyde	435	8,903
Iredell	610	25,462
Jackson	552	9,512
Johnston	680	27,239
Jones	430	7,403
Lenoir	408	14,879
Lincoln	312	12,586
McDowell	476	10,939
Macon	524	10,102
Madison	480	17,805
Martin	570	15,221
Mecklenburg	640	42,673
Mitchell	324	12,807
Montgomery	596	11,239
Moore	924	20,479
Nash	548	20,707
New-Hanover	90	21,026
Northampton	566	21,242
Onslow	640	10,303
Orange	380	14,948
Pamlico	460	7,146
Pasquotank	200	10,748
Pender	800	12,514
Perquimans	240	9,293
Person	420	15,151
Pitt	658	25,519
Polk	276	5,902
Randolph	750	25,195
Richmond	1,789	23,948
Robeson	640	31,438
Rockingham	608	25,363
Rowan	458	24,123
Rutherford	498	18,770
Sampson	996	26,096
Stanly	390	12,138
Stokes	510	17,199
Surry	490	19,281
Swain	425	6,577
Transylvania	335	5,881
Tyrrell	280	4,225
Union	640	21,259
Vance	342	17,581
Wake	940	49,207

NORTH-CAROLINA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Warren	454	19,360
Washington	360	10,200
Watauga	392	10,611
Wayne	615	26,100
Wilkes	680	22,675
Wilson	355	18,644
Yadkin	320	13,790
Yancey	298	9,430
Totals	48,580	1617947

NORTH-DAKOTA.

Allred	450	.....
Barnes	1,512	7,045
Benson	1,368	2,460
Billings	3,360	170
Bottineau	1,130	2,893
Bowman	1,224	6
Butord	1,620	803
Burleigh	1,692	4,252
Cass	1,764	19,613
Cavalier	1,512	6,471
Church	1,020	.....
Dickey	1,152	5,573
Dunn	1,152	159
Eddy	648	1,377
Emmons	1,584	1,971
Flannery	1,800	72
Foster	648	1,210
Garfield	918	33
Grand Forks	1,404	18,857
Griggs	720	2,817
Hettinger	2,160	81
Kidder	1,440	1,211
La Moure	1,152	3,187
Logan	1,008	597
McHenry	1,476	1,658
McIntosh	1,008	3,248
McKenzie	1,080	3
McLean	702	860
Mercer	711	428
Morton	3,168	4,728
Mountraille	2,895	122
Nelson	1,008	4,293
Oliver	720	464
Pembina	1,120	14,834
Pierce	864	905
Ramsey	936	4,418
Ransom	864	5,393
Renville	1,332	99
Richland	1,440	10,751
Rolette	936	2,427
Sargent	864	5,076
Sheridan	900	.....
Stark	1,310	2,304
Steele	720	3,777
Stevens	1,116	16
Stutsman	2,304	5,266
Towner	1,044	1,450
Traill	864	10,217
Wallace	1,332	24
Walsh	1,584	16,587
Ward	1,512	1,681
Wells	1,296	1,212
Williams	1,260	109
Unorganized	1,400	511
Totals	70,195	182,719

OHIO.

Adams	489	26,093
Allen	447	40,644
Ashland	437	22,223
Ashtabula	700	43,655
Athens	485	35,194
Auglaize	398	28,100
Belmont	520	57,413
Brown	460	29,899
Butler	475	45,797
Carroll	401	17,566
Champaign	447	26,980
Clark	393	52,277
Clermont	496	33,553

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

OHIO (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Clinton	384	24,240
Columbiana	538	59,029
Coshocton	550	26,703
Crawford	393	31,927
Cuyahoga	480	309,976
Darke	600	42,951
Defiance	414	25,760
Delaware	452	27,189
Erie	260	35,462
Fairfield	474	33,939
Fayette	398	22,309
Franklin	524	124,037
Fulton	402	22,023
Gallia	441	27,005
Geauga	400	13,489
Greene	416	29,820
Guernsey	517	28,645
Hamilton	400	374,573
Hancock	522	42,563
Hardin	425	28,939
Harrison	405	20,830
Henry	420	25,080
Highland	527	29,048
Hocking	408	22,658
Holmes	436	21,139
Huron	480	31,949
Jackson	392	23,408
Jefferson	435	39,415
Knox	527	27,600
Lake	240	18,235
Lawrence	430	39,556
Licking	685	43,279
Logan	448	27,386
Lorain	530	40,295
Lucas	430	102,296
Madison	465	20,057
Mahoning	422	55,979
Marion	416	24,727
Medina	436	21,749
Meigs	415	29,813
Mercer	460	27,220
Miami	396	39,754
Monroe	468	25,175
Montgomery	480	100,852
Morgan	400	19,143
Morrow	432	18,120
Muskingum	651	51,210
Noble	415	20,753
Ottawa	311	21,974
Paulding	414	25,932
Perry	402	31,151
Pickaway	501	26,959
Pike	436	17,482
Portage	480	27,868
Preble	432	23,421
Putnam	480	30,188
Richland	487	38,072
Ross	658	39,454
Sandusky	418	30,617
Scioto	613	35,377
Seneca	544	40,869
Shelby	420	24,707
Stark	560	84,170
Summit	391	54,089
Trumbull	625	42,273
Tuscarawas	539	46,618
Union	427	22,860
Van Wert	405	29,671
Vinton	402	16,045
Warren	428	25,468
Washington	635	42,380
Wayne	540	89,005
Williams	415	24,397
Wood	623	44,392
Wyandot	404	21,722
Totals	40,760	3672316

OREGON.

Baker	1,970	[illegible]
Benton	1,370	5,650
Clackamas	1,084	15,233
Clatsop	815	10,016
Columbia	693	5,191

OREGON (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Coos	1,750	8,874
Crook	8,150	3,244
Curry	1,590	1,709
Douglas	4,875	11,864
Gilliam	1,700	3,600
Grant	5,472	5,080
Harney	10,600	2,559
Jackson	2,880	11,455
Josephine	1,605	4,878
Klamath	5,520	2,444
Lake	8,040	2,604
Lane	3,860	15,198
Linn	2,700	16,265
Malheur	9,936	2,601
Marion	830	22,934
Morrow	2,020	4,205
Multnomah	440	74,884
Polk	615	7,858
Sherman	510	1,792
Tillamook	1,525	2,932
Umatilla	2,885	13,581
Union	3,035	12,044
Wallowa	2,890	3,661
Wasco	3,315	9,183
Washington	645	11,972
Yam Hill	640	10,692
Totals	94,560	313,767

OKLAHOMA.*

Beaver	38,830	2,674
Canadian		7,158
Cleveland		6,605
Kingfisher		8,332
Logan		12,770
Oklahoma		11,742
Payne		7,215
Greer		5,338
Totals		61,834†

* Including Cherokee County and No Man's Land.

† Including Greer County in dispute, claimed by Texas.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Adams	535	33,486
Allegheny	750	551,959
Armstrong	615	46,747
Beaver	463	50,077
Bedford	1,000	38,644
Berks	901	137,327
Blair	524	70,866
Bradford	1,150	59,233
Bucks	610	70,615
Butler	795	55,338
Cambria	680	66,375
Cameron	382	7,238
Carbon	412	38,624
Centre	1,145	43,269
Chester	764	89,377
Clarion	580	36,802
Clearfield	1,079	69,565
Clinton	850	28,685
Columbia	480	36,832
Crawford	1,010	65,324
Cumberland	560	47,271
Dauphin	510	96,977
Delaware	200	74,033
Elk	760	22,239
Erie	770	86,074
Fayette	830	80,006
Forest	410	8,482
Franklin	750	51,423
Fulton	435	10,137
Greene	640	28,935
Huntingdon	890	35,751
Indiana	830	42,175
Jefferson	640	44,005
Juniata	410	16,655
Lackawanna	460	142,088

PENNSYLVANIA (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Lancaster	965	149,095
Lawrence	370	37,517
Lebanon	360	48,131
Lehigh	350	76,631
Luzerne	920	201,203
Lycoming	1,195	70,579
McKean	1,065	46,863
Mercer	660	55,744
Mifflin	375	19,996
Monroe	625	20,111
Montgomery	480	123,290
Montour	130	15,845
Northampton	380	84,220
N'thumberl'd	463	74,698
Perry	550	26,276
Philadelphia	130	1046964
Pike	560	9,412
Potter	1,070	22,778
Schuylkill	816	154,162
Snyder	325	17,651
Somerset	1,106	37,317
Sullivan	446	11,620
Susquehanna	850	40,093
Tioga	1,120	52,331
Union	315	17,820
Venango	655	46,640
Warren	855	37,585
Washington	890	71,155
Wayne	738	31,010
Westmoreland	1,035	112,819
Wyoming	396	15,881
York	910	99,489
Totals	44,985	5258014

RHODE ISLAND.

Bristol	25	11,428
Kent	180	26,754
Newport	100	28,552
Providence	440	255,123
Washington	340	23,649
Totals	1,085	345,506

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Abbeville	1,006	46,854
Aiken	1,068	31,822
Anderson	690	43,696
Barnwell	1,214	44,613
Beaufort	967	34,119
Berkeley	1,742	55,428
Charleston	193	59,903
Chester	570	26,660
Chesterfield	986	18,408
Clarendon	664	23,233
Colleton	1,920	40,293
Darlington	673	29,134
Edgefield	1,352	49,259
Fairfield	775	28,599
Florence	578	25,027
Georgetown	742	20,857
Greenville	716	44,310
Hampton	1,141	20,544
Horry	980	19,256
Kershaw	775	22,361
Lancaster	535	20,761
Laurens	680	31,610
Lexington	780	22,181
Marion	1,024	29,876
Marlborough	530	23,500
Newberry	600	26,424
Oconee	620	18,887
Orangeburg	1,400	49,393
Pickens	434	16,389
Richland	608	36,821
Spartanburg	949	55,385
Sumter	870	43,605
Union	660	25,863
Williamsburg	948	27,777
York	750	38,831
Totals	30,170	1151149

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Aurora	725	5,045
Beadle	1,285	9,586
Bon Homme	540	9,057
Boreman	1,260	.....
Brookings	795	10,132
Brown	1,720	16,855
Brulé	825	6,737
Buffalo	510	993
Butte	2,335	1,037
Campbell	900	3,510
Charles Mix	1,130	4,178
Choteau	870	8
Clark	970	6,728
Clay	410	7,509
Codington	720	7,037
Custer	1,615	4,891
Davison	435	5,449
Day	1,080	9,168
Delano	1,045	40
Deuel	630	4,574
Dewey	2,330	.....
Douglas	450	4,600
Edmunds	1,155	4,399
Ewing	1,008	16
Fall River	1,770	4,478
Faulk	1,010	4,062
Grant	690	6,814
Gregory	975	295
Hamlin	545	4,625
Hand	1,435	6,546
Hanson	435	4,267
Harding	1,475	167
Hughes	750	5,044
Hutchinson	795	10,469
Hyde	850	1,860
Jackson	1,255	30
Jerauld	550	3,605
Kingsbury	870	8,862
Lake	550	7,508
Lawrence	795	11,673
Lincoln	540	9,143
Lugenbeel	1,080	.....
Lyman	575	233
McCook	580	6,448
McPherson	975	5,940
Marshall	900	4,544
Martin	755	7
Meade	1,405	4,640
Mellette	1,440	.....
Miner	580	5,155
Minnehaha	780	21,879
Moody	500	5,941
Nowlin	1,220	149
Pennington	1,521	6,540
Potter	900	2,910
Pratt	1,220	23
Presho	1,155	181
Pyatt	1,510	34
Rinehart	835	.....
Roberts	1,100	1,997
Sanborn	580	4,610
Schnasse	1,850	.....
Seobey	1,045	32
Shannon	1,080	.....
Spink	1,505	10,581
Stanley	1,155	1,028
Sterling	1,185	96
Sully	1,050	2,412
Todd	45	188
Tripp	1,800	.....
Turner	615	10,256
Union	430	9,130
Wagner	720	.....
Walworth	730	2,153
Washabaugh	1,290	.....
Washington	1,610	40
Yankton	515	10,444
Ziebach	1,040	510
Totals	76,850	328,808

TENNESSEE.

Anderson	360	15,128
Bedford	526	24,739

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

TENNESSEE (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Benton	412	11,220
Bledsoe	300	6,134
Blount	614	17,589
Bradley	280	13,607
Campbell	488	13,486
Cannon	280	12,197
Carroll	600	23,630
Carter	298	13,389
Cheatham	400	8,845
Chester	288	9,069
Claiborne	472	15,103
Clay	260	7,260
Cocke	458	16,523
Coffee	360	13,827
Crockett	260	15,146
Cumberland	576	5,376
Davidson	508	108,174
Decatur	210	9,955
De Kalb	310	15,650
Dickson	620	13,645
Dyer	495	19,878
Fayette	630	28,578
Fentress	510	5,226
Franklin	570	18,929
Gibson	615	35,859
Giles	656	34,957
Grainger	294	13,196
Greene	580	26,614
Grundy	410	6,345
Hamblen	150	11,418
Hamilton	440	53,482
Hancock	260	10,342
Hardeman	640	21,029
Hardin	560	17,598
Hawkins	490	22,246
Haywood	570	23,558
Henderson	530	16,336
Henry	580	21,070
Hickman	648	14,499
Houston	210	5,390
Humphreys	420	11,720
Jackson	280	13,325
James	210	4,303
Jefferson	310	16,478
Johnson	340	8,858
Knox	520	59,557
Lake	216	5,304
Lauderdale	450	18,756
Lawrence	676	12,286
Lewis	280	2,555
Lincoln	540	27,532
Loudon	256	9,273
McMinn	452	17,890
McNairy	550	15,510
Macon	332	10,578
Madison	520	30,497
Marion	500	15,411
Marshall	350	18,906
Maury	600	38,112
Meigs	200	6,930
Monroe	580	15,329
Montgomery	540	29,697
Moore	170	5,975
Morgan	448	7,639
Obion	540	27,273
Overton	360	12,039
Perry	420	7,785
Pickett	240	4,736
Polk	400	8,361
Putnam	430	13,683
Rhea	360	12,647
Roane	450	17,418
Robertson	536	20,078
Rutherford	580	35,097
Scott	620	9,794
Sequatchie	252	3,027
Sevier	560	18,761
Shelby	728	112,740
Smith	368	18,404
Stewart	300	12,193
Sullivan	410	20,879
Sumner	536	23,668
Tipton	404	24,271
Trousdale	166	5,850
Unicoi	196	4,619
Union	220	11,459

TENNESSEE (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Van Buren	322	2,863
Warren	446	14,413
Washington	344	20,354
Wayne	720	11,471
Weakley	620	28,955
White	390	12,248
Williamson	550	26,321
Wilson	536	27,148
Totals	41,750	1767518

TEXAS.

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Anderson	1,000	20,923
Andrews	1,500	24
Angelina	880	6,308
Aransas	400	1,824
Archer	900	2,101
Armstrong	900	941
Atascosa	1,200	6,459
Austin	700	17,859
Bailey	900	.....
Bandera	970	3,782
Bastrop	960	20,736
Baylor	900	2,595
Bee	980	3,720
Bell	1,000	33,297
Bexar	1,180	49,266
Blanco	710	4,635
Borden	940	929
Bosque	980	14,157
Bowie	920	20,267
Brazoria	1,440	11,506
Brazos	510	14,650
Brewster	2,640	710
Briscoe	900	.....
Brown	900	11,359
Buchel	1,440	307
Burleson	640	13,001
Burnet	1,000	10,721
Caldwell	500	15,769
Calhoun	900	815
Callahan	900	5,434
Cameron	1,960	14,424
Camp	200	6,624
Carson	900	356
Cass	950	22,554
Castro	840	9
Chambers	840	2,241
Cherokee	1,000	22,975
Childress	750	1,175
Clay	1,100	7,503
Cochran	840	.....
Coke	900	2,059
Coleman	1,290	6,088
Collin	880	36,736
Collingsworth	900	357
Colorado	900	19,512
Comal	580	6,398
Comanche	960	16,393
Concho	1,010	1,059
Cooke	920	24,696
Coryell	1,000	16,816
Cottle	1,080	240
Crane	1,000	15
Crockett	3,510	194
Crosby	900	346
Dallam	1,400	75
Dallas	900	67,042
Dawson	900	29
Deaf Smith	1,380	179
Delta	260	9,117
Denton	900	21,289
De Witt	880	14,307
Dickens	840	295
Dimmit	1,100	1,049
Donley	900	1,056
Duval	1,750	7,598
Eastland	900	10,343
Ector	900	224
Edwards	2,620	1,962
Ellis	950	31,774
El Paso	9,750	15,678
Encinal	1,700	1,022
Erath	1,000	21,515
Falls	770	20,706

TEXAS (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Fannin	1,000	38,709
Fayette	960	31,481
Fisher	900	2,996
Floyd	1,100	529
Foley	2,100	16
Fort Bend	880	10,586
Franklin	300	6,481
Freestone	870	15,987
Frio	1,010	3,112
Gaines	1,500	68
Galveston	640	31,476
Garza	900	14
Gillespie	960	7,028
Glasscock	900	208
Goliad	820	5,910
Gonzales	980	18,016
Gray	900	903
Grayson	960	53,211
Gregg	260	9,402
Grimes	720	21,312
Guadalupe	710	15,217
Hale	1,100	721
Hall	900	703
Hamilton	900	9,279
Hansford	910	133
Hardeman	1,180	3,904
Hardin	940	3,956
Harris	1,500	37,249
Harrison	880	26,721
Hartley	1,480	259
Haskell	900	1,665
Hays	680	11,352
Hemphill	900	519
Henderson	960	12,285
Hidalgo	2,970	6,534
Hill	1,000	27,588
Hockley	940	.....
Hood	460	7,581
Hopkins	750	20,572
Houston	1,200	19,360
Howard	840	1,210
Hunt	870	31,885
Hutchinson	900	58
Irion	970	870
Jack	1,000	9,740
Jackson	880	3,281
Jasper	840	5,592
Jeff Davis	2,390	1,394
Jefferson	960	5,857
Johnson	720	22,313
Jones	900	3,797
Karnes	730	3,637
Kaufman	800	21,598
Kendall	620	3,809
Kent	840	324
Kerr	1,100	4,445
Kimble	1,360	2,234
King	900	173
Kinney	1,700	3,781
Knox	900	1,134
Lamar	900	37,302
Lamb	1,010	4
Lampasas	800	7,565
La Salle	1,460	2,139
Lavaca	1,000	21,887
Lee	640	11,959
Leon	1,000	13,841
Liberty	1,170	4,230
Limestone	960	21,678
Lipscomb	900	632
Live Oak	1,100	2,055
Llano	900	6,759
Loving	900	3
Lubbock	900	33
Lynn	900	24
McCulloch	1,000	3,205
McLennan	1,040	39,294
McMullen	1,200	1,038
Madison	450	8,512
Marion	420	10,582
Martin	900	264
Mason	960	5,168
Matagorda	1,150	3,985
Maverick	1,320	3,698
Medina	1,270	5,730
Menard	880	1,207

TEXAS (*Con.*).

Counties.	*Area Sq. M.*	*Pop. 1890.*
Midland	900	1,033
Milam	1,000	24,773
Mills	640	5,480
Mitchell	900	2,059
Montague	890	18,863
Montgomery	1,100	11,765
Moore	900	15
Morris	260	6,580
Motley	1,080	139
Nacogdoches	960	15,984
Navarro	1,020	26,373
Newton	970	4,650
Nolan	900	1,573
Nueces	2,430	8,093
Ochiltree	900	198
Oldham	1,460	270
Orange	390	4,770
Palo Pinto	960	8,320
Panola	800	14,328
Parker	900	21,682
Parmer	850	7
Pecos	6,700	1,326
Polk	1,200	10,332
Potter	900	829
Presidio	3,470	1,698
Rains	270	3,909
Randall	900	187
Red River	1,060	21,452
Reeves	2,390	1,247
Refugio	760	1,229
Roberts	900	326
Robertson	850	26,506
Rockwall	150	5,972
Runnels	910	3,182
Rusk	930	18,559
Sabine	580	4,969
San Augustine	560	6,688
San Jacinto	640	1,360
San Patricio	630	3,312
San Saba	1,180	6,621
Schleicher	1,500	155
Scurry	900	1,415
Shackelford	900	2,012
Shelby	800	14,265
Sherman	900	71
Smith	930	28,324
Somervell	200	3,411
Starr	2,570	10,052
Stephens	900	4,926
Stonewall	900	1,024
Sutton	1,620	658
Swisher	900	100
Tarrant	900	41,142
Taylor	900	6,946
Terry	900	21
Throckmorton	900	902
Titus	400	8,190
Tom Green	2,940	5,152
Travis	1,040	37,019
Trinity	710	7,648
Tyler	920	10,877
Upshur	520	12,695
Upton	1,140	52
Uvalde	1,420	3,804
Val Verde	2,880	2,874
Van Zandt	840	16,225
Victoria	850	8,737
Walker	740	12,874
Waller	500	10,888
Ward	1,160	77
Washington	600	29,161
Webb	1,680	16,564
Wharton	1,100	7,584
Wheeler	900	778
Wichita	600	4,831
Willberger	940	7,092
Williamson	1,070	25,878
Wilson	910	10,655
Winkler	800	18
Wise	900	24,134
Wood	700	13,932
Yoakum	840	4
Young	900	5,049
Zapata	1,370	3,562
Zavalla	1,900	1,097
Totals	262,290	2235523

POPULATION AND AREA OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

UTAH.

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Beaver	2,704	3,340
Box Elder	7,016	7,642
Cache	1,090	15,509
Davis	290	6,469
Emery	5,723	4,866
Garfield	1,364	2,457
Grand	3,175	541
Iron	3,436	2,683
Juab	3,828	5,582
Kane	4,172	1,685
Millard	6,712	4,033
Morgan	725	1,780
Pi Ute	3,695	2,842
Rich	980	1,527
Salt Lake	784	58,457
San Juan	9,178	365
Sanpete	1,784	13,146
Sevier	1,872	6,199
Summit	3,002	7,733
Tooele	6,240	6,700
Uintah	5,884	2,292
Utah	1,986	23,416
Wasatch	3,444	4,627
Washington	2,446	4,009
Weber	650	23,005
Totals	82,190	207,905

VERMONT.

Addison	734	22,277
Bennington	680	20,448
Caledonia	648	23,436
Chittenden	516	35,389
Essex	730	9,511
Franklin	639	29,755
Grand Isle	80	3,843
Lamoille	450	12,831
Orange	659	19,175
Orleans	728	22,101
Rutland	903	45,397
Washington	703	29,606
Windham	765	26,547
Windsor	900	31,706
Totals	9,135	332,429

VIRGINIA.

Accomack	500	27,277
Albemarle	675	32,379
Alexandria	32	18,597
Alleghany	510	9,283
Amelia	380	9,068
Amherst	490	17,551
Appomattox	317	9,589
Augusta	950	37,005
Bath	735	4,587
Bedford	675	31,213
Bland	320	5,129
Botetourt	548	14,835
Brunswick	600	17,245
Buchanan	450	5,867
Buckingham	698	14,383
Campbell	465	41,087
Caroline	515	16,681
Carroll	450	15,497
Charles City	200	5,066
Charlotte	500	15,077
Chesterfield	465	26,211
Clarke	255	8,071
Craig	381	3,833
Culpeper	322	13,223
Cumberland	290	9,482
Dickenson	375	5,077
Dinwiddie	529	36,195
Elizabeth City	50	16,168
Essex	235	10,047
Fairfax	420	16,655
Fauquier	680	22,590
Floyd	444	14,405
Fluvanna	280	9,508
Franklin	750	24,985
Frederick	380	17,880

VIRGINIA (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Giles	446	9,090
Gloucester	245	11,653
Goochland	280	9,958
Grayson	485	14,394
Greene	200	5,622
Greensville	325	8,230
Halifax	820	34,424
Hanover	450	17,402
Henrico	255	103,394
Henry	410	18,208
Highland	389	5,352
Isle of Wight	300	11,313
James City	140	5,643
King & Queen	400	9,669
King George	190	6,641
King William	270	9,605
Lancaster	160	7,191
Lee	429	18,216
Loudoun	520	23,274
Louisa	470	16,997
Lunenburg	439	11,372
Madison	290	10,925
Mathews	100	7,584
Mecklenburg	658	25,359
Middlesex	123	7,458
Montgomery	422	17,742
Nansemond	400	19,692
Nelson	375	15,836
New Kent	210	5,511
Norfolk	476	77,028
Northampton	290	10,313
N'thumberl'd	180	7,885
Nottoway	281	11,552
Orange	360	12,814
Page	288	13,092
Patrick	521	14,147
Pittsylvania	914	59,941
Powhatan	255	6,719
Prince Edw'd	348	14,694
Prince George	268	7,872
Princess Anne	270	9,510
Prince Will'm	357	9,305
Pulaski	345	12,790
Rappaha'nock	270	8,678
Richmond	210	7,146
Roanoke	321	30,101
Rockbridge	750	23,062
Rockingham	883	31,299
Russell	453	16,126
Scott	528	21,694
Shenandoah	495	19,671
Smyth	450	13,360
Southampton	567	20,078
Spottsylvania	400	14,233
Stafford	245	7,362
Surry	298	8,256
Sussex	420	11,100
Tazewell	536	19,899
Warren	234	8,280
Warwick	165	6,650
Washington	622	29,020
Westmoreland	170	8,399
Wise	385	9,845
Wythe	496	18,019
York	75	7,596
Totals	40,125	1655940

WASHINGTON.

Adams	1,908	2,098
Asotin	640	1,580
Chehalis	2,104	9,249
Clallam	1,824	2,771
Clarke	645	11,709
Columbia	864	6,709
Cowlitz	1,124	5,917
Douglas	4,552	3,161
Franklin	1,944	696
Garfield	672	3,897
Island	220	1,787
Jefferson	1,688	8,368
King	1,944	63,989
Kitsap	392	4,624
Kittitass	3,344	8,777

WASHINGTON (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Klickitat	2,176	5,167
Lewis	2,308	11,499
Lincoln	2,296	9,312
Mason	996	2,826
Okanogan	7,258	1,467
Pacific	896	4,358
Pierce	1,376	50,940
San Juan	600	2,072
Skagit	1,916	8,747
Skamania	1,636	774
Snohomish	1,720	8,614
Spokane	1,680	37,487
Stevens	6,184	4,341
Thurston	768	9,675
Wahkiakum	244	2,526
Walla Walla	1,296	12,224
Whatcom	2,468	18,591
Whitman	2,124	19,109
Yakima	5,760	4,429
Totals	66,880	349,390

WEST-VIRGINIA.

Barbour	395	12,702
Berkeley	320	18,702
Boone	515	6,885
Braxton	565	13,928
Brooke	84	6,660
Cabell	300	23,595
Calhoun	260	8,155
Clay	325	4,659
Doddridge	475	12,183
Fayette	750	20,542
Gilmer	330	9,746
Grant	490	6,322
Greenbrier	1,050	18,034
Hampshire	550	11,419
Hancock	92	6,414
Hardy	400	7,567
Harrison	464	21,919
Jackson	470	19,021
Jefferson	280	15,553
Kanawha	825	42,756
Lewis	400	15,895
Lincoln	460	11,246
Logan	675	11,101
McDowell	680	7,300
Marion	314	20,721
Marshall	248	20,735
Mason	440	22,863
Mercer	420	16,002
Mineral	370	12,085
Monongalia	325	15,705
Monroe	460	12,129
Morgan	230	6,744
Nicholas	720	9,309
Ohio	120	41,557
Pendleton	650	8,711
Pleasants	150	7,589
Pocahontas	765	6,314
Preston	709	20,355
Putnam	350	14,342
Raleigh	570	9,597
Randolph	1,175	11,633
Ritchie	512	16,621
Roane	470	15,303
Summers	400	13,117
Taylor	177	12,147
Tucker	500	6,459
Tyler	330	11,962
Upshur	350	12,714
Wayne	445	18,852
Webster	415	4,783
Wetzel	550	16,841
Wirt	290	9,411
Wood	375	28,612
Wyoming	660	6,247
Total's	24,645	702,754

WISCONSIN.

Adams	600	6,889
Ashland	1,648	20,063

WISCONSIN (*Con.*).

Counties.	Area Sq. M.	Pop. 1890.
Barron	900	15,416
Bayfield	1,406	7,390
Brown	530	39,164
Buffalo	657	15,997
Burnett	891	4,393
Calumet	240	15,639
Chippewa	1,980	25,143
Clark	1,224	17,708
Columbia	780	28,350
Crawford	535	15,987
Dane	1,200	59,578
Dodge	900	44,984
Door	450	15,682
Douglas	1,336	13,468
Dunn	860	22,664
Eau Claire	648	26,673
Florence	498	2,664
Fond du Lac	720	44,088
Forest	1,576	1,012
Grant	1,130	36,651
Green	576	22,732
Green Lake	360	15,163
Iowa	740	22,117
Jackson	992	15,797
Jefferson	570	33,530
Juneau	800	17,121
Kenosha	280	15,581
Kewaunee	336	16,153
La Crosse	450	38,801
La Fayette	630	20,265
Langlade	876	9,465
Lincoln	700	12,008
Manitowoc	587	37,831
Marathon	1,584	30,369
Marinette	1,118	20,304
Marquette	481	9,676
Milwaukee	232	236,101
Monroe	900	23,211
Oconto	1,127	15,009
Oneida	2,036	5,010
Outagamie	640	35,630
Ozaukee	232	14,943
Pepin	244	6,922
Pierce	570	20,385
Polk	955	12,968
Portage	792	24,798
Price	1,160	5,258
Racine	340	36,268
Richland	570	19,121
Rock	720	43,220
Saint Croix	720	23,129
Sauk	837	30,575
Sawyer	1,368	1,977
Shawano	1,152	19,226
Sheboygan	515	42,489
Taylor	990	6,731
Trempealeau	732	18,920
Vernon	800	25,111
Walworth	570	27,800
Washburn	864	2,926
Washington	430	22,751
Waukesha	576	33,270
Waupaca	756	26,794
Waushara	645	13,507
Winnebago	460	50,097
Wood	828	18,117
Totals	54,450	1686880

WYOMING.

Albany	4,500	8,865
Big Horn	12,960	.....
Carbon	7,800	6,857
Converse	6,600	2,728
Crook	5,250	2,228
Fremont	12,000	2,463
Johnson	4,000	2,237
Laramie	7,025	16,777
Natrona	5,475	1,094
Sheridan	2,775	1,972
Sweetwater	10,230	4,941
Uinta	14,830	7,861
Weston	4,830	2,422
Totals	97,576	60,705

Population of the United States.

COMPILED FROM THE BULLETINS OF THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

WHITE AND NEGRO POPULATION OF THE SOUTH.

States.	Population in 1890. Total. White.	Population in 1890. Total. Colored.	Population in 1890. Percentage. White	Population in 1890. Percentage. Col'ed	Increase of White Population.* 1880 to 1890.	1870 to 1880.	1860 to 1870.	1850 to 1860.	Increase of Colored Population.* 1880 to 1890.	1870 to 1880.	1860 to 1870.	1850 to 1860.
Alabama	830,796	681,431	54.91	45.04	25.4	27.0	†0.9	23.3	13.5	26.2	8.6	26.8
Arkansas	816,517	311,227	72.37	27.59	38.0	63.3	11.7	99.8	47.7	72.4	9.8	153.2
Delaware	139,429	29,022	82.75	17.22	16.0	17.5	12.8	27.2	9.7	16.0	5.4	6.2
Dist. of Columbia	154,352	75,927	66.99	32.96	30.8	33.6	45.2	60.1	27.4	37.3	203.1	4.1
Florida	224,461	166,678	57.35	42.58	57.4	48.4	23.5	64.7	31.5	38.1	46.2	55.7
Georgia	973,462	863,716	52.98	47.01	19.1	27.8	8.0	13.4	19.1	33.0	17.0	21.0
Kentucky	1,585,526	272,981	85.30	14.69	15.1	25.3	19.4	20.7	0.5	22.1	†5.9	6.8
Louisiana	554,712	562,893	49.59	50.32	21.9	25.6	1.2	39.9	10.3	32.8	3.9	33.5
Maryland	824,149	218,004	79.06	20.92	13.7	19.6	17.3	23.4	3.7	19.8	2.4	3.6
Mississippi	539,793	747,720	41.85	57.98	12.5	25.2	8.1	19.6	14.9	46.4	1.5	40.7
Missouri	2,524,468	154,131	94.23	5.75	24.8	26.1	50.7	79.6	6.0	23.1	†0.3	31.6
North-Carolina	1,049,191	567,170	64.85	35.05	20.9	27.8	7.7	13.9	6.7	35.6	8.3	14.4
South-Carolina	458,454	692,503	39.82	60.16	17.2	35.0	†0.5	6.1	14.5	45.3	0.8	4.6
Tennessee	1,332,971	434,300	75.42	24.57	17.0	21.6	13.2	9.2	7.7	25.0	13.8	15.1
Texas	1,741,190	492,837	77.89	22.04	45.4	112.0	34.1	173.2	25.2	55.2	38.5	212.3
Virginia	1,014,680	640,867	61.27	38.70	15.1	23.7	‡8.4	‡17.0	1.4	23.1	††3.2	‡4.1
West-Virginia	729,262	33,508	95.61	4.39	23.0	39.7	....	....	29.4	43.9	....	....
Total	15,493,323	6,944,915	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* Percentage. † Decrease. ‡Including West-Virginia.

GROWTH OF THE POPULATION BY DECADES.

Years.	White.	Colored.	Years.	White.	Colored.	Years.	White.	Colored.
1790	1,271,488	689,884	1830	3,660,758	2,187,545	1870	9,466,353	4,538,883
1800	1,702,980	918,336	1840	4,632,530	2,701,901	1880	12,578,253	6,099,253
1810	2,208,785	1,272,119	1850	6,222,418	3,442,238	1890	15,493,323	6,944,915
1820	2,831,560	1,653,240	1860	8,097,462	4,215,614			

The table shows that the whites increased faster than the blacks in the last decade. In 1890 there were in the 16 Southern States and the District of Columbia 6,944,915 colored inhabitants, and in 1880, 6,099,253. The colored element increased during the decade at the rate of 13.8 per cent. The white population of these States in 1890 numbered 15,493,323, and in 1880, 12,578,253. They increased during the decade at the rate of 23.1 per cent, or nearly twice as rapidly as the colored element.

DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL POPULATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALTITUDE.

Altitude, ft.	Pop.	Altitude, ft.	Pop.	Altitude, ft.	Pop.	Altitude, ft.	Pop.
0 to 100	10,387,000	1,500 to 2,000	2,354,000	5,000 to 6,000	487,000	9,000 to 10,000	39,000
100 to 500	13,838,000	2,000 to 3,000	1,184,000	6,000 to 7,000	161,000	Above 10,000	10,000
500 to 1,000	23,947,000	3,000 to 4,000	381,000	7,000 to 8,000	94,000		
1,000 to 1,500	9,431,000	4,000 to 5,000	296,000	8,000 to 9,000	43,000		

DISTRIBUTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURES.

Regions.	Pop.	Regions.	Pop.	Regions.	Pop.
Coast Swamps	1,809,000	Lake	3,578,000	Plateau	110,000
Atlantic Plain	8,784,000	Ozark Mountain	1,041,000	Basin	403,000
Piedmont	7,858,000	Alluvial Mississippi R.	885,000	Columbian Mesas	219,000
New-England Hills	2,290,000	Prairie	13,048,000	Sierra Nevada	146,000
Appalachian Mountain	2,849,000	Great Plains	737,000	Pacific Valley	435,000
Cumberland-Allegheny	5,749,000	North Rocky Mountains	153,000	Cascade Range	179,000
Interior timbered	11,292,000	South Rocky Mountains	247,000	Coast Ranges	810,000

Population of Cities of the United States.

FIFTY PRINCIPAL CITIES IN 1890 IN THE ORDER OF THEIR RANK.

CENSUS OF 1890.

New-York City.	{*1,710,715 †1,515,301	New-Orleans, La.	242,039	Providence, R. I.	132,146	Nashville, Tenn.	76,168
Chicago, Ill.	1,099,850	Pittsburgh, Pa.	238,617	Denver, Col.	106,713	Scrahton, Pa.	75,215
Philadelphia, Pa.	1,046,964	Washington, D. C.	230,392	Indianapolis, Ind.	105,430	Fall River, Mass.	74,398
Brooklyn, N. Y.	{*853,945 †806,343	Detroit, Mich.	205,876	Allegheny, Pa.	105,287	Cambridge, Mass.	70,028
St. Louis, Mo.	451,770	Milwaukee, Wis.	204,468	Albany, N. Y.	94,923	Atlanta, Ga.	65,533
Boston, Mass.	448,477	Newark, N. J.	181,830	Columbus, O.	88,150	Memphis, Tenn.	64,495
Baltimore, Md.	434,439	Minneapolis, Minn.	164,738	Syracuse, N. Y.	88,143	Wilmington, Del.	61,431
San Francisco, Cal.	298,997	Jersey City, N. J.	163,003	Worcester, Mass.	84,655	Dayton, O.	61,220
Cincinnati, O.	296,908	Louisville, Ky.	161,129	Toledo, O.	81,434	Troy, N. Y.	60,956
Cleveland, O.	261,353	Omaha, Neb.	140,452	Richmond, Va.	81,388	Grand Rapids, Mich.	60,278
Buffalo, N. Y.	255,664	Rochester, N. Y.	133,896	New-Haven, Ct.	81,298	Reading, Pa.	58,661
		Saint Paul, Minn.	133,156	Paterson, N. J.	78,347	Camden, N. J.	58,313
		Kansas City, Mo.	§132,716	Lowell, Mass.	77,696	Trenton, N. J.	57,458

* Municipal census of October, 1890. † Federal census of June, 1890.

‡ Municipal census of November, 1890. § Includes 13,048 population, which by recent decision of Missouri State Supreme Court is now outside the limits of Kansas City.

POPULATION OF ALL OTHER CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES HAVING 8,000 POPULATION AND OVER.

Adams, Mass.	9,213	Chippewa Falls, Wis.	8,670	Green Bay, Wis.	9,069	Little Falls, N. Y.	8,783
Adrian, Mich.	8,750	Chelsea, Mass.	27,909	Greenville, S. C.	8,607	Little Rock, Ark.	25,874
Akron, O.	27,601	Chester, Pa.	20,226	Greenwich, Ct.	10,131	Lockport, N. Y.	16,038
Alameda, Cal.	11,165	Cheyenne, Wyo.	11,690	Hagerstown, Md.	10,118	Logansport, Ind.	13,328
Alexandria, Va.	14,339	Clinton, Ia.	13,619	Hamilton, O.	17,565	Long Isl'd City, N.Y.	36,506
Allentown, Pa.	25,228	Clinton, Mass.	10,424	Hannibal, Mo.	12,857	Los Angeles, Cal.	50,395
Alpena, Mich.	11,283	Cohoes, N. Y.	22,509	Harrisburg, Pa.	39,385	Lynchburg, Va.	19,709
Alton, Ill.	10,294	Colorado Spr'gs, Col.	11,140	Harrison, N. J.	8,338	Lynn, Mass.	55,727
Altoona, Pa.	30,337	Columbia, Pa.	10,599	Hartford, Ct.	53,230	McKeesport, Pa.	20,741
Amesbury, Mass.	9,798	Columbia, S. C.	15,353	Hastings, Neb.	13,584	Macon, Ga.	22,746
Amsterdam, N. Y.	17,336	Columbus, Ga.	17,303	Haverhill, Mass.	27,412	Madison, Ind.	8,937
Anderson, Ind.	10,741	Concord, N. H.	17,604	Hazelton, Pa.	11,872	Madison, Wis.	13,426
Ann Arbor, Mich.	9,431	Corning, N. Y.	8,530	Helena, Mont.	13,834	Mahanoy, Pa.	11,266
Anniston, Ala.	9,876	Council Bluffs, Ia.	21,474	Henderson, Ky.	8,835	Malden, Mass.	23,031
Appleton, Wis.	11,869	Covington, Ky.	37,371	Hoboken, N. J.	43,048	Manchester, Ct.	8,222
Arkansas City, Kan.	8,347	Cranston, R. I.	8,009	Holyoke, Mass.	35,637	Manchester, N. H.	44,126
Asheville, N. C.	10,235	Cumberland, Md.	12,729	Hornellsville, N. Y.	10,996	Manchester, Va.	9,246
Ashland, Wis.	9,956	Cumberland, R. I.	8,990	Hot Springs, Ark.	8,086	Manistee, Mich.	12,812
Ashtabula, O.	8,338	Dallas, Tex.	38,067	Houston, Tex.	27,557	Mankato, Minn.	8,838
Atchison, Kan.	13,663	Danbury, Ct.	16,552	Hudson, N. Y.	9,970	Mansfield, O.	13,473
Athens, Ga.	8,639	Danville, Ill.	11,491	Huntington, W. Va.	10,108	Marblehead, Mass.	8,202
Atlantic City, N. J.	13,055	Danville, Va.	19,305	Hutchinson, Kan.	8,682	Marietta, O.	8,273
Auburn, Me.	11,250	Davenport, Ia.	26,872	Hyde Park, Mass.	10,193	Marinette, Wis.	11,523
Auburn, N. Y.	25,85	Decatur, Ill.	16,841	Ironton, O.	10,939	Marion, Ind.	8,769
Augusta, Ga.	33,300	Delaware, O.	8,224	Iron Mount., Mich.	8,599	Marion, O.	8,327
Augusta, Me.	10,527	Denison, Tex.	10,958	Ishpeming, Mich.	11,197	Marlborough, Mass.	13,805
Aurora, Ill.	19,688	Des Moines, Ia.	50,093	Ithaca, N. Y.	11,079	Marquette, Mich.	9,093
Austin, Tex.	14,476	Dover, N. H.	12,790	Jackson, Mich.	20,798	Marshalltown, Ia.	8,914
Bangor, Me.	19,103	Dubuque, Ia.	30,311	Jackson, Tenn.	10,039	Massillon, O.	10,092
Bath, Me.	8,723	Duluth, Minn.	33,115	Jacksonville, Fla.	17,201	Meadville, Pa.	9,520
Baton Rouge, La.	10,478	Dunkirk, N. Y.	9,416	Jacksonville, Ill.	10,740	Medford, Mass.	11,079
Battle Creek, Mich.	13,197	Dunmore, Pa.	8,315	Jamestown, N. Y.	16,038	Melrose, Mass.	8,519
Bay City, Mich.	27,839	East Liverpool, O.	10,956	Jamesville, Wis.	10,836	Menominee, Mich.	10,630
Bayonne, N. J.	19,033	Easton, Pa.	14,481	Jeffersonville, Ind.	10,666	Meriden, Ct.	21,652
Beatrice, Neb.	13,836	East Portland, Ore.	10,532	Johnston, R. I.	9,778	Meridian, Miss.	10,624
Beaver Falls, Pa.	9,735	East Provid'ce, R. I.	8,422	Johnstown, Pa.	21,805	Michigan City, Ind.	10,776
Bellaire, O.	9,934	East St. Louis, Ill.	15,169	Joliet, Ill.	23,264	Middletown, Ct.	9,013
Belleville, Ill.	15,361	Eau Claire, Wis.	17,415	Joplin, Mo.	9,943	Middletown, N. Y.	11,977
Beverly, Mass.	16,821	Elgin, Ill.	17,823	Kalamazoo, Mich.	17,853	Milford, Mass.	8,780
Biddeford, Me.	14,443	Elizabeth City, N. J.	37,764	Kankakee, Ill.	9,025	Millville, N. J.	10,002
Binghamton, N. Y.	35,005	Elkhart, Ind.	11,360	Kansas City, Kan.	38,316	Moberly, Mo.	8,215
Birmingham, Ala.	26,178	Elmira, N. Y.	29,708	Kearney, Neb.	8,074	Mobile, Ala.	31,076
Bloomington, Ill.	20,948	El Paso, Tex.	10,338	Keokuk, Ia.	14,101	Moline, Ill.	12,000
Braddock, Pa.	8,561	Erie, Pa.	40,634	Key-West, Fla.	18,080	Montgomery, Ala.	21,883
Bradford, Pa.	10,514	Evansville, Ind.	50,756	Kingston, N. Y.	21,261	Mount Carmel, Pa.	8,254
Bridgeport, Ct.	48,866	Everett, Mass.	11,068	Knoxville, Tenn.	22,535	Mount Vernon, N. Y.	10,677
Bridgeton, N. J.	11,424	Findlay, O.	18,553	Kokomo, Ind.	8,261	Muncie, Ind.	11,345
Brockton, Mass.	27,294	Fitchburg, Mass.	22,037	La Crosse, Wis.	25,090	Muscatine, Ia.	11,434
Brookline, Mass.	12,103	Flint, Mich.	9,803	Lafayette, Ind.	16,243	Muskegon, Mich.	22,702
Brunswick, Ga.	8,459	Flushing, N. Y.	10,866	Lancaster, Pa.	32,011	Nanticoke, Pa.	10,041
Burlington, Ia.	22,565	Fond du Lac, Wis.	12,024	Lansing, Mich.	13,102	Nashua, N. H.	19,311
Burlington, N. J.	8,225	Fort Scott, Kan.	11,940	Lansingburg, N. Y.	10,550	Natchez, Miss.	10,101
Burlington, Vt.	14,590	Fort Smith, Ark.	11,311	Laredo, Tex.	11,319	Natick, Mass.	9,118
Butler, Pa.	8,734	Fort Wayne, Ind.	35,393	La Salle, Ill.	9,855	Nebraska City, Neb.	11,494
Butte, Mont.	10,723	Fort Worth, Tex.	23,079	Lawrence, Kan.	9,997	New-Albany, Ind.	21,629
Cairo, Ill.	10,324	Framingham, Mass.	9,239	Lawrence, Mass.	44,654	Newark, O.	14,270
Canton, O.	26,189	Frederick, Md.	8,193	Leadville, Col.	11,212	New-Bedford, Mass.	40,733
Carbondale, Pa.	10,833	Freeport, Ill.	10,189	Leavenworth, Kan.	19,768	New-Brighton, N. Y.	16,423
Cedar Rapids, Ia.	18,020	Fresno, Cal.	10,818	Lebanon, Pa.	14,634	New-Britain, Ct.*	19,007
Charleston, S. C.	54,955	Galesburg, Ill.	15,264	Lewiston, Me.	21,701	N. Brunswick, N.J.	18,603
Charlotte, N. C.	11,557	Galveston, Tex.	29,084	Lexington, Ky.	21,567	Newburg, N. Y.	23,087
Chattanooga, Tenn.	29,100	Gardner, Mass.	8,424	Lima, O.	15,987	Newburyport, Mass.	13,947
Chicopee, Mass.	14,050	Gloucester, Mass.	24,651	Lincoln, Neb.	55,154	Newcastle, Pa.	11,600
Chillicothe, O.	11,288	Gloversville, N. Y.	13,864	Lincoln, R. I.	20,355	New-London, Ct.	13,757

* Includes New-Britain City, not separately returned.

POPULATION OF CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES—*Continued.*

Newport, Ky.	24,918	Pittsfield, Mass.	17,281	Sandusky, O.	18,471	Tiffin, O.	10,801
Newport, R. I.	19,457	Pittston, Pa.	10,302	San José, Cal.	18,060	Titusville, Pa.	8,073
New-Rochelle, N.Y	8,318	Plainfield, N. J.	11,267	Saratoga Spr., N.Y.	11,975	Topeka, Kan.	31,007
Newton, Mass.	24,379	Plattsmouth, Neb.	8,392	Savannah, Ga.	43,189	Union, N. J.	10,643
Norfolk, Va.	34,871	Plymouth, Pa.	9,344	Schenectady, N.Y.	19,902	Utica, N. Y.	44,007
Norristown, Pa.	19,791	Port Huron, Mich.	13,513	Seattle, Wash	42,837	Vernon, Ct.	8,808
North-Adams, Mass	16,074	Port Jervis, N. Y.	9,327	Sedalia, Mo.	14,068	Vicksburg, Miss.	13,373
Northampton, Mass.	14,990	Portland, Me.	36,425	Shamokin, Pa.	14,403	Vincennes, Ind.	8,853
Norwalk, Ct.	17,747	Portland, Ore.	46,385	Sheboygan, Wis.	16,359	Waco, Tex.	14,445
Norwich, Ct.	16,156	Portsmouth, N. H.	9,827	Shenandoah, Pa.	15,944	Waltham, Mass.	18,707
Oakland, Cal.	48,682	Portsmouth, O.	12,394	Shreveport, La.	11,979	Warwick, R. I.	17,761
Ogden, Utah	14,889	Portsmouth, Va.	13,268	Sing Sing, N. Y.	9,352	Waterbury, Ct.	28,646
Ogdensburg, N. Y.	11,662	Pottstown, Pa.	13,285	Sioux City, Ia.	37,806	Watertown, N. Y.	14,725
Oil City, Pa.	10,932	Pottsville, Pa.	14,117	Sioux Falls, S.Dak.	10,177	Watertown, Wis.	8,755
Orange, N. J.	18,844	Poughkeepsie, N.Y.	22,206	Somerville, Mass.	40,152	Wausau, Wis.	9,253
Oshkosh, Wis.	22,836	Pueblo, Col.	24,558	South Bend, Ind.	21,819	West Bay City, Mich	12,981
Oswego, N. Y.	21,842	Quincy, Ill.	31,494	So. Bethlehem, Pa.	10,302	West Chester, Pa.	8,028
Ottawa City, Ill.	9,985	Quincy, Mass.	16,723	South Omaha, Neb.	8,062	Westfield, Mass.	9,805
Ottumwa, Ia.	14,001	Racine, Wis.	21,014	Spencer, Mass.	8,747	West Troy, N. Y.	12,967
Owensborough, Ky.	9,837	Raleigh, N. C.	12,678	Spokane Fls., Wash	19,922	Weymouth, Mass.	10,866
Paducah, Ky.	13,076	Richmond, Ind.	16,608	Springfield, Ill.	24,963	Wheeling, W. Va.	35,013
Paris, Tex	8,254	Roanoke, Va.	16,159	Springfield, Mass.	44,179	Wichita, Kan.	23,853
Parkersburg, W.Va.	8,408	Rockford, Ill.	23,584	Springfield, Mo.	21,850	Wilkesbarre, Pa.	37,718
Passaic, N. J.	13,028	Rock Island, Ill.	13,634	Springfield, O.	31,895	Williamsport, Pa.	27,132
Pawtucket, R. I.	27,633	Rockland, Me.	8,174	Stamford, Ct.	15,700	Willimantic, Ct.	8,648
Peabody, Mass.	10,158	Rome, N. Y.	14,991	Steelton, Pa.	9,250	Wilmington, N. C.	20,056
Peekskill, N. Y.	9,676	Rutland, Vt.	11,760	Steubenville, O.	13,394	Winona, Minn.	18,208
Pensacola, Fla.	11,750	Sacramento, Cal.	26,386	Stillwater, Minn.	11,260	Winston, N. C.	8,018
Peoria, Ill.	41,024	Saginaw, Mich.	46,322	Stockton, Cal.	14,424	Woburn, Mass.	13,499
Perth Amboy, N.J.	9,512	Saint Joseph, Mo.	52,324	Streator, Ill.	11,414	Woonsocket, R. I.	26,832
Petersburg, Va.	22,680	Salem, Mass.	30,801	Superior, Wis.	11,983	Yonkers, N. Y.	32,033
Phillipsburg, N. J.	8,644	Salt Lake City, U.	44,843	Tacoma, Wash.	36,006	York, Pa.	20,793
Phœnixville, Pa.	8,514	San Antonio, Tex.	37,673	Taunton, Mass.	25,448	Youngstown, O.	33,220
Pine Bluff, Ark.	9,952	San Diego, Cal.	16,159	Terre Haute, Ind.	30,217	Zanesville, O.	21,009
Piqua, O.	9,090						

NOTE BY THE CENSUS OFFICE.

In defining what constitutes a city, in each case the Census Office has consistently maintained the policy of including only such population as lives within the charter limits, because no other defined limits exist. In many cases, however, this does not give to the city all the population which naturally belongs to it. There may be populous suburbs, which are to all intents and purposes parts of the city, whose inhabitants transact business within the city, who are served by the same post-office, etc., but who, living without the charter limits, are not included in the city's population. Of this our greatest city, New-York, is a forcible example. Within a radius of fifteen miles of the City Hall on Manhattan Island the people are in effect citizens of New-York, so far as their business and social interests go, although politically they live in different cities, counties and States. This body of population, the commercial metropolis of the country, contains a population considerably in excess of 3,000,000, or two thirds that of London, which is, similarly, a congeries of municipalities.

The American Indian.

(Population in 1890 as reported by the census.)

Arizona	16,740	Kansas	1,437	Pueblos	8,278	Utah	2,489
California	15,283	Louisiana	132	New-York	28	Washington	10,837
Colorado	1,034	Maine	140	Six Nations	5,304	Wisconsin	8,806
Connecticut	24	Massachusetts	145	North-Carolina	231	Wyoming	1,866
Florida	215	Michigan	6,991	Cherokees	2,885	War Department	
Georgia	2	Minnesota	7,065	North-Dakota	7,952	Apaches, Mt.	
Idaho	3,999	Mississippi	1,404	Oklahoma	5,639	Vernon barracks	384
Illinois	1	Missouri	14	Oregon	4,282	Indians in prison	184
Indiana	71	Montana	10,573	South-Dakota	19,845		
Indian Territory	8,708	Nebraska	3,861	Tennessee	10		
Five Civ. Tribes	66,289	Nevada	4,956	Texas	258	Total	249,273
Iowa	397	New-Mexico	20,521				

INDIAN POPULATION IN DETAIL.

The total Indian population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska, but including 32,567 counted in the general census, being the taxed or taxable Indians, numbers 249,273. The following table gives the division of the Indians in detail:

Indians on reservations or at schools, under control of the Indian Office (not taxed or taxable)	133,382
Indians incidentally under the Indian Office, and self-supporting:	
The five civilized tribes, Indians and colored: Cherokees, 29,599; Chickasaws, 7,182; Choctaws, 14,397; Creeks, 14,632; Seminoles, 2,561; total, 68,371. Total Indians, 52,665; total colored Indian citizens and claimants, 14,224; grand total, 66,289.	
Pueblos of New-Mexico	8,278
Six Nations, Saint Regis and other Indians of New-York	5,304
Eastern Cherokees of North-Carolina	2,885
Indians taxed or taxable, and self-sustaining citizens, counted in the general census (98 per cent not on reservations)	32,567
Indians under control of the War Department, prisoners of war (Apaches at Mount Vernon barracks)	384
Indians in State or Territorial prisons	184
Total	249,273

Statistics of Cities in the United States.

THE statistics in the following table were furnished to THE WORLD ALMANAC by the Mayors of the respective cities.

CITIES.	Area in sq. m.	Net Public Debt.	VALUATION OF PROPERTY. Actual.‡	Assessed.	Tax Rate.*	Mayors.	Terms Expire.
Albany, N. Y.	11	†$4,342,200	†$69,662,571	.....	†$1.90	*James H. Manning*	May 1, 1893.
Allegheny, Pa.	7⅓	†1,769,500	†81,300,000	.....	†1.50	James G. Wyman	April 1, 1893.
Atlanta, Ga.	9 6-10	2,212,000	70,000,000	$48,225,033	1.50	*Wm. A. Hemphill*	Jan. 1, 1893.
Baltimore, Md.	32	21,951,645	278,249,691	.....	1.55	*Ferd. C. Latrobe*	Feb. 1, 1893.
Bay City, Mich.	12	549,000	25,000,000	10,609,275	1.28	*George D. Jackson*	April 1, 1893.
Binghamton, N. Y.	10	.....	19,064,465	.....	1.44	*Benajah S. Curran*	Feb. 16, 1893.
Birmingham, Ala.	3 1-5	1,125,000	50,000,000	20,000,000	.50	*A. O. Lane*	Dec. 3, 1892.
Boston, Mass.	37	32,233,535	855,069,414	.....	1.26	*Nathan Matthews, Jr*	Jan. 4, 1892.
Bridgeport, Ct.	14⅓	1,511,277	55,000,000	24,012,457	2.10	Wm. H. Marigold	April 11, 1892.
Brooklyn, N. Y.	34	41,150,204	.....	466,914,241	2.56	*David A. Boody*	Dec. 31, 1893.
Buffalo, N. Y.	39 3-5	9,822,316	.....	197,781,500	†1.46	*Charles F. Bishop*	Jan. 1, 1895.
Burlington, Ia.	10	†395,080	†15,000,000	.....	†5.48	*George A. Duncan*	April 1, 1892.
Cambridge, Mass.	5½	1,494,694	67,571,925	.....	1.56	*Alpheus B. Alger*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Camden, N. J.	5¼	1,247,000	27,010,765	19,095,275	2.50	Jesse Pratt	March, 1892.
Charleston, S. C.	5⅓	3,910,032	55,000,000	21,444,031	2.20	*John F. Ficken*	Dec., 1895.
Chattanooga, Tenn.	3¾	931,000	42,000,000	17,300,000	1.60	*Garnett Andrews*	Oct., 1893.
Chelsea, Mass.	2½	†824,483	†20,795,029	.....	1.76	A. C. Converse	Jan. 2, 1893.
Chicago, Ill.	185½	(a)18,545,000	658,063,104	219,354,368	4.35	Hemp. Washburne	April, 1893.
Cincinnati, O.	24¼	24,550,500	800,000,000	186,874,294	2.85	John B. Mosby	April 15, 1894.
Cleveland, O.	26⅓	4,526,140	450,000,000	116,000,000	2.83	William G. Rose	April, 1893.
Cohoes, N. Y.	5½	†275,000	*10,647,407	.....	†1.05	*John Garside*	April 20, 1892.
Columbus, O.	14.1	6,105	56,284,770	.....	2.40	*George J. Karb*	April 20, 1893.
Council Bluffs, Ia.	18½	†146,000	†32,000,000	.....	†2.20	*Donald Macrae*	March 15, 1892.
Covington, Ky.	3½	2,270,300	26,000,000	19,500,000	1.95	James T. Thomas	Oct. 10, 1894.
Dallas, Tex.	16	1,939,600	50,000,000	32,000,000	1.50	*W. C. Connor*	April, 1893.
Davenport, Ia.	9½	275,000	17,568,000	8,784,140	1.70	*C. A. Ficke*	April 15, 1892.
Dayton, O.	10	†1,750,000	.....	†30,000,000	†2.24	*James E. D. Ward*	April 14, 1892.
Denver, Col.	17	1,300,000	216,000,000	72,000,000	1.00	*Platt Rogers*	April 15, 1893.
Des Moines, Ia.	54	365,439	80,000,000	17,000,000	3.01	John H. Campbell	April 18, 1892.
Detroit, Mich.	23	1,555,024	.....	175,450,310	1 67	H. S. Pingree	Jan. 9, 1894.
Dubuque, Ia.	13	730,602	18,752,460	.....	1.10	*C. J. W. Saunders*	April 7, 1892.
Duluth, Minn.	10	1,278,650	26,413,021	.....	2.64	M. J. Davis	March 1, 1892.
Elizabeth, N. J.	9	†3,737,760	†14,076,270	.....	†2.08	John C. Rankin, Jr.	Dec. 31, 1893.
Elmira, N. Y.	7 2-5	382,930	15,038,650	.....	†1.41	*Charles S. Davison*	March 7, 1892.
Erie, Pa.	5½	987,400	20 000 000	14,821,692	1.60	*Charles S. Clarke*	April 3, 1893.
Evansville, Ind.	5	2,145,000	25,477,670	.....	1.60	*N. M. Goodlett*	April 4, 1892.
Fall River, Mass.	36½	2,592,694	54,281,930	.....	†1.64	*John W. Coughlin*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Fort Wayne, Ind.	7	720,000	30,000,000	19,629,540	1.10	*C. A. Zollinger*	May 9, 1893.
Grand Rapids, Mich.	17	1,064,000	100,000,000	30,000,000	2 80	*Edwin F. Uhl*	May 2, 1892.
Harrisburg, Pa.	3¼	1,061,700	22,000,000	.....	.80	*John A. Fritchey*	April 4, 1893.
Hartford, Ct.	20	1,791,652	47,000,000	.....	1.00	Henry C. Dwight	April 4, 1892.
Haverhill, Mass.	24	436,169	.....	19,780,321	†1.70	Thomas E. Burnham	Jan. 2, 1893.
Hoboken, N. J.	1½	433,370	27,334,047	21,026,190	2.64	*Edward R. Stanton*	May 1, 1893.
Holyoke, Mass.	12⅓	701,576	22,943,940	.....	1.65	*J. M. Sullivan*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Indianapolis, Ind.	18½	1,400,000	93,695,290	.....	1.55	*Thomas L. Sullivan*	Oct., 1893.
Jackson, Mich.	9	230,000	20,000,000	7,000,000	1.65	A. J. Weatherwax	May 1, 1892.
Jacksonville, Fla.	8	210,000	16,000,000	.....	1.10	*H. Robinson*	June 13, 1893.
Jersey City, N. J.	12½	†12,571,891	†78,957,415	.....	†2.64	*Orestes Cleveland*	May 1, 1892.
Kalamazoo, Mich.	6¼	.....	11,000,000	7,356,325	2.36	Frederick Bush	April 10, 1892.
Kansas City, Mo.	32½	†1,113,121	†82,485,557	.....	†1.25	*Benjamin Holmes*	April 21, 1892.
Knoxville, Tenn.	5	549,800	30,000,000	12,567,893	1.25	*Peter Kern*	Jan. 23, 1892.
La Crosse, Wis.	8⅓	420,000	15,500,000	10,846,130	2.00	*F. A. Copeland*	April 18, 1893.
Lawrence, Mass.	7	1,311,532	.....	31,520,273	1.43	—— *Doe*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Leavenworth, Kan.	8	733,527	16,313,700	5,437,930	4.35	*M. L. Hacker*	April 1, 1893.
Lexington, Ky.	6	†490,000	†13,500,000	.....	†1.20	*C. W. Foushee*	April 19, 1892.
Lincoln, Neb.	24	1,411,500	40,000,000	6,145,500	4.50	A. H. Weir	April 15, 1893.
Little Rock, Ark.	8	300,000	60,000,000	12,100,000	2.10	*H. L. Fletcher*	April 15, 1893.
Long Island City, N.Y.	10	†1,083,500	.....	†10,256,987	†3.00	*Patrick J. Gleason*	Dec. 31, 1892.
Los Angeles, Cal.	29 2-5	987,300	91,907,408	45,953,704	1.00	Henry T. Hazard	Jan. 2, 1893.
Louisville Ky.	13 9-10	9,000,000	150,000,000	81,306,916	1.98	*Henry S. Tyler*	Jan. 1, 1894.
Lowell, Mass.	13¼	2,570,051	.....	64,688,275	1.56	*George W. Cifield*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Lynn, Mass.	10	2,418,523	.....	44,766,872	1.46	Ellhu B. Hayes	Jan. 2, 1893.
Manchester, N. H.	33	889,298	32,434,239	24,872,492	1.78	*E. J. Knowlton*	Jan. 3, 1893.

Democrats in *Italics*, Republicans in Roman, Citizens, Independent, or non-Political in SMALL CAPS.

* Tax on each $100 of assessed valuation. † Report of 1890. ‡ Where the values are reported in round figures, they must be accepted as pure estimates by the officials making them.

(a) $5,000,000 of this is due to World's Fair.

STATISTICS OF CITIES IN THE UNITED STATES.—*Continued.*

Cities.	Area in sq. m.	Net Public Debt.	Valuation of Property. Actual.	Valuation of Property. Assessed.	Tax Rate.*	Mayors.	Terms Expire.
Memphis, Tenn.	4	$3,170,800	$60,274,835	.....	†$1.85	*W. L. Clapp*	Jan. 1, 1894.
Milwaukee, Wis.	17	4,099,000	225,000,000	$113,675,120	2.25	*Peter J. Somers*	April 15, 1892.
Minneapolis, Minn.	53	6,813,109	210,000,000	138,721,798	2.14	*Philip B. Winston*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Mobile, Ala.	7	2,200,000	35,000,000	14,000,000	.60	*Joseph C. Rich*	March 15, 1894.
Nashville, Tenn	9½	2,500,000	52,167,575	37,908,950	1.50	*George B. Guild*	Oct. 8, 1893.
Newark, N. J.	18	7,892,881	.....	119,321,094	1.82	*Joseph E. Haynes*	Jan., 1894.
New-Bedford, Mass.	17	1,373,000	38,518,943	.....	1.63	*Charles S. Ashley*	Jan. 4, 1892.
New-Brunswick, N. J.	5	1,290,088	15,000,000	10,040,000	2.42	*James H. Van Cleef*	May 1, 1893.
New-Haven, Ct.	8½	765,870	.....	52,282,531	1.95	*Joseph B. Sargent*	Jan. 1, 1893
New-Orleans, La.	60	15,535,445	129,945,820	.....	2.02	*Joseph A. Shakspeare*	April 25, 1892
Newport, R. I.	6	270,000	32,944,150	.....	.96	*Samuel R. Honey*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Newton, Mass.	22	1,350,595	37,488,160	.....	1.50	Hermon E. Hibbard	Jan. 2, 1893.
New-York City.	41	98,758,761	.....	a1,785,857338	1.90	*Hugh J. Grant*	Jan. 1, 1893.
Norfolk, Va.	3	†2,676,798	†14,653,725	.....	†1.80	*Frank Morris*	July 1, 1892
Omaha, Neb.	25	2,036,100	200,000,000	21,000,000	3.80	George P. Bemis	Jan. 3, 1894.
Paterson, N. J.	8 3-10	1,243,600	28,824,280	.....	2.50	Thomas Broridge	April 11, 1892.
Peoria, Ill.	5½	†276,500	35,421,412	8,855,353	6.38	Charles C. Clarke	Jan. 1, 1892.
Petersburg, Va.	2½	1,036,100	.....	9,960,435	1.60	*Charles F. Collier*	June 30, 1892.
Philadelphia, Pa.	129 1-3	56,579,320	892,378,552	713,902,842	1.85	Edwin S. Stuart	April, 1895.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	29 3-5	9,446,000	207,363,197	182,316,455	1.50	H. I. Gourley	April 3, 1893.
Portland, Me.	3½	1,672,384	36,583,295	.....	1.95	George W. True	March 31, 1892.
Portland, Ore.	22 3-5	275,000	15,250,000	.....	....	W. S. Mason	July 6, 1894.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	2½	†1,766,500	†13,532,740	.....	†2.40	*Edward Elsworth*	Dec. 31, 1892.
Providence, R. I.	19	9,384,642	149,901,840	.....	1.50	*William K. Potter*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Quincy, Ill.	10	1,615,000	25,000,000	.....	6.48	*E. J. Thompson*	May 5, 1892.
Reading, Pa.	6¼	298,000	45,000,000	38,240,505	1.45	*Thomas P. Merritt*	April 3, 1893.
Richmond, Va.	5 1-10	†5,928,016	†53,471,343	.....	†1.40	*J. Taylor Ellyson*	July 1, 1892.
Rochester, N. Y.	17½	5,589,000	120,000,000	99,940,400	1.59	*William Carroll*	April 4, 1892.
Rockford, Ill.	6¼	250,000	23,097,372	5,774,343	2.50	*Henry N. Starr*	May 1, 1893.
Sacramento, Cal.	9	1,055,000	35,000,000	16,000,000	2.20	*W. D. Comstock*	March 15, 1893.
Saginaw, Mich.	12 3-10	1,109,700	30,000,000	17,048,088	2.25	*George W. Weadock*	April 14, 1892.
Salem, Mass.	7	909,297	.....	26,228,718	1.80	*Robert H. Rantoul*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Salt Lake City, Utah.	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	George M. Scott	Feb. 10, 1892.
San Diego, Cal.	71	456,000	15,597,957	.....	1.00	M. Sherman	May 4, 1893.
San Francisco, Cal.	41¾	617,914	311,566,079	.....	1.61	George H. Sanderson	Jan. 2, 1893.
San José, Cal.	5	375,000	40,000,000	17,805,642	1.25	*Samuel N. Rucker*	April 15, 1892.
Savannah, Ga.	6	3,585,850	.....	32,630,514	1.50	*John J. McDonough*	Jan. 1, 1893.
Schenectady, N. Y.	6	368,000	14,000,000	8,583,820	1.65	Everett Smith	April 11, 1893.
Scranton, Pa.	19	466,173	75,000,000	20,000,000	2.69	John H. Fellows	April 3, 1893.
Seattle, Wash.	9	†975,000	†26,344,045	.....	†1.00	Harry White	March 25, 1892.
Sioux City, Ia.	33	†700,000	†60,000,000	.....	†2.85	*E. C. Palmer*	March 17, 1892.
Somerville, Mass.	4	†803,500	†32,557,500	.....	†1.40	W. H. Hodgkins	Jan. 2, 1893.
Springfield, Ill.	4	913,850	22,881,600	5,720,407	5.91	R. D. Lawrence	May 1, 1893.
Springfield, Mass.	26¼	1,533,854	53,988,115	48,329,634	1.23	*Lawson Sibley*	Jan. 2, 1893.
Springfield, O.	6	861,325	.....	16,574,038	2.00	*W. R. Burnett*	April 3, 1893.
St. Joseph, Mo.	70	1,512,700	70,000,000	21,900,000	1.60	Wm. M. Shepherd	April 18, 1892.
St. Louis, Mo.	62½	21,673,100	420,053,033	252,031,820	1.50	*Edward A. Noonan*	April 11, 1893.
St. Paul, Minn.	55½	6,016,965	246,000,000	123,000,000	1.00	*Robert A. Smith*	June 7, 1892.
Syracuse, N. Y.	16	1,937,500	.....	45,048,567	1.66	William Cowie	Feb. 20, 1892.
Tacoma, Wash.	29	550,000	55,158,400	32,535,143	1.15	George B. Kandle	April 6, 1892.
Taunton, Mass.	50	†539,459	†23,000,000	.....	†1.78	Francis S. Babbitt	Jan. 2, 1893.
Toledo, O.	24	4,056,422	91,600,000	60,507,530	2.70	V. J. Emmrick	April, 1893.
Topeka, Kan.	6	337,000	.....	10,056,351	3.92	*R. L. Cofran*	April 10, 1893.
Trenton, N. J.	.....	†600,000	.....	27,001,645	1.75	*Daniel J. Bechtel*	April 18, 1893.
Troy, N. Y.	5 3-8	841,036	47,253,183	.....	1.36	*Dennis J. Whelan*	Nov. 15, 1892.
Utica, N. Y.	6	50,500	.....	18,900,814	1.90	*Alex. T. Goodwin*	March 14, 1892.
Washington, D. C.	72	20,768,605	204,499,708	157,307,468	1.50	J. W. Douglass (*b*)	Dec. 21, 1892.
Wilkesbarre, Pa.	3	†145,000	†4,738,831	.....	†5.10	C. B. Sutton	April 4, 1892.
Williamsport, Pa.	6	663,500	15,000,000	8,494,426	1.40	Frederick H. Keller	April 1, 1893.
Wilmington, Del.	9	1,378,800	.....	c35,000,000	1.40	S. J. Willey	June 30, 1893.
Wilmington, N. C.	3½	727,000	12,000,000	7,671,218	1.50	*A. G. Ricaud*	March 23, 1893.
Worcester, Mass.	36	2,420,515	81,194,358	77,625,358	1.56	Francis A Harrington	Jan. 2, 1893.
Yonkers, N. Y.	12½	1,589,643	.....	22,972,466	†1.91	James Millward	April 15, 1892.
Youngstown, O.	.....	1,000,000	12,278,530	.....	2.80	R. Montgomery	April, 1892.

Democrats in *Italics*, Republicans in Roman, Citizens, Independent, or non-Political in Small Caps.

Tax on each $100 of assessed valuation. † Report of 1890.

(*a*) Assessed value of real property, $1,464,247,820; assessed value of personal property, $321,609,518.

(*b*) President of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, of which there are three, appointed by the President of the United States.

(*c*) Real, personal not assessed

Statistics of Cities of the United States.

DETAILS OF STREET LIGHTING, WATER SUPPLY, POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENTS.

Cities.	Streets.	Street Lamps.		Reservoirs.			Police Force.		Fire Department.			
	Total Length. *Miles.*	Gas.	Electric.	Capacity. *Gallons.*	Average Daily Consumption. *Gallons.*	Consumption. Per Capita.	No.	Annual Cost.	Total Force.	No. of Engines.	Feet of Hose.	Annual Cost.
Atlanta, Ga.....	200	....	830	200,000,000	3,000,000	77	106	$108,918	70	4	10,000	$68,000
Baltimore, Md.*.	780	5,790	607	2,274,000,000	40,000,000	92	782	677,914	264	14	24,500	150,000
Boston, Mass.*..	408	9,958	798	849,000,000	39,900,000	89	916	963,355	677	34	73,977	800,000
Bridgeport, Ct...	135	170	175	1,900,000,000	9,000,000	180	39	41,071	79	5	11,400	53,942
Brooklyn, N. Y.*	653	9,381	1,509	1,180,000,000	50,000,000	62	1,157	859,184	527	25	50,700	562,944
Buffalo, N. Y.*..	372	4,377	1,223	125,000,000	50,000,000	196	342	297,994	315	21	48,850	224,725
Cambridge, Mass*	79	684	300	655,000,000	4,182,025	60	79	71,756	99	6	10,100	59,477
Charleston, S. C.	75	1,000	110	9,000,000	1,400,000	..	101	67,335	103	8	10,650	44,000
Chicago, Ill.* ...	2,048	24,878	422	.....	100,000,000	91	1,625	979,894	916	63	108,590	700,437
Cincinnati, O.*..	486	8,168	....	120,000,000	34,000,000	115	433	330,000	283	26	40,000	271,672
Cleveland, O.*...	462	4,839	106	118,000,000	24,877,000	95	319	250,000	209	18	21,150	200,000
Columbus, O.....	180	98	800	.....	.....	68	114	120,072	68	8	7,500	90,000
Davenport, Ia.*.	140	....	100	5,000,000	3,000,000	112	19	11,958	39	1	7,000	14,000
Denver, Col.*...	756	....	1,750	20,000,000	15,000,000	141	100	50,000	100	6	16,000	100,000
Detroit, Mich.*..	400	....	827	36,000,000	35,271,888	171	368	222,509	216	17	38,350	211,187
Duluth, Minn.*.	222	....	181	4,000,000	1,836,336	55	38	49,000	45	1	5,750	50,000
Erie, Pa.....	132	597	202	36,000,000	4,500,000	113	30	26,000	51	3	8,000	29,000
Evansville, Ind.*	136	60	172	1,000,000	7,000,000	138	52	28,098	56	3	12,000	40,000
Fall River, Mass*	106	416	69	1,161,448	1,877,937	25	95	79,407	141	7	15,000	42,238
Fort Wayne, Ind.	95	....	175	3,000,000	2,500,000	65	32	26,000	40	3	6,800	25,000
Gr'd Rap's, Mich.	168	....	300	6,000,000	4,000,000	50	86	74,813	86	6	16,000	101,547
Harrisburg, Pa..	75	....	285	21,000,000	5,856,937	129	26	19,600	....	7	8,000	17,800
Hartford, Ct.*...	130	....	467	1,300,000,000	5,000,000	94	53	55,000	115	7	15,000	59,121
Hoboken, N. J.*.	30	91	120	18,000,000	4,000,000	92	60	42,000	450	3	6,300	10,000
Holyoke, Mass.*.	50	85	101	70,000,000	2,482,393	70	29	20,000	152	5	10,000	40,414
Indian'olis, Ind.*	400	2,300	100	.....	6,000,000	57	101	56,079	87	6	18,000	75,000
Knoxville, Tenn.	150	417	88	3,000,000	1,750,000	...	33	24,820	21	2	4,700	16,000
La Crosse, Wis.*	125	....	128	.....	2,284,402	91	19	10,000	155	2	12,500	9,200
Lawrence, Mass..	82	....	584	40,000,000	2,500,000	56	43	32,717	77	7	10,200	22,000
Leavenw'th, Kan.	123	120	50	27,000,000	2,500,000	...	20	18,000	12	2	3,200	11,500
Los Angeles, Cal*	800	....	206	40,000,000	7,700,000	153	78	28,800	76	7	6,000	67,000
Louisville, Ky...	248	3,517	150	100,000,000	12,000,000	64	213	180,000	150	14	21,000	200,000
Lowell, Mass.*..	105	945	177	31,500,000	4,944,000	64	76	70,552	144	5	13,500	70,861
Lynn, Mass.*....	125	....	1,136	22,627,816	2,450,413	44	47	40,000	123	5	15,000	47,500
Manchester, N.H.	148	141	257	15,000,000	2,000,000	45	35	36,000	137	6	24,150	42,000
Memphis, Tenn..	90	393	107	.....	6,000,000	60	53	57,000	59	8	5,000	69,000
Milwaukee, Wis*	419	2,350	312	21,000,000	19,750,000	97	196	122,488	210	16	35,000	168,547
Minne'olis, Minn*	800	2,854	475	.....	13,000,000	79	199	151,337	207	11	27,300	125,875
Mobile, Ala.....	78	....	181	10,000,000	.....	...	55	31,500	28	6	.....	20,000
Nashville, Tenn.*	251	818	150	50,000,000	10,000,000	131	76	46,000	52	5	8,000	55,595
Newark, N. J.*..	186	3,382	388	32,000,000	14,079,793	77	214	170,000	122	13	24,800	90,000
N. Bedford, Mass	122	415	100	15,000,000	4,000,000	100	61	66,083	212	7	11,500	39,011
New-Haven, Ct.*	140	862	239	17,000,000	10,000,000	123	112	102,481	117	8	16,000	75,000
New-Orleans, La*	625	858	950	4,000,000	7,500,000	31	266	170,000	844	20	26,000	160,000
New-York City.*	575	25,483	1,369	10,400,000,000	112,000,000	74	3,421	4,391,766	1,027	92	200,000	1,613,296
Omaha, Neb.*...	508	753	8	125,000,000	10,000,000	71	95	65,000	65	4	8,000	65,000
Paterson, N. J...	....	400	269	50,000,000	14,000,000	165	66	69,063	155	8	12,000	90,000
Phila'phia, Pa.*.	1,151	18,470	1,045	891,482,454	116,500,000	111	1,717	1,000,000	521	40	73,000	625,000
Pittsburgh, Pa...	355	....	1,207	132,000,000	35,000,000	...	308	339,899	192	19	35,000	260,310
Portland, Me.*..	56	....	439	30,000,000	6,000,000	165	40	33,906	162	6	15,000	14,398
Portland, Ore....	....	....	....	10,400,000	2,250,000	260	83	83,472	171	8	12,000	160,000
Providence, R. I.	299	2,166	650	152,000,000	5,780,961	...	218	274,000	240	6	20,000	220,000
Rochester, N. Y.*.	230	846	1,873	88,091,908	11,000,000	82	123	99,307	128	4	15,000	60,000
Saginaw, Mich...	181	....	234	.....	5,885,979	121	48	36,051	37	1	15,800	35,091
San Fran'co, Cal.*	342	5,200	123	91,000,000	20,000,000	67	406	545,500	361	23	26,300	345,000
Savannah, Ga....	115	....	250	186,000	6,000,000	120	125	100,000	46	5	4,500	58,735
Scranton, Pa.....	81	....	325	3,950,000,000	9,000,000	108	37	37,500	532	4	11,200	18,975
Sioux City, Ia.*.	340	100	75	3,000,000	3,000,000	79	15	12,000	31	1	4,000	20,000
Springfield, Mass.	120	75	400	2,000,000,000	4,250,000	90	42	40,196	148	6	14,000	60,000
St. Louis, Mo.*.	1,061	691	3,231	60,000,000	32,000,000	71	613	475,408	359	31	45,000	277,869
St. Paul, Minn.*.	970	2,750	50	16,000,000	8,000,000	60	170	98,708	194	10	27,000	135,000
Syracuse, N. Y...	200	220	510	260,000,000	6,000,000	60	74	74,000	73	8	30,200	93,000
Troy, N. Y.....	57	268	282	644,000,000	7,608,468	125	98	98,000	624	9	18,700	53,000
Utica, N. Y.....	100	....	400	534,000,000	3,000,000	70	30	60,000	....	7	.....	.....
Wash'ton, D. C.*	235	5,349	195	321,880,000	36,000,000	117	408	399,000	130	10	21,600	100,000
Wilmington, Del.	78	810	414	41,000,000	6,000,000	111	58	48,000	....	7	12,000	24,000
Worcester, Mass*	195	514	201	1,200,000,000	4,753,680	56	94	73,332	142	4	17,000	50,000

* In cities maintaining the volunteer system the force is numerically larger than in those having a paid department.

The statistics of the cities which are starred in the above table were reported to the Census Bureau and printed in Bulletin No. 100. The statistics of the other cities were reported directly to THE WORLD ALMANAC. A number of cities failed to report either to the Census Bureau or to this publication. The census figures are for 1890; those of the other cities for 1891.

Immigration into the United States, 1820-1891.

Year.	Total Alien Passengers.	Year.	Total Alien Passengers.	Year.	Total Immigrants.	Year.	Total Immigrants.
1820	8,385	1840	84,066	1860	150,237	1879	177,826
1821	9,127	1841	80,289	1861	89,724	1880	457,257
1822	6,911	1842	104,565	1862	89,007	1881	669,431
1823	6,354	1843	52,496	1863	174,524	1882	788,992
1824	7,912	1844	78,615	1864	193,195	1883	603,322
1825	10,199	1845	114,371	1865	247,453	1884	518,592
1826	10,837	1846	154,416	1866	163,594	1885	395,346
1827	18,875	1847	234,963	Fiscal Year ending June 30		1886	334,203
1828	27,382	1848	226,527	1867	298,967	1887	490,109
1829	22,520	1849	297,024	1868	282,189	1888	546,889
1830	23,322	1850	369,980	1869	352,569	1889	444,427
1831	22,633	1851	379,466	1870	387,203	1890	455,302
1832	60,482	1852	371,603	1871	321,350	1891	560,319
1833	58,640	1853	368,645	1872	404,806		
1834	65,365	1854	427,833	1873	459,803	Total	*15,381,009
1835	45,374	1855	200,877	1874	313,339		
1836	76,242	1856	195,857	1875	227,498	From 1789 to 1820, estimated	250,000
1837	79,340	1857	246,945	1876	169,986		
1838	38,914	1858	119,501	1877	141,857		
1839	68,069	1859	118,616	1878	138,469		

The nationality of immigrants to the United States for the year ending June 30, 1891, was as follows: Germans 113,554; English, 53,600; Irish, 55,706; Italians, 76,055; Swedes, 36,880; Scotch, 12,557; Norwegians, 12,568; Danes, 10,659; Swiss, 6,811; French, 6 766; Europe, not specified, 158,829; total Europe, 543,985; all others, 16,334. Of the whole number of immigrants, 448,403 came through the customs district of New-York, 40,694 through Baltimore, 30,951 through Boston, 26,152 through Philadelphia, and 14,119 through all others.

The reported occupations of immigrants who arrived during the year ending June 30, 1890, were as follows: Laborers, 139,365; farmers, 29,296; servants, 28,625; carpenters, 3,776; miners, 3,745; clerks, 3 653; tailors, 3,879; shoemakers, 2,232; blacksmiths, 1,792. The total number of professional immigrants was 3,236; of skilled laborers, 44,540; of miscellaneous, 211,756.

* Immigrants from the British North American possessions and Mexico are not included since July 1, 1885.

NATIONALITY OF IMMIGRANTS BY DECADES, 1841 to 1891.

(Compiled by the Superintendent of the Census.)

Countries.	1841 to 1850.	1851 to 1860.	1861 to 1870.	1871 to 1880.	1881 to 1890.
England	32,092	247,125	251,288	440,961	649,052
Ireland	780,719	914,119	456,593	444,589	655,381
Scotland	3,712	38,331	44,681	88,925	149,856
Wales	1,261	6,319	4,642	6,779	11,990
Great Britain, not specified	229,979	132,199	349,766	7,908	147
Total United Kingdom	1,047,763	1,338,093	1,106,970	989,163	1,466,426
Austria	.....	.....	9,398	69,548	226,020
Belgium	5,074	4,738	7,416	7,278	17,506
Denmark	539	3,749	17,885	34,577	88,108
France	77,262	76,358	37,749	73,301	50,460
Germany	434,626	951,667	822,007	757,698	1,452,952
Hungary	.....	.....	488	13,475	127,678
Italy	1,870	9,231	12,982	60,830	307,095
Netherlands	8,251	10,789	9,539	17,236	53,701
Norway and Sweden	13,903	20,931	117,798	226,483	565,483
Russia and Poland	656	1,621	5,047	51,606	265,064
Spain and Portugal	2,759	10,353	9,047	9,767	5,564
Switzerland	4,644	25,011	23,839	31,722	81,987
All other countries in Europe	155	116	234	1,265	22,770
Total Europe	1,597,502	2,452,657	2,180,399	2,346,964	4,725,814
China	35	41,397	68,059	122,436	59,995*
Total Asia	82	41,458	68,444	123,668	63,932
Africa	55	210	324	221	375*
Canada	41,723	59,369	184,713	430,210	392,802†
Mexico	3,271	3,078	2,386	5,164	1,913†
Central America	368	449	96	229	1,646
South America	3,579	1,224	1,443	1,152	
West Indies	13,528	10,660	9,698	14,461	26,487*‡
Total America	62,469	74,720	198,336	451,216	422,848
All other countries	53,143	29,169	19 249	23,226	25,759
Aggregate	1,713,251	2,598,214	2,466,752	2,944,695	5,238,728

* Not given in 1890. † Reports discontinued after 1885. ‡ Includes Central and South America for 1889.

As the reports for British North American Provinces and for Mexico have been discontinued since 1885 by the Treasury Department, the figures here represented only cover five years of the decade. An estimate based upon the immigration of the years from 1881 to 1885, inclusive, would give 785,604 to British North America for the decade from 1881 to 1890, and 3,826 to Mexico, making the aggregate for America 817,563, instead of 422,848.

Mulhall estimates the number of individuals who emigrated from Europe in 72 years, 1816 to 1888, at 27,205,000. Of these, 15,000,000 came to the United States.

State and Territorial Statistics.

States and Territories.	Gross Area in Square Miles.*	Extreme Breadth, Miles.†	Extreme Length, Miles.	Capitals.	States and Territories.	Gross Area in Square Miles.*	Extreme Breadth, Miles.	Extreme Length, Miles.	Capitals.
Alabama.....	52,250	200	330	Montgomery.	Nebraska.....	77,510	415	205	Lincoln.
Alaska Terr..	577,390	800	1,100	Sitka.	Nevada.....	110,700	315	485	Carson City.
Arizona Terr.	113,020	335	390	Phœnix.	N. Hampshire	9,305	90	185	Concord.
Arkansas.....	53,850	275	240	Little Rock.	New-Jersey..	7,815	70	160	Trenton.
California....	155,360	375	770	Sacramento.	N. Mexico T..	122,580	350	390	Santa Fé.
Colorado.....	103,925	390	270	Denver.	New-York....	49,170	320	310	Albany.
Connecticut..	4,990	90	75	Hartford.	N. Carolina...	52,250	520	200	Raleigh.
Delaware.....	2,050	35	110	Dover.	N. Dakota....	70,795	360	210	Bismarck.
Dist. of Col...	‡70	9	10	Washington.	Ohio.....	41,060	230	205	Columbus.
Florida.....	58,680	400	460	Tallahassee.	Oklahoma T..	§39,030	365	210	Guthrie.
Georgia.....	59,475	250	315	Atlanta.	Oregon.....	96,030	375	290	Salem.
Idaho.....	84,800	305	490	Boisé City.	Pennsylvania.	45,215	300	180	Harrisburg.
Illinois.....	56,650	205	380	Springfield.	Rhode-Island.	1,250	35	50	New. & Prov.
Indiana.....	36,350	160	265	Indianapolis.	S. Carolina...	30,570	235	215	Columbia.
Indian Terr. .	31,400	210	210	.....	S. Dakota....	77,650	380	245	Pierre.
Iowa.....	56,025	300	210	Des Moines.	Tennessee....	42,050	430	120	Nashville.
Kansas.....	82,080	400	200	Topeka.	Texas.....	265,780	760	620	Austin.
Kentucky....	40,400	350	175	Frankfort.	Utah Terr....	84,970	275	345	Salt Lake C.
Louisiana....	48,720	280	275	Baton Rouge.	Vermont.....	9,565	90	155	Montpelier.
Maine.....	33,040	205	235	Augusta.	Virginia.....	42,450	425	205	Richmond.
Maryland.....	12,210	200	120	Annapolis.	Washington..	69,180	340	230	Olympia.
Massachusetts	8,315	190	110	Boston.	W. Virginia..	24,780	200	225	Charleston.
Michigan.....	58,915	310	400	Lansing.	Wisconsin....	56,040	290	300	Madison.
Minnesota....	83,365	350	400	St. Paul.	Wyoming.....	97,890	365	275	Cheyenne.
Mississippi...	46,810	180	340	Jackson.					
Missouri.....	69,415	300	280	Jefferson City	Total U. S.	3602,990	‖2,720	‖1,600	
Montana.....	146,080	580	315	Helena.					

* Gross area includes water as well as land surface. For land surface only, see "Table of Population and Area of the United States by States and Counties." These areas are from the U. S. Census Report of 1890.

† Breadth is from east to west. Length is from north to south.

‡ The District of Columbia was originally 100 square miles, but 30 miles were receded to Virginia in 1846.

§ Including the Cherokee Country and No Man's Land.

‖ Breadth from Quoddy Head, in Maine, to Cape Flattery, in Washington; length from the 49th parallel to Brownsville on the Rio Grande. This is exclusive of Alaska.

The States and the Union.

THE THIRTEEN ORIGINAL STATES.

	States.	Ratified the Constitution.		States.	Ratified the Constitution.
1	Delaware.....	1787, December 7.	8	South-Carolina.....	1788, May 23.
2	Pennsylvania.....	1787, December 12.	9	New-Hampshire.....	1788, June 21.
3	New-Jersey.....	1787, December 18.	10	Virginia.....	1788, June 25.
4	Georgia.....	1788, January 2.	11	New-York.....	1788, July 26.
5	Connecticut.....	1788, January 9.	12	North-Carolina.....	1789, November 21.
6	Massachusetts.....	1788, February 6.	13	Rhode-Island.....	1790, May 29.
7	Maryland.....	1788, April 28.			

STATES ADMITTED TO THE UNION.

	States.	Admitted.		States.	Admitted.
1	Vermont.....	1791, March 4.	17	Wisconsin.....	1848, May 29.
2	Kentucky.....	1792, June 1.	18	California.....	1850, September 9.
3	Tennessee.....	1796, June 1.	19	Minnesota.....	1858, May 11.
4	Ohio.....	1802, November 29.	20	Oregon.....	1859, February 14.
5	Louisiana.....	1812, April 30.	21	Kansas.....	1861, January 29.
6	Indiana.....	1816, December 11.	22	West-Virginia.....	1863, June 19.
7	Mississippi.....	1817, December 10.	23	Nevada.....	1864, October 31.
8	Illinois.....	1818, December 3.	24	Nebraska.....	1867, March 1.
9	Alabama.....	1819, December 14.	25	Colorado.....	1876, August 1.
10	Maine.....	1820, March 15.	26	North-Dakota.....	1889, November 3.
11	Missouri.....	1821, August 10.	27	South-Dakota.....	1889, November 3.
12	Arkansas.....	1836, June 15.	28	Montana.....	1889, November 8.
13	Michigan.....	1837, January 26.	29	Washington.....	1889, November 11.
14	Florida.....	1845, March 3.	30	Idaho.....	1890, July 3.
15	Texas.....	1845, December 29.	31	Wyoming.....	1890, July 11.
16	Iowa.....	1846, December 28.			

The Territories.

Territories.	Organized.	Territories.	Organized.
New-Mexico.....	September 9, 1850.	District of Columbia.....	July 16, 1790.
Utah.....	September 9, 1850.		March 3, 1791.
Arizona.....	February 24, 1863.	Alaska.....	July 27, 1868.
Indian*.....	June 30, 1834.	Oklahoma.....	May 2, 1890.

* The Indian Territory has as yet no organized Territorial government.

State and Territorial Governments.

States and Territories.	Governors.				Legislatures.			Time of Next State or Territorial Election.*
	Names.	Salaries.	Length Term, Years	Terms Expire.	Next Session Begins.	Ann. or Bien.	Limit of Session.	
Alabama	*Thomas G. Jones*	$3,000	2	Dec. 1, 1892	Nov. 8, 1892	Bien.	50 days	Aug. 1, 1892
Alaska Territory	Lyman E. Knapp	3,000	4	Jan. 9. 1893	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arizona Terr.	John N. Irwin	2,600	4	Sept. 1, 1894	Feb. 13, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Arkansas	*James P. Eagle*	3,000	2	Jan. 15, 1893	Jan. 9, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Sept. 5, 1893
California	H. H. Markham	6,000	4	Jan. 4, 1895	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 6, 1894
Colorado	John L. Routt	5,000	2	Jan. 10, 1893	Jan. 10, 1893	Bien.	90 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Connecticut	Morgan G. Bulkeley	4,000	2	Jan. 5, 1893	Jan. 5, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Delaware	*Robert J. Reynolds*	2,000	4	Jan. 18, 1895	Jan. 1, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 6, 1894
Florida	*Frank P. Fleming*	3,500	4	Jan. 3, 1893	April 4, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Oct. 4, 1892
Georgia	*W. J. Northen*	3,000	2	Nov. 2, 1892	Nov. 2, 1892	Bien.	40 days	Oct. 5, 1892
Idaho	Norman B. Willey	3,000	2	Jan. 1, 1893	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Illinois	Joseph W. Fifer	6,000	4	Jan. 4, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Indiana	Ira J. Chase	5,000	4	Jan. 12, 1893	Jan. 5, 1893	Bien.	61 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Iowa	*Horace Boies*	3,000	2	Jan. 1, 1894	Jan. 13, 1892	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Kansas	Lyman U. Humphrey	3,000	2	Jan. 9, 1893	Jan. 10, 1893	Bien.	50 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Kentucky	*John Young Brown*	5,000	4	Jan. 1, 1896	Dec. 30, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 5, 1895
Louisiana	*Francis T. Nicholls*	4,000	4	May 16, 1892	May 9, 1892	Bien.	60 days	Apr. 19, 1892
Maine	Edwin C. Burleigh	2,000	2	Jan. 4, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	None.	Sep. 12, 1892
Maryland	*Frank Brown*	4,500	4	Jan. 8, 1896	Jan. 6, 1892	Bien.	90 days	Nov. 7, 1893
Massachusetts	*William E. Russell*	5,000	1	Jan. 4, 1893	Jan. 6, 1892	Ann.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Michigan	*Edwin B. Winans*	2,000	2	Jan. 1, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Minnesota	William R. Merriam	5,000	2	Jan. 2, 1893	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	90 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Mississippi	*John M. Stone*	4,000	4	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 5, 1892	Bien.	None.	Nov. 6, 1895
Missouri	*David R. Francis*	5,000	4	Jan. 9, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	70 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Montana	*Joseph K. Toole*	5,000	4	Jan. 2, 1893	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Nebraska	*James E. Boyd*	2,500	2	Jan. 5, 1893	Jan. 3, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Nevada	R. K. Colcord	5,000	4	Jan. 7, 1895	Jan. 16, 1893	Bien.	40 days	Nov. 6, 1894
New-Hampshire	Hiram A. Tuttle	2,000	2	Jan. 4, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
New-Jersey	*Leon Abbett*	10,000	3	Jan. 16, 1893	Jan. 12, 1892	Ann.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
New-Mexico Ter.	L. Bradford Prince	2,600	4	April 17, 1893	Dec. 26, 1892	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
New-York	*Roswell P. Flower*	10,000	3	Jan. 1, 1896	Jan. 5, 1892	Ann.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
North-Carolina	*Thomas M. Holt*	3,000	4	Jan. 1, 1893	Jan. 4, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
North-Dakota	Andrew H. Burke	3,000	2	Jan. 3, 1893	Jan. 3, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Ohio	William McKinley	8,000	2	Jan. 8, 1894	Jan. 4, 1892	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Oklahoma Terr.	Abraham J. Seay	2,600	4	May 15, 1894	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8 1892
Oregon	*Sylvester Pennoyer*	1,500	4	Jan. 13, 1895	Jan. 9, 1893	Bien.	40 days	June 4, 1894
Pennsylvania	*Robert E. Pattison*	10,000	4	Jan. 16, 1895	June 5, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Rhode-Island	Herbert W. Ladd	3,000	1	May 25, 1892	Jan. 19, 1892	Ann.	None.	April 7, 1892
South-Carolina	*Ben R. Tillman*	3,500	2	Dec. 8, 1892	Nov. 22, 1892	Ann.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
South-Dakota	A. C. Mellette	2,500	2	Jan. 1, 1893	Jan. 3, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Tennessee	*John P. Buchanan*	4,000	2	Jan. 15, 1893	Jan. 2, 1893	Bien.	75 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Texas	*James S. Hogg*	4,000	2	Jan. 9, 1893	Jan. 10, 1893	Bien.	90 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Utah Territory	Arthur L. Thomas	3,500	4	Dec. 30, 1893	Jan. 11, 1892	Bien.	60 days	.....
Vermont	Carroll S. Page	1,500	2	Oct. 3, 1892	Oct. 5, 1892	Bien.	None.	Sept. 6, 1892
Virginia	*Philip W. McKinney*	5,000	4	Dec. 31, 1893	Dec. 4, 1893	Bien.	90 days	Nov. 7, 1893
Washington	Elisha P. Ferry	4,000	4	Jan. 4, 1893	Jan. 9, 1893	Bien.	60 days	Nov. 8, 1892
West-Virginia	*A. B. Fleming*	2,700	4	Mar. 4, 1893	Jan. 11, 1893	Bien.	45 days	Nov. 8, 1892
Wisconsin	*George W. Peck*	5,000	2	Jan. 2, 1893	Jan. 11, 1893	Bien.	None.	Nov. 8, 1892
Wyoming	Amos W. Barber	2,500	4	Jan. 2, 1893	Jan. 10, 1893	Bien.	40 days	Nov. 6, 1894

Democratic Governors in *italics*, Republicans in Roman.
* The next Presidential election will occur Tuesday, November 8, 1892.

PAY AND TERMS OF MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

States and Territories.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Per Diem.	Terms of Members, Years.		States and Territories.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Per Diem.	Terms of Members, Years.		States and Territories.	Salaries of Members, Annual or Per Diem.	Terms of Members, Years.	
		Senators.	Representatives.			Senators.	Representatives.			Senators.	Representatives.
Alabama*	$4 per diem	4	2	Maine*	$150 ann.	2	2	Ohio	$600 ann.	2	2
Arizona	$4 "	2	2	Maryland	$5 per diem	4	2	Oklahoma	$4 per diem	2	2
Arkansas	$6 "	4	2	Mass.	$750 ann.	1	1	Oregon	$3 "	4	2
California	$8 "	4	2	Michigan	$3 per diem	2	2	Penn.	$1,500 ann.	4	2
Colorado	$7 "	4	2	Minnesota	$5 "	4	2	R'de-Is'nd	$1 per diem	1	1
Conn.*	$300 ann.	2	2	Miss.	$4 "	4	4	South-Car	$5 "	4	2
Delaware*	$3 per diem	4	2	Missouri	$5 per diem	4	2	South-Dak	$5 "	2	2
Florida	$6 "	4	2	Montana	$6 "	4	2	T'nnessee*	$ "	2	2
Georgia	$4 "	2	2	Nebraska	$5 "	2	2	Texas	$5 "	4	2
Idaho	$5 "	2	2	Nevada*	$8 "	4	2	Utah Terr.	$4 "	2	2
Illinois	$5 "	4	2	N.-Hamp*	$200 ann.	2	2	Vermont	$3 "	2	2
Indiana*	$6 "	4	2	New-J'sey	$500 "	3	1	Virginia	$360 ann.	4	2
Iowa	$500 ann.	4	2	New-Mex.	$4 per diem	2	2	Wash'ton	$5 per diem	4	2
Kansas	$3 per diem	4	2	N.-York*	$1,500 ann.	2	1	West-Va.	$4 "	4	2
Kent'cky*	$5 "	4	2	North-Car.	$4 per diem	2	2	Wisc'nsin	$250 ann.	4	2
Louisiana	$4 "	4	4	N.-Dak.*	$5 "	4	2	Wyoming	$5 per diem	4	2

* States starred pay mileage also with annual or per diem salaries.

Indebtedness of the States and Territories.

COMPILED FROM THE ELEVENTH UNITED STATES CENSUS.

States.	Total Debt Less Sinking Fund.		Bonded Debt.	Floating Debt.	Sinking Fund.	Debt Less Sinking Fund Per Capita.	
	1880.	1890.	1890.	1890.	1890.	1880.	1890.
Maine	$5,511,871	$3,470,908	$2,748,800	$722,108	.....	$8.49	$5.25
New-Hampshire	3,629,612	2,691,019	2,520,700	170,319	.....	10.46	7.15
Vermont	151,020	148,416	.....	148,416	.....	0.45	0.45
Massachusetts	20,785,206	7,267,349	28,251,288	32,000	$21,015,939	11.66	3.25
Rhode-Island	1,700,736	422,984	1,283,000	.....	860,016	6.15	1.22
Connecticut	4,967,600	3,740,200	3,740,200	.....	.....	7.98	5.01
New-York	7,659,222	2,308,229	6,652,160	122,694	4,466,625	1.51	0.38
New-Jersey	649,248	1,022,642	1,596,300	.....	573,658	0.57	0.71
Pennsylvania	13,392,495	4,090,792	13,339,971	517,000	9,766,179	6.13	0.78
Delaware	905,460	887,573	660,000	239,750	12,177	6.18	5.27
Maryland	11,118,866	8,434,368	10,370,537	.....	1,936,169	11.89	8.09
District of Columbia	21,688,323	19,781,050	19,781,050	.....	.....	122.10	85.86
Virginia	32,764,200	31,667,137	28,687,604	7,521,652	5,142,119	21.66	18.76
West-Virginia	127,511	184,511	135,511	49,000	.....	0.21	0.24
North-Carolina	15,422,045	7,703,100	7,703,100	.....	.....	11.02	4.76
South-Carolina	6,146,596	6,566,849	6,375,049	191,800	.....	6.17	5.70
Georgia	10,042,702	10,449,542	10,359,340	90,202	.....	6.51	5.69
Florida	1,352,243	1,032,500	1,032,500	.....	.....	5.02	2.64
Ohio	10,022,721	7,135,805	2,796,665	4,584,180	245,040	3.13	1.94
Indiana	4,998,178	8,540,615	8,540,615	.....	.....	2.53	3.90
Illinois	1,446,466	1,184,907	19,500	1,165,407	.....	0.47	0.31
Michigan	3,252,758	5,308,294	31,993	5,315,039	*38,738	1.99	2.54
Wisconsin	2,462,049	2,295,390	.....	2,295,390	.....	1.87	1.36
Minnesota	2,565,000	2,239,482	4,365,000	.....	2,125,518	3.29	1.72
Iowa	545,435	245,435	.....	245,435	.....	0.34	0.13
Missouri	19,509,000	11,759,832	8,533,000	3,680,000	453,168	9.00	4.39
North-Dakota	.....	689,807	689,807	.....	.....	.....	3.78
South-Dakota	.....	860,200	860,200	.....	.....	.....	2.62
Nebraska	439,799	253,879	449,267	.....	195,388	0.97	0.24
Kansas	1,015,500	1,119,791	801,000	318,791	.....	1.02	0.78
Kentucky	1,159,098	1,671,133	680,394	1,705,947	715,208	0.70	0.90
Tennessee	29,031,387	17,492,474	16,787,474	705,000	.....	18.82	9.90
Alabama	12,370,994	12,413,196	9,237,700	3,175,496	.....	9.80	8.20
Mississippi	3,324,084	3,503,008	902,437	2,600,571	.....	2.94	2.72
Louisiana	23,437,640	16,008,585	11,759,500	4,249,085	.....	24.93	14.31
Texas	5,577,593	4,317,514	4,237,730	79,784	.....	3.50	1.93
Arkansas	6,788,972	8,671,782	2,092,100	6,588,654	8,972	8.46	7.69
Montana	64,677	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.65	.....
Wyoming	17,000	320,000	320,000	.....	.....	0.82	5.27
Colorado	146,338	599,851	150,000	449,851	.....	0.75	1.46
New-Mexico	.....	870,961	720,000	150,961	.....	.....	5.67
Arizona	.....	757,158	633,000	124,158	.....	.....	12.70
Nevada	386,400	509,526	182,000	380,000	52,474	6.21	11.13
Idaho	88,381	240,128	157,715	105,572	23,159	2.71	2.85
Washington	.....	300,000	300,000	.....	.....	.....	0.86
Oregon	511,376	2,337	2,337	.....	.....	2.93	0.01
California	3,141,811	2,527,624	2,642,000	79,750	194,126	3.63	2.09
Total	$290,326,643	$223,107,883	$223,128,544	$47,804,012	$47,824,673	$5.79	$3.56

TABLE SHOWING THE AGGREGATE DEBT OF THE NATION, STATES AND COUNTIES.

Divisions.	Total Debt Less Sinking Fund.		Bonded Debt.	Floating Debt.	Sinking Fund.	Total Debt Less Sinking Fund Per Capita.	
	1880.	1890.	1890.	1890.	1890.	1880.	1890.
Total	$2,336,949,034	$1,281,020,840	$1,065,565,710	$268,543,707	$53,088,577	$46.59	$20.46
The United States	1,922,517,364	915,962,112	711,313,110	*204,649,002	.....	38.33	14.63
The Several States and Territories	290,326,643	223,107,883	223,128,544	47,804,012	47,824,673	5.79	3.56
Counties	124,105,027	141,950,845	131,124,056	16,090,693	5,263,904	2.47	2.27

* Less cash in treasury.

THE CARPET-BAG DEBTS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

The "carpet-bag" debts of the Southern States, under which some of them are still suffering, were created during the reconstruction period, when the South was at the mercy of adventurers from the North and the ranks of the negro population supported and protected by the Federal Government. These burdens on the helpless people aggregated in 1871 some $291,626,015, distributed among the reconstructed States as follows: Alabama, $52,761,917; Arkansas, $19,398,000; Florida, $15,797,587; Georgia, $42,560,500; Louisiana, $40,021,734; North-Carolina, $34,887,464; South-Carolina, $22,480,516; Texas, $14,930,000; Virginia, $47,090,866. It must be borne in mind that the debts of the Southern States contracted from 1861 to 1865 were repudiated by order of the Federal Government, so that the indebtedness above shown was due almost wholly to "carpet-bag" financiering.

The Federal Government.

President.....BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana, salary, $50,000
Vice-President.....LEVI P. MORTON, of New-York, " 8,000

THE CABINET.

Arranged in the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4, Acts of 49th Congress, 1st Session.*

Secretary of State—James G. Blaine, of Maine.
Secretary Treasury—Charles Foster, of O.
Secretary of War—Stephen B. Elkins, of W. Va.
Attorney-General—W. H. H. Miller, of Ind.
Postmaster-General—John Wanamaker, of Pa.
Secretary Navy—Benj. F. Tracy, of N. Y.
Secretary Interior—John W. Noble, of Mo.
Secretary Agriculture—Jere. M. Rusk, of Wis.

The salaries of the Cabinet officers are $8,000 each.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—W.F.Wharton,Mass. $4,500
Second Ass't Secretary—A. A. Adee, D. C. 3,500
Third Ass't Secretary—(Vacant)..... 3,500
Chief Clerk—Sevellon A. Brown.... 2,750
Ch. Diplomatic Bureau—T. W. Cridler... 2,100
Ch. Consular Bureau—F. O. St. Clair, Md. $2,100
Ch. Indexes & Archives—J.H.Haswell,N.Y. 2,100
Ch. Bureau Accounts—F. J. Kieckhoefer. 2,100
Ch. Bureau Rolls & Lib.—Fred. Bancroft. 2,100
Ch. Bureau Statistics—M. Scanlan, N. Y. 2,100

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—A. B. Nettleton..... $4,500
Assistant Sec.—Oliver L. Spaulding..... 4,500
Assistant Sec.—L. Crounse, Neb..... 4,500
Chief Clerk—F. A. Stocks..... 3,000
Ch. Appointment Div.—D. Macauley..... 2,750
Ch. Warrant Div.—W.F.McLennan, N.Y. 3,000
Ch. Pub. Moneys Div.—E. B. Daskam, Ct.. 2,500
Ch. Customs Div.—J. M. Comstock..... 2,750
Ch. Loans & Cur. Div.—A. T. Huntington.. 2,500
Ch. Stationery & Printing—A.L. Sturtevant 2,500
Ch. Mails & Files—John Nichols.. 2,500
Ch. Miscellaneous Div.—J. W. Thompson.. 2,500
Sup. Insp.-Gen. of Steamboats—J.A.Dumont 3,500
Director of Mint—Edward O. Leech, D. C. 4,500
Government Actuary—W. Fewsmith. 2,250
Ch. Bureau of Statistics—S. G. Brock, Mo. 3,000
Supt. Life-Saving Service—S. I. Kimball. 4,000
Ch'm. Lt. House Bd.—Com. J. A. Greer.... 5,000
Supervis. Surg.-Gen.—Walter Wyman, Mo. 4,000
Ch. Bur. Engraving—W. M. Meredith, Ill. 4,500
Supervising Architect—W. J. Edbrooke... 4,500
Sup. U. S. Coast Survey—T. C. Mendenhall 6,000
Com. of Navigation—William W. Bates... $3,600
First Comptroller—A. C. Matthews, Ill... 5,000
Second Comptroller—B. F. Gilkeson, Pa.. 5,000
Comp. of Customs—Sam'l V. Holliday, Pa. 4,000
Dep. Comp. Customs.—H. A. Lockwood... 2,250
First Auditor—Geo. P. Fisher, Del... ... 3,600
Second Auditor—J. N. Patterson, N. H... 3,600
Third Auditor—W. H. Hart, Ind..... 3,600
Fourth Auditor—John R. Lynch, Miss... 3,600
Fifth Auditor—L. W. Habercomb, D. C.. 3,600
Sixth Auditor—Thos. B. Coulter, O..... 3,600
Treasurer of U. S.—E. H. Nebeker, Ind... 6,000
Ass't Treasurer—J. W. Whelpley, N. Y.. 3,600
Register Treasury—W. S. Rosecrans, Cal. 4,000
Assistant Register—L. W. Reid, Va..... 2,250
Comp. of Currency—Ed. S. Lacey, Mich.. 5,000
Com. of Internal Rev.—John W. Mason.. 6,000
Dep. Com. Internal Rev.—G. W. Wilson.. 3,200
Solicitor Internal Rev.—Alphonso Hart... 4,500
Solicitor of Treasury—W. P. Hepburn, Ia. 4,500
Chief Secret Service—A. L. Drummond.... 3,500

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretary—Lewis A. Grant.....$4,500
Chief Clerk—John Tweedale, Pa..... 2,750
Disbursing Clerk—W. S. Yeatman, D. C.. 2,000
Inspector Records—Samuel Hodgkins..... 2,000
Adjutant-Gen.—B.-Gen. J. C. Kelton, Pa.. 5,500
Chief Clerk—R. P. Thian, N. Y..... 2,000
Insp.-Gen.—B.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge, Ky. $5,500
Chief Clerk—Warren H. Orcutt..... 2,000
Q'rmaster-Gen.—B.-Gen. R. W. Bachelder. 5,500
Chief Clerk—J. Z. Dare, D. C..... 2,000
Paymaster-Gen.—B.-Gen. William Smith. 5,500
Chief Clerk—G. D. Hanson, D. C..... 2,000

*The Department of Agriculture was made an executive department and the Secretary of Agriculture made a Cabinet officer, after the passage of the Succession act of the 49th Congress.

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT—*Continued.*

WAR DEPARTMENT—*Continued.*

Commis'y-Gen.—B.-Gen. B. DuBarry $5,500
Chief Clerk—W. A. De Caindry, Md..... 2,000
Surgeon-Gen.—B.-Gen. C. Sutherland, Pa. 5,500
Ass't Surg. Gen.—Maj. Jno. S. Billings, O.. 3,250
Ass't Surg. Gen.—Maj. C. R. Greenleaf, O.. 3,250
Ass't Surg. Gen.—Maj. C. Smart, N. Y.... 3,250
Chief Clerk—J. J. Beardsley..... 2,000
Judge Adv.-Gen.—Col. G. N. Lieber, N. Y. 5,500
Chief Clerk—J. N. Morrison, Mo..... 1,800
Ch. of Engineers—B.-Gen. T. L. Casey, R. I. $5,500
Chief Clerk—William J. Warren, N. Y.... 2,000
Officer Charge Pub. Bldg.—Col. O. H. Ernst. 4,500
Chief Clerk—E. F. Coucklin, N. Y. 2,100
Public Gardener—George H. Brown, D. C. 1,800
Chief Clerk—Otto O. Nesmith, Cal..... 1,800
Chief of Ordnance—B.-Gen. D. W. Flagler 5,500
Chief Clerk—John J. Cook, D. C..... 2,000

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Ass't Secretary—James R. Soley..... $4,500
Chief Clerk—John W. Hogg, Tenn..... 2,500
Judge Adv.-Gen.—Col. W. B. Remey, Ia.. 4,500
Registrar—W. P. Moran, Va.... 2,000
Chief Docks & Yds.—Com. N. H. Farquhar 5,000
Chief Ordnance—Com. W. M. Folger..... 5,000
Chief Prov. & Clothing—Edwin Stewart... 5,000
Chief Medicine.—Surg. J. M. Brown..... 5,000
Chief Equipment—Capt. Geo. Dewey 5,000
Chief Construction—T. D. Wilson, N. Y.. $5,000
Chief Navigation—Com. F. M. Ramsay.. 5,000
Engineer in Chief—G. W. Melville, Pa.... 5,000
Pay Director—Gilbert E. Thornton, Mass. 4,000
Sup. Naval Obs.—Capt. F. V. McNair..... 5,000
Supt. Nautical Alm.—Prof. S. Newcomb.. 3,500
Hydrographer—Lieut. R. Clover..... 3,000
Pres. Naval Ret'g Bd.—Com. W. P. McCann 5,000

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Clerk—W. B. Cooley, Pa..... ... $2,500
First Ass't P. M. G.—S. A. Whitfield, O... 4,000
Second Ass't P. M. G.—J. Lowrie Bell.... 4,000
Third Ass't P. M. G.—A. D. Hazen, Pa.. 4,000
Fourth Ass't P. M. G.—E. G. Rathbone, O. $4,000
Sup't Foreign M.—N. M. Brooks, Pa.... 3,000
Sup't Money-Order.—C. F. McDonald, Mass. 3,500

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

First Ass't Sec.—George Chandler, Kan... $4,500
Assistant Secretary—Cyrus Bussey, N. Y.. 4,000
Chief Clerk—Edward M. Dawson, Md ... 2,750
Commis. Land Office—T. H. Carter, Mont. 4,000
Ass't Commis.—William M. Stone, Ia.... 3,000
Commis. Pensions—Green B. Raum, Ill... 5,000
Com. Ind. Affairs—T. J. Morgan, R. I.... 4,000
Ass't Commis.—Robert V. Belt, Md..... .. 3,000
Com. Patents—William E. Simonds, Ct ... $5,000
Ass't. Commis.—N. L. Frothingham..... 3,000
Commis. Education—W. T. Harris, Mass.. 3,000
Commis. Railroads—H. A. Taylor, Wis.. 4,500
Commis. Labor—C. D. Wright, Mass..... 5,000
Supt. of Census—Robt. P. Porter, N. Y.... 6,000
Direc. Geol. Surv.—John W. Powell, Ill.. 6,000
Chief Clerk—H. C. Rizer..... 2,400

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Assistant Secretary—Edwin Willets, Mich. $4,500
Chief Clerk—S. S. Rookwood, Wis..... 2,500
Chief Weather Bureau—M. W. Harrington, Mich..... .....
Statistician—J. R. Dodge, O..... 2,500
Chief Forestry—B. E. Fernow, N. Y..... 2,000
Entomologist—C. V. Riley, Mo..... . $2,500
Chemist—Harvey W. Wiley, Ind..... 2,500
Ornithologist—C. H. Merriam, N. Y..... 2,500
Botanist—George Vasey, Ill.. 2,500
Pomologist—H. E. Van Deman, Kan..... 2,500
Microscopist—Thomas Taylor, Mass..... 2,500

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Attorney-General—W. H. H. Miller, Ind... $8,000
Solicitor-Gen.—Wm. H. Taft, Ohio.... 7,000
Ass't Atty.-Gen.—W. A. Maury, D. C. ... 5,000
Ass't Atty.-Gen.—John B. Cotton, Me.... 5,000
Ass't Atty.-Gen.—A. X. Parker, N. Y..... 5,000
Ass't Atty.-Gen.—George H. Shields, Mo.. 5,000
Ass't Atty.-Gen.—James N. Tyner, Ind.... 4,000
Ass't. Atty.-Gen.—S. W. Colby'..... .....
Solicitor State Dep.—F. C. Partridge $3,500
Chief Clerk—Cecil Clay, W. Va..... 2,450
Solicitor Treasury—W. B. Hepburn, Ia..... 4,500
Solicitor Internal Rev.—Alphonso Hart, O. 4,500
Law Clerk—A. J. Bentley, O..... 2,700
General Agent—Elijah C. Foster..... . 3,650
Appointment Clerk—Frank A. Branagan, O. 2,000
Att'y for Pardons—Charles F. Scott. 2,000

Civil Service Commis.—Chas. Lyman, Ct. $3,500
Civil Service Commis.—T. Roosevelt, N. Y. 3,500
Civil Service Commis.—H. S. Thompson, S. C 3,500
Examiner—W. H. Webster, Ct. 3,000
Secretary Civ. S.—John T. Doyle, N. Y... 2,000
Commis. of Labor—C. D. Wright, Mass... 5,000
Chief Clerk of Lab.—O. W. Weaver, Mass. $2,500
Government Printer—Frank W. Palmer, Ill. 4,500
Fish Commis.—Marshall McDonald..... none
Com. Immigration—W. D. Owen, Ind... 4,000
Librarian of Congress—A. R. Spofford, D. C. 4,000

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Commis.—Chairman, Jas. W. McDill, Ia.. $7,500
Commis.—William R. Morrison, Ill..... 7,000
Commis.—Augustus Schoonmaker, N. Y.. 7,000
Commis.—(Vacant)..... $7,000
Commis.—Wheelock G. Veazey, Vt..... 7,000
Secretary, Edward A. Moseley, Mass..... 3,500

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTE.

Presiding Officer, ex-officio.—Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States.

Chancellor.—Melville W. Fuller, Chief-Justice of the United States.

Secretary.—S. P. Langley, Pa. None.
Assistant Secretary.—G. B. Goode, Conn.. $4,000
Chief Clerk.—William J. Rhees, D. C.... $2,100

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT—*Continued.*

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Chief Justice of the United States—Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois, born 1833, appointed 1888.

		Born.	App.			Born.	App.
Asso. Justice—	Stephen J. Field, Cal.	1816	1863	*Asso. Justice*—	Sam. Blatchford, N.Y.	1820	1882
" "	*Joseph P. Bradley, N.J.	1813	1870	" "	L. Q. C. Lamar, Miss.	1825	1887
" "	John M. Harlan, Ky..	1833	1877	" "	David J. Brewer, Kan.	1837	1889
" "	Horace Gray, Mass...	1828	1881	" "	Henry B. Brown, Mich.	1836	1890

Reporter—J. C. Bancroft Davis, N. Y. *Clerk*—J. H. McKenney, D. C.
Marshal—John M. Wright, Ky.

* Died Jan. 22, 1892.

The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is $10,500; of the Associate Justices, $10,000 each; of the Reporter, $5,700; of the Marshal, $3,000; and of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, $6,000.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

The President had nominated but the Senate had not confirmed when THE WORLD ALMANAC went to press, six of the nine new circuit judges, each one of whom, with the present judge of the circuit to which the new judge is appointed and a justice of the Supreme Court, will constitute a Circuit Court of Appeals for certain cases. The appointments were: First Circuit, William L. Putnam, Maine; Second, Nathaniel Shipman, Connecticut; Third, George M. Dallas, Pennsylvania; Fourth, Nathan Goff, Jr., West-Virginia; Sixth, William H. Taft, Ohio; Seventh, William A. Woods, Indiana. The salaries are $6,000 each.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CIRCUIT JUDGES.

Circuit.		Salary.	Circuit.		Salary.
1.	Le Barron B. Colt, R. I.	$6,000	5.	Don A. Pardee, La.	$6,000
2.	William J. Wallace, N. Y.	6,000	6.	Howell E. Jackson, Tenn.	6,000
2.	E. Henry Lacombe, N. Y.	6,000	7.	Walter Q. Gresham, Ind.	6,000
3.	Marcus W. Acheson, Pa.	6,000	8.	Henry C. Caldwell, Ark.	6,000
4.	Hugh L. Bond, Md.	6,000	9.	Vacancy	6,000

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—William A. Richardson, of Massachusetts, $4,500.

Associate Judge—	Charles C. Nott, N. Y.	$4,500	*Associate Judge*—		$4,500
" "	Lawrence Weldon, Ill.	4,500	" "	John Davis, D. C.	4,500

Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Mass., $3,000.

UNITED STATES COURT OF PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS.

Chief Justice—Joseph R. Reed, Iowa. *Justices*—Wilber F. Stone, Colorado; Henry C. Sluss, Kansas; Thomas C. Fuller, North-Carolina; William W. Murray, Tennessee.

DISTRICT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Districts.	Judges.	Residence	Salaries.
Ala.: N. & Middle D.			
	John Bruce	Montgomery	$3,500
" S. D.	H. T. Toulmin	Mobile	3,500
Ark.: E. D.	Jno A. Williams	Pine Bluff	3,500
" W. D.	Isaac C. Parker	Fort Smith	3,500
Cal.: N. D.	Wm. W. Morrow	San Francisco	5,000
" S. D.	E. M. Ross	Los Angeles	4,000
Colorado	Moses Hallett	Denver	3,500
Conn.	N. Shipman	Hartford	3,500
Delaware	L. E. Wales	Wilmington	3,500
Fla.: N. D.	Charles Swayne	Jacksonville	3,500
" S. D.	Jas. W. Locke	Key West	3,500
Ga.: N. D.	Wm. T. Newman	Atlanta	3,500
" S. D.	Emory Speer	Savannah	3,500
Idaho	James H. Beatty	Hailey	3,500
Ill.: N. D.	H. W. Blodgett	Chicago	4,000
" S. D.	Wm. J. Allen	Springfield	3,500
Indiana	Wm. A. Woods	Indianapolis	3,500
Iowa: N. D.	Oliver P. Shiras	Dubuque	3,500
" S. D.	John S. Woolson	Keokuk	3,500
Kansas	C. G. Foster	Topeka	3,500
Kentucky	John W. Barr	Louisville	3,500
La.: E. D.	E. C. Billings	New-Orleans	4,500
" W. D.	Aleck Boarman	Shreveport	3,500
Maine	Nathan Webb	Portland	3,500
Maryland	Thos. J. Morris	Baltimore	4,000
Mass	Thos. L. Nelson	Worcester	4,000
Mich.: E. D.	Henry H. Swan		3,500
" W. D.	H. F. Severens	Grand Rapids	3,500
Minnesota	R. R. Nelson	St. Paul	3,500
Mississippi	Henry C. Niles	Jackson	3,500
Montana	Hiram Knowles	Helena	3,500
Mo.: E. D.	Amos M. Thayer	St. Louis	3,500
Mo.: W. D.	John F. Philips	Kansas City	$3,500
Nebraska	E. S. Dundy	Falls City	3,500
Nevada	Thos. P. Hawley	Carson City	3,500
N. H.	Edgar Aldrich	Littleton	3,500
New-Jersey	Edward T. Green	Trenton	4,000
N. Y.: N. D.	Alfred C. Coxe	Utica	4,000
" S. D.	Addison Brown	N. Y. City	4,000
" E. D.	C. L. Benedict	Brooklyn	4,000
N. C.: E. D.	A. S. Seymour	New-Berne	3,500
" W. D.	Robert P. Dick	Greensboro	3,500
N. Dakota	Alfred D. Thomas	Fargo	3,500
Ohio: N. D.	A. J. Ricks	Cleveland	3,500
" S. D.	George R. Sage	Cincinnati	4,000
Oregon	M. P. Deady	Portland	3,500
Pa.: E. D.	William Butler	Philadelphia	4,000
" W. D.	James H. Reed	Pittsburgh	4,000
Rhode-I.	G. M. Carpenter	Providence	3,500
S. Car.	C. H. Simonton	Charleston	3,500
S. Dakota	A. J. Edgerton	Sioux Falls	3,500
Tennessee:			
E. & M. D.	David M. Key	Chattanooga	3,500
W. D.	E. S. Hammond	Memphis	3,500
Tex.: E. D.	David E. Bryant	Sherman	3,500
" W. D.	Thos. S. Maxey	Austin	3,500
" N. D.	A. P. McCormick	Graham	3,500
Vermont	H. H. Wheeler	Jamaica	3,500
Va.: E. D.	R. W. Hughes	Norfolk	3,500
" W. D.	John Paul	Harrisonburg	3,500
Washingt'n C.	H. Hanford	Seattle, Wash.	3,500
West-Va.	J. J. Jackson	Parkersburg	3,500
Wis.: E. D.	Jas. G. Jenkins	Milwaukee	3,500
" W. D.	Romanzo Bunn	Madison	3,500
Wyoming	John A. Riner	Cheyenne	3,500

THE ARMY.

GENERALS.

Rank.	*Name.*	*Commands.*	*Headquarters.*
Major-General,	John M. Schofield,	United States Army,	Washington, D. C.
"	Oliver O. Howard,	Department of the East,	Governor's Island, N. Y.
"	Nelson A. Miles,	Department of the Missouri,	Chicago, Ill.
Brigadier-General,	Thomas H. Ruger,	Department of California.	San Francisco, Cal.
"	Wesley Merritt,	Department of Dakota,	St. Paul, Minn.
"	David S. Stanley,	Department of Texas,	San Antonio, Tex.
"	John R. Brooke,	Department of the Platte,	Omaha, Neb.
"	A. McD. McCook,	Department of Arizona,	Los Angeles, Cal.
"	A. V. Kautz,	Department of the Columbia,	Vancouver Bar'ks, Wash.
Brigadier-General,	John C. Kelton,	Adjutant-General,	Washington, D. C.
"	Richard N. Bachelder,	Quartermaster-General,	Washington, D. C.
"	William Smith,	Paymaster-General,	Washington, D. C.
"	Beekman Du Barry,	Commissary-General,	Washington, D. C.
"	C. Sutherland,	Surgeon-General,	Washington, D. C.
"	Adolphus W. Greely,	Chief Signal Officer,	Washington, D. C.
"	Thomas L. Casey,	Chief of Engineers,	Washington, D. C.
"	Jos. C. Breckinridge,	Inspector-General,	Washington, D. C.
Colonel,	Guido N. Lieber,	Acting Judge Advocate-Gen.,	Washington, D. C.

GENERALS ON THE RETIRED LIST.

Name.	*Rank.*	*Residence.*
Augur, C. C.	Brig.-Gen.	Washington, D. C.
Baird, Absalom	"	Washington, D. C.
Benét, S. V.	"	Washington, D. C.
Brice, B. W.	"	Washington, D. C.
Brown, N. W.	"	Washington, D. C.
Carroll, S. S.	Maj.-Gen.	Washington, D. C.
Cooke, P. St. G.	Brig.-Gen.	Detroit, Mich.
Crawford, S. W.	"	New-York City.
Drum, R. C.	"	Bethesda, Md.
Duane, James C.	"	New-York City.
Fessenden, F.	"	Portland, Me.
Gibbon, John	"	Washington, D. C.
Grierson, B H.	"	Jacksonville, Ill.
Hammond, W. A.	"	Washington, D. C.
Hardin, M. D.	"	Chicago, Ill.
Holabird, S. B.	"	Philadelphia, Pa.
Holt, Joseph	"	Washington, D. C.
Ingalls, Rufus	"	Portland, Ore.
Johnson, R. W.	Brig.-Gen.	St. Paul, Minn.
Long, Eli	"	Keuka Coll., N. Y.
Macfeely, R.	"	Washington, D. C.
Moore, John	"	Washington, D. C.
Murray, Robert	"	New-York City.
Newton, John	"	New-York City.
Pope, John	Maj.-Gen.	St. Louis, Mo.
Potter, J. H.	Brig.-Gen.	Columbus, O.
Robinson, J. C.	Maj.-Gen.	Binghamton, N. Y.
Rochester, W. B.	Brig.-Gen.	Washington, D. C.
Rosecrans, W. S.	"	Washington, D. C.
Rucker, D. H.	"	Washington, D. C.
Sickles, Daniel E.	Maj.-Gen.	New-York City.
Sweeny, T. W.	Brig. Gen.	Astoria, N. Y.
Townsend, E. D.	"	Washington, D. C.
Willcox, O. B.	"	Washington, D. C.
Wood, T J	"	Dayton, O.
Wright, H. G	"	Washington, D. C.

The following are the dates of future retirements of generals now on the active list, to the close of 1895: Brigadier-General Kautz, January 5, 1891; Brigadier-General Stanley, June 1, 1892; Adjutant-General Kelton, June 24, 1892; Commissary Du Barry, December 4, 1892; Major-General Crook, September 8, 1893; Major-General Howard, November 8, 1894; Chief of Engineers Casey, May 10, 1895; Major-General Schofield, September 29, 1895.

ORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY.

The army of the United States, in 1890, consisted of the following forces, in officers and men:

	Officers.	*Enlisted Men.*	*Aggregate.*
Ten cavalry regiments	432	6,050	6,482
Five artillery regiments	282	3,675	3,957
Twenty-five infantry regiments	877	12,125	13,002
Engineer Battalion, recruiting parties, ordnance department, hospital service. Indian scouts, West Point, Signal detachment, and general service	579	3,370	3,949
Total	2,170	25,220	27,390

The United States are divided into eight military departments, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.—New England States, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West-Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio and the District of Columbia.

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURI.—Michigan, Wisconsin, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—California (excepting that portion south of the 35th parallel) and Nevada.

DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA.—Minnesota, South-Dakota (excepting so much as lies south of the 44th parallel), North-Dakota, Montana and the post of Fort Yellowstone, Wyo.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS.—State of Texas.

DEPARTMENT OF THE PLATTE.—Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming (excepting the post of Fort Yellowstone, Wyo.), Utah, so much of Idaho as lies east of a line formed by the extension of the western boundary of Utah to the northeastern boundary of Idaho, and so much of South-Dakota as lies south of the 44th parallel.

DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA.—Arizona and New-Mexico, and California south of the 35th parallel.

DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA.—Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Alaska, excepting so much of Idaho as is embraced in the Department of the Platte.

THE ARMY—*Continued.*

DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY.

First Cavalry, Col. A. K. Arnold (Headquarters, Fort Custer, Mont.), Montana, Kansas, North-Dakota, Virginia.

Second Cavalry, Col. G. G. Huntt (Headquarters, Fort Wingate, N. M.), Arizona, Kansas, New-Mexico.

Third Cavalry, Col. A. P. Morrow (Headquarters, Fort McIntosh, Tex.), Texas, South-Dakota.

Fourth Cavalry, Col. C. E. Compton (Headquarters, Fort Walla Walla, Wash.), Washington, Idado, California.

Fifth Cavalry, Col. J. F. Wade (Headquarters, Fort Reno, Oklahoma), Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Kansas.

Sixth Cavalry, Col. E. A. Carr (Headquarters, Fort Niobrara, Neb.), Nebraska, Wyoming.

Seventh Cavalry, Col. J. W. Forsyth (Headquarters, Fort Riley, Kan.), Oklahoma Territory, Kansas.

Eighth Cavalry, Col. J. S. Brisbin (Headquarters, Fort Meade, S. Dak.), Montana, North and South-Dakota, Virginia.

Ninth Cavalry, Col. James Biddle (Headquarters, Fort Robinson, Neb.), Nebraska, Utah, Kansas, Virginia.

Tenth Cavalry, Col. J. K. Mizner (Headquarters, Fort Grant, Ariz.), Arizona, New-Mexico.

First Artillery, Col. L. L. Langdon (Headquarters, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.), Virginia, New-York, Illinois.

Second Artillery, Col. John Mendenhall (Headquarters, Fort Adams, R. I.), Kansas, Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, Maine, Virginia, New-York, Connecticut.

Third Artillery, Col. L. L. Livingston (Headquarters, Washington, D. C.), District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, Texas.

Fourth Artillery, Col. H. W. Closson (Headquarters, Fort McPherson, Ga.), Rhode-Island, Kansas, Virginia, Georgia, Louisiana, Florida.

Fifth Artillery, Col. W. W. Graham (Headquarters, Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.), Virginia, California, Washington.

First Infantry, Col. W. R. Shafter (Headquarters, Angel Island, Cal.), California.

Second Infantry, Col. Frank Wheaton (Headquarters, Fort Omaha, Neb.), Nebraska.

Third Infantry, Col. E. C. Mason (Headquarters, Fort Snelling, Minn.), South-Dakota, Minnesota.

Fourth Infantry, Col. William P. Carlin (Headquarters, Fort Sherman, Ida.), Washington, Idaho.

Fifth Infantry, Col. N. W. Osborne (Headquarters, St. Francis' Barracks, Fla.), Texas, Louisiana, Florida, Alabama, Kansas.

Sixth Infantry, Col. M. A. Cochran (Headquarters, Fort Thomas, Ky.), Kentucky, New-York.

Seventh Infantry, Col. H. C. Merriam (Headquarters, Fort Logan, Col.), Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas, Oklahoma.

Eighth Infantry, Col. J. J. Van Horne (Headquarters, Fort McKinney, Wyo.), Nebraska, Wyoming.

Ninth Infantry, Col. Charles G. Bartlett (Headquarters, Madison Barracks, N. Y.), Arizona, New-York.

Tenth Infantry, Col. E. P. Pearson (Headquarters, Fort Marcy, N. M.), New-Mexico, California, Arizona, Kansas, Oklahoma.

Eleventh Infantry, Col. J. D. DeRussey (Headquarters, Fort Huachuca, Ariz.), New-York, Arizona.

Twelfth Infantry, Col. E. F. Townsend (Headquarters, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.), North and South-Dakota, Kansas, Alabama.

Thirteenth Infantry, Col. M. Bryant (Headquarters, Fort Supply, Indian Terr.), Indian Terr., Oklahoma Terr.

Fourteenth Infantry, Col. T. M. Anderson (Headquarters, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.), Washington.

Fifteenth Infantry, Col. R. E. A. Crofton (Headquarters, Fort Sheridan, Ill.), Illinois.

Sixteenth Infantry, Col. M. M. Blunt (Headquarters, Fort Douglass, Utah), Utah.

Seventeenth Infantry, Col. J. S. Poland (Headquarters, Fort D. A. Russell, Wy.), Wyoming.

Eighteenth Infantry, Col. H. M. Lazelle (Headquarters, Fort Clarke, Tex.), Texas.

Nineteenth Infantry, Col. W. H. Jordan (Headquarters, Fort Wayne, Mich.), Michigan.

Twentieth Infantry, Col. E. S. Otis (Headquarters, Fort Assiniboine, Mont.), Montana.

Twenty-first Infantry, Col. H. Jewett (Headquarters, Ft. Sidney, Neb.), Utah, Nebraska, South-Dakota.

Twenty-second Infantry, Col. P. T. Swaine (Headquarters, Fort Keogh, Mont.), North-Dakota, Montana.

Twenty-third Infantry, Col. J. J. Coppinger (Headquarters, Fort Sam Houston, Tex.), Texas.

Twenty-fourth Infantry, Col. Z. R. Bliss (Headquarters, Fort Bayard, N. M.), Arizona, New-Mexico.

Twenty-fifth Infantry, Col. George L. Andrews (Headquarters, Fort Missoula, Mont.), Montana, North-Dakota.

Battalion of Engineers, Lieut.-Col. W. R. King, Headquarters, Willet's Point, N. Y.

ARMY PAY TABLE.

Grade.	Pay of Officers in Active Service. Yearly Pay.					Pay of Retired Officers. Yearly Pay.				
	First 5 years' service.	After 5 years' service.	After 10 years' service.	After 15 years' service.	After 20 years' service.	First 5 years' service	After 5 years' service.	After 10 years' service.	After 15 years' service.	After 20 years' service.
		10 *p.c.*	20 *p.c.*	30 *p.c.*	40 *p.c.*					
Major-General	$7,500	.....	.....	.....	.....	$5,625	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brigadier-General	5,500	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,125	.....	.....	.....	.....
Colonel	3,500	$3,850	$4,200	*$4,500	*$4500	2,625	$2,887	$3,150	$3,375	$3,375
Lieutenant-Colonel	3,000	3,300	3,600	3,900	*4,000	2,250	2,475	2,700	2,925	3,000
Major	2,500	2,750	3,000	3,250	3,500	1,875	2,062	2,250	2,437	2,625
Captain, mounted	2,000	2 200	2,400	2,600	2,800	1,500	1,650	1,800	1,950	2,100
Captain, not mounted	1,800	1,980	2,160	2,340	2,520	1,350	1,485	1,620	1,755	1,890
Regimental Adjutant	1,800	1 980	2,160	2,340	2,520	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Regimental Quartermaster	1,800	1,980	2,160	2,340	2,520	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1st Lieutenant, mounted	1,600	1,760	1,920	2,080	2,240	1,200	1,320	1,440	1,560	1,680
1st Lieutenant, not mounted	1,500	1,650	1,800	1,950	2,100	1,125	1,237	1,350	1,462	1,575
2d Lieutenant, mounted	1,500	1,650	1,800	1,950	2,100	1,125	1,237	1,350	1,462	1,575
2d Lieutenant, not mounted	1 400	1,540	1,680	1,820	1,960	1,050	1,155	1,260	1,365	1,470
Chaplain	1,500	1,650	1,800	1,950	2,100	1,350	1,485	1,620	1,755	1,890

* The maximum pay of colonels is limited to $4,500, and of lieutenant-colonels to $4,000.

THE NAVY.

ADMIRALS.

ACTIVE LIST.

Rank.	*Name.*	*Present Duty.*	*Residence.*
Rear-Admiral	Lewis A. Kimberly	President Board Inspection and Survey	West Newton, Mass.
"	Bancroft Gherardi	Commanding North Atlantic Station	F. Ship Philadelphia.
"	George E. Belknap	Commanding Asiatic Station	Flag Ship Marion.
"	David B Harmony	Commanding Asiatic Station	Flag Ship Lancaster.
"	A. E. B. Benham	Waiting orders	Brooklyn, N. Y.
"	John Irwin	Commandant Navy Yard	Marc Island, Cal.

RETIRED LIST.

Rank.	*Name.*	*Residence.*	*Rank.*	*Name.*	*Residence.*
Rear-Ad.	Thomas O. Selfridge	Washington, D.C.	Rear-Ad.	John C. Febiger	Washington, D.C.
"	Samuel Phillips Lee	Washington, D.C.	"	Pierce Crosby	Washington, D.C.
"	Melancthon Smith	S.Oyster Bay, N.Y.	"	Aaron K. Hughes	Washington, D.C.
"	Joseph F. Green	Brookline, Mass.	"	Edmund R. Calhoun	Washington, D.C.
"	Henry Walke	Brooklyn, N. Y.	"	Robert W. Shufeldt	Washington, D.C.
"	Thornton A. Jenkins	Washington, D.C.	"	Alexander C. Rhind	New-York
"	Augustus L. Case	Washington, D.C.	"	William G. Temple	Washington, D.C.
"	John L. Worden	Washington, D.C.	"	Thomas S. Phelps	Washington, D.C.
"	John J. Almy	Washington, D.C.	"	Earl English	Culpeper, Va.
"	Roger N. Stemble	Washington, D.C.	"	John H. Upshur	Washington, D.C.
"	John C. Howell	Washington, D.C.	"	Francis A. Roe	Washington, D.C.
"	Daniel Ammen	Ammendale, Md.	"	Samuel R. Franklin	Washington, D.C.
"	George B. Balch	Baltimore, Md.	"	Edward Y. McCauley	Philadelphia, Pa.
"	Thomas H. Stevens	Washington, D.C.	"	John H. Russell	Washington, D.C.
"	John M. B. Clitz	Brooklyn, N. Y.	"	Walter W. Queen	Washington, D.C.
"	Andrew Bryson	Washington, D.C.	"	Daniel L. Braine	Brooklyn, N. Y.
"	Donald McN. Fairfax	Hagerstown, Md.			

COMMODORES.

ACTIVE LIST.

Rank.	*Name.*	*Present Duty.*	*Residence.*
Commodore	James A. Greer	Chairman Light House Board	Washington, D. C.
"	Aaron W. Weaver	Commandant Navy Yard	Norfolk, Va.
"	Wm. P. McCann	President Examining & Retiring Boards	Washington, D. C.
"	James H. Gillis	Waiting Orders	Nutley, N. J.
"	*George Brown	Commanding Pacific Station	F. S. San Francisco.
"	*John G. Walker	Commanding South Atlantic Station	Flag Ship Chicago.
"	Francis M. Ramsay	Chief Bureau Navigation	Washington, D. C.
"	Joseph S. Skerrett	Commandant Navy Yard	Washington, D. C.
"	Joseph Fyffe	Commandant Naval Station	New London, Ct.
"	Oscar F. Stanton	Governor Naval Home	Philadelphia.

* Acting Rear Admiral.

RETIRED LIST.

Rank.	*Name.*	*Residence.*	*Rank.*	*Name.*	*Residence.*
Com.	Henry Bruce	Boston, Mass.	Com.	Somerville Nicholson	Washington, D.C.
"	Samuel Lockwood	Roxbury, Mass.	"	Wm. D. Whiting.	Brooklyn, N. Y.
"	Louis C. Sartori	Philadelphia, Pa.	"	Oscar C. Badger.	Washington, D.C.
"	Albert G. Clary	Leave of Absence.	"	Wm. K. Mayo.	Washington, D.C.
"	Wm. E. Hopkins	Fresno City, Cal.			

MARINE CORPS.

The United States Marine Corps consists of a force of 2,000 men. Colonel Charles Hayward is commandant.

NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

The Naval Retiring Board is composed of Commodore W. P. McCann, President; Medical Directors W. C. Dean and Michael Bradley, and Commanders S. W. Terry and Henry Glass.

NAVY YARDS.

1. Brooklyn Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
2. Charlestown Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.
3. Gosport Navy Yard, near Norfolk, Va.
4. Kittery Navy Yard, opposite Portsmouth, N.H.
5. League Island Navy Yard, 7 miles below Philadelphia, Pa.
6. Mare Island Navy Yard, near San Francisco, Cal.
7. New-London Naval Station, New-London, Ct.
8. Pensacola Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla.
9. Washington City Navy Yard, Washington, D. C.
10. Norfolk Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

There are naval stations at New-London, Ct., Port Royal, S. C., and Key West, Fla., and a torpedo station and naval war college at Newport, R. I.

THE NAVY—*Continued.*

THE NEW UNITED STATES NAVY.

Vessels.	Condition.	Material.	Displacement, Tons.	Speed, Knots.	Horse-Power.	Armament.
ARMORED VESSELS.						
Miantonomah	Built	Iron	3,815	10.5	1,600	4 10 in., 2 R F, 4 M G.
New-York	Building	Steel	8,150	20	16,500	6 8 in., 12 4 in. R F, 8 6 in. R F, 4 1 pdr., 4 M G.
Monterey	Built	"	4,000	16	5,400	2 12 in., 2 10 in., 6 6 pdrs., 4 3 pdrs., 2 R F, 2 M G.
Massachusetts	Building	"	10,298	16.2	9,000	4 13 in., 8 8 in., 4 6 in., 28 R F and M G.
Oregon	"	"	10,298	16.2	9,000	4 13 in., 8 8 in., 4 6 in., 28 R F and M G.
Texas	Built	"	6,300	17	8,600	2 12 in., 46 tons B L R, 6 6 in., 8 R F, 4 millimetres.
Maine	"	"	6,648	17	9,000	40 10 in., 26 tons B L R, 6 6 in., 8 R F, 17 millimetres.
Puritan	"	"	6,060	13	3,700	4 12 in., 25 tons B L R, 4 R F, 4 millimetres.
Amphitrite	"	"	3,815	12	1,600	4 10 in., 25 tons B L R, 2 R F, 4 millimetres.
Monadnock	"	"	3,815	12	1,600	4 10 in., 25 tons B L R, 2 R F, 4 millimetres.
Terror	"	"	3,815	12	1,600	4 10 in., 25 tons B L R, 2 R F, 4 millimetres.
Cruising Monitor	Building	"	3,130	17	7,500	2 10 in., 1 6 in., 6 R F, 1 15 in. Dynamite.
Pirate	"	"	3,150	20	16,500	6 8 in., 12 4 in. B L R, 16 R F G.
Ajax	Built	Iron	2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Comanche	"	"	1,875	6	340	None.
Canonicus	"	"	2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Catskill	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Jason	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Lehigh	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Mahopac	"	"	2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Manhattan	"	"	2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Montauk	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Nahant	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Nantucket	"	"	1,875	7	340	2 15 in. S B.
Passaic	"	"	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Wyandotte	"	"	2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Harbor Defence Ram	Building	Steel	2,050	17	4,800	Not yet settled.
UNARMORED VESSELS.						
Chicago	Built	"	4,500	14	5,084	4 8 in., 8 6 in., 2 5 in. B L R, 12 R F.
Boston	"	"	3,189	15.6	4,030	2 8 in., 6 6 in. B L R, 12 R F.
Atlanta	"	"	3,189	15.6	4,030	Same as Boston.
Dolphin	"	"	1,485	15.5	2,240	1 6 in. B L R, 8 R F.
Newark	"	"	4,083	18	8,500	12 6 in. B L R, 16 R F.
Charleston	"	"	3,730	18	7,520	2 8 in., 6 6 in. B L R, 4 R F, 4 M G.
Baltimore	"	"	4,600	19.5	10,064	4 8 in., 6 6 in. B L R, 14 R F.
San Francisco	"	"	4,083	20.7	10,400	12 6 in. B L R, 17 R F.
Philadelphia	"	"	4,324	19.6	8,815	Same as San Francisco.
Cruiser No. 6	Building	"	5,500	20	13,500	4 8 in., 10 5 in. B L R, 24 R F.
" " 7	"	"	3,185	19	10,000	1 6 in., 10 4 in. B L R, 14 R F.
Raleigh	"	"	3,893	19	10,000	1 6 in., 10 4 in. B L R, 14 R F.
Mobile	"	"	2,000	17	5,400	2 6 in., 8 4 in. B L R, 10 R. F.
Detroit	"	"	2,000	17	5,400	Same as Mobile.
Cruiser No. 11	"	"	2,000	17	5,400	Same as Mobile.
" " 12	"	"	7,400	21	21,000	1 8 in., 2 6 in., 12 4 in. B L R, 28 R F.
GUN-BOATS.						
Yorktown	Built	"	1,700	16.6	3,660	6 6 in. B L R, 9 R F.
Concord	"	"	1,700	16	3,400	6 6 in. B L R, 4 R F, 5 M G.
Bennington	"	"	1,700	16	3,400	6 6 in., 4 R F, 5 M G.
Petrel	"	"	890	11.5	1,045	4 6 in. B L R, 7 R F.
No. 5	Building	"	1,050	14	1,600	8 4 in. B L R, 8 R F.
" 6	"	"	1,050	14	1,600	Same as No. 5.
SPECIAL CLASS.						
Practice Cruiser	Building	"	838	13	1,300	4 4 in. B L R, 7 R F.
Vesuvius	Built	"	725	21.5	3,795	3 15 in. Dynamite, 3 R F.
Dynamite Cruiser	Building	"	....	....	....	Not settled.
No. 2	"	"	....	....	....	Not settled.
Torpedo Cruiser	"	"	....	....	....	Not settled.
Stiletto*	Built	Wood	31	18	359	None.
Cushing*	"	Steel	116	22.5	1,720	3 1 pdr. R F.
No. 2*	Building	"	....	....	....	Not settled.

* Torpedo boats. R F, Rapid Fire Gun. B L R, Breach-loading Rifle. M G, Machine Gun.

THE OLD NAVY.

In addition to the above, the Navy possesses 59 iron and wooden sailing and steam vessels, tugs, school-ships, etc. Of these, 30 are in commission.

United States Military Academy at West Point.

EACH Congressional District and Territory—also the District of Columbia—is entitled to have one cadet at the Academy, the cadet to be named by the Representative in Congress. There are also ten appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the United States. The number of students is thus limited to three hundred and forty-seven. At present there are two extra cadets at the Academy, who were authorized by Congress to enter it at their own expense. One is from Switzerland and the other from Central America.

Appointments are usually made one year in advance of date of admission, and may be made either after competitive examination or given direct, at the option of the Representative. The Representative may nominate a legally qualified second candidate, to be designated the alternate. The alternate will receive from the War Department a letter of appointment, and will be examined with the regular appointee, and if duly qualified will be admitted to the Academy in the event of the failure of the principal to pass the prescribed preliminary examinations. Appointees to the Military Academy must be between seventeen and twenty-two years of age, free from any infirmity which may render them unfit for military service, and able to pass a careful examination in reading, writing, orthography, arithmetic, grammar, geography, and history of the United States.

The course of instruction, which is quite thorough, requires four years, and is largely mathematical and professional. The principal subjects taught are mathematics, French, drawing, tactics of all arms of the service, natural and experimental philosophy, chemistry, mineralogy, geology, and electricity, history, international, constitutional, and military law, Spanish, and civil and military engineering, and science of war. About one fourth of those appointed usually fail to pass the preliminary examination, and but little over one half the remainder finally graduate. The discipline is very strict—even more so than in the army—and the enforcement of penalties for offences is inflexible rather than severe. Academic duties begin September 1 and continue until June 1. Examinations are held in each January and June, and cadets found proficient in studies and correct in conduct are given the particular standing in their class to which their merits entitle them, while those cadets deficient in either conduct or studies are discharged.

From about the middle of June to the end of August cadets live in camp, engaged only in military duties and receiving practical military instruction. Cadets are allowed but one leave of absence during the four years' course, and this is granted at the expiration of the first two years. The pay of a cadet is five hundred and forty dollars per year, and, with proper economy, is sufficient for his support. The number of students at the Academy is usually about three hundred.

Upon graduating cadets are commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States Army. The whole number of graduates from 1802 to 1891 has been three thousand four hundred and forty-nine (3449). It is virtually absolutely necessary for a person seeking an appointment to apply to his Member of Congress. The appointments by the President are usually restricted to sons of officers of the army.

The Academy was established by act of Congress in 1802. An annual Board of Visitors is appointed, seven being appointed by the President of the United States, two by the President of the Senate, and three by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. They visit the Academy in June, and are present at the concluding exercises of the graduating class of that year. The Superintendent is Colonel John M. Wilson, of the Corps of Engineers, and the military and academic staff consists of sixty persons. Second Lieutenant John M. Carson, Jr., Fifth Cavalry, is adjutant.

The two oldest living graduates of the Military Academy are William C. Young, of New-York, who graduated in 1822, and General George S. Greene, of New-Jersey, who graduated in 1823.

United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

THERE are allowed at the Academy one naval cadet for each member or delegate of the United States House of Representatives, one for the District of Columbia, and ten at large. The appointment of cadets at large and for the District of Columbia is made by the President. The Secretary of the Navy, as soon after March 5 in each year as possible, must notify in writing each member and delegate of the House of Representatives of any vacancy that may exist in his district. The nomination of a candidate to fill the vacancy is made on the recommendation of the member or delegate, by the Secretary. Candidates must be actual residents of the districts from which they are nominated.

The course of naval cadets is six years, the last two of which are spent at sea. Candidates at the time of their examination for admission must be not under fifteen nor over twenty years of age and physically sound, well formed, and of robust condition. They enter the Academy immediately after passing the prescribed examinations, and are required to sign articles binding themselves to serve in the United States Navy eight years (including the time of probation at the Naval Academy), unless sooner discharged. The pay of a naval cadet is five hundred dollars a year, beginning at the date of admission.

Appointments to fill all vacancies that occur during a year in the lower grades of the Line and Engineer Corps of the Navy and of the Marine Corps are made from the naval cadets, graduates of the year, at the conclusion of their six years' course, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board of the Naval Academy. At least ten appointments from such graduates are made each year. Surplus graduates who do not receive such appointments are given a certificate of graduation, an honorable discharge, and one year's sea pay.

The Academy was founded in 1845 by the Hon. George Bancroft, Secretary of the Navy in the administration of President Polk. It was formally opened October 10 of that year, with Commander Franklin Buchanan as Superintendent. During the Civil War it was removed from Annapolis, Md., to Newport, R.I., but was returned to the former place in 1865. It is under the direct supervision of the Navy Department. Captain Robert L. Phythian, U. S. N., is the present Superintendent.

Generals Commanding the United States Army.

	From	To		From	To		From	To
George Washington*.....	1775	1783	James Wilkinson‡	1800	1812	Henry W. Halleck*.....	1862	1864
Henry Knox*.....	1783	1784	Henry Dearborn*.....	1812	1815	Ulysses S. Grant†.....	1864	1869
Josiah Harmer.....	1788	1791	Jacob Brown*.....	1815	1828	William T. Sherman†....	1869	1883
Arthur St. Clair*	1791	1796	Alexander Macomb*..	1828	1841	Philip H. Sheridan†.....	1883	1888
James Wilkinson *.....	1796	1798	Winfield Scott*.....	1841	1861	John M. Schofield*	1888	....
George Washington†.....	1798	1799	George B. McClellan*.	1861	1862			

* Rank of Major-General. † General. ‡ Brigadier-General. Josiah Harmer was a Lieutenant-Colonel and General-in-Chief by brevet.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Country.	*Name and State.*	*Salary.*
Argentine Rep.	John R. G. Pitkin, La.	$10,000
Austria-Hungary	Frederick D. Grant, N. Y.	12,000
Belgium	Edwin H. Terrell, Tex.	7,500
Bolivia	Thomas H. Anderson, O.	5,000
Brazil	Edwin H. Conger, Ia.	12,000
Guatemala	Romualdo Pacheco, Cal.*	10,000
Chile	Patrick Egan, Neb.	10,000
China	Charles Denby, Ind.	12,000
Colombia	John T. Abbott, N. H.	10,000
Denmark	Clark E. Carr, Ill.	7,500
France	Whitelaw Reid, N. Y.	17,500
Germany	Wm. Walter Phelps, N. J.	17,500
Great Britain	Robert T. Lincoln, Ill.	17,500
Greece	A. London Snowden, Pa.†	6,500
Hawaii	John L. Stevens, Me.	7,500
Italy	Albert G. Porter, Ind.	$12,000
Japan	Vacant	12,000
Mexico	Thomas Ryan, Kan.	17,500
Netherlands	Samuel R. Thayer, Minn.	7,500
Nicaragua	Richard D. Shannon, N. Y.‡	10,000
Paraguay and Uruguay	George Maney, Tenn.	7,500
Peru	John Hicks, Wis.	10,000
Russia	Charles Emory Smith, Pa.	17,500
Spain	E. Burd Grubb, N. J.	12,000
Sweden and Norway	W. W. Thomas, Jr., Me.	7,500
Switzerland	John D. Washburn, Mass.	5,000
Turkey	Solomon Hirsch, Ore.	10,000
Venezuela	William L. Scruggs, Ga.	7,500

MINISTERS RESIDENT AND CONSULS-GENERAL.

Corea	Augustine Heard, Mass.	$7,500
Hayti	John S. Durham, Pa.§	5,000
Liberia	Vacant	5,000
Persia	Truxton Beale, Cal.	$5,000
Portugal	George S. Batcheller, N. Y.	5,000
Siam	Sempronius H. Boyd, Mo.	5,000

CONSULS-GENERALS.

Cities.		
Apia	Harold M. Sewall, Me.	$3,000
Berlin	William H. Edwards, O.	4,000
Calcutta	Samuel Merrill, Ind.	5,000
Cairo	John A. Anderson, Kan.	5,000
Constantinople	Zachary T. Sweeney, Ind.	3,000
Frankfort	Frank H. Mason, O.	3,000
Halifax	Wakefield G. Frye, Me.	3,500
Havana	Ramon O. Williams, N. Y.	6,000
Honolulu	Henry W. Severance, Cal.	4,000
Kanagawa	W. D. Tillotson, Wash.	4,000
London	John C. New, Ind.	6,000
Melbourne	Geo. H. Wallace, Mo.	4,500
Mexico City	Robert Guenther, Wis.	$4,000
Montreal	Charles L. Knapp, N. Y.	4,000
Ottawa	Richard G. Lay, D. C.	3,000
Panama	Thomas Adamson, Pa.	4,000
Paris	Adam E. King, Md.	6,000
Rio de Janeiro	Oliver H. Dockery, N. C.	6,000
Rome	Augustus O. Bourn, R. I.	3,000
Shanghai	Joseph A. Leonard, Minn.	5,000
St. Petersburg	John M. Crawford, O.	3,000
Tangier	Felix A. Matthews, Cal.	2,000
Vienna	Julius Goldschmidt, Wis.	3,500

SECRETARIES OF LEGATION.

Countries.		
Argentine Rep.	Geo. W. Fishback, Mo.	$1,500
Austria	John J. Chew, D. C.	1,800
Brazil	J. Fenner Lee, Md.	1,800
China	Howard Martin, N. Y.	2,625
Colombia	Jeremiah Coughlin, N. Y.	2,000
France	Henri Vignaud, La.	2,625
France	Aug. Jay (2d sec.), N. Y.	2,000
Germany	Chapman Coleman, Ky.	2,625
Germany	J. B. Jackson (2d sec.), N. J.	$2,000
Great Britain	Henry White, Md.	$2,625
Great Britain	Larz Anderson (2d sec.), O.	2,000
Italy	H. R. Whitehouse, N. Y.	1,800
Japan	Edwin Dun, O.	2,625
Mexico	C. A. Dougherty, Pa.	1,800
Russia	George W. Wurtz, Pa.	2,625
Spain	H. R. Newberry, Mich.	1,800
Turkey	Francis MacNutt, D. C.	1,800

CONSULS AT PRINCIPAL CITIES.

Cities.		
Algiers	Charles T. Grellet, Cal.	$1,000
Amsterdam	Theodore M. Schleier, Tenn.	1,500
Antwerp	John H. Steuart, Pa.	3,000
Athens	Irving J. Manatt, Neb.	2,500
Aukland	John D. Connolly, Cal.	1,500
Bahia	William O. Thomas, Tenn.	1,500
Barbadoes	Edward A. Dimmick, Mass.	1,500
Barcelona	Herbert W. Bowen, N. Y.	1,500
Bermuda	Vacant	1,500
Birmingham	John Jarrett, Pa.	2,800
Bordeaux	Horace G. Knowles, Del.	3,000
Bremen	Hugo M. Starkloff, Mo.	2,500
Breslau	Joseph E. Hayden, D. C.	1,500
Brussels	George W. Roosevelt, Pa.	2,500
Buenos Ayres	Edward L. Baker, Ill.	2,500
Cadiz	Robert W. Turner, Kan.	1,500
Callao	A. J. Daugherty, Ill.	3,500
Canton	Charles Seymour, Wis.	3,500
Cape Town	George F. Hollis, Mass.	1,500
Colon	Vacant	3,000
Copenhagen	Henry B. Ryder, N. Y.	1,500
Cork	John J. Piatt, O.	2,000
Dresden	Aulick Palmer, D. C.	2,500
Dublin	Alexander J. Reid, Wis.	2,000
Fayal	Samuel W. Dabney, Mass.	1,500
Florence	James V. Long, Pa.	1,500
Geneva	R. J. Hemmick, Pa.	1,500
Genoa	James Fletcher, Iowa	1,500
Glasgow	Levi W. Brown, O.	3,000
Hamburg	Charles F. Johnson, O.	2,500
Havre	Oscar F. Williams, N. Y.	3,500
Hong Kong	Oliver H. Simons, Col.	5,000
Jerusalem	Selah Merrill, Mass.	2,000
Kingston, Jam	William R. Estes, Minn.	3,000
Leeds	Francis H. Wigfall, Md.	2,000
Leghorn	William T. Rice, Mass.	1,500
Leipsic	Henry W. Diederich, Ind.	$2,000
Liverpool	Thomas H. Sherman, D. C.	6,000
Lyons	Ed. B. Fairfield, Mich.	2,500
Malaga	Thomas M. Newson, Minn.	1,500
Malta	John Worthington, N. Y.	1,500
Manchester	William F. Grinnell, N. Y.	3,000
Manila	Alex. R. Webb, Mo.	2,000
Marseilles	Charles B. Trail, Md.	2,500
Matanzas	Vacant	3,000
Messina	William Brush, S. Dak.	1,500
Milan	George W. Pepper, O.	1,500
Montevideo	Frank D. Hill, Minn.	3,000
Munich	Frederick W. Catlin, N. Y.	1,500
Nangaski	W. H. Abercombie, N. J.	3,000
Naples	John S. Twells, Pa.	1,500
Nice	William H. Bradley, Ill.	1,500
Odessa	Thomas E. Heenan, Minn.	2,000
Pernambuco	Edwin Stevens, Pa.	2,000
Prague	William A. Rublee, Wis.	3,000
Quebec	Francis M. Ryder, Conn.	1,500
Rotterdam	Walter E. Gardner, Wis.	2,000
Sheffield	Benjamin Folsom, N. Y.	2,500
Singapore	R. Wildman, Idaho	3,000
Southampton	Jasper P. Bradley, W. Va.	1,500
St. John, N. B.	Mason D. Sampson, Kan.	2,000
St. Thomas	Samuel B. Horne, Conn.	2,500
Stockholm	Charles W. Erdman, Ky.	1,500
Stuttgart	Louis Gottschalk, Cal.	2,000
Sydney	G. W. Griffin, Ky.	2,000
Toronto	Charles R. Pope, Mo.	2,000
Trieste	James F. Hartigan, D. C.	2,000
Valparaiso	William B. McCreery, Mich.	3,000
Venice	Henry A. Johnson, D. C.	1,000
Vera Cruz	W. W. Apperson, Kan.	3,000
Winnipeg	James W. Taylor, Minn.	1,500
Zurich	George L. Catlin, N. J.	2,000

* Also accredited to Honduras.
† Also accredited to Roumania and Servia.
‡ Also accredited to Costa Rica and Salvador.
§ Also chargé d'affaires to Santo Domingo.

FOREIGN LEGATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Country.	*Representatives.*	*Rank.*
Argentine Republic	Señor Don Vicente G. Quesada	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Don Roque C. Carranza	Secretary of Legation.
Austria-Hungary	Chevalier Schmit von Tavera	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Chevalier von Mezey	Chancellor.
Belgium	Mr. Alfred le Ghait	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Count Gaston d'Arschot	Counsellor of Legation.
"	Baron Raoul de Vrière	Second Secretary of Legation.
Brazil	Senhor Salvador da Mendonca	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Senhor Alfredo da M. G. Ferreira	Second Secretary of Legation.
Chile	Señor Don Pedro Montt	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Anibal Cruz	First Secretary of Legation.
China	Mr. Tsui Kwo Yin	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Mr. Pung Kwang Yu	First Secretary of Legation.
"	Mr. Wang Hung Ting	Secretary.
Colombia	Señor Don José Marcelino Hurtado	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Don Julio Rengifo	Secretary of Legation.
Corea	Mr. Pak Chung Yang	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Mr. Ye Cha Yan	Secretary of Legation.
Costa Rica	Señor Don Joaquin Barnardo Calvo	Chargé d'Affaires (ad in.).
Denmark	Count de Sponneck	Minister Resident and Con.-Gen.
France	M. Patenotre	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	M. Paul Desprez	First Secretary.
"	M. Charles Edouard Watin	Third Secretary.
"	M. Jules Boeufvé	Chancellor.
"	M. le Commandant Lottin	Military Attaché.
German Empire	Mr. A. Mumm von Schwarzenstein	Chargé d'Affaires (ad in.).
"	Mr. P. W. Büddecke	Chancellor of Legation.
"	Mr. von Mutzenbecher	Attaché.
Great Britain	Sir Julian Pauncefort, G.C.M G., K.C.B	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	The Hon. Henry G. Edwardes	Secretary of Legation.
"	The Hon. Michael H. Herbert	Second Secretary of Legation.
"	The Hon. Alan Johnstone	Second Secretary of Legation.
"	Mr. Cecil A. Spring Rice	Second Secretary of Legation.
"	Mr. Edward Fraser	Third Secretary of Legation.
"	Captain William H. May, R.N	Naval Attaché.
"	Captain Gerald C. Langley, R.N	Naval Attaché.
Guatemala	Señor Don Antonio Batres	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
Hawaii	Dr. J. Mott Smith	Chargé d'Affaires (ad in.).
Hayti	M. Hannibal Price	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
Italy	Baron de Fava	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Marquis Imperiali di Francavilla	Chargé d'Affaires (ad in.).
Japan	Mr. Gozo Tateno	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Mr. Durham White Stevens	Counsellor of Legation.
"	Mr. Shiro Akabane	Counsellor of Legation.
"	Mr. K. Nakayama	Chancellor.
Mexico	Señor Don Matias Romero	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Don Cayetano Romero	First Secretary of Legation.
"	Señor Don Miguel Covarrubias	Second Secretary.
"	Señor Don Enrique Santibañez	Second Secretary.
Netherlands	Mr. G. de Weckherlin	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
Nicaragua	Señor Don Horacio Guzman	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Don Roman Mayorga	Secretary of Legation.
Peru	Señor Don Pedro A. del Solar	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Dr. Don José Maria Yrigoyen	Secretary of Legation.
"	Señor Don Manuel Elguera	Attaché.
Portugal	Senhor Thomas de Souza Roza	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
Russia	Mr. Charles de Struve	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Mr. Alexandre Greger	First Secretary of Legation.
Spain	Señor Don Miguel Suarez Guanes	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Señor Don A. G. del Compillo	Second Secretary.
"	Señor Don José F. Sagrario	Chargé d'Affaires (ad in.).
Sweden and Norway	Mr. J. A. W. Grip	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Baron H. J. Beck-Friis	Secretary of Legation.
Switzerland	M. Alfred de Claparéde	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Dr. Charles Tavel	Secretary of Legation.
Turkey	Mavroyeni Bey	Envoy Extra. and Min. Plenip.
"	Mgrditch Effendi Norighian	First Secretary of Legation.
Venezuela	Señor Don Nicanor Bolet-Peraza	Chargé d'Affaires.
"	Señor Don Leopoldo Terrero	Secretary of Legation.
"	Señor N. Bolet-Monagas	Second Secretary.

The legations have their offices in Washington, D. C.

The Fifty-Second Congress.

BEGAN MARCH 4, 1891, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1893.

SENATE.

President.....Levi P. Morton, of New-York.
President pro tem.....Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska.
Secretary.....Anson G. McCook, of New-York.

TERMS EXPIRE.	Senators.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	ALABAMA.					
1895....	John T. Morgan*.....	Democrat...	Selma.....	Tennessee	1824	Lawyer.
1897....	James L. Pugh*.	Democrat...	Eufaula.....	Georgia.....	1820	Lawyer.
	ARKANSAS.					
1895....	James H. Berry*.....	Democrat...	Bentonville....	Alabama.....	1841	Lawyer.
1897....	James K. Jones*.....	Democrat...	Washington ...	Mississippi.....	1839	Lawyer.
	CALIFORNIA.					
1893....	Charles N. Felton.....	Republican.	Menlo Park....	New-York	....	Lawyer.
1897....	Leland Stanford.....	Republican.	San Francisco..	New-York.....	1824	Capitalist.
	COLORADO.					
1895....	Edward O. Wolcott†....	Republican.	Denver	Massachusetts.	1848	Lawyer.
1897....	Henry M. Teller.....	Republican.	Central City...	New-York.....	1830	Lawyer.
	CONNECTICUT.					
1893....	Joseph R. Hawley†.....	Republican.	Hartford.....	North-Carolina	1826	Journalist.
1897....	Orville H. Platt.....	Republican.	Meriden	Connecticut....	1827	Lawyer.
	DELAWARE.					
1893....	George Gray.....	Democrat...	Wilmington ...	Delaware.....	1840	Lawyer.
1895....	Anthony Higgins.....	Republican.	Wilmington ...	Delaware.....	1846	Lawyer.
	FLORIDA.					
1893....	Samuel Pasco*	Democrat...	Monticello.....	England.	....	Lawyer.
1897....	Wilkinson Call‡.....	Democrat...	Jacksonville ...	Kentucky	1834	Lawyer.
	GEORGIA.					
1895....	Alfred H. Colquitt*.....	Democrat...	Atlanta.....	Georgia.....	1824	Lawyer.
1897....	John B. Gordon*.....	Democrat...	Atlanta.....	Georgia.....	1832	Lawyer.
	IDAHO.					
1895....	George L. Shoup†.....	Republican.	Boisé City.....	Pennsylvania..	1836	Miner and Stock Raiser.
1897....	Frederick T. Dubois§....	Republican.	Blackfoot.....	Illinois.....	1851	Public Official.
	ILLINOIS.					
1895....	Shelby M. Cullom.....	Republican.	Springfield....	Kentucky.....	1829	Lawyer.
1897....	John M. Palmer†.....	Democrat...	Springfield. ...	Kentucky.....	1817	Lawyer.
	INDIANA.					
1893....	David Turpie.....	Democrat...	Indianapolis...	Ohio	1827	Lawyer.
1897....	Daniel W. Voorhees	Democrat...	Terre Haute...	Ohio.....	1827	Lawyer.
	IOWA.					
1895....	James F. Wilson.....	Republican.	Fairfield.....	Ohio.....	1828	Lawyer.
1897....	William B. Allison.....	Republican.	Dubuque	Ohio.....	1829	Lawyer.
	KANSAS.					
1895....	Bishop W. Perkins.....	Republican.	Oswego.....	.....	....	Lawyer.
1897....	William A. Peffer†.....	Farmer's Al.	Topeka.....	Pennsylvania..	1831	Journalist.
	KENTUCKY.					
1895....	John G. Carlisle.....	Democrat...	Covington	Kentucky.....	1835	Lawyer.
1897....	Joseph C. S. Blackburn*	Democrat...	Versailles.....	Kentucky.....	1838	Lawyer.
	LOUISIANA.					
1895....	Randall L. Gibson*	Democrat...	New-Orleans...	Kentucky.....	1832	Lawyer and Planter.
1897....	Edward D. White*.....	Democrat...	New-Orleans...	Louisiana.....	1845	Lawyer.
	MAINE.					
1893....	Eugene Hale	Republican.	Ellsworth.....	Maine.....	1836	Lawyer.
1895....	William P. Frye.....	Republican.	Lewiston	Maine.....	1831	Lawyer.
	MARYLAND.					
1893....	Arthur P. Gorman.....	Democrat...	Laurel.....	Maryland.....	1839	Capitalist.
1897....	Charles H. Gibson.....	Democrat...	Easton.....	Maryland.....	1842	Lawyer.

SENATE—*Continued.*

Terms Expire.	Senators.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	MASSACHUSETTS.					
1893....	Henry L. Dawes.....	Republican.	Pittsfield.....	Massachusetts.	1816	Lawyer.
1895....	George F. Hoar.....	Republican.	Worcester.....	Massachusetts.	1826	Lawyer.
	MICHIGAN.					
1893....	Francis B. Stockbridge..	Republican.	Kalamazoo.....	Maine.....	1826	Lumberman.
1895....	James McMillan.....	Republican.	Detroit	Canada	1838	Car Builder.
	MINNESOTA.					
1893....	Cushman K. Davis†.....	Republican.	St. Paul	New-York.....	1838	Lawyer.
1895....	William D. Washburn..	Republican.	Minneapolis ...	Maine.....	1831	Manufacturer
	MISSISSIPPI.					
1893....	James Z. George*.....	Democrat...	Carrollton	Georgia.....	1826	Lawyer.
1895....	Edward C. Walthall*....	Democrat...	Grenada	Virginia.....	1831	Lawyer.
	MISSOURI.					
1893....	Francis M. Cockrell.....	Democrat...	Warrensburg ..	Missouri.....	1834	Lawyer.
1897....	George G. Vest	Democrat...	Kansas City ...	Kentucky.....	1830	Lawyer.
	MONTANA.					
1893....	Wilbur F. Sanders†.....	Republican.	Helena.....	New-York.....	1834	Lawyer.
1895....	Thomas C. Power.....	Republican.	Helena.....	Iowa	1839	Capitalist.
	NEBRASKA.					
1893....	Algernon S. Paddock....	Republican.	Beatrice	New-York.....	1830	Lawyer.
1895....	Charles F. Manderson†..	Republican.	Omaha.....	Pennsylvania..	1837	Lawyer.
	NEVADA.					
1893....	William M. Stewart.....	Republican.	Virginia City..	New-York.....	1827	Lawyer.
1897....	John P. Jones	Republican.	Gold Hill.....	England	1830	Miner.
	NEW-HAMPSHIRE.					
1895....	William E. Chandler	Republican.	Concord.....	N.-Hampshire.	1835	Lawyer.
1897....	Jacob H. Gallinger.....	Republican.	Concord	Canada	1857	Physician.
	NEW-JERSEY.					
1893. ..	Rufus Blodgett.....	Democrat...	Long Branch..	N.-Hampshire.	1834	Railroad Employé.
1895 ...	John R. McPherson.....	Democrat...	Jersey City....	New-York.....	1833	Public Official.
	NEW-YORK.					
1893....	Frank Hiscock.....	Republican.	Syracuse.....	New-York.....	1834	Lawyer.
1897....	David B. Hill.....	Democrat...	Elmira.....	New-York.....	1843	Lawyer.
	NORTH-CAROLINA.					
1895....	Matt. W. Ransom*.....	Democrat...	Weldon.....	North-Carolina	1826	Lawyer and Planter.
1897....	Zebulon B. Vance*.....	Democrat...	Charlotte	North-Carolina	1830	Lawyer.
	NORTH-DAKOTA.					
1893....	Lyman R. Casey.....	Republican.	Jamestown....	New-York.....	1837	Real Estate.
1897....	Henry C. Hansborough..	Republican.	Devil's Lake...	Illinois	1848	Journalist.
	OHIO.					
1893....	John Sherman.....	Republican.	Mansfield.....	Ohio	1823	Lawyer.
1897....	Calvin S. Brice†.....	Democrat...	Lima	Ohio.....	1845	Lawyer.
	OREGON.					
1895....	Joseph N. Dolph.....	Republican.	Portland.....	New-York.....	1835	Lawyer.
1897....	John H. Mitchell.....	Republican.	Portland.....	Pennsylvania..	1835	Lawyer.
	PENNSYLVANIA.					
1893....	Matthew S. Quay†.....	Republican.	Beaver.....	Pennsylvania..	1833	Lawyer.
1897....	J. Donald Cameron.....	Republican.	Harrisburg.....	Pennsylvania..	1833	Banker.
	RHODE-ISLAND.					
1893....	Nelson W. Aldrich.....	Republican.	Providence	Rhode-Island..	1841	Merchant.
1895....	Nathan F. Dixon.....	Republican.	Westerly	Rhode-Island..	1847	Lawyer.
	SOUTH-CAROLINA.					
1895 ...	Matthew C. Butler*.....	Democrat...	Edgefield	South-Carolina	1836	Lawyer.
1897....	John L. M. Irby.....	Democrat...	Laurens	South-Carolina	1854	Planter.
	SOUTH-DAKOTA.					
1895....	Richard F. Pettigrew...	Republican.	Sioux Falls....	Vermont.....	1848	Lawyer.
1897....	James H. Kyle..	Farmer's Al.	Aberdeen... ..	Ohio.....	1854	Clergyman
	TENNESSEE.					
1893....	William B. Bate*.....	Democrat.	Nashville.....	Tennessee.....	....	Lawyer.
1895....	Isham G. Harris*.....	Democrat...	Memphis	Tennessee.....	....	Lawyer.

SENATE—*Continued.*

Terms Expire.	Senators.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	TEXAS					
1893....	Horace Chilton....	Democrat...	Tyler.....	Texas.....	1853	Lawyer.
1895....	Richard Coke*.....	Democrat...	Waco.....	Virginia	1829	Lawyer.
	VERMONT.					
1893....	Redfield Proctor†.....	Republican.	Proctor.....	Vermont.....	1831	Marble Quarryman.
1897....	Justin S. Morrill.....	Republican.	Strafford.....	Vermont.....	1810	Merchant.
	VIRGINIA.					
1893....	John W. Daniel*.....	Democrat...	Lynchburg	Virginia.....	1842	Lawyer.
1895....	John S. Barbour.....	Democrat...	Alexandria	Virginia.....	1820	Railroad President.
	WASHINGTON.					
1893....	John B. Allen†.....	Republican.	Walla Walla...	Indiana.....	1845	Lawyer.
1897....	Watson C. Squire†.....	Republican.	Seattle.....	New-York.....	1838	Manufacturer
	WEST-VIRGINIA.					
1893....	Charles J. Faulkner*....	Democrat...	Martinsburg...	West-Virginia.	1847	Lawyer.
1895....	John E. Kenna*.....	Democrat...	Charleston.....	West-Virginia.	1848	Lawyer.
	WISCONSIN.					
1893....	Philetus Sawyer.....	Republican.	Oshkosh	Vermont.....	1816	Lumberman.
1897....	William F. Vilas†.....	Democrat...	Madison.....	Vermont.....	1840	Lawyer.
	WYOMING.					
1893....	Francis E. Warren†.....	Republican.	Cheyenne.....	Massachusetts.	1844	Capitalist.
1895....	Joseph M. Carey.....	Republican.	Cheyenne.....	Delaware.....	1845	Lawyer.

Republicans, 47. Democrats, 39. Farmers' Alliance, 2.

* Served in the Confederate army during the civil war. † Served in the United States army during the civil war. ‡ Seat contested by R. H. M. Davidson, Dem. § Seat contested by W. H. Claggett, Dem.

VOCATIONS.—Lawyers, 61; capitalists, 4; journalists, 3; lumbermen, 2; railroad officials, 2; manufacturers, 2; merchants, 2; miner, 1; miner and stock raiser, 1; car builder, 1; physician, 1; clergyman, 1; real estate dealer, 1; banker, 1; planter, 1; marble quarryman, 1; public official, 1.

OTHER OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.—Chaplain, Rev. J. G. Butler; Sergeant-at-Arms, Edward K. Valentine; Postmaster, Stanley Plummer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Speaker.....CHARLES F. CRISP, of Georgia.
Clerk.....JAMES KERR, of Pennsylvania.

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post Office Address	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	ALABAMA.					
1	Richard H. Clarke*.....	Democrat...	Mobile.....	Alabama.....	1843	Lawyer.
2	Hilary A. Herbert*.....	Democrat...	Montgomery.....	South-Carolina	1834	Lawyer.
3	William C. Oates*.....	Democrat...	Abbeville.....	Alabama.....	1835	Lawyer.
4	Louis W. Turpin.....	Democrat...	Newbern.....	Virginia.....	1849	Planter.
5	James E. Cobb*.....	Democrat...	Tuskegee.....	Georgia.....	1835	Lawyer.
6	John H. Bankhead*.....	Democrat...	Fayette C. H.....	Alabama.....	1842	Planter.
7	William H. Forney*.....	Democrat...	Jacksonville.....	North-Carolina	1823	Lawyer.
8	Joseph Wheeler*.....	Democrat...	Wheeler.....	Georgia.....	1836	Planter.
	ARKANSAS.					
1	William H. Cate.....	Democrat...	Jonesborough.....	Tennessee.....	1839	Lawyer
2	Clifton R. Breckinridge*...	Democrat...	Pine Bluff.....	Kentucky.....	1846	Planter.
3	Thomas C. McRae.....	Democrat...	Prescott.....	Arkansas.....	1851	Lawyer.
4	William L. Terry.....	Democrat...	Little Rock.....	North-Carolina	1850	Lawyer.
5	Samuel W. Peel*.....	Democrat...	Bentonville.....	Arkansas.....	1832	Lawyer.
	CALIFORNIA.					
1	Thomas J. Geary.....	Democrat...	Santa Rosa.....	Massachusetts.	1854	Lawyer.
2	Anthony Caminetti.....	Democrat...	Jackson.....	California.....	1854	Law. & Fruit Grower.
3	Joseph McKenna.....	Republican.	Suisun.....	Pennsylvania..	1843	Lawyer.
4	John T. Cutting†.	Republican.	San Francisco.....	New-York.....	1844	Merchant.
5	Eugene F. Loud†.....	Republican.	San Francisco.....	Massachusetts.	1847	Public Official.
6	William W. Bowers†.....	Republican.	San Diego.....	New-York.....	1834	Hotel Proprietor.
	COLORADO.					
1	Hosea Townsend†.....	Republican..	Silver Cliff.....	Ohio.....	1840	Lawyer.
	CONNECTICUT.					
1	Lewis Sperry.....	Democrat...	Hartford.....	Connecticut...	1848	Lawyer.
2	Washington F. Willcox....	Democrat...	Deep River.....	Connecticut....	....	Lawyer.
3	Charles A. Russell.....	Republican.	Killingly.....	Massachusetts.	1852	Wool Merchant.
4	Robert E. DeForest.....	Democrat...	Bridgeport.....	Connecticut....	1845	Lawyer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	Delaware.					
1	John W. Causey	Democrat	Milford	Delaware	1841	Farmer&Fruit Grower.
	Florida.					
1	Stephen R. Mallory	Democrat	Pensacola	South-Carolina	1848	Lawyer.
2	Robert Bullock*	Democrat	Ocala	North-Carolina	1828	Lawyer.
	Georgia.					
1	Rufus E. Lester*	Democrat	Savannah	Georgia	1837	Lawyer.
2	Henry G. Turner	Democrat	Quitman	North-Carolina	1839	.....
3	Charles F. Crisp*	Democrat	Americus	England	1845	Lawyer.
4	Charles L. Moses	Democrat	Turin	Georgia	1856	Farmer.
5	Leonidas F. Livingston	Democrat	King	Georgia	1832	Farmer.
6	James H. Blount	Democrat	Macon	Georgia	1837	.....
7	R. William Everett	Democrat	Fish	Georgia	1839	Farmer.
8	Thomas G. Lawson	Democrat	Eatonville	Georgia	1835	Farmer and Lawyer.
9	Thomas E. Winn	Democrat	Lawrenceville	Georgia	1839	Farmer.
10	Thomas E. Watson	Democrat	Thomson	Georgia	1856	Farmer and Lawyer.
	Idaho.					
1	Willis Sweet	Republican.	Moscow	Vermont	1856	Lawyer.
	Illinois.					
1	Abner Taylor	Republican.	Chicago	Maine	....	Merchant.
2	Lawrence E. McGann	Democrat	Chicago	Ireland	1852	.....
3	Allen C. Durborow, Jr.	Democrat	Chicago	Pennsylvania	1857	Journalist.
4	Walter C. Newberry†	Democrat	Chicago	New-York	1835	Warehouseman.
5	Albert J. Hopkins	Republican.	Aurora	Illinois	1846	Lawyer.
6	Robert R. Hitt	Republican.	Mount Morris	Ohio	1834	.....
7	Thomas J. Henderson	Republican.	Princeton	Tennessee	1824	Lawyer.
8	Lewis Steward	Democrat	Plano	.....	....	.....
9	Herman W. Snow†	Democrat	Sheldon	Indiana	1836	Banker and Farmer.
10	Philip S. Post†	Republican.	Galesburgh	New-York	1833	Lawyer.
11	Benjamin T. Cable	Democrat	Rock Island	Kentucky	1853	Manufacturer.
12	Scott Wike	Democrat	Pittsfield	Pennsylvania	1834	Lawyer.
13	William M. Springer	Democrat	Springfield	Indiana	1836	Lawyer.
14	Owen Scott	Democrat	Bloomington	Illinois	1846	Publisher.
15	Samuel T. Busey†	Democrat	Urbana	Indiana	1835	Banker.
16	George W. Fithian	Democrat	Newton	Illinois	1854	Lawyer.
17	Edward Lane	Democrat	Hillsborough	Ohio	1842	Lawyer.
18	William S. Forman	Democrat	Nashville	Mississippi	1847	Lawyer.
19	James R. Williams	Democrat	Carmi	Illinois	1850	Lawyer.
20	George W. Smith	Republican.	Murphysborough	Ohio	1846	Lawyer.
	Indiana.					
1	William F. Parrett	Democrat	Evansville	Indiana	1825	Lawyer.
2	John L. Bretz	Democrat	Jasper	Indiana	1852	Lawyer.
3	Jason B. Brown	Democrat	Seymour	Indiana	1839	Lawyer.
4	William S. Holman	Democrat	Aurora	Indiana	1822	Lawyer.
5	George W. Cooper	Democrat	Columbus	Indiana	1851	Lawyer.
6	Henry M. Johnson	Republican.	Richmond	Indiana	1850	Lawyer.
7	William D. Bynum	Democrat	Indianapolis	Indiana	1846	Lawyer.
8	Elijah V. Brookshire	Democrat	Crawfordsville	Indiana	1856	Lawyer.
9	Daniel Waugh	Republican	Tipton	Indiana	1842	Lawyer.
10	David H. Patton	Democrat	Remington	Kentucky	1837	Physician.
11	Augustus N. Martin†	Democrat	Bluffton	Pennsylvania	1847	Lawyer.
12	Charles A. O. McClellan	Democrat	Auburn	Ohio	1835	Lawyer.
13	Benjamin F. Shively	Democrat	South Bend	Indiana	1857	Lawyer.
	Iowa.					
1	John J. Seerley	Democrat	Burlington	Illinois	1852	Lawyer.
2	Walter I. Hayes	Democrat	Clinton	Michigan	1841	Lawyer.
3	David B. Henderson†	Republican.	Dubuque	Scotland	1840	Lawyer.
4	Walter H. Butler	Democrat	West Union	Pennsylvania	1852	Journalist.
5	John T. Hamilton	Democrat	Cedar Rapids	Illinois	1843	Merchant.
6	Frederick E. White	Democrat	Webster	Prussia	1844	Farmer.
7	John A. T. Hull	Republican.	Des Moines	Ohio	1841	Farmer.
8	James P. Flick†	Republican.	Bedford	Pennsylvania	1845	Lawyer.
9	Thomas Bowman	Democrat	Council Bluffs	Maine	1848	Journalist.
10	Jonathan P. Dolliver	Republican.	Fort Dodge	West-Virginia	1858	Lawyer.
11	George D. Perkins	Republican.	Sioux City	New-York	1840	Journalist.
	Kansas.					
1	Case Broderick†	Republican.	Holton	Indiana	1839	Lawyer.
2	Edward H. Funston†	Republican.	Iola	Ohio	1836	Farmer.
3	Benjamin H. Clover	F. Alliance.	Cambridge	Ohio	1837	Farmer.
4	John G. Otis	F. Alliance.	Topeka	Vermont	1838	Dairyman.
5	John Davis	F. Alliance.	Junction City	Illinois	1826	Journalist.
6	William Baker	F. Alliance.	Lincoln	Pennsylvania	1832	Far. and Stock Raiser.
7	Jeremiah Simpson	F. Alliance.	Medicine Lodge	Canada	1842	Farmer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	Kentucky.					
1	William J. Stone	Democrat	Kuttawa	Kentucky	1841	Farmer.
2	William T. Ellis*	Democrat	Owensborough	Kentucky	1845	Lawyer.
3	Isaac H. Goodnight	Democrat	Franklin	Kentucky	1849	Lawyer.
4	Alexander B. Montgomery	Democrat	Elizabethtown	Kentucky	1837	Lawyer.
5	Asher G. Caruth	Democrat	Louisville	Kentucky	1844	Lawyer.
6	Worth W. Dickerson	Democrat	Williamstown	Kentucky	1851	Lawyer.
7	William C. P. Breckinridge	Democrat	Lexington	Kentucky	1837	Lawyer.
8	James B. McCreary*	Democrat	Richmond	Kentucky	1838	Lawyer.
9	Thomas H. Paynter	Democrat	Greenup	Kentucky	1851	Lawyer.
10	John W. Kendall	Democrat	West Liberty	Kentucky	1834	Lawyer.
11	John H. Wilson	Republican	Barboursville	Kentucky	1846	Lawyer.
	Louisiana.					
1	Adolph Meyer*	Democrat	New-Orleans	Louisiana	1842	Merchant.
2	Matthew D. Lagan	Democrat	New-Orleans	Ireland	1829	Manufacturer.
3	Andrew Price	Democrat	La Fourche Parish	Louisiana	1854	Planter.
4	Newton C. Blanchard	Democrat	Shreveport	Louisiana	1849	Lawyer.
5	Charles J. Boatner	Democrat	Monroe	Louisiana	1849	Lawyer.
6	Samuel M. Robertson	Democrat	Baton Rouge	Louisiana	1852	Lawyer.
	Maine.					
1	Thomas B. Reed	Republican	Portland	Maine	1839	Lawyer.
2	Nelson Dingley, Jr.	Republican	Lewiston	Maine	1832	Journalist.
3	Seth L. Milliken	Republican	Belfast	Maine	....	Lawyer.
4	Charles A. Boutelle†	Republican	Bangor	Maine	1839	Journalist.
	Maryland.					
1	Henry Page	Democrat	Princess Anne	Maryland	1841	Lawyer.
2	Herman Stump	Democrat	Bel Air	Maryland	1837	Lawyer.
3	Harry Welles Rusk	Democrat	Baltimore	Maryland	1852	Lawyer.
4	Isidor Rayner	Democrat	Baltimore	Maryland	1850	Lawyer.
5	Barnes Compton	Democrat	Laurel	Maryland	1831	Farmer.
6	William M. McKaig	Democrat	Cumberland	Maryland	1845	Lawyer.
	Massachusetts.					
1	Charles S. Randall	Republican	New-Bedford	Massachusetts	1824	Retired Merchant.
2	Elijah A. Morse†	Republican	Canton	Indiana	1841	Manufacturer.
3	John F. Andrew	Democrat	Boston	Massachusetts	1850	Lawyer.
4	Joseph H. O'Neil	Democrat	Boston	Massachusetts	1853	Public Official.
5	Sherman Hoar	Democrat	Boston	Massachusetts	1860	Lawyer.
6	Henry Cabot Lodge	Republican	Nahant	Massachusetts	1850	Literature.
7	William Cogswell†	Republican	Salem	Massachusetts	1838	Lawyer.
8	Moses T. Stevens	Democrat	North-Andover	Massachusetts	1825	Manufacturer.
9	George Fred. Williams	Democrat	Dedham	Massachusetts	1852	Lawyer.
10	Joseph H. Walker	Republican	Worcester	Massachusetts	1829	Manufacturer.
11	Frederic S. Coolidge	Democrat	Ashburnham	Massachusetts	1841	Manufacturer.
12	John C. Crosby	Democrat	Pittsfield	Massachusetts	1859	Lawyer.
	Michigan.					
1	J. Logan Chipman	Democrat	Detroit	Michigan	1830	Lawyer.
2	James S. Gorman	Democrat	Chelsea	Michigan	1850	Farmer.
3	James O'Donnell†	Republican	Jackson	Connecticut	1849	Journalist.
4	Julius C. Burroughs†	Republican	Kalamazoo	Pennsylvania	1837	Lawyer.
5	Charles E. Belknap†	Republican	Grand Rapids	New-York	1846	Manufacturer.
6	Byron G. Stout	Democrat	Pontiac	New-York	1829	Farmer.
7	Justin R. Whiting	Democrat	St. Clair	New-York	1847	Merchant and Manufac.
8	Henry M. Youmans	Democrat	Saginaw	New-York	1832	Farmer.
9	Hamson H. Wheeler	Democrat	Ludington	Michigan	1839	Lawyer.
10	Thomas A. E. Weadock	Democrat	Bay City	Ireland	1850	Lawyer.
11	Samuel M. Stephenson	Republican	Menominee	Canada	1831	Merchant and Banker.
	Minnesota.					
1	William H. Harries	Democrat	Caledonia	Ohio	1843	Lawyer.
2	John Lind	Republican	New-Ulm	Sweden	1854	Lawyer.
3	O. M. Hall	Democrat	Red Wing	Ohio	....	Lawyer.
4	James N. Castle	Democrat	Stillwater	Canada	1836	Lawyer.
5	Kittel Halvorsen	F. Alliance	Belgrade	Norway	1846	Far. and Stock Raiser.
	Mississippi.					
1	John M. Allen*	Democrat	Tupelo	Mississippi	1847	Lawyer.
2	John C. Kyle	Democrat	Sardis	Mississippi	1851	Lawyer.
3	Thomas C. Catchings*	Democrat	Vicksburg	Mississippi	1847	Lawyer.
4	Clarke Lewis*	Democrat	Cliftonville	Alabama	1840	Planter.
5	Joseph H. Beeman	Democrat	Eley	North-Carolina	1835	Planter.
6	Thomas R. Stockdale*	Democrat	Summit	Pennsylvania	....	Lawyer.
7	Charles E. Hooker*	Democrat	Jackson	South-Carolina	....	Lawyer.
	Missouri.					
1	William H. Hatch*	Democrat	Hannibal	Kentucky	1833	Lawyer.
2	Charles H. Mansur	Democrat	Chillicothe	Pennsylvania	1835	Lawyer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	Missouri—*Con.*					
3	Alexander M. Dockery	Democrat	Gallatin	Missouri	1845	Banker.
4	Robert P. C. Wilson	Democrat	Platte City	Missouri	....	Lawyer.
5	John C. Tarsney†	Democrat	Kansas City	Michigan	1845	Lawyer.
6	John T. Heard	Democrat	Sedalia	Missouri	1840	Lawyer.
7	Richard H. Norton	Democrat	Troy	Missouri	1849	Lawyer.
8	John J. O'Neil	Democrat	St. Louis	Missouri	1836	Lawyer.
9	Seth W. Cobb	Democrat	St. Louis	Virginia	1838	Merchant.
10	Samuel Byrns	Democrat	Potosi	Missouri	1838	Lawyer.
11	Richard P. Bland	Democrat	Lebanon	Kentucky	1835	Lawyer.
12	David A. De Armond	Democrat	Butler	Pennsylvania	1844	Lawyer.
13	Robert W. Fyan†	Democrat	Marshfield	Pennsylvania	....	Lawyer.
14	Marshall Arnold	Democrat	Benton	Missouri	1845	Lawyer.
	Montana.					
1	William W. Dixon	Democrat	Butte City	New-York	1838	Lawyer.
	Nebraska.					
1	William J. Bryan	Democrat	Lincoln	Illinois	1860	Lawyer.
2	William A. McKeighan†	F. Alliance	Red Cloud	New-Jersey	1842	Lawyer.
3	Omer M. Kem	F. Alliance	Broken Bow	Indiana	1855	Farmer.
	Nevada.					
1	Horace F. Bartine†	Republican	Carson City	New-York	1848	Lawyer.
	New-Hampshire.					
1	Luther F. McKinney	Democrat	Manchester	Ohio	1841	Clergyman.
2	Warren F. Daniell	Democrat	Franklin	Massachusetts	1829	Manufacturer.
	New-Jersey.					
1	Christopher A. Bergen	Republican	Camdem	New-Jersey	1841	Lawyer.
2	James Buchanan	Republican	Trenton	New-Jersey	1839	Lawyer.
3	Jacob A. Geissenhainer	Democrat	Freehold	New-York	1841	Lawyer.
4	Samuel Fowler	Democrat	Newton	New-Jersey	1851	Lawyer.
5	Cornelius A. Cadmus	Democrat	Paterson	New-Jersey	1844	Merchant.
6	Thomas Dunn English	Democrat	Newark	Pennsylvania	1819	Journalist.
7	Edward F. McDonald	Democrat	Harrison	Ireland	1844	Real Estate and Insur.
	New-York.					
1	James W. Covert	Democrat	Long Island City	New-York	1842	Lawyer.
2	Alfred C. Chapin	Democrat	Brooklyn	Massachusetts	1848	Lawyer.
3	William J. Coombs	Democrat	Brooklyn	New-York	1833	Merchant.
4	John M. Clancy	Democrat	Brooklyn	Ireland	1837	Real Estate Dealer
5	Thomas F. Magner	Democrat	Brooklyn	New-York	1860	Lawyer.
6	John R. Fellows*	Democrat	New-York City	New-York	1832	Lawyer.
7	Edward J. Dunphy	Democrat	New-York City	New-York	1856	Lawyer.
8	Timothy J. Campbell	Democrat	New-York City	Ireland	1841	Lawyer.
9	Amos J. Cummings†	Democrat	New-York City	New-York	1841	Journalist.
10	W. Bourke Cochran	Democrat	New-York City	Ireland	1854	Lawyer.
11	John DeWitt Warner	Democrat	New-York City	New-York	1851	Lawyer.
12	Joseph J. Little†	Democrat	New-York City	England	1841	Printer.
13	Ashbel P. Fitch	Democrat	New-York City	New-York	1848	Lawyer.
14	William G. Stahlnecker	Democrat	Yonkers	New-York	1849	Merchant.
15	Henry Bacon	Democrat	Goshen	New-York	1846	Lawyer.
16	John H. Ketcham†	Republican	Dover Plains	New-York	1832	Farmer.
17	Isaac N. Cox	Democrat	Ellenville	New-York	1846	Banker and Merchant.
18	John A. Quackenbush	Republican	Stillwater	New-York	1828	Farmer and Speculator.
19	Charles Tracey	Democrat	Albany	New-York	1847	Lawyer.
20	John Sanford	Republican	Amsterdam	New-York	1851	.....
21	John M. Wever†	Republican	Plattsburgh	Michigan	1847	Banker.
22	W. Martin Curtis†	Republican	Ogdensburgh	New-York	1835	Farmer.
23	Henry W. Bentley	Democrat	Booneville	New-York	1838	Lawyer.
24	George Van Horn	Democrat	Cooperstown	New-York	1850	Lawyer.
25	James J. Belden	Republican	Syracuse	New-York	1825	Manufacturer.
26	George W. Ray	Republican	Norwich	New-York	1844	Lawyer.
27	Sereno E. Payne	Republican	Auburn	New-York	1843	Lawyer.
28	Hosea H. Rockwell†	Democrat	Elmira	Pennsylvania	1840	Lawyer.
29	John Rainey†	Republican	Canandaigua	New-York	1840	Lawyer.
30	Halbert S. Greenleaf†	Democrat	Rochester	Vermont	1827	Manufact. and Farmer.
31	James W. Wadsworth†	Republican	Geneseo	Pennsylvania	1846	Farmer.
32	Daniel W. Lockwood	Democrat	Buffalo	New-York	1844	Lawyer.
33	Thomas L. Bunting	Democrat	Hamburg	New-York	1844	Canning Business.
34	Warren B. Hooker	Republican	Fredonia	New-York	1856	Lawyer.
	North-Carolina.					
1	William A. B. Branch*	Democrat	Washington	Florida	1847	Farmer.
2	Henry P. Cheatham	Republican	Henderson	North-Carolina	1857	Teacher.
3	Benjamin F. Grady	Democrat	Wallace	North-Carolina	1831	Farmer.
4	Benjamin H. Bunn*	Democrat	Rocky Mount	North-Carolina	1844	Lawyer.
5	Archibald H. A. Williams	Democrat	Oxford	North-Carolina	1842	Farmer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	North-Carolina—*Con.*					
6	Sydenham B. Alexander	Democrat	Charlotte	North-Carolina	1840	Farmer.
7	John S. Henderson*	Democrat	Salisbury	North-Carolina	1846	Lawyer.
8	William H. H. Cowles*	Democrat	Wilkesborough	North-Carolina	1840	Lawyer.
9	William T. Crawford	Democrat	Waynesville	North-Carolina	1856	Lawyer.
	North-Dakota.					
1	Martin N. Johnson	Republican.	Petersburg	Wisconsin	1850	Farmer.
	Ohio.					
1	Bellamy Storer	Republican.	Cincinnati	Ohio	1847	Lawyer.
2	John A. Caldwell	Republican.	Cincinnati	Ohio	1853	Lawyer.
3	George W. Houk	Democrat	Dayton	Pennsylvania	1825	Lawyer.
4	Martin K. Gantz	Democrat	Troy	Ohio	1862	Lawyer.
5	Fernando C. Layton	Democrat	Wapekoneta	Ohio	1847	Lawyer.
6	Dennis D. Donovan	Democrat	Deshler	Ohio	1859	Merchant.
7	William E. Haynes†	Democrat	Fremont	New-York	1829	Farmer and Banker.
8	Darius D. Hare	Democrat	Upper Sandusky	Ohio	1843	Lawyer.
9	Joseph H. Outwaite	Democrat	Columbus	Ohio	1841	Lawyer.
10	Robert E. Doan	Republican.	Wilmington	Ohio	1835	Lawyer.
11	John M. Pattison	Democrat	Milford	Ohio	1847	Lawyer and Insurance.
12	William H. Enochs†	Republican.	Ironton	Ohio	1842	Lawyer
13	Irvine Dungan	Democrat	Jackson	Pennsylvania	1844	Lawyer.
14	James W. Owens	Democrat	Newark	Indiana	1837	Lawyer.
15	Michael D. Harter	Democrat	Mansfield	Ohio	1846	Manufact. and Banker.
16	John G. Warwick	Democrat	Massillon	Ireland	1830	Mining and Milling.
17	Albert J. Pearson	Democrat	Woodsfield	Ohio	1846	Lawyer.
18	Joseph D. Taylor†	Republican.	Cambridge	Ohio	1830	Lawyer.
19	Ezra B. Taylor†	Republican.	Warren	Ohio	1823	Lawyer.
20	Vincent A. Taylor	Republican.	Bedford	Ohio	1845	Manufacturer.
21	Thomas L. Johnson	Democrat	Cleveland	Kentucky	1854	Railroad Manager.
	Oregon.					
1	Binger Hermann	Republican.	Roseburgh	Maryland	1843	Lawyer.
	Pennsylvania.					
1	Henry H. Bingham†	Republican.	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	1841	Lawyer.
2	Charles O'Neill	Republican.	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	1821	Lawyer.
3	William McAleer	Democrat	Philadelphia	Ireland	1838	Merchant.
4	John E. Reyburn	Republican.	Philadelphia	Ohio	1845	Lawyer.
5	Alfred C. Harmer	Republican.	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania	....	Mining and Real Estate.
6	John B. Robinson	Republican.	Media	Pennsylvania	1846	Lawyer.
7	Edwin Hallowell	Democrat	Willow Grove	Pennsylvania	1844	Farmer.
8	William Mutchler	Democrat	Easton	Pennsylvania	1831	Lawyer.
9	David B. Brunner	Democrat	Reading	Pennsylvania	1835	Teacher.
10	Mariott Brosius†	Republican.	Lancaster	Pennsylvania	1843	Lawyer.
11	Lemuel Amerman	Democrat	Scranton	Pennsylvania	1846	Lawyer.
12	George W. Shonk	Republican.	Plymouth	Pennsylvania	....	.....
13	James B. Reilly	Democrat	Pottsville	Pennsylvania	1845	Lawyer.
14	John W. Rife†	Republican.	Middletown	Pennsylvania	1846	Tanner.
15	Myron B. Wright	Republican.	Susquehanna	Pennsylvania	1847	Banker.
16	Albert C. Hopkins	Republican.	Lock Haven	New-York	1837	Lumberman.
17	Simon P. Wolverton	Democrat	Sunbury	Pennsylvania	1837	Lawyer.
18	Louis E. Atkinson†	Republican.	Mifflintown	Pennsylvania	1841	Lawyer.
19	Frank E. Beltzhoover	Democrat	Carlisle	Pennsylvania	1841	Lawyer.
20	Edward Scull	Republican.	Somerset	Pennsylvania	1818	Editor and Publisher.
21	George F. Huff	Republican.	Greensburg	Pennsylvania	1842	Banker & Coal Operator
22	John Dalzell	Republican.	Pittsburgh	New-York	1845	Lawyer.
23	William A. Stone	Republican.	Allegheny City	Pennsylvania	1846	Lawyer.
24	Andrew Stewart	Republican.	Ohiopyle	Pennsylvania	1836	Manufacturer.
25	Eugene P. Gillespie	Democrat	Greenville	Pennsylvania	1852	Lawyer.
26	Matthew Griswold	Republican.	Erie	Connecticut	1833	Manufacturer
27	Charles W. Stone	Republican.	Warren	Massachusetts	1843	Lawyer.
28	George F. Kribbs	Democrat	Clarion	Pennsylvania	1846	Editor and Lawyer.
	Rhode-Island.					
1	Oscar Lapham†	Democrat	Providence	Rhode-Island	1837	Lawyer.
2	Charles H. Page	Democrat	Providence	Rhode-Island	1843	Lawyer.
	South-Carolina.					
1	William H. Brawley	Democrat	Charleston	South-Carolina	1841	Lawyer.
2	George D. Tillman*	Democrat	Clark's Hill	South-Carolina	1826	Cotton Planter.
3	George Johnstone*	Democrat	Newberry	South-Carolina	1836	Lawyer.
4	George W. Shell	Democrat	Laurens	South-Carolina	1831	Farmer.
5	John T. Hemphill	Democrat	Chester	South-Carolina	1849	Lawyer.
6	Eli T. Stackhouse*	Democrat	Little Rock	South-Carolina	1824	Farmer.
7	William Elliott	Democrat	Beaufort	South-Carolina	1838	Lawyer.
	South-Dakota.					
1	John L. Jolley	Republican.	Vermillion	Montreal, Can.	1840	Lawyer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—*Continued.*

	Representatives.	Politics.	Post-Office Address.	Place of Birth.	Year of Birth.	Present Vocation.
	TENNESSEE.					
1	Alfred A. Taylor	Republican.	Johnson City	Tennessee	1849	Lawyer.
2	John C. Houk	Republican.	Knoxville	Tennessee	1860	.....
3	Henry C. Snodgrass	Democrat	Sparta	Tennessee	1848	Lawyer.
4	Benton McMillin	Democrat	Carthage	Kentucky	1845	Lawyer.
5	James D. Richardson*	Democrat	Murfreesborough	Tennessee	1843	Lawyer.
6	Joseph E. Washington	Democrat	Cedar Hill	Tennessee	1851	Farmer.
7	Nicholas N. Cox*	Democrat	Franklin	Tennessee	1837	Lawyer and Farmer.
8	Benjamin A. Enloe	Democrat	Jackson	Tennessee	1848	Journalist.
9	Rice A. Pierce*	Democrat	Union City	Tennessee	1848	Lawyer.
10	Josiah Patterson*	Democrat	Memphis	Alabama	1837	Lawyer.
	TEXAS.					
1	Charles Stewart	Democrat	Houston	Tennessee	1836	Lawyer.
2	John B. Long	Democrat	Rusk	Texas	1843	Journalist.
3	C. Buckley Kilgore*	Democrat	Will's Point	Georgia	1835	Lawyer.
4	David B. Culberson*	Democrat	Jefferson	Georgia	1830	Lawyer.
5	Joseph W. Bailey	Democrat	Gainesville	Mississippi	1862	Lawyer.
6	Jo Abbott*	Democrat	Hillsboro	Alabama	1840	Lawyer.
7	William H. Crain	Democrat	Cuero	Texas	1848	Lawyer.
8	Littleton W. Moore	Democrat	La Grange	Alabama	1835	Lawyer.
9	Roger Q. Mills	Democrat	Corsicana	.....	....	.....
10	Joseph D. Sayers*	Democrat	Bastrop	Mississippi	1841	Lawyer.
11	Samuel W. T. Lanham*	Democrat	Weatherford	South-Carolina	1846	Lawyer.
	VERMONT.					
1	H. Henry Powers	Republican.	Morrisville	Vermont	1835	Lawyer.
2	William W. Grout†	Republican.	Barton	Canada	1836	Lawyer.
	VIRGINIA.					
1	William A. Jones	Democrat	Warsaw	Virginia	1849	Lawyer.
2	John W. Lawson	Democrat	Smithfield	Virginia	1837	Farmer.
3	George D. Wise	Democrat	Richmond	Virginia	1835	Lawyer.
4	James F. Epes	Democrat	Blackstone	Virginia	1842	Farmer.
5	Posey G. Lester	Democrat	Floyd Court House	Virginia	1850	Minister and Editor.
6	Paul C. Edmunds	Democrat	Houston	Virginia	1836	Farmer.
7	Charles T. O'Ferrall*	Democrat	Harrisonburgh	Virginia	1840	Lawyer.
8	Elisha E. Meredith	Democrat	Prince William	Virginia	....	Lawyer.
9	John A. Buchanan*	Democrat	Abingdon	Virginia	1843	Lawyer.
10	Henry St. G. Tucker	Democrat	Stanton	Virginia	1853	Lawyer.
	WASHINGTON.					
1	John L. Wilson	Republican.	Spokane Falls	Indiana	1850	Lawyer.
	WEST-VIRGINIA.					
1	John O. Pendleton	Democrat	Wheeling	West-Virginia	1843	Teacher.
2	William L. Wilson	Democrat	Charlestown	Virginia	1851	Lawyer.
3	John D. Alderson	Democrat	Nicholas Court H.	West-Virginia	1854	Lawyer.
4	James Capehart	Democrat	Point Pleasant	West Virginia	1847	Farmer.
	WISCONSIN.					
1	Clinton Babbitt	Democrat	Beloit	N.-Hampshire.	1831	Farmer.
2	Charles Barwig	Democrat	Mayville	Germany	1837	Retired.
3	Allen R. Bushnell†	Democrat	Madison	Ohio	1833	Lawyer.
4	John L. Mitchell	Democrat	Milwaukee	Wisconsin	1842	Merchant.
5	George H. Brickner	Democrat	Sheboygan Falls	Germany	1834	Woollen Manufacturer
6	Lucas M. Miller	Democrat	Oshkosh	Greece	1824	Farmer.
7	Frank P. Coburn	Democrat	West Salem	Wisconsin	1858	Farmer.
8	Nils P. Haugen	Republican.	River Falls	Norway	1849	Lawyer.
9	Thomas Lynch	Democrat	Antigo	Wisconsin	1844	Lawyer.
	WYOMING.					
1	Clarence D. Clark	Republican.	Evanston	New-York	1851	Lawyer.

Democrats, 236. Republicans, 88. Farmer's Alliance, 8.

* Served in the Confederate army during the civil war. † Served in the Union army during the civil war.

DELEGATES FROM THE TERRITORIES.—Arizona, Marcus A. Smith, Dem., Tombstone; New-Mexico, Antonio Joseph, Dem., Ojo Caliente; Oklahoma, David A. Harvey, Rep., Oklahoma City; Utah, John T. Caine, Ind., Salt Lake City.

VOCATIONS.—Lawyers, 199; Lawyer and Insurance Agent, 1; Lawyer and Farmer, 3; Lawyer and Fruit Grower, 1; Farmers and Planters, 43; Farmers and Stockraisers, 2; Farmer and Speculator, 1; Manufacturers, 13; Manufacturer and Farmer, 1; Manufacturer and Merchant, 1; Merchants, 13; Merchant and Banker, 1; Journalists, 15; Bankers, 3; Banker and Coal Operator, 1; Banker and Farmer, 2; Teachers, 3; Publishers, 2; Public Officials, 2; Wool Merchant, 1; Canner, 1; Tanner, 1; Physician, 1; Printer, 1; Literary Man, 1; Hotel Proprietor, 1; Dairyman, 1; Railroad Manager, 1; Clergyman, 1; Clergyman and Editor, 1; Real Estate Dealer, 1; Real Estate and Insurance, 1; Warehouseman, 1; Lumberman, 1; Miner, 1; Miner and Miller, 1; no occupation reported, 13.

OTHER OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Rev. W. H. Milburn, Chaplain; Samuel S. Yoder, Sergeant-at-Arms; Charles H. Turner, Doorkeeper; Lycurgus Dalton, Postmaster.

Committees of Congress.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

Agriculture.—Paddock (Chairman), McMillan, Casey, Warren, Felton, George, Gibson of Louisiana. Jones of Arkansas, Bate.

Appropriations. — Allison (Chairman), Dawes, Hale, Cullom, Stewart, Cockrell, Call, Gorman, Blackburn.

Contingent Expenses of the Senate.—Jones of Nevada (Chairman), Paddock, Vance.

Census. — Hale (Chairman), Stockbridge, Dixon, Hansbrough, Peffer, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Turpie.

Civil Service and Retrenchment.—Wolcott (Chairman), Dawes, Stanford, Washburn, Morrill, Walthall, Call, Gordon, Irby.

Civil Service, To Examine the Several Branches of.—Powers (Chairman), Gallinger, Peffer, Gray, Vilas.

Claims.—Mitchell (Chairman), Allen, Stewart, Sanders, Peffer, Pasco, Faulkner, Vilas, White.

Coast Defences.—Squire (Chairman), Dolph, Hawley, Higgins, Felton, Berry, Gordon, Chilton, Irby.

Commerce.—Frye (Chairman), Jones of Nevada, Dolph, Sawyer, Cullom, Washburn, Quay, Ransom, Coke, Vest, Gorman, Kenna, Gibson of Louisiana.

District of Columbia.—McMillan (Chairman), Higgins, Wolcott, Gallinger, Hansbrough, Perkins, Harris, Vance, Faulkner, Barbour, Gibson of Maryland.

Engrossed Bills.—Cockrell (Chairman), Allison, Warren.

Education and Labor.—Carey (Chairman), Stanford, Washburn, McMillan, Hansbrough, George, Pugh, Barbour, Kyle.

Enrolled Bills.—Sanders (Chairman), Dubois, Colquitt.

Epidemic Diseases. — Harris (Chairman), Berry, White, Irby, Stockbridge, Gallinger, Felton.

Finance.—Morrill (Chairman), Sherman, Jones of Nevada, Allison, Aldrich, Hiscock, Voorhees, McPherson, Harris, Vance, Carlisle.

Fisheries.—Stockbridge (Chairman), Dawes, Stanford, Squire, Power, Blodgett, Call, Ransom, Gibson of Maryland.

Foreign Relations.—Sherman (Chairman), Frye, Dolph, Davis, Hiscock, Morgan, Butler, Kenna, Gray.

Immigration.—Chandler (Chairman), Hale, Squire, Proctor, Dubois, Voorhees, McPherson, Daniel, Hill.

Improvement of Mississippi River and its Tributaries.—Washburn (Chairman), Pettigrew, Power, Peffer, Walthall, Bate, Palmer.

Indian Affairs.—Dawes (Chairman), Platt, Stockbridge, Manderson, Pettigrew, Shoup, Morgan, Jones of Arkansas, Daniel, Vilas.

Indian Depredations.—(Select) Shoup (Chairman), Paddock, Chandler, Allen, Power, Faulkner, Coke, Carlisle, Kyle.

Inter-State Commerce.—Cullom (Chairman), Wilson, Hiscock, Chandler, Wolcott, Higgins, Harris, Gorman, Jones of Arkansas, Barbour, Hill.

Irrigation and Reclamation of Arid Lands.—Warren (Chairman), Stewart, Casey, Sanders, Dubois, Jones of Arkansas, Brice, Kyle, Gibson of Maryland.

Judiciary.—Hoar (Chairman), Wilson, Teller, Platt, Mitchell, Pugh, Coke, Vest, George.

Library.—Quay (Chairman), Wolcott, Voorhees.

Library Building.—(Select) Voorhees (Chairman), Butler, Morrill, Dixon, Paddock.

Manufactures.—Higgins (Chairman), Dubois, Gallinger, Blodgett, Gibson of Maryland.

Military Affairs.—Hawley (Chairman), Cameron, Manderson, Davis, Proctor, Cockrell, Walthall, Bate, Palmer.

Mines and Mining.—Stewart (Chairman), Jones of Nevada, Power, Warren, Felton, Bate, Call, Chilton, Irby.

Naval Affairs.—Cameron (Chairman), Hale, Stafford, Stockbridge, Chandler, McPherson, Butler, Blackburn, Gibson of Louisiana.

Nicaraguan Claims.—(Select) Morgan (Chairman), Palmer, White, Stewart, Mitchell.

On President's Message Transmitting Report of Pacific Railway Commission.—(Select) Frye (Chairman), Dawes, Hiscock, Davis, Carey, Morgan, Turpie, Faulkner, White.

On the Five Civilized Tribes of Indians.—(Select) Butler (Chairman), Pasco, Dawes, Cameron, Teller.

On Transportation of Meat Products.—(Select) Vest (Chairman), Coke, Power, Casey, Perkins.

On Relations with Canada.—(Select) Allen (Chairman), Hoar, Allison, Hale, Dolph, Pugh, Hill, Colquitt, Carlisle.

Organization, Conduct, and Expenditures of the Executive Departments.—Hiscock (Chairman), Casey, Wilson, Proctor, Dubois, Cockrell, Gorman, Kenna, Hill.

Patents.—Dixon (Chairman), Platt, Sanders, Perkins, Gray, Chilton, Kyle.

Pensions.—Davis (Chairman), Sawyer, Paddock, Shoup, Hansbrough, Gallinger, Turpie, Blodgett, Palmer, Vilas, Brice.

Post-Offices and Post Roads.—Sawyer (Chairman), Mitchell, McMillan, Wolcott, Dixon, Washburn, Colquitt, Blodgett, Brice, Irby, Chilton.

Potomac River.—(Select) McPherson (Chairman), Ransom, Barbour, Sawyer, Sherman, Frye.

Printing.—Manderson (Chairman), Hawley, Gorman.

Private Land Claims.—Ransom (Chairman), Colquitt, Pasco, Hale, Teller, Sanders, Proctor.

Privileges and Elections.—Teller (Chairman), Hoar, Mitchell, Chandler, Higgins, Vance, Pugh, Gray, Turpie.

Public Buildings and Grounds.—Stanford (Chairman), Morrill, Quay, Squire, Carey, Vest, Daniel, Pasco, Brice.

Public Lands.—Dolph (Chairman), Paddock, Allen, Pettigrew, Sanders, Carey, Morgan, Walthall, Berry, Pascoe, White.

Quadro-Centennial.—(Select) Pettigrew (Chairman), Hiscock, Sherman, Cameron, Hawley, Wilson, Felton, Cullom, Colquitt, Vest, Kenna, Gray, Daniel, Vilas, Gibson of Maryland.

Railroads.—Casey (Chairman), Hawley, Stockbridge, Pettigrew, Power, Peffer, Blackburn, Berry, Bate, Gordon, Palmer.

Revision of Laws of United States.—Wilson (Chairman), Platt, Proctor, Daniel, Call.

Revolutionary Claims.—Coke (Chairman), Pugh, Brice, Cameron, Sawyer.

Rules.—Aldrich (Chairman), Sherman, Manderson, Harris, Blackburn.

Territories.—Platt (Chairman), Stewart, Davis, Carey, Shoup, Hansbrough, Jones of Arkansas, Carlisle, Faulkner, Gordon, Hill.

To Establish the University of the United States.—(Select) Proctor (Chairman), Sherman, Dolph, Washburn, Squire, Butler, Gibson of Louisiana, Barbour, Kyle.

Transportation Routes to the Seaboard.—Gallinger (Chairman), Squire, Mitchell, Aldrich, Casey, Gibson, of Louisiana, George, Turpie, Gordon.

Woman Suffrage.—(Select) Vance (Chairman), Carlisle, George, Hoar, Allen, Quay, Warren.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES' COMMITTEES.

Agriculture.—Hatch, Mo.; Clarke Lewis, Miss.; Alexander, N. C.; Youmans, Mich.; Shell, S. C.; Forman, Ill.; White, Ia.; Caminetti, Cal.; Moses, Ga.; Long, Tex. (Dems.); Funston, Kan.; Wilson, Ky.; Jolley, S. Dak.; Waugh, Ind.; Cheatham, N. C. (Reps.).

Alcoholic Liquor Traffic.—Haynes, O.; Clarke, Ala.; Lester, Va.; Barwig, Wis.; English, N. J.; Bailey, Tex.; Bowman, Ia. (Dems.); J. B. Taylor, O.; Morse, Mass.; Griswold, Pa.; Cutting, Cal. (Reps.).

Appropriations.—Holman, Ind.; Forney, Ala.; Sayers, Tex.; Breckinridge, Ky.; Dockery, Mo.; Mutchler, Pa.; Breckinridge, Ark.; Compton, Md.; O'Neill, Mass.; Livingston, Ga. (Dems.); Henderson, Ind.; Cogswell, Mass.; Bingham, Pa.; Dingley, Me.; Grout, Vt. (Reps.).

Banking and Currency.—Bacon, N. Y.; Wike, Ill.; Cram, Tex.; Cate, Ark.; Dickerson, Ky.; Sperry, Ct.; Gantz, O.; Cox, Tenn.; Cobb, Mo. (Dems.); Walker, Mass.; Brosius, Pa.; Townsend, Colo.; Henderson, Ill. (Reps.).

Census.—Willcox, Ct.; Owens, O.; Bynum, Ind.; Watson, Ga.; Busey, Ill.; Bentley, N. Y.; Babbitt, Wis.; Lawson, Va. (Dems.); Baker, Kan. (F. A.); J. D. Taylor, O.; Boutelle, Me.; Henderson, Ia.; Huff, Pa. (Reps.).

Civil Service Reform.—Andrew, Mass.; Boatner, La.; Wike, Ill.; Brawley, S. C.; Pattison, O.; Sperry, Ct.; Meredith; Coombs, N. Y.; Harries, Minn. (Dems.); Hopkins, Ill.; Russell, Ct.; Brosius, Pa.; Raines, N. Y. (Reps.).

Claims.—Bunn, N. C.; Mansur, Mo.; Stahlnecker, N. Y.; Bullock, Fla.; Byrns, Mo.; Cox, Tenn.; McGann, Ill.; Cox, N. Y.; Kendall, Ky.; Page, R. I. (Dems.); Reyburn, Pa.; Atkinson, Pa.; Smith, Ill.; Loud, Cal.; Wever, Jr., N. Y. (Reps.).

Coinage, Weights, and Measures.—Bland, Mo.; Tracey, N. Y.; Williams, Ill.; Kilgore, Tex.; Robertson, La.; Pierce, Tenn.; Epes, Va.; Williams, Mass. (Dems.); McKeighan, Ind.; Bartine, Nev.; Taylor, Ill.; Stone, Pa.; Johnson, N. Dak. (Reps.).

Columbian Exposition.—Durborow, Jr., Ill.; McCreary, Ky.; Reilly, Pa.; Houk, O.; Wheeler, Ala.; Lagan, Pa.; Little, N. Y. (Dems.); Cogswell, Mass.; Dingley, Me.; McKenna, Cal.; Dolliver, Ia. (Reps.).

District of Columbia.—Hemphill, S. C.; Heard, Mo.; Richardson, Tenn.; Rusk, Md.; Cobb, Ala.; Fellows, N. Y.; Johnson, O.; Meredith; Cadmus, N. J. (Dems.); Harmer, Pa.; Post, Ill.; Cogswell, Mass.; Belden, N. Y. (Reps.).

Education.—Hayes, Ia.; Brunner, Pa.; Donovan, O.; Bretz, Ind.; Everett, Ga.; Grady, N. C.; Coburn, Wis.; Beeman, Miss.; Hallowell, Pa. (Dems.); J. D. Taylor, O.; Cheatham, N. C.; Sanford, N. Y.; Stewart, Pa. (Reps.).

Elections.—T. O'Ferrall, Va.; Moore, Tex.; Cobb, Ala.; Paynter, Ky.; Brown, Ind.; Lockwood, N. Y.; Lawson, Ga.; Gillespie, Pa.; Johnstone, S. C. (Dems.); Haugen, Wis.; Taylor, Tenn.; Doan, O.; Johnson, Ind.; Reyburn, Pa.; Clark, Wyo. (Reps.).

Election of President and Vice-President.—Chipman, Mich.; Tucker, Va.; Crain, Tex.; Compton, Md.; McClellan, Ind.; Gantz, O.; De Armond, Mo.; Bushnell, Wis.; Cox, N. Y. (Dem.); Lodge, Mass.; Powers, Vt.; Doan, O.; Johnson, N. Dak. (Reps.).

Enrolled Bills.—Warwick, O.; Hayes, Ia.; Lewis, Miss.; Scott, Ill. (Dems.); Pickler, S. Dak.; Johnson, Ind. (Reps.); McKeighan, Neb. (Ind.).

Expenditures State Department.—Lester, Ga.; Breckinridge, Ky.; Alexander, N. C.; Butler, Ia.; Sanford, N. Y. (Dems.); Stone, Pa.; Wever, N. Y. (Reps.).

Expenditures Treasury Department.—Brickner, Wis.; O'Neill, Mo.; Crawford, N. C. (Dems.); Clover, Kan. (F. A.); Stone, Pa.; Wadsworth, N. Y.; Clark, Wyo. (Reps.).

Expenditures War Department.—Montgomery, Ky.; Bunn, N. C.; Daniell, N. H.; Dungan, O. (Dems.; Hitt, Ill.; Shonk, Pa.; Hooker, N. Y. (Reps.).

Expenditures Navy Department.—McClellan, Ind.; Dockery, Mo.; Abbott, Tex.; Johnstone, S. C. (Dems.); Ray, N. Y.; Milliken, Me.; Bartine, Nev. (Reps.).

Expenditures Post-Office Department.—Oates, Ala.; Paynter, Ky.; Gillespie, Pa.; Gorman, Mich. (Dems.); Belden, N. Y.; Stewart, Pa.; Houk, Tenn. (Reps.).

Expenditures Interior Department.—Owens, O.; White, Ia.; Grady, N. C.; Kyle, Miss. (Dems.); Grout, Vt.; Hopkins, Pa.; Bowers, Cal. (Reps.).

Expenditures Department of Justice.—Allen, Miss.; Cowles, N. C.; Wise, Va.; Lawson, Ga. (Dems.); E. B. Taylor, O.; Dingley, Me.; Payne, N. Y. (Reps.).

Expenditures Department of Agriculture.—Edmunds, Va.; Bunting, N. Y.; Capehart, W. Va.; Stackhouse, S. C. (Dems.); Halvorson, Minn.; Kem, Neb. (F. A.); Curtis, N. Y. (Rep.).

Expenditures on Public Buildings.—Youmans, Mich.; Hamilton, Ia; Greenleaf, N. Y.; Branch, N. C. (Dems); Ketcham, N. Y.; Taylor, Ill.; Cheatham, N. C. (Reps.).

Foreign Affairs.—Blount, Ga.; McCreary, Ky.; Hooker, Miss.; Chipman, Mich.; Fitch, N. Y.; Andrew, Mass.; Cable, Ill.; Rayner, Md.; Geary, Cal. (Dems.); Hitt, Ill.; Harmer, Pa.; O'Donnell, Mich.; Sanford, N. Y. (Reps.).

Immigration and Naturalization.—Stump, Md.; Covert, N. Y.; Elliott, S. C.; Geissenhainer, N. J.; Epes, Va.; Fyan, O.; Hare, O.; Coburn, Wis. (Dems.); Ketcham, N. Y.; Funston, Kan.; Wright, Pa. (Reps.).

Indian Affairs.—Peel, Ark.; Allen, Miss.; Turpin, Ala.; Rockwell, N. Y.; Brawley, S. C.; Lynch, Wis.; English, N. J. (Dems.); Clover, Kan. (F. A.); Kem, Neb. (Ind.); Wilson, Wash.; McKenna, Cal.; Hooker, N. Y.; Hopkins, Pa.; Harvey, Okl. (Reps.).

Interstate and Foreign Commerce.—Wise, Va.; Price, La.; Rayner, Md.; Brickner, Wis.; Geary, Cal.; Houk, O.; Mallory, Fla.; Patterson, Tenn.; O'Neill, Mo. (Dems.); O'Neill, Pa.; Lind, Minn.; Randall, Mass.; Storer, O.; Ketcham, N. Y. (Reps.).

Invalid Pensions.—Martin, Ind.; McKinney, N. H.; Fyan, Mo.; Van Horn, N. Y.; Snow, Ill.; Cribbs, Pa.; Pearson, O.; Harries, Minn.; McDonald, N. J.; Butler, Ia. (Dems.); Flick, Ia.; Taylor, Tenn.; Curtis, N. Y.; Jolley, S. Dak.; Robinson, Pa. (Reps.).

Irrigation of Arid Lands.—Lanham, Tex.; Clancey, N. Y.; Bretz, Ind.; Gorman, Mich.; Coolidge, Mass.; Dixon, Mont. (Dems.); Simpson, Kan. (F. A.); Pickler, S. Dak.; Randall, Mass.; Curtis, N. Y.; Sweet, Ida. (Reps.); Caine, Utah (Ind.).

Judiciary.—Culberson, Tex.; Oates, Ala.; Bynum, Ind.; Stockdale, Miss.; Goodnight, Ky.; Boatner, La.; Buchanan, Va.; Chapin, N. Y.; Layton, O.; Wolverton, Pa. (Dems.); E. B. Taylor, O.; Buchanan, N. J.; Ray, N. Y.; Powers, Vt.; Broderick, Kan. (Reps.).

Labor.—Tarnsey, Mo.; Willcox, Conn.; Dixon, Mont.; McGann, Ill.; Dungan, N. Y.; Capehart, W. Va.; Causey, Del. (Dems.); Davis, Kan. (F. A.); Buchanan, N. J.; Brosius, Pa.; Haugen, Wis.; Wilson, Wash. (Reps.).

Levees and Improvements of Mississippi River.—Robertson, La., Stockdale, Miss.; Pierce, Tenn.; Norton, Mo.; Terry, Ark.; Everett, Ga.; Harter, O.; Mallory, Fla.; Patton, Ind. (Dems.); Burrows, Mich.; Scull, Pa.; Wilson, Ky.; Post, Ill. (Reps.).

Library.—Cummings, N. Y.; O'Ferrall, Va. (Dems.); O'Neill, Pa. (Rep.).

Manufactures.—Page, R.I.; McKinney, N. H.; Logan, La.; Warner, N. Y.; Beeman, Miss.; Hoar, Mass.; Williams, N. C. (Dems.); Harter, O.; E. B. Taylor, O.; Morse, Mass.; Reyburn, Pa. (Reps.).

Merchant Marine and Fisheries.—Fowler, N. J.; Fithian, Ill.; Moore, Tex.; Caruth, Ky.; Buchanan, Va.; De Forest, Ct.; Magner, N. Y.; Stump, Md.; Wheeler, Mich. (Dems.); Hopkins, Ill.; Atkinson, Pa.; Wilson, Ky.; Perkins, Ia. (Reps.).

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES' COMMITTEE—*Continued.*

Military Affairs.—Outhwaite, O.; Wheeler, Ala.; Newberry, Ill.; Patton, Ind.; Rockwell, N. Y.; Mitchell, Wis.; Lapham, R. I.; McDonald, N. J.; Crosby, Mass. (Dems.); Bingham, Pa.; Belknap, Mich.; Bowers, Cal.; Hull, Ia. (Reps.).

Militia.—Lane, Ill.; Blanchard, La.; Stone, Ky.; Coombs, N. Y.; Stackhouse, S. C.; Wheeler, Mich.; Stewart, Ill.; Hall, Minn.; Watson, Ga. (Dems.); Henderson, Ill.; Cutting, Cal.; Enochs, O.; Griswold, Pa. (Reps.).

Mines and Mining.—Cowles, N. C.; Cooper, Ind.; Peel, Ark.; Campbell, N. Y.; Pendleton, W. Va.; Caminetti, Cal.; Arnold, Miss.; Bowman, Ia.; Miller, Wis. (Dems.); Townsend, Col.; Stephenson, Mich.; Post, Ill.; Huff, Pa. (Reps.); Smith, Ariz. (Dem.).

Naval Affairs.—Herbert, Ala.; Elliott, S. C.; Cummings, N. Y.; Geissenhainer, N. J.; Daniell, N. H.; Mever, La.; Lawson, Va.; McAleer, Pa.; Page, Md. (Dems.). Boutelle, Me.; Lodge, Mass.; Dolliver, Ia.; Wadsworth, N. Y. (Reps.).

Pacific Railroads.—Reilly, Pa.; Lanham, Tex.; Lane, Ill.; Brown, Ind.; Ellis, Ky.; Covert, N. Y.; Castle, Minn.; Coolidge, Mass.; Snodgrass, Tenn. (Dems.); Raines, N. Y.; Flick, Ia.; Lind, Minn.; V. A. Taylor, O. (Reps.); Caine, Utah (Ind.).

Patents.—Tillman, S. C.; Heard, Mo.; Turpin, Ala.; Greenleaf, N. Y.; Miller, Wis.; Hall, Minn.; Lapham, R. I.; Hamilton, Ia.; De Forest, Ky. (Dems.); Buchanan, N. J.; Belknap, Mich.; Quackenbush, N. Y.; Scull, Pa. (Reps.).

Pensions.—Wilson, Mo.; Henderson, Ill.; Bankhead, Ala.; Norton, Mo.; Parrett, Ind.; Barwig, Wis.; Jones, Va.; Moses, Ga.; Steward, Ill. (Dems.); Scull, Ill.; Waugh, Ind.; Houk, Tenn.; Bowers, Cal. (Reps.).

Post Offices and Post Roads.—Henderson, N. C.; Blount, Ga.; Enloe, Ky.; Wilson, Mo.; Dunphy, N. Y.; Alderson, W. Va.; Brookshire, Ind.; Kyle, Miss.; Pattison, O.; Crosby, Mass. (Dems.); Hopkins, Ill.; Caldwell, O.; Wilson, Wash.; Bergen, N. J.; Loud, Cal. (Reps.); Caine, Utah (Ind.).

Private Land Claims.—Fitch, N. Y.; Alderson, W. Va.; Brunner, Pa.; Babblitt, Wis.; Van Horn, N. Y.; Winn, Ga.; Arnold, Mo.; Crawford, N. C.; Bushnell, Wis. (Dems.); Bingham, Pa.; Lind, Minn. (Reps.); Storer O.; Otis, Kan. (F. A.) · Smith, Ariz. (Dem.).

Printing.—Richardson, Tenn.; McKaig, Md. (Dems.); Broderick, Kan. (Rep.).

Public Buildings and Grounds.—Bankhead, Ala.; Abbott, Tex.; Lewis, Miss.; Tarsney, Mo.; Warwick, O.; McKaig, Md.; Newberry, Ill.; Warner, N. Y.; Williams, N. C. (Dems.); Milliken, Me.; Shonk, Pa.; Enochs, O.; Sweet, Ida. (Reps.).

Public Lands.—McRae, Ark.; Pendleton, W. Va.; St. G. Tucker, Va.; Amerman, Pa.; Bailey, Tex.; De Armand, Mo.; Seerley, Ia.; Hare, O.; Stout, Mich. (Dems.); Pickler, S. Dak.; Townsend, Col.; Sweet, Ida.; Clark, Wyo. (Reps.).

Railways and Canals.—Catchings, Miss.; Lester, Va.; Cate, Ark.; Bentley, N. Y.; Beltzhoover, Pa.; Causey, Del.; Cobb, Mo. (Dems.); Halvorsen, Minn.; Davis, Kan. (F. A.); Randall, Mass.; Bergen, N. J.; T. Hull, Ia.; Loud, Cal. (Reps.).

Revision of the Laws.—Ellis, Ky.; Outhwaite, O.; Bullock, Fla.; Edmunds, Va.; Norton, Mo.; Magner, N. Y.; Brookshire, Ind.; Amerman, Pa.; Patterson, Tenn. (Dems.); Broderick, Kan.; Robinson, Pa.; V. A. Taylor, O.; Waugh, Ind. (Reps.).

Rivers and Harbors.—Blanchard, La.; Catchings, Miss.; Stewart, Tex.; Lester, Ga.; Clarke, Ala.; Haynes, O.; Weadock, Mich.; Jones, Va.; Page, R. I.; Byrns, Mo. (Dems.); Henderson, Ill.; Hermann, Ore.; Stephenson, Mich.; Stone, Pa.; Quackenbush, N. Y. (Reps.).

Rules.—The Speaker, McMillin, Tenn.; Catchings, Miss. (Dems.); Reed, Me.; Burrows, Mich. (Reps.).

Territories.—Washington, Tenn.; Kilgore, Tex.; Mansur, Mo.; Campbell, N. Y.; Parrett, Ind.; Branch, N. C.; Terry, Ark. (Dems.); Simpson, Kan. (F. A.); Donovan, O. (Dem.); Rife, Pa.; Smith, Ill.; Perkins, Ia.; O'Donnell, Mich. (Reps.); Joseph, N. M. (Dem.).

Ventilation and Acoustics.—Stahlnecker, N. Y.; Stewart, Tex.; Stout, Mich.; Duborow, Ill. (Dems.); Wright, Pa.; O'Donnell, Mich.; Perkins, Ia. (Reps.).

War Claims.—Beltzhoover, Pa.; Stone, Ky.; Enloe, Tenn.; Clancy, N. Y.; Cobb, Mo.; Winn, Ga.; Scott, Ill.; Shell, S. C. (Dems.); Dolliver, Ia.; Pickler, S. D.; Houk, Tenn.; Rife, Pa. (Reps.).

Ways and Means.—Springer, Ill.; McMillin, Tenn.; Turner, Ga.; Wilson, W. Va.; Montgomery, Ky.; Whiting, Mich.; Shively, Ind.; Cockran, N. Y.; Stevens, Mass.; Bryan, Neb. (Dems.); Reed, Me.; Burrows, Mich.; McKenna, Cal.; Payne, N. Y.; Dalzell, Pa. (Reps.).

Alphabetical List

OF THE MEMBERS OF THE FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

SENATE.

DEMOCRATS.

Barbour, John S., Va.
Bate, Wm. B., Tenn.
Berry, James H., Ark.
Blackburn, J. C. S., Ky.
Blodgett, Rufus, N. J.
Brice, C. S., O.
Butler, M. C., S. C.
Call, Wilkinson Fla.
Carlisle, J. G., Ky.
Chilton, H., Tex.
Cockrell, F. M., Mo.
Coke, Richard, Tex.
Colquitt, A. H., Ga.
Daniel, John W., Va.
Faulkner, C. J., W. Va.
George, Jas. Z., Miss.
Gibson, R. L., La.
Gibson, C. H., Md.
Gordon, John B., Ga.
Gorman, A. P., Md.
Gray, George, Del.
Harris, I. G., Tenn.
Hill, David B., N. Y.
Irby, J. L. M., S. C.
Jones, Jas. K., Ark.
Kenna, J. E., W. Va.
McPherson, J. R., N. J.
Morgan, John T., Ala.
Palmer, J. M., Ill.
Pasco, Samuel, Fla.
Pugh, James L., Ala.
Ransom, M. W., N. C.
Turple, David, Ind.
Vance, Z. B., N. C.
Vest, George G., Mo.
Vilas, W. F., Wis.
Vorhees, D. W., Ind.
Walthall, E. C., Miss.
White, E. D., La.
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REPUBLICANS.

Aldrich, N. W., R. I.
Allen, J. B., Wash.
Allison, Wm. B., Ia.
Cameron, J. D., Pa.
Carey, J. M., Wy.
Casey, L. R., N. Dak.
Chandler, W. E., N. H.
Cullom, S. M., Ill.
Davis, C. K., Minn.
Dawes, H. L., Mass.
Dixon, N. F., R. I.
Dolph, Jos. N., Ore.
DuBois, F. T., Id.
Felton, C. N., Cal.
Frye, Wm. P., Me.
Gallinger, J. H., N. H.
Hale, Eugene, Me.
Hansbrough, H. C., N.D.
Hawley, Jos. R., Ct.
Higgins, Anthony, Del.
Hiscock, Frank, N. Y.
Hoar, Geo. F., Mass.
Jones, John P., Nev.
McMillan, Jas., Mich.
Manderson, C. F., Neb.
Mitchell, J. H., Ore.
Morrill, J. S., Vt.
Perkins, B. W., Kan.
Paddock, A. S., Neb.
Pettigrew, R. F., S. D.
Platt, O. H., Ct.
Power, T. C., Mon.
Proctor, R., Vt.
Quay, M. S., Pa.
Sanders, W. F., Mon.
Sawyer, Philetus, Wis.
Sherman, John, O.
Shoup, G. L., Id.
Squire, W. C., Wash.
Stanford, Leland, Cal.
Stewart, W. M., Nev.
Stockbridge, F. B., Mich.
Teller, H. M., Col.
Warren, F. C., Wy.
Washburn, W. D., Minn.
Wilson, Jas. F., Ia.
Wolcott, Edw. O., Col.
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INDEPENDENT.

Kyle, James H., S. Dak.
Peffer, William A., Kan.
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ALPHABETICAL LIST—*Continued.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

DEMOCRATS.

Abbott, Jo., Tex.
Alderson, John D., W. Va.
Alexander, S. B., N. C.
Allen, John M., Miss.
Amerman, Lemuel, Pa.
Andrew, John F., Mass.
Arnold, M., Mo.
Babbitt, C., Wis.
Bacon, H., N. Y.
Bailey, J. W., Tex.
Bankhead, J. H., Ala.
Barwig, C., Wis.
Beeman, J. H., Miss.
Beltzhoover, F. E., Pa.
Bentley, H. W., N. Y.
Blanchard, N. C., La.
Bland, R. P., Mo.
Blount, J. H., Ga.
Boatner, Charles J., La.
Bowman, Thomas, Ia.
Branch, W. A. B., N. C.
Brawley, Wm. H., S. C.
Breckinridge, C. R., Ark.
Breckinridge, W. C. P., Ky
Bretz, John L., Ind.
Brickner, Geo. H., Wis.
Brookshire, Elijah V., Ind.
Brown, Jason B., Ind.
Brunner, D. B., Pa.
Bryan, Wm. J., Neb.
Buchanan, John A., Va.
Bullock, Robert, Fla.
Bunn, B. H., N. C.
Bunting, Thos. L., N. Y.
Busey, S. T., Ill.
Bushnell, A. R., Wis.
Butler, Walter H., Ia.
Bynum, Wm. D., Ind.
Byrns, S., Mo.
Cable, B. T., Ill.
Cadmus, C. A., N. J.
Caminetti, A., Cal.
Campbell, T. J., N. Y.
Capehart, Jas., W. Va.
Caruth, Asher G., Ky.
Castle, J. N., Minn.
Catchings, T. C., Miss.
Cate, Wm. H., Ark.
Causey, J. W., Del.
Chapin, A. C., N. Y.
Chipman, J. L., Mich.
Clancy, John M., N. Y.
Clarke, Richard H., Ala
Cobb, Jas. E., Ala.
Cobb, Seth W., Mo.
Coburn, Frank P., Wis.
Cochran, W. B., N. Y.
Compton, Barnes, Md.
Coolidge, F. S., Mass.
Coombs, Wm. J., N. Y.
Cooper, Geo. W., Ind.
Covert, Jas. W., N. Y.
Cowles, W. H. H., N.C.
Cox, I. N., N. Y.
Cox, Nicholas N., Tenn.
Crain, Wm. H., Tex.
Crawford, Wm. T., N. C.
Crisp, Charles F., Ga.
Crosby, John C., Mass.
Culberson, D. B., Tex.
Cummings, A. J., N. Y.
Daniell, W. F., N. H.
De Armond, D. A., Mo.
De Forest, Robt. E., Ct.
Dickerson, W. W., Ky.
Dixon, Wm. W., Mon.
Dockery, A. M., Mo.
Donovan, Dennis D., O.
Dungan, Irvine, O.
Dunphy, E. J., N. Y.
Durborow, Jr., A. C., Ill.
Edmunds, Paul C., Va.
Elliott, Wm., S. C.
Ellis, Wm. T., Ky.
English, T. D., N. J.
Enloe, B. A., Tenn.
Epes, Jas. F., Va.
Everett, R. Wm., Ga.
Fellows, John R., N. Y.
Fitch, A. P., N. Y.
Fithian, Geo. W., Ill.
Forman, Wm. S., Ill.
Forney, Wm. H., Ala.
Fowler, S., N. J.
Fyan R. W., Mo.
Gantz, M. K, O.
Geary, T. J., Cal.
Geissenhainer, J. A., N. J.
Gillespie, E. P., Pa.
Goodnight, Isaac H., Ky.
Gorman, J. S., Mich.
Grady, B. F., N. C.
Greenleaf, H. S., N. Y.
Hall, O. M., Minn.
Hallowell, E., Pa.
Hamilton, John T., Ia.
Hare, Darius D., O.
Harries, Wm. H., Minn.
Harter, M. D., O.
Hatch, Wm. H., Mo.
Hayes, Walter I., Ia.
Haynes, Wm. E., O.
Heard, John T., Mo.
Hemphill, John J., S. C.
Henderson, J. S., N. C.
Herbert, H. A., Ala.
Hoar, Sherman, Mass.
Holman, Wm. S., Ind.
Hooker, C. E., Miss.
Houk, Geo. W., O.
Johnstone, Geo., S. C.
Johnson, Tom L., O.
Jones, Wm. A., Va.
Kendall, John W., Ky.
Kilgore, C. B., Tex.
Kribbs, Geo. F., Pa.
Kyle, John C., Miss.
Lagan, M. D., La.
Lane, E., Ill.
Lanham, S. W. T., Tex.
Lapham, Oscar, R. I.
Lawson, John, W. Va.
Lawson, T. G., Ga.
Layton, F. C., O.
Lester, P. G., Va.
Lester, R. F., Ga.
Lewis, Clarke, Miss.
Little, J. J., N. Y.
Livingston, L. F., Ga.
Lockwood, D. N., N. Y.
Long, John B., Tex.
Lynch, Thomas, Wis.
Magner, T. F., N. Y.
Mallory, Steph. R., Fla.
Mansur, C. H., Mo.
Martin, A. N., Ind.
Meredith, E. E., Va.
Meyer, Adolph, La.
Miller, Lucas M., Wis.
Mills, Roger Q., Tex.
Mitchell, John L., Wis.
Montgomery, A. B., Ky.
Moore, L. W., Tex.
Moses, Charles F., Ga.
Mutchler, Wm., Pa.
McAleer, Wm., Pa.
McClellan, C. A. O., Ind.
McCreary, Jas. B., Ky.
McDonald, E. F., N. J.
McGann, Law. E., Ill.
McKaig, Wm. M., Md.
McKinney, L. F., N. H.
McMillin, Benton, Tenn.
McRae, T. C., Ark.
Newberry, W. C., Ill.
Norton, R. H., Mo.
Oates, Wm. C., Ala.
O'Ferrall, C. T., Va.
O'Neil, J. H., Mass.
O'Neill, John J., Mo.
Outhwaite, J. H., O.
Owens, Jas. W., O.
Page, Charles H., R. I.
Page, Henry, Md.
Parrett, Wm. F., Ind.
Patterson, J., Tenn.
Pattison, John M., O.
Patton, D. H., Ind.
Paynter, Thos. H., Ky.
Pearson, A. J., O.
Peel, Sam. W., Ark.
Pendleton, J. O., W. Va.
Pierce, Rice A., Tenn.
Price, Andrew, La.
Rayner, Isidor, Md.
Reilly, Jas. B., Pa.
Richardson, J. D., Tenn.
Robertson, Sam. M., La.
Rockwell, H. H., N. Y.
Rusk, H. W., Md.
Sayers, J. D., Tex.
Scott, Owen, Ill.
Seerley, John J., Ia.
Shell, Geo. W., S. C.
Shively, B. F., Ind.
Snodgrass, H. C., Tenn.
Snow, H. W., Ill.
Sperry, L., Ct.
Springer, Wm. H., Ill.
Stackhouse, Ell T., S. C.
Stahlnecker, W. G., N. Y.
Stevens, M. T., Mass.
Steward, Lewis, Ill.
Stewart, Charles, Tex.
Stockdale, T. R., Miss.
Stone, Wm. J., Ky.
Stout, Byron G., Mich.
Stump, Herman, Md.
Tarsney, John C., Mo.
Terry, Wm. L., Ark.
Tillman, Geo. D., S. C.
Tracey, Charles, N. Y.
Tucker, H. St. G., Va.
Turner, H. G., Ga.
Turpin, L. W., Ala.
Van Horn, G. O., N. Y.
Warner, J. DeW., N. Y.
Warwick, J. G., O.
Washington, J. E., Tenn.
Watson, T. E., Ga
Weadock, T. A. E., Mich.
Wheeler, Joseph, Ala.
Wheeler, H. H., Mich.
White, Fred. E., Ia.
Whiting, J. R., Mich.
Wike, Scott, Ill.
Wilcox, W. F., Ct.
Williams, A. H. A., N. C.
Williams, G. F., Mass.
Williams, J. R., Ill.
Wilson, R. P. C., Mo.
Wilson, Wm L., W. Va.
Winn, T. E., Ga.
Wise, Geo. D., Va.
Wolverton, S. P., Pa.
Youmans, H. M., Mich. —236

REPUBLICANS.

Atkinson, L. E., Pa.
Bartine, H. F., Nev.
Belden, Jas. J., N. Y.
Belknap, C. E., Mich.
Bergen, C. A., N. J.
Bingham, H. H., Pa.
Boutelle, Charles A., Me.
Bowers, Wm. H., Cal.
Broderick, Case, Kan.
Brosius, M., Pa.
Buchanan, J., N. J.
Burrows, J. C., Mich.
Caldwell, John A., O.
Cheatham, H. P., N. C.
Clark, Clarence D., Wy.
Cogswell, Wm., Mass.
Curtis, N. M., N. Y.
Cutting, J. T., Cal.
Dalzell, John, Pa.
Dingley, Jr., N., Me.
Doan, R. E., O.
Dolliver, J. P., Ia.
Enochs, Wm. H., O.
Flick, J. P., Ia.
Funston, E. H., Kan.
Griswold, M., Pa.
Grout, Wm. W., Vt.
Harmer, A. C., Pa.
Haugen, Nils P., Wis.
Henderson, D. B., Ia.
Henderson, T. J., Ill.
Hermann, B., Ore.
Hitt, Robert R., Ill.
Hooker, W. B., N. Y.
Hopkins, A. C., Pa.
Hopkins, A. J., Ill.
Huff, Geo. F., Pa.
Hull, John A. T., Ia.
Houk, John C., Tenn.
Johnson, M. N., N. D.
Johnson, H. U., Ind.
Jolley, John L., S. D.
Ketcham, J. H., N. Y.
Linn, John, Minn.
Lodge, H. C., Mass.
Loud, E. F., Cal.
McKenna, Joseph, Cal.
Milliken, Seth L., Me.
Morse, Elijah A., Mass.
O'Donnell, J., Mich.
O'Neill, Charles, Pa.
Payne, Sereno E., N. Y.
Perkins, George D., Ia.
Pickler, John A., S. D.
Post, Philip S., Ill.
Powers, H. H., Vt.
Quackenbush, J. A., N. Y.
Raines, John, N. Y.
Randall, C. S., Mass.
Ray, Geo. W., N. Y.
Reed, Thos. B., Me.
Reyburn, John E., Pa.
Rife, John W., Pa.
Robinson, John B., Pa.
Russell, C. R., Ct.
Sanford, John, N. Y.
Scull, E., Pa.
Shonk, Geo. W., Pa.
Smith, Geo. W., Ill.
Stephenson, S. M., Mich.
Stewart, Andrew, Pa.
Stone, Charles W., Pa.
Stone, Wm. A., Pa.
Storer, B., O.
Sweet, Willis, Idaho.
Taylor, Abner, Ill.
Taylor, Alfred A., Tenn.
Taylor, E. B., O.
Taylor, J. D., O.
Taylor, V. A., O.
Townsend, Hosea, Col.
Wadsworth, J. W., N. Y.
Walker, J. H., Mass.
Waugh, D., Ind.
Wever, John M., N. Y.
Wilson, John H., Ky.
Wilson, John L., Wash.
Wright, M. B., Pa. —88

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

Baker, William, Kan.
Clover, Benj. H., Kan.
Davis, John, Kan.
Halvorsen, K., Minn.
Kem, O. M., Neb.
McKeighan, W. A., Neb.
Otis, John G., Kan.
Simpson, Jeremiah, Kan. —8

RATIO OF REPRESENTATION IN THE U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

From 1789 to 1792	as provided by the United States Constitution				30,000
" 1792 " 1803	based on the United States Census of			1790	33,000
" 1803 " 1813	" " " " " " "			1800	33,000
" 1813 " 1823	" " " " " " "			1810	35,000
" 1823 " 1833	" " " " " " "			1820	40,000
" 1833 " 1843	" " " " " " "			1830	47,700
" 1843 " 1853	" " " " " " "			1840	70,680
" 1853 " 1863	" " " " " " "			1850	93,420
" 1863 " 1873	" " " " " " "			1860	127,381
" 1873 " 1883	" " " " " " "			1870	131,425
" 1883 " 1893	" " " " " " "			1880	151,912
" 1893 " 1903	" " " " " " "			1890	173,901

Party Divisions.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES; 51ST AND 52D CONGRESSES.

States.	Fifty-first Congress *		Fifty-second Congress.			States.	Fifty-first Congress.*		Fifty-second Congress.		
	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	F. A.		Dem.	Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	F. A.
Alabama	7	1	8	..	..	Nebraska	..	3	1	..	2
Arkansas	4	1	5	..	..	Nevada	..	1	..	1	..
California	2	4	2	4	..	N. Hampshire	..	2	2	..	..
Colorado	..	1	..	1	..	New-Jersey	3	4	5	2	..
Connecticut	1	3	3	1	..	New-York	16	18	23	11	..
Delaware	1	..	1	..	..	North-Carolina	6	3	8	1	..
Florida	2	..	2	..	..	North-Dakota	..	1	..	1	..
Georgia	10	..	10	..	..	Ohio	5	16	14	7	..
Idaho	..	1	..	1	..	Oregon	..	1	..	1	..
Illinois	7	13	14	6	..	Pennsylvania	7	21	10	18	..
Indiana	10	3	11	2	..	Rhode-Island	..	2	2	..	..
Iowa	1	10	6	5	..	South-Carolina	6	1	7	..	..
Kansas	..	7	..	2	5	South-Dakota	..	2	..	2	..
Kentucky	9	2	10	1	..	Tennessee	7	3	8	2	..
Louisiana	5	1	6	..	..	Texas	11	..	11	..	..
Maine	..	4	..	4	..	Vermont	..	2	..	2	..
Maryland	3	3	6	..	..	Virginia	6	4	10	..	..
Massachusetts	2	10	7	5	..	Washington	..	1	..	1	..
Michigan	2	9	7	4	..	West-Virginia	2	2	4	..	..
Minnesota	..	5	3	1	1	Wisconsin	2	7	8	1	..
Mississippi	7	..	7	..	..	Wyoming	..	1	..	1	..
Missouri	10	4	14	.	..						
Montana	..	1	1	..	..	Total	154	†178	236	88	8

* As constituted at the second session, after Democratic members had been unseated and replaced by Republican contestants. † Including one Independent Republican (Featherstone, of Arkansas), seated in place of a Democrat.

The New Apportionment.

UNDER the act to apportion Representatives in Congress among the States under the Federal Census of population in 1890, which passed Congress and was approved February 7, 1891, the whole number of Representatives after March 4, 1893, will be 356. In accordance with the act, the several States will be represented in the lower House of the Fifty-third Congress by the number of members stated in the first column, and consequently be entitled to the number of Presidential electoral votes stated in the second column below.

States.	Representatives in the 53d Congress.	Electoral Votes in the next Presidential Election.	States.	Representatives in the 53d Congress.	Electoral Votes in the next Presidential Election.	States.	Representatives in the 53d Congress.	Electoral Votes in the next Presidential Election.
Ala	9	11	Md	6	8	Pa	30	32
Ark	6	8	Mass	13	15	R. I.	2	4
Cal	7	9	Mich	12	14	S. C.	7	9
Col	2	4	Minn	7	9	S. Dak	2	4
Ct	4	6	Miss	7	9	Tenn	10	12
Del	1	3	Missouri	15	17	Texas	13	15
Florida	2	4	Mont.	1	3	Verm'nt	2	4
Georgia	11	13	Neb	6	8	Virginia	10	12
Idaho	1	3	Nevada	1	3	Wash	2	4
Illinois	22	24	N. H.	2	4	W. Va.	4	6
Indiana	13	15	N. J.	8	10	Wis	10	12
Iowa	11	13	N. Y.	34	36	Wyo	1	3
Kansas	8	10	N. C.	9	11			
Ky	11	13	N. Dak	1	3	Total	356	444
La	6	8	Ohio	21	23			
Maine	4	6	Oregon	2	4			

Electoral votes necessary to a choice 223

(JANUARY 1, 1892.)

Governor .....Roswell P. Flower, Watertown....Term ex. Dec. 31, 1894..Salary, $10,000 and mansion.
Lieutenant-Governor.William F. Sheeban, Buffalo..... " " " 1894.. " 5,000.

Secretary of State.....	Frank Rice, Canandalgua.....	Term ex. Dec. 31, 1894..	Salary,	$5,000
Comptroller.....	Frank Campbell, Bath.....	" " " 1894..	"	6,000
State Treasurer.....	Elliot Danforth, Bainbridge.....	" " " 1894..	"	5,000
Attorney-General.....	S. W. Rosendale, Albany	" " " 1894..	"	5,000
State Engineer and Surveyor....	Martin Schenck, Greenbush.....	" " " 1894..	"	5,000
Supt. of Public Instruction.....	Andrew S. Draper, Albany.....	" " ——.	"	5,000
Superintendent of Insurance....	James F. Pierce, Brooklyn.....	" " Jan. 24, 1892..	"	7,000
Deputy Supt. of Insurance.....	Michael Shannon, New-York.....	" " ——.	"	4,500
Superintendent Banking Dept...	Charles M. Preston, Rondout.....	" " Dec. 23, 1892..	"	5,000
Superintendent State Prisons....	Austin Lathrop, Corning.....	" " May 8, 1892..	"	6,000
Superintendent Public Works...	Edward Hannan, Troy.....	" " Dec. 31, 1894...	"	6,000

State Assessors, John D. Ellis, Antwerp.
" " Staley S. Wood, Hinsdale.
" " James L Williams, Poughkeepsie.
Salaries, $2,500 each.

CANAL BOARD.

Lieutenant-Governor, William F. Sheehan.
Secretary of State, Frank Rice.
Comptroller, Frank Campbell.
State Treasurer, Elliot Danforth.
Attorney-General, S. W. Rosendale.
State Engineer and Surveyor, Martin Schenck.
Superintendent of Public Works, Edward Hannan.

COMMISSIONER OF THE CAPITOL.

Isaac G. Perry, Binghamton. Salary, $7,500.

The State Assessors, with the Commissioners of the Land Office, constitute a State Board of Equalization.

COMMISSIONERS OF CANAL FUND.

Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Comptroller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.

William A. Poste, Canton.
John A. Sleicher, Albany.
Alexander C. Eustace, Elmira.
Salaries, $2,000 each.

STATE BOARD OF ARBITRATION AND MEDIATION.

William Purcell, Rochester.
Gilbert Robertson, Jr., Troy.
Florence F. Donovan, Brooklyn.

STATE FOREST COMMISSION.

Theodore B. Basselin, Croghan.
Dudley Farlin.
Townsend Cox, Long Island.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Alfred B. Huested, Albany.
Edward S. Dawson, Jr , Syracuse.
T. Hungerford Smith, Ausable Forks.
Curtis S. Haskin, Rochester.
Charles K. Brown, Deposit.

STATE FACTORY INSPECTOR.

James Connolly, New-York.

STATE AGENT FOR DISCHARGED CONVICTS.

Michael Conway, Troy.

STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR.

Adj.-General.....Maj.-Gen. Josiah Porter. New-York.
Inspector-Gen....Brig.-Gen. T. H. McGrath Albany.
Chf. of Ordn'nce.Brig.-Gen. J. M. Varian..New-York.
Eng -in-Chief.....Brig.-Gen. P. C. Ricketts. Troy.
Chf. of Artillery.Brig.-Gen. F. P. Earle...New-York.
Judge Adv.-Gen..Brig.-Gen. A. F. Jenks..Brooklyn.
Surgeon-Gen. ... .Brig.-Gen. Jos. D. Bryant. New-York.
Quarterm.-Gen...Brig.-Gen. W. M. West. Hamilton.
Paymaster-Gen...Brig -Gen. F. R. Halsey. New-York.
Com.-Gen. of Sub.Brig.-Gen. G. D. Sanford. Peekskill.
Gen. Inspector of Rifle Practice..Brig.-Gen. B. M. Whitlock. New-York.
Aides-de-Camp, Colonels Jacob Ruppert, Jr., of New-York; John McGee, of Watkins; Thomas E. Sloan, of New-York; Charles S. Rodgers, of Hudson; William L. Davis, of New-York; Robert Grier Monroe, of New-York, and T. S. Williams, of New-York.

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

George M. Beebe, Monticello.
Wilber F. Porter, Watertown.
Hugh Reilly, Albany.
Edwin M. Holbrook, *Chief Clerk*.

Railroad Commissioners, Michael Rickard, Utica.
" " William E. Rogers, Garrison's.
" " I. V. Baker, Jr., Comstock's.
Salaries, $8,000 each.

COMMISSIONERS OF LAND OFFICE.

Lieutenant-Governor, William F. Sheehan.
Speaker of Assembly, Robert P. Bush.
Secretary of State, Frank Rice.
Comptroller, Frank Campbell.
State Treasurer, Elliot Danforth.
Attorney-General, S. W. Rosendale.
State Engineer and Surveyor, Martin Schenck.

NIAGARA PARK COMMISSIONERS.

Andrew H. Green, New-York.
James Mooney, Buffalo.
John Hodge, Lockport.
Daniel Batcheler, Utica.
John M. Bowers, New-York.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Thomas Newbold, Poughkeepsie, *President*.
Lewis Balch, Albany, *Secretary*.
Dr. W. E. Milbank, Albany.
Dr. Thomas S. Dawes, Saugerties.
Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, New-York.
Florence O. Donohue, Syracuse.
S. W. Rosendale, Attorney-General, *ex-officio*.
William M. Smith, Health Officer of New-York City, *ex-officio*.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.

Henry Burden, Troy.
William H. Bowman, Rochester.
D. G. Hackney, Fort Plain.
A. S. Joline, Tottenville.
Lawrence D. Huntington, New-Rochelle.

QUARANTINE COMMISSIONERS.

John A. Nichols, Richmond.
Charles F. Allen, New-York.
George W. Anderson, Brooklyn.

COMMISSIONERS OF STATE SURVEY.

Francis A. Stout, New-York.
David J. Johnston, Cohoes.
Samuel B. Ward, Albany.
David M. Greene, Troy.

COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

Edgar L. Ridgway, New-York City.
Charles F. Ulrich, Yonkers.
Edmund Stephenson, New-York City.
George Starr, New-York City.
Henry A. Hurlbut, New-York City.
Daniel D. Wylie, New-York City.
The Mayor of New-York and the Presidents of the Irish and German Emigrant Societies, *ex-officio*.

COMMISSIONER OF LABOR STATISTICS.

Charles F. Peck, Hornellsville.

STATE SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Lewis Boss, Albany.

COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

Carlos F. McDonald, Auburn; Goodwin Brown, Albany; Henry A. Reeves, Greenport.

Committees of the New-York Legislature.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

Finance.—Cantor, McCarren, Parker, Osborne, Bloodgood, Erwin and Smith.
Judiciary.—Roesch, Parker, McMahon, Cantor, McClelland, Bloodgood, Saxton, O'Connor and Mullin.
Taxation and Retrenchment.—Parker, Plunkitt, Osborne, Erwin and O'Connor.
General Laws.—McMahon, Parker, Cantor, Endres, Erwin, Cogseshall and Smith.
Railroads.—Edwards, Plunkitt, McCarthy, Hagan, McClelland, Walker and Mullin.
Cities.—Brown, Hagan, McCarthy, Endres, Nichols, Cogseshall and Richardson.
Commerce and Navigation.—McCarren, Ahearn, Hagan, Osborne, Floyd-Jones, Aspinall and Parsons.
Canals.—Endres, McMahon, McCarren, Bloodgood, Donaldson, Parsons and Derby.
Insurance.—McClelland, Ahearn, McCarthy, Roesch, Floyd-Jones, Saxton and Aspinall.
Miscellaneous Corporations.—Plunkitt, Nichols, Walker, Saxton and Parsons.
Banks.—Ahearn, McCarren and Emerson.
State Prisons.—McCarthy, McCarren, McClelland, Hunter and Van Gorder.
Engrossed Bills.—Plunkitt, Floyd-Jones, Nichols, Donaldson and Van Gorder.
Internal Affairs of Towns and Counties.—Walker, Osborne and Derby.
Public Education.—Edwards, Cantor and Brown.
Public Health.—Parker, Ahearn and Edwards.
Manufactures.—Walker, McCarthy and Richardson.
Claims.—Hagan, Walker and Coggeshall.
Roads and Bridges.—Bloodgood, Brown and Richardson.
Erection and Division of Towns and Counties.—Osborne, Roesch and O'Connor.
Indian Affairs.—Endres, Edwards and Hunter.
Poor Laws.—Bloodgood, Hagan and Smith.
Salt.—Nichols, Hagan and Van Gorder.
Game Laws.—Floyd-Jones, McMahon and Donaldson.
Grievances.—Brown, McCarren and Mullin.
Public Buildings.—McCarthy, Plunkitt and Hunter.
Public Expenditures.—McCarren, Edwards and Emerson.
Agriculture.—Nichols, Floyd-Jones and Edwards.
Rules.—Cantor, Parker and Erwin.
Joint Library.—McClelland, Roesch and Aspinall.
Militia.—McMahon, Bloodgood and Hunter.
Public Printing.—Ahearn, Brown and Donaldson.

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEES.

Ways and Means.—Bush, of Ulster, Riley, Connolly, Farquhar, Quigley, Laing, Hall, Husted, Deyo, Malby and A. H. Pierson.
Judiciary.—Sulzer, Hitt, Cooney, Stein, Martin, Ryan, Hahlo, Husted, Stranahan, Kennedy and Clark.
General Laws.—Guenther, Bush, of Ulster, Shields, Southworth, Quigley, Cahill, Patten, Varney, Ward, Keeler and Hoag.
Revision.—Quigley, Connolly, Patten, Hahlo, Ryan, Cole, Fraser, Ward, Woodbury, Lang and Malone.
Codes.—Shields, Webster, Sulzer, Stein, Judd, Southworth, Patten, Kennedy, Malby, Varney and Woodbury.
Taxation and Retrenchment.—Ryan, Foley, Gillette, Ott, Gore, Walker, Ladue, Keiler, Wheeler, Fuller and Congdon.
Canals.—Gould, Gorman, Haley, Judd, Goldberg, Plant, Gore, Gallagher, Stevenson, McCormick and Dexter.
Affairs of Cities.—Webster, Dinkelspiel, Cooney, Mullaney, Byrnes, Rice, Cassin, Clahan, Gallagher, Sellick and Buck.
Railroads.—Hitt, Townsend, O'Connor, Gould, Byrne, Guenther, Duffy, Quackenbush, Chamberlain, Jones and Adams.
Commerce and Navigation.—Sullivan, Byrnes, Rice, Wissig, Kelly, Foley, Yetman, Noyes, Wheeler, Gallagher and Listman.
Insurance.—Connelly, Fraser, Sohmer, Roche, McCormick, Plant, Drypolcher, Pierson, Denniston, Husted and Green.
Banks.—Gorman, Farquhar, Warner, Vanderwater, Judson, Willard, McManus, Brink, Gifford, Stanton and Tripp.
Affairs of Villages.—Yetman, Ryan, Judson, Gillette, Ladue, Cole, Fraser, Lang, Whitcomb, Tracy and Wait.
Public Printing.—Cole, Drypolcher, Beakes, Dinkelspiel, Riley, Roche, Lamont, Brown, Porter, Weed and Conrady.
Public Health.—Duffy, Beakes, McManus, Goldberg, Kenny, Willard, La Grange, Green, Palmer, McCormick and Matthews.
Public Education.—Southworth, Quigley, Sohmer, Cassin, Wissig, Vanderwater, Lamont, Worden, Chamberlain, Denniston and Stevenson.
Electricity, Gas and Water Supply.—Martin, Roche, Kelly, Mulvaney, Cahill, Ryan, O'Dair, Deyo, Reid, Congdon and Patchen.
Internal Affairs.—Townsend, Ladue, Vanderwater, Warner, Finnigan, Gove, Lamont, Brown, Brinkerhoff, Olin and Reed.
Labor and Industries.—Haley, Drypolcher, Ott, Finnigan, Clahan, Hall, Yetman, Wheeler, Conkling, Curran and Malone.
Excise.—Foley, Ott, Goldberg, Haley, Gorman, Rice, McCormick, Conrady, Mills, Listman and Clark.
Claims.—McManus, O'Connor, Wissig, Haley, Dinkelspiel, Byrne, Thornton, Fuller and Conkling.
Federal Relations.—Byrnes, Goodsell, Fraser, Townsend, Finnigan, Byrne, Conkling, Brink and Brinkerhoff.
Charitable and Religious Societies.—Hahlo, Clahan, Cassin, Sullivan, Kinne, Vanderwater, Reed, Curran and Dexter.
State Prisons.—Hall, McCormick, Mullaney, Guenther, Beakes, Noyes, Smith and Cowan.
Fisheries and Game.—O'Connor, Judson, O'Dair, Townsend, Gould, Ryan, Pierson, Roberts and Palmer.
Privileges and Elections.—Cooney, Riley, Walker, McCormick, Patten, Clahan, Brown, Roberts and Tracy.
Trade and Manufactures.—Dinkelspiel, Gorman, Sohmer, Walker, McManus, O'Dair, Jones, Weeks and Wells.
Agriculture.—Gillette, Laing, Warner, Goodell, Cole, Kinne, Olin, Stanton and Whitcomb.
Indian Affairs.—Judd, Willard, Laing, Lamont, Guenther, Ryan, Adams, Wheeler and Tripp.
Rules.—Bush, of Ulster, Hitt, Sulzer, Husted, Gallagher and the Speaker.
Public Lands and Forestry.—Stein, Gould, Connolly, Quackenbush, La Grange, Goodell, Judson, Sellick, Gifford, Matthews and Smith.
Public Institutions.—Sohmer, Goldberg, Foley, Judd, Sulzer, Webster, Southworth, Hoag, Weeks, Porter and Conklin.
Military Affairs.—Farquhar, Walker, Willard, Shields, Quackenbush, Martin, Ryan, Brown, Reid, Cowan and Weed.
Soldiers' Home.—Wissig, Kinne, Plant, Webster, Duffy, Quackenbush, Beakes, Patchen, Warden, Pierson and Buck.
Printed and Engrossed Bills.—Kelly, Sullivan, La Grange, Stranahan and Thornton.
Unfinished Business.—Cahill, La Grange, Drypolcher, Brown and Wait.

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

SESSION OF 1892.

SENATE.

President, Lieutenant-Governor William F. Sheehan, Dem., of Erie County.
Clerk, Charles T. Dunning, Dem., of Orange County.

Dist.	Names of Senators.	Politics.	P. O. Address.
1	Edward Floyd-Jones	Dem.	Seaford.
2	John McCarty	Dem.	Brooklyn.
3	Joseph Aspinall	Rep.	Brooklyn.
4	Patrick H. McCarren*	Dem.	Brooklyn.
5	William L. Brown*	Dem.	New-York.
6	John F. Ahearn*	Dem.	New-York.
7	George F. Roesch*	Dem.	New-York.
8	Martin T. McMahon	Dem.	New-York.
9	Edward P. Hagan	Dem.	New-York.
10	Jacob A. Cantor*	Dem.	New-York.
11	George W. Plunkitt	Dem.	New-York.
12	Charles P. McClelland	Dem.	Dobb's Ferry.
13	William P. Richardson*	Rep.	Goshen.
14	Clarence E. Bloodgood	Dem.	Catskill.
15	Edward B. Osborne	Dem.	Poughkeepsie.
16	John H. Derby	Rep.	Sandy Hill.
17	Amasa J. Parker	Dem.	Albany.
18	Harvey J. Donaldson*	Rep.	Ballston Spa.
19	Louis W. Emerson*	Rep.	Warrensburgh.
20	George Z. Erwin*	Rep.	Potsdam.
21	Joseph Mullin	Rep.	Watertown.
22	Henry J. Coggeshall*	Rep.	Waterville.
23	John E. Smith	Rep.	Morrisville.
24	Edmund O'Connor*	Rep.	Binghamton.
25	John A. Nichols	Dem.	De Witt.
26	Thomas Hunter*	Rep.	Sterling.
27	Charles E. Walker	Dem.	
28	Charles T. Saxton*	Rep.	Clyde.
29	Cornelius R. Parsons	Rep.	Rochester.
30	G. S. Van Gorder*	Rep.	Pike.
31	Matthias Endres	Dem.	Buffalo.
32	James T. Edwards	In.Rep.	Randolph.

Democrats	17
Republicans	14
Independent Republican	1

* Members of the last Senate.

ASSEMBLY.

Speaker, Robert P. Bush, Dem., of Chemung County.
Clerk, Charles R. De Freest, Dem., of Rensselaer County.

ALBANY.

Dist.	Names of Members.	Politics.	P. O. Address.
1	Artcher La Grange	Dem.	Slingerlands.
2	Walter Ellis Ward*	Rep.	Albany.
3	Galen R. Hitt*	Dem.	Albany.
4	John T. Gorman*	Dem.	Cohoes.

ALLEGANY.

Marcus M. Congdon ....Rep...W. Clarksville.

BROOME.

Israel T. Deyo*.....Rep...Binghamton.

CATTARAUGUS.

1 Wm. Egbert Wheeler...Rep...Portville.
2 Solon S. Laing.... .....Dem..East Otto.

CAYUGA.

1 Charles Clinton Adams..Rep...Weedsport.
2 William Leslie Noyes*..Rep...Owasco.

CHAUTAUQUA.

1 Walter C. Gifford*.....Rep...Jamestown.
2 Egburt E. Woodbury*..Rep...Jamestown.

CHEMUNG.

Robert P. Bush*.....Dem..Horseheads.

CHENANGO.

Charles H. Stanton.....Rep...Plymouth.

CLINTON.

Edward Hall ....Dem..Lyon M'ntain.

COLUMBIA.

Henry L. Warner.....Dem..Canaan 4 Cors.

CORTLAND.

James H. Tripp.....Rep...Marathon.

DELAWARE.

James R. Cowan. .....Rep...Hobart

DUTCHESS.

Dist.	Names of Members.	Politics.	P. O. Address.
1	Obed Wheeler	Rep.	South Dover.
2	John A. Vanderwater	Dem.	Poughkeepsie.

ERIE.

1 John J. Clahan.....Dem..Buffalo.
2 Jacob Goldberg.....Dem..Buffalo.
3 Edward Gallagher*.....Rep...Buffalo.
4 Henry H. Guenther*....Dem. Buffalo.
5 Myron H. Clark.....Rep...Elma.

ESSEX.

Walter D. Palmer*.....Rep...Essex.

FRANKLIN.

Allen S. Matthews..... Rep...Ft. Covington.

FULTON AND HAMILTON.

Horace S. Judson..... Dem..Gloversville.

GENESEE.

Charles Newton Reed....Rep...North Bergen.

GREENE.

Edward M. Cole.....Dem..Windham.

HERKIMER.

Henry H. Green*..... Rep...Paine's Hollow

JEFFERSON.

1 Harrison Fuller.....Rep...Adam'sCentre.
2 Martin L. Willard.....Dem..Antwerp.

KINGS.

1 Joseph J. Cahill*.....Dem. Brooklyn.
2 William J. Plant.....Dem..Brooklyn.
3 John Cooney*... .....Dem..Brooklyn.
4 John J. O'Connor*. ... Dem..Brooklyn.
5 John Kelly*..... ..Dem..Brooklyn.
6 William E. Shields* ....Dem..Brooklyn.
7 Louis C. Ott.... .....Dem..Brooklyn.

ASSEMBLY—*Continued.*

KINGS—*continued.*

Dist.	*Names of Members.*	*Politics.*	*P. O. Address.*
8	James F. Quigley*	Dem.	Brooklyn.
9	Laurence E. Malone	Rep.	Brooklyn.
10	Thomas F. Byrnes*	Dem.	Brooklyn.
11	George L. Weed	Rep.	Brooklyn.
12	Charles A. Conrady	Rep.	Bath Beach.

LEWIS.

G. H. P. Gould* ... Dem. Lyon's Falls.

LIVINGSTON.

Jesse Roberts ... Rep. Scottsburg.

MADISON.

Clarence W. Dexter ... Rep. Munnsville.

MONROE.

1 Frank M. Jones* ... Rep. Webster.
2 Richard Curran ... Rep. Rochester.
3 William H. Denniston* ... Rep. Parma Centre.

MONTGOMERY.

George J. Gove ... Dem. Rural Grove.

NEW-YORK.

1 Patrick H. Duffy* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
2 Timothy D. Sullivan* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
3 Percival Farquhar* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
4 Patrick Henry Roche* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
5 Dominick F. Mullaney* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
6 Samuel J. Foley* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
7 Alfred R. Conkling ... Rep. N. Y. City.
8 Philip Wissig ... Dem. N. Y. City.
9 W. H. Walker ... Dem. N. Y. City.
10 William Sohmer* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
11 William N. Hoag ... Rep. N. Y. City.
12 Moses Dinkelspiel* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
13 James H. Southworth* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
14 William Sulzer* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
15 Louis Drypolcher* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
16 Walter G. Byrne* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
17 T. J. McManus ... Dem. N. Y. City.
18 Daniel F. Martin* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
19 John Connolly* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
20 Myer J. Stein* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
21 Louis H. Hahlo ... Dem. N. Y. City.
22 William J. O'Dair ... Dem. N. Y. City.
23 George P. Webster* ... Dem. N. Y. City.
24 James L. Wells ... Rep. N. Y. City.

NIAGARA.

1 Garwood L. Judd* ... Dem. Tonawanda.
2 Levi Parsons Gillette* ... Dem. Youngstown.

ONEIDA.

1 Cornelius Haley* ... Dem. Utica.
2 Harry Sherburn Patten ... Dem. Whitesboro.
3 Chester Winfield Porter ... Rep. North Western

ONONDAGA.

1 Patrick J. Ryan ... Dem. Syracuse.
2 William Kennedy* ... Rep. Syracuse.
3 Adam C. Listman ... Rep. Syracuse.

ONTARIO.

Frank O. Chamberlain* ... Rep. Canandaigua.

ORANGE.

1 Howard Thornton ... Rep. Newburgh.
2 W. E. McCormick ... Dem. Port Jervis.

ORLEANS.

Adelbert J. McCormick ... Rep. Medina.

OSWEGO.

1 Nevada N. Stranahan* ... Rep. Fulton.
2 Wilbur H. Selleck* ... Rep. Williamstown.

Dist.	*Names of Members.*	*Politics.*	*P. O. Address.*
	OTSEGO.		
1	Charles Goodell	Dem.	Worcester.
2	Walter L. Brown*	Rep.	Oneonta.
	PUTNAM.		
	William H. Ladue	Dem.	Cold Spring.
	QUEENS.		
1	Solomon S. Townsend*	Dem.	Oyster Bay.
2	George L. Weeks	Rep.	Seaford.
	RENSSELAER.		
1	James M. Riley*	Dem.	Troy.
2	Levi E. Worden*	Rep.	Hoosick Falls.
3	John J. Cassin	Dem.	Greenbush.
	RICHMOND.		
	Hubbard R. Yetman	Dem.	Tottenville.
	ROCKLAND.		
	Thomas Finegan	Dem.	Haverstraw.
	ST. LAWRENCE.		
1	George R. Malby*	Rep.	Ogdensburg.
2	John C. Keeler*	Rep.	Canton.
3	Lewis C. Lang	Rep.	Brasher Falls.
	SARATOGA.		
1	Frank L. Smith	Rep.	Birchton.
2	Lewis Varney*	Rep.	SaratogaSpr'gs
	SCHENECTADY.		
	Alvin J. Quackenbush*	Dem.	Schenectady.
	SCHOHARIE.		
	William T. Lamont	Dem.	Richmondville.
	SCHUYLER.		
	William H. Wait	Rep.	Watkins.
	SENECA.		
	William Halsey Kinne	Dem.	Ovid.
	STEUBEN.		
1	Gordon M. Patchin	Rep.	Wayland.
2	Herman E. Buck	Rep.	Canisteo.
	SUFFOLK.		
	James H. Pierson*	Rep.	Southampton.
	SULLIVAN.		
	George M. Beakes*	Dem.	Bloomingb'rgh
	TIOGA.		
	Edward G. Tracy	Rep.	Waverly.
	TOMPKINS.		
	Albert Henry Pierson	Rep.	Trumansburgh
	ULSTER.		
1	George M. Brink*	Rep.	Kingston.
2	Jacob Rice*	Dem.	Rondout.
3	George H. Bush*	Dem.	Ellenville.
	WARREN.		
	Howard Conkling	Rep.	Luzerne.
	WASHINGTON.		
1	William D. Stevenson*	Rep.	North Argyle.
2	William Reid	Rep.	West Hebron.
	WAYNE.		
1	George W. Brinkerhoff	Rep.	Red Creek.
2	Flynn Whitcomb	Rep.	Ontario.
	WESTCHESTER.		
1	Thomas K. Fraser	Dem.	Hast.-on-Hud.
2	William Ryan*	Dem.	Port Chester.
3	James W. Husted*	Rep.	Peekskill.
	WYOMING.		
	Milo H. Olin	Rep.	Perry.
	YATES.		
	Everett Brown*	Rep.	Bluff Point.

RECAPITULATION.

Democrats	67
Republicans	61
	128

* Members of the last Assembly.

Judiciary of the State of New-York.

JUDGES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Judges.	Residences.	County.	Politics.	Terms Expire.
Robert Earl, Chief Judge	Herkimer	Herkimer	Dem.	Dec. 31, 1904
Charles Andrews, Associate Judge	Syracuse	Onondaga	Rep.	" 31, 1897
John Clinton Gray, "	New-York	New-York	Dem.	" 31, 1902
Rufus W. Peckham, "	Albany	Albany	Dem.	" 31, 1900
Isaac H. Maynard, "	Stamford	Delaware	Dem.	" 31, 1894
Denis O'Brien, "	Watertown	Jefferson	Dem.	" 31, 1903
Francis M. Finch, "	Ithaca	Tompkins	Rep.	" 31, 1895

Clerk, Gorham Parks, Albany; Deputy, Wm. H. Shankland, Cortland; Reporter, H. E. Sickels, Albany.

Second Division.

C. Frank Brown	Newburgh	Orange	Dem.	
Alton B. Parker	Kingston	Ulster	Dem.	
Judson S. Landon	Schenectady	Schenectady	Rep.	
Irving G. Vann	Syracuse	Onondaga	Rep.	
David L. Follett	Norwich	Chenango	Rep.	
George B. Bradley	Corning	Steuben	Dem.	
Albert Haight	Buffalo	Erie	Rep.	

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Districts and Counties.	Justices.	Residence.	Politics.	Terms Expire.
1st. The City and County of New-York.	George C. Barrett	New-York	Dem.	Dec. 31, 1899
	Edward Patterson	"	Dem.	" 31, 1900
	Abraham R. Lawrence	"	Dem.	" 31, 1901
	Morgan J. O'Brien	"	Dem.	" 31, 1901
	George L. Ingraham	"	Dem.	" 31, 1905
	George P. Andrews	"	Dem.	" 31, 1897
	Charles H. Van Brunt	"	Dem.	" 31, 1897
2d. Richmond, Suffolk, Orange, Kings, Westchester, Queens, Rockland, Dutchess and Putnam counties.	C. Frank Brown	Newburgh	Dem.	" 31, 1896
	Joseph F. Barnard	Poughkeepsie	Dem.	" 31, 1893
	Jackson O. Dykman	Newburgh	Rep.	" 31, 1903
	Calvin E. Pratt	Brooklyn	Dem.	" 31, 1905
	Edgar M. Cullen	"	Dem.	" 31, 1894
	Willard Bartlett	"	Dem.	" 31, 1897
3d. Columbia, Rensselaer, Sullivan, Ulster, Albany, Greene and Schoharie counties.	D. Cady Herrick	Albany	Dem.	" 31, 1905
	Alton B. Parker	Kingston	Dem.	" 31, 1900
	Edgar L. Fursman	Troy	Dem.	" 31, 1903
	Samuel Edwards	Hudson	Dem.	" 31, 1901
	Stephen L. Mayham	Schoharie	Dem.	" 31, 1895
4th. Warren, Saratoga, St. Lawrence, Washington, Essex, Franklin, Clinton, Montgomery, Hamilton, Fulton and Schenectady counties.	Leslie W. Russell	Canton	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Judson S. Landon	Schenectady	Rep.	" 31, 1901
	John R. Putnam	Saratoga Springs	Rep.	" 31, 1900
	Martin L. Stover	Amsterdam	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	S. Alonzo Kellogg	Plattsburgh	Rep.	" 31, 1904
5th. Onondaga, Jefferson, Oneida, Oswego, Herkimer and Lewis counties.	George A. Hardin	Little Falls	Rep.	" 31, 1899
	Milton H. Merwin	Utica	Rep.	" 31, 1902
	Maurice L. Wright	Mexico	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Irving G. Vann	Syracuse	Rep.	" 31, 1895
	Pardon C. Williams	Watertown	Rep.	" 31, 1897
	George N. Kennedy	Syracuse	Rep.	" 31, 1892
6th. Otsego, Delaware, Madison, Chenango, Tompkins, Broome, Chemung, Schuyler, Tioga and Cortland counties.	Charles E. Parker	Owego	Rep.	" 31, 1901
	David L. Follett	Norwich	Rep.	" 31, 1902
	Celora E. Martin	Binghamton	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Gerritt A. Forbes	Canastota	Rep.	" 31, 1901
	Walter Lloyd Smith	Elmira	Rep.	" 31, 1902
7th. Livingston, Ontario, Wayne, Yates, Steuben, Seneca, Cayuga and Monroe counties.	William H. Adams	Canandaigua	Rep.	" 31, 1901
	Charles C. Dwight	Auburn	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Francis A. Macomber	Rochester	Rep.	" 31, 1892
	William Rumsey	Bath	Rep.	" 31, 1894
	John M. Davy	Rochester	Rep.	" 31, 1902
	George B. Bradley	Corning	Dem.	" 31, 1895
8th. Erie, Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, Orleans, Niagara, Genesee, Allegany and Wyoming counties.	Loran L. Lewis	Buffalo	Rep.	" 31, 1895
	John S. Lambert	Fredonia	Rep.	" 31, 1903
	Albert Haight	Buffalo	Rep.	" 31, 1904
	Manley C. Green	"	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Hamilton Ward	Belmont	Rep.	" 31, 1905
	Henry A. Childs	Medina	Rep.	" 31, 1897

Vote for Representatives in Fifty-Second Congress, 1890.

States and Territories.*	Democratic.	Democratic and Farmers' Alliance.	Farmers' Alliance or People's Party.	Republican.	Prohibition.	Independent.	Labor and Union Labor†
Alabama	85,854	.....	.....	32,320	.....	....	...
Arizona	6,137	.....	.....	4,941	.....	....	....
Arkansas	69,768	.....	.....	42,550	.....	....	....
California	117,361	.....	.....	128,061	6,199	....	....
Colorado	34,736	.....	5,207	43,118	1,054	...	....
Connecticut	67,888	.....	.....	63,701	3,250	....	....
Delaware	17,848	.....	.....	17,180	138	....	....
Florida	29,204	.....	.....	15,209	.....	....	....
Georgia	86,128	.....	.....	16,737	.....	4,087	....
Idaho	8,026	.....	.....	10,130	.....	....	....
Illinois	342,042	.....	6,698	311,320	15,458	....	....
Indiana	239,258	.....	4,649	216,766	10,139	....	....
Iowa	194,832	.....	4,720	185,772	1,427	....	1,243
Kansas	26,717	76,844	63,924	122,682	245	....	....
Kentucky	118,684	.....	10,053	64,510	5,395	....	....
Louisiana	59,801	.....	954	12,773	.....	....	558
Maine	45,831	.....	.....	63,578	3,190	....	....
Maryland	99,848	.....	.....	79,800	3,977	....	....
Massachusetts	137,079	.....	.....	133,194	9,764	....	....
Michigan	186,649	.....	8,513	177,023	21,237	....	....
Minnesota	86,943	20,306	24,570	98,316	5,500	....	....
Mississippi	49,154	.....	.....	13,553	.....	....	....
Missouri	254,736	.....	.....	184,337	771	707	23,492
Montana	15,411	.....	.....	15,128	.....	....	....
Nebraska	90,833	.....	44,897	72,879	3,851	....	....
Nevada	5,536	.....	.....	6,610	.....	....	....
New-Hampshire	42,865	.....	.....	41,373	1,186	....	....
New-Jersey	128,417	.....	.....	114,808	8,425	....	....
New-Mexico	17,206	.....	.....	15,142	.....	....	....
New-York	500,395	.....	.....	421,403	32,060	4,713	5,998
North-Carolina	141,666	.....	.....	106,658	1,390	....	....
North-Dakota	14,830	.....	.....	21,365	.....	....	....
Ohio	351,528	.....	.....	362,590	21,891	....	....
Oklahoma	2,446	.....	1,529	4,478	.....	....	....
Oregon	30,263	.....	.....	40,176	2,865	....	...
Pennsylvania	430,371	.....	.....	467,742	13,707	....	....
Rhode-Island	18,723	.....	.....	16,941	1,543	....	....
South-Carolina	58,765	.....	.....	14,479	.....	....	....
South-Dakota	35,294	.....	49,912	69,409	.....	....	....
Tennessee	105,316	.....	.....	79,613	8,583	....	....
Texas	264,333	.....	.....	56,063	.....	3,102	....
Vermont	17,565	.....	.....	35,228	.....	...	....
Virginia	135,978	.....	.....	47,225	2,126	2,794	....
Washington	22,831	.....	.....	29,153	2,819	....	....
West-Virginia	78,924	.....	.....	69,631	957	....	....
Wisconsin	161,901	.....	.....	128,179	10,433	....	....
Wyoming	6,219	.....	.....	9,[illegible]78	.....	....	....
Total	5,042,140	97,150	230,343	4,282,922	198,880	15,323	31,288

Total Democratic Vote (including that combined with Farmers' Alliance in Kansas and Minnesota‡)	**5,083,298**
Total Republican Vote	**4,282,922**
Democratic Majority over Republican Vote	**800,376**
Combined Anti-Republican Vote	**5,615,124**
Total Republican Vote	**4,282,922**
Republican Party in a Minority of	**1,332,202**
Total Democratic Vote	**5,083,298**
Combined Vote for other than Regular Democratic Candidates	**4,814,748**
Democratic Majority over all	**268,550**

* Delegates from Territories. † Including 5,998 Socialist Labor Party in New-York.

‡ To obtain the Democratic proportion of the vote which was combined with that of the Farmers' Alliance in three districts in Kansas, the vote given in those districts for the Democratic candidate for Governor has been eliminated. It was 28,464, and that may be taken approximately as the Democratic part of the combined vote for Congressmen. By a similar process the Democratic part of the combined vote in one district in Minnesota is found to be approximately 12,694.

Popular and Electoral Vote for President, 1868-88.

States.	1888. Popular Vote. Cleveland, Dem.	Harrison, Rep.	Fisk, Pro.	Streeter, Union Labor.	Cowdry, United Labor.	Curtis, Amer.	Cleveland's Plur'lity	Harrison's Plur'lity	Total Vote.	1888. Electoral Vote. Cleveland, Dem.	Harrison, Rep.	1884. Electoral Vote. Cleveland, Dem.	Blaine, Rep.	1880. Electoral Vote. Hancock, Dem.	Garfield, Rep.	1876. Electoral Vote.* Tilden, Dem.	Hayes, Rep.	1872. Electoral Vote. †Hendricks, Dem.	Grant, Rep.	1868. Electoral Vote. Seymour, Dem.	Grant, Rep.
Alabama....	117,320	56,197	583	.....	....	....	61,123	.....	174,100	10	....	10	... ..	10	....	10	....	....	10	...	8
Arkansas...	85,962	58,752	641	10,613	....	....	27,210	.....	155,968	7	....	7	.....	6	....	6	....	....	....	...	5
California..	117,729	124,816	5,761	.....	....	1,591	.....	7,087	251,339	....	8	.....	8	5	1	....	6	....	6	...	5
Colorado ...	37,597	50,774	2,191	1,266	....	....	.....	13,207	91,798	....	3	.....	3	....	3	....	3	....	....	...	....
Connecticut	74,920	74,584	4,234	240	....	....	336	.....	153,978	6	....	6	.....	....	6	6	....	....	6	...	6
Delaware...	16,414	12,973	400	.....	....	....	3,441	.....	29,787	3	....	3	.....	3	....	3	....	....	3	3	...
Florida.....	39,561	26,657	423	.....	....	....	12,904	.....	66,641	4	....	4	.....	4	....	....	4	....	4	...	3
Georgia.....	100,499	40,496	1,808	136	....	....	60,003	.....	142,939	12	....	12	.....	11	....	11	....	....	....	9	....
Illinois	348,278	370,473	21,695	7,090	140	....	.....	22,195	747,686	....	22	.....	22	....	21	....	21	....	21	...	16
Indiana.....	261,013	263,361	9,881	2,694	....	....	.....	2,348	536,949	....	15	15	.....	....	15	15	....	....	15	...	13
Iowa	179,877	211,598	3,550	9,105	....	....	.....	31,711	404,130	....	13	.....	13	....	11	....	11	....	11	...	8
Kansas.....	102,745	182,904	6,779	37,788	....	....	.....	80,159	334,035	....	9	.....	9	....	5	....	5	....	5	...	3
Kentucky ..	183,800	155,134	5,225	622	....	....	28,666	.....	344,781	13	....	13	.....	12	....	12	....	8	....	11	....
Louisiana ..	85,032	30,484	160	39	....	....	54,548	.....	115,744	8	....	8	.....	8	....	....	8	....	....	7	....
Maine	50,481	73,734	2,691	1,344	....	....	.....	23,253	128,250	....	6	.....	6	....	7	....	7	....	7	...	7
Maryland...	106,168	99,986	4,767	.....	....	....	6,182	.....	210,921	8	....	8	.....	8	....	8	....	8	....	7	....
Mass	151,855	183,892	8,701	.....	....	....	.....	32,037	344,448	....	14	.....	14	....	13	....	13	....	13	...	12
Michigan...	213,469	236,387	20,942	4,555	....	....	.....	22,918	476,273	....	13	.....	13	....	11	....	11	....	11	...	8
Minnesota..	104,385	142,492	15,311	1,094	....	....	.....	38,107	263,306	....	7	.....	7	....	5	....	5	....	5	...	4
Mississippi .	85,471	30,096	218	22	....	....	55,375	.....	115,807	9	....	9	.....	8	....	8	....	....	8	...	....
Missouri....	261,974	236,257	4,539	18,632	....	....	25,717	.....	523,198	16	....	16	.....	15	....	15	....	6	....	...	11
Nebraska...	80,552	108,425	9,429	4,226	....	....	.....	27,873	202,653	....	5	.....	5	....	3	....	3	....	3	...	3
Nevada.....	5,326	7,229	41	.....	....	....	.....	1,903	12,596	....	3	.....	3	3	....	....	3	....	3	...	3
New-Hamp.	43,382	45,724	1,566	13	....	....	.....	2,342	90,730	....	4	.....	4	....	5	....	5	....	5	...	5
New-Jersey.	151,493	144,344	7,904	.....	....	....	7,149	.....	303,741	9	....	9	.....	9	....	9	....	....	9	7	....
New-York ..	635,757	648,759	30,231	626	2,668	....	.....	13,002	1,320,109	....	36	36	.....	....	35	35	....	....	35	33	....
N. Carolina.	147,902	134,784	2,789	47	....	....	13,118	.....	285,512	11	....	11	.....	10	....	10	....	....	10	...	9
Ohio.....	399,455	416,054	24,356	3,496	....	...	.....	19,599	841,941	....	23	.....	23	....	22	....	22	....	22	...	21
Oregon	26,522	33,291	1,677	363	....	....	.....	6,769	61,911	....	3	.....	3	....	3	....	3	....	3	3	....
Penns'lv'nia	446,633	526,091	20,947	3,873	....	....	.....	79,458	997,568	....	30	.....	30	....	29	....	29	....	29	...	26
RhodeIsl'nd	17,530	21,968	1,250	18	....	....	.....	4,438	40,766	....	4	.....	4	....	4	....	4	....	4	...	4
S. Carolina..	65,825	13,736	.....	.....	....	....	52,089	.....	79,941	9	....	9	.....	7	....	....	7	....	7	...	6
Tennessee..	158,779	138,988	5,969	48	....	....	19,791	.....	303,736	12	....	12	.....	12	....	12	....	12	....	...	10
Texas.....	234,883	88,422	4,749	29,459	....	....	146,461	.....	357,513	13	....	13	.....	8	....	8	....	8	....	...	....
Vermont ..	16,788	45,192	1,400	.....	....	....	.....	28,404	63,440	....	4	.....	4	....	5	....	5	....	5	...	5
Virginia...	151,977	150,488	1,678	.....	....	....	1,539	.....	304,093	12	....	12	.....	11	....	11	....	....	11	...	....
W. Virginia.	78,677	78,171	1,084	1,508	....	....	506	.....	159,440	6	....	6	.....	5	....	5	....	....	5	...	5
Wisconsin ..	155,232	176,553	14,277	8,552	....	....	.....	21,321	354,614	....	11	.....	11	....	10	....	10	....	10	...	8
Total.....	5,538,233	5,440,216	249,907	148,105	2,808	1,591	576,158	478,141	11,392,382	168	233	219	182	155	214	184	185	42	286	80	214
Pluralities..	98,017	.....	.....	.....	....	....	98,017	.....	... ..	....	....										

* Count of the Electoral Commission. † In 1872 Horace Greeley, Democratic and Liberal-Republican candidate for President, having died before the electoral vote was cast, the Greeley electors voted as above for Thomas A. Hendricks in five States. Kentucky, Georgia, and Missouri cast 18 electoral votes for B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, for President; Georgia, 2 votes for C. J. Jenkins, of Georgia; Missouri, 1 vote for David Davis, of Illinois, and 17 votes irregularly cast were not counted by Congress.

Election Returns.

BY STATES, COUNTIES AND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

ALABAMA.

COUNTIES. (66.)	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		Governor, 1886.	
	Jones, *Dem.*	Long, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Seay, *Dem.*	Bingham, *Rep.*
Autauga	1,387	254	893	519	1,781	1
Baldwin	724	384	724	547	873	253
Barbour	4,982	389	3,530	452	5,160	688
Bibb	1,101	573	960	657	1,754	27
Blount	1,500	246	1,873	375	2,840	27
Bullock	2,668	659	716	465	2,191	9
Butler	2,731	735	1,905	1,347	2,601	757
Calhoun	2,473	398	2,680	938	3,077	667
Chambers	2,036	1,326	2,115	1,593	2,881	959
Cherokee	1,919	56	1,686	333	2,550	30
Chilton	1,420	279	1,101	457	1,527	182
Choctaw	1,015	246	1,389	629	925	4
Clarke	1,737	451	1,566	1,235	1,765	858
Clay	1,201	608	1,278	379	1,845	247
Cleburne	1,038	260	940	276	1,770	2
Coffee	1,122	65	1,124	7	1,865	....
Colbert	1,350	1,050	1,274	1,315	1,252	1,431
Conecuh	1,319	830	1,347	748	1,339	607
Coosa	1,292	266	1,329	739	1,744	....
Covington	1,031	22	1,058	50	1,179	15
Crenshaw	1,963	377	1,923	197	2,152	38
Cullman	754	213	920	350	1,169	290
Dale	1,584	203	1,266	15	2,051	4
Dallas	7,883	1,128	5,302	2,090	6,096	....
DeKalb	1,569	968	1,327	593	....	....
Elmore	2,053	1,207	1,717	1,535	1,959	1,274
Escambia	541	181	694	484	899	350
Etowah	2,405	741	1,912	841	2,289	373
Fayette	1,090	379	864	315	1,573	....
Franklin	945	459	184	236	1,354	332
Geneva	967	42	794	5	1,034	....
Greene	1,871	514	1,401	778	1,345	2,188
Hale	3,890	491	2,914	1,478	4,088	25
Henry	1,890	549	1,947	22	3,975	....
Jackson	2,410	1,174	2,304	1,022	2,628	1,203
Jefferson	7,921	927	5,508	3,001	3,176	1,688
Lamar	1,445	303	1,133	243	1,862	....
Lauderdale	1,473	435	1,637	1,120	1,963	980
Lawrence	1,426	1,706	1,449	1,457	1,759	1,928
Lee	2,387	1,190	1,991	1,432	2,680	1,522
Limestone	1,294	473	1,489	1,183	2,119	966
Lowndes	4,965	1,020	2,105	1,468	1,496	3,753
Macon	1,428	363	931	268	1,035	2,029
Madison	2,337	1,936	2,136	2,595	2,830	2,090
Marengo	4,712	928	3,426	1,933	4,124	585
Marion	1,173	455	721	273	1,412	6
Marshall	1,807	354	1,166	248	2,527	48
Mobile	2,274	1,797	3,119	2,542	3,006	1,672
Monroe	2,175	516	1,445	797	1,205	39
Montgomery	5,787	2,427	3,712	2,966	6,127	832
Morgan	1,672	587	1,707	507	1,867	454
Perry	4,484	831	2,729	790	3,541	83
Pickens	1,520	79	1,326	17	3,117	....
Pike	1,942	748	2,623	890	2,963	654
Randolph	1,130	396	1,023	733	1,293	410
Russell	1,623	699	1,070	1,088	1,967	6
Shelby	2,015	953	1,626	1,037	1,881	954
St. Clair	1,263	207	1,489	640	1,702	70
Sumter	2,385	803	2,060	810	1,203	11
Talladega	2,472	537	1,983	2,179	2,002	1,490
Tallapoosa	2,163	806	2,385	751	2,992	98
Tuscaloosa	2,119	462	2,214	1,057	3,268	549
Walker	1,431	1,349	1,126	1,047	949	872
Washington	988	280	508	217	815	40
Wilcox	4,436	298	4,811	607	4,493	....
Winston	402	452	220	323	190	130
Total	139910	42,440	117320	56,197	144737	37,116
Plurality	97,470	....	61,123	....	107621	....
Per cent	76.12	23.09	67.38	32.27	79.35	20.10
Scattering	1,491		583		576	
Whole vote.	183,841		174,100		182,429	

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

Districts.

I. Counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe and Washington. Richard H. Clarke, Dem., 10,071; F. H. Threatt, Rep., 2,448; A. J. Warner, Ind., 1,890. Clarke's plurality, 7,623.

II. Counties of Baldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Montgomery and Pike. H. A. Herbert, Dem., 10,611; S. A. Pilley, Rep., 2,681. Herbert's majority, 7,930.

III. Counties of Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee and Russell. William C. Oates, Dem., 10,068; R. J. Treadwell, Rep., 930. Oates's majority, 9,138.

IV. Counties of Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Perry and Wilcox. Lewis W. Turpin, Dem., 9,595; J. V. McDuffie, Rep., 4,931; G. T. McCall, Ind., 3,899. Turpin's plurality, 4,664.

V. Counties of Autauga, Bibb, Chambers, Chilton, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Macon and Tallapoosa. James E. Cobb, Dem., 5,548; no opposition.

VI. Counties of Fayette, Greene, Jefferson, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, Walker and Winston. John H. Bankhead, Dem., 9,182; W. H. Davidson, Rep., 462. Bankhead's majority, 8,720.

VII. Counties of Blount, Calhoun, Cherokee, Cleburne, Cullman, DeKalb, Etowah, Marshall, Randolph, Shelby, St. Clair and Talladega. William H. Forney, Dem., 10,059; W. O. Butler, Ind., 6,060; A. J. Logan, Rep., 862. Forney's plurality, 3,999.

VIII. Counties of Colbert, Franklin, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison and Morgan. Joseph Wheeler, Dem., 16,821; R. W. Austin, Rep., 12,076. Wheeler's majority, 4,745.

Under the new Congressional apportionment Alabama is entitled to nine representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Thomas G. Jones; Secretary of State, Joseph D. Barron; Treasurer, John L. Cobbs; Auditor, Cyrus D. Hogue; Attorney-General, William L. Martin; Commissioner of Agriculture, H. D. Lane; Superintendent of Instruction, John G. Harris; Adjutant-General, Charles P. Jones—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, George W. Stone; Associate Justices, David Clopton, Thomas N. McClellan, Thomas W. Coleman and Richard W. Walker; Clerk, J. W. A. Sanford—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	33	97	130
Republicans	0	3	3
Democratic majority	33	94	127

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President	79,229	90,272	....	....	10,974 R
1874. Governor	107,118	93,928	....	....	13,190 D
1876. President	102,002	68,230	....	....	33,772 D
1878. Governor	89,571	.....	..	....	89,571 D
1880. President	90,687	56,178	4,642	....	*34,509 D
1882. Governor	100,391	46,386	....	....	54,199 D
1884. President	92,973	59,144	762	....	*33,829 D
1886. Governor	144,821	37,116	....	576	*107,621 D
1888. Governor	155,973	44,770	....	343	*111,203 D
1888. President	117,320	56,197	....	583	*61,123 D
1890. Governor	139,910	42,440	....	1,380	*97,470 D

* Plurality.

ARIZONA.

COUNTIES. (10.)	Congress, 1890.		Congress, 1888.		Congress, 1886.	
	Smith, *Dem.*	Cheney, *Rep.*	Smith, *Dem.*	Wilson, *Rep.*	Smith, *Dem.*	Bean, *Rep.*
Apache	552	345	552	283	585	325
Cochise	799	605	1,071	602	1,209	512
Gila	431	282	326	107	298	216
Graham	561	347	743	156	578	266
Maricopa	1,147	768	1,498	492	862	677
Mohave	249	238	249	221	224	292
Pima	701	721	891	633	836	728
Pinal	340	292	687	178	409	380
Yavapai	1,202	1,180	1,430	1,116	1,194	938
Yuma	155	163	239	164	160	138
Total	6,137	4,941	7,686	3,852	6,355	4,472
Majorities	1,196	....	3,834	....	1,883	....
Per cent	55.48	44.52	66.65	33.35	58.84	41.16
Whole vote	11,078		11,538		10,827	

PRESENT TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John N. Irwin; Secretary, Nathan O. Murphy; Commissioner of Immigration, J. A. Black; Treasurer, William Christy; Auditor, Thomas Hughes; Adjutant-General, Ed. S. Gill; United States Attorney, Thomas F. Wilson; United States Surveyor, Royal Johnson; United States Marshal, R. H. Paul—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, H. C. Gooding; Associate Justices, Richard E. Sloan, Edmund M. Wells and Joseph H. Kibbey; Clerk, T. E. Walker—all Republicans.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

	Council.	*House.*
Democrats	9	16
Republicans	3	8
Democratic majority	6	8

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY SINCE 1878.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Ind.*	*Maj.*
1878	2,542	...	1,097	822	*1,445 D
1880	4,095	3,606	....	....	489 D
1882	6,121	5,141	....	....	980 D
1884	5,595	6,747	....	....	1,152 R
1886	6,355	4,472	....	....	1,883 D
1888	7,686	3,852	....	...	3,834 D
1890	6,137	4,941	....	....	1,196 D

* Plurality.

ARKANSAS.

COUNTIES. (75.)	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.			
	Eagle, *Dem.*	Fizer, *U.L.& Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Streeter, *Union Labor.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Arkansas	1,115	925	903	943	151	12
Ashley	1,068	853	1,089	800	....	....
Baxter	962	501	709	310	53	7
Benton	2.890	1,726	3,059	1,108	234	55
Boone	1,548	723	1,373	609	66	8
Bradley	825	284	770	165	73	....
Calhoun	628	407	560	306	55	1

ARKANSAS—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.			
	Eagle, *Dem.*	Fizer, *U.L. & Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Streeter, *Union Labor.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Carroll	1,350	1.371	1,500	1,014	276	....
Chicot	477	1,666	211	1,621	....	....
Clark	2,112	1,013	1,787	1,212	64	21
Clay	1,505	669	946	324	154	5
Cleburne	765	601	483	22	265	3
Cleveland	1,154	629	991	339	15	....
Columbia	1,936	817	1,610	662	70	....
Conway	2,075	1,722	1,360	1,280	65	10
Craighead	1,481	770	1,286	217	147	....
Crawford	2,076	1,849	1,918	1,680	21	16
Crittenden	668	1,663	310	1,055	....	....
Cross	969	759	566	416	54	....
Dallas	973	597	676	425	35	22
Desha	558	1,521	372	1,281	....	....
Drew	1,403	1,416	1.211	1,065	1	1
Faulkner	1,519	2,022	1,239	760	506	12
Franklin	2,195	854	2,125	777	120	27
Fulton	1.018	699	873	272	195	29
Garland	1,854	1,235	1,196	987	60	....
Grant	781	344	702	152	65	....
Greene	1,294	884	1,153	214	235	....
Hempstead	2,193	2,206	1,685	1,840	172	2
Hot Springs	1,143	397	944	274	154	4
Howard	1,468	819	1,241	359	344	2
Independence	2,101	2,059	1,789	321	1,220	36
Izard	1,413	755	1,187	378	68	7
Jackson	1,805	1,071	1,555	842	82	5
Jefferson	1,777	6,219	1,855	5,363	18	6
Johnson	1,674	1,099	1,350	503	314	16
Lafayette	464	729	304	473	61	....
Lawrence	1,435	851	1,416	427	151	10
Lee	2,458	1,305	962	1,539	13	....
Lincoln	688	1,284	755	1,189	3	4
Little River	746	872	605	630	27	1
Logan	2,085	1,468	1.799	1,034	120	7
Lonoke	1,995	1,144	1.469	1,043	84	4
Madison	1,666	1,571	1,337	1,163	90	13
Marion	1,011	476	838	296	69	1
Miller	1,508	1,261	1,164	1,015	65	21
Mississippi	1,132	1,052	529	603	5	....
Monroe	958	1,789	784	1,167	15	6
Montgomery	851	372	806	161	2	1
Nevada	1,398	1,397	1,025	609	642	11
Newton	663	917	367	559	6	....
Ouachita	1,807	963	1,303	1,165	67	1
Perry	551	468	384	186	116	....
Phillips	950	2,596	789	2,123	....	....
Pike	798	663	664	83	334	1
Poinsett	668	280	402	119	21	....
Polk	860	562	785	126	73	3
Pope	2,022	1,283	1,650	321	691	4
Prairie	990	1,049	761	603	165	15
Pulaski	4,822	2,594	2,873	4,446	24	15
Randolph	2,063	482	1,606	249	45	6
Saline	1,265	579	967	377	66	8
Scott	1,265	697	1,081	497	....	2
Searcy	758	1,031	462	500	61	2
Sebastian	3,312	1,987	2,573	1,548	4	9
Sevier	1,030	396	965	176	167	3
Sha p	1,046	618	913	115	407	2
St. Francis	749	1,784	838	923	248	1
Stone	605	493	462	76	82	10
Union	1,467	440	1,247	70	231	1
Van Buren	838	683	547	209	84	....
Washington	3,114	1,894	3.199	1,969	44	82
White	2,064	2,135	1,948	550	249	45
Woodruff	1,539	895	1.236	1,021	192	2
Yell	1,843	1,045	1,663	471	398	7
Total	106267	85,181	85,962	58,752	10,613	641
Plurality	21,086	....	27,210	....	....	....
Per cent	56.03	43.97	55.11	37.67	6.80	.42
Scattering	.....		.....			
Whole vote	191,448		155,968			

ARKANSAS—*Continued.*

In June, 1890, the Union Labor Party nominated a State ticket, headed by N. F. Fizer for Governor, and in July it was endorsed by the Republican State Convention.

An election was held January 26, 1891, for a Supreme Court Justice. W. W. Mansfield, Dem., received 24,758 votes against 449 scattering.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Chicot, Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Desha, Greene, Independence, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Poinsett, Randolph, St. Francis and Sharp. W. H. Cate, Dem., 15,437; L. P. Featherstone, Rep. and U. L., 14,834. Cate's majority, 603.

II. Counties of Arkansas, Cleburne, Cleveland, Conway, Faulkner, Grant, Jefferson, Lincoln, Lonoke, Monroe, Pope, Prairie, Stone, Van Buren, White and Woodruff. (Short term) Clinton R. Breckinridge, Dem., 20,882; Jason P. Langley, Rep. and U. L., 20,007. Breckinridge's majority, 865. (Long term) Clinton R. Breckinridge, Dem., 20,816; Jason P. Langley, Rep., 19,941. Breckinridge's majority, 875.

III. Counties of Ashley, Bradley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Dallas, Drew, Hempstead, Hot Springs, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Polk, Sevier and Union. Thomas C. McRae, Dem., 13,111; W. M. White, Rep. and U. L., 287. McRae's majority, 12,824.

IV. Counties of Crawford, Franklin, Garland, Johnson, Logan, Montgomery, Perry, Pulaski, Saline, Scott, Sebastian and Yell. William L. Terry, Dem., 12,760; E. M. Harmon, Rep., 7,488. Terry's majority, 5,272.

V. Counties of Baxter, Benton, Boone, Carroll, Fulton, Izard, Madison, Marion, Newton, Searcy and Washington. Samuel W. Peel, Dem., 7,734. No opposition.

Under the new congressional apportionment, Arkansas is entitled to six representatives. For the new districts, see statement following the election returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, J. P. Eagle; Secretary of State, B. B. Chism; Treasurer, R. B. Morrow; Auditor, W. S. Dunlop; Attorney-General, W. E. Atkinson; Adjutant-General, John C. English; Commissioner of Agriculture, M. F. Locke; Land Commissioner, C. B. Myers; Superintendent of Instruction, Josiah H. Shinn—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Sterling R. Cockrell; Justices, W. E. Hemmingway, Simon P. Hughes and W. W. Mansfield; Clerk of the Court, W. P. Campbell—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	29	77	106
Republicans & U. L.	3	13	16
Democratic majority	26	64	90

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Wheel.*	*Maj.*
1872. Pres.	37,927	41,073	.....	.....	3,146 R
1874. Cong.	40,938	22,787	.....	.....	18,151 D
1876. Pres.	58,083	38,669	.....	.....	19,414 D
1878. Cong.	32,652	.....	18,967	.....	13,685 D
1880. Pres.	60,865	42,549	4,079	.....	*18,316 D
1882. Gov.	87,675	49,352	10,142	.....	*38,323 D
1884. Pres.	72,927	50,895	1,847	.....	*22,032 D
1886. Gov.	90,650	54,070	.....	19,169	*36,580 D

ARKANSAS—*Continued.*

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872—*Continued.*

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. L.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1888. Gov.	99,229	.....	84,223	.....	15,006 D
1888. Pres.	85,962	58,752	10,613	641	*27,210 D
1889. Sup. Ct.	52,925	41,615	.....	.....	11,310 D
1890. Gov.	106,267	.....	85,181	.....	21,086 D

* Plurality.

CALIFORNIA.

COUNTIES. (53.)	Governor, 1890. Pond, *Dem.*	Markham, *Rep.*	Bidwell *Amer.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison *Rep.*
Alameda	6,274	9,333	1,080	5,693	8,840
Alpine	19	56	.....	27	53
Amador	1,345	1,333	120	1,429	1,373
Butte	2,141	2,060	268	2,215	2,191
Calaveras	1,278	1,380	41	1,305	1,441
Colusa	2,243	1,258	49	2,010	1,116
Contra Costa	1,202	1,509	103	1,177	1,518
Del Norte	309	220	118	294	244
El Dorado	1,371	1,282	63	1,456	1,350
Fresno	3,298	2,686	279	2,822	2,461
Humboldt	1,927	2,410	594	2,014	2,772
Inyo	305	469	45	273	437
Kern	1,361	1,006	73	1,229	910
Lake	801	678	64	867	731
Lassen	581	491	26	535	488
Los Angeles	8,494	10,272	1,338	10,110	13,805
Marin	820	1,073	24	802	936
Mariposa	619	452	6	664	526
Mendocino	2,021	1,764	208	2,006	1,711
Merced	980	838	78	972	773
Modoc	612	484	50	679	552
Mono	173	334	26	215	347
Monterey	1,834	1,956	113	1,866	1,875
Napa	1,475	1,877	57	1,496	1,763
Nevada	1,941	2,060	115	1,923	2,167
Orange	1,189	1,394	270	.....	.....
Placer	1,720	1,793	132	1,547	1,761
Plumas	521	640	14	570	648
Sacramento	3,635	4,724	156	3,447	4,769
San Benito	850	683	83	797	664
San Bern'rdino	2,290	3,082	427	2,388	3,059
San Diego	2,967	3,942	395	3,189	4,661
San Francisco	27,420	27,218	619	28,699	25,708
San Joaquin	2,841	3,066	385	2,822	2,829
S. Luis Obispo	1,568	1,719	132	1,585	1,689
San Mateo	912	1,142	22	980	1,121
Santa Barbara	1,591	1,763	188	1,565	1,684
Santa Clara	4,194	4,505	497	3,972	4,457
Santa Cruz	1,666	2,029	342	1,750	1,996
Shasta	1,459	1,587	135	1,394	1,490
Sierra	674	886	15	689	1,004
Siskiyou	1,393	1,379	94	1,459	1,361
Solano	2,004	2,527	146	2,158	2,231
Sonoma	3,289	3,378	268	3,394	3,293
Stanislaus	1,363	918	131	1,315	903
Sutter	722	731	48	698	722
Tehama	1,330	1,106	66	1,290	1,181
Trinity	502	521	12	490	489
Tulare	2,705	2,356	315	2,637	2,275
Tuolumne	1,137	828	62	1,159	854
Ventura	1,014	1,307	91	906	1,107
Yolo	1,628	1,481	139	1,580	1,350
Yuba	1,217	1,243	51	1,170	1,139
Total	117,184	125,129	10,073	117,729	124,816
Plurality	.....	7,945	.....	.....	7,087
Per cent	46.42	49.58	3.19	46.84	49.66
Scattering		.....		8,794	
Whole vote		252,386		251,339	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., received 5,761, and Curtis, Amer., 1,591.

CALIFORNIA—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Thomas J. Geary, Dem., 19,334; J. A. Benham, Rep., 19,153; L. B. Scranton, Pro., 759. Geary's plurality, 181.

II. A. Caminetti, Dem., 18,644; G. C. Blanchard, Rep., 18,485; J. S. Witherell, Pro., 912. Caminetti's plurality, 159.

III. J. P. Irish, Dem., 15,997; Joseph McKenna, Rep., 20,834; O. O. Felkner, Pro., 774. McKenna's plurality, 4,837.

IV. Robert Ferral, Dem., 12,091; John T. Cutting, Rep., 13,196; T. V. Castor, Ref. Dem., 1,492; Joseph Rowell, Pro., 50. Cutting's plurality, 1,105.

V. Thomas J. Clunie, Dem., 19,899; Eugene F. Loud, Rep., 22,871; E. F. Howe, Pro., 574. Loud's plurality, 2,972.

VI. W. J. Curtis, Dem., 28,904; William W. Bowers, Rep., 33,522; O. R. Dougherty, Pro., 3,130. Bowers's plurality, 4,618.

California is entitled to 7 Representatives under the new apportionment. See statement following department of Election Returns.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, H. H. Markham; Lieutenant-Governor, J. B. Reddick; Secretary of State, E. G. Waite; Surveyor-General, Theodore Reichert; Superintendent of Public Instruction, James W. Anderson; Comptroller, E. P. Colgan; Treasurer, J. R. McDonald; Attorney-General, W. H. H. Hart—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, W. H. Beatty; Associate Justices, J. R. Sharpstein, T. B. McFarland, VanR. Paterson, J. J. DeHaven, C. H. Garontte, R. C. Harrison—all Republicans except Sharpstein, Dem.; Clerk, Lewis H. Brown, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	27	61	88
Democrats	12	18	30
American	..	1	1
Republican majority	15	42	57

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Amer.*	*Pro.*	*Ind.*	*Maj.*
1872. Pres..	46,749	54,044	.....	.....	.....	13,295 R
1875. Gov...	61,509	31,322	.....	.....	29,752	*30,187 D
1876. Pres..	76,464	79,264	.....	.....	.....	2,800 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Amer.*	*Pro.*	*Work.*	
1879. Gov..	47,647	67,965	.....	.....	44,482	*20,318 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Amer.*	*Pro.*	*Green.*	
1880. Pres..	80,472	80,370	.....	.....	3,404	*102 D
1882. Gov..	90,694	67,175	.....	5,772	1,020	*23,519 D
1884. Pres..	89,288	102,416	.....	2,920	2,017	*13,128 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Amer.*	*Pro.*	*Ind.*	
1886. Gov..	84,970	84,318	7,347	6,432	12,227	*652 D
1888. Pres..	117,729	124,816	1,591	5,761	.....	*7,087 R
1890. Gov..	117,184	125,129	10,073	.....	.....	*7,945 R

* Plurality.

COLORADO.

COUNTIES. (55.)	Chief-Justice, 1891.			President, 1888.		
	God-dard, *Dem.*	Helm, *Rep.*	Crox-ton, *Pro.*	Cleve-land, *Dem.*	Harri-son, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Arapahoe	6,528	11,079	541	8,320	11,545	448
Arenuleta	49	85	53	77	127	....
Baca	158	156	4	....	....	....
Bent	186	180	28	1,074	1,338	73
Boulder	1,026	1,400	150	1,176	1,638	122
Chaffee	724	847	78	941	1,277	47
Cheyenne	53	81	....	....	....	....
Clear Creek	939	782	29	696	1,236	96
Conejos	337	931	70	669	982	5
Costilla	189	520	123	383	507	3
Custer	283	322	74	374	574	6
Delta	131	212	304	239	257	28
Dolores	208	252	4	103	140	....
Douglas	313	372	9	307	385	36
Eagle	427	397	29	400	601	3
Elbert	199	219	12	578	784	16

COLORADO—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Chief-Justice, 1891.			President, 1888.		
	God-dard, *Dem.*	Helm, *Rep.*	Crox-ton, *Pro.*	Cleve-land, *Dem.*	Harri-son, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
El Paso	1,204	1,997	53	400	2,164	127
Fremont	482	919	301	578	1,123	106
Garfield	454	657	63	820	1,100	30
Gilpin	499	649	16	688	953	98
Grand	76	124	9	82	162	2
Gunnison	666	820	92	617	904	18
Hinsdale	199	144	44	116	156	....
Huerfano	594	743	137	629	750	27
Jefferson	768	911	28	768	970	91
Kiowa	92	129	50	....	....	....
Kit Carson	154	234	54	....	....	....
Lake	1,292	928	89	2,415	2,901	57
La Plata	491	550	169	774	849	10
Larimer	711	1,134	183	769	1,323	154
Las Animas	1,631	1,337	169	2,785	2,655	65
Lincoln	68	91	....	....	....	....
Logan	108	285	146	669	1,086	94
Mesa	487	607	47	388	440	61
Montezuma	188	149	39	....	....	....
Montrose	151	248	472	372	508	21
Morgan	71	196	158	....	....	....
Otero	465	508	27	....	....	....
Ouray	654	568	27	734	961	9
Park	388	557	19	588	764	5
Phillips	133	209	72	....	....	....
Pitkin	863	885	455	1,217	1,525	34
Prowers	185	213	34	....	....	....
Pueblo	1,884	2,636	637	3,038	2,280	68
Rio Blanco	171	497	17	....	....	....
Rio Grande	105	411	222	261	453	15
Routt	268	348	3	219	366	2
Saguache	119	392	322	428	592	....
San Juan	251	337	27	287	392	....
San Miguel	403	523	29	378	540	3
Sedgwick	79	122	51	....	....	....
Summit	580	389	5	557	701	....
Washington	88	222	49	505	810	42
Weld	569	1,035	354	1,036	1,942	164
Yuma	127	148	207	....	....	....
Total	30,361	40,417	6,384	37,567	50,774	2,191
Pluralities	....	10,056	....	....	13,207	....
Per cent	39.38	52.17	8.45	40.92	55.31	2.47
Scattering		....			1,266	
Whole vote		77,162			91,798	

The scattering vote in 1888 was for Streeter, U. Lab.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John L. Routt, Rep.; Lieutenant-Governor, William Sorey, Rep.; Secretary of State, Edwin J. Eaton, Rep.; Treasurer, James N. Carlile, Dem.; Auditor-General, J. M. Henderson, Rep.; Attorney-General, J. H. Maupin, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Joseph C. Helm; Justices, William E. Beck, Wilbur F. Stone.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	16	32	48
Democrats	10	17	27
Republican majority	6	15	21

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE ITS ADMISSION.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1876. Governor	13,316	14,154	....	....	838 R
1878. Governor	11,573	14,396	2,755	....	*2,823 R
1880. President	24,647	27,450	1,435	....	*2,803 R
1882. Governor	29,807	27,552	....	....	2,345 D
1884. President	27,723	36,290	1,958	....	*8,567 R
1884. Governor	27,426	30,471	....	....	3,045 R
1886. Congress	26,929	27,732	....	3,597	*803 R
1886. Governor	28,129	26,533	....	2,710	*1,596 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. Lab.*	*Pro.*	
1888. President	37,567	50,774	2,191	1,266	*13,207 R
1890. Congress	34,736	43,118	5,207	1,054	*8,382 R
1891. Chief-Justice	30,361	40,417	....	6,384	*10,056 R

* Plurality.

CONNECTICUT.

COUNTIES. (8.)	Governor, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Morris, *Dem.*	Merwin, *Rep.*	Augur, *Pro.*	Baldwin, *Lab.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Hartford.....	13,729	13,345	696	76	14,984	15,549
New-Haven..	19,895	16,413	699	85	22,113	19,003
New-London.	6,883	6,771	497	16	7,882	7,726
Fairfield.....	13,590	12,528	479	12	15,251	14,934
Windham	2,825	3,649	238	3	3,185	4,195
Litchfield.....	5,222	5,298	347	11	6,790	6,080
Middlesex....	3,237	3,661	268	6	3,613	4,363
Tolland.....	2,281	2,311	189	0	2,402	2,734
Total.....	67,662	63,976	3,413	209	74,920	74,584
Plurality	26	....	....	....	336	....
Per cent.....	50.28	47.28	2.52	....	48.68	48.46
Scattering....	38				....	
Whole vote.	135,298				153,978	

The above is the vote for Governor in 1890 by the face of the returns. The State constitution requires that a candidate, to be elected by the popular vote, shall have a clear majority of all the votes cast in the election. The vote of Morris, Dem., by the face of the returns was 67,662, and all the other votes cast, including scattering, were 67,636, showing a majority of 26 for Morris. Some Republican and Prohibition votes for Governor were rejected by the local canvassers for informality. If these were counted, Morris would fail of a majority over all. Upon this issue the legislature came to a deadlock upon all the candidates for State officers, except Staub, the Democratic candidate for comptroller, who was declared elected. The other offices are occupied by the incumbents of the previous two years, who hold over. The Senate, which is Democratic, recognized Morris and the other Democratic candidates, and swore them into office, while the Republican house refused to recognize them, except Staub, and contended for going behind the returns and counting the informal votes.

For other State officers in 1890, all the Democratic candidates had by the face of the returns clear majorities over all, as follow: Lieutenant-Governor, Alsop, 586; Secretary of State, Phelan, 544; Treasurer, Sanger, 290; Comptroller, Staub, 1,662.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

I. Counties of Hartford and Tolland. Lewis Sperry, Dem., 16,195; W. E. Simonds, Rep., 15,503; S. B. Forbes, Pro., 818. Sperry's plurality, 692.

II. Counties of Middlesex and New-Haven. W. F. Willcox, Dem., 23,367; J. M. Hubbard, Rep., 19,836; C. M. Whittemore, Pro., 969. Willcox's plurality, 3,531.

III. Counties of New-London and Windham. David A. Wells, Dem., 9,549; Russell, Rep., 10,541; Crocker, Pro., 695. Russell's plurality, 992.

IV. Counties of Fairfield and Litchfield. De Forest, Dem., 18,777; Miles, Rep. 17,821; Baldwin, Pro., 768. De Forest's plurality, 956.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Morgan G Bulkeley, Rep.; Secretary of State, R. Jay Walsh, Rep.; Treasurer, E. S. Henry, Rep.; Comptroller, Nicholas Staub, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Charles B. Andrews; Associate Justices, Elisha Carpenter, David Torrance, and Edwin W. Seymour.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

Senate: Democrats, 17; Republicans, 7. House: Democrats, 116; Republicans, 133; Independent, 1; vacancy, 1. Republican majority on joint ballot, 5.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.-Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President ..	45,866	50,626	....	...	4,760 R
1876. President.....	61.934	59 084	774	378	2,850 D
1880. President.....	64.415	67.071	868	409	2,656 R
1882. Governor.....	59,014	54,853	697	1,034	4,161 D
1884. President...	67.167	65,893	1,684	2,489	1,284 D
1886. Governor.....	58.817	56.920	2.792	4,687	1,897 D
1888. President.....	74.920	74,584	240	4.234	336 D
1890. Governor.....	67,662	63,976	209	3,413	26 D

DELAWARE.

COUNTIES. (3.)	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		Governor, 1886.	
	Reynolds, *Dem.*	Richardson, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Biggs, *Dem.*	Hofecker, *Pro.*
Kent.....	3,856	3,598	3,969	2,797	3,408	1,781
Newcastle ...	9,078	9,401	8,463	6,130	6,466	3,423
Sussex.....	4,867	4,259	3,982	4,046	4,068	2,631
Total	17,801	17,258	16,414	12,973	13,942	7,835
Majority.....	543	...	3,441	....	6,107	....
Per cent.....	50.77	49.22	55.26	43.68	63.60	35.74
Scattering ...	138		400		141	
Whole vote	35,107		29,787		21,918	

The scattering vote in 1888 was for Fisk, Pro., and in 1890 for Kellum, Pro.

The vote for Representative in Congress in 1890 was as follows: John W. Causey, Dem., 17,848; H. P. Cannon, Rep., 17,180. Causey's majority, 668.

At a special election held May 19, 17,114 votes were cast for a constitutional convention and 115 against. This was not the majority required by law, and the call failed.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Robert J. Reynolds; Secretary of State, David T. Marvel; Auditor, John P. Dulaney; Treasurer, Wilbur H. Burnite; Attorney-General, John Biggs—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Errors and Appeals: Chancellor, Willard Saulsbury; Chief Justice, Joseph P. Comegys; Associate Justices, John W. Houston, Ignatius C. Grubb and Charles M. Cullen; Clerk, Stephen K. Betts.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans.....	5	14	19
Democrats.....	4	7	11
Republican majority.	1	7	8

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President.....	10,206	11,115	.....	909 R
1876. President.....	13.381	10,740	.....	2,641 D
1880. President.....	15,183	14,150	.....	1,033 D
1884. President.....	16,976	13,053	.....	3,923 D
1886. Governor.....	13.942	141	7,835	6,107 D
1888. President.....	16,414	12,973	400	3,441 D
1890. Governor.....	17,801	17,258	138	543 D

FLORIDA.

COUNTIES. (45.)	Comptroller, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Bloxham, *Dem.*	Ball, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Alachua	1,701	64	2,031	1,415	1,737	2,091
Baker.....	309	87	375	155	337	176
Bradford.....	679	101	1,000	360	961	327
Brevard.....	379	108	454	244	306	110
Calhoun	181	15	294	94	200	138
Citrus.....	305	9	479	107	....	....
Clay	474	225	557	483	500	315
Columbia....	915	42	1,037	976	1,051	963
Dade.....	99	31	94	45	40	27
De Soto.....	483	90	653	210	....	....
Duval	1,805	284	1,388	2,706	1,889	3,387
Escambia....	1,461	102	1,956	1,630	1,896	1,861
Franklin	259	126	346	334	276	216
Gadsden	566	....	1,493	239	1,050	881
Hamilton	415	112	741	355	659	560
Hernando....	228	1	389	226	1,040	270
Hillsborough	1,184	38	1,667	654	1.257	352
Holmes	291	8	550	31	1,399	74

FLORIDA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Comptroller, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Bloxham, *Dem.*	Ball, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Jackson	977	287	1,875	1,119	420	1,136
Jefferson	1,020	111	1,197	1,186	744	1,525
Lafayette	223	7	565	28	383	48
Lake	981	100	1,278	910	....	....
Lee	185	11	243	70	....	....
Leon	1,206	60	1,314	188	834	2,198
Levy	448	48	657	456	654	337
Liberty	133	32	163	78	162	94
Madison	766	51	723	179	558	599
Manatee	303	38	422	172	670	216
Marion	1,416	232	1,896	1,826	1,494	2,007
Monroe	395	49	1,123	1,158	888	906
Nassau	832	147	958	911	761	902
Orange	1,424	420	1,813	1,515	1,868	1,160
Osceola	324	62	423	230	....	....
Pasco	346	10	614	91	....	....
Polk	649	14	1,315	357	754	62
Putnam	1,126	265	1,116	1,336	1,094	1,168
St. John's	901	305	1,038	1,024	726	514
Santa Rosa	366	35	799	423	804	471
Sumter	588	51	782	309	1,125	524
Suwanee	709	66	999	786	973	770
Taylor	219	27	326	39	209	114
Volusia	954	575	990	1,135	878	813
Wakulla	241	20	314	206	375	169
Walton	346	115	541	430	482	304
Washington	373	58	509	231	319	230
Total	29,176	4,637	39,561	26,657	31,769	28,031
Plurality	24,539	....	12,904	....	3,738	....
Per cent.	85.94	13.66	59.38	40.60	53.06	46.81
Scattering	144		423		72	
Whole vote.	33,957		66,641		59,872	

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was for Fisk, Pro.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

Districts.

I. Counties of Calhoun, Escambia, Franklin, Gadsden, Hernando, Hillsborough, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Manatee, Monroe, Polk, Santa Rosa, Taylor, Wakulla, Walton, Washington. Stephen R. Mallory, Dem., 12,467; Harrison Reed, Rep., 3,415. Mallory's majority, 9,052.

II. Counties of Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Brevard, Clay, Columbia, Dade, Duval, Hamilton, Madison, Marion, Nassau, Orange, Putnam, St. John's, Sumter, Suwanee, Volusia. Robert Bullock, Dem., 16,737; J. N. Stripling, Rep., 11,794. Bullock's majority, 4,943.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Frank P. Fleming; Secretary of State, John L. Crawford; Comptroller, William D. Bloxham; State Treasurer, Frank J. Pons; Superintendent of Public Instruction, A. J. Russell; Commissioner of Agriculture, L. B. Wombwell; Attorney-General, William B. Lamar—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, George P. Raney; Associate Justices, Henry L. Mitchell, A. E. Maxwell—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	31	76	107
Republicans	1	0	1
Democratic majority.	30	76	106

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President	15,428	17,765	....	2,337 R
1876. President	24,440	24,350	....	90 D
1880. President	27,964	23,654	....	4,310 D
1884. President	31,769	28,031	....	3,738 D
1888. President	39,561	26,657	423	*12,904 D
1888. Governor	40,255	26,485	....	13,770 D
1890. Comptroller	29,176	4,637	....	24,539 D

* Plurality.

GEORGIA.

COUNTIES. (137.)	President, 1888.		President, 1884.		Governor, 1882.	
	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*	Stephens, *Dem.*	Gartrell, *Ind.*
Appling	531	219	503	345	696	232
Baker	346	43	424	....	564	167
Baldwin	403	271	533	108	627	187
Banks	807	210	500	164	671	222
Bartow	916	290	1,035	584	969	1,420
Berrien	721	11	673	72	1,062	14
Bibb	2,215	1,121	1,727	857	877	212
Brooks	828	580	768	713	848	619
Bryan	214	12	253	239	409	145
Bulloch	1,061	42	773	75	1,161	4
Burke	684	248	558	....	773	1,194
Butts	603	245	638	527	580	422
Calhoun	451	....	330	313	586	344
Camden	188	317	170	363	149	3
Campbell	778	321	665	335	876	336
Carroll	1,710	349	2,058	499	1,395	522
Catoosa	428	106	443	114	572	191
Charlton	113	58	194	27	853	2
Chatham	3,920	1,355	3,144	1,747	2,090	178
Chattahooche	145	22	445	328	364	64
Chattooga	638	180	793	191	783	300
Cherokee	1,575	459	865	140	1,028	679
Clarke	801	660	778	765	442	335
Clay	554	284	367	295	806	103
Clayton	604	224	505	279	577	290
Clinch	435	115	429	68	591	163
Cobb	1,143	391	1,372	536	1,202	743
Coffee	294	110	225	30	639	12
Columbia	397	....	402	....	368	1
Colquitt	255	4	151	39	287	25
Coweta	1,476	990	1,489	1,326	1,377	900
Crawford	442	26	304	159	263	167
Dade	465	89	450	159	539	117
Dawson	513	340	287	59	608	168
Decatur	1,238	482	816	892	613	397
De Kalb	1,621	313	1,025	450	1,032	453
Dodge	496	406	476	434	579	414
Dooly	787	386	879	158	330	45
Dougherty	815	222	317	100	495	295
Douglas	493	151	458	205	590	295
Early	467	288	410	247	417	240
Echols	150	43	186	91	298	77
Effingham	362	189	369	148	458	88
Elbert	774	11	885	39	1,639	115
Emanuel	658	30	784	181	949	29
Fannin	374	692	282	442	239	355
Fayette	690	204	578	246	746	251
Floyd	1,145	585	1,654	863	1,887	896
Forsyth	1,579	209	557	137	725	711
Franklin	600	121	659	221	1,122	406
Fulton	2,759	2,164	1,939	925	2,860	2,060
Gilmer	556	543	373	147	467	483
Glascock	290	45	251	29	418	41
Glynn	601	582	437	659	507	452
Gordon	852	119	885	126	1,114	481
Greene	803	714	755	832	988	893
Gwinnett	2,004	186	1,094	146	1,741	513
Habersham	830	188	534	125	928	356
Hall	2,170	274	1,242	259	1,617	213
Hancock	596	177	642	124	908	204
Haralson	493	93	530	....	409	363
Harris	1,020	633	1,197	859	822	197
Hart	674	80	701	171	1,174	189
Heard	629	188	818	325	492	74
Henry	1,136	512	933	694	1,010	810
Houston	949	466	1,300	433	794	344
Irwin	245	31	300	30	413	16
Jackson	2,180	506	1,082	411	1,390	940
Jasper	588	177	428	436	772	348
Jefferson	816	130	610	477	1,566	189
Johnson	379	124	284	5	457	23
Jones	531	443	498	319	819	441
Laurens	839	222	621	226	839	152
Lee	178	405	435	499	272	474
Liberty	477	708	472	841	590	612

GEORGIA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	President, 1888.		President, 1884.		Governor, 1882.	
	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*	Stephens, *Dem.*	Gartrell, *Ind.*
Lincoln	446	....	385	....	484	3
Lowndes	767	643	648	598	805	437
Lumpkin	440	317	360	145	731	134
Macon	683	320	661	650	689	294
Madison	583	144	589	259	890	176
Marion	543	94	752	337	401	81
McDuffie	389	3	423	195	996	222
McIntosh	192	673	204	769	205	442
Meriwether	991	452	1,464	1,107	1,219	934
Miller	170	9	115	....	398	13
Milton	895	56	497	57	827	100
Mitchell	650	433	435	326	763	221
Monroe	1,420	466	1,243	500	1,459	978
Montgomery	480	178	457	189	710	176
Morgan	506	210	676	602	853	573
Murray	524	199	668	240	931	411
Muscogee	1,107	611	1,951	590	1,132	184
Newton	788	398	804	792	962	593
Oconee	380	156	434	315	602	337
Oglethorpe	550	4	492	60	862	2
Paulding	592	185	689	221	679	482
Pickens	368	788	298	338	294	583
Pierce	366	198	460	197	309	98
Pike	1,030	514	908	684	1,209	625
Polk	587	450	607	415	801	421
Pulaski	1,107	298	983	288	596	151
Putnam	511	....	519	....	827	175
Quitman	327	122	159	42	371	1
Rabun	386	43	229	5	523	172
Randolph	594	327	669	447	381	43
Richmond	808	113	3,293	1,945	1,986	780
Rockdale	568	280	508	225	503	451
Schley	355	233	406	301	389	101
Screven	1,161	243	1,037	246	978	91
Spalding	1,039	448	691	623	805	1,004
Stewart	662	139	684	207	783	234
Sumter	940	652	1,186	726	840	240
Talbot	575	389	907	1,331	868	421
Taliaferro	391	200	418	263	532	428
Tattnall	543	102	645	252	851	222
Taylor	559	123	773	440	418	208
Telfair	493	234	477	120	627	257
Terrell	673	228	541	278	306	37
Thomas	1,465	838	290	289	1,173	473
Towns	275	277	165	147	215	220
Troup	1,242	435	1,209	463	955	161
Twiggs	299	157	268	164	762	247
Union	547	440	377	176	618	269
Upson	977	345	778	374	869	443
Walker	718	260	770	248	691	553
Walton	767	235	1,017	324	1,408	867
Ware	369	186	365	179	449	155
Warren	545	100	521	142	918	227
Washington	1,351	572	1,083	939	1,494	356
Wayne	317	137	449	199	615	122
Webster	290	224	353	261	330	142
White	494	139	317	53	630	128
Whitfield	837	421	883	570	1,095	654
Wilcox	357	73	397	43	181	31
Wilkes	683	....	785	....	1,337	53
Wilkinson	339	69	625	289	769	150
Worth	547	179	420	178	819	150
Total	100499	40,496	94,653	47,692	107253	44,896
Plurality	60,003	....	46,961	....	62,357	....
Per cent	70.32	28.34	65.94	33.22	70.49	29.50
Scattering	1,944		1,198		....	
Whole vote	142,939		143,543		152,149	

Of the 1,944 scattering votes in 1888, Fisk, Prohibitionist, had 1,808, and the Labor party, 136.

An election was held for Governor and State officers October 1, 1890, with the following result, all the candidates being Democrats, and there being no opposing candidates: Governor, W. J. Northen, received 105,365 votes; Secretary of State, Philip Cook, 103,698; Treasurer, R. U. Hardeman, 102,911; Comptroller-General, William A. Wright, 102,621; Attorney-General, George N. Lester, 100,933.

GEORGIA—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

I. Counties of Appling, Bryan, Bullock, Camden, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Echols, Effinghan, Emanuel, Glynn, Liberty, McIntosh, Pierce, Screven, Tattnall, Ware, Wayne. Rufus F. Lester, Dem., 10,905; Michael J. Doyle, Rep., 3,127. Lester's majority, 7,778.

II. Counties of Baker, Berrien, Brooks, Calhoun, Clay, Colquitt, Decatur, Dougherty, Early, Lowndes, Miller, Mitchell, Quitman, Randolph, Terrell, Thomas, Worth. Henry G. Turner, Dem., 7,361; C. S. Matteson, Rep., 948. Turner's majority, 6,413.

III. Counties of Coffee, Dodge, Dooley, Houston, Irwin, Laurens, Lee, Macon, Montgomery, Pulaski, Schley, Stewart, Sumter, Telfair, Webster, Wilcox. Charles F. Crisp, Dem., 8,038; Peter O. Gibson, Rep., 1,248. Crisp's majority, 6,790.

IV. Counties of Carroll, Chattahoochee, Coweta, Harris, Heard, Marion, Meriwether, Muscogee, Talbot, Taylor, Troup. Charles L. Moses, Dem., 9,609; Walter H. Johnson, Rep., 3,438. Moses's majority, 6,171.

V. Counties of Campbell, Clayton, De Kalb, Douglas, Fayette, Fulton, Henry, Newton, Rockdale, Spalding, Walton. L. F. Livingston, Dem., 8,683; Will. Haight, Rep., 3,608. Livingston's majority, 5,080.

VI. Counties of Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Crawford, Jasper, Jones, Monroe, Pike, Twiggs, Upson, Wilkinson. James H. Blount, Dem., 2,860. No opposition.

VII. Counties of Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, Whitfield. R.W. Everett, Dem., 11,031; W. H. Felton, Dem., 8,460; Z. B. Hargrove, Rep., 638. Everett's plurality, 2,571.

VIII. Counties of Clarke, Franklin, Elbert, Greene, Hancock, Hart, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Putnam, Wilkes. Thomas G. Lawson, Dem., 3,405. No opposition.

IX. Counties of Banks, Cherokee, Dawson, Fannin, Forsyth, Gilmer, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Milton, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union, White. Thomas E. Winn, Dem., 10,315; Thad. Pickett, Ind., 4,087; S. A. Darnell, Rep., 3,133. Winn's plurality, 6,228.

X. Counties of Burke, Columbia, Glascock, Jefferson, Johnson, Lincoln, McDuffie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Washington. Thomas E. Watson, Dem., 5,456; A. E. Williams, Rep., 597. Watson's majority, 4,859.

Under the new Congressional apportionment Georgia is entitled to eleven representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, W. J. Northeu; Secretary of State, Philip Cook; Treasurer, R. U. Hardeman; Comptroller-General, William A. Wright; Attorney-General, George N. Lester; Commissioner of Agriculture, R. T. Nesbitt; School Commissioner, James S. Cook—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Logan E. Bleckley; Associate Justices, Thomas J. Simmons and Samuel B. Lumpkin; Clerk, Z. D. Harrison—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	44	171	215
Republicans	..	4	4
Democratic majority	44	167	211

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President	76,278	62,715	....	13,563 D
1876. President	130,088	50,446	....	79,642 D
1880. President	102,470	54,086	....	48,384 D
1884. President	94,567	47,603	168	46,964 D
1886. Governor	101,159	....	....	101,159 D
1888. President	100,499	40,496	1,808	60,003 D

IDAHO.

COUNTIES. (18.)	Governor, 1890. Wilson, *Dem.*	Shoup, *Rep.*	Congress, 1888. Hawley, *Dem.*	Dubois, *Rep.*	Buck, *Ind. Rep.*
Ada	1,023	1,074	661	1,008	....
Alturas	370	483	1,133	1,613	....
Bear Lake	111	228	532	82	....
Bingham	688	1,200	635	781	....
Boisé	484	467	371	478	....
Cassia	180	177	213	201	....
Custer	265	470	234	563	....
Elmore	335	311	....	....	....
Idaho	356	384	365	255	58
Kootenai	492	659	278	269	66
Latah	709	1,063	237	341	864
Lemhi	227	375	269	494	....
Logan	508	643	....	....	....
Nez Perces	327	370	155	49	431
Oneida	112	253	87	253	....
Owyhee	309	421	171	301	....
Shoshone	979	1,198	737	1,033	35
Washington	464	486	326	433	4
Total	7,948	10,262	6,404	8,151	1,458
Majority	....	2,314	....	1,747	....
Per cent	43.65	56.35			
Whole vote	18,210		16,013		

Idaho adopted a State constitution in 1889 by a vote of 12,398 to 1,773, and was admitted to the Union in 1890. The vote for Governor, Representatives in Congress and Legislature reported here is the first of the new State.

Vote for Representatives in Congress, 1890.

Short term—Alexander Mayhew, Dem., 8,046; Willis Sweet, Rep., 10,158. Sweet's majority, 2,112.

Long term—Alexander Mayhew, Dem., 8,026; Willis Sweet, Rep., 10,130. Sweet's majority, 2,104.

Present State Government.

Governor, Norman B. Willey (who as Lieutenant-Governor succeeded George L. Shoup, elected U. S. Senator); Secretary of State, A. J. Pinkham; Treasurer, Frank Coffin; State Auditor, Silas W. Moody; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. E. Harrown; Attorney-General, George H. Roberts—all Republicans.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, I. N. Sullivan; Associate Justices, Joseph W. Huston and John T. Morgan—all Republicans.

State Legislature.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	14	31	45
Democrats	4	5	9
Republican majority	10	26	36

Vote since 1880.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Maj.*
1880. Congress	3,604	2,090	1,514 D
1884. Congress	1,547	741	786 D
1886. Congress	7,416	7,842	426 R
1888. Congress	6,404	9,609	3,203 R
1890. Governor	7,948	10,262	2,314 R

ILLINOIS.

COUNTIES. (102.)	Treasurer, 1890. Wilson, *Dem.*	Amberg, *Rep.*	Link, *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Adams	6,428	4,698	436	7,196	6,088	287
Alexander	1,536	1,798	15	1,544	2,014	8
Bond	1,370	1,504	206	1,276	1,685	212
Boone	538	1,820	125	495	2,100	175
Brown	1,479	821	100	1,616	945	73
Bureau	3,104	3,404	224	3,487	4,070	301
Calhoun	888	846	16	939	589	18
Carroll	1,111	2,083	155	1,329	2,644	169
Cass	2,027	1,296	100	2,073	1,527	107
Champaign	4,279	5,017	379	4,103	5,104	353
Christian	3,261	2,320	246	3,360	2,863	286
Clark	2,307	1,844	73	2,686	2,418	73
Clay	1,662	1,702	69	1,655	1,714	48
Clinton	2,097	1,131	41	2,187	1,413	57
Coles	3,510	3,458	165	3,268	3,424	145
Cook	78,510	71,750	1,828	84,491	85,307	2,577
Crawford	1,887	1,598	77	2,006	1,794	24
Cumberland	1,744	1,319	208	1,776	1,539	108
De Kalb	1,744	3,262	333	1,793	3,971	384
De Witt	2,059	2,008	86	1,976	2,041	108
Douglas	1,941	2,178	93	1,875	2,143	151
Du Page	1,152	2,175	171	1,615	2,357	191
Edgar	3,324	3,085	123	3,169	3,107	167
Edwards	618	1,145	61	648	1,301	57
Effingham	2,096	1,351	143	2,539	1,484	88
Fayette	2,505	1,933	411	2,760	2,264	102
Ford	1,265	1,951	109	1,208	2,113	167
Franklin	1,693	1,556	142	1,704	1,613	556
Fulton	4,841	4,592	185	4,965	4,948	281
Gallatin	1,671	1,085	57	1,801	1,380	35
Greene	2,776	1,619	116	3,237	2,072	88
Grundy	1,649	1,838	199	1,508	2,144	276
Hamilton	1,817	1,356	58	2,007	1,461	32
Hancock	4,005	3,112	196	3,911	3,569	229
Hardin	674	542	10	769	631	7
Henderson	934	1,194	82	897	1,342	65
Henry	2,661	3,481	303	2,363	4,431	364
Iroquois	3,422	3,562	291	3,350	4,101	322
Jackson	2,676	2,755	185	2,790	2,725	139
Jasper	2,012	1,174	269	2,105	1,554	81
Jefferson	2,082	1,374	492	2,378	1,981	75
Jersey	2,002	1,173	70	1,972	1,400	96
Jo Daviess	2,558	2,554	119	2,719	2,728	185
Johnson	853	1,484	436	948	1,758	105
Kane	3,401	6,227	366	4,386	7,572	582
Kankakee	2,067	3,087	150	2,101	3,219	244
Kendall	565	1,263	163	727	1,809	256
Knox	2,631	4,614	299	2,885	5,450	277
Lake	1,472	2,503	97	1,718	2,790	209
La Salle	7,882	6,867	421	8,313	8,006	573
Lawrence	1,828	1,495	82	1,609	1,635	111
Lee	2,268	2,806	168	2,488	3,364	192
Livingston	3,475	3,615	277	3,691	3,914	425
Logan	2,928	2,375	314	2,919	2,604	246
Macon	3,817	3,644	523	3,789	4,084	602
Macoupin	4,662	3,638	327	4,703	4,070	373
Madison	5,031	5,023	216	5,175	5,485	215
Marion	2,487	2,053	444	2,492	2,165	172
Marshall	1,753	1,556	83	1,613	1,613	99
Mason	1,938	1,483	151	2,114	1,556	111
Massac	793	1,377	26	799	1,530	26
McDonough	3,258	3,156	259	3,125	3,176	264
McHenry	1,536	2,995	242	2,002	3,563	322
McLean	5,265	6,055	788	5,935	7,708	694
Menard	1,691	1,209	130	1,648	1,292	96
Mercer	2,008	2,266	98	1,804	2,349	126
Monroe	1,711	1,119	16	1,698	1,237	8
Montgomery	3,225	2,114	205	3,607	2,875	268
Morgan	3,708	2,987	250	3,643	3,426	221
Moultrie	1,662	1,043	176	1,752	1,430	62
Ogle	1,950	3,319	191	2,255	4,135	309
Peoria	6,692	6,261	228	7,476	6,677	215
Perry	1,916	1,742	137	1,661	1,646	138
Piatt	1,854	2,052	64	1,939	2,174	102
Pike	3,678	2,666	152	3,592	2,820	227
Pope	1,048	1,452	10	911	1,646	15

ILLINOIS—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Treasurer, 1890.			President, 1888.		
	Wilson, *Dem.*	Amberg, *Rep.*	Link, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Pulaski	788	1,399	35	812	1,515	43
Putnam	448	532	69	516	580	65
Randolph	2,612	2,302	184	2,646	2,494	156
Richland	1,409	1,281	306	1,625	1,541	86
Rock Island	4,281	4,034	225	3,644	4,584	256
Saline	1,865	1,869	140	1,864	2,104	65
Sangamon	7,077	5,415	788	7,148	6,436	681
Schuyler	1,984	1,453	79	1,994	1,610	92
Scott	1,422	1,036	34	1,408	1,125	25
Shelby	3,096	1,747	1,089	3,988	2,521	302
Stark	874	1,225	127	826	1,359	119
St. Clair	5,840	5,233	207	6,188	5,932	116
Stephenson	3,444	3,168	240	3,429	3,484	300
Tazewell	3,219	2,705	110	3,426	2,926	126
Union	2,080	1,131	56	2,367	1,346	49
Vermilion	4,728	5,895	300	4,621	6,247	314
Wabash	1,329	910	109	1,336	1,084	110
Warren	2,256	2,544	327	2,016	2,708	294
Washington	1,814	1,912	196	1,747	1,991	181
Wayne	2,280	2,069	52	2,394	2,334	37
White	2,766	1,720	68	2,889	2,230	70
Whiteside	1,997	2,964	356	2,453	3,843	384
Will	4,985	5,833	291	5,257	6,357	312
Williamson	2,088	2,283	18	2,019	2,347	54
Winnebago	2,344	3,957	596	2,176	5,086	621
Woodford	2,389	1,722	148	2,410	1,812	165
Total	331837	321990	22,306	348278	370473	21,695
Plurality	9,847	....	....	....	22,195	....
Per cent	49.07	47.62	3.21	46.58	49.55	2.81
Scattering		.....			7,230	
Whole vote.		676,133			747,686	

The scattering vote for president in 1888 was 7,090 for Streeter, Union Labor, and 140 for Cowdry, United Labor.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. County of Cook. W. G. Ewing, Dem., 21,796; Abner Taylor, Rep., 22,235; J. H. Pendrick, Pro., 483. Taylor's plurality, 431.

II. County of Cook. L. E. McGann, Dem., 17,383; J. S. Schaar, Rep., 10,633; W. Bentley, Pro., 767. McGann's plurality, 6,750.

III. County of Cook. A. C. Durburow, Dem., 21,069; W. E. Mason, Rep., 17,933; J. L. Whitlock, Pro., 263. Durburow's plurality, 3,136.

IV. County of Cook. W. C. Newberry, Dem., 19,835; George E. Adams, Rep., 19,173; J. W. Packard, Pro., 584. Newberry's plurality, 662.

V. Counties of Boone, DeKalb, Kane, Lake and McHenry. J. Haish, Dem., 9,66.; A. J. Hopkins, Rep., 15,845; F. F. Farmisloe, Pro., 1,036. Hopkins's plurality, 6,181.

VI. Counties of Carroll, Jo Daviess, Ogle, Stephenson and Winnebago. A. Ashton, Dem., 13,517; R. R. Hitt, Rep., 14,028. Hitt's majority, 511.

VII. Counties of Bureau, Henry, Lee, Putnam and Whiteside. J. W. Blee, Dem., 10,374; T. J. Henderson, Rep., 12 946; D. E. Holmes, Pro., 740. Henderson's plurality, 2,572.

VIII. Counties of Du Page, Grundy, Kendall, La Salle and Will. Lewis Stewart, Dem., 17,496; C. A. Hill, Rep., 16,794; C. A. Farrell, Pro., 1,118. Stewart's plurality, 702.

IX. Counties of Ford, Iroquois, Kankakee, Livingston, Marshall and Woodford. Herman W. Snow, Dem., 15,427; L. E. Payson, Rep., 14,480; O. W. Stewart, Pro., 793. Snow's Plurality, 947.

ILLINOIS—*Continued.*

X. Counties of Fulton, Knox, Peoria and Stark. G. A. Wilson, Dem., 15,576; Philip S. Post, Rep., 16,194; M. S. Carr, Pro., 465. Post's plurality, 618.

XI. Counties of Hancock, Henderson, McDonough, Mercer, Rock Island, Schuyler and Warren. Benjamin T. Cable, Dem., 19,334; W. H. Gest, Rep., 17,461; S. T. Sheldon, Pro., 930. Cable's plurality, 1,873.

XII. Counties of Adams, Brown, Calhoun, Cass, Greene, Jersey, Pike and Scott. Scott Wike, Dem., 20,805; M. McClare, Rep., 13,336; J. W. Bush, Pro., 922; Thomas Barton, Farmers' Alliance, 748. Wike's plurality, 7,569.

XIII. Counties of Christian, Mason, Menard, Morgan, Sangamon and Tazewell. William M. Springer, Dem., 20,951; Jesse Harmon, Rep., 15,946; R. H. Patton, Pro., 1,656; Springer's plurality, 5,005.

XIV. Counties of De Witt, Logan, McLean, Macon, and Piatt. Owen Scott, Dem., 16,670; J. H. Rowell, Rep., 15,448; W. C. Outten, Pro., 1,533. Scott's plurality, 1,222.

XV. Counties of Champaign, Coles, Douglas, Edgar and Vermilion. Samuel T. Busey, Dem., 19,010; J. G. Cannon, Rep., 18,428; J. S. Sargeant, Pro., 652; J. Harper, Farmers' Alliance, 160. Busey's plurality, 582.

XVI. Counties of Clark, Clay, Crawford, Cumberland, Edwards, Jasper, Lawrence, Richland, Wabash and Wayne. George W. Fithian, Dem. 16,473; J. D. Reeder, Rep., 15,957; W. H. Hughes, Pro., 350. Fithian's plurality, 516.

XVII. Counties of Effingham, Fayette, Macoupin, Montgomery, Moultrie and Shelby. Edward Lane, Dem., 16,700; F. H. Chapman, Rep., 9,761; J. L. Douthitt, Pro., 997; E. Roessler, Farmers' Alliance, 4,845. Lane's plurality, 6,939.

XVIII. Counties of Bond, Madison, Monroe, St. Clair and Washington. W. S. Forman, Dem., 16,279; C. J. Lindley, Rep., 14,529; J. P. Courtney, Pro., 653. Forman's plurality, 750.

XIX. Counties of Clinton, Franklin, Gallatin, Hamilton, Hardin, Jefferson, Marion, Saline and White. J. R. Williams, Dem., 17,410; G. W. Pillow, Rep., 12,613; J. H. Wilson, Pro., 831. William's plurality, 4,797.

XX. Counties of Alexander, Jackson, Johnson, Massac, Perry, Pope, Pulaski, Randolph, Union and Williamson. W. S. Morris, Dem., 16,273; G. W. Smith, Rep., 17,580; E. A. Davis, Pro., 685; L. L. Lawrence, Farmers' Alliance, 945. Smith's plurality, 1,307.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Illinois is entitled to twenty-two representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Joseph W. Fifer, Rep.; Lieutenant-Governor, Lyman B. Ray, Rep.; Secretary of State, Isaac N. Pearson, Rep.; Auditor, Charles W. Pavey, Rep.; State Treasurer, E. S. Wilson, Dem.; Adjutant-General, Jasper N. Reece, Rep.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Henry Raab, Dem.; Attorney-General, George Hunt, Rep.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, D. B. Magruder; Associate Justices, John Schofield, Alfred M. Craig, Simeon P. Shope, David J. Baker, Jacob W. Wilkin and Joseph M. Bailey.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	24	77	101
Republicans	27	73	100
Farmers' Alliance	..	3	3
Republican majority	3	..	..
Democratic majority	..	1	..

ILLINOIS—*Continued.*

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Pro.	Plu.	
1872. President..	185,057	241,941	....	....	*56,884	R
1876. President..	258,601	278,232	17,233	....	19,631	R
1880. President..	277,321	318,037	26,358	443	40,716	R
1882. Treasurer..	249,067	254,551	16,520	9,068	5,484	R
1884. President..	312,584	337,411	10,849	12,005	24,827	R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Labor.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1886. Treasurer..	240,864	276,680	34,832	10,766	35,816	R
1888. Governor..	355,313	367,860	6,364	18,915	12,547	R
1888. President..	348,278	370,473	7,090	21,695	22,195	R
1890. Treasurer..	331,837	321,990	....	22,306	9,847	D

* Majority.

INDIANA.

COUNTIES. (92).	Secretary of State, 1890. Mathews, *Dem.*	Trusler, *Rep.*	Blount *Pro.*	Kindle *Pe'pl's*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Adams	2,544	943	106	108	2,936	1,277
Allen	7,551	3,479	201	727	9,692	5,455
Bartholomew	2,895	2,490	77	11	3,109	2,742
Benton	1,201	1,425	75	24	1,425	1,026
Blackford	1,023	710	44	480	1,232	1,141
Boone	3,063	2,957	95	211	3,324	3,441
Brown	1,321	522	54	43	1,538	661
Carroll	2,366	2,256	173	50	2,500	2,607
Cass	3,759	3,230	315	56	4,221	3,822
Clark	3,393	2,485	90	37	3,788	3,206
Clay	3,360	2,622	165	64	3,773	3,711
Clinton	3,030	3,037	198	81	3,278	3,519
Crawford	1,477	1,086	19	166	1,628	1,445
Daviess	1,791	1,895	22	1,544	2,689	2,691
Dearborn	2,976	2,093	69	65	3,531	2,618
Decatur	2,239	2,395	150	16	2,400	2,663
De Kalb	2,916	2,549	216	89	3,160	2,879
Delaware	2,157	3,501	194	306	2,368	4,227
Dubois	2,398	689	22	490	2,986	1,220
Elkhart	4,033	4,121	339	58	4,464	4,955
Fayette	1,399	1,608	71	55	1,471	1,953
Floyd	3,266	2,339	76	36	3,824	2,947
Fountain	2,289	2,091	47	275	2,525	2,608
Franklin	2,619	1,403	55	20	2,872	1,712
Fulton	2,155	1,944	115	19	2,163	2,053
Gibson	1,976	2,126	258	709	2,721	2,953
Grant	2,467	3,521	393	561	2,990	3,929
Greene	2,433	2,557	69	202	2,659	2,934
Hamilton	2,292	3,173	342	79	2,412	3,599
Hancock	2,241	1,663	97	59	2,376	1,986
Harrison	2,286	1,676	37	172	2,529	2,133
Hendricks	1,930	2,760	217	38	2,083	3,297
Henry	1,549	2,997	233	763	2,277	3,849
Howard	2,250	3,079	302	191	2,002	3,604
Huntington	3,261	2,996	264	98	3,481	3,559
Jackson	2,854	1,951	23	51	3,235	2,263
Jasper	843	1,188	74	223	1,003	1,604
Jay	2,545	2,364	220	193	2,741	2,811
Jefferson	2,345	2,871	55	53	2,700	3,321
Jennings	1,488	1,731	39	102	1,598	2,057
Johnson	2,491	1,874	155	143	2,594	2,668
Knox	2,891	2,109	245	429	3,621	2,922
Kosciusko	2,900	3,556	217	23	3,081	4,147
La Grange	1,335	1,777	95	50	1,516	2,262
Lake	1,999	1,989	102	15	2,668	2,543
Laporte	4,023	2,813	105	36	4,607	3,722
Lawrence	1,378	1,866	19	397	1,814	2,356
Madison	4,024	3,514	259	226	3,928	3,436
Marion	17,434	14,865	573	185	17,515	17,139
Marshall	2,861	2,277	99	95	3,188	2,582
Martin	1,266	1,043	11	424	1,558	1,391
Miami	3,215	2,578	222	56	3,492	3,042
Monroe	1,657	1,639	87	258	1,815	2,054
Montgomery	3,591	3,371	131	66	3,763	4,011
Morgan	1,988	2,226	66	50	2,077	2,500
Newton	761	1,015	76	50	860	1,283
Noble	2,734	2,547	169	33	2,979	3,026
Ohio	567	649	4	8	585	726
Orange	1,334	1,350	19	4	1,654	1,779

INDIANA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Secretary of State, 1890. Mathews, *Dem.*	Trusler, *Rep.*	Blount *Pro.*	Kindle *Pe'pl's*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Owen	1,761	1,377	69	123	1,918	1,632
Parke	2,058	2,272	215	92	2,159	2,764
Perry	1,939	1,693	18	37	2,007	1,974
Pike	1,944	1,661	74	446	2,098	2,197
Porter	1,744	1,839	159	89	2,018	2,427
Posey	2,262	1,240	62	823	2,684	2,569
Pulaski	1,321	980	55	48	1,449	1,223
Putnam	2,733	2,132	124	31	3,016	2,570
Randolph	2,033	3,868	244	233	2,256	4,629
Ripley	2,143	2,188	39	48	2,381	2,404
Rush	2,185	2,275	156	37	2,292	2,713
Scott	943	640	39	15	1,030	743
Shelby	3,095	2,224	225	63	3,469	2,877
Spencer	2,256	1,855	31	451	2,685	2,733
Starke	893	690	23	23	904	834
St. Joseph	5,089	4,269	235	29	5,257	4,929
Steuben	1,106	1,896	134	241	1,348	2,352
Sullivan	2,909	1,595	42	85	3,382	1,902
Switzerland	1,577	1,449	12	55	1,637	1,560
Tippecanoe	3,628	4,046	167	6	4,281	5,072
Tipton	2,150	1,654	109	184	2,370	2,042
Union	782	913	58	9	868	1,108
Vanderburg	5,258	4,393	115	110	5,889	6,027
Vermillion	1,466	1,464	51	42	1,438	1,730
Vigo	5,556	4,964	99	271	6,102	6,273
Wabash	2,333	3,192	266	223	2,555	3,986
Warren	904	1,567	58	39	1,017	1,847
Warrick	2,045	1,327	82	798	2,557	2,361
Washington	2,125	1,525	19	67	3,431	3,559
Wayne	3,155	4,830	312	323	3,653	6,138
Wells	2,494	1,215	182	667	2,942	1,920
White	1,754	1,644	101	93	2,017	1,942
Whitley	2,190	1,784	163	29	2,325	2,133
Total	233881	214302	12,106	17,354	216013	263361
Plurality	19,579	....	....	...	....	2,348
Per cent	48.91	44.87	2.53	3.66	49.04	48.61
Scattering		.....			12,575	
Whole vote		477,643			536,949	

The vote for President in 1888, given as scattering, was 9,881 for Fisk, Pro., and 2,694 for Streeter, U. L.

The vote for Governor in 1888 was as follows: Courtlandt C. Matson, Dem., 260,994; Alvin P. Hovey, Rep., 263,194; Joseph S. Hughes, Pro., 9,920; John B. Milroy, U. L., 2,702. Hovey's plurality, 2,200. The Republican candidates for other State offices were elected by substantially a similar vote.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Gibson, Perry, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Vanderburg and Warrick. William F. Parrett, Dem., 17,730; J. A. Wright, Rep., 16,875; William Laud, Pro., 572. Parrott's plurality, 855.

II. Counties of Daviess, Dubois, Greene, Knox, Lawrence, Martin, Orange and Crawford. J. L. Bretz, Dem., 14,697; W. N. Darnell, Rep., 11,996; W. F. Fox, Pro., 369;—— Cox, Peop., 4,649. Bretz's plurality, 2,701.

III. Counties of Clark, Floyd, Harrison, Jackson, Jennings, Scott and Washington. J. B. Brown, Dem., 16,369; W. J. Durham, Rep., 12,429;—— Poindexter, Pro., 319. Brown's plurality, 3,940.

IV. Counties of Dearborn, Decatur, Franklin, Jefferson, Ohio, Ripley, Switzerland and Union. William S. Holman, Dem., 15,639; J. P. Rankin, Rep., 13,899; S. V. Wright, Pro., 354. Holman's plurality, 1,740.

INDIANA—*Continued.*

V. Counties of Bartholomew, Brown, Hendricks, Johnson, Monroe, Morgan, Owen and Putnam. G. W. Cooper, Dem., 17,070; J. G. Dunbar, Rep., 14,375; W. I. Sheit, Pro., 711. Cooper's plurality, 2,695.

VI. Counties of Delaware, Fayette, Henry, Randolph, Rush and Wayne. —— Trowbridge, Dem., 13,137; H. U. Johnson, Rep., 19,386; W. Edgarton, Pro., 1,178. Johnson's plurality, 6,249.

VII. Counties of Hancock, Madison, Marion and Shelby. W. D. Bynum, Dem., 27,399; J. W. Billingsley, Rep., 22,086; C. W. Culbertson, Pro., 1,076. Bynum's plurality, 5,313.

VIII. Counties of Clay, Fountain, Montgomery, Parke, Sullivan, Vermilion and Vigo. E. V. Brookshire, Dem., 21,401; H. C. Mount, Rep., 18,333; T. C. Ashley, Pro., 646. Brookshire's plurality, 3,068.

IX. Counties of Benton, Boone, Clinton, Hamilton, Howard, Tippecanoe, Tipton and Warren. L. Templeton, Dem., 19,453; D. Waugh, Rep., 20,752; M. Hanson, Pro., 1,120. Waugh's plurality, 1,299.

X. Counties of Carroll, Cass, Fulton, Jasper, Lake, Newton, Porter, Pulaski and White. D. Patton, Dem., 17,262; W. D. Owen, Rep., 16,100; H. T. Adams, Pro., 955. Patton's plurality, 838.

XI. Counties of Adams, Blackford, Grant, Huntington, Jay, Miami, Wabash and Wells. A. N. Martin, Dem., 20,813; C. G. Bryant, Rep., 19,000; B. E. Dickey, Pro., 1,627. Martin's plurality, 1,813.

XII. Counties of Allen, De Kalb, La Grande, Noble, Steuben and Whitley. C. A. O. McClellan, Dem., 17,970; I. N. Babcock, Rep., 13,920; G. K. Hubbard, Pro., 939. McClellan's plurality, 4,050.

XIII. Counties of Elkhart, Kosciusko, Laporte, Marshall, St. Joseph and Starke. B. F. Shively, Dem., 20,318; H. D. Wilson, Rep., 17,614; R. H. Clark, Pro., 845. Shively's plurality, 2,704.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Ira J. Chase,* Rep.; Secretary of State, Claude Matthews, Dem.; Auditor, J. O. Henderson, Dem.; Treasurer, Albert Gall, Dem.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, H. D. Vories, Dem.; Adjutant-General, Nicholas R. Ruckle, Rep.; State Statistician, M. A. Peelle, Dem.; State Geologist, S. S. Gorby, Dem.; Attorney-General, Alonzo G. Smith, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, Silas D. Coffey; Justices, Byron K. Elliott, J. A. S. Mitchell, Walter Olds and John G. Berkshire—all Republicans; Clerk of the Court, Andrew M. Sweeney, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	34	74	108
Republicans	16	26	42
Democratic majority	18	48	66

* Succeeding Alvin P. Hovey, Rep., deceased.

INDIANA—*Continued.*

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

		Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1872.	President	163,632	186,147	.....	.....	22,515	R
1874.	Sec. State	182,154	164,902	16,233	.....	17,252	D
1876.	President	213,526	208,011	9,533	.....	5,515	D
1878.	Sec. State	194,491	180,755	39,448	.....	13,736	D
1880.	President	225,528	232,164	12,986	.....	6,641	R
1882.	Sec. State	220,924	210,000	13,615	.....	10,924	D
1884.	President	244,992	238,480	8,293	3,028	6,512	D
1886.	Lt.-Gov.	228,598	231,922	4,646	9,185	3,324	R
		Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1888.	President	261,013	263,361	2,694	9,881	2,348	R
		Dem.	*Rep*	*Peop.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1890.	Sec. State	233,881	214,302	17,354	12,106	19,579	D

IOWA.

COUNTIES. (99.)	Governor, 1891.				Governor, 1889.	
	Boies, *Dem.*	Wheeler, *Rep.*	Westfall, *Peop.*	Gibson *Pro.*	Boies, *Dem.*	Hutchinson, *Rep.*
Adair	1,370	1,849	90	..	1,127	1,500
Adams	1,203	1,508	136	8	1,099	1,277
Allamakee	2,185	1,762	31	..	1,987	1,704
Appanoose	2,064	2,392	285	1	1,858	2,021
Audubon	1,441	1,282	17	4	1,247	1,214
Benton	2,987	2,426	10	2	2,902	2,388
Black Hawk	2,794	3,098	4	4	2,346	2,458
Boone	2,152	2,697	18	2	1,776	1,982
Bremer	2,104	1,411	18	2	1,921	1,378
Buchanan	2,292	2,271	70	4	1,964	2,070
Buena Vista	1,039	1,581	110	6	890	0,254
Butler	1,543	1,942	5	1	1,210	1,498
Calhoun	1,225	1,760	60	1	904	1,345
Carroll	2,593	1,509	6	15	2,191	1,108
Cass	2,179	2,330	192	3	1,751	2,035
Cedar	2,372	2,197	23	20	2,235	1,930
Cerro Gordo	1,208	1,893	4	26	907	1,404
Cherokee	1,360	1,622	19	18	1,157	1,177
Chickasaw	1,910	1,450	13	1	1,689	1,420
Clarke	1,681	1,369	183	7	957	1,244
Clay	711	1,303	79	9	498	1,127
Clayton	3,580	2,060	5	4	3,395	1,735
Clinton	5,403	2,959	49	1	4,944	2,466
Crawford	2,296	1,330	150	1	2,250	1,317
Dallas	1,885	2,499	224	14	1,289	2,003
Davis	1,669	1,388	309	26	1,460	1,210
Decatur	1,569	1,869	347	1	1,577	1,724
Delaware	1,789	2,215	1	..	1,593	1,940
Des Moines	4,457	2,491	14	5	4,137	2,061
Dickinson	374	641	66	6	249	588
Dubuque	6,820	2,307	10	..	6,144	1,820
Emmet	332	653	3	..	194	575
Fayette	2,752	2,538	120	11	2,472	2,481
Floyd	1,498	1,769	70	2	1,240	1,725
Franklin	1,131	1,539	...	1	709	1,335
Fremont	1,680	1,423	724	7	1,639	1,475
Greene	1,488	1,978	73	10	1,165	1,784
Grundy	1,448	1,341	12	3	1,222	1,174
Guthrie	1,792	2,238	83	6	1,413	2,018
Hamilton	1,283	1,831	5	2	899	1,533
Hancock	746	931	6	..	615	831
Hardin	1,685	2,513	9	9	1,302	2,168
Harrison	2,331	1,949	527	5	2,333	1,954
Henry	1,786	2,368	33	28	1,729	2,134
Howard	1,225	1,337	10	..	972	1,136
Humboldt	735	1,269	9	9	594	1,027
Ida	1,230	1,104	110	4	1,167	1,025
Iowa	2,223	1,544	80	10	1,963	1,376
Jackson	3,123	1,749	4	3	2,869	1,604
Jasper	2,694	3,077	256	47	2,276	2,791
Jefferson	1,695	2,039	45	22	1,467	1,794
Johnson	3,364	1,949	118	2	2,884	1,730
Jones	2,526	2,422	4	3	2,267	2,188
Keokuk	2,791	2,521	35	13	2,757	2,321
Kossuth	1,421	1,533	35	1	1,038	1,224

IOWA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1891.				Governor, 1889.	
	Boies, *Dem.*	Wheeler, *Rep.*	Westfall, *Peop.*	Gibson, *Pro.*	Boies, *Dem.*	Hutchinson, *Rep.*
Lee	4,942	3.224	28	14	4,284	2,530
Linn	5,263	4.699	34	42	4.348	3.690
Louisa	1,055	1,636	79	19	1,054	1,614
Lucas	1,190	1,583	52	1	1,287	1.521
Lyon	1,110	870	10	....	625	732
Madison	1,595	1,964	300	14	1,331	1,875
Mahaska	3.017	3.240	427	40	2,582	3,062
Marion	2,611	2,245	304	15	2,249	2,224
Marshall	2.756	3.250	67	7	1,850	2.439
Mills	1,601	1,688	223	1	1,518	1,582
Mitchell	1,141	1,671	7	1	899	1,452
Monona	801	1,039	1,049	3	1,321	1,605
Monroe	1,429	1,559	208	....	1,268	1,385
Montgomery	1,249	1,999	250	2	1,169	1,808
Muscatine	3,042	2,521	20	6	2,784	2,263
O'Brien	1,371	1,456	20	....	1,221	1,420
Osceola	560	569	....	....	385	614
Page	1,676	2,594	176	154	1,227	1,992
Palo Alto	1,171	962	74	2	882	802
Plymouth	2,208	1,449	189	3	2,319	1,275
Pocahontas	1,025	1,213	22	....	748	867
Polk	6,661	7,181	241	14	4,880	5,484
Pottawatt'mie	5,404	3,848	176	6	4,948	3,138
Poweshiek	1,860	2,318	140	17	1,843	2,218
Ringgold	1,164	1,760	132	57	953	1,512
Sac	1,406	1,864	18	....	1,120	1,441
Scott	5,686	1,928	27	4	5,282	1,645
Shelby	1,896	1,589	119	....	1,831	1,520
Sioux	1,875	1,879	33	7	1,344	1,516
Story	1,338	2,692	55	4	939	2,196
Tama	2,674	2,367	37	10	2,467	2,180
Taylor	1,598	2,100	176	...	1,354	1,582
Union	1,633	1,720	452	11	1,355	1,544
Van Buren	1,865	2,072	19	11	1,683	1,861
Wapello	3,682	3,295	471	....	3,485	2,841
Warren	1,730	2,357	156	23	1,433	2,031
Washington	2,245	2,485	41	20	1,870	2,110
Wayne	1,639	1,869	237	4	1,489	1,713
Webster	2,445	2,176	134	....	2,080	2,012
Winnebago	287	951	157	...	226	914
Winneshiek	2,367	2,277	2	4	2.053	2.174
Woodbury	5,033	3,580	884	....	4.959	2,969
Worth	485	980	105	....	437	878
Wright	1,178	1,632	1	14	790	1,527
Total	207589	199373	12,271	919	180111	173588
Plurality	8,216	....	....	....	6,523	....
Per cent	49.40	47.71	2.94	....	49.94	48.01
Scattering	.....				6,952	
Whole vote	420,152				360,673	

The scattering vote for Governor in 1889 was: Downing, U. Lab., 5,579; Smith, Pro., 1,353.

In 1891 the Democrats elected their entire State ticket, the majorities other than that for Governor being: Kuine, for Supreme Court Judge, 2,977; Knoepfer, for Superintendent of Public Instruction, 829; Day, for Railroad Commissioner, 7,946.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa, Van Buren and Washington. John J. Seerley, Dem., 17,459; John H. Gear, Rep., 16,388; I. T. Gibson, Pro., 150. Seerley's plurality, 1,061.

II. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine and Scott. W. I. Hayes, Dem., 20,748; Bruer T. Seamans, Rep., 11,738; T. L. Taggart, Pro., 24. Hayes's plurality, 9.010.

III. Counties of Black Hawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin and Wright. C. F. Couch, Dem., 19,491; D. B. Henderson, Rep., 19,695; John Bowman, Pro., 10. Henderson's plurality, 207.

IOWA—*Continued.*

IV. Counties of Allamakee, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell and Winneshiek. W. H. Butler, Dem., 17,972; J. H. Sweeney, Rep., 16,023; H. G. Parker, Pro., 101. Butler's plurality, 1.949.

V. Counties of Benton, Cedar, Grundy, Iowa, Jones, Linn, Marshall and Tama. J. T. Hamilton, Dem., 18,153; George R. Struble, Rep., 17,860; E. Lewis, Pro., 250. Hamilton's plurality, 293.

VI. Counties of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk, Mahaska, Monroe, Poweshiek and Wapello. F. E. White, Dem., 17,092; John F. Lacey, Rep., 16,572; L. McMillen, Pro., 201. White's plurality, 520.

VII. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, Polk, Story and Warren. H. C. Hargis, Dem., 14,276; J. A. T. Hull, Rep., 16,821; J. G. Little, Pro., 97. Hull's plurality, 2.545.

VIII. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union and Wayne. A. R. Anderson, Dem., 18,887; James P. Flick, Rep., 19,003; F. A. Gilley, Pro., 331; I. N. Harris, F. A., 62. Flick's plurality, 116.

IX. Counties of Adair, Audubon, Cass, Guthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgomery, Pottawattomie and Shelby. Thomas Bowman, Dem., 18,605; J. R. Reed, Rep., 17,322; Noah H. Bowman, U. L., 1,243; John Christy, Pro., 55. Bowman's plurality, 1,283.

X. Counties of Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, Greene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humboldt, Kossuth, Palo Alto, Pocahontas, Webster and Winnebago. J. L. Woods, Dem., 17,084; J. P. Dolliver, Rep., 18,395; Wills Weaver, Pro., 89. Dolliver's plurality, 1,311.

XI. Counties of Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Plymouth, Sac, Sioux and Woodbury. J. P. Allison, Dem., 15,065; George D. Perkins, Rep., 15,972; D. J. Farnham, Pro., 119; A. J. Westfall, F. A., 4,658. Perkins's plurality, 907.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Horace Boies, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, A. N. Poyneer, Rep.; Secretary of State, W. M. McFarland, Rep.; Auditor, James A. Lyons, Rep.; Treasurer, B. A. Beeson, Rep.; Attorney-General, John Y. Stone, Rep.; Superintendent of Instruction, J. B. Knoepfer, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, G. S. Robinson, Rep.; Associate Justices, James H. Rothrock, Rep., Josiah Given, Rep., L. G. Kuine, Dem., and Charles T. Granger, Rep.; Clerk of the Court, G. B. Pray, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1892.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	24	53	77
Democrats	25	46	71
People's	..	1	1
Union Labor	1	.	1
Republican majority	..	6	4

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President	71,134	131,173	....	....	†60,039 R
1876. President	112,121	171,332	9,490	....	49,721 R
1880. President	105,845	183,904	32,327	....	78,059 R
1883. Governor	139,093	164,182	23,089	....	25,089 R
1884. President	*177,316	197,089	....	1,472	19,773 R
1885. Governor	*168,525	175,505	302	1,405	6,979 R
1886. Sec. State	*165,597	180,309	....	518	14,712 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1887. Governor	153,526	169,686	14.499	309	16,160 R
1888. President	179,887	211,598	9,105	3,550	31,711 R
1889. Governor	180,111	173,588	5,579	1,353	6,523 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*F.A.&L.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1890. Governor	188,240	191,606	8,813	1,646	3,366 R
1891. Governor	207,589	199,373	12,271	919	8,216 D

* Democratic and Greenback Fusion vote.

† Majority.

KANSAS.

COUNTIES. (106.)	Governor, 1890. Robinson,* *Dem.*	Humphrey, *Rep.*	Willits, *Pe'pl's*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Streeter, *Union Labor.*
Allen	821	1,415	640	1,036	1,886	332
Anderson	688	1,550	957	960	1,843	369
Atchison	2,208	2,234	863	2,603	3,219	332
Barbour	445	640	930	710	977	304
Barton	946	871	1,022	1,228	1,353	101
Bourbon	1,340	2,374	1,707	1,831	3,569	805
Brown	1,182	1,967	1,288	1,803	2,696	235
Butler	1,061	1,903	2,152	1,616	3,172	721
Chase	447	723	687	593	1,126	326
Chautauqua	296	1,328	1,063	694	1,590	466
Cherokee	892	1,804	3,043	2,038	2,935	1,269
Cheyenne	163	400	331	420	779	22
Clark	127	180	200	394	473	98
Clay	464	1,320	1,760	920	1 914	794
Cloud	548	1,418	1,974	1,052	2,542	557
Coffey	696	1,432	1,443	1,227	1,970	440
Comanche	177	231	173	381	490	93
Cowley	1,381	2,974	2,612	1,933	4,112	1,534
Crawford	1,616	2,390	2,445	1,875	3,156	1,362
Decatur	203	422	793	731	1,224	131
Dickinson	1,067	1,504	1,962	1,695	2,746	473
Doniphan	1,094	1,881	143	1,109	2,245	14
Douglas	1,853	2,374	751	1,669	3,189	217
Edwards	174	305	335	334	541	114
Elk	369	1,210	1,171	696	1,596	600
Ellis	688	416	451	756	690	105
Ellsworth	687	683	631	831	1,159	39
Finney	243	384	67	348	694	49
Ford	537	473	100	630	882	119
Franklin	764	1,715	1,963	1,113	2,422	1,056
Garfield	52	87	1	129	225	3
Geary	622	547	603	756	1,027	97
Gove	110	283	135	278	586	7
Graham	74	336	479	342	797	245
Grant	36	123	134	245	390	....
Gray	203	246	36	268	417	48
Greenwood	53	150	61	1,110	2,242	542
Greeley	513	1,498	1,610	180	422	105
Hamilton	159	219	15	205	480	28
Harper	707	758	1,314	940	1,490	587
Harvey	1,088	1,361	863	1,065	2,145	676
Haskell	59	137	53	197	291	21
Hodgeman	174	321	59	220	563	83
Jackson	645	1,505	1,037	1,220	1,979	13
Jefferson	748	1,772	1,283	1,601	2,268	11
Jewell	324	1,424	2,079	599	2,285	757
Johnson	801	1,837	1,322	1,435	2,164	303
Kearney	158	208	13	248	367	21
Kingman	513	820	1,186	622	1,413	756
Kiowa	137	266	265	381	525	107
Labette	914	2,165	2,434	976	2,870	2,126
Lane	61	249	165	267	459	49
Leavenworth	4,481	1,419	942	3,516	3,272	335
Lincoln	362	608	1,059	617	1,069	349
Linn	424	1,820	1,664	802	2,166	1,119
Logan	161	368	137	283	609	33
Lyon	843	1,771	2,260	1,377	3,014	469
Marion	902	1,535	1,455	1,283	2,375	219
Marshall	1,570	1,884	1,707	1,815	2,547	835
McPherson	817	1,631	1,632	829	2,279	1,181
Meade	140	248	94	342	578	91
Miami	1,051	1,731	1,584	1,600	2,170	395
Mitchell	349	1,001	1,596	880	1,676	337
Montgomery	929	2,350	1,939	1,863	2,871	709
Morris	443	1,071	1,047	840	1,612	258
Morton	24	109	77	205	333	29
Nemaha	1,072	1,905	1,372	1,682	2,515	81
Neosho	822	1,691	1,549	1,144	2,134	982
Ness	192	405	469	470	891	124
Norton	193	664	984	631	1,471	466
Osage	670	1,977	2,886	1,380	3,442	1,001
Osborne	177	801	1,232	686	1,680	182
Ottawa	242	1,133	1,384	769	1,569	366
Pawnee	150	517	509	303	895	209
Phillips	491	812	1,001	763	1,681	592
Pottawatomie	709	1,552	1,741	1,471	2,419	162
Pratt	236	702	970	652	1,115	370

KANSAS—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890. Robinson,* *Dem.*	Humphrey, *Rep.*	Willits, *Pe'pl's*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Streeter, *Union Labor.*
Rawlins	430	499	296	633	1,023	127
Reno	943	2,208	2,257	1,841	3,398	366
Republic	797	1,486	1,610	1,205	2 595	110
Rice	421	1,259	1,467	934	1,851	284
Riley	556	1,196	1,068	772	1,856	286
Rooks	137	487	713	412	1,112	350
Rush	265	401	422	424	681	26
Russell	389	617	466	571	953	24
Saline	537	1,196	1,840	1,186	2,263	329
Scott	26	139	118	182	294	49
Sedgwick	4,692	1,997	2,504	4,025	6,071	618
Seward	75	171	28	207	400	43
Shawnee	4,067	4,940	1,099	3,143	7,672	117
Sheridan	66	257	389	337	623	37
Sherman	162	498	580	481	803	146
Smith	255	960	1,586	777	1,726	699
Stafford	119	605	1,033	483	975	505
Stanton	35	131	87	197	298	50
Stevens	41	92	173	268	307	61
Sumner	1,504	2,276	2,510	2,139	3,499	1,301
Thomas	150	373	398	486	751	121
Trego	106	264	163	220	477	25
Wabaunsee	727	924	1,049	960	1,708	31
Wallace	100	182	212	198	412	9
Washington	1,192	1,544	2,102	1,511	2,999	260
Wichita	18	17	184	207	438	78
Wilson	690	1,684	1,125	1,035	2,191	671
Woodson	267	1,002	837	595	1,149	363
Wyandotte	3,812	2,907	492	4,155	5,431	190
Total	71,357	115025	106972	102745	182904	37,788
Plurality	.....	8,053	....	....	80,159	....
Per cent	24.42	39.01	36.31	30.75	54.75	11.31
Scattering		1,234			10,608	
Whole vote		294,588			334,035	

* Endorsed by the Resubmission Republicans (opposed to the Prohibition liquor law).

The Prohibition vote for President in 1888 was 6,779, and for Governor in 1890 was 1,230.

Vote for Representatives in Congress, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Atchison, Brown, Doniphan, Jackson, Jefferson, Leavenworth, Nemaha and Pottawatomie. Thomas Moonlight, Dem., 13,250; Case Broderick, Rep., 14,630; L. C. Clark, Peop., 7,176. Broderick's plurality, 1,380.

II. Counties of Allen, Anderson, Bourbon, Douglas, Franklin, Johnson, Linn, Miami and Wyandotte. J. B. Chapman, Dem., 10,130; E. H. Funston, Rep., 17,713; A. F. Allen, Peop., 12,273. Funston's plurality, 5,440.

III. Counties of Chautauqua, Cherokee, Cowley, Crawford, Elk, Labette, Montgomery, Neosho and Wilson. B. H. Clover, Peop. and Dem., 23,492; B. W. Perkins, Rep., 19,061. Clover's majority, 4,431.

IV. Counties of Butler, Chase, Coffey, Greenwood, Lyon, Marion, Morris, Osage, Shawnee, Wabaunsee and Woodson. Hamsen Kelly, Rep., 19,994; John G. Otis, Peop., 24,993. Otis's majority, 4,999.

V. Counties of Clay, Cloud, Davis, Dickinson, Marshall, Ottawa, Republic, Riley, Saline and Washington. P. S. Warren, Dem., 3,337; S. W. A. Phillips, Rep., 13,998; John Davis, Peop., 19,482. Davis's plurality, 5,484.

VI. Counties of Cheyenne, Decatur, Ellis, Ellsworth, Gove, Graham, Jewell, Lincoln, Mitchell, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Rawlins, Rooks, Russell, Thomas, Trego, Sherman, Sheridan, Smith and Wallace. William Baker, Dem. and Peop., 20,749; Webb McNall, Rep., 12,105. Baker's majority, 8,644.

KANSAS—*Continued.*

VII. Counties of Barbour, Barton, Clark, Comanche, Edwards, Finney, Ford, Hamilton, Harper, Harvey, Hodgeman, Kingman, Kiowa, Lane, Meade, McPherson, Ness, Pawnee, Pratt, Reno Rice, Rush, Scott, Seward, Sedgwick, Stafford, Stevens and Sumner. Jerry Simpson, Farmer's Alliance and Dem., 32,623; J. R. Hollowell, Rep., 25,181. Simpson's majority, 7,422.

Kansas is entitled to one more representative under the new apportionment, and he will be elected at large.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Lyman U. Humphrey; Lieutenant-Governor, A. J. Felt; Secretary of State, William Higgins; State Auditor, Charles M. Hovey; Treasurer, S. G. Stover—all Republicans. Attorney-General, J. N. Ives, Democrat.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Albert H. Horton; Associate Justices, D. M. Valentine and W. A. Johnston; Clerk, C. J. Brown—all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Farmers' Alliance.....	..	90	90
Republicans.....	38	27	65
Democrats.....	1	8	9
Republican majority...	37	..	..
Farmers' Alliance maj..	..	55	16

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres.....	32,970	66,805	.....	.....	*33,835 R
1874. Gov.....	35,301	48,594	.....	.....	*13,293 R
1876. Pres.....	37,002	78,322	7,770	.....	40,120 R
1878. Gov.....	37,208	74,020	27,057	.....	36,812 R
1880. Pres.....	59,789	121,520	19,710	.....	61,731 R
1882. Gov.....	83,237	75,158	20,989	.....	8,079 D
1884. Pres.....	90,132	154,406	16,341	4,954	64,274 R
1886. Gov.....	115,697	149,615	.....	8,094	33,918 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. Lab.*	*Pro.*	
1888. Pres.....	102,745	182,904	37,788	6,779	80,159 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Pro.*	
1890. Gov.....	71,357	115,025	106,972	1,230	8,053 R

* Majority.

KENTUCKY.

COUNTIES. (117.)	Governor, 1891. Brown *Dem.*	Wood, *Rep.*	Harris, *Pro.*	Erwin, *Peop.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Adair	970	1,072	18	352	1,128	1,283
Allen	978	705	35	234	1,527	1,326
Anderson ...	1,101	774	31	25	1,235	742
Ballard.....	784	189	6	325	961	321
Barren.....	1,829	1,162	53	616	2,749	1,791
Bath.....	1,384	1,198	2	100	1,545	1,362
Bell.....	589	969	1	....	279	622
Boone.....	1,549	372	10	2	2,116	635
Bourbon.....	1,605	1,602	17	1	1,990	2,052
Boyd.....	1,078	987	8	207	1,302	1,531
Boyle.....	1,025	1,088	26	1	1,399	1,367
Bracken.....	1,261	806	24	161	1,792	1,066
Breathitt.....	895	457	2	40	636	505
Breckinridge..	1,579	929	9	1,059	1,826	1,769
Bullitt.....	755	302	15	276	996	429
Butler.....	708	1,124	14	387	973	1,637
Caldwell.....	773	817	52	247	1,098	1,080
Calloway.....	1,263	287	15	700	995	340
Campbell.....	3,007	3,064	36	43	4,160	4,141
Carlisle.....	747	167	12	352	848	271
Carroll.....	1,272	450	44	....	1,632	623
Carter.....	1,100	1,424	8	70	1,373	1,773
Casey.....	816	928	60	5	1,125	1,204
Christian.....	1,882	2,851	58	324	2,247	3,481
Clark.....	1,978	1,684	9	....	1,835	1,467

KENTUCKY—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1891. Brown *Dem.*	Wood, *Rep.*	Harris, *Pro.*	Erwin, *Peop.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Clay.....	495	1,111	....	102	652	1,390
Clinton	201	624	9	161	409	903
Critteuden....	1,041	1,206	19	113	1,175	1,357
Cumberland..	404	608	7	59	677	1,016
Daviess.....	3,097	2,528	34	185	3,818	2,238
Edmonson....	472	531	5	195	762	764
Elliott.....	945	383	1	14	1,090	426
Estill.....	610	676	2	261	835	917
Fayette.....	2,746	2,884	108	16	3,435	3,301
Fleming	1,634	1,467	52	242	1,813	1,711
Floyd.....	961	554	4	183	1,122	690
Franklin.....	2,020	971	9	436	2,334	1,429
Fulton.....	740	161	16	71	933	333
Gallatin.....	661	218	10	4	821	313
Garrard.....	876	1,052	14	24	1,124	1,220
Grant.....	1,430	1,007	32	9	1,604	1,126
Graves.....	2,253	782	11	1,301	2,432	1,182
Grayson	1,133	857	13	1,013	1,401	1,513
Green.....	437	690	7	674	1,047	1,181
Greenup	964	1,024	1	40	1,236	1,360
Hancock.....	727	492	9	384	900	881
Hardin.....	1,911	955	94	307	2,175	1,421
Harlan.....	234	706	7	.. .	211	837
Harrison.....	1,832	1,198	115	1	2,133	1,327
Hart	1,458	873	21	711	1,635	1,506
Henderson....	1,724	1,592	77	311	3,043	2,413
Henry	1,651	998	43	260	1,964	1,184
Hickman.....	931	278	15	196	1,053	383
Hopkins.....	1,611	1,290	96	498	1,882	1,569
Jackson.....	337	896	4	15	231	1,019
Jefferson.....	13,108	7,937	80	183	17,535	12,863
Jessamine ...	929	946	131	....	1,310	1,110
Johnson	628	1,194	5	191	854	1,357
Kenton	4,339	2,664	35	146	5,879	3,994
Knott.....	500	166	1	11	468	164
Knox.....	670	1,379	4	1	646	1,424
Larue.....	837	584	34	303	1,002	724
Laurel.....	770	1,209	14	52	975	1,384
Lawrence.....	1,214	1,222	2	313	1,655	1,717
Lee	457	546	1	79	432	514
Leslie.....	76	619	1	2	66	660
Letcher.....	289	482	4	6	281	616
Lewis.....	835	1,233	9	504	1,379	1,880
Lincoln.....	1,262	1,032	154	24	1,612	1,322
Livingston....	971	398	4	22	997	514
Logan.....	1,850	1,495	12	407	3,010	2,248
Lyon.....	640	367	7	84	640	573
Madison.....	2,260	2,267	45	94	2,466	2,343
Magoffin.....	548	689	....	321	660	865
Marion.....	1,270	852	26	46	1,599	1,008
Marshall.....	849	244	28	586	998	364
Martin.....	159	406	1	4	218	525
Mason.....	1,929	1,436	10	49	2,778	2,265
McCracken ...	1,526	927	107	360	1,812	1,535
McLean	779	417	31	286	972	742
Meade.....	1,080	357	5	162	1,348	593
Menifee.. ...	369	209	2	178	569	220
Mercer.....	1,323	966	129	119	1,711	1,361
Metcalfe.....	358	642	10	515	896	1,033
Monroe	421	861	3	424	837	1,311
Montgomery..	1,263	1,151	5	30	1,531	1,202
Morgan.....	928	478	....	563	1,342	683
Muhlenberg ..	1,258	1,604	23	375	1,768	1,817
Nelson.....	1,914	962	35	45	1,876	1,102
Nicholas.. ..	1,202	721	155	86	1,475	933
Ohio.....	1,578	1,471	15	1,302	2,066	2,100
Oldham.....	650	260	32	6	826	460
Owen	2,153	738	110	154	2,922	834
Owsley.....	189	616	1	62	248	699
Pendleton ...	1,343	966	21	99	1,915	1,417
Perry.....	302	510	1	25	296	699
Pike.....	1,131	1,023	6	11	1,249	1,260
Pellow.....	471	362	1	24	441	403
Pulaski.....	1,291	1,935	71	172	1,752	2,924
Robertson....	485	325	21	....	657	346

KENTUCKY—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1891. Brown *Dem.*	Wood, *Rep.*	Harris, *Pro.*	Erwin, *Peop.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Rockcastle....	636	896	30	..	777	1,050
Rowan	517	496	...	33	384	412
Russell	450	512	5	41	697	804
Scott	1,625	1,196	127	1	2,037	1,531
Shelby.....	1,830	1,057	9	36	2,219	1,436
Simpson	1,143	768	37	214	1,525	859
Spencer.....	796	257	7	65	998	399
Taylor.....	446	511	24	594	1,059	792
Todd	1,601	1,143	45	32	1,622	1,555
Trigg	895	653	10	577	928	978
Trimble	1,097	197	11	6	1,195	247
Union	1,533	490	13	217	2,244	955
Warren.....	2,131	1,549	55	420	3,587	2,590
Washington ..	1,016	847	49	146	1,328	1,365
Wayne.....	990	1,098	11	102	1,108	1,107
Webster.....	971	609	5	984	1,626	1,034
Whitley.....	662	1,563	25	101	681	2,202
Wolfe.....	482	356	3	291	805	444
Woodford.....	1,099	1,000	33	2	1,387	1,217
Total	144168	116087	3.293	25,631	183800	155134
Plurality.....	28,081	....	...	....	28,666	....
Per cent.....	49.87	40.12	1.14	8.88	53.31	45.00
Scattering		...			5,847	
Whole vote.		289,176			344,781	

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was 622 for Streeter, Union Labor, and 5,225 for Fisk, Prohibitionist.

A vote was taken in 1891 on the adoption of the new constitution, with the following result: **For, 213,960**; Against, 74,446.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Ballard, Caldwell, Calloway, Carlisle, Crittenden, Fulton, Graves, Hickman, Livingston, Lyon, Marshall, McCracken and Trigg. W. J. Stone, Dem., 9.749; E. T. Franks, Rep., 3.743; Wm. Curd, Pro., 1,086. Stone's plurality, 6,006.

II. Counties of Christian, Daviess, Hancock, Henderson, Hopkins, McLean, Union and Webster. W. T. Ellis, Dem., 13.983; H. R. Bourland, Rep., 10,592; Ellis's majority, 3.391.

III. Counties of Allen, Butler, Barren, Cumberland, Edmonson, Logan, Monroe, Muhlenberg, Simpson, Todd and Warren. I. H. Goodnight, Dem., 11,619; Addison D. James, Rep., 7.426. Goodnight's majority, 4.223.

IV. Counties of Breckinridge, Bullitt, Grayson, Greene, Hardin, Hart, Larue, Marion, Meade, Nelson, Ohio, Taylor and Washington. A. B. Montgomery, Dem., 11,036; G. W. Long, Rep., 6,990. Montgomery's majority, 4,046.

V. County of Jefferson. Asher G. Caruth, Dem., 14,395; St. John Boyle, Rep., 9,291. Caruth's majority, 5,104.

VI. Counties of Boone, Campbell, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, Pendleton and Trimble. W. W. Dickerson, Dem., 11,310; Weden O'Neal, Rep., 5,801; J. W. Vallandingham, Pro., 57. Dickerson's plurality, 4,509.

VII. Counties of Bourbon, Fayette, Franklin, Henry, Oldham, Owen, Scott and Woodford. W.C.P. Breckinridge, Dem., 7,146 · Hiram Ford, Rep., 442. Breckinridge's majority, 6,704.

VIII. Counties of Anderson, Boyle, Garrard, Jessamine, Lincoln, Madison, Mercer, Rockcastle, Shelby, Spencer and Jackson. James B. McCreary, Dem., 7,430; J. C. Gilliam, Rep., 394. McCreary's majority, 7,036.

IX. Counties of Bracken, Bath, Boyd Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Mason, Nicholas, Robertson and Rowan.

KENTUCKY—*Continued.*

Thos. H. Paynter, Dem., 15,276; Alexander Bruce, F. A., 10,053; W. W. Dye, Pro., 122. Paynter's plurality, 5,223.

X. Counties of Breathitt, Clark, Elliott, Estill, Floyd, Johnson, Knott, Lee, Martin, Magoffin, Montgomery, Morgan, Menefee, Pike, Powell, and Wolfe. J. W. Kendall, Dem., 10,746; R.C. Hill, Rep., 9,219. Kendall's majority, 1,527.

XI. Counties of Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Harlan, Knox, Letcher, Leslie, Laurel, Metcalfe, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne and Whitley. E. J. Howard, Dem., 5,964; John H. Wilson, Rep., 9,612; D. T. Chestnut, Pro., 311. Wilson's plurality, 3,648.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John Young Brown; Lieutenant-Governor, M. C. Alford; Secretary of State, John W. Headley; Treasurer, H. S. Hale; Auditor, L. C. Norman; Superintendent of Public Instruction, E. P. Thompson; Commissioner of Agriculture, Charles Y. Wilson; Attorney-General, W. J. Hendrick—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Appeals: Chief Justice, W. H. Holt, Rep.; Associate Justices, William S. Pryor, Joseph H. Lewis, Caswell Bennett—Democrats; Clerk of the Court, W. F. Longmoor, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891-92.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats.....	28	75	103
Republicans	9	16	25
Alliance and People's...	1	9	10
Democratic majority....	18	60	68

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President.	100,212	88,816	....	....	*11,396 D
1875. Governor.	126,976	90,795	...	....	*36,181 D
1876. President.	159,690	97,156	1,914	....	62,634 D
1879. Governor.	125,799	81,882	18,954	....	43,917 D
1880. President.	147,999	104,580	11,498	....	43,449 D
1883. Governor.	133,615	89,181	....	....	44,434 D
1884. President.	152,961	118,763	1,693	3,139	34,198 D
1885. Treasurer.	106,214	98,617	....	....	*67,617 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1887. Governor.	144,619	127,604	4,487	8,390	17,015 D
1888. President.	189,800	155,134	622	5,225	28,666 D
1889. Treasurer.	147,982	114,649	....	3,351	33,333 D
1890. Clerk App	161,712	107,005	....	4,340	54,707 D
1891. Governor.	144,168	115,087	25,631	3,293	28,081 D

* Majority.

LOUISIANA.

PARISHES. (99.)	President, Nov., 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Governor, April, 1888. Nicholls, *Dem.*	Warmouth *Rep.*	President, 1884. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Acadia.....	607	4	1,688	149	....	....
Ascension....	1,965	890	2,715	1,334	821	2,034
Assumption .	2,239	1,045	1,902	2,159	1,146	1,804
Avoyelles ...	1,507	607	2,425	1,310	1,173	1,100
Baton R., E.	1,270	1,835	1,984	2,606	1,220	1,260
Baton R., W.	573	429	1,712	454	779	330
Bienville	988	1	1,923	37	813	99
Bossier	2,155	172	4,213	95	2,000	175
Caddo.....	2,541	125	4,802	324	2,077	362
Calcasieu	1,420	273	2,294	708	1,410	334
Caldwell.....	882	22	671	276	659	151
Cameron.....	203	12	402	2	201	55
Carroll, East.	1,996	374	2,680	285	204	1,229
Carroll, West	563	....	420	81	215	56

LOUISIANA—*Continued.*

PARISHES.	President, Nov. 1888.		Governor, April, 1888.		President, Nov. 1884.	
	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Nicholls, *Dem.*	Wakemouth *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Catahoula....	733	328	992	885	508	473
Claiborne.....	1,653	16	2,397	768	1,663	400
Concordia....	2,477	466	4,219	145	332	1,716
De Soto.....	1,020	2	1,865	74	829	12
Feliciana, E..	826	7	2,276	5	960	234
Feliciana, W.	1,795	46	2,038	377	966	236
Franklin.....	566	26	987	4	765	31
Grant	584	95	582	402	241	95
Iberia.....	1,594	9	1,923	590	1,500	1,333
Iberville.....	1,116	2,071	1,802	2,610	672	2,603
Jackson	519	....	963	7	659	....
Jefferson	594	1,059	853	1,271	273	1,003
Lafayette.....	1,373	32	1,708	1,234	1,153	844
Lafourche....	2,335	732	2,702	1,548	1,819	1,700
Lincoln.....	842	....	1,273	....	1,180	4
Livingston....	377	77	766	192	325	113
Madison.....	2,523	166	3,530	....	381	851
Morehouse ...	1,286	4	1,584	14	1,262	208
Natchitoches..	1,599	338	3,373	285	1,693	466
Orleans	15,473	7,713	30,726	11,142	14,330	6,828
Ouachita	2,702	4	2,994	....	1,896	86
Plaquemines .	703	1,374	971	1,678	653	1,409
Pointe Coupée	876	791	1,945	1,465	744	974
Rapides	3,397	402	4,678	419	1,748	879
Red River....	1,479	73	1,679	78	486	83
Richland	1,099	....	1,287	63	773	182
Sabine.....	642	....	1,441	2	563	....
St. Bernard....	561	350	904	396	246	348
St. Charles...	105	1,248	172	1,377	77	912
St. Helena.....	393	77	846	376	339	224
St. James.....	543	1,831	898	2,181	371	1,452
St. John Bapt.	399	1,094	593	1,216	321	1,026
St. Landry...	1,631	574	3,909	3,278	1,878	1,680
St. Martin....	1,009	4	1,624	1,107	654	1,106
St. Mary.....	1,781	1,445	2,885	1,649	1,003	3,069
St. Tammany.	374	294	912	615	394	308
Tangipahoa ..	902	391	1,249	629	761	345
Tensas.....	1,787	363	4,627	113	2,075	697
Terrebonne...	1,484	1,074	1,687	2,033	1,378	2,007
Union	2,033	....	2,369	91	1,251	190
Vermilion	977	160	1,687	619	812	317
Vernon	588	....	947	....	472	....
Washington..	417	79	763	271	375	75
Webster.....	1,310	42	1,506	325	653	618
Winn	553	16	1,196	83	360	61
Total.....	85,032	30,284	137257	51,471	62,529	46,347
Majority.....	54,548	....	85,786	....	16,182	....
Per cent.....	73.40	26.34	72.73	27.27	57.19	42.39
Scattering....	229		....		916	
Whole vote.	115,744		188,728		109,234	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 160, and Streeter, U. Lab., 39.

Of the scattering vote for President in 1884, St. John, Pro., had 338, and Butler, Gr., 120.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bernard, and part of the city of New-Orleans. Adolph Meyer, Dem., 10,824; H. C. Warmouth, Rep., 6,155; Carson Mudge, Labor, 136. Meyer's plurality, 4,669.

II. Parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John Baptist and St. James, and part of the city of New-Orleans. M. D. Lagan, Dem., 10,948; H. D. Coleman, Rep., 6,312; Paul Granzin, Labor, 422. Lagan's plurality, 4,636.

III. Parishes of Ascension, Assumption, Calcasieu, Cameron, Iberia, Iberville, Lafayette, Lafourche, St. Martin, St. Mary, Terrebonne and Vermilion. Andrew Price, Dem., 11,318; Taylor Beattie, Rep., 48. Brice's majority, 11,270.

LOUISIANA—*Continued.*

IV. Parishes of Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, De Soto, Grant, Natchitoches, Rapides, Red River, Sabine, Vernon, Webster and Winn. Newton C. Blanchard, Dem., 8,307; F. J. Guice, F. A., 277. Blanchard's majority, 8,030.

V. Parishes of Caldwell, East Carroll, West Carroll, Catahoula, Claiborne, Concordia, Franklin, Jackson, Lincoln, Madison, Morehouse, Ouachita, Richland, Tenas and Union. Charles J. Boatner, Dem., 11,793; Smith W. Green, Rep., 258; L. C. Pritchard, F. A., 677. Boatner's plurality, 11,116.

VI. Parishes of Avoyelles, Baton Rouge, East; Baton Rouge, West; Feliciana, East; Feliciana, West; Livingston, Pointe Coupée, St. Helena, St. Landry, St. Tammany, Tangipahoa and Washington. S. M. Robertson, Dem., 6,611. No opposition.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Francis T. Nicholls; Lieutenant-Governor, James Jeffries; Secretary of State, Leonard F. Mason; Treasurer, William H. Pipes; Auditor, O. B. Steele; Superintendent of Public Education, Joseph A. Breaux; Attorney-General, Walter H. Rogers—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, Edward Bermudez; Associate Justices, Samuel D. McEnery, Charles E. Fenner, Lynn B. Watkins, and Joseph A. Breaux; Clerk, T. M. Hyman—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, ELECTED 1889.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	33	86	119
Republicans	5	12	17
Democratic majority..	28	74	102

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Maj.*
1872. President.....	66,467	59,975	6,492 D
1872. President.....	*57,029	71,634	14,605 R
1876. President.....	83,723	77,174	6,549 D
1876. President.....	*70,508	75,315	4,807 R
1880. President.....	65,067	38,628	26,439 D
1884. President.....	62,529	46,347	16,182 D
1888. Governor.....	137,257	51,471	85,786 D
1888. President.....	85,032	30,484	54,548 D

* Count of the Republican Returning Board.

MAINE.

COUNTIES. (16.)	Governor, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Thompson, *Dem.*	Burleigh, *Rep.*	Clark, *Pro.*	Clark, *Labor.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Androscoggin.	3,094	4,130	252	135	3,585	4,893
Aroostook....	2,516	3,783	523	2	1,808	3,365
Cumberland..	6,962	9,556	455	7	7,975	9,880
Franklin.....	1,229	2,006	57	10	1,518	2,485
Hancock.....	1,871	3,081	88	133	2,772	4,160
Kennebec.....	3,029	5,341	272	116	4,139	7,453
Knox.....	2,569	2,686	130	419	2,290	2,965
Lincoln.....	1,520	2,302	111	2	1,801	2,436
Oxford.....	2,243	3,579	112	16	2,951	4,319
Penobscot....	5,406	6,826	279	75	5,292	7,873
Piscataquis...	1,113	1,768	81	1	1,297	2,091
Sagadahoc....	761	1,722	108	179	1,246	2,536
Somerset.....	2,916	3,933	102	7	2,851	4,572
Waldo.....	2,955	2,940	91	90	2,504	3,123
Washington..	2,250	3,459	99	2	2,876	4,298
York.....	4,906	7,102	220	72	5,576	7,255
Total	45,331	64,214	2,981	1,298	50,481	73,734
Plurality	....	18,883	....	....	....	23,253
Per cent.....	39.82	56.41	2.61	1.16	39.37	57.52
Scattering....	.....				4,035	
Whole vote.	113,824				128,250	

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was Fisk, Pro., 2,691; Streeter, Union Labor, 1,344.

MAINE—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Cumberland and York. Melvin P. Frank, Dem., 11,970; Thomas B. Reed, Rep., 16,797; T. B. Hussey, Pro., 487. Reed's plurality, 4,827.

II. Counties of Androscoggin, Franklin, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford and Sagadahoc. Charles E. Allen, Dem., 11,647; Nelson Dingley, Jr., Rep., 16,459; W. H. Foster, Pro., 737. Dingley's plurality, 4,812.

III. Counties of Hancock, Kennebec, Somerset and Waldo. Charles Baker, Dem., 10,978; Seth L. Milliken, Rep., 14,493; L. C. Bateman, Pro., 982. Milliken's plurality, 3,515.

IV. Counties of Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscataquis and Washington. Josiah Crosby, Dem., 11,236; Charles A. Boutelle, Rep., 15,829; V. B. Cushing, Pro., 982. Boutelle's plurality, 4,593.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Edwin C. Burleigh; Secretary of State, Nicholas Fessenden; Treasurer, George L. Beal; Adjutant-General, H. M. Sprague; Attorney-General, Charles E. Littlefield—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Judicial Court: Chief Justice, John A. Peters, Rep.; Associate Justices, Charles W. Walton, Artemas Libbey, William Wirt Virgin, Democrats; Lucilius A. Emery, Enoch Foster, W. P. Whitehouse and Thomas H. Haskell, Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	27	110	137
Democrats	4	41	45
Republican majority	23	69	92

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President	29,087	61,422	....	....	*32,335 R
1876. President	49,823	66,300	663	....	16,477 R
	Fusion.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1880. Governor	73,786	73,597	....	418	189 F
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1880. President	65,171	74,039	4,408	235	8,868 R
1882. Governor	63,852	72,724	1,302	395	8,872 R
1884. Governor	58,070	77,779	3,147	1,157	19,769 R
1884. President	51,656	71,716	3,994	2,160	20,060 R
1886. Governor	56,242	68,893	....	3,873	12,651 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1888. President	50,481	73,734	1,344	2,691	23,253 R
1890. Governor	45,331	64,214	1,298	2,981	18,883 R

* Majority.

MARYLAND.

COUNTIES. (24.)	Governor, 1891. Brown *Dem.*	Vannort, *Rep.*	Higgins, *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Allegany	3,200	3,741	141	3,299	4,072	167
Anne Arund'l.	3,397	2,406	101	2,979	2,992	114
Baltimore C'y.	44,107	26,570	1,573	44,604	39,559	1,252
Baltimore Co.	6,776	3,690	454	6,464	5,224	443
Calvert	895	747	12	933	1,163	53
Caroline	1,747	1,395	105	1,420	1,490	113
Carroll	3,889	3,448	192	3,772	3,674	170
Cecil	2,858	2,195	193	2,970	2,879	90
Charles	1,628	1,249	....	1,430	1,431	12
Dorchester	2,991	2,613	100	2,114	2,602	135

MARYLAND—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1891. Brown *Dem.*	Vannort, *Rep.*	Higgins, *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Frederick	5,569	5,219	254	5,385	5,822	233
Garrett	1,260	1,446	46	1,239	1,533	20
Harford	3,448	2,283	187	3,408	2,830	175
Howard	1,822	1,307	71	1,774	1,521	65
Kent	2,200	1,836	103	2,062	2,037	89
Montgomery	3,934	2,440	149	3,270	2,712	142
P'nce Ge'rge's.	2,693	2,308	33	3,081	3,019	21
Queen Anne's.	2,087	1,509	144	2,286	1,738	173
Somerset	1,966	1,749	401	1,625	2,072	374
St. Mary's	1,774	1,466	16	1,551	1,772	34
Talbot	2,485	2,129	128	2,120	2,282	108
Washington	4,355	4,151	172	4,254	4,648	205
Wicomico	2,390	1,464	185	2,210	1,441	236
Worcester	1,960	1,030	360	1,916	1,473	343
Total	108539	78,388	5,120	106168	99,986	4,767
Plurality	30,151	....	....	6,182	....	....
Per cent	56.51	40.81	2.66	50.55	47.60	1.85
Scattering		.....			4,767	
Whole vote.		192,047			210,921	

Six proposed amendments to the State Constitution were voted upon in 1891. The first empowered the Governor to disapprove separate items in appropriation bills; the second restricted the exemption of corporations from taxation; the third provided for uniformity of taxation; the fourth related to the election of county commissioners; the fifth authorized the sale of the State's interest in all works of internal improvement, and the sixth empowered the Legislature to provide for the taxation of mortgages, if such taxation is imposed, in the county or city where the mortgaged property is situated. All of these amendments were adopted except the third.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Henry Page, Dem., 14,817; George M. Russum, Rep., 12,437; G. W. Covington, Pro., 1,043. Page's plurality, 2,380.

II. Herman Stump, Dem., 17,740; John E. Wilson, Rep., 12,130; George Balderson, Pro., 1,224. Stump's plurality, 5,610.

III. Harry W. Rusk, Dem., 16,914; R. H. Pullman, Rep., 11,273; W. I. H. Gluck, Pro., 444. Rusk's plurality, 5,641.

IV. Isidor Rayner, Dem., 18,740; H. H. Goldsborough, Rep., 12,106; P. L. Perkins, Pro., 534. Rayner's plurality, 6,634.

V. Barnes Compton, Dem., 14,697; Sydney E. Mudd, Rep., 13,079; John Patrick, Pro., 52. Compton's plurality, 1,618.

VI. William M. McKaig, Dem., 16,940; Louis E. McComas, Rep., 16,775; H. B. Moulton, Pro., 680. McKaig's plurality, 165.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Frank Brown; Secretary of State, E. W. Le Compte; Comptroller, John P. Poe; Treasurer, Edwin H. Brown; Adjutant-General, James Howard; Attorney-General, Marion D. Smith—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Court of Appeals: Chief Justice, Richard H. Alvey; Associate Judges, Levin T. H. Irving, David Fowler, John M. Robinson, Oliver Miller, James McSherry, John P. Briscoe and W. Shepard Bryan; Clerk, J. Frank Ford—all Democrats.

MARYLAND—*Continued.*

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	22	78	100
Republicans	4	10	14
Independent	—	3	3
Democratic majority	18	65	83

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. Pres	67,506	66,442	.....	.....	1,064 D
1876. Pres	91,780	71,981	.....	.....	19,799 D
1879. Gov	90,771	68,609	.....	.....	22,162 D
1880. Pres	93,706	78,515	818	.....	*15,191 D
1883. Gov	92,694	80,707	.....	.....	11,987 D
1884. Pres	96,866	82,748	578	2,827	*11,118 D
1885. Comp	102,912	72,304	.....	1,903	*30,608 D
1887. Gov	99,038	86,622	.....	4,416	*12,416 D
1888. Pres	106,168	99,986	.....	4,767	*6,182 D
1889. Comp	103,900	96,527	.....	3,741	*7,393 D
1891. Gov	108,539	78,388	.....	5,120	30,151 D

* Plurality.

MASSACHUSETTS.

COUNTIES. (14.)	Governor, 1891.			President, 1888.		
	Russell, *Dem.*	Allen, *Rep.*	Kimball, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Barnstable	1,102	2,893	161	1,045	3,371	180
Berkshire	5,927	5,491	441	6,073	6,826	403
Bristol	9,561	10,094	615	8,985	14,570	584
Dukes	200	398	70	199	570	119
Essex	21,214	21,614	1,345	19,890	27,560	1,178
Franklin	2,724	3,316	351	2,854	4,100	381
Hampden	9,628	8,439	555	9,181	9,577	510
Hampshire	3,449	3,632	404	3,405	4,731	325
Middlesex	30,398	31,053	1,551	28,624	35,768	1,519
Nantucket	212	323	14	215	487	13
Norfolk	9,340	9,112	467	8,729	10,779	449
Plymouth	6,544	8,021	474	6,093	9,366	618
Suffolk	38,614	25,802	966	38,623	31,191	921
Worcester	19,069	21,327	1,554	17,939	25,005	1,501
Total	157982	151515	8,968	151855	188892	8,701
Plurality	6,467	....	....	.. ..	32,037	....
Per cent	49.11	47.10	2.16	44.09	53.39	2.52
Scattering		3,208			60	
Whole vote		321,673			344,448	

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1891, Winn, People's Party, received 1,772, and Robinson, Socialist Labor Party, 1,429.

Republican pluralities for other candidates in 1891 were as follows: Lieutenant-Governor, 11,351; Secretary of State, 15,384; Treasurer, 14,155; Auditor, 12,769; Attorney-General, 12,317.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Charles R. Codman, Dem., 6,518; Charles S. Randall, Rep., 8,728; John D. Flint, Pro., 984. Randall's plurality, 2,210.

II. Bushrod Morse, Dem., 10,489; Elijah A. Morse, Rep., 12,339; Thomas J. Lothrop, Pro., 782. E. A. Morse's plurality, 1,850.

III. John F. Andrew, Dem., 14,992; Edward L. Pierce, Rep., 11,184; John W. Field, Pro., 524. Andrew's plurality, 3,808.

IV. Joseph H. O'Neil, Dem., 11,780; Thomas Copeland, Rep., 4,170; George L. Dacy, Pro., 304. O'Neil's plurality, 7,610.

V. Sherman Hoar, Dem., 13,081; James A. Fox, Rep., 10,807; James H. Roberts, Pro., 793. Hoar's plurality, 2,274.

VI. William Everett, Dem., 13,539; Henry Cabot Lodge, Rep., 14,579; Charles E. Kimball, Pro., 1,035. Lodge's plurality, 1,040.

VII. Jonas H. French, Dem., 10,910; William Cogswell, Rep., 12,496; Jacob F. Spalding, Pro., 848. Cogswell's plurality, 1,586.

MASSACHUSETTS—*Continued.*

VIII. Moses T. Stevens, Dem., 11,726; Frederick T. Greenhalge, Rep., 11,272; N. A. Glidden, Pro., 518. Stevens's plurality, 454.

IX. George Fred Williams, Dem., 12,207; John W. Candler, Rep., 12,076; M. H. Walker, Pro., 900. Williams's plurality, 131.

X. Charles B. Pratt, Dem., 10,431; Joseph H. Walker, Rep., 11,131; Herbert M. Small, Pro., 952. Walker's plurality, 700.

XI. Frederick S. Coolidge, Dem., 9,300; Timothy G. Spaulding, Rep., 9,150; M. P. Walker, Rep., 3,538. Coolidge's plurality, 150.

XII. John C. Crosby, Dem., 12,106; Francis W. Rockwell, Rep., 11,724; John Bascom, Pro., 864. Crosby's plurality, 382.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Massachusetts is entitled to 13 representatives. For the new district, see statement following Election Returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William E. Russell, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, W. H. Haile, Rep.; Secretary, William M. Olin, Rep.; Treasurer, George A. Marden, Rep.; Auditor, John W. Kimball, Rep.; Attorney-General, Albert E. Pillsbury, Rep.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Judicial Court: Chief Justice, Walbridge A. Field; Associate Justices, Charles Allen, Oliver W. Holmes, Jr., Marcus P. Knowlton, James M. Morton, John Lathrop, James M. Barker—all Republicans except Judge Lathrop, Dem.; Clerk, Henry A. Clapp.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	24	149	173
Democrats	16	90	106
Prohibition	..	1	1
Republican majority	8	58	66

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres	59,195	133,495	... ..	.....	*74,300 R
1876. Pres	108,777	150,063	... ..	.....	*41,286 R
1880. Pres	111,960	165,205	4,548	682	53,245 R
1881. Gov	54,586	96,609	4,889	1,640	42,023 R
1882. Gov	133,946	119,997	.....	2,137	13,949 D
1883. Gov	150,228	160,092	.....	1,881	9,864 R
1884. Gov	111,829	159,345	24,363	8,542	47,516 R
1884. Pres	122,352	146,724	24,382	9,923	24,372 R
1885. Gov	90,346	112,243	2,227	4,714	21,897 R
1886. Gov	112,883	122,340	.....	8,251	9,463 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1887. Gov	118,394	136,000	595	10,945	17,606 R
1888. Pres	151,855	183,892	.....	8,701	32,037 R
1889. Gov	120,582	127,357	.....	15,108	6,775 R
1890. Gov	140,507	131,454	.....	13,554	9,053 D
1891. Gov	157,982	151,515	1,772	8,968	6,467 D

* Majority.

MICHIGAN.

COUNTIES. (82.)	Sup. Court, 1891.		Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.	
	Champlin, *Dem.*	Montg'mery *Rep.*	Winans, *Dem.*	Turner, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Alcona	254	358	387	459	542	645
Alger	79	190	46	279	162	284
Allegan	2,684	3,090	3,135	3,471	3,829	5,078
Alpena	1,351	979	1,460	1,254	1,504	1,486
Antrim	720	903	608	803	881	1,305
Arenac	284	306	386	247	261	357
Baraga	423	302	461	433	406	389
Barry	1,979	2,417	2,175	2,359	2,676	3,112
Bay	4,242	2,645	5,152	3,216	5,386	4,378
Benzie	340	560	289	447	412	710
Berrien	2,929	2,780	4,206	3,929	4,689	5,126
Branch	1,315	2,439	1,650	2,612	2,739	4,097
Calhoun	3,187	3,688	3,584	3,651	4,357	5,733
Cass	1,791	1,970	2,474	2,513	2,564	2,929
Charlevoix	704	988	667	1,025	874	1,270
Cheboygan	1,685	732	1,272	953	1,237	1,110

MICHIGAN—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Sup. Court, 1891.		Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.	
	Champlin, *Dem.*	Montgomery, *Rep.*	Winans, *Dem.*	Turner, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Chippewa	616	748	865	943	909	1,055
Clare	524	405	749	604	912	905
Clinton	2,193	2,642	2,820	2,620	3,248	3,493
Crawford	210	203	350	285	479	436
Delta	1,255	1,151	1,454	1,174	1,332	1,586
Eaton	2,014	3,107	2,539	3,395	3,266	4,624
Emmett	828	955	902	824	1,056	946
Genesee	2,536	3,584	3,654	3,507	3,904	5,403
Gladwin	209	364	280	406	357	525
Gogebic	1,155	2,212	1,036	1,465	1,112	1,367
Grand Tr'v'rse	773	1,288	701	1,217	925	1,858
Gratiot	1,832	2,740	2,283	2,747	2,854	3,667
Hillsdale	2,129	2,934	2,671	3,383	3,035	4,959
Houghton	2,145	2,250	2,085	2,496	2,699	3,009
Huron	1,939	1,375	1,980	2,391	1,987	1,608
Ingham	3,480	3,253	3,874	3,581	4,782	4,545
Ionia	2,950	3,330	3,737	3,712	3,778	4,435
Iosco	1,055	976	1,417	1,419	1,639	1,505
Iron	372	759	879	833	520	598
Isabella	1,119	1,159	1,520	1,553	1,841	2,154
Isle Royal	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	3,904	3,561	4,503	3,733	5,170	5,647
Kalamazoo	2,787	3,393	3,768	4,250	3,949	5,437
Kalkaska	268	585	326	565	400	798
Kent	8,306	8,021	11,833	9,774	11,865	12,810
Keweenaw	90	310	79	290	185	411
Lake	439	544	585	586	806	1,062
Lapeer	2,398	2,577	2,407	2,429	2,914	3,663
Leelenaw	474	589	362	570	673	899
Lenawee	4,238	4,108	5,267	4,977	5,671	6,474
Livingston	2,015	1,942	2,370	1,899	2,842	2,706
Luce	83	228	235	243	172	212
Mackinac	728	353	776	322	913	625
Macomb	2,708	2,684	3,026	2,483	3,708	3,244
Manistee	1,747	903	1,854	1,615	2,328	1,668
Manitou	.....	.....	97	9	141	3
Marquette	1,357	3,862	1,864	3,017	2,105	4,511
Mason	1,063	1,062	1,346	1,165	1,573	1,697
Mecosta	1,211	1,633	1,226	1,520	1,793	2,604
Menominee	1,809	1,644	2,057	2,112	2,182	3,156
Midland	786	793	776	867	1,148	1,336
Missaukee	387	418	533	455	572	632
Monroe	2,840	2,081	3,163	2,251	3,940	3,430
Montcalm	1,997	2,648	2,446	3,032	3,495	4,480
Montmorency	156	177	217	249	237	235
Muskegon	2,334	2,465	3,278	2,937	3,514	4,520
Newaygo	1,209	1,408	1,458	1,713	1,932	2,448
Oakland	4,047	3,752	4,784	4,244	5,410	5,389
Oceana	1,090	1,225	1,361	1,125	1,426	1,726
Ogemaw	440	517	509	504	579	620
Ontonagon	445	236	588	369	542	308
Osceola	990	1,625	1,006	968	1,090	1,882
Oscoda	144	199	252	327	299	277
Otsego	288	420	456	504	434	573
Ottawa	2,337	2,677	3,109	2,905	3,184	4,302
Presque Isle	473	293	400	332	484	468
Roscommon	148	128	286	189	358	360
Saginaw	7,623	5,594	7,395	5,450	8,924	6,723
Sanilac	1,965	1,898	1,897	2,015	2,431	2,640
Schoolcraft	355	414	579	442	589	590
Shiawassee	2,117	2,399	2,800	2,723	3,186	4,007
St. Clair	4,673	4,054	4,826	3,922	5,286	5,418
St. Joseph	1,732	1,947	2,387	2,394	3,217	3,372
Tuscola	1,707	2,203	1,941	2,477	3,112	3,888
Van Buren	1,568	2,572	1,962	2,841	2,986	4,783
Washtenaw	4,214	3,060	5,201	3,313	5,481	4,550
Wayne	13,233	9,992	21,524	15,867	25,976	21,322
Wexford	651	835	776	909	1,065	1,237
Total	148271	153211	183725	172205	213469	236887
Plurality	.....	4,940	11,520	.....	.....	22,923
Per cent	45.63	47.15	46.19	43.21	44.90	49.63
Scattering	23,265		41,849		26,417	
Whole vote	324,903		397,779		476,273	

MICHIGAN—*Continued.*

Of the scattering vote for Justice of the Supreme Court in 1891, Dodge, Pro., received 14,144, and Atkinson, People's, 9,121.

Of the scattering vote for Governor, in 1890, Partridge, Pro., had 28,651, and Belden, Industrial, 13,198.

Of the scattering vote for President, in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 20,945, and Streeter, Union-Lab., 4,555.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

I. County of Wayne (Detroit), J. L. Chipman, Dem., 21,791; Hibbard Baker, Rep., 15,861; C. S. Pitken, Pro., 857; W. E. Thornton, Indus., 49. Chipman's plurality, 5,930.

II. Counties of Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe and Washtenaw. James S. Gorman, Dem., 16,471; E. P. Allen, Rep., 14,568; T. F. Moon, Indus., 2,522. Gorman's plurality, 1,903.

III. Counties of Barry, Branch, Calhoun, Eaton and Jackson. John W. Thatcher, Dem., 14,216; James O'Donnell, Rep., 16,679; Sam Dickie, Pro., 3,187; Robert Fraser, Indus., 3,423. O'Donnell's plurality, 2,263.

IV. Counties of Berrien, Cass, Kalamazoo, St. Joseph and Van Buren. G. L. Yaple, Dem., 15,673; Julius C. Burrows, Rep., 16,067; G. F. Cunningham, Pro., 2,843. Burrows's plurality, 394.

V. Counties of Allegan, Ionia, Kent and Ottawa. M. H. Ford, Dem., 22,451; C. W. Walkins, Rep., 20,153; E. L. Briggs, Pro., 2,587. Ford's plurality, 2,298.

VI. Counties of Clinton, Genesee, Ingham, Livingston and Oakland. Byron G. Stout, Dem., 17,140; William Ball, Rep., 16,459; J. Sessions, Pro., 3,004; G. W. Caswell, Indus., 1,940. Stout's plurality, 681.

VII. Counties of Huron, Lapeer, Macomb, St. Clair and Sanilac. Justin R. Whiting, Dem., 14,553; James S. Ayres, Rep., 12,566; John Russell, Pro., 1,280; A. Paget, Indus., 288. Whiting's plurality, 1,987.

VIII. Counties of Gratiot, Isabella, Midland, Montcalm, Saginaw and Shiawassee. H. M. Youmans, Dem., 17,230; Aaron T. Bliss, Rep., 17,154; W. M. Smith, Pro., 2,106. Youmans's plurality, 76.

IX. Counties of Antrim, Charlevoix, Kalkaska, Lake, Mason, Manistee, Mecosta, Missaukee, Muskegon, Newaygo, Oceana, Osceola and Wexford. H. H. Wheeler, Dem., 15,854; B. M. Cutcheon, Rep., 15,794; C. M. Brunson, Pro., 2,671. Wheeler's plurality, 60.

X. Counties of Arenac, Alcona, Alpena, Bay, Cheboygan, Clare, Crawford, Emmett, Gladwin, Iosco, Montmorency, Ogemaw, Oscoda, Otsego, Presque Isle, Roscommon and Tuscola. Thos. A. E. Weadock, Dem., 16,721; W. S. Humphrey, Rep., 15,055; S. A. Lane, Pro., 943; C. S. Kilmer, Indus., 291. Weadock's plurality, 66.

XI. Counties of Baraga, Benzie, Chippewa, Delta, Grand Traverse, Houghton, Isle Royal, Keweenaw, Leelenaw, Mackinac, Manitou, Marquette, Menominee, Ontonagon and Schoolcraft. John Semer, Dem., 14,549; S. M. Stephenson, Rep., 16,667; W. H. Simmons, Pro., 1,759. Stephenson's plurality, 2,118.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Michigan is entitled to 12 representatives. For the new districts, see statement following the Election Returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

MICHIGAN—*Continued.*

PRESENT STATE OFFICERS.

Governor, Edwin B. Winans; Lieutenant-Governor, John Strong; Secretary of State, Daniel E. Soper; Treasurer, Frederick Braastad; Auditor, George W. Stone; Attorney-General, Adolphus A. Ellis; Adjutant-General, Judson S. Farrar; Superintendent of Public Instruction, F. S. Fitch—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Allen B. Morse, Dem.; Justices, Charles D. Long, Rep.; Claudius B. Grant, Rep.; John W. McGrath, Dem.; Robert M. Montgomery, Rep.; Clerk, Charles C. Hopkins.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	18	63	81
Republicans	14	37	51
Democratic majority	4	26	30

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres.	78,350	138,458	.....	.....	*60,108 R
1876. Pres.	141,595	166,901	9,060	.....	*25,306 R
1878. Gov.	78,503	126,280	73,313	.....	47,777 R
1880. Pres.	131,300	185,190	34,795	.....	53,890 R
	Dem.-Gr.†	*Rep.*	*Str.-Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1882. Gov.	154,269	149,697	2,006	5,854	4,572 F
1883. Sup. Ct.	127,326	119,870	541	13,467	7,506 F
1884. Pres.	189,361	192,669	753	18,403	3,308 R
1884. Gov.	186,887	190,840	414	22,207	3,953 R
1885. Reg't	155,743	138,353	.....	14,708	17,390 F
1886. Gov.	174,042	181,474	.....	25,179	7,432 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Str.-Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1887. Sup. Ct.	140,315	174,924	27,658	18,530	4,609 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U.-Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1888. Pres.	213,469	236,387	4,555	20,945	22,923 R
1889. Sup. Ct.	122,955	156,426	2,681	16,380	33,471 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Indus.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1890. Gov.	183,725	172,205	13,198	28,651	11,520 D
1891. Sup. Ct.	148,271	153,211	9,121	14,144	4,940 R

* Majority. † Fusion.

MINNESOTA.

COUNTIES. (80.)	Governor, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Wilson, *Dem.*	Merriam, *Rep.*	Owen, *F. A.*	Pinkham, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Aitkin	276	299	100	5	185	408
Anoka	703	1,049	101	91	807	1,320
Becker	421	867	584	113	511	1,360
Beltrami	5	80	12	....	....	....
Benton	558	200	392	17	762	527
Big Stone	394	522	388	....	446	641
Blue Earth	1,856	2,309	1,202	222	2,761	3,307
Brown	1,177	1,115	801	16	1,489	1,285
Carlton	251	612	414	20	439	924
Carver	1,892	991	299	18	1,886	1,486
Cass	97	201	7	4	236	474
Chippewa	415	473	514	71	506	820
Chisago	291	1,182	236	77	419	1,481
Clay	370	613	1,210	1	927	1,547
Cook	9	38	....	....	29	24
Cottonwood	127	392	563	47	273	760
Crow Wing	402	661	396	24	699	1,144
Dakota	2,019	817	1,043	139	2,372	1,664
Dodge	427	948	690	112	805	1,530
Douglas	286	736	1,463	118	661	1,744
Faribault	818	1,640	334	119	1,054	2,176
Fillmore	1,400	2,153	879	311	1,759	3,428
Freeborn	490	1,562	1,025	86	973	2,431
Goodhue	1,345	2,731	657	328	1,721	3,813
Grant	176	314	972	61	316	899

MINNESOTA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Wilson, *Dem.*	Merriam, *Rep.*	Owen, *F. A.*	Pinkham, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Hennepin	14,044	11,006	6,540	1,704	15,040	21,209
Houston	1,195	1,124	587	74	1,376	1,624
Hubbard	83	81	200	5	181	169
Isanti	103	625	259	204	159	924
Itasca	274	381	3	....	108	58
Jackson	504	434	595	35	476	1,018
Kanabec	109	199	21	124	82	162
Kandiyohi	406	1,050	945	246	472	1,936
Kittson	47	374	694	...	360	603
Lac qui Parle	178	373	1,244	41	540	1,298
Lake	103	219	17	60	89	222
Le Sueur	2,038	1,384	539	121	2,121	1,817
Lincoln	121	219	650	51	399	594
Lyon	404	605	714	66	475	1,138
McLeod	1,614	862	414	73	1,827	1,323
Marshall	91	487	1,303	15	426	1,166
Martin	358	809	429	73	484	1,161
Meeker	1,084	1,241	528	173	1,231	1,799
Mille Lacs	178	392	167	18	229	414
Morrison	1,325	836	369	....	1,404	1,042
Mower	1,100	1,652	653	40	1,343	2,373
Murray	238	432	766	20	492	782
Nicollet	867	1,066	582	25	1,201	1,383
Nobles	498	611	423	57	682	896
Norman	182	309	1,046	144	356	1,162
Olmsted	1,922	1,836	333	72	2,094	2,432
Otter Tail	1,042	1,496	3,179	131	1,770	3,874
Pine	414	502	21	34	431	487
Pipe Stone	113	426	586	21	305	668
Polk	854	683	4,284	38	390	1,267
Pope	161	445	946	36	1,711	3,096
Ramsey	11,146	8,956	1,506	1,017	13,094	12,163
Red Wood	378	849	463	94	540	1,018
Renville	771	1,092	1,200	97	1,070	1,903
Rice	1,670	1,838	857	180	2,195	2,512
Rock	238	626	500	22	325	995
St. Louis	2,098	3,210	1,303	182	1,914	4,220
Scott	2,061	703	71	18	2,092	800
Sherburne	232	535	282	12	237	790
Sibley	1,373	1,023	515	13	1,437	1,389
Stearns	3,915	1,245	889	69	4,747	2,173
Steele	1,134	1,190	212	77	1,207	1,488
Stevens	242	453	585	21	475	679
Swift	577	468	890	45	743	1,098
Todd	725	962	777	29	870	1,508
Traverse	288	278	579	8	451	542
Wabasha	1,781	1,382	273	95	2,033	1,669
Wadena	268	324	283	24	337	604
Waseca	904	705	790	120	1,169	1,498
Washington	1,774	1,806	1,017	59	2,015	2,764
Watonwan	278	621	436	42	326	928
Wilkin	226	314	393	5	359	546
Winona	3,562	2,090	225	103	3,738	3,176
Wright	2,125	2,157	346	308	2,133	2,877
Yellow Mede'n	223	539	763	92	346	1,175
Total	85,844	88,111	58,514	8,424	104385	142492
Plurality	....	2,267	....	....	....	38,106
Per cent	35.64	36.57	24 29	3.49	39.64	54.11
Scattering		.....			1,118	
Whole vote		240,893			263,306	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 15,311, and Streeter, Union Lab., received 1,094.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Steele, Wabasha and Winona. W. H. Harries, Dem., 17,198; M. H. Dunnell, Rep., 14,875. Harries's majority, 2,323.

MINNESOTA—*Continued.*

II. Counties of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Lac qui Parle, Le Sueur, Lincoln, Lyon, Martin, Murray, Nicollet, Nobles, Pipe Stone, Red Wood, Rock, Sibley, Waseca, Watonwan and Yellow Medicine. John Lind, Rep., 20,788; J. H. Baker, F. A., 20,306; J. B. Reynolds, Pro., 1,146. Lind's plurality, 482.

III. Counties of Carver, Chippewa, Dakota, Goodhue, Kandiyohi, McLeod, Meeker, Renville, Rice, Scott and Swift. O. M. Hall, Dem., 17,639; D. S. Hall, Rep., 13,106; W. W. Gamble, F. A., 3,056; C. R. Shepard, Pro., 1,116. O. M. Hall's plurality, 4,533.

IV. Counties of Anoka, Chisago, Hennepin, Isanti, Kanabec, Pine, Ramsey, Sherburne, Washington and Wright. J. N. Castle, Dem., 35,903; S. P. Snyder, Rep., 30,175; W. J. Dean, Pro., 3,238. Castle's plurality, 5,728.

V. Counties of Aitkin, Becker, Beltrami, Benton, Big Stone, Carlton, Cass, Clay, Cook, Crow Wing, Douglas, Grant, Hubbard, Itasca, Kittson, Lake, Marshall, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Pope, St. Louis, Stearns, Stevens, Todd, Traverse, Wadena and Wilkin. A. J. Whiteman, Dem., 16,203; S. G. Comstock, Rep., 19,372; Kittel Halvorsen, F. A., 21,514. Halvorsen's plurality, 2,142.

Under the new apportionment Minnesota is entitled to seven representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns.

Present State Government.

Governor, W. R. Merriam, Rep.; Lieutenant-Governor, Gideon S. Ives, Rep.; Secretary of State, F. P. Brown, Rep.; Treasurer, Joseph Bobleter, Rep.; State Auditor, Adolph Biermann, Dem.; Attorney-General, Moses E. Clapp, Rep.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, James Gilfillan; Associate Justices, William Mitchell, Daniel A. Dickinson, Charles E. Vanderburg and L. W. Collins; Clerk, C. P. Holcomb.

State Legislature, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	25	43	68
Democrats	16	52	68
Farmers' Alliance	13	19	32

Vote of the State since 1872.

		Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872.	Pres	35,211	55,709	....	....	*20,498 R
1876.	Pres	48,787	72,955	2,389	....	*24,168 R
1879.	Gov	41,583	56,918	4,264	2,868	15,335 R
1880.	Pres	53,315	93,903	3,267	286	40,588 R
1881.	Gov	36,655	64,485	....	....	*27,830 R
1883.	Gov	57,859	72,404	....	4,924	14,545 R
1884.	Pres	70,065	111,685	3,583	4,684	41,620 R
1886.	Gov	104,464	107,064	....	8,966	2,600 R
		Dem.	*Rep.*	*U.Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1888.	Pres	104,385	142,492	1,094	15,311	38,106 R
		Dem.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1890.	Gov	85,844	88,111	58,514	8,424	2,267 R

* Majority.

MISSISSIPPI.

COUNTIES. (75.)	President, 1888.		President, 1884.		President, 1880.	
	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*	Hancock, *Dem.*	Garfield, *Rep.*
Adams	793	1,981	692	1,917	1,319	965
Alcorn	1,094	447	1,237	625	1,111	558
Amite	1,399	375	1,293	420	566	304
Attala	1,924	927	1,064	1,117	1,324	874
Benton	814	479	786	697	774	759
Boliver	907	1,726	317	760	259	1,016
Calhoun	1,163	108	1,206	201	1,052	76

MISSISSIPPI—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	President, 1888.		President, 1884.		President, 1880.	
	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*	Hancock, *Dem.*	Garfield, *Rep.*
Carroll	1,052	60	1,534	637	1,286	267
Chickasaw	1,264	432	943	814	1,605	667
Choctaw	743	3	691	52	616	23
Claiborne	599	14	1,002	241	1,057	292
Clarke	1,510	496	1,018	430	1,070	345
Clay	1,508	234	1,123	271	1,198	284
Coahoma	612	1,591	434	1,047	209	364
Copiah	2,267	461	2,185	769	2,021	1,419
Covington	638	4	422	125	446	189
De Soto	2,083	960	2,065	1,249	1,970	1,355
Franklin	776	203	575	265	449	263
Greene	381	63	395	101	200	50
Grenada	708	253	592	709	739	276
Hancock	725	313	568	391	433	197
Harrison	850	478	831	448	499	251
Hinds	2,201	956	2,160	1,689	2,3.8	1,017
Holmes	1,664	717	1,771	785	1,770	1,171
Issaquena	487	568	195	1,095	56	335
Itawamba	1,360	50	1,222	85	1,235	37
Jackson	833	616	1,001	655	560	298
Jasper	1,045	611	847	545	561	339
Jefferson	683	363	1,010	359	948	140
Jones	671	....	394	18	295	....
Kemper	1,213	325	947	553	1,104	579
Lafayette	1,687	487	1,919	1,298	2,132	1,215
Lauderdale	2,150	332	1,347	187	1,460	465
Lawrence	836	1	893	565	606	567
Leake	1,200	209	1,127	168	1,283	299
Lee	1,508	27	1,807	129	1,644	89
Leflore	825	1	854	262	642	276
Lincoln	1,097	631	823	697	636	706
Lowndes	1,122	17	2,082	253	1,203	330
Madison	2,032	344	1,244	685	1,248	928
Marion	826	5	683	269	317	201
Marshall	2,264	1,420	2,111	1,869	2,510	454
Monroe	2,962	413	2,456	646	2,066	600
Montgomery	989	118	1,149	218	1,372	143
Neshoba	884	3	563	41	736	84
Newton	1,875	135	994	125	1,026	....
Noxubee	846	....	1,523	433	1,234	427
Oktibbeha	1,342	399	1,072	475	1,210	366
Panola	1,650	1,121	1,474	2,325	1,744	1,754
Perry	547	17	435	178	222	56
Pike	1,518	585	1,535	1,103	914	635
Pontotoc	967	509	913	510	1,227	541
Prentiss	1,231	281	1,478	269	1,493	120
Quitman	105	167	6	3	153	83
Rankin	1,545	504	1,114	722	1,208	561
Scott	1,016	112	605	75	793	....
Sharkey	228	599	317	478	482	178
Simpson	750	193	834	114	519	226
Smith	1,082	2	770	2	966	....
Sumner	....	....	....	.. .	627	105
Sunflower	365	14	445	289	166	150
Tallahatchie	1,021	28	785	517	764	415
Tate	1,931	437	1,552	1,488	1,626	437
Tippah	1,301	483	1,420	575	1,326	407
Tishomingo	810	144	793	196	796	51
Tunica	509	956	96	412	193	531
Union	1,049	397	1,644	388	1,486	388
Warren	2,364	958	1,831	1,164	1,034	74
Washington	1,850	1,322	914	1,788	1,124	1,225
Wayne	690	494	561	445	545	432
Webster	725	161	698	274	....	....
Wilkinson	495	37	1,039	18	1,438	1,072
Winston	708	....	729	166	841	241
Yalobusha	1,046	211	1.158	842	1,173	94
Yazoo	1,196	7	1,330	6	2,133	155
Total	85,471	30,096	76,510	43,509	75,750	34,854
Plurality	55,375	....	33,001	....	49,896	....
Per cent	73.71	25.21	63.75	36.25	64.70	29.76
Scattering	240		....		6,444	
Whole vote	115,807		120,019		117,078	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 218, and Streeter, Union Labor, 22.

MISSISSIPPI—*Continued.*

An election for State officers was held November 5, 1889. The Democratic candidates were chosen without opposition.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss and Tishomingo. John M. Allen, Dem., 3,501. No opposition.

II. Counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panola, Tallahatchie, Tippah, Tate and Union. J. C. Kyle, Dem., 8,282; G. M. Buchanan, Rep., 3,468. Kyle's majority, 4,814.

III. Counties of Boliver, Coahoma, Issaquena, Leflore, Quitman, Sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren and Washington. T. C. Catchings, Dem., 8,689; James Hill, Rep., 2,717. Catchings's majority, 5,972.

IV. Counties of Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston and Yalobusha. Clarke Lewis, Dem., 6,753; W. D. Frazer, Rep., 1,572. Lewis's majority, 5,181.

V. Counties of Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne and Yazoo. J. H. Beeman, Dem., 6,305. No opposition.

VI. Counties of Adams, Amite, Covington, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, Perry, Pike and Wilkinson. T. R. Stockdale, Dem., 9,340; H. C. Griffin, Rep., 3,768. Stockdale's majority, 6,572.

VII. Counties of Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin, and Simpson. C. E. Hooker, Dem., 6,284; J. M. Matthews, Rep., 2,028. Hooker's majority, 4,256.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, J. M. Stone; Lieutenant-Governor, M.M. Evans; Secretary of State, George M. Govan; Treasurer, J. J. Evans; Auditor, W. W. Stone; Attorney-General, T. Marshall Miller; Superintendent of Education, J. R. Preston; Commissioner of Immigration, George Carlisle—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court; Chief-Justice, Thomas W. Woods; Associate Justices, J. A. P. Campbell and Timothy E. Cooper; Clerk of the Court, Oliver Clifton.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

The State Legislature elected in November, 1891, is almost wholly Democratic.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Maj.*
1872. President	47,287	82,406	.....	35,119 R
1876. President	112,143	52,705	.....	59,438 D
1877. Governor	96,382	1,168	.....	95,214 D
1880. President	75,759	34,854	5,797	*40,896 D
1881. Governor	76,365	51,364	.....	25,001 D
1884. President	76,510	43,509	.....	33,001 D
1885. Governor	88,783	1,081	.....	87,702 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1888. President	85,471	30,096	218	55,375 D

* Plurality.

MISSOURI.

COUNTIES. (114.)	Judge Supreme Court, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Gantt, *Dem.*	Mullins, *Rep.*	Jones, *Union Labor.*	Robinson, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Adair	1,296	1,876	572	....	1,531	2,228
Andrew	1,709	1,894	2	41	1,691	1,976
Atchison	1,180	1,053	1,086	28	1,405	1,554
Audrain	2,774	786	5	....	3,152	1,506
Barry	2,127	1,949	218	....	1,963	1,904

MISSOURI—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Judge Supreme Court, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Gantt, *Dem.*	Mullins, *Rep.*	Jones, *Union Labor.*	Robinson, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Barton	1,841	1,330	539	78	1,883	1,543
Bates	3,174	916	2,670	71	3,556	2,674
Benton	1,304	1,501	124	....	1,374	1,704
Bollinger	1,376	1,081	7	....	1,303	1,090
Boone	3,993	748	2	....	4,069	1,512
Buchanan	5,576	4,046	148	....	6,369	5,011
Butler	1,246	913	....	....	1,189	857
Caldwell	1,527	1,755	34	2	1,528	1,853
Callaway	3,803	1,145	....	2	3,912	1,624
Camden	824	966	111	....	675	1,056
Cape Gir'rde'u	2,046	2,133	161	6	1,894	2,198
Carroll	3,010	2,659	288	45	2,906	2,930
Carter	602	409	....	....	455	292
Cass	2,822	1,573	201	37	3,015	2,095
Cedar	1,402	1,275	319	9	1,434	1,424
Charlton	2,999	1,481	9	1	3,452	2,345
Christian	604	1,462	698	....	795	1,541
Clarke	1,898	1,700	1	....	1,791	1,724
Clay	3,955	749	245	3	3,628	1,103
Clinton	2,346	1,415	27	20	2,167	1,632
Cole	1,813	1,598	4	....	1,824	1,709
Cooper	2,684	2,105	50	....	2,685	2,416
Crawford	1,208	1,191	....	1	1,172	1,255
Dade	1,235	1,495	649	2	1,479	1,741
Dallas	589	1,090	605	....	706	1,169
Daviess	2,379	1,888	305	....	2,320	2,049
De Kalb	1,566	1,340	235	10	1,573	1,598
Dent	1,254	758	....	5	1,174	957
Douglas	387	1,115	812	....	477	1,306
Dunklin	1,885	34	....	....	1,838	719
Franklin	2,544	3,061	1	....	2,579	3,261
Gasconade	514	1,636	....	....	556	1,735
Gentry	2,095	1,339	549	....	2,042	1,623
Greene	3,999	4,288	798	1	3,985	4,934
Grundy	1,152	1,973	116	....	1,363	2,344
Harrison	1,664	2,263	122	....	1,722	2,418
Henry	3,072	1,570	890	....	3,289	2,634
Hickory	641	1,002	72	....	628	1,076
Holt	1,494	1,668	1	51	1,433	1,831
Howard	2,297	626	....	11	2,578	1,278
Howell	1,433	1,235	362	44	1,506	1,370
Iron	897	528	6	1	1,004	662
Jackson	12,467	8,943	409	....	15,663	14,350
Jasper	3,651	3,883	1,207	17	3,685	4,522
Jefferson	2,579	2,092	6	....	2,438	2,228
Johnson	3,223	2,441	33	25	3,183	2,895
Knox	1,662	1,244	85	5	1,661	1,372
Laclede	1,209	1,202	511	....	1,030	1,274
Lafayette	3,586	2,000	....	10	3,865	2,819
Lawrence	2,378	2,475	594	....	2,181	2,460
Lewis	2,291	1,161	3	....	2,268	1,412
Lincoln	2,408	1,277	....	1	2,380	1,628
Linn	2,386	2,315	308	13	2,588	2,505
Livingston	2,100	1,623	694	....	2,082	2,031
McDonald	1,178	812	103	....	1,069	802
Macon	3,702	2,883	6	17	3,293	2,850
Madison	1,026	521	2	8	1,118	685
Maries	972	377	....	....	1,055	539
Marion	2,781	1,372	14	7	3,305	2,294
Mercer	1,095	1,771	7	14	1,097	1,921
Miller	1,226	1,441	....	....	1,195	1,596
Mississippi	1,117	668	1	....	1,312	787
Moniteau	1,336	1,225	702	12	1,436	1,448
Monroe	3,587	449	....	1	3,873	983
Montgomery	2,077	1,690	7	15	1,989	1,906
Morgan	1,389	1,250	3	....	1,362	1,260
New-Madrid	707	111	....	....	1,114	352
Newton	2,205	1,698	470	....	1,969	1,787
Nodaway	2,916	2,623	1,143	76	2,989	3,016
Oregon	1,092	294	115	....	1,157	360
Osage	1,239	1,439	....	12	1,190	1,446
Ozark	459	867	....	....	434	884
Pemiscot	578	40	....	....	599	168
Perry	1,314	1,192	....	....	1,284	1,198
Pettis	3,539	3,060	83	....	3,369	3,393

MISSOURI—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Justice Supreme Court, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Gantt, *Dem.*	Mullins, *Rep.*	Jones, *U. L.*	Robinson, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Phelps	1,364	843	....	2	1,183	685
Pike	3,295	1,903	21	8	3.493	2,729
Platte	2,944	766	....	25	2.727	1,010
Polk	1,320	1,719	926	63	1,794	2,100
Pulaski	1,058	646	....	....	1,048	662
Putnam	1,110	1,955	11	....	1,045	1,985
Ralls	1,813	506	....	....	1,942	816
Randolph	3,148	1,051	52	....	3,481	1,890
Ray	3,142	1,281	391	19	3,182	1,796
Reynolds	753	206	....	...	862	259
Ripley	835	385	136	....	805	507
St. Charles	2,258	2,361	22	....	2,381	2,668
St. Clair	1,542	1,363	546	27	1.698	1,635
St. François	2,016	1,231	....	2	2,214	1,445
St. Genevieve	1,158	703	4	....	1,167	776
St. Louis	2,360	3.906	....	....	30,108	38,076
St. Louis City	24,714	21.273	342	....	....	....
Saline	4.018	1,351	546	35	4,387	2,684
Schuyler	1,300	897	9	....	1,329	1,042
Scotland	1,705	1,136	10	15	1,680	1,226
Scott	1,389	538	...	....	1,382	629
Shannon	866	303	173	....	828	423
Shelby	2,129	810	6	7	2,105	1,102
Stoddard	1,885	1,005	....	3	1,919	1,064
Stone	313	764	22	....	303	854
Sullivan	2,103	2,122	....	12	1,948	2,021
Taney	474	841	4	....	471	827
Texas	1,797	933	384	....	1,813	1,161
Vernon	3.229	1,221	741	....	4,057	2,252
Warren	600	1,420	73	....	589	1,498
Washington	1,437	1,158	....	....	1,336	1,222
Wayne	1,419	903	....	3	1,428	1,001
Webster	1,416	1,350	279	....	1,286	1,441
Worth	806	629	102	65	789	771
Wright	644	1,309	764	....	771	1,372
Total	250011	188223	25,114	988	261974	236257
Pluralities	61,788	....	....	....	25,717	....
Per cent	53.84	40.53	5.00	0.63	50.07	45.16
Scattering		....			24,967	
Whole vote		464,336			523,198	

Of the vote for President in 1888, given as scattering, Streeter, U. L., had 18,632, and Fisk, Pro., 4,539.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Adair, Clarke, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland and Shelby. William H. Hatch, Dem., 20,234; F. M. Harrington, Rep., 15,080; John M. London, U. L., 351. Hatch's plurality, 5,154.

II. Counties of Carroll, Chariton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph and Sullivan. Charles H. Mansur, Dem., 20,527; A. C. Pettijohn, Rep., 13,147; J. W. Donovan, U. L., 2,188. Mansur's plurality, 7,389.

III. Counties of Caldwell, Clay, Clinton, Daviess, De Kalb, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray and Worth. Alexander M. Dockery, Dem., 20,594; Patrick S. Kenney, Rep., 13,139; J. H. Hillis, U. L., 3,681. Dockery's plurality, 7,455.

IV. Counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Holt, Nodaway and Platte. R. P. C. Wilson, Dem., 15,753; Nicholas Ford, Rep., 12,444; John D. Whipple, U. L., 2,191; B. O. Cowan, Pro., 244. Wilson's plurality, 3,309.

V. Counties of Jackson, Johnson and Lafayette. John C. Tarnsey, Dem., 19,387; D. S. Twitchell, Rep., 13,505; G. H. Hiffner, People's Ind. Ref., 707. Tarnsey's plurality, 5,882.

VI. Counties of Boone, Benton, Camden, Cooper, Howard, Hickory, Moniteau, Morgan, Pettis and Saline. John T. Heard, Dem., 24,027; Edward H. Redman, Rep., 16,365; W. C. Alldredge, U. L., 3,625. Heard's plurality, 7,662.

MISSOURI—*Continued.*

VII. Counties of Audrain, Franklin, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, St. Charles and Warren. Richard H. Norton, Dem., 17.926; W. O. Barnett, Rep., 12,946. Norton's majority, 4,980.

VIII. County and City of St. Louis. John J. O'Neill, Dem., 11,621; Charles F. Joy, Rep., 9,563. O'Neill's majority, 2,058.

IX. City of St. Louis. Seth W. Cobb, Dem., 10,576; Thomas J. Prosser, Rep., 6,962; George L. Bauer, U. L., 113; John T. Field, Pro., 317. Cobb's plurality, 3,614.

X. County and City of St. Louis, and counties of Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, St. Francois, St. Genevieve and Washington. Sam Byrnes, Dem., 16,744; Wm. M. Kinsey, Rep., 15,095. Byrnes's majority, 1,649.

XI. Counties of Callaway, Cole, Crawford, Dent, Gasconade, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Osage, Phelps, Pulaski, Texas and Wright. R. P. Bland, Dem., 18,991; John L. Erwin, Rep., 14,885. Bland's plurality, 4,106.

XII. Counties of Bates, Barton, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Henry, St. Clair and Vernon. D. A. De Armond, Dem., 21,556; W. B. Lewis, Rep., 14,441; G. M. Wykoff, U. L., 8,535: V. B. Wisker, Pro., 210. De Armond's plurality, 7,115.

XIII. Counties of Barry, Christian, Dallas, Greene, Jasper, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, Polk, Stone, Taney and Webster. Richard W. Fyan, Dem., 16,488; William H. Wade, Rep., 13,728; Warren Vertrees, U. L., 2,803. Fyan's plurality, 2,760.

XIV. Counties of Bollinger, Butler, Carter, C. Girardeau, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New-Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, Scott, Shannon, Stoddard and Wayne. Marshall Arnold, Dem., 19,312; J. W. Rogers, Rep., 13,037. Arnold's majority, 6,275.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Missouri is entitled to fifteen representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, David R. Francis; Lieutenant-Governor, S. H. Claycomb; Secretary of State, Alexander A. Le Sueur; State Auditor, J. H. Seibert; State Treasurer, Lou V. Stephens; Attorney-General, J. M. Wood—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thomas A. Sherwood; Associate Justices, Francis M. Black, Theodore Brace, Shepard Barclay, James B. Gantt, J. L. Thomas and George B. Macfarlane; Clerk, Jacob D. Conner—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	25	106	131
Republicans	8	23	31
Union Labor	1	2	3
Independent	..	5	5
	—	—	—
Democratic majority	16	76	92

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres.	151,434	119,196	†2,429	.....	*32,237 D
1876. Pres.	203,077	145,029	3.498	.....	58,043 D
1880. Pres.	208,609	153,567	35,045	.....	55,042 D
1882. Sup.Jud.	198,620	128,239	33,407	.....	70,381 D
1884. Pres.	235,988‡	202,929	.... .	2,053	33,059 D
1886. Sup.Jud.	229,125	178,490	12,430	3,504	50,636 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1888. Gov.	255,764	242,533	15,388	4,387	13,231 D
1888. Pres.	261,974	236,257	18,632	4,539	25,717 D
1890. Sup.Jud.	250.011	188,223	25,114	988	61,788 D

* Majority. † Including vote cast for O'Conor, Ind. Dem. ‡ Republican and Greenback Fusion vote.

MONTANA.

COUNTIES. (16.)	Congress, 1890. Dixon, *Dem.*	Congress, 1890. Carter *Rep.*	Governor, 1889. Toole, *Dem.*	Governor, 1889. Power *Rep.*	Congress, 1888. Clarke *Dem.*	Congress, 1888. Carter *Rep.*
Beaverhead...	464	659	706	852	725	909
Cascade.....	768	890	813	896	913	939
Choteau	331	330	613	645	732	510
Custer	279	340	546	618	619	648
Dawson.....	139	161	256	289	213	229
Deer Lodge...	2,447	1,767	3,133	2,587	2,173	3,284
Fergus.....	322	510	619	673	548	780
Gallatin.....	783	539	952	769	855	761
Jefferson.....	774	765	1,250	1,144	1,170	1,339
Lewis&Cl'ke.	1,990	1,892	2,852	2,541	2,775	3,290
Madison.....	651	679	696	724	655	763
Meagher.....	673	727	727	691	691	843
Missoula.....	1,692	1,626	1,624	1,651	1,504	2,182
Park.....	590	829	886	1,064	677	1,067
Silver Bow ...	3,296	3,104	3,610	3,444	2,848	4,381
Yellowstone..	230	310	281	400	369	556
Total.....	15,411	15,128	19,564	18,988	17,360	22,486
Plurality.....	283	....	556	....	....	5,126
Per cent.....	49.57	48.65	50.72	49.28	43.39	56.59
Whole vote.	31,090		38,552		40,014	

Field, Lab., received 389 votes. Corbly, Pro., 162.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans.....	6	30	36
Democrats.....	10	25	35
Republican majority.	..	5	1
Democratic majority.	4	..	..

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Joseph K. Toole, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, John E. Rickards, Rep.; Secretary of State, Louis Rotwitt, Rep.; Treasurer, R. O. Hickman, Rep.; Attorney-General, Henri J. Haskell, Rep.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, H. N. Blake; Justices, E. N. Harwood and W. H. DeWitt; Clerk, W. J. Kennedy—all Republicans.

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE SINCE 1880.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Maj.*
1880. Congress.....	7,799	6,371	1,428 D
1882. Congress.....	12,398	10,914	1,484 D
1884. Congress.....	13,584	13,385	199 D
1886. Congress.....	17,990	14,272	3,718 D
1888. Congress.....	17,360	22,486	5,126 R
1889. Governor.....	19,564	18,988	556 D
1890. Congress.....	15,411	15,128	283 D

NEBRASKA.

COUNTIES. (90.)	Supreme Court 1891. Edgerton, *Ind.*	Supreme Court 1891. Post, *Rep.*	Supreme Court 1891. Bittenbender *Pro.*	Governor, 1890. Boyd, *Dem.*	Governor, 1890. Richards, *Rep.*	Governor, 1890. Powers, *Ind.*
Adams.....	1,240	1,253	137	861	1,331	1,527
Antelope	956	659	73	245	680	1,229
Banner	173	136	22	88	224	88
Blaine.	90	78	17	44	94	105
Boone.....	862	729	77	137	633	1,138
Boyd.....	223	521	39	....	....	....
Box Butte...	489	439	41	618	613	196
Brown.....	329	297	30	256	395	308
Buffalo	1,633	1,499	134	943	1,295	2,286
Butler	1,123	1,150	106	1,543	937	790
Burt.....	894	839	121	428	1,050	1,070
Cass.....	1,307	1,936	156	2,114	1,864	1,059
Cedar.....	694	453	40	597	449	408
Chase.....	368	277	27	172	303	386
Cheyenne....	378	403	47	410	517	88
Cherry.....	512	429	43	372	558	309
Clay.....	1,360	1,097	113	518	1,197	1,767
Colfax	675	866	41	1,073	426	686

NEBRASKA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Supreme Court, 1891. Edgerton, *Ind.*	Supreme Court, 1891. Post, *Rep.*	Supreme Court, 1891. Bittenbender *Pro.*	Governor, 1890. Boyd, *Dem.*	Governor, 1890. Richards, *Rep.*	Governor, 1890. Powers, *Ind.*
Cuming	567	963	67	1,677	849	216
Custer.....	1,869	1,462	160	439	1,598	2,623
Dakota.....	540	468	45	752	461	66
Dawes.....	637	778	75	486	880	520
Dawson.....	968	890	49	349	795	1,194
Deuel	239	237	33	177	229	137
Dixon..... ...	637	569	119	540	671	449
Dodge.....	1,023	1,638	161	2,127	1,623	549
Douglas.....	5,739	12,317	364	18,308	6,456	1,173
Dundy.....	333	325	36	126	329	355
Fillmore.....	1,306	1,064	121	672	1,168	1,683
Franklin	661	549	49	323	528	776
Frontier... ..	754	449	33	221	482	1,008
Furnas	847	524	46	190	581	1,068
Gage	1,833	2,646	328	2,062	2,575	2,164
Garfield	168	144	8	27	136	233
Gosper	369	143	22	93	192	666
Grant	61	40	6	58	60	43
Greeley	549	314	30	207	148	719
Hall.....	1,135	1,379	94	1,538	1,061	1,212
Hamilton.....	1,076	1,015	118	530	931	1,444
Harlan.....	757	431	66	146	386	981
Hayes.....	319	314	24	227	296	349
Hitchcock....	548	350	25	85	342	698
Holt..... .	49	18	3	566	1,030	1,301
Hooker.....	1,147	1,152	106	13	8	51
Howard.....	930	528	54	543	506	930
Jefferson.....	1,012	1,002	145	1,010	1,209	743
Johnson.....	733	892	140	702	884	908
Kearney..... .	843	715	110	388	705	949
Keya Paha...	377	255	20	129	322	408
Keith.....	228	138	...	133	176	157
Kimball.....	63	106	16	64	131	5
Knox.....	781	657	96	503	654	866
Lancaster....	3,158	4,269	514	3,212	4,728	2,976
Lincoln	879	802	62	439	747	1,027
Logan.....	133	116	4	66	122	106
Loup.....	108	103	11	21	119	170
Madison.....	1,006	1,107	123	1,075	773	1,057
McPherson...	43	25	...	7	29	13
Merrick	747	707	86	426	617	866
Nance.....	621	489	39	159	422	745
Nemaha	904	949	126	916	1,066	1,061
Nuckolls.....	914	577	63	380	699	1,346
Otoe.....	1,399	1,361	188	2,125	1,186	1,326
Pawnee	696	1,004	133	628	1,214	460
Perkins.....	444	263	21	189	213	485
Pierce.....	531	346	33	507	279	324
Phelps.....	813	395	108	135	407	1,563
Platte	1,154	1,448	68	1,557	403	1,310
Polk.....	1,111	507	92	246	529	1,416
Red Willow..	705	756	62	392	714	600
Richardson...	1,249	1,468	150	1,425	1,444	1,071
Rock	206	291	32	99	284	282
Saline.....	1,477	1,466	221	1,821	1,688	909
Sarpy	520	528	65	956	407	344
Saunders.....	2,006	1,506	183	1,286	1,092	2,433
Scott's Bluff..	153	213	18	87	223	92
Seward.....	1,223	1,196	88	1,478	1,238	922
Sheridan.....	968	618	112	461	690	854
Sherman	593	314	24	254	268	740
Sioux.....	222	152	24	133	160	157
Stanton	322	437	46	558	313	162
Thayer..	1 027	955	90	1,033	1,094	614
Thomas	39	60	8	37	60	32
Thurston.....	162	282	25	215	430	33
Valley.....	676	463	52	279	419	800
Washington..	710	925	118	1,245	794	704
Wayne.....	407	412	62	500	446	281
Webster	981	730	89	271	821	1,233
Wheeler.....	157	138	6	40	141	211
York	1,422	1,517	113	753	1,601	1,378
Total.....	72,311	76,447	7,322	171,331	68,878	70,187
Plurality	....	3,136	.. ..	1.144	....	....
Per cent.....	46.66	48.66	4.66	33.31	32.17	32.31
Scattering.....		....			3,694	
Whole vote.		157,080			214,090	

NEBRASKA—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. W. J. Bryan, Dem., 32,376; W. J. Connell, Rep., 25,663; Allen Root, Ind., 13,066; E. H. Chapin, Pro., 1,670. Bryan's plurality, 6,713.

II. A. W. McKeighan, Dem., 36,104; N. V. Harlan, Rep., 21,776; L. B. Palmer, Pro., 1,220. McKeighan's plurality, 14,328.

III. W. H. Thompson, Dem., 22,353; G. E. W. Dorsey, Rep., 25,440; O. M. Kern, Ind., 31,831; W. L. Pierce, Pro., 961. Kern's plurality, 6,391.

Nebraska is entitled to six representatives under the new Congressional apportionment. See tables following Election Returns.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John M. Thayer; Lieutenant-Governor, Thomas J. Majors; Secretary of State, John C. Allen; Auditor of Public Accounts, Thomas H Benton; Treasurer, John E. Hill; Superintendent of Public Instruction, A. L. Goudy; Attorney-General, G. H. Hastings—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court Justices, Samuel Maxwell, A. M. Post and T. L. Norval; Clerk, D. A. Campbell.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Farmers' Alliance	18	50	68
Democrats.....	8	28	36
Republicans.....	7	21	28
Farmers' Alliance maj..	3	1	4

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1872. President.	7,705	18,242	....	....	*10,540	R
1876. President.	17,554	31,916	....	....	*14,362	R
1880. President.	28,523	54,979	3,950	....	26,456	R
1884. President.	54,391	76,903	....	2,899	22,512	R
1885. Sup.Judge.	49,489	72,904	....	4,445	23,415	R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1886. Governor.	52,656	75,956	1,442	8,175	23,300	R
1888. President.	80,552	108,425	4,226	9,429	27,873	R
1889. Sup.Judge.	72,442	91,470	....	5,821	19,028	R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1890. Governor.	71,331	68,878	70,187	3,676	1,144	D
	Ind.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1891. SupJudge.	72,311	76,447	....	7,322	3,136	R

*Majority. †Democratic and Greenback Fusion vote.

NEVADA.

COUNTIES. (14.)	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		Governor, 1886.	
	Winters, *Dem.*	Colcord, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Adams, *Dem.*	Stevenson, *Rep.*
Churchill....	85	83	89	86	96	100
Douglas.....	202	255	144	269	165	251
Elko.....	799	649	695	790	609	690
Esmeralda...	304	486	265	413	304	446
Eureka	435	507	356	614	516	615
Humboldt....	464	319	467	428	499	445
Lander.....	273	288	270	374	328	381
Lincoln.....	270	253	177	150	196	157
Lyon.....	343	352	263	448	303	389
Nye.....	159	150	137	198	217	181
Ormsby.....	299	612	354	570	456	442
Storey.....	1,102	1,524	1,241	1,605	1,318	1,233
Washoe.....	837	846	655	899	601	761
White Pine..	209	277	213	385	261	372
Total	5,791	6,601	5,326	7,229	5,869	6,463
Plurality.....	...	810	....	1,903	...	594
Per cent.....	46.72	53.27	42.44	57.14	47.47	52.53
Whole vote	12,392		12,596		12,332	

The vote for representative in Congress in 1890 was: George W. Cassidy, Dem., 5,736; H. F. Bartine, Rep., 6,610. Bartine's majority, 874.

NEVADA—*Continued.*

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, R. K. Colcord; Lieutenant-Governor, J. Poujade; Secretary of State, O. H. Grey; Comptroller, R. L. Horton; Treasurer, J. F. Eagan; Superintendent of Public Instruction, O. Ring; Attorney-General, J. D. Torryson—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court Justices, O. R. Leonard, Thomas P. Hawley and C. H. Belknap; Clerk, J. Josephs.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1890.

The Republicans have 53 and the Democrats 7 votes on joint ballot.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Plu.*	
1872. President.....	7,847	7,146	701	D
1876. President.....	9,308	10,383	1,075	R
1880. President.....	9,611	8,732	879	D
1884. President.....	5,578	7,193	1,615	R
1888. President.....	5,326	7,229	1,903	R
1890. Governor.....	5,791	6,601	810	R

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

COUNTIES. (10.)	Governor, 1890.			President, 1888.		
	Amsden, *Dem.*	Tuttle, *Rep.*	Fletcher, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Belknap	2,471	2,494	91	2,540	2,687	113
Carroll.....	2,368	2,167	115	2,434	2,338	162
Cheshire.....	2,881	3,430	90	3,165	4,118	110
Coos.....	2,585	1,897	40	2,744	2,298	44
Grafton.....	4,956	4,542	183	5,075	5,210	191
Hillsborough .	8,245	9,320	210	8,440	9,460	268
Merrimack....	5,939	6,058	285	6,121	6,004	346
Rockingham..	6,637	5,871	163	6,552	6,451	200
Strafford.....	4,440	4,425	123	4,271	4,580	80
Sullivan	1,864	2,275	63	2,041	2,588	82
Total.....	42,386	42,479	1,375	43,382	5,724	1,566
Plurality.....	....	93	....	...	2,342	....
Per cent	49.14	49.25	1.61	47.86	50.36	1.75
Whole vote.	86,240			90,730		

The whole vote cast for Governor in 1890 was 86,240, which included 12 scattering votes. No candidate having a majority of all the votes, the election devolved upon the Legislature, which, having a Republican majority, elected Tuttle Governor.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Luther F. McKinney, Dem., 21,432; David A. Taggart, Rep., 20,294; F. K. Chase, Pro., 565. McKinney's plurality, 1,138.

II. Warren F. Daniel, Dem., 21,433; Orren C. Moore, Rep., 21,079; C. H. Thorndike, Pro., 621. Daniel's plurality, 354.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Hiram A. Tuttle; Secretary of State, Ezra S. Stearns; Treasurer, Solon A. Carter; Attorney-General, Daniel Barnard—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, Charles Doe; Associate Justices, George A. Bingham, Isaac W. Smith, Alonzo P. Carpenter, William H. H. Allen, Isaac N. Blodgett and Lewis W. Clark.

STATE LEGISLATURE.*

	Senate.†	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans.....	13	177	190
Democrats.....	9	163	172
Republican majority.....	4	14	18

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1876. President.....	38,509	41,539	....	....	3,030	R
1880. President.....	40,794	44,852	528	....	4,058	R
1884. President.....	39,187	43,250	1,571	552	4,063	R
1886. Governor.....	37,338	37,799	....	2,137	461	R
1888. President.....	43,382	45,724	....	1,566	2,342	R
1890. Governor.....	42,386	42,479	....	1,375	93	R

* As finally constituted. † Two vacancies.

NEW-JERSEY.

COUNTIES. (21.)	Governor, 1889. Abbett, *Dem.*	Grubb *Rep.*	La-Monte *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Atlantic	2,247	2,818	236	2,554	3,030	263
Bergen	4,196	3,374	140	4,897	4,239	104
Burlington	5,838	7,449	463	6,969	7,479	561
Camden	6,979	9,773	392	7,897	10,489	481
Cape May	1,048	1,351	127	1,100	1,463	165
Cumberland	4,000	4,880	626	4,353	5,542	840
Essex	22,955	22,097	682	25,182	25,298	756
Gloucester	2,934	3,369	246	3,092	3,969	316
Hudson	27,822	14,306	189	27,609	19,440	290
Hunterdon	4,926	3,062	473	5,530	3,555	540
Mercer	8,077	8,328	399	8,214	9,455	373
Middlesex	6,727	5,234	212	7,209	6,061	268
Monmouth	7,520	6,046	524	8,509	7,356	616
Morris	4,994	4,894	465	5,580	5,826	521
Ocean	1,446	1,967	97	1,465	2,315	113
Passaic	7,081	8,913	283	8,950	9,984	281
Salem	2,950	3,132	211	3,135	3,352	273
Somerset	2,950	2,680	222	3,293	3,141	195
Sussex	2,779	1,902	165	3,310	2,343	160
Union	6,321	5,620	231	7,568	6,649	252
Warren	4,455	2,797	470	5,077	3,358	506
Total	138245	123992	6,853	151493	144344	7,904
Plurality	14,253	...	...	7,149	....	....
Per cent	51.37	46.07	2.55	49.96	47.64	2.40
Scattering	13			....		
Whole vote.	269,103			303,741		

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem. Newell, Dem., 16,372; Bergen, Rep., 19,082; Nicholson, Pro., 2,007; Bergen's plurality, 2,710.

II. Counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer and Ocean. Haven, Dem., 16,352; Buchanan, Rep., 17,515; Brown, Pro., 1,200. Buchanan's plurality, 1,163.

III. Counties of Middlesex, Monmouth and Union. Geissenhainer, Dem., 20,266; Clark, Jr., Rep., 15,748; Snyder, Pro., 1,123. Geissenhainer's plurality, 4,518.

IV. Counties of Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex and Warren. Fowler, Dem., 13,459; Goodman, Rep., 8,775; Schenk, Pro., 1,583. Fowler's plurality, 4,684.

V. Counties of Bergen, Morris and Passaic. Cadmus, Dem., 16,815; Beckwith, Rep., 15,459; Bradbrook, Pro., 1,069. Cadmus's plurality, 1,356.

VI. County of Essex. English, Dem., 23,278; Condit, Rep., 21,468; Anderson, Pro., 995. English's plurality, 1,810.

VII. County of Hudson. McDonald, Dem., 21,875; McEwen, Jr., Rep., 16,761; Brown, Pro., 448. McDonald's plurality, 5,114.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, New Jersey is entitled to eight representatives. For new districts, see statement following the Election Returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Leon Abbett; Secretary of State, Henry C. Kelsey; Treasurer, George R. Gray; Comptroller, W. C. Heppenheimer; Attorney-General, John P. Stockton—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Mercer Beasley, Dem.; Associate Justices, William J. Magie, Rep.; David A. Depue, Rep.; Jonathan Dixon, Rep.; Manning M. Knapp, Dem.; Alfred Reed, Dem.; Edward W. Scudder, Dem.; Bennet Vansyckel, Dem.; Charles G. Garrison, Dem.

NEW-JERSEY—*Continued.*

Court of Errors: Judges, John Clement, Abraham C. Smith, Hendrick H. Brown, Martin Cole and J. S. Whittaker, Democrats.

Chancellor, Alexander T. McGill, Jr.; Vice-Chancellors, A. V. Van Fleet and John T. Bird.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1892.

	Senate.	*Assembly.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	16	42	58
Republicans	5	18	23
Democratic majority	11	24	35

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President	76,800	91,666	.....	.....	*14,860 R
1876. President	115,962	103,517	714	.....	12,445 D
1880. President	122,565	120,555	2,617	191	2,010 D
1883. Governor	103,856	97,047	2,960	4,153	6,809 D
1884. President	127,778	123,366	3,456	6,153	4,412 D
1886. Governor	109,939	101,919	.....	19,808	8,020 D
1888. President	151,493	144,344	.....	7,904	7,149 D
1889. Governor	138,245	123,992	.....	6,853	14,253 D

* Majority.

NEW-MEXICO.

COUNTIES. (16.)	Congress, 1890. Joseph, *Dem.*	Otero, *Rep.*	Congress, 1888. Joseph, *Dem.*	Otero, *Rep.*	Congress, 1886. Joseph, *Dem.*	Dwyer *Rep.*
Bernalillo	1,390	2,042	1,299	1,692	1,310	1,578
Chares	391	39	....	....	....	....
Colfax	900	730	849	660	889	621
Doña Aña	1,031	1,020	1,122	893	868	553
Eddy	273	162	....	....	....	....
Grant	1,035	987	1,195	962	913	823
Lincoln	601	361	955	371	919	398
Mora	1,525	807	1,455	739	1,579	531
Rio Arriba	1,155	1,428	1,240	1,211	1,574	1,208
San Juan	310	195	234	169	....	....
San Miguel	3,386	1,908	2,666	2,690	2,717	2,525
Santa Fe	1,571	1,504	1,468	1,108	1,387	977
Sierra	647	530	658	706	700	601
Socorro	1,427	885	1,107	1,400	1,613	920
Taos	994	1,034	1,055	952	1,060	817
Valencia	564	1,510	828	928	706	795
Total	17,206	15,142	16,131	14,481	16,235	12,347
Majority	2,064	....	1,650	....	3,888	....
Per cent	53.16	46.84	52.70	47.30	56.76	43.24
Whole vote.	32,348		30,612		28,582	

In 1890 a constitution was voted down by a vote of 16,180 to 7,943.

PRESENT TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Governor, L. Bradford Prince; Secretary, Benjamin M. Thomas; Treasurer, Rufus J. Palen; Auditor, Demetrio Perez; Surveyor-General, E. T. Hobart; Solicitor-General, Edward L. Bartlett; U. S. District-Attorney, Eugene A. Fisk; U. S. Marshal, Trinidad Romero—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, James O'Brien. Associate Justices, William H. Lee, Edward P. Seeds, A. A. Freeman and John R. McFee. Clerk, Harry Clancy.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

The Territorial Legislature elected in 1890 contained 12 Democrats, 18 Republicans and 6 "People's" Party.

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY SINCE 1878.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Maj.*
1878	9,067	9,739	672 R
1880	9,562	10,835	1,273 R
1882	13,378	15,062	1,684 R
1884	12,271	15,122	2,851 R
1886	16,235	12,347	3,888 D
1888	16,131	14,481	1,650 D
1890	17,206	15,142	2,064 D

NEW-YORK.

COUNTIES. (60.)	Governor, 1891.				Secretary of State, 1889.			President, 1888.			Governor, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Flower, *Dem.*	Fassett, *Rep.*	Bruce, *Pro.*	De Leon, *Soc.*	Rice, *Dem.*	Gilbert, *Rep.*	Griffen, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*	Hill, *Dem.*	Miller, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Albany	19,508	15,371	528	341	19,157	15,807	366	21,033	19,362	408	21,634	18,741	18,344	17,698
Allegany	3,272	5,320	1,076	79	2,227	4,780	974	3,622	7,067	1,174	3,662	6,993	3,886	6,668
Broome	5,750	7,229	684	153	4,434	5,890	625	6,446	8,406	796	6,544	8,275	5,780	7,182
Cattaraugas	5,395	6,901	638	102	4,206	6,108	754	6,172	8,585	857	6,274	8,456	6,065	7,463
Cayuga	5,802	7,357	584	119	4,843	7,172	537	6,378	9,647	626	6,693	9,301	6,041	9,205
Chautauqua	5,707	9,704	773	90	3,845	7,766	797	6,178	12,108	893	6,205	12,045	5,861	10,670
Chemung	5,756	5,036	416	85	4,734	4,002	331	6,037	5,467	376	6,249	5,258	4,719	5,198
Chenango	4,007	4,610	673	82	3,974	5,279	589	4,640	5,798	605	4,639	5,775	4,400	5,461
Clinton	4,001	4,426	103	79	2,869	5,034	48	4,724	6,270	61	4,756	6,213	5,149	5,974
Columbia	5,205	5,107	303	82	4,879	5,599	262	6,037	6,447	292	6,047	6,401	5,884	6,424
Cortland	2,886	3,984	425	57	2,562	3,859	592	3,163	4,732	555	3,188	4,669	2,774	4,042
Delaware	4,673	5,498	663	104	4,826	6,023	615	5,332	6,602	677	5,229	6,682	4,956	5,934
Dutchess	8,409	8,334	642	160	6,747	8,006	486	9,249	10,265	634	9,233	10,235	8,077	9,701
Erie	28,876	27,596	1,333	779	25,627	27,634	612	29,542	31,611	735	33,050	28,011	24,759	26,249
Essex	2,439	3,727	182	81	1,604	3,192	156	2,930	5,043	124	2,977	4,993	2,776	4,551
Franklin	2,640	4,527	209	72	2,066	4,035	135	3,028	5,757	101	3,067	5,709	2,948	4,698
Fult'n&H'milt'n	4,320	4,653	463	81	4,020	5,220	488	4,634	5,892	396	4,660	5,851	4,091	5,138
Genesee	2,981	3,714	390	69	2,531	3,524	320	3,633	4,952	408	3,722	4,835	3,643	4,691
Greene	3,839	3,178	284	73	3,040	3,094	373	4,494	4,400	284	4,439	4,511	4,152	4,167
Herkimer	5,272	5,638	348	90	4,804	5,797	307	5,911	6,683	341	5,940	6,678	5,328	6,138
Jefferson	8,003	8,431	578	101	6,387	7,660	628	7,562	9,861	702	7,616	9,749	7,075	9,029
Kings	80,685	66,605	1,502	1,965	67,838	59,597	987	82,446	69,979	1,116	82,932	68,747	69,243	53,514
Lewis	3,545	3,654	219	64	3,046	3,496	165	3,807	4,390	172	3,850	4,314	3,777	3,854
Livingston	3,670	4,222	475	65	3,128	3,866	523	4,067	5,584	531	4,188	5,442	4,038	5,191
Madison	4,000	5,560	580	124	3,355	4,873	525	4,640	7,201	515	4,826	7,006	4,804	6,607
Monroe	14,783	18,653	905	436	12,102	15,026	1,048	16,677	21,646	1,343	17,602	20,574	13,246	18,326
Montgomery	5,093	4,943	293	104	4,747	4,850	174	5,677	6,365	149	5,749	6,291	5,413	5,505
New-York	146067	86,565	1,286	5,190	130696	67,120	778	162626	105452	1,126	168454	99,352	133157	90,093
Niagara	5,796	5,300	592	116	5,449	5,287	588	6,425	6,884	682	6,633	6,657	6,193	5,875
Oneida	13,012	13,279	873	242	11,877	12,887	974	14,273	16,241	846	14,786	15,650	13,820	13,790
Onondaga	14,620	16,529	850	447	9,541	13,076	710	14,000	20,116	747	14,679	19,332	13,165	16,892
Ontario	5,257	5,897	356	73	5,107	4,334	354	5,753	6,957	376	5,818	6,890	5,643	6,382
Orange	9,325	9,813	688	169	8,800	9,328	548	10,852	11,261	637	10,854	11,230	9,840	9,968
Orleans	2,969	3,387	457	52	2,817	3,610	613	3,213	4,277	734	3,243	4,226	2,907	3,997
Oswego	6,481	8,566	471	127	5,048	7,815	464	7,428	11,296	625	7,510	11,204	7,434	9,976
Otsego	6,090	6,436	525	105	5,932	6,358	491	6,972	7,829	563	7,068	7,752	7,307	6,871
Putnam	1,611	1,625	121	40	830	1,893	116	1,515	2,098	109	1,475	2,125	1,526	2,103
Queens	11,543	8,680	297	291	9,156	6,724	563	12,677	11,017	243	12,653	10,943	10,367	8,445
Rensselaer	14,590	12,881	701	217	14,926	11,372	530	15,410	15,719	541	15,827	15,281	13,414	13,759
Richmond	5,039	3,435	208	81	4,103	3,045	52	5,763	4,100	168	5,532	4,250	5,134	3,164
Rockland	3,191	2,405	255	62	2,707	2,465	189	3,939	3,012	248	3,841	3,101	3,697	2,593
St. Lawrence	6,081	11,169	704	130	3,802	10,933	546	6,509	14,611	506	6,631	14,470	6,035	13,441
Saratoga	5,614	6,885	639	128	4,989	6,587	656	6,509	8,594	646	6,573	8,608	5,846	8,190
Schenectady	3,408	2,905	216	52	3,207	2,705	130	3,328	3,633	158	3,305	3,640	2,977	3,260
Schoharie	4 384	2,847	265	67	4,277	2,655	195	5,006	3,696	223	5,000	3,684	5,339	3,472
Schuyler	1,617	2,123	187	34	1,282	1,858	217	1,975	2,704	219	2,045	2,632	2,039	2,016
Seneca	3,176	2,685	184	46	3,164	2,790	127	3,705	3,576	156	3,731	3,552	3,607	3,309
Steuben	8,188	9,457	913	172	6,881	8,317	860	9,151	11,637	1,106	9,418	11,359	9,060	10,048
Suffolk	5,211	5,659	480	109	4,550	5,154	426	6,600	7,167	492	6,386	7,316	6,429	5,876
Sullivan	3,081	3,099	236	114	3,075	3,222	97	3,757	3,860	156	3,825	3,772	3,607	3,332
Tioga	3,084	3,859	293	36	2,658	3,680	329	3,609	4,851	381	3,620	4,835	3,379	4,367
Tompkins	3,450	4,330	313	58	2,930	3,762	302	3,908	5,073	317	3,814	5,162	3,992	4,420
Ulster	8,625	7,530	607	210	8,513	9,074	470	10,487	10,825	523	10,550	10,763	9,870	9,929
Warren	2,588	3,390	283	93	2,257	3,351	265	2,883	4,135	314	2,944	4,057	2,793	3,577
Washington	3,832	6,332	447	95	3,800	5,872	400	4,284	8,023	385	4,304	8,007	4,222	7,337
Wayne	4,344	6,192	379	72	3,535	5,463	564	5,120	7,849	619	5,258	7,675	4,730	6,843
Westchester	13,240	11,409	690	292	11,399	11,604	574	14,945	13,799	703	14,485	13,967	12,524	11,286
Wyoming	2,729	3,701	377	69	2,480	4,083	390	3,166	4,899	524	3,318	4,718	3,189	4,441
Yates	1,977	2,917	191	25	1,715	2,771	228	2,150	3,409	287	2,222	3,338	1,918	3,191
Total	582893	534956	30,353	14,651	508894	485367	26,763	635757	648759	30,231	650464	631293	563048	562001
Plurality	47,937	....	....	....	20,527	....	....	....	13,002	....	19,171	....	1,047	....
Per cent	50.12	46.00	2.61	1.27	48.61	47.59	2.62	48.16	49.14	2.29	49.46	48.00	48.07	47.98
Scattering		.....				1,710			5,362		33,536		46,263	
Whole vote		1,162,853				1,019,734			1,320,109		1,315,663		1,171,312	

In 1891, the vote for other State officers was as follows: Lieutenant-Governor, Sheehan, Dem., 575,012; Vrooman, Rep., 540,593; Hallock, Pro., 31,064. Sheehan's plurality, 34,419. Secretary of State, Rice, Dem., 576,970; O'Connor, Rep., 538,797; Booth, Pro., 31,578. Rice's plurality, 38,173. Comptroller, Campbell, Dem., 581,110; Wade, Rep., 535,804; Smith, Pro., 31,521. Campbell's plurality, 45,306. Treasurer, Danforth, Dem., 579,030; Hedges, Rep., 536,348; Crawford, Pro., 31,490. Danforth's plurality, 43,282. Attorney-General, Rosendale, Dem., 580,185; Sutherland, Rep., 535,205; Crosser, Pro., 31,465. Rosendale's plurality, 44,980. State Engineer and Surveyor, Schenck, Dem., 580,337; Colvin, Rep., 538,421; Forbes, Pro., 31,492. Schenck's plurality, 41,916.

Of the small scattering vote in 1889, most was for Greenback candidates.

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was as follows: Cowdry, United Labor, 2,668; Streeter, Union Labor, 626; Socialist vote (no candidate for President), 2,068.

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1888, Hall, Socialist, received 3,348 and Jones, Pro., 30,215.

Of the scattering vote for President in 1884, St. John, Pro., received 25,001, and Butler, Gr., 17,002.

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Counties of Richmond, Suffolk and Queens. James W. Covert Dem., 18,999; John L. Childs, Rep., 14,085; E. J. Johnson, Pro., 869. Covert's plurality, 4,914.

II. County of Kings (towns of New-Lots, Flatbush, Flatlands, Gravesend, New-Utrecht and the 8th, 9th, 12th, 22d, 24th and 25th Wards of Brooklyn. David A. Boody, Dem., 21,609; James Gresham, Rep., 15,028; John N. Jones, Ind., 469; Francis A. Koenig, Soc., 330. Boody's plurality, 6,581.

III. County of Kings (7th, 13th, 19th, 20th, 21st and 22d Wards of Brooklyn). William J. Coombs, Dem., 15,670; William C. Wallace, Rep., 15,652; F. Garretson, Pro., 383; M. Loeven, Soc., 341. Coombs's plurality, 18.

IV. County of Kings (1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 10th and 11th Wards of Brooklyn). John M. Clancy, Dem., 18,216; Andrew J. Perry, Rep., 8,454; Andrew L. Martin, Pro., 287. Clancy's plurality, 9,762.

V. County of Kings (14th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th Wards of Brooklyn). Thomas J. Magner, Dem., 16,470; John R. Smith, Rep., 10,814; Gustav Schaefer, Soc., 870. Magner's plurality, 5,656.

VI. County of New-York (1st, 5th and 9th Assembly districts). John R. Fellows, Tam. Dem., 10,170; Cornelius Donovan, Rep., 5,574; Edwin L. Abbett, C. Dem., 1,928. Fellows's plurality, 4,596.

VII. County of New-York (2d, 3d and 7th Assembly districts). Edward J. Dunphy, Tam. Dem., 10,855; William Morgan, Rep., 4,351; W. T. Croasdale, C. Dem., 2,787. Dunphy's plurality, 6,504.

VIII. County of New-York (4th, 6th and 8th Assembly districts). Timothy J. Campbell, United Dem., 15,958; Samuel Rinaldo, Ind., 3,840; Alexander Jonas, Soc., 595; William Brown, Pro., 100. Campbell's plurality, 12,118.

IX. County of New-York (10th, 12th and 14th Assembly districts). Amos J. Cummings, United Dem., 14,252; John Weiss, Rep., 4,462; C. Ensminger, Soc., 1,072. Cummings's plurality, 9,790.

X. County of New-York (11th, 16th and 18th Assembly districts). Francis B. Spinola, Tam. Dem., 13,884; C. S. Van Rensselaer, Rep., 5,288; Charles Wagner, Ind., 404; A. H. B. Hepper, Pro., 106. Spinola's plurality, 8,596.

XI. County of New-York (13th, 15th and 17th Assembly districts). John Dewitt Warner, United Dem., 17,033; C. A. Flammer, Rep., 8,850; A. Freudig, Soc., 488; W. H. Draper, Pro., 173. Warner's plurality, 8,183.

XII. County of New-York (20th, 21st and part of 22d Assembly districts). Roswell P. Flower, Dem., 19,160; Charles H. Blair, Rep., 7,187; John Flick, Soc., 1,136; John L. Thomas, Pro., 129. Flower's plurality, 12,073.

XIII. County of New-York (19th, 23d and part of 22d Assembly districts). Ashbel P. Fitch, Dem., 28,268; Percy D. Adams, Rep., 11,820; E. H. Eckert, Soc., 674; H. G. Myers, Pro., 263. Fitch's plurality, 16,448.

XIV. County of New-York (24th Assembly district and County of Westchester). William G. Stahlnecker, Dem., 18,391; J. Thomas Stearns, Rep., 12,211; Alexander Taylor, Jr., Ind. Rep., 2,561; S. T. Willis, Pro., 770; F. Bennetts, Soc., 492. Stahlnecker's plurality, 6,180.

XV. Counties of Orange, Rockland and Sullivan. Henry Bacon, Dem., 14,640; Clarence Lexow, Rep., 13,061; John A. Heloin, Pro., 1,074. Bacon's plurality, 1,579.

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

XVI. Counties of Putnam, Dutchess and Columbia. John H. Ketcham, Rep., 13,474; William W. Smith, Pro., 4,428. Ketcham's majority, 9,046.

XVII. Counties of Ulster, Greene and Delaware. Isaac N. Cox, Dem., 15,439; Theodore C. Teale, Rep., 13,429. Cox's majority, 2,010.

XVIII. Counties of Rensselaer and Washington. Michael F. Collins, Dem., 15,939; John A. Quackenbush, Rep., 17,185; Jonathan E. Hoag, Pro., 1,092. Quackenbush's plurality, 1,246.

XIX. County of Albany. Charles Tracey, Dem., 18,021; Angus McDuffie Shoemaker, Rep., 12,942; Levi Dederick, Pro., 690. Tracey's plurality, 5,079.

XX. Counties of Saratoga, Schenectady, Montgomery, Fulton and Hamilton. Alexander B. Baucus, Dem., 16,788; John Sanford, Rep., 18,369; James H. Bronson, Pro., 1,265. Sanford's plurality, 1,581.

XXI. Counties of Clinton, Essex, Warren and Franklin. Anthony J. B. Ross, Dem., 9,820; John M. Wever, Rep., 13,314; Charles S. Judd, Pro., 810. Wever's plurality, 3,494.

XXII. Counties of St. Lawrence and Jefferson. Smith T. Woolworth, Dem., 9,116; Leslie W. Russell, Rep., 13,893; Henry P. Forbes, Pro., 1,679. Russell's plurality, 4,747.

XXIII. Counties of Oneida and Lewis. Henry W. Bentley, Dem., 15,449; James S. Sherman, Rep., 14,933; W. Fletcher Curtis, Pro., 286. Bentley's plurality, 514.

XXIV. Counties of Schoharie, Otsego and Herkimer George Van Horn, Dem., 14,127; Frank B. Arnold, Rep., 13,929; Andrew A. Mather, Pro., 1,222. Van Horn's plurality, 198.

XXV. Counties of Onondaga and Cortland. William Stitt, Dem., 11,455; James J. Belden, Rep., 17,283; Andrew N. Vanderbilt, Pro., 1,547. Belden's plurality, 5,828.

XXVI. Counties of Madison, Chenango, Broome and Tioga. Thomas H. Beal, Dem., 14,402; George W. Ray, Rep., 17,804; Mott C. Dixon, Pro., 2,208. Ray's plurality, 3,402.

XXVII. Counties of Oswego, Cayuga and Wayne. Edwin K. Burnham, Dem., 15,978; Sereno E. Payne, Rep., 17,970; Charles Mills, Pro., 1,588. Payne's plurality, 1,992.

XXVIII. Counties of Tompkins, Chemung, Schuyler and Seneca. Hosea H. Rockwell, Dem., 12,440; Henry T. Noyes, Rep., 12,351, Isaac C. Andrews, Pro., 1,171. Rockwell's plurality, 89.

XXIX. Counties of Ontario, Steuben and Yates. De Merville Page, Dem., 13,369; John Raines, Rep., 14,722; Daniel J. Chittenden, Pro., 1,540. Raines's plurality, 1,353.

XXX. County of Monroe. Halbert S. Greenleaf, Dem., 15,047; John Van Voorhis, Rep., 14,796; John J. Cornell, Pro., 1,180. Greenleaf's plurality, 251.

XXXI. Counties of Livingston, Genesee, Orleans and Wyoming. Michael C. Shea, Dem., 701; James W. Wadsworth, Rep., 13,716; Alva Carpenter, Pro., 2,275. Wadsworth's plurality, 11,440.

XXXII. County of Erie (part). Daniel N. Lockwood, Dem., 21,213; Benjamin H. Williams, Rep., 16,240; Calvin S. Crosser, Pro., 634. Lockwood's plurality, 4,973.

XXXIII. Counties of Niagara and Erie (part). Thomas L. Bunting, Dem., 12,585; George A. Davis, Rep., 10,793; Guy C. Humphrey, Pro., 1,027. Bunting's plurality, 1,792.

XXXIV. Counties of Chautauqua, Cattaraugus and Allegany. Hiram Smith, Dem., 10,117; Warren B. Hooker, Rep., 15,843; Jesse D. Rogers, Pro., 2,981. Hooker's plurality, 5,726.

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

Special Elections for Representatives in Congress.

X. (To fill vacancy caused by the death of Francis B. Spinola.) William Bourke Cockran, Dem., 13,234; James B. Townsend, Rep., 7,160; John Hauser, Soc., 343; A. L. Manierre, Pro., 109. Cockran's plurality, 6,074.

XII. (To fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Roswell P. Flower.) Joseph J. Little, Dem., 19,306; William McMichael, Rep., 11,465; D. De Venny, C. D., 1,075; John J. Flick, Soc., 1,075. Little's plurality, 7,841.

XXII. (To fill vacancy caused by the resignation of Leslie W. Russell.) Newton M. Curtis, Rep. 25,324; W. F. Porter, Dem., 14,423. Curtis's majority, 10,901.

Vote of the State since 1872.

	Dem.	Rep.	Gr	Pro.	Plu.
1872. Pres...	387,221	440,745	....	201	53,524 R
1874. Gov...	416,391	366,074	....	11,768	50,317 D
1875. Sec.St.	390,211	375,401	....	11,103	14,810 D
1876. Pres...	522,043	489,225	....	2,359	32,818 D
1877. Sec.St.	383,062	371,798	....	7,230	11,264 D
1879. Gov...	375,790	418,567	20,286	4,437	42,777 R
1880. Pres...	534,511	555,544	12,373	1,517	21,033 R
1881. Sec.St.	403,893	416,915	16,018	4,445	13,022 R
1882. Gov...	535,318	342,464	11,974	25,783	192,854 D

Dem. 77,566 Tam.

	Dem.	Rep.	Gr.	Pro.	Plu.
1883. Sec. St...	427,525	446,103	7,221	18,816	18,583 R
1884. Pres.....	563,048	562,001	17,002	25,001	1,047 D
1885. Gov.....	501,465	490,331	2,130	30,867	11,134 D
1886. Ct. App..	468,455	460,637	2,181	36,414	7,818 D
	Dem.	Rep.	U. Lab.	Pro.	Plu.
1887. Sec. St...	469,888	452,811	70,055	41,850	17,077 D
1888. Pres.....	635,757	648,759	2,668	30,231	13,002 R
1888. Gov.....	650,464	631,293	...	30,215	19,171 D
1889. Sec. St...	505,894	485,367	....	26,763	20,527 D
1891. Gov.....	582,893	534,956	14,651	30,353	47,937 D

VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Senators (elected 1891).

District.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality.	Defeated.	Vote.
I.	Queens and Suffolk	Edward Floyd Jones, Dem...	16,801	2,277	Lucien Knapp, Rep.....	14,524
					S. Hendrickson, Pro.....	752
II.	Kings (part).....	John McCarty, Dem.....	33,084	16,315	Archibald C. Weeks, Rep.	16,769
					Edward Rigney, Soc, Lab.	386
					David C. Beatty, Pro.....	465
III.	Kings (part).....	Joseph Aspinall, Rep.....	24,976	2,157	Chas. W. Sutherland, Dem.	22,819
					Mat Levein, Soc. Lab.....	415
					James E. Ranney, Pro.....	482
IV.	Kings (part).....	Patrick McCarren, Dem.....	27,246	2,893	Edward H. Schlueter, Rep	24,353
					Gustave Shaefer, Soc. Lab.	952
					George C. Weeks, Pro.....	518
V.	New-York (part) and Richmond...	William L. Brown, Dem.	17,162	8,946	John C. Winn, C. D.....	2,380
					John H. Fanning, Rep....	8,216
					Roswell S. Chieves, Pro...	352
VI.	New-York (part)..	John F. Ahearn, Dem..... ..	18,718	11,721	Gabriel Marks, Rep.....	6,997
					George Lindner, Soc. Lab..	879
					Timothy W. Holden, Pro..	97
VII.	New-York (part)..	George F. Roesch, Dem.....	15,067	5,532	John A. Dinkel, C.D.&Rep	9,535
					Alexander Jonas, Soc. Lab	1,059
					Brown C. Hammond, Pro..	129
VIII.	New-York (part)..	Martin T. McMahon, Dem....	13,601	1,367	Lispenard Stewart, Rep...	12,234
					William T. Jerome, C. D..	988
					Joseph A. Bogardus, Pro..	197
IX.	New-York (part)..	Edward P. Hagan, Dem.....	22,989	12,797	Frank Pisek, Rep.....	10,192
					Leon Cohen, C. D.....	1,641
					Isaac Bennett, Soc. Lab...	1,191
					George A. Willoughby, Pro	142
X.	New-York (part)..	Jacob A. Cantor, Dem..... ..	26,310	4,627	Leroy B. Crane, Rep.....	21,683
					Matthew F. Neville, C. D.	1,868
					Frederick J. Jahns, Soc. L	633
					Albert T. Hull, Pro.....	307
XI.	New-York (part)..	George W. Plunkitt, Dem....	27,240	7,141	Michael J. Fenton, Rep...	20,099
					Francis D. Hoyt, C. D....	2,448
					Jacob Klaiber, Soc. Lab...	879
					William E. Goff, Pro.....	376
XII.	Rockland and Westchester.....	Charles P. McClelland, Dem.	16,288	2,319	Bradford Rhodes, Rep.....	13,969
					Daniel R. Wood, Pro.....	895
XIII.	Orange & Sullivan.	William P. Richardson, Rep.	12,948	607	C. Fred. Lamont, Dem....	12,341
					Gabriel Seely, Pro.....	917
XIV.	Greene, Schoharie and Ulster.....	Clarence E. Bloodgood, Dem.	16,561	2,788	Jacob I. Werner, Rep.....	13,773
					Hiram Brown, Pro.....	1,171
XV.	Columbia, Dutchess and Putnam.....	Edward B. Osborn, Dem.....	15,131	14	Gilbert A. Deane, Rep.....	15,117
					Mitchell Downing, Pro....	1,065
XVI.	Rensselaer and Washington.....	John H. Derby, Rep.....	19,149	661	Michael F. Collins, Dem...	18,488
					Nath. B. Powers, Pro.....	1,122
XVII.	Albany....	Amasa J. Parker, Dem.....	19,559	4,630	Vreela'd H. Youngman, Rep	14,929
					Peter L. Smith, Pro.....	531
					Wm. S. McClure, Soc. Lab.	333

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

SENATORS.

DISTRICT.	Counties.	Elected.	Vote.	Plurality.	Defeated.	Vote
XVIII.	Fulton, Hamilton, Montgomery, Saratoga and Schenectady.....	Harvey J. Donaldson, Rep...	18,875	309	Edward H. Hoyt, Dem....	18,566
					John Patterson, Pro.....	1,636
XIX.	Clinton, Essex and Warren.....	Louis W. Emerson, Rep.....	11,361	2,227	Hiram Walworth, Dem....	9,134
					George A. Lewis, Pro.....	579
XX.	Franklin, Lewis and St. Lawrence	George Z. Erwin, Rep....	19,525	14,847	Scattering.....	4,678
XXI.	Jefferson & Oswego	Joseph Mullin, Rep.....	17,486	3,568	Charles W. Clare, Dem....	13,918
					John D. Huntington, Pro..	1,195
XXII.	Onelda.....	Henry J. Coggeshall, Rep....	13,854	1,567	Thomas E. Kinney, Dem..	12,287
					Solomon Hoxie, Pro.....	910
XXIII.	Herkimer, Madison and Otsego	John E. Smith, Rep.....	17,518	2,098	John D. Henderson, Dem..	15,420
					John Greene, Pro.....	1,482
XXIV.	Broome, Chenango and Delaware....	Edmund O'Connor, Rep.....	16,978	2,466	Charles W. Brown, Dem..	14,512
					Nelson G. Place, Pro.....	2,116
XXV.	Cortland and Onondaga	John A. Nichols, Dem.....	18,812	....	Rufus T. Peck, Pro.....	17,906
					Calvin McCarthy, Pro.....	1,282
XXVI.	Cayuga, Seneca, Tioga and Tompkins.....	Thomas Hunter, Rep.....	18,295	2,836	William H. Shaw, Dem....	15,459
XXVII.	Allegany, Chemung and Steuben.....	Franklin D. Sherwood, Rep..	19,248	*1,641	Charles E. Walker, Dem.	17,607
XXVIII.	Ontario, Schuyler, Wayne & Yates..	Charles T. Saxton, Rep	17,290	16,017	Eroch O. Marsh, Pro	1,273
XXIX.	Monroe and Orleans	Cornelius R. Parsons, Rep....	22,367	5,121	Jacob H. Myres, Dem.....	17,246
					Edgar S. Marvin, Pro.....	1,144
					Carl A. Luedecke, Soc.Lab.	472
XXX.	Genesee, Livingston, Niagara and Wyoming.....	Greenleaf S. Van Gorder, Rep.	16,228	441	Harvey Arnold, Dem.....	15,787
					Albert F. Brown, Pro.....	1,801
XXXI.	Erie	Matthias Endres, Dem.....	28,623	779	John Laughlin, Rep.....	27,844
					Alfred Willis, Pro.....	1,263
XXXII.	Cattaraugus and Chautauqua.....	James T. Edwards, Ind. Rep.	14,393	1,029	Commodore P. Vedder, Rep	13,364
					Jerome L. Higbee, Pro....	1,177

Democrats, 17. Republicans, 14. Independent Republican, 1.

* Sherwood was declared ineligible by the Supreme Court of New-York, and the seat was awarded to Walker.

ASSEMBLYMEN (ELECTED 1891).

COUNTY.	DIST.	Elected.	Vote.	Majority over next Highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
Albany.....	1	Archer La Grange, Dem.....	4,376	1,261	Peter Gise, Rep	3,115
					Joseph S. Baumes, Pro.....	157
					August Brauer, Soc. Lab.....	103
"	2	Walter E. Ward, Rep	5,279	1,072	William D. Strevel, Dem	4,207
					John F. Terwillger, Pro.....	138
					Nicolaus Streugel, Soc. Lab.....	83
"	3	William E. Murphy, Dem.....	5,334	2,522	John J. McCabe, Rep.....	2,812
					Levi S. Lewis, Pro.....	56
					George Elge, Soc. Lab.....	47
"	4	John T. Gorman, Dem.....	5,381	1,059	G. S. Rivenburgh, Rep.....	4,322
					John P. Lansing, Pro.....	167
					Henry Katsby, Soc. Lab	100
Allegany		Marcus M. Congdon, Rep	4,802	2,005	George A. Scott, F. A.....	2,797
					Hugh J. Coyle, Dem.....	2,294
Broome.....		Israel T. Deyo, Rep	7,184	1,437	N. E. Osborn, Dem.....	5,747
					George P. Miller, Pro	693
Cattaraugus. ...	1	William E. Wheeler, Rep	3,241	441	Danford W. Dean, Dem.....	2,800
					Morris M. Jones, Pro.....	325
"	2	Solon S. Laing, Dem.....	2,866	96	James S. Whipple, Rep.....	2,770
					Henry Wilson, Rep.....	223
Cayuga.....	1	C. C. Adams, Rep.	4,015	1,317	Clyde Johnston, Dem	2,698
					—— Gilmore, Pro.....	303
"	2	William L. Noyes, Rep.....	2,981	661	W. C. Richardson, Dem.....	2,320
					—— McMillan, Pro.....	381
Chautauqua.....	1	Walter C. Gifford, Rep.....	2,969	936	George T. Jewett, Dem	2,034
					J. A. Tennant, Pro....	223

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

ASSEMBLYMEN.

County.	Dist.	Elected.	Vote.	Majority over next Highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
Chautauqua	2	Egburt E. Woodbury, Rep	6,535	2,669	J. D. Curtis, Dem	3,866
					John J. Keys, Pro	437
Chemung		Robert P. Bush, Dem	5,828	902	William H. Van Duzer, Rep	4,926
					Casper G. Decker, Pro	423
					Byron T. Park, Soc. Lab	145
Chenango		Charles H. Stanton, Rep	4,563	517	David Shattuck, Dem	4,046
					Jay Rorapaugh, Pro	682
Clinton		Edward Hall, Dem	4,230	26	George Chahoon, Rep	4,204
					Philip Stoughton, Pro	16
Columbia		Henry L. Warner, Dem	5,218	146	Aaron B. Gardernier, Rep	5,072
					—— Percey, Pro	294
Cortland		James H. Tripp, Rep	3,898	908	Peter D. Miller, Dem	2,990
					Eugene M. Van Hoesen, Pro	386
Delaware		James R. Cowan, Rep	5,346	453	Henry Davie, Dem	4,893
					A. Reed Bourn, Pro	603
Dutchess	1	Obed Wheeler, Rep	3,934	47	J. H. Russell, Dem	3,887
"	2	John A. Vanderwater, Dem	4,476	17	Archibald Rogers, Rep	4,459
Erie	1	John J. Clahan, Dem	5,463	525	Dennis E. Ryan, Rep	4,938
"	2	Jacob Goldberg, Dem	7,008	523	John R. Hazel, Rep	6,585
"	3	Edward Gallagner, Rep	10,320	3,012	George Swoering, Dem	7,308
					William S. Hamilton, Pro	287
					Louis Kuhn, Soc. Lab	45
"	4	H. H. Guenther, Dem	4,218	1,201	George G. Burnside, Pro	3,017
					E. A. Hayes, Rep	3,015
"	5	Myron H. Clark, Rep	3,713	126	Frank D. Smith, Dem	3,587
Essex		Walter D. Palmer, Rep	3,703	1,262	Henry Bradley, Dem	2,441
					Henry A. Sewell, Pro	200
Franklin		Allen S. Matthews, Rep	4,247	1,368	Nelson W. Porter, Dem	2,879
					William L. Taylor, Pro	204
Fult'n&Hamilton		Horace S. Judson, Dem	4,907	1,968	George R. Bauder, Rep	2,939
					Warren E. Whitney, Pro	448
					P. R. Furbeck, Ind. Rep	1,117
Genesee		Charles N. Reed, Rep	3,473	264	A. F. G. Zurhust, Dem	3,209
					—— Cook, Pro	385
Greene		Edward M. Cole, Dem	3,781	464	John B. Brouk, Rep	3,217
					David T. Slater, Pro	464
Herkimer		Henry H. Greene, Rep	5,592	290	James Conkling, Dem	5,302
					Eliphales Remington, Pro	359
Jefferson	1	Harrison Fuller, Rep	4,435	1,089	William D. Hanchitte, Dem	3,346
					Emory P. Pennock, Pro	339
"	2	Martin L. Willard, Dem	4,285	11	Edward Spicer, Rep	4,274
					Eugene M. Crabb, Pro	359
Kings	1	Joseph J. Cahill, Dem	6,650	3,014	William J. Kelly, Rep	3,636
"	2	William J. Plant, Dem	2,805	1,426	John Costello, Rep	1,379
					William Segelken, Soc. Lab	53
"	3	John Cooney, Dem	6,359	2,778	George W. Lewis, Rep	3,581
					Henry B. Bishop, Pro	87
					Charles M. Mitchell, Soc. Lab	68
"	4	John J. O'Connor, Dem	4,981	2,224	Joseph K. Dains, Rep	2,757
					Louis H. Englehard, Pro	72
					Edward Cullen, Soc. Lab	42
"	5	John Kelly, Dem	3,442	2,618	Frank Wood, Rep	824
					Martin Daumberger, Soc. Lab	56
"	6	William E. Shields, Dem	5,903	2,282	Thomas Rockwell, Rep	3,621
					Jacob Smith, Pro	92
					Joseph Hilderbrandt, Soc. Lab	110
"	7	Louis C. Ott, Dem	3,095	365	Emil C. Walter, Rep	2,730
					William C. Yerks, Pro	49
					Charles Meyer, Soc. Lab	187
"	8	James F. Quigley, Dem	10,201	1,607	James Boyd, Rep	8,594
					Daniel D. Griffin, Pro	205
					Max Forker, Soc. Lab	519
					John Jackson, Ind	115
"	9	Laurence E. Malone, Rep	8,568	1,637	Henry F. Cockran, Dem	6,931
					Robert T. Stokes, Pro	187
					Friedrich Schwenck, Soc. Lab	164
"	10	Thomas F. Byrnes, Dem	11,079	3,052	William Lambert, Rep	8,027
					William W. Whitehead, Pro	218
					Albert Klein, Soc. Lab	154
"	11	George L. Weed, Rep	12,854	1,570	Raymond G. Grow, Dem	11,284
					Arthur S. Hoyt, Pro	233
					George Kaufman, Soc. Lab	224
"	12	Charles A. Conrady, Rep	10,851	1,524	James P. Graham, Dem	9,327
					Ernest A. Stratton, Pro	252
					Leonhard Burgher, Soc. Lab	261

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

ASSEMBLYMEN.

County.	Dist.	Elected.	Vote.	Majority over next Highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
Lewis		G. H. P. Gould, Dem	3,604	23	Leroy Crawford, Rep	3,581
					Jonas J. Wilcox, Pro	212
Livingston		Jesse Roberts, Rep	3,995	65	Aaron Barber, Dem	3,930
					Frank A. Northway, Pro	446
Madison		Clarence W. Dexter, Rep	5,515	446	T. A. Devereux, Dem	4,069
					Samuel E. Jones, Pro	583
Monroe	1	Frank M. Jones, Rep	2,845	1,057	Glezen F. Wilcox, Dem	1,788
					Edwin C. Bowerman, Pro	256
"	2	Richard Curran, Rep	12,816	2,309	John A. Bernhard, Dem	10,507
					Horace Howe, Pro	421
"	3	William H. Denniston, Rep	3,048	817	John M. Louden, Dem	2,231
					George W. Doty, Pro	250
Montgomery		George J. Gove, Dem	5,003	13	Willis Bullock, Rep	4,990
New-York	1	P. H. Duffy, Dem	2,925	1,626	A. Hamilton, Rep	1,299
					J. J. Loneigan, C. D	759
"	2	T. D. Sullivan, Dem	4,797	3,745	A. S. Taggart, Rep	1,052
"	3	Percival Farquhar, Dem	3,539	1,559	Joseph Gallo, Rep	1,980
"	4	P. H. Roche, Dem	4,987	2,305	D. E. Dowling, Rep	2,682
"	5	D. F. Mullaney, Dem	3,016	569	W. H. Leonard, Rep	2,447
"	6	Samuel J. Foley, Dem	4,273	923	John Simpson, Rep	3,350
"	7	A. R. Conkling, Rep	3,597	557	Jenkins Van Shaick, Dem	3,040
					E. J. Newell, N. Y. Dem	632
"	8	Phil. Wissig, Dem	4,257	2,201	Samuel Engel, Rep	2,056
"	9	W. H. Walker, Dem	4,507	866	J. P. Rockefeller, Rep	3,641
"	10	William Sohmer, Dem	5,217	1,795	Fred. Kraemer, Rep	3,422
"	11	W. N. Hoag, Rep	3,134	1,138	H. C. Judson, Dem	1,996
"	12	Moses Dinkelspiel, Dem	3,973	981	Morris Barnett, Rep	2,992
"	13	James H. Southworth, Dem	4,108	13	Frederick S. Gibbs, Rep	4,095
"	14	William Sulzer, Dem	3,710	1,122	John J. O'Rourke, Rep	2,588
"	15	Louis Drypolcher, Dem	4,802	601	John V. Campbell, Rep	4,201
"	16	Walter G. Byrne, Dem	4,562	2,251	Daniel Clancy, Rep	2,311
"	17	T. J. McManus, Dem	6,676	2,291	F. A. Higgins, Rep	4,385
"	18	D. F. Martin, Dem	5,821	3,487	Patrick Collins, Rep	2,334
"	19	John Connolly, Dem	10,191	549	S. H. Randall, Rep	9,642
					Frank E. Hipple, N. Y. Dem	2,411
"	20	Myer J. Stein, Dem	4,977	1,408	D. O'Keefe, Rep	3,569
"	21	Louis H. Hahlo, Dem	4,081	183	Thomas B. Odell, Rep	3,898
"	22	W. J. O'Dair, Ind. Dem	9,252	433	Joseph Blumenthal, T. Dem	8,819
"	23	G. P. Webster, Dem	12,889	3,522	William Johnson, Rep	9,367
					B. Franklin, C. Dem	1,617
"	24	James L. Wells, Rep	7,215	907	Thomas J. Byrnes, Dem	6,308
Niagara	1	Garwood L. Judd, Dem	3,258	245	John H. Clark, Rep	3,013
					Pardon T. Dix, Pro	312
"	2	Levi P. Gillette, Dem	2,444	120	H. M. Jacques, Rep	2,324
					James Allen, Pro	245
Oneida	1	Cornelius Haley, Dem	5,370	786	T. Salomon Griffiths, Rep	4,584
					—— Morgan, Pro	182
"	2	Henry S. Patten, Dem	4,438	321	David C. Wolcott, Rep	4,117
					—— Curtis, Pro	312
"	3	Chester Winfield Porter, Rep	4,115	796	Leonard F. Adsit, Dem	3,319
					—— Warren, Pro	314
Onondaga	1	Patrick J. Ryan, Dem	5,541	69*	David A. Monroe, Jr., Rep	5,610
					—— Pro	277
"	2	William Kennedy, Rep	5,522	1,207	M. Z. Haven, Dem	4,315
					—— Pro	360
"	3	Adam C. Listman, Rep	5,075	204	Peter J. Snyder, Dem	4,871
					—— Pro	236
Ontario		F. O. Chamberlain, Rep	5,980	835	George W. Freshour, Dem	5,145
					William R. Hunt, Pro	348
Orange	1	Howard Thornton, Rep	5,924	1,506	Grant B. Taylor, Dem	4,418
					—— Talbott, Pro	379
"	2	William G. McCormick, Dem	5,032	637	Joseph Board, Rep	4,395
					A. T. Squires, Pro	295
Orleans		A. J. McCormick, Dem	3,453	582	Burton Keys, Rep	2,871
					E. D. Bannister, Pro	470
Oswego	1	Nevada N. Stranahan, Rep	4,629	625	Michell Gill, Dem	3,804
					Charles G. Bacon, Pro	172
"	2	Wilbur H. Selleck, Rep	4,091	1,755	John F. Huston, Dem	2,336
					Henry G. Tyler, Pro	243
Otsego	1	Charles Goodell, Dem	3,177	423	Albert S. Potts, Rep	2,754
					Edwin Judd, Pro	127
"	2	Walter L. Brown, Rep	3,636	660	Charles L. Wilbur, Dem	2,976
					Dewitt C. Martin, Pro	374
Putnam		William H. Ladue, Dem	1,630	37	Hamilton Fish, Jr., Rep	1,593
					Edward H. Foshy, Pro	123
Queens	1	S. S. Townsend, Dem	3,243	756	Ira N. Platt, Rep	2,487
					James E. Bud, Pro	91

NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

ASSEMBLYMEN.

County.	Dist.	Elected.	Vote.	Majority over next Highest.	Defeated.	Vote.
Queens	2	George L. Weeks, Rep	7,280	322	James A. McKenna, Dem	6,958
					Lewis H. Thompson, Pro.	213
Rensselaer	1	James M. Riley, Dem	4,172	347	Henry A. Conway, Ind. Dem	3,825
					Alexander Meekin, Pro	95
"	2	Levi E. Worden, Rep	4,317	70	Frank Welch, Dem	4,247
					Robert Galbraith, Pro	391
"	3	John J. Cassin, Dem	4,139	568	James E. Ryan, Rep	3,571
					James Farrell, Pro	260
Richmond		Hubbard Yetman, Dem	4,922	1,417	John E. Elsworth, Rep	3,505
					C. N. Bralsted, Pro	212
Rockland		Thomas Finegan, Dem	2,813	199	A. S. Tompkins, Rep	2,614
					David F. Knapp, Pro	290
St. Lawrence	1	George R. Malby, Rep	4,300	1,698	David M. Foss, Dem	2,602
					—— McClair, Pro	342
"	2	John C. Keeler, Rep	3,528	1,783	King Brown, Dem	1,745
					—— Dezell, Pro	217
"	3	Levi C. Lang, Rep	3,325	1,680	Free D. Gilmore, Dem	1,645
					—— Bailey, Pro	179
Saratoga	1	Frank L. Smith, Rep	3,284	359	Jeremiah Husted, Dem	2,925
					Russell Burch, Pro	268
"	2	Lewis Varney, Rep	3,312	616	Elihu Wing, Dem	2,696
					James E. McEckron, Pro	343
Schenectady		Alvin J. Quackenbush, Dem	3,469	722	Anthony Walton, Rep	2,747
					Orley Hazelton, Pro	278
Schoharie		William T. Lamont, Dem	4,396	1,557	C. V. Baker, Rep	2,839
					Frank L. Cooper, Pro	264
Schuyler		William H. Wait, Rep	2,105	483	Waldorf Bishop, Dem	1,622
					—— Weed, Pro	190
Seneca		William H. Kinne, Dem	3,405	1,011	—— Pollard, Rep	2,394
					—— Brim, Pro	185
Steuben	1	Gordon M. Patchin, Rep	3,775	137	Jacob B. Whiteman, Dem	3,638
					Robert B. Rising, Pro	339
"	2	Herman E. Buck, Rep	5,618	1,025	John W. Lynahan, Dem	4,593
					Jerome I. Stanton, Pro	572
Suffolk		James H. Pierson, Rep	5,644	409	William H. Lewis, Dem	5,235
					Ellis Smith, Pro	482
Sullivan		George M. Beakes, Dem	3,083	1	Henry Kreurich, Rep	3,082
					Albert Stage, Pro	241
Tioga		Edward G. Tracy, Rep	3,720	500	Enoch S. Williams, Dem	3,220
					John Tribe, Pro	285
Tompkins		Albert H. Pierson, Rep	4,035	277	Charles J. Rumsey, Dem	3,758
					John J. Cobb, Pro	292
Ulster	1	George M. Brink, Rep	2,930	385	Charles V. Hester, Dem	2,545
					Edward P. Cole, Pro	160
"	2	Jacob Rice, Dem	3,303	801	George B. Hubbard, Rep	2,502
					DeWitt C. Birdsall, Pro	226
"	3	George H. Bush, Dem	2,552	276	August J. Simpson, Rep	2,276
					Harry Griffith, Pro	217
Warren		Howard Conkling, Rep	3,026	46	William H. McCameron, Dem	2,980
					Seneca R. Stoddard, Pro	248
Washington	1	William D. Stevenson, Rep	3,176	1,287	Frank A. Morgan, Dem	1,889
					Oren B. Wilber, Pro	218
"	2	William Reid, Rep	2,707	338	Joseph A. Kellogg, Dem	2,369
					Luther R. Temple, Pro	219
Wayne	1	G. W. Brinkerhoff, Rep	2,955	823	Elliott B. Norris, Dem	2,132
					James C. Osborne, Pro	98
"	2	Flynn Whitcomb, Rep	3,166	891	George Payne, Dem	2,275
					Mitchell N. Wilson, Pro	170
Westchester	1	Thomas K. Fraser, Dem	4,283	360	James I. Burns, Rep	3,923
					William C. Wilkinson, Pro	188
					John Rohlps, Soc. Lab	112
"	2	William Ryan, Dem	5,300	1,692	Horace H. Chittenden, Rep	3,608
					Seymour B. Many, Pro	201
"	3	James W. Husted, Rep	3,914	574	Edgar L. Ryder, Dem	3,340
					Homer Anderson, Pro	291
Wyoming		Milo H. Olin, Rep	3,666	950	Frank Glaser, Dem	2,716
					Charles Tallman, Pro	403
Yates		Everett Brown, Rep	2,799	888	George R. Young, Dem	1,711
					Isaac P. Crosby, Pro	174
					T. W. Campbell, F. A	691

Democrats, 67. Republicans, 61.

* Monroe's vote was declared illegal by the Supreme Court on account of marked ballots, and the certificate of election was given to Ryan.

VOTE OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, 1891.

Assembly District.	Whole Vote.*	Governor.				Lieutenant-Governor.				Justice of the Supreme Court.			
		Flower, *Dem.*	Fassett *Rep.*	Leon, *Soc.*	Bruce, *Pro.*	Sheehan, *Dem.*	Vrooman, *Rep.*	Gesser, *Soc.*	Hallock, *Pro.*	Ingraham, *Dem.*	Bartlett, *Rep.*	Scott, *C. D.*	Modest, *Soc.*
I	5,307	4,025	1,217	28	33	4,033	1,211	30	31	3,775	1,208	252	25
II	5,961	4,860	1,013	39	35	4,895	969	35	35	4,755	929	186	34
III	6,291	4,184	2,005	48	38	4,155	2,026	46	43	3,974	1,930	264	44
IV	8,390	6,008	2,075	226	23	6,012	2,062	226	24	5,723	1,951	375	198
V	5,623	3,845	1,655	27	31	3,829	1,660	74	32	3,626	1,629	240	72
VI	8,039	4,841	2,793	324	39	4,847	2,789	320	37	4,493	2,755	326	314
VII	7,644	3,890	3,649	40	45	3,748	3,693	41	46	3,618	3,618	279	40
VIII	7,157	4,602	2,136	365	30	4,596	2,133	375	29	4,410	2,059	229	372
IX	8,672	5,058	3,451	65	76	4,999	3,492	64	75	4,776	3,414	284	65
X	9,698	5,462	3,713	459	42	5,448	3,704	473	29	5,339	3,613	190	477
XI	5,473	2,566	2,817	39	31	2,406	2,955	38	32	2,315	2,763	290	42
XII	7,523	4,470	2,648	334	22	4,451	2,660	337	23	4,110	2,485	482	334
XIII	8,932	4,037	4,149	53	73	4,578	4,189	50	73	4,293	4,107	353	56
XIV	6,526	4,071	2,161	253	22	4,061	2,169	262	23	3,882	2,074	236	262
XV	9,989	6,069	3,563	224	48	6,073	3,561	225	47	5,735	3,374	513	230
XVI	7,745	5,446	2,071	170	38	5,448	2,062	172	41	5,192	1,911	395	178
XVII	12,196	7,402	4,469	228	75	7,321	4,524	227	75	6,925	4,390	515	236
XVIII	8,719	6,178	2,352	117	34	6,153	2,356	117	38	5,818	2,279	416	118
XIX	23,719	13,082	10,190	224	172	12,804	10,494	228	194	12,341	10,094	846	234
XX	9,015	5,931	2,745	254	32	5,881	2,777	242	33	5,540	2,642	426	258
XXI	8,322	4,319	3,905	29	32	4,027	4,152	28	37	4,046	3,791	363	27
XXII	20,153	12,365	6,787	879	70	12,238	6,789	897	76	11,609	6,582	786	939
XXIII	24,589	14,361	9,612	420	141	14,106	9,830	415	151	13,344	9,573	982	424
XXIV	14,215	8,395	5,389	295	104	8,307	5,464	298	105	7,371	5,280	1,124	296
Total	239,898	146,067	86,565	5,190	1,286	144,416	87,721	5,220	1,329	137,010	84,451	10,352	5,275

* This was the vote for Governor.

Assembly District.	Judge of the Superior Court.				Judge of the Court of Common Pleas.				Justice of the City Court.			
	Gildersleeve, *Dem.*	Isaacs, *Rep.*	Draemel, *Soc.*	Laird, *Pro.*	Pryor, *Dem.*	Ward, *Rep.*	Gretsch, *Soc.*	Hart, *Pro.*	Ehrlich, *Dem.*	Grasse, *Rep.*	Grosse *C. D.*	Glyn, *Soc.*
I	3,744	1,489	26	26	4,021	1,203	27	42	3,723	1,189	256	25
II	4,581	1,265	33	33	4,924	941	38	42	4,756	947	164	34
III	3,911	2,216	46	42	4,227	1,943	46	44	3,915	1,937	283	45
IV	5,341	2,712	165	25	6,111	1,969	209	25	5,802	1,665	354	200
V	3,634	1,835	80	32	3,845	1,628	80	32	3,641	1,603	223	80
VI	4,160	3 435	282	34	4,871	2,752	316	33	4,606	2,701	331	281
VII	3,623	3,891	41	47	3,891	3,633	44	46	3,609	3,632	291	40
VIII	4,697	2,624	315	28	4,670	2,045	375	36	4,587	1,913	216	343
IX	4,831	3,617	66	78	5,072	3,408	67	79	4,781	3,408	271	65
X	5,267	3,782	463	37	5,535	3,611	480	32	5,285	3,596	236	461
XI	2,332	3,023	35	33	2,548	2,819	35	32	2,290	2,817	251	38
XII	3,842	3,301	317	25	4,600	2,510	334	25	4,225	2,337	474	323
XIII	4,298	4,431	52	78	4,672	4,097	50	76	4,301	4,117	328	56
XIV	3,899	2,276	270	41	4,130	2,083	265	23	3,878	2,093	230	242
XV	5,711	3,891	230	48	6,241	3,395	230	50	5,782	3,384	474	225
XVI	5,147	2,320	179	40	5,609	1,890	180	42	5,180	1,937	370	169
XVII	6,911	4,883	238	78	7,455	4,383	309	78	6,994	4,376	458	231
XVIII	5,827	2,650	117	36	6,233	2,285	116	35	5,896	2,213	448	114
XIX	12,138	1,113	233	190	13,190	10,138	235	195	12,335	10,096	765	232
XX	5,051	3,515	265	27	5,976	2,643	267	32	5,649	2,541	428	249
XXI	3,473	4,719	29	35	4,339	3,873	29	37	4,126	3,785	292	30
XXII	10,618	8,230	900	105	12,546	6,519	912	82	11,931	6,385	761	865
XXIII	12,550	11,259	413	171	14,382	9,489	416	215	13,647	9,310	906	418
XXIV	7,417	6,297	301	110	8,454	5,309	299	108	7,316	5,321	1,094	300
Total	132,362	98,674	5,126	1,399	147,542	84,566	5,365	1,441	138,255	83,303	9,913	5,066

For Justice of the City Court, McCarthy, Dem., had 137,806; Cronin, Rep., 83,475; McGean, C. D., 9,940; Foth, Soc., 5,183; Hadley, Pro., 1,360.

For Coroners, Levy, Dem., 115,583; Shea, Dem., 114,366; Schultze, Dem., 113,842; Nugent, Rep., 84,249; Wainman, Rep., 82,468; Kram, Rep., 80,000; Martin, N. Y. D., 20,200; Hart, N. Y. D., 17,594; Schaerer, N. Y. D., 15,732; Burns, C. D., 11,381; Hildebrand, C. D., 10,239; Lynch, C. D., 9,999; Stiebeling, Soc., 5,324; Dorfman, Soc., 5,322; Jablinowskl, Soc., 5,092; Yarnell, Pro., 1,408; Burnham, Pro., 1,393; Jennings, Pro., 1,336.

VOTE OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—*Continued.*

Vote for Aldermen, 1890.

District.

I. Cornelius Flynn, Tam., 2,692; Patrick J. Lyons, Rep., 1,892; Charles C. Mahon, C. D., 375; John McMickle, Pro., 57. Flynn's plurality, 800.

II. Nicholas T. Brown, Tam., 4,147; Robert Patterson, Rep. and C. D., 952; John E. Sullivan, N. Y. D., 737; John Williams, Pro., 38. Brown's plurality, 3,195.

III. Patrick J. O'Beirne, Tam., 3,573; William Hartfield, Rep., 2,099; Alfred E. Goetz, C. D., 298; John H. Wyburn, Pro., 44. O'Beirne's plurality, 1,474.

IV. Andrew A. Noonan, Tam., 4,553; Alonzo Berry, Rep., 1,604; Samuel W. Abrams, N. Y. D., 1,060; Edward H. Dinan, C. D., 679; E. Friedmann, Pro., 186. Noonan's plurality, 2,949.

V. Patrick J. Ryder, Tam. and N. Y. D., 3,558; William E. Cashin, Rep., 1,595; Harry F. Shields, C. D., 298; Joseph Anderegg, Soc., 82; Roscoe L. Record, Pro., 35. Ryder's plurality, 1,963.

VI. William Clancy, Tam. and N. Y. D., 3,998; Owen McGinnis, C. D., 3,594; Max Blau, Soc., 268; William C. Scott, Pro., 31. Clancy's plurality, 404.

VII. Whitfield Van Cott, Rep., 3,612; John Morris, Tam., 3,147; Robert B. Hastle, N. Y. D., 478; Robert L. Warke, C. D., 270; Daniel Harding, Pro., 47. Van Cott's plurality, 465.

VIII. Charles Smith, Tam., 4,669; John W. Reppenhagen, Rep. and C. D., 2,584; Edward Weber, Soc., 362; Reuben C. Mills, Pro., 30. Smith's plurality, 1,485.

IX. Abraham Mead, Tam. and N. Y. D., 4,894; William L. Reid, Rep., 3,260; William W. Richards, C. D., 244; Robert Blair, Pro., 81. Mead's plurality, 1,634.

X. Joseph Martin, Tam. and N. Y. D., 5,015; John J. Hiller, Rep., 3,490; Robert Samuel, Soc., 327; George C. Schultz, C. D., 298. Martin's plurality, 1,525.

XI. George B. Morris, Rep., 3,055; James A. Moorehead, Tam. and C. D., 2,047; D. Wesley La Mon, Pro., 30. Morris' plurality, 1,008.

XII. William Tait, Tam. and N. Y. D., 3,676; William F. Grote, Rep., 3,349; Herman Schnepel, Soc., 304; John Jaeger, Pro., 33. Tait's plurality, 327.

XIII. James A. Cowie, Rep., 4,228; Charles W. Ferris, Tam., 3,634; John White, N. Y. D., 509; Gilbert T. Reeder, C. D., 327; James Allan, Pro., 78. Cowie's plurality, 594.

XIV. Charles J. Smith, Tam., 3,323; Jacob Kunzeman, Rep. and C. D., 2,904; Charles Wieser, Soc., 205; Samuel H. Bast, Pro., 31. Smith's plurality, 419.

XV. Frank Rogers, Tam., 4,887; William Montgomery, Rep. and C. D., 3,986; Andrew J. Hussey, N. Y. D., 721; Albert Hoelzer, Soc., 219; Louis Diemert, Pro., 58. Rogers's plurality, 901.

XVI. William H. Murphy, Tam., 4,737; William Henkel, Rep. and C. D., 2,327; August J. Fechter, N. Y. D., 417; Oscar Weissbach, Soc., 173; J. A. Van Valkenburg, Pro., 43. Murphy's plurality, 2,410.

XVII. Peter J. Dooling, Tam. and N. Y. D., 6,163; Jacob Bauer, Rep., 4,328; Daniel J. Gleason, C. D., 1,281; William Deissler, Soc., 224; Alexander Woydich, Pro., 87. Dooling's plurality, 1,835.

XVIII. Jacob C. Wund, Tam. and N. Y. D., 5,813; William W. Williamson, Rep., 2,066; Samuel Marksville, C. D., 689; Frederick Behrens, Soc., 114; John A. Hearn, Pro., 34. Wund's plurality, 3,747.

XIX. Horatio S. Harris, Tam., 10,319; William C. Anderson, Rep., 10,228; August C. Schwager, N. Y. D., 1,743; Aaron D. Rhead, C. D., 924; Herman Mittelberg, Soc., 224; James W. Pearsall, Pro., 220. Harris' plurality, 91.

XX. David J. Roche, Tam. and N. Y. D., 5,576; August Weinlandt, Rep. and C. D., 2,998; Christian Rosenfelder, Soc., 329; Andrew M. Logan, Pro., 40. Roche's plurality, 2,578.

XXI. Rollin M. Morgan, Tam. and N. Y. D., 4,034; Alexander G. Fisk, Rep., 3,838; Thomas J. Shea, C. D., 340; Levi Mable, Pro., 37. Morgan's plurality, 196.

XXII. Harry C. Hart, Tam., 8,727; Patrick Burns, C. D. and Rep., 8,267; John T. McCall, N. Y. D., 1,872; William F. Ehret, Soc., 907; Charles Knappman, Pro., 71. Hart's plurality, 460.

XXIII. Samuel H. Bailey, Tam., 10,888; Moritz Silberstein, Rep., 9,548; Robert A. Johnston, N. Y. D., 1,947; Charles Keller, C. D., 1,294; Albert Falke, Soc., 443; John Henry Lemmon, Pro., 198. Bailey's plurality, 1,340.

Wards.

23d. Henry L. School, C. D. and Rep., 5,351; August Moebus, Tam. and N. Y. D., 4,211; George Wass, Soc., 247; Thomas Wright, Pro., 72. School's plurality, 1,140.

24th. William H. Schott, C. D., N. Y. D. and Rep., 2,075; Thomas M. Lynch, Tam., 1,983. Schott's plurality, 92.

VOTE OF KINGS COUNTY IN DETAIL.

Brooklyn Wards.	Governor, 1891.		Sheriff, 1890.		President, 1888.	
	Flower, *Dem.*	Fassett, *Rep.*	Courtney, *Dem.*	Kramer, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
1st	2,060	1,794	1,718	1,332	2,261	2,032
2d	1,238	338	1,238	254	1,301	430
3d	1,966	1,746	1,653	1,276	2,105	1,994
4th	1,566	1,073	1,431	786	1,682	1,425
5th	2,522	841	2,290	656	2,873	987
6th	4,790	1,634	4,013	1,335	4,972	2,078
7th	3,510	3,589	3,316	2,871	3,866	3,915
8th	3,589	2,102	2,973	1,523	3,229	2,126
9th	2,600	972	2,205	677	2,425	1,174
10th	4,549	1,818	3,824	1,364	4,240	2,247
11th	2,475	1,924	2,226	1,395	2,779	2,347
12th	3,457	766	2,954	672	3,728	1,053
13th	2,164	2,189	1,807	1,673	2,319	2,595
14th	3,410	1,098	3,252	816	3,674	1,261
15th	2,445	2,489	2,019	2,025	2,517	3,140
16th	3,188	2,640	2,634	2,172	3,679	3,426
17th	3,956	2,996	3,370	2,214	4,132	3,475
18th	6,289	3,645	4,637	4,161	5,042	4,883
19th	2,804	3,447	2,353	2,925	3,096	4,003
20th	2,081	2,874	2,084	2,263	2,268	3,099
21st	4,278	4,180	3,512	3,424	4,298	4,582
22d	4,628	4,731	3,962	3,440	4,144	4,372
23d	2,155	3,764	1,925	3,057	2,281	3,613
24th	1,619	1,282	1,371	976	1,386	1,121
25th	3,636	4,412	2,873	3,118	3,114	4,295
26th	2,749	2,345	2,307	1,923	2,387	1,957
Total Brooklyn	80,754	63,112	67,947	48,648	79,898	67,663
Flatbush	1,315	764	1,164	647	1,064	727
Flatlands	399	319	413	360	413	418
Gravesend	180	1,898	233	1,023	397	833
New-Utrecht	1,037	512	950	602	837	411
Total	82,685	66,605	70,707	51,230	82,509	70,052
Plurality	16,080	....	19,427	....	12,477	....

For Governor, in 1891, the Prohibition candidate received 1,502 votes.

NEW-YORK STATE BY TOWNS—1891.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
ALBANY COUNTY.		
Albany City..	12,417	8,581
Berne.....	274	262
Bethlehem....	367	514
Coeymans.....	389	265
Cohoes.....	2,110	1,963
Guilderland...	329	535
Knox.....	89	228
New-Scotland.	271	402
Re'sselaerville	289	251
Watervliet....	2,836	2,151
Westerlo.....	224	219
Total	19,595	15,371
Total Pro., 525; S. L., 341.		
ALLEGANY COUNTY.		
Alfred.....	29	261
Allen.....	35	99
Alma.....	113	96
Almond.....	158	169
Amity.....	181	248
Andover.....	169	264
Angelica	88	230
Belfast.....	118	178
Birdsall.....	85	103
Bolivar.....	203	169
Burns	124	180
Caneadea.....	116	209
Centerville	40	97
Clarksville....	37	149
Cuba.....	228	275
Friendship....	197	279
Genesee.....	36	107
Granger.....	49	120
Grove	76	112
Hume.....	128	313
Independence.	58	207
New-Hudson..	44	176
Rushford.....	70	209
Scio.....	94	146
Ward.....	59	22
Wellsville.....	522	557
West Almont .	44	64
Willing.....	114	155
Wirt.....	66	127
Total.....	3,272	5,319
Total Pro., 475; S. L., 65.		
BROOME COUNTY.		
Barker.....	96	142
Bingh'mt'n T'n	72	78
Bingh'mt'nC'y	3,459	3,705
Chenango.....	95	219
Colesville.....	292	333
Conklin.....	65	111
Dickinson.....	50	75
Fenton.....	95	212
Kirkwood.....	127	109
Lisle.....	136	241
Maine.....	112	236
Nanticoke	49	66
Sanford.....	272	424
Triangle	195	297
Union.....	274	386
Vestal.....	245	241
Windsor.....	175	353
Total.....	5,749	7,228
Total Pro., 684.		
CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.		
Allegany.....	341	320
Ashford.....	146	190
Carrolton.....	205	106
Cold Spring...	103	103
Conewango...	136	165
Dayton.....	108	243
CATTARAUGUS CO. (*cont'd*).		
East Otto.....	121	183
Elba.....	38	50
Ellicottville...	208	215
Farmersville..	64	144
Franklinville..	209	259
Freedom.....	67	212
Great Valley..	160	193
Hinsdale.....	122	141
Humphrey....	79	104
Ischua.....	81	85
Leon.....	79	137
Little Valley..	102	229
Lyndon.....	30	89
Machias.....	110	172
Mansfield.....	77	143
Napoli.....	68	158
New-Albion...	144	299
Olean.....	1,002	1,107
Otto.....	116	112
Perrysburgh..	105	142
Persia	176	163
Portville	217	338
Randolph.....	195	291
Red House....	85	59
Salamanca....	441	462
South Valley..	85	63
Yorkshire.....	175	224
Total	5,395	6,901
Total Pro., 638.		
CAYUGA COUNTY.		
Auburn.....	2,287	2,572
Aurelius.....	197	175
Brutus.....	214	450
Cato.....	137	299
Conquest.....	157	148
Fleming.....	128	153
Genoa.....	164	250
Ira.....	171	272
Ledyard.....	133	233
Locke.....	50	148
Mentz.....	259	251
Montezuma...	161	110
Moravia.....	258	317
Niles.....	188	183
Owasco	88	144
Scipio.....	154	195
Sempronius ...	101	129
Sennett	92	164
Springport....	237	195
Sterling.....	192	404
Summerhill...	70	81
Throop.....	130	122
Venice.....	114	175
Victory.....	140	189
Total.....	5,802	7,354
Total Pro., ——		
CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY.		
Arkwright	66	84
Busti.....	152	229
Carroll.....	59	378
Charlotte.....	172	172
Chautauqua...	229	433
Cherry Creek..	99	243
Clymer.....	62	153
Dunkirk.....	1,025	767
Ellery.....	117	218
Ellicott	82	257
Ellington.....	64	205
French Creek.	51	119
Gerry.....	46	161
Hanover.....	350	576
Harmony	164	455
Jamestown...	1,135	2,279
Klantone.....	51	58
Mina.....	46	128
CHAUTAUQUA CO. (*cont'd*).		
Poland.....	83	277
Pomfret.....	370	648
Portland.....	185	278
Ripley.....	119	201
Sheridan.....	135	177
Sherman.....	105	226
Stockton.....	177	235
Villenova.....	120	123
Westfield.....	293	421
Total....	5,707	9,704
Total Pro., 773.		
CHEMUNG COUNTY.		
Ashland.....	105	112
Baldwin.....	101	81
Big Flats.....	209	201
Catlin.....	129	120
Chemung.....	176	164
Elmira Town.	111	115
Elmira City...	3,653	3,151
Erin.....	144	84
Horseheads...	460	326
Southport.....	244	228
Van Etten.....	226	192
Veteran	188	261
Total.....	5,756	5,035
Total Pro., 416; S. L., 85.		
CHENANGO COUNTY.		
Afton.....	208	243
Bainbridge...	213	344
Columbus.....	71	127
Coventry.....	137	128
German.....	47	71
Greene.....	388	359
Guilford.....	231	269
Lincklaen.....	51	118
McDonough..	140	130
New-Berlin....	244	303
New-Norwich.	78	133
Norwich.....	742	673
Otselic... ...	141	178
Oxford... ...	375	407
Pharsalia.....	130	65
Pitcher.....	94	124
Plymouth	97	70
Preston.....	106	123
Sherburne.....	257	368
Smithville.....	165	161
Smyrna.....	92	215
Total..... ...	4,007	4,609
Total Pro., 673; S. L., 82.		
CLINTON COUNTY.		
Altona.....	190	184
Ausable.....	225	266
Beekmantown	170	265
Black Brook..	118	199
Champlain....	403	466
Chazy.....	166	369
Clinton.....	263	60
Dannemora...	279	249
Ellenburgh....	230	332
Mooers.....	220	412
Peru.....	192	274
Plattsburgh...	1,134	879
Saranac.....	273	313
Schuyler Falls	138	165
Total.....	4,001	4,426
Total Pro., 103; S. L., 79.		
COLUMBIA COUNTY.		
Ancram.....	173	126
Austerlitz.....	76	160
Canaan.....	108	215
Chatham.....	382	585
Claverack.....	512	479
Clermont.....	127	58
Copake.....	160	231
Gallatin.....	72	133
Germantown..	160	206
Ghent.....	262	416
Greenport.....	162	120
Hillsdale.....	156	163
Hudson.....	1,383	999
Kinderhook...	469	363
Livingston....	183	214
New-Lebanon.	139	167
Stockport.....	196	230
Stuyvesant...	234	217
Taghkanick ...	151	113
Total.....	5,205	5,107
Total Pro., 303; S. L., 82.		
CORTLAND COUNT		
Cincinnatus ..	122	123
Cortlandville .	1,131	1,657
Cuyler.....	55	180
Freetown.....	89	92
Hartford.....	87	128
Homer.....	333	574
Lapeer.....	56	85
Marathon.....	188	294
Preble.....	133	91
Scott.....	77	143
Solon.....	96	70
Taylor.....	81	116
Truxton..... ..	169	124
Virgil	137	220
Willett.....	142	76
Total.....	2,886	3,984
Total Pro., 425.		
DELAWARE COUNTY		
Andes.....	209	341
Bovina.....	63	181
Colchester....	338	281
Davenport....	236	164
Delhi.	261	472
Deposit.....	165	201
Franklin.....	260	393
Hamden.....	87	276
Hancock.....	507	450
Harpersfield ..	127	181
Kortright.....	175	184
Masonville ...	129	182
Meredith.....	143	195
Middletown ..	466	351
Roxbury.....	314	234
Sidney.....	366	316
Stamford.....	248	235
Tompkins.....	259	307
Walton	380	554
Total.....	4,673	5,498
Total Pro., 663; S. L., 104.		
DUTCHESS COUNTY.		
Amenia.....	248	298
Beekman.....	139	138
Clinton.....	177	177
Dover.....	218	249
East Fishkill..	333	179
Fishkill.....	1,166	1,083
Hyde Park....	326	298

NEW-YORK STATE BY TOWNS—*Continued.*

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
DUTCHESS CO. (*cont'd*).		
Lagrange	184	147
Milan	129	127
North East	201	257
Pawling	176	248
Pine Plain	166	153
Pleasant Val.	183	205
Poughkeepsie	451	402
Po'keepsie C'y	2,337	2,439
Red Hook	518	372
Rhinebeck	377	405
Stanford	214	305
Union Vale	119	116
Wappingers	422	516
Washington	302	319
Total	8,405	8,334
Total Pro., 642.		
ERIE COUNTY.		
Alden	275	168
Amherst	357	207
Aurora	281	380
Boston	229	175
Brant	48	59
Buffalo	22,411	21,334
Cheektowaga	296	174
Clarence	191	300
Colden	169	135
Collins	222	307
Concord	419	501
E. Hamburgh	190	256
Eden	210	220
Elma	200	243
Evans	243	296
Grand Island	83	139
Hamburg	417	296
Holland	194	191
Lancaster	400	337
Marilla	195	166
Newstead	277	369
North Collins	219	220
Sardinia	220	212
Tonawanda	732	550
Wales	163	112
West Seneca	227	279
Total	28,876	27,596
Total Pro., 1,333; S.L., 779.		
ESSEX COUNTY.		
Chesterfield	205	305
Crown Point	151	414
Elizabethtown	81	203
Essex	119	134
Jay	158	177
Keene	47	183
Lewis	86	150
Minerva	122	56
Moriah	576	543
Newcombe	36	50
North Elba	81	150
North Hudson	28	68
St. Armand	34	90
Schroon	119	173
Ticonderoga	291	603
Westport	163	191
Willsborough	119	146
Wilmington	29	91
Total	2,439	3,727
Total Pro., 182.		
FRANKLIN COUNTY.		
Altamont	48	69
Bangor	117	389
Belmont	145	239
Bombay	1 8	129
Brandon	58	128
Brighton	16	44
FRANKLIN CO. (*cont'd*).		
Burke	183	232
Chateaugay	287	266
Constable	123	161
Dickinson	58	308
Duane	28	46
Ft. Covington	150	254
Franklin	64	161
Harrietstown	124	186
Malone	676	1,104
Moira	219	248
Santa Clara	64	154
Waverly	37	236
Westville	86	173
Total	2,640	4,527
Total Pro., 209.		
FULTON AND HAMILTON COUNTIES.		
Bleecker	126	21
Broadalbin	219	269
Caroga	86	59
Ephratah	199	227
Gloverville	1,393	1,722
Johnstown	997	1,082
Mayfield	216	261
Northampton	289	207
Oppenheim	159	135
Perth	66	80
Stratford	126	114
Total	3,876	4,258
Hamilton Co.	444	395
Grand Total	4,320	4,653
Total Pro., 463; S. L., 81.		
GENESEE COUNTY.		
Alabama	158	226
Alexander	108	211
Batavia	939	966
Bergen	201	208
Bethany	90	137
Byron	129	204
Darlen	177	199
Elba	186	150
Le Roy	405	505
Oakfield	124	181
Pavilion	102	218
Pembroke	261	295
Stafford	101	217
Total	2,981	3,714
Total Pro., 390; S. L., 69.		
GREENE COUNTY.		
Ashland	91	92
Athens	308	277
Cairo	326	265
Catskill	883	873
Coxsackie	463	378
Durham	264	212
Greenville	232	298
Halcott	49	31
Hunter	282	271
Jewett	127	90
Lexington	214	68
New-Baltim're	264	228
Prattsville	134	61
Windham	202	133
Total	3,839	3,176
Total Pro., 284.		
HERKIMER COUNTY.		
Columbia	145	225
Danube	124	156
Fairfield	181	192
HERKIMER CO. (*cont'd*).		
Frankfort	434	481
German Flats	914	888
Herkimer	665	578
Litchfield	95	152
Little Falls	948	854
Manheim	427	370
Newport	195	189
Norway	112	73
Ohio	105	92
Russia	195	278
Salisbury	107	215
Schuyler	112	185
Stark	165	220
Warren	178	167
Wilmurt	40	56
Winfield	130	227
Total	5,272	5,638
Total Pro., 348; S. L., 90.		
JEFFERSON COUNTY.		
Adams	269	518
Alexandria	515	385
Antwerp	251	444
Brownsville	315	436
Cape Vincent	425	219
Champion	238	300
Clayton	506	399
Ellisburgh	421	642
Henderson	113	268
Hounsfield	235	288
Le Ray	334	293
Lorralne	162	118
Lyme	286	299
Orleans	295	282
Pamella	110	107
Philadelphia	244	250
Rodman	106	227
Rutland	173	294
Theresa	301	264
Watert'wn T'n	110	165
Watert'wn C'y	2,027	1,587
Wilna	557	531
Worth	110	115
Total	8,093	8,431
Total Pro., 578.		
KINGS COUNTY.		
Brooklyn	80,754	63,112
Flatbush	1,315	764
Flatlands	399	319
Gravesend	180	1,898
New Utrecht	1,037	512
Total	83,685	66,605
Total Pro., 1,502.		
LEWIS COUNTY.		
Croghan	404	282
Denmark	177	372
Diana	260	230
Greig	137	185
Harrisburgh	101	112
High Market	118	38
Lewis	175	57
Leyden	229	194
Lowville	437	610
Lyonsdale	191	149
Martinsburgh	176	340
Montague	112	107
New-Bremen	279	160
Osceola	78	69
Pinckney	158	109
Turin	119	210
Watson	161	207
West Turin	232	223
Total	3,544	3,651
Total Pro., 219.		
LIVINGSTON COUNTY.		
Avon	340	326
Caledonia	179	214
Conesus	127	166
Geneseo	283	432
Groveland	129	111
Leicester	146	193
Lima	261	185
Livonia	263	366
Mt. Morris	470	350
N. Dansville	530	376
Nunda	186	298
Ossian	118	125
Portage	105	138
Sparta	141	122
Springwater	161	320
West Sparta	90	107
York	137	393
Total	3,676	4,222
Total Pro., 475; S. L., 65.		
MADISON COUNTY.		
Brookfield	257	431
Cazenovia	395	558
De Ruyter	105	267
Eaton	258	482
Fenner	117	131
Georgetown	79	154
Hamilton	343	568
Lebanon	91	190
Lenox	1,254	1,308
Madison	229	325
Nelson	124	198
Smithfield	66	200
Stockbridge	188	238
Sullivan	493	410
Total	3,999	5,560
Total Pro., 580.		
MONROE COUNTY.		
Brighton	194	333
Chili	159	202
Clarkson	166	185
Gates	184	219
Greece	394	404
Hamlin	73	226
Henrietta	163	223
Irondequoit	139	186
Mendon	291	297
Ogden	234	310
Parma	169	363
Penfield	137	379
Perinton	370	566
Pittsford	227	269
Riga	132	246
Rochester	10,740	12,771
Rush	117	127
Sweden	434	679
Webster	232	383
Wheatland	228	285
Total	14,783	18,053
Total Pro., 905; S.L., 436.		
MONTGOMERY COUNTY.		
Amsterdam C'y	1,743	1,671
AmsterdamT'n	214	363
Canajoharie	498	497
Charleston	80	151
Florida	235	263
Glen	321	321
Minden	638	648
Mohawk	380	332
Palatine	372	260
Root	286	223
St. Johnsville	316	205
Total	5,063	4,934
Total Pro., 293; S.L., 104.		

NEW-YORK STATE BY TOWNS—*Continued.*

NEW-YORK COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
New-York	146,067	86,565
Total Pro., 1,286.		
S. L., 5,190.		

NIAGARA COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Cambria	140	167
Hartland	240	302
Lewiston	217	184
Lockport	174	244
Lockport City	1,560	1,500
Newfane	270	289
Niagara	1,169	900
Pendleton	181	101
Porter	205	192
Royalton	578	392
Somerset	147	251
Wheatfield	732	508
Wilson	183	269
Total	5,796	5,300
Total Pro., 592; S. L., 116.		

ONEIDA COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Annsville	224	208
Augusta	287	240
Ava	104	92
Booneville	353	555
Bridgewater	100	138
Camden	298	418
Deerfield	172	202
Florence	192	139
Floyd	123	110
Forestport	108	190
Kirkland	493	422
Lee	241	222
Marcy	183	162
Marshall	227	245
New-Hartford	415	539
Paris	337	337
Remsen	55	187
Rome	1,652	1,411
Sangerfield	358	332
Steuben	66	125
Trenton	136	432
Utica	4,870	4,243
Vernon	297	377
Verona	484	453
Vienna	294	243
Western	224	260
Westmoreland	237	275
Whitestown	544	620
Total	13,012	13,278
Total Pro., 873; S. L., 242.		

ONONDAGA COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Camillus	296	317
Cicero	168	417
Clay	211	387
De Witt	494	482
Elbridge	405	457
Fabius	129	244
Geddes	112	171
La Fayette	169	196
Lysander	480	752
Manlius	570	810
Marcellus	259	331
Onondaga	477	566
Otisco	148	142
Pompey	342	311
Salina	281	359
Skaneateles	415	534
Spafford	101	158
Syracuse	9,017	9,252
Tulley	169	184
Van Buren	369	454
Total	14,359	16,162
Total Pro., 683.		

ONTARIO COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Bristol	215	141
Canadice	119	39
Canandaigua	841	841
E. Bloomfield	....	257
Farmington	225	170
Geneva	1,008	999
Gorham	287	288
Hopewell	191	214
Manchester	525	457
Naples	309	282
Phelps	475	628
Richmond	230	...
Seneca	363	255
South-Bristol	152	103
Victor	287	321
W. Bloomfield	179	149
Total	5,897	5,257
Total Pro., 356; S. L., 73.		

ORANGE COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Blooming Gr.	179	281
Chester	237	225
Cornwall	315	372
Crawford	247	160
Deer Park	1,207	919
Goshen	465	462
Greenville	139	41
Hampt'nburgh	137	118
Highland	272	326
Middletown	1,188	1,208
Minisink	176	103
Monroe	205	171
Montgomery	413	628
Mount Hope	93	150
Newburgh	334	367
Newburgh C.	2,145	2,649
New-Windsor	252	106
Tuxedo	110	162
Wallkill	247	309
Warwick	689	577
Wawayanda	189	149
Woodbury	217	326
Total	9,325	9,813
Total Pro., 688; S. L., 169.		

ORLEANS COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Albion	613	581
Barre	186	276
Carlton	143	284
Clarendon	202	153
Gaines	196	242
Kendall	127	237
Murray	429	333
Ridgeway	578	629
Shelby	383	354
Yates	132	298
Total	2,269	3,387
Total Pro., 457; S. L., 52.		

OSWEGO COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Albion	178	284
Amboy	107	139
Boylston	92	144
Constantia	213	344
Granby	392	508
Hannibal	178	352
Hastings	201	346
Mexico	213	494
New-Haven	101	269
Orwell	82	200
Oswego	143	349
Oswego City	2,471	1,921
Palermo	99	261
Parish	153	206
Redfield	107	95
Richland	328	503
Sandy Creek	186	338
Schroeppel	244	450

OSWEGO CO. (*cont'd*).

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Scriba	178	389
Volney	587	781
West-Monroe	102	117
Williamstown	126	106
Total	6,481	8,566
Total Pro., 471; S. L., 27.		

OTSEGO COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Burlington	153	191
Butternuts	252	262
Cherry Valley	249	223
Decatur	79	75
Edmeston	196	252
Exeter	124	200
Hartwick	240	225
Laurens	182	234
Maryland	329	249
Middlefield	340	237
Milford	297	251
Morris	216	251
New-Lisbon	172	175
Oneonta	792	1,190
Otego	187	245
Otsego	541	576
Pittsfield	143	129
Plainfield	94	162
Richfield	301	368
Roseboom	160	182
Springfield	336	132
Unadilla	312	252
Westford	151	124
Worcester	344	345
Total	6,090	6,436
Total Pro., 625; S. L., 105.		

PUTNAM COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Carmel	376	288
Kent	155	180
Patterson	106	201
Phillipstown	508	447
Putnam V'lley	198	131
South-East	268	378
Total	1,611	1,625
Total Pro., 121; S. L., 40.		

QUEENS COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Flushing	1,658	1,159
Hempstead	1,880	2,136
Jamaica	1,258	1,099
L. I. City	3,560	1,825
Newtown	1,300	1,026
N. Hempstead	627	546
Oyster Bay	1,301	888
Total	11,584	8,679
Total Pro., 297; S. L., 291.		

RENSSELAER COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Berlin	185	205
Brunswick	239	503
E. Greenbush	282	176
Grafton	177	178
Greenbush	939	606
Hoosick	1,239	1,127
Lansingburgh	840	1,532
Nassau	229	278
N. Greenbush	453	561
Petersburgh	195	174
Pittstown	346	463
Polstenkill	243	139
Sandlake	233	301
Schaghticoke	287	393
Schodack	489	466
Stephentown	184	210
Troy	8,049	5,569
Total	14,590	12,881
Total Pro., 701; S. L., 217.		

RICHMOND COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Castleton	1,715	1,212
Middletown	1,143	555
Northfield	846	692
Southfield	683	372
Westfield	652	604
Total	5,039	3,435
Total Pro., 208; S. L., 81.		

ROCKLAND COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Clarkstown	596	328
Haverstraw	835	465
Orangetown	985	782
Ramapo	510	623
Stony Point	265	207
Total	3,191	2,405
Total Pro., 255.		

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Brasher	253	305
Canton	532	826
Clare	12	37
Clifton	32	27
Colton	117	224
De Kalb	135	435
De Peyster	37	117
Edwards	118	169
Fine	76	190
Fowler	118	263
Gouverneur	464	747
Hammond	88	272
Hermon	143	184
Hopkinton	79	317
Lawrence	161	323
Lisbon	172	600
Louisville	156	219
Macomb	67	219
Madrid	102	319
Massena	185	339
Morristown	126	306
Norfolk	189	169
Oswegatchie	170	306
OgdensburghC	1,225	1,035
Parishville	73	330
Pierrepont	71	316
Pitcairn	58	127
Potsdam	468	1,152
Rossie	156	148
Russell	160	295
Stockholm	189	461
Waddington	149	330
Total	6,081	11,168
Total Pro., 704.		

SARATOGA COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Ballston	218	210
Charlton	144	117
Clifton Park	156	315
Corinth	137	253
Day	83	107
Edinburgh	168	146
Galway	160	200
Greenfield	144	292
Hadley	52	144
Half Moon	450	488
Malta	100	156
Milton	569	663
Moreau	221	292
Northumberl'd	123	187
Providence	64	77
Saratoga	398	453
Saratoga Spgs.	1,309	1,311
Stillwater	536	379
Waterford	539	646
Wilton	42	148
Total	5,614	6,585
Total Pro., 639; S. L., 128.		

NEW-YORK STATE BY TOWNS—*Continued.*

SCHENECTADY COUNTY.

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Duanesburgh.	216	306
Glenville.....	261	244
Niskayuna ..	85	118
Princetown ..	66	102
Rotterdam...	373	323
Schenectady..	2,407	1,812
Total.....	3,408	2,905

Total Pro., 216 ; S. L., 52.

SCHOHARIE COUNTY.

Blenheim	136	91
Broome	168	197
Carlisle	192	141
Cobleskill	564	280
Conesville....	127	89
Esperance....	130	176
Fulton.....	398	143
Gilboa.....	220	247
Jefferson	152	224
Middleburgh.	491	266
Richm'ndville	293	174
Schoharie	481	282
Seward.....	260	100
Sharon.....	331	196
Summit.....	246	109
Wright.....	195	132
Total.....	4,384	2,847

Total Pro., 265; S. L., 67.

SCHUYLER COUNTY.

Catharine....	111	209
Cayuta.....	94	46
Dix	398	457
Hector	376	583
Montour.....	156	260
Orange.....	160	164
Reading.....	148	182
Tyrone.....	172	222
Total	1,617	2,123

Total Pro., 187; S. L., 34.

SENECA COUNTY.

Covert.....	254	226
Fayette	472	279
Junius.....	99	111
Lodi....	158	218
Ovid.....	299	204
Romulus.....	312	195
Seneca Falls..	834	695
Tyre	115	99
Varick	149	140
Waterloo	564	417
Total.....	3,176	2,684

Total Pro., 492 ; S. L., 46.

STEUBEN COUNTY.

Addison.....	327	360
Avoca.....	262	204
Bath.....	806	894
Bradford.....	115	92
Cameron.....	118	161
Campbell	128	211
Canisteo.....	277	446
Caton.....	83	168
Cohocton.....	376	390
Corning.....	970	993
Dansville.....	200	163
Erwin.....	165	231
Fremont.....	98	120
Greenwood ..	107	150
Hartsville	65	97
Hornby	110	134
Hornellsville.	1,263	1,058
H'n'llsville T.	155	186

STEUBEN COUNTY (*cont'd*).

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Howard.....	194	243
Jasper.....	84	210
Lindley	156	162
Prattsburgh..	286	276
Pultney.....	176	251
Rathbone....	115	167
Thurston	86	123
Troupsburgh.	137	274
Tuscarora....	119	169
Urbana	330	288
Wayland.....	312	225
Wayne.....	79	110
West Union..	92	118
Wheeler.....	130	150
Woodhull....	177	408
Total.....	8,188	9,457

Total Pro., 913 ; S. L., 172.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Babylon.....	542	502
Brookhaven ..	1,082	1,142
East Hampton	244	220
Huntington...	677	717
Islip	636	685
Riverhead. ..	368	436
Shelter Island	39	93
Smithtown...	216	238
Southampton	506	781
Southold.....	771	845
Total.....	5,211	5,659

Total Pro., 480 ; S. L., 109.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Bethel	161	232
Callicoon.....	291	133
Cochecton ...	133	83
Delaware	283	74
Fallsburgh...	270	355
Forestburgh..	66	52
Fremont.....	171	159
Highland.. ..	72	91
Liberty	267	391
Lumberland..	109	61
Mamakating .	236	395
Neversink....	207	205
Rockland. ...	330	315
Thompson....	333	421
Tusten..... .	152	67
Total.....	3,081	3,099

Total Pro., 161.

TIOGA COUNTY.

Barton.....	588	757
Berkshire....	78	177
Candor.....	418	468
Newark Vlly	211	309
Nichols.....	120	273
Owego.....	672	1,172
Richford.....	131	172
Spencer.....	237	271
Tioga	330	252
Total.....	3,083	3,859

Total Pro., 293 ; S. L., 36.

TOMPKINS COUNTY.

Caroline.....	221	320
Danby	132	252
Dryden.....	379	588
Enfield	172	169
Groton.....	313	490
Ithaca.....	1,440	1,502
Lansing	249	268

TOMPKINS COUNTY (*cont'd.*)

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Newfield.....	239	286
Ulysses	305	465
Total.....	3,450	4,330

Total Pro., 313 ; S. L., 58.

ULSTER COUNTY.

Denning	102	102
Esopus	374	413
Gardiner	204	132
Hardenburgh.	71	82
Hurley.....	177	221
Kingston T'n.	65	18
Kingst'n City	2,340	1,837
Lloyd	239	240
Marbletown ..	253	391
Marlborough.	384	379
New-Paltz ...	252	203
Olive.....	302	180
Plattekill.....	165	169
Rochester	352	254
Rosendale....	666	398
Saugerties....	814	829
Shandaken...	371	295
Shawangunk.	262	215
Ulster.....	357	176
Wawarsing ..	738	720
Woodstock...	137	176
Total.....	8,625	7,530

Total Pro., 607.

WARREN COUNTY.

Bolton	97	236
Caldwell.	186	134
Chester.....	185	248
Hague.....	74	91
Horicon	94	215
Johnsburgh ..	220	342
Luzerne.....	73	288
Queensbury .	1,158	1,379
Stony Creek .	140	157
Thurman.....	114	154
Warrensb'rgh	257	206
Total.....	2,588	3,390

Total Pro., 283 ; S. L., 93.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Argyle.....	127	378
Cambridge....	205	312
Dresden.....	41	79
Easton .....,	169	352
Fort Ann	326	408
Fort Edward.	457	580
Granville	449	607
Greenwich...	310	631
Hampton.....	70	71
Hartford.	91	288
Hebron	184	272
Jackson.....	71	178
Kingsbury....	345	618
Putnam.....	23	88
Salem.....	277	423
White Creek.	234	391
Whitehall....	558	564
Total	3,882	6,332

Total Pro., 447 ; S. L., 95.

WAYNE COUNTY.

Arcadia	639	667
Butler.....	126	340
Galen.....	515	509
Huron.....	120	185
Lyons	626	729

WAYNE COUNTY (*cont'd*).

	Dem. Flower.	Rep. Fassett.
Macedon.....	209	325
Marion	72	279
Ontario	159	328
Palmyra.....	400	584
Rose.....	148	239
Savannah	294	255
Sodus	479	580
Walworth....	155	285
Williamson ..	137	421
Wolcott.....	365	406
Total.....	4,344	6,192

Total Pro., 379.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Bedford.....	305	334
Cortlandt.....	1,397	1,479
Eastchester ..	1,448	1,294
Greenburgh..	1,170	1,033
Harrison	100	89
Lewisboro ...	86	149
Mamaroneck.	251	164
Mt. Pleasant.	668	498
New-Castle...	164	221
New-Rochelle	800	442
North-Castle.	149	158
North-Salem.	160	193
Ossining.....	827	923
Pelham	266	195
Poundridge ..	93	110
Rye.....	892	628
Scarsdale.....	36	48
Somers.....	161	179
Westchester..	809	335
White Plains.	527	297
Yonkers.....	2,644	2,254
Yorktown....	277	286
Total.....	13,240	11,409

Total Pro., 690 ; S. L., 290.

WYOMING COUNTY.

Arcade.....	219	182
Attica.....	253	297
Bennington..	283	138
Castile.	107	322
Covington....	47	174
Eagle	80	175
Gainesville...	189	294
Genesee Falls	82	88
Java.....	290	136
Middlebury ..	84	201
Orangeville ..	87	122
Perry.....	141	416
Pike.....	69	301
Sheldon	231	141
Warsaw.....	329	627
Weathersfield	98	87
Total.....	2,729	3,701

Total Pro., 377 ; S. L., 69.

YATES COUNTY.

Barrington...	126	189
Benton.....	177	294
Italy.....	53	193
Jerusalem....	275	367
Middlesex....	97	193
Milo	718	767
Potter.... ...	143	245
Starkey	252	461
Torrey.....	136	181
Total...	1,977	2,917

Total Pro., 191 ; S. L., 25

NORTH-CAROLINA.

COUNTIES. (96.)	Chief Justice, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Merrimon. *Dem.*	Price, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Alamance	1,796	1,289	1,716	1,544	1,607	1,259
Alexander	788	327	943	548	938	359
Alleghany	677	319	687	407	624	355
Anson	1,623	303	2,157	1,055	1,865	1,090
Ashe	1,272	1,300	1,416	1,518	1,245	1,192
Beaufort	1,880	1,388	2,033	1,833	1,995	1,713
Bertie	1,656	1,485	1,218	1,109	1,545	1,914
Bladen	1,503	1,179	1,520	1,375	1,410	1,532
Brunswick	940	822	1,023	965	928	936
Buncombe	3,333	2,759	2,956	2,873	2,649	2,007
Burke	1,256	967	1,249	1,162	1,273	973
Cabarrus	1,263	234	1,659	933	1,893	990
Caldwell	1,187	459	1,257	723	1,257	426
Camden	574	535	588	614	706	571
Carteret	1,109	409	1,082	714	1,166	612
Caswell	1,402	1,402	1,351	1,627	1,548	1,615
Catawba	1,845	248	2,349	765	2,307	662
Chatham	2,418	1,507	2,581	2,027	5,451	1,718
Cherokee	653	680	673	888	517	678
Chowan	739	858	738	808	699	829
Clay	409	232	401	290	359	210
Cleveland	1,875	384	2,264	762	2,042	616
Columbus	1,742	659	2,078	893	1,867	948
Craven	1,354	2,182	1,359	2,618	1,330	2,539
Cumberland	2,680	1,431	2,523	2,028	2,469	2,192
Currituck	924	375	1,001	461	983	425
Dare	286	294	321	337	255	291
Davidson	1,886	1,909	2,023	2,346	1,900	2,097
Davie	978	1,049	1,008	1,199	1,058	1,104
Duplin	1,967	742	2,209	1,135	2,247	1,181
Durham	1,631	1,004	1,835	1,618	1,575	1,193
Edgecombe	1,692	2,356	1,331	2,542	1,685	3,293
Forsyth	2,510	2,570	2,238	2,613	2,060	1,941
Franklin	2,231	1,499	2,218	2,019	2,121	1,997
Gaston	1,324	497	1,589	1,260	1,356	978
Gates	1,107	697	1,146	808	1,135	737
Graham	310	213	284	195	276	144
Granville	2,396	1,990	2,399	2,625	2,184	2,110
Greene	1,033	756	994	1,078	1,042	1,097
Guilford	2,830	2,438	2,462	2,721	2,422	2,262
Halifax	2,152	2,569	2,488	2,867	2,424	4,021
Harnett	1,495	601	1,498	1,100	1,254	744
Haywood	1,478	800	1,328	991	1,181	765
Henderson	816	1,104	915	1,297	779	995
Hertford	1,129	1,105	1,107	1,055	1,112	1,327
Hyde	905	606	843	771	881	671
Iredell	2,359	976	2,720	1,894	2,644	1,796
Jackson	1,022	496	902	612	722	363
Johnston	3,030	803	2,992	2,129	2,805	1,831
Jones	677	....	706	613	754	747
Lenoir	1,517	857	1,598	1,427	1,609	1,409
Lincoln	1,059	328	1,205	922	1,171	759
Macon	923	659	805	754	706	538
Madison	1,008	1,595	1,158	1,901	1,065	1,435
Martin	1,626	1,108	1,663	1,308	1,564	1,250
McDowell	937	870	1,002	874	940	651
Mecklenburg	2,866	486	4,206	3,253	3,606	3,101
Mitchell	645	1,278	679	1,586	575	1,142
Montgomery	882	812	992	1,207	891	950
Moore	1,893	994	1,955	1,826	1,769	1,468
Nash	2,010	1,087	2,181	1,719	1,845	1,556
New-Hanover	1,936	2,058	1,870	2,856	1,745	2,894
Northampton	1,661	1,500	1,684	1,996	1,731	2,384
Onslow	1,135	216	1,177	453	1,292	504
Orange	1,583	934	1,613	1,299	1,668	1,064
Pamlico	651	506	730	605	757	599
Pasquotank	819	1,126	826	1,221	894	1,255
Pender	1,058	959	725	758	1,207	1,246
Perquimans	797	877	783	986	769	992
Person	1,552	1,325	1,369	1,292	1,485	1,095
Pitt	2,582	1,823	2,569	2,358	2,428	2,283
Polk	453	594	436	418	443	490
Randolph	2,231	1,770	2,121	2,339	1,968	1,890
Richmond	1,662	1,853	1,729	1,743	1,946	1,705
Robeson	2,490	1,886	2,879	1,970	2,503	2,278
Rockingham	2,292	1,878	2,351	2,176	2,524	1,647

NORTH-CAROLINA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Chief Justice, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Merrimon, *Dem.*	Price, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Rowan	2,327	688	2,732	1,274	2,642	1,372
Rutherford	1,740	616	1,678	1,669	1,506	1,263
Sampson	2,501	1,063	2,390	1,608	2,551	1,591
Stanley	681	138	1,021	776	1,115	589
Stokes	1,364	1,402	1,442	1,363	1,341	1,049
Surry	1,650	1,547	1,672	1,611	1,462	1,413
Swain	678	371	527	453	481	167
Transylvania	491	450	523	565	452	330
Tyrrell	417	332	472	374	504	340
Union	1,443	131	2,067	879	1,846	627
Vance	1,367	163	1,385	1,929	1,143	1,633
Wake	4,817	3,770	4,511	5,029	4,750	4,291
Warren	1,072	1,974	549	879	1,145	2,141
Washington	544	767	775	1,051	658	1,085
Watauga	883	808	908	976	763	635
Wayne	2,717	1,573	2,748	2,629	2,744	2,542
Wilkes	1,395	2,075	1,691	2,292	1,341	2,028
Wilson	1,956	2	2,130	1,580	2,141	1,502
Yadkin	1,630	1,392	1,065	1,431	968	1,240
Yancey	765	629	929	805	743	658
Total	142316	99.987	147902	134784	142952	125068
Majority	42,329	....	13,118	....	17,884	....
Per cent	58.73	41.27	51.82	47.22	53.24	46.58
Scattering	. .		2,787		454	
Whole vote.	242,303		285,512		268,474	

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was 2,789 for Fisk, Prohibitionist, and 47 for Streeter, U. Lab.; in 1884 for St. John, Prohibitionist, and in 1880 for Weaver, Greenbacker.

In 1888 the vote for Governor was as follows: David G. Fowle, Dem., 145,925; A. H. Dockery, Rep., 133,475. Majority for Fowle, 12,450.

Vote for Representatives in Congress, 1890.

District.

I. W. A. Branch, Dem., 16,436; Claude M. Bernard, Rep., 12,683. Branch's majority, 3,753.

II. J. M. Mewborne, Dem., 15,713; H. P. Cheatham, Rep., 16,942. Cheatham's majority, 1,230.

III. Benjamin F. Grady, Dem., 17,348; G. C. Scurlock, Rep., 8,541. Grady's majority, 8,807.

IV. Benjamin H. Bunn, Dem., 18,995; Alexander McIver, Rep., 12,417; J. M. Templeton, Pro. Bunn's plurality, 6,578.

V. A. H. A. Williams, Dem., 16,143; J. M. Brower, Rep., 14,204; Williams's majority, 1,939.

VI. S. B. Alexander, Dem., 16,820; R. M. Norment, Rep., 8,424. Alexander's majority, 8,396.

VII. J. S. Henderson, Dem, 13,246; P. C. Thomas, Rep., 9,280; T. M. George, Pro., 539. Henderson's plurality, 3,966.

VIII. W. H. H. Cowles, Dem., 9,986; E. W. Faucette, Rep., 9,243; S. S. McCall, Pro., 151. Cowles's plurality, 743.

IX. W. T. Crawford, Dem., 15,979; H. G. Ewart, Rep., 14,851. Crawford's majority, 1,128.

Present State Government.

Governor, Thomas M. Holt; Lieutenant-Governor, vacant; Secretary of State, Octavius Coke; Auditor, G. W. Sanderlin; Treasurer, Donald W. Bain; Attorney-General, Theodore F. Davidson; Adjutant-General, J. D. Glenn; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Sidney M. Finger—all Democrats.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, A. S. Merrimon; Justices, Joseph J. Davis, J. E. Shepherd, A. C. Avery and Walter Clark; Clerk, Thomas S. Kenan—all Democrats.

NORTH-CAROLINA—*Continued.*

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	43	102	145
Republicans	7	17	24
Independent	..	1	1
Democratic majority	36	84	120

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. Gov	96,731	98,630	.....	.....	1,899 R
1872. Pres	70,092	94,783	.....	.....	24,691 R
1876. Pres	125,427	108,419	.....	.....	17,008 D
1878. Cong	68,263	53,369	.....	.....	14,894 D
1880. Pres	124,204	115,878	1,136	.....	*8,326 D
1882. Cong. L'rge	111,763	111,320	.....	.....	443 D
1884. Pres	142,952	125,668	.....	454	*17,884 D
1884. Gov	143,249	123,010	.....	.....	20,239 D
1886. Ch. Justice	117,428	94,079	.....	.....	23,349 D
1888. Pres	147,902	134,784	.....	2,789	13,118 D
1890. Ch. Justice	142,316	99,987	.....	.....	42,329 D

* Plurality.

NORTH-DAKOTA.

COUNTIES. (38.)	Governor, 1890. Roach, *Dem.*	Burke, *Rep.*	Muir, *Ind.*	Governor, 1889. Roach, *Dem.*	Miller, *Rep.*
Barnes	405	715	358	498	1,191
Benson	153	406	21	111	467
Billings	23	36	.....	14	45
Bottineau	346	358	31	304	335
Burleigh	288	745	26	322	771
Cass	900	2,249	256	1,411	2,712
Cavalier	626	439	196	534	647
Dickey	441	761	54	506	1,087
Eddy	184	228	10	161	241
Emmons	212	342	1	78	391
Foster	140	204	4	131	235
Grand Forks	1,377	1,190	523	1,263	1,929
Griggs	212	386	21	205	346
Kidder	120	244	12	85	259
La Moure	235	472	109	235	594
Logan	22	97	.....	13	77
McHenry	61	14*	151	68	219
McIntosh	106	373	30	20	375
McLean	39	169	.....	41	223
Mercer	47	22	.....	15	70
Morton	371	600	18	335	680
Nelson	203	412	162	260	628
Oliver	56	18	.....	48	28
Pembina	923	1,006	625	1,241	1,553
Pierce	42	161	12	46	181
Ramsey	340	704	128	343	779
Ransom	237	723	127	201	998
Richland	1,008	899	56	771	1,199
Roulette	265	267	14	238	250
Sargent	174	584	424	216	1,027
Stark	204	357	17	182	432
Steele	57	326	269	92	546
Stutsman	548	576	46	603	818
Towner	228	207	3	244	184
Traill	418	963	576	469	1,524
Walsh	1,293	1,306	479	1,100	1,842
Ward	146	203	48	114	296
Wells	154	165	14	152	186
Total	12,604	19,053	4,821	12,733	25,365
Plurality	.....	6,449	.....	.....	12,632
Per cent	34.54	52.38	13.20	33.42	66.57
Whole vote		36,489			38,098

For Representative in Congress, voted for in 1890, John D. Benton, Dem., had 14,830 votes, and W. M. Johnson, Rep., 21,365. Johnson's majority, 6,535.

NORTH-DAKOTA—*Continued.*

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, A. H. Burke; Lieutenant-Governor, Roger Allin; Secretary of State, John Flittie; Treasurer, L. E. Booker; Auditor, John P. Bray; Insurance Commissioner, A. L. Carey; Superintendent of Public Instruction, John Ogden; Labor and Agricultural Commissioner, H. T. Helgesen; Attorney-General, A. C. M. Spencer—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court Justices, Guy C. H. Corliss, Alfred Wallin and J. M. Bartholomew; Clerk, R. D. Hoskins.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	21	40	61
Democrats	5	16	21
Farmers' Alliance	5	6	11
Republican majority	11	18	29

VOTE OF THE STATE AND TERRITORY.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Maj.*
*1884. Congress	3,352	28,906	.....	25,554 R
*1886. Congress	15,540	23,567	.....	8,027 R
*1888. Congress	15,801	25,290	.....	9,489 R
1889. Governor	12,733	25,365	.....	12,632 R
1890. Governor	12,604	19,053	4,821	6,449 R

* Vote of the north half of Dakota Territory, corresponding to the present State of North-Dakota.

OHIO.

COUNTIES. (88.)	Governor, 1891. Campbell, *Dem.*	McKinley *Rep.*	Ashenhurst, *Pro.*	Seitz, *Peop.*	Governor, 1889. Campbell, *Dem.*	Forsaker, *Rep.*
Adams	2,486	2,663	127	441	2,948	2,950
Allen	4,632	3,620	262	551	4,788	3,319
Ashland	2,902	2,270	157	96	3,118	2,302
Ashtabula	2,422	6,224	541	234	2,160	6,164
Athens	2,416	4,188	278	232	2,648	4,095
Auglaize	3,589	2,100	96	443	3,824	1,846
Belmont	5,642	6,294	456	24	5,601	5,820
Brown	3,609	2,702	88	424	4,132	2,777
Butler	7,591	4,235	174	132	7,619	4,044
Carroll	1,666	2,292	107	69	1,658	2,251
Champaign	2,694	3,724	232	98	2,858	3,697
Clarke	4,725	5,789	609	327	5,251	6,193
Clermont	3,837	3,723	131	171	4,420	3,899
Clinton	2,153	3,469	185	128	2,270	3,607
Columbiana	5,112	7,113	464	325	4,435	6,035
Coshocton	3,360	2,637	173	56	3,492	2,594
Crawford	4,400	2,346	122	428	4,767	2,353
Cuyahoga	23,188	24,562	756	1,745	17,788	20,334
Darke	4,734	3,654	412	292	5,090	3,760
Defiance	2,676	1,905	121	798	3,120	1,974
Delaware	2,625	3,149	352	367	3,017	3,335
Erie	3,760	3,761	69	245	3,921	3,576
Fairfield	4,373	2,875	191	137	4,866	2,924
Fayette	1,971	2,894	152	189	2,137	3,029
Franklin	14,273	13,257	429	330	14,596	12,338
Fulton	1,720	2,665	279	97	1,726	2,427
Gallia	1,968	3,298	96	239	2,234	3,359
Geauga	709	2,284	121	155	647	2,236
Greene	2,325	4,158	297	165	2,571	4,460
Guernsey	2,374	3,359	399	79	2,422	3,391
Hamilton	31,728	37,487	326	3,186	40,803	33,550
Hancock	4,496	4,715	331	201	4,542	4,468
Hardin	3,144	3,558	200	279	3,418	3,435
Harrison	1,926	2,553	297	33	1,884	2,584
Henry	2,902	1,860	137	200	2,982	1,704
Highland	3,142	3,284	225	339	3,381	3,515
Hocking	2,257	1,898	171	168	2,453	1,738

OHIO—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1891.				Governor, 1889.	
	Campbell, *Dem.*	McKinley *Rep.*	Ashenhurst, *Pro.*	Seltz, *Peop.*	Campbell, *Dem.*	Foraker, *Rep.*
Holmes	3,178	1,186	154	18	3,072	1,162
Huron	3,124	4,138	229	226	2,964	3,845
Jackson	2,538	3,276	211	199	2,590	3,044
Jefferson	3,249	4,651	316	50	3,115	4,362
Knox	3,218	3,250	214	382	3,497	3,407
Lake	1,118	2,837	126	46	953	2,540
Lawrence	2,691	4,067	124	93	2,948	4,011
Licking	5,290	4,412	176	281	5,935	4,435
Logan	2,221	3,718	207	293	2,465	3,692
Lorain	3,099	4,981	423	69	2,608	4,886
Lucas	8,493	6,879	237	160	7,250	7,904
Madison	2,185	2,733	174	39	2,309	2,620
Mahoning	5,177	5,604	241	269	4,906	5,345
Marion	3,219	2,395	163	104	3,302	2,336
Medina	2,111	3,203	166	71	2,037	2,972
Meigs	2,276	3,853	266	63	2,219	3,644
Mercer	3,109	1,502	49	831	3,770	1,617
Miami	4,010	4,788	344	268	4,299	4,882
Monroe	3,411	1,428	92	27	3,656	1,412
Montgomery	12,305	11,971	521	180	13,052	11,647
Morgan	1,966	2,386	182	41	1,958	2,424
Morrow	1,953	2,211	240	184	2,070	2,368
Muskingum	5,862	6,668	301	70	5,994	5,781
Noble	2,033	2,447	127	29	2,135	2,446
Ottawa	2,928	1,597	51	109	2,713	1,315
Paulding	2,756	2,868	106	62	2,899	2,707
Perry	3,285	3,214	151	147	3,575	3,108
Pickaway	3,571	2,767	150	34	3,830	2,811
Pike	1,765	1,584	64	308	2,216	1,702
Portage	2,829	3,298	235	461	2,886	3,307
Preble	2,769	2,930	283	37	2,920	3,019
Putnam	3,525	2,114	195	301	3,889	2,181
Richland	4,765	3,903	240	135	5,080	3,701
Ross	4,328	4,536	228	55	4,359	4,638
Sandusky	3,511	2,798	115	401	3,592	2,831
Scioto	2,936	3,937	119	76	2,981	3,670
Seneca	4,899	4,023	267	405	4,978	3,858
Shelby	3,016	2,044	100	284	3,409	2,202
Stark	9,627	9,465	407	377	9,417	8,324
Summit	5,046	5,566	411	845	4,802	5,373
Trumbull	2,999	5,722	461	188	2,529	5,247
Tuscarawas	5,099	4,557	195	334	5,254	4,257
Union	1,919	2,970	158	427	2,145	3,240
Van Wert	3,510	3,372	166	67	3,526	3,254
Vinton	1,601	1,609	52	27	1,969	1,661
Warren	2,392	3,640	140	79	2,667	3,790
Washington	4,301	4,799	158	74	4,471	4,553
Wayne	4,593	3,935	391	42	4,662	3,732
Williams	2,542	2,720	150	521	3,003	2,786
Wood	4,570	5,339	324	179	4,138	4,638
Wyandot	2,873	2,083	124	82	2,912	2,071
Total	365228	386739	20,190	23,472	379423	368551
Plurality	....	21,511	....	....	10,872	....
Per cent	45.90	48.60	2.53	2.95	48.91	47.51
Scattering		6			27,747	
Whole vote		795,635			775,721	

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1889, Helwig, Pro., received 26,504, and Rhodes, U. Lab., 1,048.

In 1891 a proposed amendment to the Constitution providing for uniform taxation was adopted by a vote of 303,177 to 65,014. The proposed call for a Constitutional Convention was lost by a vote of: Yes, 99,784; no, 161,722.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. County of Hamilton (part of). O. J. Cosgrave, Dem., 14,373; Bellamy Storer, Rep., 16,661; C. P. Bennett, Pro., 128. Storer's plurality, 2,288.

II. County of Hamilton (part of). Oliver Brown, Dem., 14,291; J. A. Caldwell, Rep., 22,021; C. B. Bosserman, Pro., 119. Caldwell's plurality, 7,730.

OHIO—*Continued.*

III. Counties of Butler, Montgomery and Warren. G. W. Houk, Dem., 21,270; H. L. Morey, Rep., 18,639; W. M. Hollinger, Pro., 951; S. H. Ellis, U. Lab, 447. Houk's plurality, 2,631.

IV. Counties of Champaign, Darke, Mercer, Miami, Preble and Shelby. M. K. Gantz, Dem., 20,705; William P. Orr, Rep., 19,295; Randolph Rock, Pro., 1,602; I. Freeman, U. Lab., 198. Gantz's plurality, 1,410.

V. Counties of Allen, Auglaize, Hardin, Logan, Putnam and Van Wert. F. C. Layton, Dem., 20,179; L. K. Stroup, Rep. 15,973; Henry Price, Pro., 1,452; John Smith, U. Lab., 684. Layton's plurality, 4,206.

VI. Counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Paulding, Williams and Wood. D. D. Donovan, Dem., 18,741; J. H. Brigham, Rep., 17,029; W. A. Corkle, Pro., 1,005. Donovan's plurality, 1,712.

VII. Counties of Erie, Lucas, Ottawa, and Sandusky. Wm. E. Haynes, Dem., 18,126; J. M. Ashley, Rep., 16,070; A. I. Jones, Pro., 391. Haynes's plurality, 2,056.

VIII. Counties of Hancock, Marion, Seneca, Union and Wyandot. D. D. Hare, Dem., 17,414; Chas. Foster, Rep., 17,220; W. H. Likins, Pro., 1,436. Hare's plurality, 194.

IX. Counties of Franklin, Madison and Pickaway. J. H. Outhwaite, Dem., 18,550; T. B. Wilson, Rep., 16,418; A. Dunlap, Pro., 860. Outhwaite's plurality, 2,132.

X. Counties of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene and Ross. J. Q. Smith, Dem., 15,569; R. E. Doan, Rep., 19,353; R. Rathburn, Pro., 1,954. Doan's plurality, 3,784.

XI. Counties of Adams, Brown, Clermont, Highland and Pike. J. M. Pattison, Dem., 16,110; D. W. C. Loudon, Rep., 13,157; S. G. Linsey, Pro., 819; H. W. Rhodes, U. Lab. and F. A., 955. Pattison's plurality, 2,953.

XII. Counties of Athens, Gallia, Lawrence, Meigs and Scioto. Ezra V. Dean, Dem., 9,814; W. H. Enochs, Rep., 16,851; Jona Morris, Pro., 897. Enochs's plurality, 7,037.

XIII. Counties of Fairfield, Hocking, Jackson, Morgan, Perry and Vinton. I. Dungan, Dem., 16,225; William T. Lewis, Rep., 14,759; W. J. Kirkendall, Pro., 1,006. Dungan's plural-1,466.

XIV. Counties of Coshocton, Licking, Muskingum and Tuscarawas. J. W. Owens, Dem., 19,193; Samuel Slade, Rep., 15,773; A. S. Caton, Pro., 1,056. Owens's plurality, 3,420.

XV. Counties of Ashland, Crawford, Delaware, Knox, Morrow and Richland. M. D. Harter, Dem., 19,832; G. L. Sackett, Rep., 16,084; W. D. Miller, Pro., 1,445; D. T. Adams, U. Lab., 414. Harter's plurality, 3,748.

XVI. Counties of Holmes, Medina, Stark and Wayne. J. G. Warwick, Dem., 20,059; William McKinley, Jr., Rep., 19,757; J. G. Ashenhurst, Pro., 846. Warwick's plurality, 302.

XVII. Counties of Belmont, Monroe, Noble and Washington. A. J. Pearson, Dem., 14,928; C. L. Poorman, Rep., 14,224; L. C. Crippen, Pro., 812. Pearson's plurality, 704.

XVIII. Counties of Carroll, Columbiana, Guernsey, Harrison and Jefferson. H. H. McFadden, Dem., 11,783; J. D. Taylor, Rep., 16,093; S. W. Wilkins, Pro., 1,568. Taylor's plurality, 5,210.

OHIO—*Continued.*

XIX. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Mahoning, Portage and Trumbull. T. E. Hoyt, Dem., 11,972; E. B. Taylor, Rep., 19,419; Richard Brown, Pro., 1,753. Taylor's plurality, 7,447.

XX. Counties of Cuyahoga (part of), Huron, Lake, Lorain and Summit. H. L. Stewart, Dem., 14,748; V. A. Taylor, Rep., 22,672; A. S. Root, Pro., 1,613. Taylor's plurality, 7,924.

XXI. County of Cuyahoga (part of). T. L. Johnson, Dem., 17,646; T. E. Burton, Rep., 14,256; F. W. Cramer, Pro., 178; E. C. Vail, U. Lab., 259. Johnson's plurality, 3,390.

The Republicans in the election of 1891 having secured a majority in both branches of the Legislature, that body will probably redistrict the State, but this will be done after the ALMANAC has gone to press.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William McKinley; Lieutenant-Governor, Andrew L. Harris; Secretary of State, Daniel J. Ryan; Treasurer, William T. Cope; Auditor, E. W. Poe; Commissioner of Common Schools, Oscar T. Corson; Attorney-General, John K. Richards—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Marshall J. Williams; Associate Justices, F. J. Dickman, William T. Spear, Joseph B. Bradbury and Thaddeus A. Minshall; Clerk, Urban H. Hester.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1892-93.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	20	72	92
Democrats	10	35	45
Republican majority	10	37	47

There is one vacancy.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1872. President	241,484	281,852	....	2,100	36,368	R
1876. President	323,182	330,698	....	1,636	7,516	R
1877. Governor	271,625	249,105	....	4,836	22,520	D
1879. Governor	319,132	336,261	9,072	4,145	17,129	R
1880. President	340,821	375,048	6,456	2,616	34,227	R
1881. Governor	288,426	312,735	6,330	16,597	24,309	R
1882. Sec. of State	316,874	297,759	5,345	12,202	19,115	D
1883. Governor	359,693	347,164	2,949	8,362	12,529	D
1884. President	368,286	400,082	5,170	11,269	31,802	R
1885. Governor	341,830	359,281	2,001	28,081	17,451	R
1886. Sec. of State	329,314	341,095	2,010	28,982	11,781	R

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Labor.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1887. Governor	333,205	356,534	24,711	29,700	23,329	R
1888. President	396,455	476,054	3,496	24,356	19,599	R
1889. Governor	379,423	368,551	1,048	26,504	10,872	D
1890. Sec. of State	352,579	363,548	1,752	23,837	10,970	R

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Peop.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1891. Governor	365,228	386,739	23,472	20,228	21,511	R

OKLAHOMA.

An election for Delegate to Congress was held in this newly organized Territory in 1890, with the following result: J. G. McCoy, Dem., 2,446; David M. Harvey, Rep., 4,478; Samuel Crocker, F. A., 1,529. Harvey's plurality, 2,032. The Territory is not yet divided into counties.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

	Council.	*House.*
Republicans	6	14
Democrats	5	8
Farmers' Alliance	2	4

TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Vacant; Secretary, Robert Martin; U. S. District Attorney, Horace Speed; Treasurer, Samuel Murphy; U. S. Marshal, William Grimes—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: E. B. Green, A. J. Seay, J. G. Clark.

OREGON.

COUNTIES. (31.)	Congress, 1890. Miller, *Dem.*	Hermann, *Rep.*	Bruce, *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Streeter, *Union Labor.*
Baker	900	960	....	747	843	8
Benton	1,058	1,287	134	969	1,206	18
Clackamas	1,094	1,758	333	1,005	1,527	120
Clatsop	969	1,726	20	647	1,660	....
Columbia	428	809	9	335	611	3
Coos	636	1,011	378	779	906	29
Crook	614	471	3	522	438	....
Curry	136	313	10	143	234	....
Douglas	1,237	1,594	122	1,117	1,305	2
Gilliam	474	576	2	440	601	6
Grant	634	735	17	933	971	....
Harney	507	530	....	....	....	....
Jackson	1,506	1,204	155	1,320	1,181	13
Josephine	641	730	30	528	535	....
Klamath	361	381	....	405	315	....
Lake	409	405	....	371	358	....
Lane	1,515	1,963	103	1,368	1,593	37
Linn	2,070	1,835	157	1,633	1,603	10
Malheur	355	348	....	303	330	....
Marion	1,755	2,676	314	1,567	2,235	....
Morrow	537	592	9	479	596	7
Multnomah	4,284	8,374	151	3,996	6,250	65
Polk	966	1,039	86	729	785	....
Sherman	171	301	61	..	....	....
Tillamook	288	534	8	220	393	....
Umatilla	1,631	1,625	294	1,551	1,523	29
Union	1,806	1,880	12	1,223	1,303	....
Wallowa	364	512	....	306	455	....
Wasco	804	1,074	323	1,054	1,595	4
Washington	1,022	1,399	72	838	1,248	3
Yamhill	1,001	1,344	53	994	1,289	9
Total	30,263	40,176	2,856	26,522	33,291	363
Plurality	....	9,913	....	....	6,769	....
Scattering		.....			1,735	
Whole vote		73,295			61,911	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 1,677.

For Governor, in 1890, the vote was as follows: Sylvester Pennoyer, Dem., 38,919; D. P. Thompson, Rep., 33,786. Pennoyer's majority, 5,151.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Sylvester Pennoyer, Dem.; Secretary of State, G. W. McBride, Rep.; State Treasurer, P. Metscham, Rep.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, E. B. McElroy, Rep.; Attorney-General, George E. Chamberlain, Dem.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Reuben S. Strahan, Dem. Associate Justices, Robert S. Bean, Rep., and William P. Lord, Rep. Clerk, John J. Murphy.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1890.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	23	43	66
Democrats	7	17	24
Republican majority	16	26	42

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*	
1872. President.	7,753	11,818	....	....	4,065	R
1876. President.	14,158	15,208	...	....	1,050	R
1880. President.	19,948	20,619	249	....	671	R
1884. President.	24,604	26,860	726	492	2,256	R
1886. Sec. of St.	25,922	26,212	....	2,775	290	R
1888. President.	26,522	33 291	363	1,677	6,769	R
1890. Governor.	38,919	33,786	....	....	5,151	D
1890. Congress.	30,263	40,176	....	2,856	9,913	R

PENNSYLVANIA.

COUNTIES. (67.)	Treasurer, 1891.			President, 1888.		
	Tilden, *Dem.*	Morrison, *Rep.*	Drayton, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Adams	2 508	2,364	65	3,794	3,371	76
Allegheny	17,781	33,417	566	24,710	45,118	1,117
Armstrong	2,611	3,991	98	3,763	5,030	193
Beaver	3,042	4,196	115	3,706	5,552	252
Bedford	3,479	3,577	81	3,822	4,287	82
Berks	12,883	7,269	154	18,105	10,626	232
Blair	4,419	5,863	368	5,175	7,311	316
Bradford	2,585	5,869	378	4,552	8,762	536
Bucks	7,273	7,038	43	8,642	8,584	253
Butler	2,385	2,972	445	3,986	5,358	434
Cambria	6,030	5,729	203	5,948	5,517	237
Cameron	544	682	16	551	782	12
Carbon	3,262	3,044	106	3,665	3,279	180
Centre	3,467	2,7-6	180	4,712	4,574	173
Chester	5,661	7,575	562	7,541	11,578	666
Clarion	3,702	2,573	112	3,880	2,950	117
Clearfield	5,172	4,144	367	6,266	5,297	337
Clinton	2,227	1,952	93	3,204	2,756	80
Columbia	3,694	1,870	230	4,676	2,484	258
Crawford	5,174	5,280	490	5,964	8,040	747
Cumberland	4,322	3,331	217	5,386	4,693	256
Dauphin	6,319	8,600	249	7,684	10,852	286
Delaware	3,469	5,849	409	5,028	8,791	346
Elk	1,673	951	27	1,824	1,321	52
Erie	6,058	6,014	559	7,111	9,372	710
Fayette	4,770	4,389	350	6,951	7,034	278
Forest	361	462	86	612	917	72
Franklin	3,452	4,084	153	5,082	5,772	174
Fulton	1,047	802	17	1,230	951	34
Greene	3,221	1,803	121	4,116	2,373	141
Huntingdon	1,979	2,957	71	2,789	4,217	117
Indiana	1,662	3,713	132	2,231	5,084	294
Jefferson	3,025	3,721	183	3,257	4,090	178
Juniata	1,700	1,575	65	1,842	1,760	96
Lackawanna	10,081	9,541	1,327	9,858	10,279	1,058
Lancaster	9,072	17,862	547	10,495	21,976	525
Lawrence	1,581	3,305	330	2,113	4,342	437
Lebanon	2,325	4,114	174	3,670	6,096	119
Lehigh	7,932	5,677	116	8,927	6,977	167
Luzerne	13,796	11,983	1,085	15,218	15,543	790
Lycoming	4,377	3,556	732	7,467	6,591	303
McKean	1,581	2,174	274	2,922	4,666	426
Mercer	3,671	4,598	405	4,866	6,428	556
Mifflin	1,910	1,931	99	2,084	2,321	105
Monroe	2,597	747	46	3,274	1,107	56
Montgomery	10,749	10,109	309	12,582	13,445	379
Montour	1,679	1,139	41	1,865	1,289	41
Northampton	7,776	4,859	128	10,027	6,785	192
Northumb'rl'd	6,795	5,767	437	6,257	6,288	231
Perry	2,544	2,068	129	2,738	3,168	66
Philadelphia	73,416	101985	1,250	92,786	111358	1,225
Pike	866	319	1	1,265	559	16
Potter	1,286	1,501	145	1,692	2,570	172
Schuylkill	10,345	9,945	261	13,054	12,522	211
Snyder	1,520	2,237	14	1,493	2,360	57
Somerset	2,168	3,570	211	2,319	4,825	238
Sullivan	1,029	607	78	1,260	946	48
Susquehanna	2,464	3,653	449	3,328	5,019	717
Tioga	2,315	4,909	211	2,972	7,808	254
Union	1,468	2,201	51	1,582	2,448	50
Venango	2,420	2,900	389	3,475	4,424	688
Warren	2,458	2,889	423	2,640	4,329	676
Washington	5,764	6,363	371	5,817	7,801	571
Wayne	2,283	2,018	395	3,010	2,039	375
Westmorel'nd	8,600	8,948	285	9,602	9,926	430
Wyoming	1,465	1,789	173	1,841	2,026	125
York	9,027	6,258	252	12,359	9,047	301
Total	358617	412994	18,429	446633	526091	20,947
Plurality	...	54,377	....	....	79,452	....
Per cent	45.37	52.24	2.32	44.77	52.74	2.09
Scattering		236			3,897	
Whole vote		790,276			997,568	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Streeter, Union Labor, had 3,873.

PENNSYLVANIA—*Continued.*

For Auditor-General in 1891, Gregg, Rep., received 414,583 votes; Wright, Dem., 356,431; Hague, Pro., 18,511. Gregg's plurality, 58,152.

The vote in 1891 on the question of calling a convention to revise the State constitution was as follows: For a convention, 173,813 votes against a convention, 420,598 votes; majority against a convention, 246,785.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. County of Philadelphia (part). Flanagan, Dem., 14,497; Bingham, Rep., 22,166. Bingham's majority, 7,669.

II. County of Philadelphia (part). Lott, Dem., 9,785; O'Neill, Rep., 16,324. O'Neill's majority, 6,539.

III. County of Philadelphia (part). McAleer, Reg. Dem., 13,121; Vaux, Ind. Dem., 10,037. McAleer's majority, 3,084.

IV. County of Philadelphia (part). Ayres, Dem., 20,988; Reyburn, Rep., 33,253; Walker, Pro., 395. Reyburn's plurality, 12,265.

V. County of Philadelphia (part). Taylor, Dem., 19,213; Harmer, Rep., 30,616. Harmer's majority, 11,403.

VI. Counties of Chester and Delaware. Pierce, Dem., 13,342; Robinson, Rep., 17,447; Kent, Pro., 939. Robinson's plurality, 4,105.

VII. Counties of Bucks and Montgomery. Hallowell, Dem., 20,810; Wauger, Rep., 20,623; Holcomb, Pro., 572. Hallowell's plurality, 187.

VIII. Counties of Northampton, Monroe, Pike and Carbon. Mutchler, Dem., 17,424; Davis, Pro., 10,549. Mutchler's majority, 6,875.

IX. Counties of Berks and Lehigh. Brunner, Dem., 26,627; Wingerd, Rep., 15,434; Gross, Pro., 330. Brunner's plurality, 11,193.

X. County of Lancaster. Magee, Dem., 9,358; M. Brosius, Rep., 19,126; J. Brosius, Pro., 335. M. Brosius's plurality, 9,768.

XI. County of Lackawanna. Amerman, Dem., 9,336; Scranton, Rep., 9,033; Hockenbury, Pro., 839. Amerman's plurality, 303.

XII. County of Luzerne. Reynolds, Dem., 13,074; Shonk, Rep., 14,558; Harding, Pro., 764. Shonk's plurality, 1,484.

XIII. County of Schuylkill. Reilly, Dem., 13,308; Shoner, Rep., 11,828. Reilly's majority, 1,480.

XIV. Counties of Dauphin, Lebanon and Perry. Gorgas, Dem., 14,308; Rife, Rep., 17,795; Campbell, Pro., 397. Rife's plurality, 3,487.

XV. Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne and Wyoming. Canfield, Dem., 13,864; Wright, Rep., 16,076; Bateson, Pro., 1,079. Wright's plurality, 2,222.

XVI. Counties of Tioga, Potter, Lycoming and Clinton. Elliott, Dem., 15,773; Hopkins, Rep., 15,824; Ames, Pro., 1,063. Hopkins's plurality, 51.

XVII. Counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour and Sullivan. Wolverton, Dem., 15,178; Farnsworth, Rep., 9,234; Patton, Pro., 803; Wolverton's plurality, 5,944.

XVIII. Counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Snyder, Union and Mifflin. Skinner, Dem., 16,834; Atkinson, Rep., 17,443. Atkinson's majority 609.

XIX. Counties of Cumberland, Adams and York. Beltzhoover, Dem., 21,969; Trimmer, Rep., 14,860; Bacheldor, Pro., 428. Beltzhoover's plurality 7,109

PENNSYLVANIA—*Continued.*

XX. Counties of Cambria, Blair, Somerset and Bedford. Greevy, Dem., 16,908; Scull, Rep., 17,434; Hocking, Pro., 915. Scull's plurality, 526.

XXI. Counties of Westmoreland, Armstrong, Indiana and Jefferson. Creps, Dem., 19,714; Huff, Rep., 21,212. Huff's majority, 1,498.

XXII. County of Allegheny (part). Brennan, Dem., 13,559; Dalzell, Rep., 21,464; Simons, Pro., 246. Dalzell's plurality, 7,905.

XXIII. County of Allegheny (part). Foster, Dem., 6,788; Stone, Rep., 13,904; Martin, Pro., 134. Stone's plurality, 7,116.

XXIV. Counties of Fayette, Greene, Washington and Allegheny (part). Craig, Dem., 21,585; Stewart, Rep., 21,708; Campbell, Pro., 995. Stewart's plurality, 123.

XXV. Counties of Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Butler Gillespie, Dem., 13,797; Phillips, Rep., 16,636; McDowell, Rep., 10,531. Gillespie's plurality, 3,161.

XXVI. Counties of Crawford and Erie. Tilden, Dem., 12,891; Griswold, Rep., 13,779; Wilson, Pro., 1,008. Griswold's plurality, 888.

XXVII. Counties of Venango, Warren, McKean and Cameron. Dunn, Dem., 9,405; Stone, Rep., 12,718; Boulton, Pro., 1,212. Stone's plurality, 3,313.

XXVIII. Counties of Clarion, Forest, Elk, Clearfield and Centre. Kribbs, Dem., 17,636; Oyster, Rep., 12,944; Hayden, Pro., 715. Kribbs's plurality, 4,692.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Pennsylvania is entitled to 30 representatives. For the districts, see statement following the Election Returns, entitled "New Apportionment of Congressional Districts."

Present State Government.

Governor, Robert E. Pattison, Dem.; Lieutenant-Governor, Louis A. Watres, Rep.; Secretary of the Commonwealth, William F. Harrity, Dem.; Treasurer, John W. Morrison, Rep.; Auditor-General, David McM. Gregg, Rep.; Secretary of Internal Affairs, Thomas J. Stewart, Rep.; Superintendent of Public Instruction, D. J. Waller, Jr.; Secretary of Agriculture, Thomas J. Edge, Rep.; Adjutant-General, W. McClelland, Dem.; Attorney-General, W. U. Hensel, Dem.

Judiciary

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Edward M. Paxson; Associate Justices, James P. Sterrett, Henry Green; Silas M. Clark, Henry W. Williams, James T. Mitchell and J. B. McCollum; Prothonotaries, Eastern District, Charles S. Greene; Middle District, William Pearson; Western District, John C. Newmyer.

State Legislature, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	31	164	195
Democrats	19	90	109
Republican majority	12	74	86

Vote of the State since 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres.	212,041	349,589	.....	1,630	137,548 R
1876. Pres.	366,204	384,148	7,204	1,318	17,944 R
1880. Pres.	407,428	444,704	20,668	1,939	37,276 R
1882. Gov.	355,791	315,589	23,996	5,196	40,202 D
1884. Pres.	392,785	473,804	16,992	15,283	81,019 R
1886. Gov.	369,634	412,285	4,835	32,458	42,651 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1887. Treas.	340,269	385,514	8,900	18,471	45,245 R
1888. Pres.	446,633	526,091	3,873	20,947	79,452 R
1889. Treas.	280,318	341,244	.....	21,308	60,926 R
1890. Gov.	464,209	447,655	.....	16,108	[illegible] D
1891. Treas.	358,617	412,994	.....	18,429	54,[illegible]7 R

RHODE-ISLAND.

COUNTIES. (5.)	Governor, 1891.				President, 1888.	
	Davis, *Dem.*	Ladd, *Rep.*	Lany, *Pro.*	Burton, *Nat.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Bristol	860	946	76	4	793	981
Kent	1,435	1,767	125	15	1,261	1,988
Newport	2,105	2,218	185	14	1,634	2,447
Providence	16,441	14,306	1,014	315	12,440	14,206
Washington	1,408	1,758	429	36	1,492	2,346
Total	22,249	20,995	1,829	384	17,530	21,968
Plurality	1,254	....	....	....	....	4,438
Per cent	48.94	46.18	4.02	0.86	43.07	53.86
Scattering	....				1,268	
Whole vote	45,457				40,766	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., had 1,250.

The majorities fo other candidates for State officers in 1891 were: Lieutenant-Governor, Stearns, Rep., 110; Secretary of State, Utter, Rep., 427; Treasurer, Clark, Rep., 230; Attorney-General, Slocum, Dem., 1,285.

There was no election of State officers by the people in 1891, and the Legislature, having a Republican majority, chose the Republican candidates.

Vote for Representatives in Congress, 1890.

District.

I. Oscar Lapham, Dem., 10,382; H. J. Spooner, Rep., 8,616; H. R. Richardson, Pro., 758. Lapham's plurality over all, 1,008.

II. C. H. Page, Dem., 8,341; W. O. Arnold, Rep., 8,325; J. S. Tripp, Pro., 785. Page's plurality, 16. As he lacked a majority, another election was held in April, 1891, and Page was elected without serious opposition, the Republican candidate, Arnold, having declined to stand.

Present State Government.

Governor, Herbert W. Ladd; Lieutenant-Governor, Henry A. Stearns; Secretary of State, George H. Utter; Treasurer, Samuel Clark; Auditor, Albert C. Lander; Attorney-General, Robert W. Burbank—all Republicans.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thomas Durfee; Associate Justices, Charles Matteson, John H. Stiness, Pardon E. Tillinghast and George A. Wilbur; Clerk of the Court, Charles Blake—all Republicans.

State Legislature, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	28	52	80
Democrats	9	20	29
Republican majority	19	32	51

Vote of the State since 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President	5,329	13,665	.....	.....	*8,336 R
1876. President	10,712	15,787	.....	.....	*5,075 R
1880. President	10,779	18,195	236	.....	7,416 R
1884. President	12,391	19,030	422	928	6,639 R
1885. Governor	8,574	12,563	.....	1,206	3,989 R
1886. Governor	9,944	14,340	.....	2,585	4,396 R
1887. Governor	18,095	15,111	.....	1,895	2,984 D
1888. Governor	17,444	20,768	.....	1,336	3,324 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1888. President	17,530	21,968	18	1,250	4,438 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Law E.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1889. Governor	21,289	16,870	3,597	1,346	4,419 D
1890. Governor	20,548	18,988	752	1,820	1,560 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Nat.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1891. Governor	22,249	20,995	384	1,829	1,254 D

* Majority.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

COUNTIES. (34.)	Governor, 1890. Tillman, *Dem.*	Governor, 1890. Haskell, *Ind. Dem.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	President, 1888. Harrison, *Rep.*	President, 1884. Cleveland, *Dem.*	President, 1884. Blaine *Rep.*
Abbeville....	2,315	109	2,985	74	3,638	76
Aiken.....	2,079	290	2,532	404	2,855	461
Anderson....	2,043	191	2,045	124	2,719	137
Barnwell....	2,338	404	2,905	613	3,247	1,034
Beaufort....	275	636	509	1,760	251	2,644
Berkeley....	947	1,535	1,611	1,318	1,230	1,876
Charleston...	1,195	537	2,652	435	3,008	941
Chester.....	1,489	245	1,735	42	1,858	356
Chesterfield..	1,459	218	1,871	177	1,568	355
Clarendon....	1,145	180	1,452	331	1,263	566
Colleton.....	1,790	666	2,805	704	1,921	818
Darlington ..	1 268	220	1,852	294	2,669	750
Edgefield....	3,657	93	3,142	54	3,573	307
Fairfield.	995	771	1,389	5	1,808	197
Florence	1,237	512	....	....	....	...
Georgetown .	603	331	703	628	290	805
Greenville...	3,399	180	3,305	456	3,458	441
Hampton....	1,548	209	1,398	324	1,667	581
Horry..	1,370	868	1,241	363	1,311	379
Kershaw.....	1,388	277	1,258	170	1,400	407
Lancaster....	1,920	440	1,740	221	1,786	557
Laurens.....	2.062	81	1,451	36	2,097	50
Lexington...	2.187	76	1,903	91	1,835	304
Marion	1.802	747	2.417	705	2,896	967
Marlborough	1,026	168	1,231	12	1,707	455
Newberry....	1,694	344	1,729	58	2,121	325
Oconee	1,314	210	1,212	231	1,182	212
Orangeburg..	2.923	629	3,044	1,165	3.000	1,704
Pickens.....	1,392	43	858	95	1,320	104
Richland.....	982	846	1,912	443	1,761	876
Spartanburg.	2,671	588	3.344	502	2,938	423
Sumter.....	838	749	1,735	944	1,685	925
Union.....	1,830	707	1,920	30	2,302	124
Williamsb'rg	1,294	621	1,634	813	992	741
York	2.624	107	2,305	105	2.489	832
Total	59.159	14,828	65,825	13.736	69,845	21,733
Majority	44.331	...	52.089	....	48,112	...
Per cent....	83.31	16.68	82.78	17.20	76.26	23.73
Scattering ...	137		380		...	
Whole vote	74,124		79,941		91,578	

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.
District.

I. W. H. Brawley, Dem., 7,249; W. D. Crum, Rep., 1,349. Brawley's majority, 5,900

II. George D. Tillman, Dem., 9,956; E. G. Smith, Rep., 1,671. Tillman's majority, 8,285.

III. George Johnstone, Dem., 8,972; J. R. Tolbert, Rep., 803. Johnstone's majority, 8,139.

IV. George W. Shell, Dem., 10,372; J. F. Ensor, Rep., 2,258. Shell's majority, 8,114.

V. John J. Hemphill, Dem., 9,432; C. G. Alexander, Rep., 1,321. Hemphill's majority, 8,111.

VI. L. T. Stackhouse, Dem., 9,022; E. H. Deas, Rep., 2,352. Stackhouse's majority, 6,670.

VII. William Elliott, Dem., 3,792; T. E. Miller, Rep., 3,315; E. M. Brayton, Ind. Rep., 1,410. Elliott's plurality, 476.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Benjamin R. Tillman; Lieutenant-Governor, E. B. Gary; Secretary of State, J. E. Tindal; Attorney-General, Y. J. Pope; Treasurer, W. T. C. Bates; Comptroller, W. H. Ellerbe; Superintendent of Education, W. D. Mayfield; Adjutant-General, H. L. Farley—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Justices, Henry McIver, Samuel McGowan and one vacancy; Clerk, A. M. Boozer—all Democrats.

SOUTH-CAROLINA—*Continued.*

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats.....	33	115	148
Republicans.....	3	9	12
Democratic majority.....	30	106	134

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Maj.*	
1872. President.....	22,683	72,290	49,607	R
1876. President.....	91,540	92,081	641	R
1880. President.....	112,312	58,071	54,241	D
1884. President.....	69,845	21,733	48,112	D
1886. Governor.....	33.111	.....	33,111	D
1888. President.....	65,825	13,736	52,089	D
	Dem.	*Ind. Dem.*	*Maj.*	
1890. Governor.....	59,159	14,828	44.331	D

SOUTH-DAKOTA.

COUNTIES. (51.)	Governor, 1890. Taylor, *Dem.*	Governor, 1890. Mellette, *Rep.*	Governor, 1890. Louks, *F. A.*	Governor, 1889. McClure, *Dem.*	Governor, 1889. Mellette, *Rep.*
Aurora.....	384	420	163	553	781
Beadle.....	804	917	638	943	1,949
Bon Homme..	818	782	231	808	929
Brookings....	201	1,641	1,041	438	1,791
Brown	723	1,602	1,569	1,399	3,208
Brule.....	537	406	305	757	918
Buffalo	38	100	10	56	203
Butte.....	53	152	186	102	224
Campbell.....	36	509	299	129	572
Charles Mix..	102	433	469	305	762
Clark.....	104	602	1,056	405	1,471
Clay	368	788	571	249	1,311
Coddington...	703	924	146	540	1,507
Custer.....	380	598	188	337	587
Davison.....	258	666	515	470	1,032
Day	289	746	1,165	471	1,412
Deuel	167	450	531	92	917
Douglas.....	365	414	285	397	675
Edmunds.....	335	479	342	474	830
Fall River....	476	541	89	261	425
Faulk	344	656	89	315	814
Grant.....	54	496	871	571	896
Hamlin.....	222	557	382	298	837
Hand.....	170	611	671	634	1,283
Hanson.....	388	306	402	405	681
Hughes.....	557	706	399	704	679
Hutchinson...	549	1,007	142	977	670
Hyde.....	89	257	94	166	380
Jerauld.....	62	288	333	237	705
Kingsbury ...	271	836	910	470	1,539
Lake	439	659	651	334	1,305
Lawrence	643	2,130	1,450	1,227	2,355
Lincoln.....	408	1,030	557	419	1.548
Marshall	232	424	459	387	906
McCook.....	678	574	243	680	831
McPherson...	359	443	119	228	741
Meade.....	460	495	384	479	642
Miner	359	421	536	399	835
Minnehaha...	1,150	2,574	1,040	1,133	3,640
Moody.....	193	650	634	230	1,166
Pennington...	732	1,079	448	545	1,080
Potter.....	189	369	267	286	622
Roberts	31	269	182	45	366
Sanborn	151	559	368	240	972
Spink.....	315	1,239	972	664	2,293
Stanley.....	91	112	...	...	....
Sully	99	285	205	207	543
Turner.....	826	1,040	189	513	1,494
Union.....	284	772	1,041	748	1,124
Walworth....	62	237	299	172	404
Yankton.....	892	894	455	941	1,148
Total	18,484	34,487	24,591	23,840	53.964
Plurality.....	.....	9,896	....	.....	30,124
Per cent.....	23.80	44.44	31.65	30.52	69.48
Whole vote.	77,607			77,804	

SOUTH-DAKOTA—*Continued.*

Vote for Representatives in Congress.

Two representatives in Congress were elected at large in 1890 as follows: W. Y. Yuigley, Dem., 17,767; F. W. C. Park, Dem., 17,527; F. A. Leavitt, F. A., 24,907; F. C. Zipp, Ind., 24,805; John A. Pickler, Rep., 34,856; John R. Gamble, Rep., 34,553. The last two were elected.

An election was held November, 1891, for a representative in Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of J. A. Pickler, Rep., with the following result: John L. Jolley, Rep., 17,614; I. M. Wood, Ind., 14,587; W. H. Smith, Dem., 7,199; Jolley's plurality, 3,027.

Present State Government.

Governor, A. C. Mellette; Lieutenant-Governor, G. H. Hoffman; Secretary of State, A. O. Ringsrud; Treasurer, W. W. Taylor; Auditor, L. C. Taylor; Attorney-General, Robert Dollard—all Republicans.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, A. G. Kellam; Justices, Dighton Corson and John L. Bennett; Clerk, Ivan W Goodner—all Republicans.

State Legislature.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	23	61	84
Democrats	14	46	60
Independent	8	11	19
Republican majority	1	4	5

Vote of South-Dakota since 1886.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*F. A.*	*Maj.*
1886. Congress*	22,339	43,365	....	21,026 R
1888. Congress*	25,044	44,906	....	19,862 R
1889. Governor	23,840	53,964	....	30,124 R
1890. Governor	18,484	34,487	24,591	9,896 R
1891. Congress	7,199	17,614	14,587	3,027 R

* The vote of 1886 and 1888 was that of the counties of Dakota Territory, which now compose the State of South-Dakota.

TENNESSEE.

COUNTIES. (95.)	Governor, 1890.			President, 1888.	
	Buchanan, *Dem.*	Baxter, *Rep.*	Kelly, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison *Rep.*
Anderson	626	1,137	1	733	1,740
Bedford	1,691	962	280	2,475	1,988
Benton	1,123	526	12	1,075	640
Bledsoe	416	554	11	482	653
Blount	801	1,526	69	1,009	2,237
Bradley	763	1,355	127	991	1,518
Campbell	433	1,266	14	559	1,845
Cannon	1,181	668	51	1,194	658
Carroll	1,925	1,897	76	1,875	2,356
Carter	272	1,601	116	453	1,797
Cheatham	902	106	60	1,063	305
Claiborne	590	625	29	959	1,392
Clay	721	377	11	749	479
Cocke	713	1,260	23	842	1 947
Coffee	1,395	339	173	1,813	539
Crockett	1,026	632	129	1,253	1,080
Cumberland	302	383	9	422	632
Davidson	3,132	606	1,403	9,715	9,321
Decatur	756	618	2	862	757
De Kalb	1,133	1,042	181	1,462	1,310
Dickson	1,163	352	123	1,511	765
Dyer	1,533	346	77	1,013	925
Fayette	1,269	537	12	3,813	980
Fentress	199	361	4	249	602
Franklin	1,743	383	166	2,362	674
Gibson	2,700	824	415	3,763	1,893
Giles	2,164	880	328	3,181	2,100
Grainger	698	829	9	931	1,416
Greene	1,784	2,074	223	2,195	2,722

TENNESSEE—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.			President, 1888.	
	Buchanan, *Dem.*	Baxter, *Rep.*	Kelly, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison *Rep.*
Grundy	699	152	50	901	216
Hamblen	570	834	87	891	1,219
Hamilton	2,895	3,508	249	3 906	6,264
Hancock	386	837	7	480	1,216
Hardeman	1,800	810	39	1,913	1,099
Hardin	1,102	1,127	52	1,208	1,745
Hawkins	1,486	1,695	22	1,624	2,260
Haywood	1,232	255	17	1,962	1,724
Henderson	1,448	1,347	46	1,512	1,772
Henry	1,583	590	104	2,103	1,197
Hickman	1,276	527	70	1,509	1,137
Houston	563	140	28	745	259
Humphreys	1,302	213	92	1,143	395
Jackson	1,334	370	42	1,585	545
James	2,217	471	10	308	587
Jefferson	625	1,551	44	806	2,348
Johnson	178	1,030	22	180	1,347
Knox	2,417	2,434	201	3,929	6,123
Lake	158	6	24	450	59
Lauderdale	1,287	508	32	1,838	1,433
Lawrence	924	656	104	1,089	633
Lewis	186	54	7	254	132
Lincoln	2,334	485	489	3,285	1,082
Loudon	439	709	16	530	1,226
Macon	773	915	44	879	1,120
McMinn	1,228	1,793	87	1,364	1,901
McNairy	1,493	1,169	37	1,525	1,511
Madison	2,059	575	172	3,206	1,479
Marion	952	962	55	1,198	1,483
Marshall	2,043	531	287	2,291	786
Maury	2,640	1,889	356	3,658	2,836
Meigs	638	535	22	740	589
Monroe	1,342	1,213	34	1,467	1,399
Montgomery	2,362	1,179	141	2,628	2,164
Moore	710	56	52	980	102
Morgan	286	510	7	369	860
Obion	2,242	473	241	2,987	1,167
Overton	1,081	469	60	1,188	614
Perry	725	385	13	849	527
Pickett	332	345	6	362	409
Polk	648	578	6	679	625
Putnam	1,149	605	53	1,361	817
Rhea	884	846	39	1,177	1,414
Roane	565	1,117	53	844	2,042
Robertson	1,585	587	403	2,203	952
Rutherford	2,381	1,197	349	3,302	2,479
Scott	144	820	15	164	1,418
Sequatchie	350	177	1	350	180
Sevier	353	1,760	56	489	2,830
Shelby	4,487	731	50	11,932	8,277
Smith	1,735	779	116	2,108	1,102
Stewart	1,069	225	47	1,277	563
Sullivan	1,455	828	239	2,255	1,513
Sumner	1,892	452	188	2,778	1,228
Tipton	1,879	636	42	2,351	1,486
Trousdale	647	190	35	792	316
Unicoi	72	480	10	85	645
Union	431	1,636	6	523	1,501
Van Buren	415	78	19	423	103
Warren	1,545	551	141	1,975	636
Washington	1,155	1,483	310	1,524	2,008
Wayne	577	787	37	772	1,204
Weakley	2,322	985	422	2,764	1,764
White	1,467	464	130	1,634	499
Williamson	1,831	544	264	2,358	1,491
Wilson	1,974	855	378	2,518	1,676
Total	113,549	76,081	11,082	158,779	138,988
Plurality	37,468	.....	.....	19,791	.....
Per cent	56.57	37.93	5.50	52.40	45.87
Scattering	.....			6017	
Whole vote.	202,712			303,736	

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Fisk, Pro., received 5,969, and Streeter, U. Lab., 48.

TENNESSEE—*Continued.*

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. A. A. Taylor, Rep., 11,464; R. R. Butler, Ind. Rep., 10,717; A. J. Brown, Pro., 1,063. Taylor's plurality, 747.

II. J. C. J. Williams, Dem., 7,378; L. C. Houk, Rep., 12,760; W. C. Murphy, Pro., 359. Houk's plurality, 5,382.

III. H. C. Snodgrass, Dem., 13,773; H. Clay Evans, Rep., 13,250; J. E. Rodgers, Pro., 384. Snodgrass's plurality, 523.

IV. Benton McMillan, Dem., 14,514; C. W. Garrett, Rep., 7,630; J. R. Goodpasture, Pro., 523. McMillan's plurality, 6,884.

V. Joseph D. Richardson, Dem., 12,890; P. C. Smithson, Rep., 4,340; H. R. Moore, Pro., 1,484. Richardson's plurality, 8,550.

VI. Joseph E. Washington, Dem., 11,656; Sam Watson, Rep., 2,708; W. D. Turney, Pro., 1,302. Washington's plurality, 8,948.

VII. N. N. Cox, Dem., 10,362; A. M. Hughes, Rep., 5,364; John Graham, Pro., 1,289. Cox's plurality, 4,998.

VIII. B. A. Enloe, Dem., 12,444; J. R. McKinney, Rep., 4,469; John T. Warren, Pro., 1,070. Enloe's plurality, 7,975.

IX. Rice A. Pierce, Dem., 12,191; W. F. Poston, Rep., 3,959; J. B. Cummings, Pro., 1,109. Pierce's plurality, 8,232.

X. Josiah Patterson, Dem., 9,108; L. B. Eaton, Rep., 2,962. Patterson's majority, 6,146.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John P. Buchanan; Secretary of State, C. A. Miller; Treasurer, M. F. House; Commissioner of Agriculture, B. M. Hord; Superintendent of Public Instruction, F. M. Smith; Comptroller, J. W. Allen; Adjutant-General, H. H. Norman; Attorney-General, G. W. Pickle—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Peter Turney; Associate Justices, W. C. Caldwell, D. L. Snodgrass, B. J. Lea and H. H. Lurton. Clerks of the Court, D. D. Anderson, Knoxville; J. W. Burford, Jackson; H. V. Goodpasture, Nashville.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	25	79	104
Republicans	8	20	28
Democratic majority	17	59	76

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. Pres.	94,391	83,655	.....	.....	10,736 D
1876. Pres.	133,166	89,566	.....	.....	43,600 D
1880. Pres.	128,191	107,677	5,917	.....	20,514 D

	Debt-Paying.		*No-Credit.*		
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Dem.*	
1880. Gov.	79,003	103,971	3,614	57,546	24,968 R
1882. Gov.	120,637	93,168	9,180	4,814	27,469 D

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	
1884. Pres.	133,270	124,090	957	1,151	9,180 D
1886. Sup. Jud.	156,150	122,431	....	....	33,719 D
1886. Gov.	126,628	109,835	....	....	16,793 D
1888. Pres.	158,779	138,988	48	5,969	19,791 D
1890. Gov.	113,549	76,081	....	11,082	37,468 D

TEXAS.

COUNTIES. (243.)*	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Hogg, *Dem.*	Flanagan, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Anderson	1,594	903	1,635	1,321	1,994	1,649
Angelina	1,199	78	1,050	82	951	57
Aransas	267	44	172	34	156	26
Archer	336	34	109	52	84	38
Armstrong	232	....	....	....	....	....
Atascosa	774	8	645	4	710	40
Austin	2,194	886	2,049	1,126	1,349	1,566
Bandera	535	105	461	212	464	88
Bastrop	2,035	1,475	2,079	1,408	1,724	1,581
Baylor	436	22	238	1	296	5
Bee	731	80	422	84	228	13
Bell	5,109	517	4,596	466	4,480	471
Bexar	5,249	2,802	4,335	2,798	3,965	2,636
Blanco	794	76	613	156	605	217
Bosque	2,219	130	1,864	193	1,830	172
Bowie	1,852	1,116	2,110	1,297	1,256	871
Brazoria	413	1,133	452	1,298	430	1,128
Brazos	1,283	878	1,869	1,482	1,474	1,349
Brewster	275	1	283	51	....	....
Brown	1,869	59	1,198	38	1,636	62
Burleson	1,326	1,026	1,212	1,039	1,080	958
Burnet	1,567	75	1,228	141	1,080	70
Caldwell	1,839	793	1,491	743	1,463	790
Calhoun	135	35	119	47	179	115
Callahan	885	38	619	58	839	23
Cameron	2,062	848	1,432	423	1,889	1,271
Camp	615	541	597	559	604	542
Carson	149	....	58	16	....	....
Cass	1,927	337	2,034	1,065	2,144	1,113
Chambers	222	116	267	136	299	117
Cherokee	1,916	660	2,394	1,077	2,130	877
Childress	....	....	80	....	....	....
Clay	1,122	90	718	114	820	197
Coke	417	....	....	....	....	....
Coleman	1,214	5	895	35	715	10
Collin	5,067	722	5,647	556	4,823	620
Colorado	1,699	1,418	1,855	1,629	1,359	1,700
Comal	615	212	692	435	453	516
Comanche	2,172	40	1,329	46	1,826	90
Concho	....	....	193	46	253	49
Cooke	3,282	376	2,354	595	3,638	500
Coryell	2,295	69	1,700	78	2,413	74
Crosby	181	1	223	....	....	....
Dallas	8,308	2,463	7,059	3,029	6,066	2,221
Deaf Smith	91	....	....	....	....	....
Delta	1,301	132	1,475	163	987	121
Denton	2,707	451	2,709	509	3,073	527
De Witt	1,498	827	1,114	836	916	765
Dimmit	137	40	146	49	207	33
Donley	202	39	273	52	125	12
Duval	537	283	369	366	363	128
Eastland	1,740	50	1,163	44	1,202	73
Edwards	269	42	223	80	65	2
Ellis	4,696	572	4,763	732	4,390	709
El Paso	1,542	1,123	1,418	1,028	1,167	805
Erath	3,157	119	1,806	36	2,060	52
Falls	2,325	1,517	1,819	1,298	2,173	1,424
Fannin	2,599	386	5,114	1,175	3,800	919
Fayette	3,622	1,694	3,279	1,695	2,723	2,063
Fisher	498	...	213	1	....	....
Floyd	186	....	...	....	....	....
Fort Bend	308	575	552	1,967	317	1,588
Franklin	921	76	979	58	938	37
Freestone	....	....	1,769	1,088	1,562	994
Frio	480	72	342	77	268	69
Galveston	4,278	1,587	3,887	2,178	4,262	2,081
Gillespie	963	274	759	419	469	479
Goliad	663	231	467	430	527	332
Gonzales	1,936	833	2,037	695	1,893	882
Grayson	6,568	1,811	5,822	2,297	5,664	2,155
Greer	841	3	265	16	....	....
Gregg	785	628	633	471	754	867
Grimes	1,702	1,673	....	....	1,677	1,847
Guadalupe	1,557	810	1,336	991	1,235	998
Hale	....	....	81	....	....	....
Hamilton	168	7	1,179	8	1,420	25
Hansford	70	52	....	....	....	....
Hardeman	717	30	259	4	....	....

TEXAS—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Hogg, *Dem.*	Flanagan, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Hardin	597	239	352	160	324	52
Harris	3,770	1,781	3,571	2,813	3,501	3,053
Harrison	3,087	862	1,937	786	1,153	1,588
Haskell	352	....	179	....	....	....
Hays	1,530	411	1,304	342	1,191	401
Hemphill	127	22	141	50	....	....
Henderson	1,195	487	1,188	288	1,305	406
Hidalgo	506	109	513	45	318	1
Hill	4,129	303	3,389	370	3,611	315
Hood	1,309	20	958	12	1,106	22
Hopkins	2,895	366	3,080	453	2,114	382
Howard	327	60	187	81	223	87
Houston	1,771	1,194	1,728	1,272	1,759	1,244
Hunt	4,566	506	4,369	552	3,601	392
Irion	184	1	....	....	....	....
Jack	1,440	153	860	136	1,260	169
Jackson	267	396	312	304	258	271
Jasper	564	333	511	257	553	246
Jeff Davis	90	145	152	206	....	....
Jefferson	749	437	482	361	583	319
Johnson	3,646	81	2,966	114	3,139	171
Jones	723	13	365	16	312	10
Karnes	560	103	444	40	348	70
Kaufman	3,285	594	3,701	676	3,349	564
Kendall	317	283	251	443	184	398
Kerr	581	124	331	211	370	146
Kimble	406	12	329	10	284	19
King	25	....	....	....	....	....
Kinney	265	217	193	315	438	295
Knox	242	3	157	....	....	....
Lamar	2,218	362	3,607	1,537	3,465	1,272
Lampasas	1,097	77	837	167	1,150	79
La Salle	452	49	147	283	300	72
Lavaca	2,513	485	2,457	564	1,607	502
Lee	1,563	445	1,401	494	1,039	769
Leon	1,095	513	1,454	761	1,580	839
Liberty	514	318	373	306	476	369
Limestone	2,414	369	2,115	571	2,186	446
Lipscomb	116	52	132	76	....	....
Live Oak	322	1	322	....	300	8
Llano	1,211	7	905	50	985	5
Madison	1,002	285	772	193	877	283
Marion	625	1,187	....	....	534	1,265
Martin	141	46	97	58	....	....
Mason	825	92	617	185	623	141
Matagorda	223	377	250	505	238	479
Maverick	264	304	334	381	184	239
McCulloch	492	....	453	78	387	19
McLennan	2,384	329	4,023	1,791	3,170	1,410
McMullen	171	17	177	4	157	21
Medina	851	292	712	330	440	371
Menard	223	5	251	27	201	43
Midland	273	39	120	32	....	....
Milam	3,159	957	2,733	790	2,828	916
Mills	951	15	638	67	....	....
Mitchell	452	77	279	96	394	209
Montague	3,263	119	2,102	68	2,650	80
Montgomery	1,311	833	1,047	893	1,030	980
Morris	862	109	760	483	579	395
Nacogdoches	2,043	588	2,063	590	1,675	505
Navarro	4,174	1,117	3,863	1,319	3,468	1,174
Newton	518	230	527	87	558	189
Nolan	329	1	216	7	351	33
Nueces	1,083	209	1,091	347	975	219
Ochiltree	50	14	....	....	....	....
Oldham	218	5	247	24	159	....
Orange	583	157	....	....	540	157
Palo Pinto	1,406	42	925	....	1,211	23
Panola	1,622	833	1,646	747	1,621	409
Parker	3,305	222	2,405	263	2,627	266
Pecos	206	45	156	17	227	70
Polk	1,206	581	989	623	926	536
Potter	178	1	69	3	....	....
Presidio	645	53	676	80	461	243
Rains	590	74	490	....	542	43
Randall	67	....	....	....	....	....
Red River	2,069	1,095	2,576	1,286	1,936	1,095

TEXAS—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.		President, 1888.		President, 1884.	
	Hogg, *Dem.*	Flanagan, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Blaine *Rep.*
Reeves	376	14	308	14	....	....
Refugio	157	56	161	68	90	37
Roberts	73	18	....	....	....	....
Robertson	2,780	1,854	1,918	2,184	2,072	2,078
Rockwall	935	39	1,020	41	692	32
Runnels	575	32	.. .	28	302	6
Rusk	1,794	1,690	2,216	1,477	2,097	1,440
Sabine	725	149	680	....	545	87
San Augustine	695	286	802	....	612	351
San Jacinto	444	616	369	594	391	606
San Patricio	194	1	149	....	124	13
San Saba	973	59	783	87	934	96
Scurry	335	3	117	2	110	17
Shackelford	329	42	245	86	387	108
Shelby	1,414	201	1,927	195	1,520	35
Sherman	10	1	....	....	....	....
Smith	2,552	1,605	2,714	1,976	2,649	1,926
Somerville	557	6	292	....	471	....
Starr	738	544	479	2	385	254
Stephens	703	10	676	....	775	7
Stonewall	226	....	....	....	....	....
Sutton	164	....	....	....	....	....
Swisher	51	....	....	....	....	....
Tarrant	4,178	889	4,129	1,069	5,018	1,270
Taylor	....	....	656	86	853	123
Throckmorton	197	....	135	34	225	19
Titus	1,210	264	1,162	237	997	203
Tom Green	1,065	139	878	418	757	444
Travis	3,835	1,952	3,178	2,738	3,119	2,532
Trinity	1,040	335	992	89	916	228
Tyler	1,590	418	953	455	978	320
Upshur	1,555	565	1,237	510	1,390	502
Uvalde	626	119	510	153	547	133
Val Verde	131	39	318	198	....	....
Van Zandt	1,881	166	2,001	147	2,147	346
Victoria	773	737	723	843	654	775
Walker	1,011	457	722	332	898	1,031
Waller	874	1,089	787	1,351	820	1,187
Washington	2,563	2,036	2,598	2,242	2,350	3,019
Webb	1,699	161	765	138	1,376	391
Wharton	251	466	332	1,416	164	756
Wheeler	125	58	357	108	347	49
Wichita	666	180	339	99	381	126
Wilbarger	1,091	112	286	110	218	23
Williamson	2,885	633	2,686	803	2,635	726
Wilson	1,654	157	1,479	63	1,139	251
Wise	2,649	237	2,318	263	3,569	375
Wood	1,433	354	1,543	447	1,799	444
Young	861	47	648	53	764	77
Zapata	20	141	196	....	66	103
Zavala	169	5	163	12	143	2
Total	262432	77,742	234883	88,422	225309	93,141
Plurality	184690	....	146461	....	132168	....
Per cent	76.45	22.64	65.69	21.96	69.25	28.63
Scattering	3,096		.....		6,855	
Whole vote	343,270		357,513		325,317	

* There are 50 unorganized counties in Texas.

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1890, Heath, Pro., had 2,463.

Of the scattering vote for President in 1888, Streeter, U. L., had 29,459, and Fisk, Pro., 4,749.

The following were the majorities for representatives in Congress, elected in November, 1890 (all Democrats). 1. Stewart, 8,045. 2. Long, 12,917. 3. Kilgore, 11,369. 4. Culberson, 11,451. 5. Bailey, 20,856. 6. Abbott, 24,971. 7. Crain, 9,479. 8. Moore, 13,267. 9. Mills, 16,240. 10. Sayers, 29,763. 11. Lanham, 37,470.

Under the new apportionment, Texas is entitled to 13 representatives in Congress. The last Legislature, however, did not redistrict the State, and at the next election, therefore, the two extra Congressmen will be voted for "at large."

TEXAS—*Continued.*

PRESENT STATE OFFICERS.

Governor, James S. Hogg; Lieutenant-Governor, G. C. Pendleton; Secretary of State, George W. Smith; Treasurer, W. B. Wortham; Comptroller, John D. McCall; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. M. Carlisle; Adjutant-General, W. H. Mabry; Commissioner of General Land Office, W. L. McGaughey; Attorney-General, C. A. Culberson—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John W. Stayton; Associate Justices, Reuben R. Gaines and John L. Henry.

Court of Appeals: Presiding Judge, John P. White; Judges, Samuel A. Willson and J. M. Hurt.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

Legislature: All Democrats, except two members of the House of Representatives, who are Republicans.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. Pres....	66,455	47,426	.....	.....	19,029 D
1876. Pres....	104 755	44,800	.....	.....	59,955 D
1878. Gov....	158,933	23,402	55,002	.....	*103,931 D
1880. Pres....	156,428	57,893	27,405	.....	*98,535 D
1884. Pres....	225,309	93,141	3.321	3,538	*132,168 D
1886. Gov....	228,776	65,236	.....	19,186	*163,540 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1888. Pres....	234,883	88,422	29,459	4,749	*146,461 D
1890. Gov....	262,432	77,742	.....	2,463	*184,690 D

* Plurality.

UTAH.

COUNTIES. (25.)	Congress, 1890. Goodwin. *Anti-Mormon.*	Congress, 1890. Caine, *Mormon.*	Congress, 1888. Baskin *Anti-Mormon.*	Congress, 1888. Caine, *Mormon.*	Congress, 1886. Ferry, *Anti-Mormon.*	Congress, 1886. Caine, *Mormon.*
Beaver.....	77	304	76	174	127	419
Box Elder...	139	624	74	366	110	682
Cache.....	123	1,415	87	904	25	1,795
Davis.....	75	651	55	341	44	792
Emery.....	86	392	49	221	41	403
Grant.....	48	15	....	....	....	....
Garfield.....	24	216	8	104	2	113
Iron.....	15	285	14	171	8	376
Juab	242	459	146	258	92	501
Kane	....	139	....	92	....	134
Millard	40	400	48	224	30	647
Morgan.....	29	211	21	127	16	244
Pi Ute.....	65	270	28	116	17	198
Rich.....	25	160	8	105	5	164
Salt Lake....	3,092	3,515	1,189	2,099	619	3,925
San Juan	....	25	....	14	....	....
San Pete.....	174	1,216	128	914	122	1,665
Sevier.....	93	499	65	325	67	657
Summit.....	1,001	408	717	309	674	647
Tooele	103	323	100	275	86	472
Uintah.....	25	173	18	32	2	90
Utah.....	457	2,364	254	1,458	204	2,550
Wasatch.....	17	369	5	190	5	304
Washington..	19	438	16	363	50	678
Weber	943	1,482	388	945	464	2,042
Total.....	6,912	16,353	3,484	10,127	2,810	22,483
Plurality.....	....	9,441	....	6,643	....	19,673
Per cent.....	29.70	70.28	23.93	72.37	10.80	89.20
Whole vote.	23,290		14,132		25,298	

In 1888 there were 511 votes for Thurman, Ind. Mormon.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

All but six members of the Utah Legislature are Mormons.

UTAH—*Continued.*

PRESENT TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Arthur L. Thomas, Rep.; Secretary, Elijah Sells, Rep.; Auditor, Arthur Pratt, Rep.; Treasurer, Boliver Roberts, Dem.; United States District Attorney, Charles S. Varian, Rep.; United States Marshal, Ellis H. Parsons, Rep.

COMMISSIONERS OF REGISTRATION AND ELECTION.

George L. Godfrey, of Iowa, Chairman; Alvin Saunders, of Nebraska, J. A. McClernand, of Pennsylvania, R. S. Robertson, of Indiana, A. B. Williams, of Arkansas.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Charles S. Zane, Rep.; Associate Justices, Thomas J. Anderson, Dem John W. Blackburn, Rep., and J. A. Miner, Rep.

VERMONT.

COUNTIES. (14.)	Governor, 1890. Brigham, *Dem.*	Governor, 1890. Page, *Rep.*	Governor, 1890. Allen, *Pro.*	President, 1888 Cleveland, *Dem.*	President, 1888 Harrison, *Rep.*	President, 1888 Fisk, *Pro.*
Addison.....	774	3,057	119	618	4,036	164
Bennington...	1,489	1,978	45	1,128	2,497	91
Caledonia.....	1,302	2.258	108	1,249	3,083	162
Chittenden...	2,116	2,766	72	1,940	4,149	106
Essex.....	446	701	33	502	907	25
Franklin.....	1,731	2,601	132	1,343	3,121	171
Grand Isle....	245	448	1	180	465	6
Lamoille.....	1,024	1.135	75	543	1,797	66
Orange.....	1,359	2.489	72	1,277	2,792	114
Orleans.....	1,215	2,033	53	724	3,036	103
Rutland	2,700	4,308	281	2,417	6,088	153
Washington ..	2,141	2,838	81	1,892	3,715	103
Windham.....	1,488	2,980	55	1,518	4,344	122
Windsor.....	1,269	3.870	34	1,457	5,163	77
Total.....	19,299	33.462	1,161	16,788	45,192	1,460
Plurality.....	....	14,163	....	...	28,404	....
Per cent.....	35.58	61.70	2.15	26.961	71.23	1.81
Scattering....		304			35	
Whole vote.		54,226			63,440	

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Thomas W. Maloney, Dem., 8,605; H. H. Powers, Rep., 17,136. Powers's majority, 8,531.

II. S. C. Shurtleff, Dem., 8,960; W. W. Grout, Rep., 18,092. Grout's majority, 9,132.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Carroll S. Page; Lieutenant-Governor, Henry A. Fletcher; Secretary of State, Chauncey W. Brownell, Jr.; Treasurer, Henry F. Field; Auditor of Accounts, E. H. Powell; Adjutant-General, Theodore S. Peck; Superindendent of Education, E. F. Palmer—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Judge, Jonathan Ross; Assistant Justices, Loveland Munson, John W. Rowell, Russell S. Taft, Henry R. Start, L. H. Thompson and James M. Tyler; Clerk, M. E. Smilie—all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1890.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans...	29	172	201
Democrats.....	1	62	63
Independents.....	—	5	5
Republican majority.	28	105	133

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President....	10,927	41,481	.....	.....	30,554 R
1876. President....	20,350	44,428	.....	.....	24,078 R
1878. Governor ...	17,247	37,312	2,635	.....	20,065 R
1880. President ...	18,316	45,567	.....	.....	27,251 R
1884. President ...	17,331	39,514	785	1,752	22,183 R
1888. Governor ...	19,527	48,522	.....	1,372	28,995 R
1888. President ...	16,788	45,192	.....	1,460	28,404 R
1890. Governor ...	19,292	33.462	.....	1,161	14,163 R

VIRGINIA.

COUNTIES AND CITIES. (115.)	Governor, 1889.		President, 1888.		Governor, 1885.	
	Mc-Kinney, *Dem.*	Mahone, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Lee, *Dem.*	Wise, *Rep.*
Accomac	3,250	1,651	3,184	1,993	2,797	1,591
Alleghany	771	702	759	995	723	925
Albemarle	2,727	2,017	2,573	2,166	3,216	2,528
AlexandriaC'y	1,723	1,246	2[illegible]5	462	286	409
Alexandria Co	289	416	1,665	1,523	1,7[illegible]5	1,121
Amherst	1,852	1,134	1,777	1,411	1,768	1,186
Amelia	726	929	704	1,036	634	1,023
Appomattox	463	440	689	787	912	884
Augusta	3,572	1,965	3,371	2,525	3,120	2,348
Bath	489	376	482	495	498	349
Bedford	2,424	1,732	3,204	1,991	3,226	1,734
Bland	570	482	537	509	519	530
Botetourt	1,734	1,092	1,559	1,217	1,531	1,055
Brunswick	1,436	1,541	1,289	1,521	1,245	1,568
Buchanan	436	482	492	427	412	393
Buckingham	1,414	1,243	1,184	1,520	1,448	1,488
Campbell	2,231	1,279	2,089	1,564	4,054	3,032
Carroll	1,328	1,166	1,322	1,147	1,308	1,093
Caroline	1,515	1,462	1,442	1,588	1,677	1,500
Charlotte	1,709	785	1,720	1,036	1,653	1,023
Charles City	336	633	303	684	372	661
Charlott'sville	681	359	674	407	....	....
Chesterfield	1,758	1,513	1,589	1,576	1,813	1,479
Clarke	1,197	435	1,204	529	1,183	366
Craig	568	117	550	177	569	168
Culpeper	1,622	944	1,404	1,181	1,541	1,122
Cumberland	784	822	578	1,045	744	1,011
Danville	1,174	741	1,070	812	1,069	625
Dickenson	442	389	451	384	453	276
Dinwiddie	1,991	1,278	1,966	1,411	993	1,421
Elizabeth City	658	1,312	547	1,316	520	1,324
Essex	926	920	774	1,088	868	1,032
Fairfax	1,969	1,611	2,010	1,824	1,986	1,532
Fauquier	2,780	1,391	2,661	1,778	2,554	1,525
Floyd	822	1,327	952	1,482	868	1,395
Fluvanna	1,128	653	1,004	1,739	1,181	702
Franklin	2,489	1,466	2,493	1,757	2,442	1,433
Frederick	1,870	662	1,832	871	2,133	1,117
Fredericksb'rg	616	336	595	409	570	362
Giles	1,089	528	977	640	1,004	635
Gloucester	1,047	1,316	1,073	1,368	1,245	1,255
Goochland	723	772	674	985	901	998
Grayson	1,319	1,199	1,288	1,259	1,228	1,068
Greene	641	409	532	520	552	497
Greenesville	639	589	714	893	620	1,068
Halifax	4,097	1,920	3,570	2,473	3,910	2,407
Hanover	1,948	1,362	1,721	1,511	1,931	1,401
Henrico	2,066	2,041	1,712	2,326	1,725	2,091
Henry	1,053	1,093	1,409	1,608	1,763	1,507
Highland	614	432	454	440	504	504
Isle of Wight	1,549	849	1,200	1,116	1,534	999
James City	277	532	219	607	236	621
King George	620	588	542	720	499	746
King & Queen	948	808	958	829	1,003	904
King William	904	647	746	1,093	882	959
Lancaster	916	822	839	928	715	842
Lee	1,350	1,328	1,479	1,295	1,440	1,303
Louisa	1,486	1,296	1,157	1,677	1,687	1,552
Loudoun	2,835	1,431	2,842	2,190	2,753	1,853
Lunenburg	997	816	1,215	836	914	1,017
Lynchburg	2,157	1,317	2,053	1,796	*....	....
Madison	1,222	656	961	907	1,069	876
Manchester	1,112	701	896	735	874	562
Matthews	1,026	569	1,023	615	956	506
Mecklenburg	2,180	2,285	1,764	2,607	1,894	2,450
Middlesex	658	871	635	909	693	836
Montgomery	1,724	1,299	1,335	1,516	1,398	1,429
Nansemond	2,034	1,921	1,382	2,086	1 320	2,007
Nelson	1,589	1,220	1,554	1,224	1,718	1,045
New-Kent	465	620	375	689	447	604
Norfolk City	3,388	1,401	2,613	3,199	2,232	1,872
Norfolk C'nty	2,166	1,670	1,969	3,740	2,054	3,309
N. Danville	431	196	337	223	263	129
Northampton	1,024	1,139	980	1,221	913	1,005
Northumb'rl'd	1,003	840	851	905	881	805
Nottoway	819	1,038	611	1,116	574	1,282

VIRGINIA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES AND CITIES.	Governor, 1889.		President, 1888.		Governor, 1885.	
	Mc-Kinney, *Dem.*	Mahone, *Rep.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Lee, *Dem.*	Wise, *Rep.*
Orange	1,342	968	1,126	1,153	1,255	1,141
Page	1,191	1,171	1,195	1,333	1,166	1,258
Patrick	1,039	912	1,238	1,022	1,267	734
Petersburg	1,972	1,533	2,037	2,198	1,875	2,416
Pittsylvania	4,637	2,665	4,261	3,847	4,383	3,181
Portsmouth	1,631	794	1,439	1,103	1,430	895
Powhatan	630	651	561	767	573	873
PrinceEdw'rd	1,067	1,018	1,130	1,569	1,108	1,614
Prince George	550	1,027	661	1,018	613	1,136
PrinceWilliam	1,293	568	1,311	740	1,178	518
Princess Anne	1,047	830	844	1,004	1,011	922
Pulaski	1,206	927	1,070	993	920	801
Rappahann'ck	1,155	303	1,034	553	1,056	401
Richmond C'y	9,840	4,395	8,206	6,268	7,716	5,232
Richmond Co.	635	677	553	741	637	739
Roanoke City	1,481	921	2,090	2,183	1,535	1,632
RoanokeC'nty	1,158	946	....	....	....	....
Rockbridge	2,264	1,726	2,030	2,074	2,208	2,012
Rockingham	3,248	2,464	2,895	3,175	2,937	2,950
Russell	1,663	1,207	1,601	1,333	1,390	1,408
Scott	....	....	1,510	1,800	1,485	1,732
Shenandoah	2,254	1,688	2,164	2,069	2,104	2,011
Smyth	1,334	1,118	1,310	1,228	1,340	1,088
Southampton	2 159	1,612	1,560	2,117	1,938	1,801
Spottsylvania	934	738	876	922	964	787
Stafford	769	758	595	883	670	859
Staunton	798	434	719	535	747	490
Surrey	905	753	661	1,101	764	973
Sussex	773	1,185	896	1,582	831	1,459
Tazewell	1,382	1,765	1,307	2,245	1,042	1,974
Warren	1,244	402	1,221	440	1,122	252
Warwick	455	939	385	763	279	650
Washington	3 003	2,277	2,930	2,548	2,545	2,029
Westmoreland	734	866	626	1,009	671	921
Williamsb'rgh	101	155	101	161	132	174
Winchester	518	474	488	549	† ..	....
Wise	743	756	722	742	666	595
Wythe	1,751	1,379	1,462	1,643	1,531	1,473
York	725	684	495	972	523	922
Total	162654	120477	151977	150438	152544	136510
Plurality	42,177	....	1,539	....	16,034	....
Per cent	57.45	42.55	49.99	49.61	52.77	47.22
Scattering	897		1,678		17	
Whole vote	284,028		304,093		289,071	

* Vote included with that of Campbell. † Vote included with Frederick.

Vote for Representatives in Congress, 1890.

District.

I. William A. Jones, Dem., 14,613; H. B. Browne, Rep., 12,150; Jones's majority, 2,463.

II. John W. Lawson, Dem., 13,484; G. E. Bowden, Rep., 12,317; Lawson's plurality, 1,167.

III. George D. Wise, Dem., 13 937. No opposition.

IV. James F. Epes, Dem., 13,325; J. M. Langston, Rep., 9,991. Epes's majority, 3,334.

V. P. G. Lester, Dem., 10,569; — Adams, Ind., 1,360; — Ring, Ind., 949. Lester's plurality, 9,209.

VI. P. C. Edmunds, Dem., 11,615; W. J. Shelburne, Pro., 901. Edmunds's majority, 10,714.

VII. Charles T. O'Ferrall, Dem., 10,167; — Underwood, Pro., 1,225. O'Ferrall's majority, 8,942.

VIII. W. H. F. Lee, Dem., 13,499; — Hume, Ind. Dem., 10,181. Lee's majority, 3,318.

IX. John A. Buchanan, Dem., 15,324; G. T. Mills, Rep., 11,977. Buchanan's majority, 3,347.

X. H. St. George Tucker, Dem., 9,264; A. J. Taylor, Ind., 485. Tucker's majority, 8,779.

VIRGINIA—*Continued.*

Present State Government.

Governor, Philip W. McKinney, Lieutenant-Governer, J. Hoge Tyler; Secretary of State, H. W. Flournoy; First Auditor, Morton Marye; Second Auditor, Frank G. Ruffin; Treasurer, A. W. Harmon; Adjutant-general, J. McDonald; Superintendent of Free Schools, John E. Massey; Attorney-General, R. Taylor Scott—all Democrats.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: President of the Court, Lunsford L. Lewis. Judges: B. W. Lacy, Robert A. Richardson, Drury A. Hinton and T. T. Fauntleroy; Clerk, George K. Taylor.

State Legislature, 1892.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats	29	97	126
Republicans	1	3	4
Democratic majority	28	94	122

Vote of the State since 1886.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1886 Congress	102,221	123,080	....	20,859 Op
1887. Legislature	119,806	119,380	....	426 D
1888. President	151,977	150,438	1,678	*1,539 D
1889. Governor	162,654	120,477	897	*42,177 D

* Plurality.

WASHINGTON.

COUNTIES. (34.)	Congress, 1890.		Governor, 1889.		Congress, 1888.	
	Carroll, *Dem.*	Wilson, *Rep.*	Semple, *Dem.*	Ferry, *Rep.*	Voorhees, *Dem.*	Allen, *Rep.*
Adams	150	211	141	260	139	230
Asotin	109	139	135	171	139	193
Chehalis	765	1,119	615	897	568	836
Clallam	332	548	231	222	160	181
Clarke	714	1,005	692	1,216	663	1,033
Columbia	637	550	648	666	665	664
Cowlitz	411	708	355	666	385	588
Douglas	234	297	265	353	198	262
Franklin	86	42	89	38	103	38
Garfield	361	378	418	517	440	531
Island	124	169	100	180	97	168
Jefferson	563	806	633	867	443	634
King	2,665	4,270	3,989	4,319	2,533	3,360
Kitsap	310	418	291	618	220	498
Kittitas	791	878	1,168	1,339	776	792
Klickitat	387	591	382	686	365	706
Lewis	630	866	868	1,219	676	868
Lincoln	812	875	863	1,104	766	915
Mason	299	351	303	322	274	295
Okanogan	220	342	211	322	248	312
Pacific	247	437	150	494	172	455
Pierce	2,807	3,080	3,611	4,298	1,650	2,476
San Juan	130	318	104	264	111	264
Skagit	738	983	563	961	383	768
Skamania	48	51	72	62	72	42
Snohomish	668	1,007	659	880	473	805
Spokane	2,359	1,954	2,272	3,256	1,714	2,535
Stevens	420	475	350	460	289	289
Thurston	626	930	725	1,067	527	856
Wahkiakum	131	268	284	135	116	201
Walla Walla	979	1,116	1,118	1,417	1,051	1,321
Whatcom	1,024	1,399	752	1,534	460	764
Whitman	1,619	1,538	1,844	2,149	1,766	1,950
Yakima	438	455	519	537	395	461
Total	22,831	29,153	24,732	33,711	18,920	26,291
Plurality	....	6,322	....	8,979	....	7,371
Scattering	2,819		.....		1,137	
Whole vote	54,803		58,443		46,353	

WASHINGTON—*Continued.*

The scattering vote in 1888 was for Greene, Pro., and in 1890 for Abernathy, Pro.

Present State Government.

Governor, Elisha P. Ferry; Lieutenant-Governor, Charles E. Laughton; Secretary of State, Allen Weir; Treasurer, A. A. Lindeley; Auditor, T. M. Reed; Adjutant-General, R. G. O'Brien; Superintendent of Public Instruction, R. B. Bryan; Land Commissioner, W. T. Forrest; Attorney-General, W. C. Jones—all Republicans.

Judiciary.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, T. J. Anders; Associate Justices, Elmore Scott, R. O. Dunbar, T. L. Stiles, J. P. Hoyt; Clerk, C. S. Reinhart—all Rep.

State Legislature, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans	30	61	91
Democrats	4	17	21
Republican majority	26	44	70

Past Vote of the Territory and State.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1880. Congress	7,013	8,810	.....	1,797 R
1882. Congress	8,244	11,252	.....	3,008 R
1884. Congress	20,995	20,847	.....	148 D
1886. Congress	23,272	21,080	2,875	*2,192 D
1888. Congress	18,920	26,201	1,137	*7,371 R
1889. Governor	24,732	33,711	....	8,979 R
1890. Congress	22,831	29,153	2,819	6,322 R

* Plurality.

WEST-VIRGINIA.

COUNTIES. (54.)	Supreme Judge, 1890.			President, 1888.		
	Lucas, *Dem.*	Reynolds, *Rep.*	Johnson, *Pro.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Barbour	1,472	1,372	....	1,508	1,473	2
Berkeley	2,056	1,979	2	2,011	2,183	5
Boone	695	466	1	741	520	1
Braxton	1,691	986	22	1,688	1,062	5
Brooke	734	669	15	804	787	11
Cabell	2,371	1,814	18	2,427	1,947	30
Calhoun	894	545	7	935	623	1
Clay	472	456	....	414	464	....
Doddridge	1,153	1,251	19	1,151	1,393	3
Fayette	1,879	2,152	27	1,923	2,616	26
Gilmer	1,167	734	....	1,179	853	....
Grant	382	1,035	....	378	1,027	9
Greenbrier	1,961	834	....	2,121	1,393	8
Hampshire	1,921	425	....	1,907	519	7
Hancock	560	678	25	489	675	12
Hardy	1,201	351	....	1,153	439	5
Harrison	2,150	2,377	30	2,161	2,628	22
Jackson	1,924	2,000	22	1,942	2,234	20
Jefferson	2,364	806	....	2,357	1,132	7
Kanawha	4,679	3,996	7	3,689	4,541	95
Lewis	1,612	1,438	40	1,642	1,527	22
Lincoln	1,257	874	....	1,147	956	....
Logan	1,378	343	1	1,533	393	....
Marion	2,415	2,205	88	2,256	2,233	50
Marshall	1,687	2,380	143	1,837	2,676	91
Mason	2,123	2,258	31	2,321	2,646	47
Mercer	1,609	1,339	....	1,374	1,402	6
Mineral	1,176	1,191	14	1,209	1,251	31
Monongalia	1,262	1,660	32	1,361	2,268	30
Monroe	1,373	882	....	1,338	1,222	27
Morgan	544	838	7	539	877	23
McDowell	454	645	....	409	582	....
Nicholas	1,069	683	5	1,016	779	40
Ohio	4,905	4,717	122	4,855	4,749	92
Pendleton	1,012	726	....	1,012	779	1

WEST-VIRGINIA—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Supreme Judge, 1890. Lucas, *Dem.*	Reynolds, *Rep.*	Johnson, *Pro.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*	Fisk, *Pro.*
Pleasants.....	766	586	....	803	693	7
Pocahontas...	772	372	....	891	587	6
Preston.....	1,272	2.808	31	1,403	2,998	44
Putnam.....	1,439	1,460	7	1,390	1,521	10
Raleigh.....	901	764	4	924	806	20
Randolph.....	1,360	675	....	1,426	772	....
Ritchie.....	1,391	1,811	94	1,408	1,960	100
Roane.....	1,667	1,350	....	1,636	1,449	3
Summers.....	1,408	1,015	1	1,353	1,272	15
Taylor.....	1,108	1,456	6	1,219	1,580	30
Tucker.....	751	602	1	683	628	6
Tyler.....	1,034	1,347	1	1,137	1,562	14
Upshur.....	785	1,456	33	841	1,716	24
Wayne.....	2,011	1,270	....	2,058	1,412	3
Webster.....	661	267	....	658	295	....
Wetzel.....	1,966	1,222	11	2.295	1,385	7
Wirt.....	998	804	1	1,054	921	3
Wood.....	2,678	2,934	48	2,803	3,255	62
Wyoming.....	554	543	12	471	596	1
Total.....	78,534	70,197	898	78,677	78,171	1,084
Plurality.....	8,337	....	....	506	....	....
Per cent.....	52.49	46.91	.58	49.34	49.02	0.69
Scattering.....		....			1,508	
Whole vote.		149,640			159,449	

The scattering vote for President in 1888 was for Streeter, Union Labor.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. John O. Pendleton, Dem., 18,479; W. P. Hubbard, Rep., 17,831: F. N. Lynch, Pro., 415. Pendleton's plurality, 648.

II. W. L. Wilson, Dem., 20,439; George Harmon, Rep., 18,374; Aaron Baker, Pro., 136. Wilson's plurality, 2,065.

III. John D. Alderson, Dem., 20,433; Theophilus Gaines, Rep., 15,778; J. E. Middleton, Pro., 207. Alderson's plurality, 4,655.

IV. James Capehart, Dem., 19,573; C. B. Smith, Rep., 17,648; M. S. Hall, Pro., 199. Capehart's plurality, 1,925.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, A. B. Fleming; Secretary of State, W. A. Ohley; Treasurer, W. T. Thompson; Auditor, Patrick F. Duffy; Superintendent of Free Schools, Benjamin S. Morgan; Adjutant-General, B. H. Oxley; Attorney-General, Alfred Caldwell—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: President, Daniel B. Lucas; Judges, Henry Brannon, J. W. English and H. A. Holt; Clerk, O. S. Long—all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Democrats.....	16	44	60
Republicans.....	10	21	31
Democratic majority.....	6	23	29

WEST-VIRGINIA—*Continued.*

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1872. President ...	29,537	32,283	.....	.....	2,746 R
1876. President ...	56,505	42,001	.....	.....	14,564 D
1880. President ...	57.391	46,243	9.079	.....	*11,148 D
1884. President .	67,317	63,096	805	939	*4,221 D
1886. Congress....	65,184	64.279	.....	1,492	*905 D
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U.-Lab.*	*Pro.*	*Maj.*
1888. President....	78,677	78,171	1,508	1,084	506 D
1890. Sup. Judge..	78,534	70,197	.....	898	8,337 D

* Plurality.

WISCONSIN.

COUNTIES. (68.)	Governor, 1890. Peck, *Dem.*	Hoard, *Rep.*	Alexander, *Pro.*	May, *Lab.*	President, 1888. Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Adams	292	713	27	33	426	1 102
Ashland.....	1,728	1,760	102	76	2,233	2,868
Barron	731	1,147	172	207	885	1,800
Bayfield.....	342	600	69	117	708	1 205
Brown	3,083	1 938	97	63	3,554	2.655
Buffalo.....	1,408	1,154	93	24	1,331	1,754
Burnett	48	312	149	24	69	490
Calumet.....	1,720	765	24	75	1,084	9 2
Chippewa....	2,171	1,792	221	40	2,5.6	2.685
Clark.....	1,493	1,600	162	232	1,297	2,260
Columbia.....	2,418	2,627	243	55	2,650	3,509
Crawford.....	1.503	1,356	67	82	1,564	1.799
Dane	6.212	5 632	742	59	6,426	6,827
Dodge.....	6,593	2,210	186	29	6,046	3,1 6
Door	978	1,061	66	31	1,018	1,688
Douglas	1.317	1,662	235	57	778	1,183
Dunn.....	1.317	1,662	235	57	1,299	2.531
Eau Claire...	2,065	1,861	622	265	2,412	3.203
Florence.....	155	218	21	12	227	321
Fond du Lac.	4,984	3,399	202	59	4,910	4,511
Forest.....	127	113	11	13	217	234
Grant	3,347	3,513	325	60	3 414	4 242
Green.....	2,003	1,980	283	83	2,098	2,6 9
Green Lake ..	1,691	1,301	63	14	1,415	1,702
Iowa	2.107	2,094	380	11	2.257	2,484
Jackson	1,007	1,371	252	31	986	2 090
Jefferson	4,199	2,222	176	17	4,282	2,994
Juneau.....	1,618	1,826	113	31	1,666	2,066
Kenosha.... ..	1,657	1,371	61	17	1,681	1,684
Kewaunee....	1,992	545	33	27	2,077	849
La Crosse	3.819	3,101	300	89	3,901	4,128
La Fayette...	2.145	2,270	180	20	2,275	2,564
Langlade.....	1.077	661	61	13	1,192	774
Lincoln.....	1.398	901	55	35	1,032	1,138
Manitowoc...	4,687	1,905	52	49	4,218	2,703
Marathon.....	3,500	1,391	69	81	3,365	2,122
Marinette	1,393	1,140	135	182	1,767	1,775
Marquette....	1,185	743	49	7	1,005	1,119
Milwaukee...	24,520	18,313	153	1,208	17,302	21,394
Monroe.....	2,136	2,080	178	46	2,138	2,695
Oconto	1,149	896	49	42	1,148	1,315
Oneida	803	697	44	50	868	771
Outagamie....	4,213	2,060	182	92	4,000	2,759
Ozaukee.....	1,326	411	15	33	2,026	750
Pepin	433	599	131	6	461	926
Pierce.....	867	1,568	251	99	1,158	2 477
Polk	507	1,154	194	51	631	1,703
Portage	2,342	1,740	100	23	2,322	2,603
Price.....	652	633	72	47	619	914
Racine	3,424	3,274	259	254	3,326	3,947
Richland.....	1,425	1,874	258	117	1,740	2,467
Rock.....	3,351	4.629	402	38	3,501	6,225
St. Croix.....	1.701	1,955	378	86	2,130	2,759
Sauk	2,709	2,463	378	45	2,048	3,410
Sawyer.....	220	307	38	30	511	542

WISCONSIN—*Continued.*

COUNTIES.	Governor, 1890.				President, 1888.	
	Peck, *Dem.*	Hoard *Rep.*	Alexander, *Pro.*	May, *Lab.*	Cleveland, *Dem.*	Harrison, *Rep.*
Shawano.....	2,010	1,115	59	12	1,636	1,775
Sheboygan ...	5,013	2,815	88	74	4,320	3,729
Taylor.....	795	480	31	24	719	792
Trempealeau.	1,373	1,387	198	29	1,571	2,261
Vernon.....	1,404	2,216	173	103	1,540	3,316
Walworth....	1,906	3,134	373	57	2,028	4,473
Washburn....	308	298	49	9	363	514
Washington..	3,220	3,145	213	49	2,872	1,869
Waukesha....	2,990	1,276	31	30	3,456	3,839
Waupaca.....	2,177	2,567	178	35	1,769	3,385
Waushara....	830	1,651	112	32	663	2,245
Winnebago...	5,224	4,646	364	122	4,611	4,938
Wood.....	1,979	1,443	45	51	1,984	1,904
Total	160388	132068	11,246	5,447	155232	176553
Plurality.....	28,320	....	....	....	....	21.321
Scattering		.....				22,829
Whole vote.		309.149				354,614

The vote given as scattering for President in 1888 was 14,277 for Fisk, Pro., and 8,552 for Streeter, U. Lab.

At an election for Supreme Court Judge, April 7, 1891, S. N. Pinney, Ind., received 96,661 votes and E. H. Ellis, Dem., 77,312 votes.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1890.

District.

I. Clinton Babbitt, Dem., 14,532; Henry A. Cooper, Rep., 14,209; Stephen Faville, Pro., 1,316. Babbitt's plurality, 323.

II. Charles Barwig, Dem., 17,826; D. C. Van Brunt, Rep., 9,266. Barwig's majority, 8,560.

III Allen R. Bushnell, Dem., 16,432; R. M. La Follette, Rep., 15,430; Marion Ames, Pro., 1,567. Bushnell's plurality, 1,002.

IV. John L. Mitchell, Dem., 24,679; R. C. Spencer, Rep., 17,605; Robert C. Schilling, U. Lab., 1,605. Mitchell's plurality, 7,074.

V. George H. Brickner, Dem., 17,708; T. M. Blackstock, Rep., 8,093; George McKenney, Pro., 552. Brickner's plurality, 9,615.

VI. Lucas M. Miller, Dem., 15,573; Charles B. Clark, Rep., 13,409; George W. Gates, Pro., 1,156. Miller's plurality, 2,164.

VII. Frank P. Coburn, Dem., 15,399; Ormsby B. Thomas, Rep., 13,397; Sylvanus Holmes, Pro., 1,499. Coburn's plurality, 2,002.

VIII. W. F. Bailey, Dem., 15,261; Nils P. Haugen, Rep., 17,609; W. C. Jones, Pro., 2,911. Haugen's plurality, 2,348.

IX. Thomas Lynch, Dem., 24,491; Myron H. McCord, Rep., 19,161; J. H. Vrooman, Pro., 1,299. Lynch's plurality, 5,330.

Under the new Congressional apportionment, Wisconsin is entitled to 10 representatives. See statement following the election returns.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, George W. Peck; Lieutenant-Governor Charles Jonas; Secretary of State, T. J. Cunningham; Treasurer, John Hunter; Attorney-General, J. L. O'Connor; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Oliver E. Wells; Railroad Commissioner, Thomas Thompson; Adjutant-General, J. B. Doe; Commissioner of Insurance, W. M. Root—all Democrats.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief-Justice, Orsamus Cole; Associate Justices, Harlow S Orton; J. B. Cassady, William P. Lyon and John Winslow; Clerk, Clarence Kellogg.

WISCONSIN—*Continued.*

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*Assembly.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans.....	18	66	84
Democrats.....	15	33	48
Union Labor.....	..	1	1
Democratic majority.....	3	32	35

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Gr.*	*Pro.*	*Plu.*
1872. President....	86,477	104,988	....	....	18,511 R
1876. President....	123,919	130,069	1,506	....	6,150 R
1879. Governor....	75,930	100,535	12,996	....	25,505 R
1880. President....	114,634	144,397	7,980	....	29,763 R
1881. Governor....	69,797	81,754	7,002	13,225	11,957 R
1884. President....	146,459	161,157	4,598	7,656	14,698 R
1886. Governor....	114,529	133,274	21,467	17,089	18,718 R
	Dem.	*Rep.*	*U. Lab.*	*Pro.*	
1888. President....	155,232	176,553	8,552	14,277	21,321 R
1890. Governor....	160,388	132,068	5,447	11,246	28,320 D

WYOMING.

COUNTIES. (12.)	Governor, 1890.		Congress, 1888.		Congress, 1884.	
	Baxter *Dem.*	Warren, *Rep.*	Organ *Dem.*	Carey, *Rep.*	Holliday, *Dem.*	Carey, *Rep.*
Albany.....	947	1,219	1,020	1,584	1,085	1,424
Carbon.....	847	944	932	1,701	884	1,022
Converse.....	448	523	610	696	....	....
Crook.....	366	519	500	650	....	....
Fremont.....	467	537	586	460	290	363
Johnson.....	374	523	554	362	637	675
Laramie.....	1,428	1,787	1,767	1,928	1,471	2,448
Natrona.....	136	158	....	....	....	....
Sheridan.....	395	457	390	480	....	....
Sweetwater...	634	661	594	1,153	412	654
Weston.....	255	418	....	....	....	....
Uinta.....	862	1,133	600	1,437	807	639
Total.....	7,153	8,879	7,557	10,451	5,586	7,225
Majority	....	1,726	....	2,894	....	1,639
Whole vote.	16,032		18,010		12,811	

For representative in Congress, election of 1890, George Beck, Dem., received 6,219, and C. D. Clark, 9,078. Majority for Clark, 2,859.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Amos W. Barber (acting); Secretary of State, Amos W. Barber; Treasurer, Otto Gramm; Auditor, C. W. Burdick; Attorney-General, Charles N. Potter; Superintendent of Instruction, S. T. Farwell—all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, H. V. S. Grossbeck; Associate Justices, Homer Merrill and A. B. Conaway.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1891.

	Senate.	*House.*	*Joint Ballot.*
Republicans.....	12	25	37
Democrats.....	3	7	10
Republican majority....	9	18	27

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE SINCE 1878.

	Dem.	*Rep.*	*Scat.*	*Maj.*
1878. Congress.....	2,769	3,848	....	1,079 R
1880. Congress.....	3,907	3,760	....	147 D
1882. Congress.....	5,813	4,702	....	1,111 D
1884. Congress.....	5,586	7,225	....	1,639 R
1886. Congress.....	....	8,259	1,113	7,146 R
1888. Congress.....	7,557	10,451	....	2,894 R
1890. Governor.....	7,153	8,879	....	1,726 R

The New Congressional Apportionment.

STATES HAVING ADDITIONAL REPRESENTATIVES AS RE-DISTRICTED.

UNDER the Apportionment Act of Congress, approved February 7, 1891, which fixes the number of members of the House of Representatives after March 3, 1893, as 356, eighteen States are entitled to one or more additional representatives. In most of these States their legislatures, in 1891, passed laws rearranging their counties in new districts. Following is a statement of the redistricting.

Alabama.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 9 in all.

1. Counties of Marengo, Choctaw, Clarke, Monroe, Washington and Mobile.
2. Counties of Montgomery, Pike, Crenshaw, Covington, Butler, Conecuh, Escambia, Baldwin and Wilcox.
3. Counties of Lee, Russell, Bullock, Barbour, Dale, Henry, Coffee and Geneva.
4. Counties of Dallas, Chilton, Shelby, Talladega, Calhoun and Cleburn.
5. Counties of Lowndes, Autauga, Tallapoosa, Elmore, Macon, Coosa, Chambers, Randolph and Clay.
6. Counties of Sumter, Pickens, Greene, Tuscaloosa, Lamar, Fayette, Marion and Walker.
7. Counties of DeKalb, Marshall, Etowah, Cullman, St. Clair, Winston, Cherokee and Franklin.
8. Counties of Jackson, Madison, Limestone, Morgan, Lauderdale, Lawrence and Colbert.
9. Counties of Jefferson, Bibb, Hale, Perry and Blount.

Arkansas.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 6 in all.

1. Counties of Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross, Greene, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Poinsett, Randolph, St. Francis, Sharp and Woodruff.
2. Counties of Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Garland, Grant, Hot Springs, Jefferson, Lincoln, Montgomery, Polk, Saline, Scott and Sebastian.
3. Counties of Ashley, Calhoun, Clark, Columbia, Hempstead, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier and Union.
4. Counties of Franklin, Johnson, Logan, Perry, Pulaski, Pope and Yell.
5. Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Conway, Faulkner, Madison, Newton, Searcy, Van Buren and Washington.
6. Counties of Arkansas, Baxter, Cleburne, Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lonoke, Marion, Monroe, Prairie, Stone and White.

California.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 7 in all.

1. Counties of Del Norte, Siskiyou, Modoc, Humboldt, Trinity, Shasta, Lassen, Tehama, Plumas, Sierra, Mendocino, Sonoma, Napa and Marin.
2. Counties of Butte, Sutter, Yuba, Nevada, Placer, El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, Mono, Inyo, Alpine, Tuolumne, Mariposa, San Joaquin and Sacramento.
3. Counties of Colusa, Yolo, Lake, Solano, Contra Costa and Alameda.
4. County of San Francisco (part).
5. Counties of San Francisco (part), San Mateo and Santa Clara.
6. Counties of Santa Cruz, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Ventura and Los Angeles.
7. Counties of Stanislaus, Merced, San Benito, Fresno, Tulare, Kern, San Bernardino, Orange and San Diego.

Colorado.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 2 in all.

1. Counties of Arapahoe, Boulder, Jefferson, Lake, Larimer, Logan, Morgan, Park, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington, Weld and Yuma.
2. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Delta, Dolores, Douglas, Eagle, Elbert, El Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Huerfano, Kiowa, Kit Carson, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln, Mesa, Montezuma, Montrose, Otero, Ouray, Pitkin, Prowers, Pueblo, Rio Blanco, Rio Grande, Routt, Saguache, San Juan, San Miguel, Summit and Weld.

Georgia.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 11 in all.

1. Counties of Chatham, Burke, Screven, Emanuel, Bulloch, Effingham, Bryan, Tatnall, Liberty and McIntosh.
2. Counties of Quitman, Clay, Randolph, Terrell, Calhoun, Dougherty, Worth, Early, Baker, Miller, Mitchell, Colquitt, Berrien, Decatur and Thomas.
3. Counties of Stewart, Webster, Sumter, Lee, Dooly, Wilcox, Schley, Pulaski, Twiggs, Houston, Macon, Taylor and Crawford.
4. Counties of Muscogee, Marion, Talbot, Harris, Meriwether, Troup, Coweta, Heard, Carroll and Chattahoochee.
5. Counties of Fulton, Douglas, Campbell, Clayton, DeKalb, Rockdale, Newton and Walton.
6. Counties of Bibb, Baldwin, Jones, Monroe, Upson, Pike, Spalding, Fayette, Henry and Butts.
7. Counties of Haralson, Paulding, Cobb, Polk, Floyd, Bartow, Chattooga, Gordon, Walker, Dade, Catoosa, Whitfield and Murray.
8. Counties of Jasper, Putnam, Morgan, Greene, Oconee, Clark, Oglethorpe, Madison, Elbert, Hart, Franklin and Wilkes.
9. Counties of Fannin, Union, Towns, Rabun, Habersham, White, Lumpkin, Dawson, Gilmer, Pickens, Cherokee, Forsyth, Milton, Gwinnett, Jackson, Hall and Banks.
10. Counties of Richmond, Columbia, Lincoln, Jefferson, Glascock, McDuffie, Warren, Taliaferro, Washington, Wilkinson and Hancock.
11. Counties of Glynn, Johnson, Laurens, Montgomery, Dodge, Telfair, Irwin, Coffee, Appling, Wayne, Pierce, Ware, Echols, Lowndes, Brooks, Charlton, Camden and Clinch.

Illinois.

Entitled to 2 additional representatives, or 22 in all.

The last Legislature did not re-district the State, so that the two additional representatives will be voted for at large at the next election.

Kansas.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 8 in all.

The last Legislature did not re-district the State, so that the additional representative will be voted for at large at the next election.

Massachusetts.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 13 in all.

1. Counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hampshire (part) and Hampden (part).
2. Counties of Franklin (part), Hampshire (part), Hampden (part) and Worcester (part).
3. Counties of Worcester (part) and Middlesex (part).
4. Counties of Worcester (part), Middlesex (part) and Norfolk (part).
5. Counties of Essex (part) and Middlesex (part).
6. County of Essex (part).
7. Counties of Essex (part), Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part).
8. Counties of Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part).

THE NEW CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT—*Continued.*

9. County of Suffolk (part).
10. Counties of Suffolk (part) and Norfolk (part).
11. Counties of Suffolk (part), Middlesex (part) and Worcester (part).
12. Counties of Norfolk (part), Plymouth (part) and Bristol (part).
13. Counties of Barnstable, Dukes, Nantucket, Plymouth (part) and Bristol (part).

Michigan.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 12 in all.
1. Thirteen wards of Detroit, Wayne County.
2. Counties of Senawee, Monroe, Jackson, Washtenaw and Wayne (part).
3. Counties of Branch, Kalamazoo, Calhoun and Eaton.
4. Counties of St. Joseph, Cass, Berrien, Van Buren, Allegan and Barry.
5. Counties of Ottawa, Kent and Ionia.
6. Counties of Oakland, Genesee, Livingston, Ingham and Wayne (part).
7. Counties of Macomb, Lapeer, St. Clair, Sanilac, Huron and Wayne (part).
8. Counties of Clinton, Shiawassee and Tuscola.
9. Counties of Muskegon, Oceana, Newaygo, Mason, Lake, Manistee, Wexford, Benzie, Leelanaw and Manitou.
10. Counties of Bay, Midland, Gladwin, Arenac, Ogemaw, Iasco, Alcona, Oscoda, Crawford, Montmorency, Alpena, Presque Isle, Otsego, Cheboygan and Emmet.
11. Counties of Montcalm, Gratiot, Isabella, Mecosta, Oxala, Clare, Roscommon, Missaukee, Kalkaska, Grand Traverse, Antrim and Charlevoix.
12. Counties of Delta, Schoolcraft, Chippewa, Mackinac, Ontonagon, Marquette, Menominee, Dickinson, Baraga, Houghton, Keweenaw, Isle Royal, Alger, Luce, Iron, Cass and Gogebic.

Minnesota.

Entitled to 2 additional representatives, or 7 in all.
1. Counties of Houston, Fillmore, Mower, Freeborn, Waseca, Steele, Dodge, Olmsted, Winona and Wabasha.
2. Counties of Faribault, Martin, Jackson, Nobles, Rock, Pipestone, Murray, Watonwan, Blue Earth, Nicollet, Brown, Redwood, Lyon, Lincoln, Yellow Medicine, Lac qui Parle, Chippewa and Cottonwood.
3. Counties of Goodhue, Dakota, Rice, Scott, Le Sueur, Sibley, Carver, McLeod, Renville and Meeker.
4. Counties of Ramsey, Washington, Chisago; Isanti and Kanabec.
5. County of Hennepin.
6. Counties of Cook, Lake, St. Louis, Itasca, Carlton, Aitkin, Crow Wing, Pine, Mille Lacs, Anoka, Sherburne, Wright, Stearns, Benton, Morrison, Todd, Cass, Wadena, Hubbard and Beltrami.
7. Counties of Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Norman, Clay, Wilkin, Traverse, Big Stone, Swift, Kandiyohi, Stevens, Pope, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail and Becker.

Missouri.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 15 in all.
The last Legislature did not re-district the State, so that the additional representative will be voted for at large at the next election.

Nebraska.

Entitled to 3 additional representatives, or 6 in all.
1. Counties of Cass, Johnson, Lancaster, Lincoln, Otoe, Pawnee, Richardson and Wehama.
2. Counties of Douglas, Sarpy and Washington.
3. Counties of Antelope, Boone, Burt, Cedar, Colfax, Cuming, Dakota, Dixon, Dodge, Knox, Madison, Merrick, Nance, Pierce, Platte, Stanton, Thurston and Wayne.
4. Counties of Butler, Gage, Fillmore, Hamilton, Jefferson, Polk, Saline, Saunders, Seward, Thayer and York.
5. Counties of Adams, Chase, Clay, Dundy, Franklin, Frontier, Furnas, Gosper, Hall, Harlan, Hayes, Hitchcock, Kearney, Nuckolls, Perkins, Phelps, Red Willow and Webster.
6. Counties of Arthur, Banner, Blaine, Box Butte, Brown, Buffalo, Cheyenne, Cherry, Custer, Dawes, Dawson, Deuel, Garfield, Greeley, Holt, Hooper, Howard, Keya Paha, Keith, Kimball, Lincoln, Logan, Loup, McPherson, Rock, Scott's Bluff, Sheridan, Sherman, Sioux, Thomas, Valley and Wheeler.

New-Jersey.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 8 in all.
1. Counties of Camden, Cumberland, Cape May, Gloucester and Salem.
2. Counties of Atlantic, Mercer, Burlington and Ocean.
3. Counties of Somerset, Middlesex and Monmouth.
4. Counties of Sussex, Warren, Hunterdon, Morris and Essex (part).
5. Counties of Bergen, Passaic, and Hudson (part).
6. City of Newark in the county of Essex.
7. Cities of Jersey City and Hoboken, and the townships of Harrison and Kearney, county of Hudson.
8. The counties of Union, Essex (part) and Hudson (part).

Oregon.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 2 in all.
1. Counties of Benton, Clackamas, Coos, Curry, Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, Klamath, Lake, Linn, Lane, Marion, Polk, Tillamook, Washington and Yamhill.
2. Counties of Baker, Clatsop, Columbia, Crook, Gilliam, Grand, Harney, Malheur, Morrow, Multnomah, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa and Wasco.

Pennsylvania.

Entitled to 2 additional representatives, or 30 in all.
The last Legislature did not re-district the State, and the two additional representatives will be voted for at large at the next election.

Texas.

Entitled to 2 additional representatives, or 13 in all.
The last Legislature did not re-district the State, and the two additional representatives will be voted for at large at the next election.

Washington.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 2 in all.
The last Legislature did not re-district the State, and the additional representative will be voted for at large at the next election.

Wisconsin.

Entitled to 1 additional representative, or 10 in all.
1. Counties of Racine, Kenosha, Walworth, Rock, Green and Lafayette.
2 Counties of Jefferson, Dodge, Dane and Columbia.
3. Counties of Adams, Juneau, Vernon, Sauk, Richland, Crawford, Grant and Iowa.
4. County of Milwaukee (part).
5. Counties of Sheboygan, Ozaukee, Washington, Waukesha and Milwaukee (part).
6. Counties of Waushara, Marquette, Green Lake, Fond du Lac, Winnebago, Calumet and Manitowoc.
7. Counties of Pepin, Eau Claire, Buffalo, Trempealeau, Jackson, Monroe and La Crosse.
8. Counties of Wood, Portage, Waupaca, Outagamie, Brown, Kewaunee and Door.
9. Counties of Clark, Taylor, Price, Ashland, Oneida, Lincoln, Marathon, Shawnee, Langlade, Forest, Florrence, Marinette and Oconto.
10. Counties of Bayfield, Douglas, Burnett, Sawyer, Washburn, Polk, Barron, Chippewa, St. Croix, Dunn and Pierce.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

In the following pages, information of daily interest to citizens and visitors about the City of New-York is given, the subjects, for convenience of reference, being arranged alphabetically. This information is of the date of January 1, 1892, but it must be borne in mind that changes in an active community like that of New York are continuously going on, and that accuracy in details can only be guaranteed for the date of issue of the Almanac.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSES AND THEATRES.

Name.	Location.	Proprietors or Managers.	Seating Capacity.*	Prices of Admission.	Performance Begins. P.M.
Academy of Music.	E. 14th St. and Irving Pl.	E. G. Gilmore	2,900	$1.00, 75c., 50c.	8.15, mat. 2.
Amberg Theatre	E. 15th St. and Irving Pl.	Gustav Amberg	1,200	1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Bijou Theatre	B'way, n. 30th St.	J. W. Rosenquest	1,500	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8.10, mat. 2.
Broadway Theatre.	B'way and 41st St.	F. W. Sanger	1,850	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8, mat. 2.
Columbus Theatre	E. 125th St., n. Lex. Ave.	Oscar Hammerstein.	2,000	1.00, 75c., 50c., 35c	8.15, mat. 2.
Casino	B'way and 39th St.	Rudolph Aronson	1,600	2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Daly's Theatre	B'way and 30th St.	Augustin Daly	1,600	2.00, 1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c.	8.15, mat. 2.
Eighth St. Theatre.	W. 8th St., n. B'way.		800		8.
Fifth Ave. Theatre†	B'way and 28th St.	Harry Miner			
Fourteenth St. Th.	W. 14th St., n. 6th Ave.	J. W. Rosenquest	1,700	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8, mat. 2.
Garden Theatre	Madison Ave., 27th St.	T. H. French	1,800	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8, mat. 2.
Grand Opera House	W. 23d St. and 8th Ave.	T. H. French	2,000	1.00, 75c., 50c	8, mat. 2.
HarlemOperaHouse	W. 125th St., n. 7th Ave.	Oscar Hammerstein.	2,000	1.50, $1.25, $1.00, 75c., 50c.	8.15, mat. 2.
Harlem Theatre	E. 125th St., n. 3d Ave.	F. W. Hoefle	1,400	30c., 20c., 10c	8, mat. 2.
Harrigan's Theatre.	W. 35th St., n. 6th Ave.	M. W. Hanley	1,100	$1.50, $1.00, 75c.	8, mat. 2.
Herrmann'sTheatre	B'way, n. 29th St.	A. Herrmann.	700	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c.	8.30, mat. 2.
Lex.Ave.Op.House	3d Ave., n. 58th St.		1,400		8.
London Theatre	235 Bowery	James Donald	1,800	75c., 50c., 35c., 15c	8, mat. 2.
Lyceum Theatre	4th Ave., n. 23d St.	Daniel Frohman	700	$1.50, $1.00, 75c	8.15, mat. 2.
MadisonSq.Theatre	W. 24th St., n. B'way	Hoyt & Thomas	800	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8.30, mat. 2.
Manhatt'nOp.H'se†	W. 34th St., n. B'way.	Oscar Hammerstein.			
Metropolitan Op.H.	B'way and 40th St.	Edmund D. Stanton.	2,900	Vary with attraction	Varies.
Miner's Bowery Th.	Bowery, n. Broome St.	H. C. Miner	2,000	75c., 50c., 25c.	8, mat. 3.
Miner's 8th Ave. Th.	8th Ave., n. 23d St.	H. C. Miner	1,000	75c., 50c., 35c., 25c	8, mat. 2.
New Park Theatre.	B'way and 35th St.	William M. Dunlevy	1,300	$1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c.	8, mat. 2.
Niblo's Garden	B'way, n. Prince St.	E. G. Gilmore	3,000	75c., 50c., 25c., 15c	8, mat. 2.
Palmer's Theatre	B'way and 30th St.	A. M. Palmer	1,100	$1.50, $1.00, 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
People's Theatre	199 Bowery	Harry Miner	2,500	1.00, 75c., 50c., 25c	8, mat. 2.
Proctor's Theatre	W. 23d St., n. 6th Ave.	Proctor & Turner	1,700	1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Standard Theatre	B'way, n. 33d St.	J. M. Hill	1,400	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Star Theatre	B'way and 13th St.	Theodore Moss	2,000	1.50, 1.00, 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Thalia Theatre	Bowery, n. Canal St.	C. & T. H. Rosenfeld	2,000	1.50, 1.25, $1.00, 75c., 50c.	8.15, mat. 2.
Third Ave. Theatre	3d Ave. and 30th St.	H. R. Jacobs	2,500	75c., 50c., 35c., 25c	8, mat. 2.
TonyPastor'sTh'tre	E. 14th St., n. 3d. Ave.	Tony Pastor	900	$1.50, $1.00, 75c., 50c	8, mat. 2.
UnionSquareTh'tre	E. 14th St., n. B'way	J. M. Hill	1,200	1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50c	8.15, mat. 2.
Windsor Theatre	Bowery, n. Canal St.	F. B. Murtha	1,800	75c., 50c., 35c., 25c.	8, mat. 2.

* Seating capacity is given, but there is usually standing room in addition for a large number of persons.
† These houses are now (January 1) being built. Theatre-goers should consult the daily papers as to time performances begin, as it varies in some houses with the nature of the attractions.

MUSIC HALLS.

Name.	Managers.	Location.	Seating Capacity.
Berkeley Lyceum	Frank Bohn	W. 44th St., bet. 5th and 6th Ave.	500
Carnegie Hall	Morris Reno	W. 57th St., 9th Ave	2,000
Chickering Hall	E. H. Colell	5th Ave. and 18th St.	1,250
Eden Musée	E. G. Graham	W. 23d St., bet. B'way and 6th Ave.	1,000
Hardman Hall	Hardman & Peck	5th Ave., near 18th St.	500
Koster & Bial's	Koster & Bial	W. 23d St., W. of 6th Ave.	1,000
Lenox Lyceum	E. Ferrero	E. 59th St. and Madison Ave.	2,000
Madison Square Garden	T. H. French	Madison Ave., 26th and 27th Sts.	10,000
Steck Hall		11 E. 14th St.	300
Steinway Hall	C. F. Tretbar	E. 14th St. and 4th Ave.	1,000

Musical entertainments are sometimes given in halls customarily used for other purposes, such as the hall of the Cooper Union, the hall of the Masonic Temple, Tammany Hall, Clarendon Hall, 114 East 13th Street, and the Germania Assembly Rooms on the Bowery.

There are, in addition, a large number of music halls patronized by our German population, in which refreshments are served, the most notable of which is the Atlantic Garden on the Bowery, near Canal St.

AMUSEMENTS—*Continued.*

DIME MUSEUMS.

Doris's, 8th Ave. and 28th St.; Doris's, 3d Ave. and 125th St.; Globe, 298 Bowery; Galety, 138 Bowery, Grand, Grand St.; Harlem, 3d Ave. and 115th St.; Huber's, E. 14th St.; Worth's, 6th Ave. and 30th St.

GROUNDS FOR OUT-DOOR SPORTS.

Berkeley Oval, Morris Dock; Manhattan Fields, 8th Ave. and 155th and 156th Sts.; Polo Grounds, 8th Ave. and 157th and 158th Sts.

Art.

ART GALLERIES.

Name.	Location.	Admission.	Name.	Location.	Admission.
Avery, S. P., Jr.	368 Fifth Ave.	Free.	Knoedler & Co.	5th Ave., n. 22d St.	Free.
Amer. Art Galleries	6 E. 23d St.	25c.	Lenox Library	5th Ave., n. 70th St.	"
American Water-Color Society	52 W. 10th St.		Met. Museum of Art	Central Park, n. E. 82d St.	Tues.& Fri., 25c.; other days free.
Blakeslee & Co.	218 5th Ave.	Free.			
Cottier & Co.	144 5th Ave.	"			
Durand-Ruel	5th Ave., n. 31st St.	"	Nat. Acad. of Design	4th Ave. and 23d St.	25c.
Historical Society	170 2d Ave.	Introduction by Memb'r	New-York Etching Cl'b	49 W. 22d St.	25c.
			Schaus, William	204 5th Ave.	25c.

The private galleries of wealthy New-York people are extensive, and the selections of paintings are of great merit and value. Among the most notable collections are those of the Astors and Vanderbilts, Mrs. Belmont, Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts, William Rockefellow, Henry G. Marquand, Thomas B. Clark, and S. P. Avery. Admission to view these galleries may occasionally be obtained by applying by letter to the owners.

ART SCHOOLS.

The principal art schools are the Art Students' League, 143 East 23d St.; Art Schools of the Cooper Union; Art Schools of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and Art Schools of the National Academy of Design. For particulars as to instruction, fees, and qualifications for admission, application must be made to the officials in charge.

Asylums.

Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, 138 2d Ave.
Association for Improving Condition of Poor, Bible House.
Association for Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, Amsterdam Ave., cor. West 104th St. Kate Oliver, Superintendent.
Blind, Institution for the, 9th Ave. and West 24th St. D. M. Wait, Superintendent.
Baptist Home for Aged, East 68th St. and Park Ave. Cynthia Spencer, Superintendent.
Bloomingdale Insane Asylum, Boulevard, cor. West 117th St. S. B. Lyon, M.D., Superintendent.
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, East 66th St., near Lexington Ave. Mrs. J. E. Wood in charge.
Children's Aid Society, 24 St. Mark's Pl.
Children's Fold, 92d St. and 8th Ave. (Protestant Episcal). Miss E. Butler.
Christian Home for Intemperate Men, 1175 Madison Ave.
Colored Home and Hospital, 1st Ave., cor. 65th St. T. W. Bickerton, Superintendent.
Colored Orphan Asylum, Boulevard, near West 143d St. M. K. Sherwin, Superintendent.
Convalescents' Home, 433 East 118th St.
Day Nursery (St. Barnabas), 306 Mulberry St.
Deaf and Dumb Institution, 11th Ave. and 163d St.
East Side Boys' Lodging House, 287 East Broadway.
Five Points House of Industry, 155 Worth St.
Five Points Mission, 63 Park St.
Foundling Asylum, 68th St., near 3d Ave. Sister Mary Irene in charge.
Florence Nigh. Mission, 21 Bleecker St.
Free Home for Destitute Young Girls, 23 East 11th St. Miss Hatch, Superintendent.
Girls' Temporary Home, 27 St. Mark's Pl.
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum, 10th Ave., near 136th St.
Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 3d Ave., near 77th St.
Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, 105th St., near 9th Ave.
Home for Friendless Girls, 23 East 11th St.
Home for Incurables, 3d Ave., cor. East 182d St.
Home for Self-Supporting Women, 470 West 22d St.
Home for Sailors' Children, Staten Island.
Home for the Aged, 207 East 70th St. and 106th St., near 9th Ave.
Home for Friendless, for Females and Children, 32 East 30th St.
Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, 487 Hudson St.
Home for Young Women, 27 Washington Sq.
Home for Young Girls, 27 7th Ave.
Home of Industry for Discharged Convicts, 1115 1st Ave.
House of Mercy (Protestant Episcopal), foot of West 86th St.
House of Refuge, Randall's Island.
House of Rest for Consumptives, 1831 Anthony Ave.
House of the Good Shepherd, foot of East 90th St.
Howard Mission, 40 New Bowery.
Idiot Asylum, Randall's Island.
Infant Asylum, 10th Ave., cor. 61st St.
Insane Asylum, Ward's Island.
Institute for Relief of Ruptured and Crippled, 42d St. and Lexington Ave.
Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, foot of West 163d St.
Juvenile Asylum, 176th St., near 10th Ave.; Reception Room, 30 West 24th St.
Leake and Watts' Orphan House, 110th St., near 9th Ave. Rev. R. M. Hayden, Superintendent.
Lutheran Emigrant House, 26 State St.
Lying-in-Asylum, 139 2d Ave.
McAuley's Water Street Mission, 316 Water St.
Masonic Board of Relief, 4th Ave., cor. 23d St.
Memorial Day Nursery, 275 East Broadway.
Messiah Home for Children, 4 Rutherford Pl.
Methodist Episcopal Home, 10th Ave., cor. 92d St.
Midnight Mission, 260 Greene St.
Nursery and Childs' Hospital, East 51st St. and Lexington Ave. Mrs. A. S. Sullivan in charge.
Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, Boulevard and West 138th St. A. Haussmann, Superintendent.

ASYLUMS—*Continued.*

Mothers' Home, 106 West 123d St.
National Unsectarian Home, foot of West 181st St.
Newsboys' Lodging House, 9 Duane St.
Orphan Asylum, Riverside Ave., cor. West 73d St. Mrs. J. Odell.
Orphanage, Church of the Holy Trinity, 400 East 50th St.
Orphan Home and Asylum of Protestant Episcopal Church, 49th St., near Park Ave. Mrs. B. DePeyster, Director.
Peabody Home, 33d St. and Lexington Ave.
Peabody Home for Aged Women, 2,064 Boston Road.
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women, 73d St., near Madison Ave.
Protestant Half Orphan Asylum, 67 West 10th St., or 104th St. and Manhattan Ave.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum for Girls, Madison Ave. and 51st St.; for Boys, 647 5th Ave.
Sailors' Home, 190 Cherry St.
Sailors' Snug Harbor, Staten Island.
St. Agatha's Home for Children, 209 West 15th St.
St. Ann's Home for Children, 90th St. and Ave. A. Sister Mary Endes.
St. Barnabas' House, 304 Mulberry St. Mrs. A. F. Murray in charge.
St. John Baptist House, 233 East 17th St.
St. John's Guild, 24 University Pl.
St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, 209 West 15th St.
St. Joseph's Industrial Home, 65 East 81st St.
St. Joseph's Night Refuge for Homeless Women, 143 West 14th St.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, 89th St., cor. Ave. A.
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, 89th St. and Madison Ave.
St. Mary's Lodging House for Girls, 150 West 14th St.
Samaritan Home for the Aged, 414 West 22d St.
Shelter for Respectable Girls, 148 West 14th St.
Sheltering Arms, 504 West 129th St. Miss S. S. Richmond in charge.
Shepherd's Fold, 92d St. and 8th Ave. Miss E. K. Butler.
Sick Children's Mission, 287 East Broadway.
Temporary Home for Women, 84 2d Ave.
Trinity Chapel Home for Aged Women, 207 West 27th St.
Trinity Mission House, 209 Fulton St.
Veteran Firemen's Home, 131 West 14th St. W. L. Clark, Secretary.
Water Street Mission and Home for Women, 273 Water St.
West Side Boys' Lodging House, 400 7th Ave.
West Side Day Nursery and Industrial School, 266 West 40th St.
Wetmore Home for Friendless Girls, 49 Washington Sq.
Wilson Industrial School for Girls, 125 St. Mark's Pl.
Young Women's Home, 27 Washington Sq.
Zion Home for the Aged, 211 West 10th St.

Army of the United States

STATIONED IN AND AROUND THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Major-General Commanding the Department of the East—Oliver O. Howard.

STAFF OFFICERS.

Ass't Adj.-Gen.—Bt. Brig.-Gen. George D. Ruggles.
Inspector-Gen.—Col. Robert P. Hughes.
Ass't Qr.-Gen.—Bt. Brig.-Gen. C. H. Tompkins.
Ass't Com'y-Gen.—Lt.-Col. M. P. Small.
Ass't Surg.-Gen.—Col. Charles Page.
Ass't Paymaster-Gen.—Col. Rodney Smith.
Chief Signal Officer—Maj. W. F. Randolph.
Dep. Judge Adv.-Gen.—Lt.-Col. T. F. Barr.
Aide-de-Camp—Lt. Guy Howard.
Aide-de-Camp—Lt. Charles G. Treat.

The headquarters of the department are at Governor's Island, New-York Harbor.

FORTS IN THE HARBOR OF NEW-YORK.

Name.	*Location.*	*Commanding Officers.*	*Troops.*
Fort Columbus	Governor's Island	Maj. Wm. L. Haskin	Three batteries 1st Artillery.
Fort Hamilton	Narrows, Long Island	Col. L. L. Langdon	Four batteries 1st Artillery.
Fort Lafayette	Narrows, Long Island	Col. L. L. Langdon	No garrison.
Fort Schuyler	Throgg's Neck, East River	Capt. John F. Calef	Two batteries 2d Artillery.
Fort at Sandy Hook	Sandy Hook	Sergt. Matthew Duggan	No garrison.
Fort Wadsworth	Narrows, Staten Island	Lt.-Col. R. Lodor	Three batteries 1st Artillery.
Fort Wood	Bedlow's Island	Capt. A. M. Wetherill	One company 6th Infantry.

Bar of New-York.

ASSOCIATION OF THE BAR.

President—Frederick R. Coudert.

Vice-President—William P. Dixon.
" Theodore W. Dwight.
" George Hoadley.
" Wager Swayne.
Vice-President—Stephen A. Walker.
Recording Secretary—S. B. Brownell.
Corresponding Secretary—David B. Ogden.
Treasurer—S. Sidney Smith.

At the time of the last report of the Executive Committee there were 1,123 members of the association. It was instituted in 1869, and its presidents have been as follows: 1870 to 1879, William M. Evarts; 1880 and 1881, Stephen P. Nash; 1882 and 1883, Francis N. Bangs; 1884 and 1885, James C. Carter; 1886 and 1887, William Allen Butler; 1888 and 1889, Joseph H. Choate; 1890 and 1891, Frederick R. Coudert. The admission fee is $50, and the annual dues from resident members, $40, and from non-resident members, $20.

THE LAWYERS' CLUB.

President, William Allen Butler, Jr.; *Secretary*, Samuel Borrowe; *Treasurer*, Edward L. Montgomery; *Governors*, E. L. Montgomery, William D. Guthrie, Samuel Borrowe, William Allen Butler, Jr., John J. McCook, James McKeen, Chauncey M. Depew, William A. Duer, George B. Post.

The resident membership of the club is 869; non-resident membership, 134; total, 1,003. Membership is not restricted to lawyers. There are no entrance fees, but the annual dues of resident members are $100, and of non-resident members, $50. Non-resident members who are public officials may pay $25 per annum, and clergymen, whether resident or non-resident, the same.

The number of practising lawyers in the city of New-York is about 5,600; in Brooklyn, 1,400.

Banks.

NATIONAL BANKS.

Name.	Location.	Capital.	President.	Cashier.	Discount Days.
American Exchange	128 Broadway	$5,000,000	George S. Coe	Edward Burns	Tues. and Fri.
Bank of Commerce	29 Nassau St	5,000,000	Vacant.	Wm. W. Sherman	Tues. and Fri.
Bank of Deposit	55 Liberty St	300,000	Lewis E. Ransom	Frank L. Brown	Daily.
Bank of New-York	42 Wall St	2,000,000	Charles M. Fry	Ebenezer S. Mason	Tues. and Fri.
Bank of the Republic	2 Wall St	1,500,000	John Jay Knox	Eugene H. Pullen	Tues. and Fri.
Broadway	237 Broadway	1,000,000	Francis A. Palmer	Arthur T. J. Rice	Daily.
Butchers' and Drovers'	124 Bowery	300,000	G. G. Brinkerhoff	William H. Chase	Wed. and Sat.
Central	320 Broadway	2,000,000	William L. Strong	Edward Skillin	Tues. and Fri.
Chase	15 Nassau St	500,000	H. W. Cannon	William H. Porter	Tuesdays.
Chatham	192 Broadway	450,000	George M. Hard	H. P. Doremus	Tues. and Fri.
Chemical	270 Broadway	300,000	Geo. G. Williams	Wm. J. Quinlan, Jr.	Daily.
Citizens'	401 Broadway	600,000	William H. Oakley	David C. Tiebout	Tues. and Fri.
City	52 Wall St	1,000,000	James Stillman	David Palmer	Tues. and Fri.
Continental	7 Nassau St	1,000,000	E. D. Randolph	Alfred H. Timpson	Tues. and Fri.
East River	682 Broadway	250,000	Charles Jenkins	Zenas E. Newell	Wed. and Sat.
Fifth	300 Third Ave	150,000	Richard Kelly	Andrew Thompson	Friday.
First	2 Wall St	500,000	George F. Baker	Ebenezer Scofield	Daily.
Fourth	14 Nassau St	3,200,000	J. Edwd. Simmons	C. H. Patterson	Tues. and Fri.
Gallatin	36 Wall St	1,000,000	Fred. D. Tappen	Arthur W. Sherman	Wednesday.
Garfield	71 W. 23d St	200,000	Alfred C. Cheney	Henry D. Northrop	Wednesday.
Hanover	11 Nassau St	1,000,000	James T. Woodward	James M. Donald	Tues. and Fri.
Hide and Leather	88 Gold St	500,000	Charles B. Fosdick	Fred. K. Burckett	Monday.
Importers' and Traders'	247 Broadway	1,500,000	E. H. Perkins, Jr.	Edward Townsend	Tues. and Fri.
Inter-State	167 Broadway	200,000	Robert H. Weems	Francis F. Stone	Friday.
Irving	287 Gold St	500,000	Charles H. Fancher	George E. Souper	Tues. and Fri.
Leather Manufacturers'	29 Wall St	600,000	John T. Willetts	Isaac H. Walker	Tues. and Fri.
Lincoln	34 E. 42d St	300,000	Thomas L. James	William T. Cornell	Wednesday.
Market and Fulton	81 Fulton St	750,000	Robert Bayles	Alex. Gilbert	Daily.
Mechanics'	33 Wall St	2,000,000	Horace E. Grath	William Sharp, Jr.	Daily.
Mercantile	191 Broadway	1,000,000	William P. St. John	Fred. B. Schenck	Daily.
Merchants'	42 Wall St	2,000,000	Jacob D. Vermilye	Cornelius V. Banta	Thursday.
Merchants' Exchange	257 Broadway	600,000	P. C. Lounsbury	Allen S. Apgar	Wed. and Sat.
National Collection	52 William St	.....	.....	.....	.....
National Park	214 Broadway	2,000,000	Ebenezer K. Wright	George S. Hickok	.....
New-York County	79 Eighth Ave	200,000	Francis L. Leland	Wm. H. Jennison	Tues. and Fri.
New-York National Ex.	136 Chambers St	300,000	Daniel B. Halstead	Isaac Howland	Tues. and Fri.
Ninth	407 Broadway	750,000	Jno. K. Cilley	Hiram H. Nazro	Tues. and Fri.
Phenix	49 Wall St	1,000,000	Eugene Dutill	Alfred M. Bull	Tuesday.
Seaboard	18 Broadway	500,000	Samuel G. Bayne	J. T. Thompson	.....
Second	190 Fifth Ave	300,000	George Montague	Joseph S. Case	Thursday.
Seventh	184 Broadway	300,000	Jno. McAnerney	John D. W. Grady	Tues. and Fri.
Shoe and Leather	271 Broadway	500,000	John M. Crane	Wm. D. Van Vleck	Tues. and Fri.
Sixth	1282 Broadway	200,000	Alex. H. Stevens	Andrew E. Colson	Mon. and Thurs.
Southern	78 Wall St	1,000,000	William Flannagan	Jesse D. Abrahams	Daily.
Third	26 Nassau St	1,000,000	John B. Woodward	Henry Chapin, Jr.	Daily.
Tradesmen's	291 Broadway	750,000	James E. Granniss	Oliver F. Berry	Tues. and Fri.
Union	39 William St	.....	.....	.....	.....
United States	41 Wall St	500,000	James H. Parker	Henry C. Hopkins	Tuesday.
Western	120 Broadway	3,500,000	Brayton Ives	H. A. Smith	.....
Windom	187 Greenwich St	.....	.....	.....	.....

STATE BANKS.

Astor Place	23 Astor Place	$250,000	A. C. Barnes	J. T. Perkins	Tues. and Fri.
Bank of America	16 Wall St	3,000,000	William H. Perkins	Dallas B. Pratt	Tues. and Fri.
Bank of Harlem	215 W. 125th St	102,000	David F. Porter	Charles E. Trotter	Wednesday.
Bank of N. Amsterdam	1434 Broadway	250,000	Thomas C. Acton	Nelson J. H. Edge	Wednesday.
Bank of North America	25 Nassau St	700,000	Warner Van Norden	Alva Trowbridge	Wednesday.
Bank of the Metropolis	29 Union Square	300,000	Robert Schell	Theodore Rogers	Thursday.
Bank of the State of N.Y.	33 William St	1,200,000	Richard L. Edwards	Beverley C. Duer	Daily.
Bowery	62 Bowery	250,000	Henry P. Degraaf	F. C. Mayhew	Tues. and Fri.
Canal Street	206 Canal St	100,000	Antonio Rasines	James Blair	Daily.
Clinton	87 Hudson St	300,000	Doug. R. Satterlee	Frank S. Hyatt	Tues. and Fri.
Columbia	501 Fifth Ave	200,000	Joseph Fox	David H. Rowland	Wednesday.
Corn Exchange	13 William St	1,000,000	William A. Nash	Loftin Love	Wednesday.
East Side	459 Grand St	500,000	Thomas R. Manners	William B. Nivin	Tues. and Fri.
Eleventh Ward	147 Ave. D	100,000	Henry Steers	Charles E. Brown	Tues. and Fri.
Empire State	610 Broadway	250,000	James W. Conrow	Charles H. Roberts	Tues. and Fri.
Fifth Ave. Bank of N.Y.	530 Fifth Ave	100,000	A. S. Frissell	Frank Dean	Fridays.
Fourteenth Street	3 East 14th St	100,000	George F. Vall	Wm. J. Worrell	.....
Gansevoort	356 W. 14th St	200,000	Timothy C. Kimball	Frank H. Skelding	Tues. and Fri.
German-American	50 Wall St	750,000	Henry Rocholl	J. F. Frederichs	Mon. and Thurs.
German Exchange	330 Bowery	200,000	Michael J. Adrian	Charles L. Adrian	Tues. and Fri.
Germania	215 Bowery	200,000	Marc Eidlitz	J. A. Morschhauser	Tues. and Fri.
Greenwich	402 Hudson St	200,000	John S. McLean	William H. Hawes	Tues. and Fri.
Hamilton	278 W. 125th St	150,000	Lucien C. Warner	Carroll St. John	.....
Harlem River	2007 Third Ave	100,000	Robinson Gill	E. G. Hinckley	Thursday.
Home	303 W. 42d St	100,000	Edm. Stephenson	Howard L. Bain	Thursday.

STATE BANKS—*Continued.*

Name.	Location.	Capital.	President.	Cashier.	Discount Days.
Hudson River	260 Columbus Ave.	$200,000	Fred. B. Elliott	Peter Snyder	Daily.
Madison Square	202 Fifth Ave	200,000	W. Wetmore Cryder	Lewis Thompson	.....
Manhattan Co.	40 Wall St	2,050,000	Dewitt C. Hays	J. T. Baldwin	Mon. and Thurs.
Mechanics' and Traders'	486 Broadway	400,000	Ignatz Boskowitz	Fernando Baltes	Tues. and Fri.
Mt. Morris	85 E. 125th St	250,000	Joseph M. Deveau	Thos. W. Robinson	Tues. and Fri.
Murray Hill	760 Third Ave	100,000	William A. Darling	Albert H. Gale	Tues. and Fri.
Mutual	481 Eighth Ave	200,000	David Stevenson	Walter Westervelt	.....
Nassau	9 Beekman St	500,000	Francis M. Harris	William H. Rogers	Wed. and Sat.
N.Y. Produce Exchange.	Produce Ex. Bldg.	1,000,000	Forrest H. Parker	William A. Sherman	Tues. and Fri.
Nineteenth Ward	953 Third Ave	100,000	Sam. H. Rathbone	James B. Story	Tues. and Fri.
Oriental	122 Bowery	300,000	Clinton W. Starkey	Nelson G. Ayres	Wed. and Sat.
Pacific	470 Broadway	422,700	Hart B. Brundrett	Sam. C. Merwin	Tues. and Fri.
People's	395 Canal St	200,000	Scott Foster	William Milne	Daily.
Riverside	962 Eighth Ave	100,000	Floyd Clarkson	Henry C. Copeland	Thursday.
St. Nicholas	120 Broadway	500,000	Arthur B. Graves	William J. Gardner	Wednesday.
State	296 Grand St	100,000	Oscar L. Richard	Jacob H. Rosebaum	Tues. and Fri.
Twelfth Ward	153 E. 125th St	200,000	Edward P. Steers	Isaac Anderson	Daily.
Twenty-Third Ward	2771 Third Ave	100,000	Thomas Mackeller	Charles W. Bogart	.....
Union Square	8 Union Sq., E.	200,000	Frederick Wagner	Adam Fales	Tues. and Fri.
West Side	485 Eighth Ave	200,000	J. W. B. Dobler	Theo. M. Bertime	Mon. and Thurs.

The bank Clearing House is at No. 14 Pine Street. W. A. Camp is manager. Sixty-five banks are associated for the purpose of exchanging the checks and bills they hold against each other. Other banks, not members of the association, clear through members. The representatives of the members appear at the Clearing House at 10 o'clock A.M. every business day, with the checks and bills to be exchanged. The Clearing House makes up the balances and notifies the members, and before half-past one o'clock those indebted pay their balances, and after that hour the other banks receive the amount due them. The Clearing House has been in operation since 1853.

Banks for Savings.

Name.	Location.	President.	Name.	Location.	President.
American	501 Fifth Ave	Daniel T. Hoag.	Harlem	2281 Third Ave.	William H. Colwell.
B'k for Savings	67 Bleecker St.	Merritt Trimble.	Merchants' Clks	20 Union Sq., E.	Andrew Warner.
Bowery	130 Bowery	Edward Wood.	Irving	96 Warren St	Clarence D. Heaton.
Broadway	4 Park Place	Francis A. Palmer.	Manhattan	644 Broadway	Edward Schell.
Citizen's	58 Bowery	E. A. Quintard.	Metropolitan	1 Third Ave	S. Warren Sneden.
Dollar	2771 Third Ave.	John Haffen.	New-York	81 Eighth Ave	Stephen W. Jones.
Dry Dock	343 Bowery	Andrew Mills.	North River	474 Eighth Ave.	William B. Stafford.
East River	3 Chambers St.	William H. Slocum.	Seamen's	74 Wall St.	William C. Sturges.
Emigrant	51 Chambers St.	James Olwell.	Twelfth Ward	217 W. 125th St.	Antonio Rasines.
Excelsior	79 West 23d St.	George C. Waldo.	Union Dime	54 W. 32d St.	Silas B. Dutcher.
Franklin	658 Eighth Ave	Archibald Turner.	United states	1048 Third Ave.	Constant A. Andrews.
German	100 E. 14th St.	Philip Bissinger.	West Side	56 Sixth Ave	Cornelius Van Cott.
Greenwich	248 Sixth Ave.	John H. Rhodes.			

Baths.

THE free public baths of the city of New-York are located upon the Hudson and East Rivers as follows:

Hudson River.

Battery.
Foot of Duane Street.
" Horatio Street.
" West Twenty-eighth Street.
" West Fiftieth Street.
" West One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street.

East River.

Foot of Market Street.
" Grand Street.
" Fifth Street.
" East Nineteenth Street.
" East Thirty-fourth Street.
" East Fifty-first Street.
" East Ninetieth Street.
" East One Hundred and Twelfth Street.
" East One Hundred and Thirty-eighth St.

Visitors to the public baths are required to furnish their own towels and bathing suits. These must be removed when the bathers leave the place. The days for bathing in the season (June 1 to October 15) are: For females, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; for men and boys, the other days of the week and half a day on Sunday. The hours for bathing are from 5 o'clock in the morning until 8.30 o'clock in the evening. Policemen are in attendance to preserve order and enforce the rules.

The bath-houses will accommodate 60 persons at a time. Each bather is allowed 20 minutes in the water. In each bath-house are two tanks: for adults, four feet of water; children, 3 feet. Last year 3,750,000 baths were taken in the public baths, about one third by women and girls.

At Centre Market there is a rain bath, accommodating 50 people, open all the year.

Bridges.

ACROSS THE HARLEM RIVER.

Second Avenue.....	Suburban Transit R.R.	West 181st Street.....	Washington Bridge.
Third Avenue.....	Public Bridge of iron.	Dyckman Street.....	Foot Bridge.
Fourth Avenue.....	N. Y. C. and H. R. Railroad B.	West 224th Street.....	Farmer's Bridge.
Madison Avenue	Public Bridge to 138th Street.	Spuyten Duyvil Creek.	King's Bridge.
McComb's Lane.....	Central B.(or McComb's Dam).	Junction with Hudson River.....	Draw Bridge.
Eighth Avenue.....	Northern R.R. Bridge.		
West 173d Street.....	High Bridge.		

High Bridge, over which the Croton water of the old aqueduct passes, is 1,460 feet long, supported by 13 arches on granite piers, the highest arch being 116 feet above water level.

Washington Bridge, at Tenth Avenue and West One Hundred and Eighty-first Street, is 2,400 feet long and 80 feet wide. The central arches are 510 feet each and 135 feet above high water.

BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

The bridge connecting New-York and Brooklyn over the East River from Park Row, New-York, to Sands and Washington Streets, Brooklyn, was begun January 2, 1870, and opened to traffic May 24, 1883.

The cost of the bridge was over $15,000,000.

The following are the statistics of the structure:

Width of bridge, 85 feet. Length of river span, 1,595 feet 6 inches.

Length of each land span, 930 feet. Length of Brooklyn approach, 971 feet. Length of New-York approach, 1,562 feet 6 inches.

Total length of carriageway, 5,989 feet. Total length of the bridge, with extensions, 6,537 feet.

Size of New-York caisson, 172 x 102 feet. Size of Brooklyn caisson, 168 x 102 feet. Timber and iron in caisson, 5,253 cubic yards. Concrete in well holes, chambers, etc., 5,669 cubic feet. Weight of New-York caisson, about 7,000 tons. Weight of concrete filling, about 8,000 tons.

New-York tower contains 46,945 cubic yards masonry. Brooklyn tower contains 38,214 cubic yards masonry. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn, 45 feet. Depth of tower foundation below high water, New-York, 78 feet. Size of towers at high-water line, 140 x 59 feet. Size of towers at roof course, 136 x 53 feet. Total height of towers above high water, 278 feet.

Clear height of bridge in centre of river span above high water, at 90 deg. F., 135 feet. Height of floor at towers above high water, 119 feet 3 inches.

Grade of roadway, 3¼ feet in 100 feet. Height of towers above roadway, 159 feet. Size of anchorage at base, 129 x 119 feet. Size of anchorage at top, 117 x 104 feet. Height of anchorages, 89 feet front, 85 feet rear. Weight of each anchor plate, 23 tons.

Number of cables, 4. Diameter of each cable, 15¾ inches. Length of each single wire in cables, 3,578 feet 6 inches. Ultimate strength of each cable, 12,000 tons. Weight of wire, 12 feet per pound. Each cable contains 5,296 paralleled (not twisted) galvanized steel, oil-coated wires, closely wrapped to a solid cylinder, 15¾ inches in diameter. Permanent weight suspended from cables, 14,580 tons.

The whole number of car passengers during the year ending December 1, 1891, was 39,766,043; whole number of foot and car passengers, 41,268,370.

Buildings, Office.

DIRECTORY OF OFFICE BUILDINGS IN NEW-YORK.

Alburtis, 33 Liberty Street.
Aldrich, 32 Warren Street.
Aldrich Court, 45 Broadway.
Armitage, 87 Pearl Street.
Astor, 10 Wall Street.
Bank of America, 46 Wall Street.
Benedict, 171 Broadway.
Bennett, 93 Nassau Street.
Bible House, Eighth Street and Fourth Avenue.
Boreel, 113 Broadway.
Brooklyn Life, 51 Liberty Street.
Brown Bros., 69 Wall Street.
Bryant, 57 Liberty Street.
Central, Broadway and Beaver Street.
Central Trust, 56 Wall Street.
Chesebrough, 21 State Street.
Coal and Iron Exchange, 19 Cortlandt Street.
Commercial, 40 Broadway.
Commercial Union Ins. Co., Pine and William Streets.
Continental, 100 Broadway.
Cooper Union, Third Avenue and Eighth Street.
Corbin, Broadway and John Street.
Cotton Exchange, Beaver and William Streets.
Delmonico, corner Beaver and William Streets.
Drexel, Broad and Wall Streets.
Duncan, 11 Pine Street.
Eagle, Wall and Pearl Streets.
Edison, 42 Broad Street.
Empire, 69 Broadway.
Equitable, 120 Broadway.
Evening Post, Broadway and Fulton Street.
Excelsior, 111 Nassau Street.
Exchange, 78 Broadway.
Exchange Court, 52 Broadway.
Germania Fire Insurance Co., Pine and Cedar Streets.
Guernsey, 160 Broadway.
Hemenway, 35 Broadway.
Imperial, 31, 33 Pine Street.
Insurance, 49, 51 Wall Street.
Kemble, 15 Whitehall Street.
Kemp, 68 William Street.
Kent, 79 Nassau Street.
Knickerbocker, 2 West Fourteenth Street.
Lackawanna, 26 Exchange Place.
Lancashire, 25 Pine Street.
Law, 82, 84 Nassau Street.
Lawrence, 84 Broadway.
Liverpool, London and Globe, 45 William Street.
London and Lancashire, 57 William Street.
Manhattan Company, 42 Wall Street.
Mercantile Exchange, 6 Harrison Street.
Merchants, 2 Stone Street.
Metropolitan, Park Place and Church Street.
Mills, 15 Broad Street.
Moffatt, 335 Broadway.
Munro, 45 Rose Street.
Morse, 138 Nassau Street.
Mortimer, 11 Wall Street.
Mutual Life, 28 Nassau Street.
National, 57 Broadway.
Nelson, 19 Park Place.
New-York Life, 348 Broadway.
Orient, 43 Wall Street.
Parmley, 165 Broadway.
Popham, 78-80, Broad Street.
Post, 18 Exchange Place.
Potter, 35 Park Row.
Produce Exchange, Broadway and Beaver Streets.
Pulitzer, Frankfort and Nassau Streets.
Relief, 149 Broadway.

BUILDINGS, OFFICE—*Continued.*

Royal, 50 Wall Street.
Schermerhorn, 96 Broadway.
Smith, 13 Cortlandt Street.
Standard Oil, 26 Broadway.
Staats-Zeitung, Park Row and Centre Streets.
Stevens, 18 Wall Street.
Stewart, Broadway and Chambers Street.
Stone, 28-36 Liberty Street.
Telephone, 16 Cortlandt Street.
Temple Court, 5 Beekman Street.
Thomson, 38 Wall Street.
Times, Park Row and Nassau Street.
Tontine, 88 Wall Street.
Tower, 50 Broadway.
Tribune, Nassau and Spruce Streets.
Trinity, 111 Broadway.
Union, 54 William Street.
Union Trust, 82 Broadway.
United Bank, Broadway and Wall Street.
United States Bank, 41 Wall Street.
United States Trust, 47 Wall Street.
Vanderbilt, 132 Nassau Street.
Waltham, 1 Bond Street.
Washington, 1 Broadway.
Welles, 14 Broadway.
Wemple, 83 Nassau Street.
Western Union, 195 Broadway.
Wilkes, 15 Wall Street.
Wood, 115 Nassau Street.

Buildings, Public.

DIRECTORY OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS IN NEW-YORK.

Army Building, Whitehall and Pearl Streets.
Assay Office, 30 Wall Street.
Barge Office, foot of Whitehall Street.
Castle Garden, Battery Park.
City Hall, City Hall Park.
County Court House, Chambers Street near Broadway.
Custom House, Wall and William Streets.
Jefferson Market Court, Sixth Ave. and Tenth St.
Ludlow Street Jail, near Grand Street.
Post Office, Broadway and Park Row.
Register's Office, City Hall Park.
State Arsenal, Seventh Ave and Thirty-fifth St.
Sub-Treasury, Wall and Nassau Streets.
Tombs, Centre and Franklin Streets.

Brooklyn.

A FINE map of Brooklyn will be found next to page 434. For the information of strangers visiting Brooklyn, as well as the residents of the two cities, the elevated and street car lines of Brooklyn have been inserted, and follow those of New-York. (See "Railroads.")

DIRECTORY OF PLACES OF INTEREST IN BROOKLYN.

Academy of Music, Montague St., near City Hall.
Amphion Theatre, Bedford Ave. and S 9th St.
Art Association Building, Montague St., near City Hall.
Beecher's Church (Plymouth Church, now Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott's), Orange St., bet. Hicks and Henry Sts.
Bedford Avenue Theatre, S. 6th St., near Bedford Ave.
Brooklyn Club, Pierrepont St., cor. Clinton St.
Brooklyn Library, Montague St., near City Hall.
City Hall. In the City Hall Park, junction Fulton, Court and Joralemon Sts.
Court House, Fulton St., near City Hall.
Criterion Theatre, Fulton St., near Grand Ave.
Fort Green (Revolutionary Ground), now Washington Park, Myrtle Ave. and Canton St.
Grand Opera House, Elm Pl., near Fulton St.
Greenwood Cemetery, main entrance on 5th Ave., opposite 25th St.
Hamilton Club, cor. Clinton and Remsen Sts.
Holy Trinity Church (Prot. Epis.), cor. Montague and Clinton Sts.
Lee Ave. Academy, Lee Ave., near Division Ave.
Lincoln Club, 65 and 67 Putnam Ave.
Long Island Historical Society Building, cor. Clinton and Pierrepont Sts.
Municipal Building, Livingston St., rear of City Hall.
Montauk Club, cor. Lincoln Pl. and 8th Ave.
Navy Yard, on south shore of Wallabout Bay.
Packer Institute, Joralemon, near Clinton St.
Park Theatre, Fulton St., opposite City Hall.
Polytechnic Institute, Livingston, near Court St.
Pratt Institute, Mechanical Training School, Ryerson St., near De Kalb Ave.
Proctor's Theatre, S. 4th and Driggs Sts.
Prospect Park, principal entrance on Flatbush Ave.
Talmage's Tabernacle, Clinton and Greene Aves.
Thomas Jefferson Club, Boerum Pl., near Fulton.
Union League Club, cor. Bedford Ave. and Dean St.

Churches.

DIRECTORY OF CHURCHES IN NEW-YORK.

AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Bethel, 214 Sullivan St.
First African Union, 121 W. 25th St.
Little Zion, 236 E. 117th St.
St. Paul's, E. 158th St., near Elton Av.
Union American, 230 E. 85th St.
Zion, 351 Bleecker St.

BAPTIST.

Abyssinian, 166 Waverly Pl.
Amity, 310 W. 54th St.
Ascension, 527 E. 160th St.
Berean, 33 Bedford St.
Calvary, W. 57th St., near 6th Av., *Rev. Dr. McArthur's.*
Carmel, 121st St., near 2d Av.
Central, 220 W. 42d St.

BAPTIST—Continued.

Central Park, 220 W. 42d St.
Colgate Chapel, 332 E. 20th St.
East, 323 Madison Av.
Ebenezer, 154 W. 36th St.
Emmanuel, 47 Suffolk St.
Epiphany, Madison Av., cor. 64th St.
Fifth Av., 10 W. 46th St.
First, E. 39th St., cor Park Av.
First, 81st St., bet. Boulevard and West End Aves.
First German, 336 E. 14th St.
First German, 162 E. 112th St.
First Swedish, 332 E. 20th St.
Free, 235 W. 25th St.
Grace, 1529 3d Av.
Lexington Av., E. 11th St., cor. Lexington Ave.
Macdougal St., 22 Macdougal St.

CHURCHES—*Continued.*

BAPTIST—Continued.

Madison Av., cor. E. 31st St.
Mariner's, 12 Oliver St.
Mount Morris, 5th Av., near W. 126th St.
Mount Olivet, 161 W. 53d St.
North, 234 W. 11th St.
North N. Y., Alexander Av., cor. E. 141st St.
People's, 365 W. 48th St.
Redeemer, 131st St., near 7th Av.
Riverside, 92d St., cor. Amsterdam Av.
Second German, 451 W. 45th St.
Sixth St., 644 6th St.
Sixteenth St., 257 W. 16th St.
Tabernacle, 166 2d Av., near 10th St.
Third German, Washington Av., near E. 169th St.
Thirty-third St., 327 W. 23d St., cor. 4th Av.
Tremont, 815 Washington Av.
Twenty-third St., 23d St., cor. 4th Av. *Rev. Thomas Dixon's.*
Trinity, 141 E. 55th St.
West 33d St., bet. 8th and 9th Aves.
Zion, 138 W. 24th St.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Bethany, 10th Av., near 35th St.
Broadway Tabernacle, 582 6th Av. *Rev. Dr. Taylor's.*
Central, 309 W. 57th St.
First, 1053 Washington Av.
Pilgrim, Madison Av., cor. 121st St.
Smyrna, Welsh, 206 E. 11th St.
Trinity, Washington Av., cor. E. 176th St.

EVANGELICAL.

Dingeldein Memorial, German, 429 E. 77th St.
First Church of the Evangelical Assn., 214 W. 35th St.
Second Church of the Evangelical Assn., 342 W. 53d St.

FRIENDS.

East Fifteenth St., cor. Rutherford Pl.
Twentieth St., 144 E. 20th St.

JEWISH.

Adareth El, 135 E. 20th St.
Adas Israel, Wilkowishker, 49 E. Broadway.
Adath Israel, 350 E. 57th St.
Ahawath Chesed, 652 Lexington Av.
Ansche Sfard, 99 Attorney St.
Beth Hamedrash Hagodal, 54 Norfolk St.
Beth Hamedrash Shaahel Torah, 24 Chrystie St.
Beth Israel Emanuel, 213 E. 108th St.
Beth Israel Bikor Cholem, E. 72d St., cor. Lexington Av.
Beth-El, 817 Lexington Av.
Bnai Ames Mariampoler, 44 E. Broadway.
Bnai Israel, 289 E. 4th St.
Bnai Jeshurun, Madison Av., cor. 65th St.
Bnai Sholom, 630 5th St.
Bnai Sholom, 2061 Lexington Av.
Chefra Kadischa Talmud Thora, 622 5th St.
Chebra Kadusha Buay Rappaport, 66 Essex St.
Darech Amuno, 7 7th Av.
Gates of Hope, 113 E. 86th St.
Kahal Adath-Jeshurun, 14 Eldridge St.
Meshkan Israel Anshel Suvalk, 56 Chrystie St.
Montefiore Home, Boulevard and W. 138th St.
Mount Sinai, 160 E. 112th St.
Ohab Zedek, 146 Norfolk St.
Ohavay Sholom, 31 E. Broadway.
Orach Chaim, 894 1st Av.
Rodolph Sholom, 8 Clinton St.
Shaaer Hashamoim, 91 Rivington St.
Shaarai Berocho, 240 E. 45th St.
Shaarai Tephilla, 127 W. 44th St.
Shaarai Zedeck, 38 Henry St.
Shearith Israel, 98 Av. C.
Shearith Israel, 5 W. 19th St.
Sons of Israel, 15 Pike St.
Talmud Torah, 33 Hester St.
Temple Emanu-El, 521 5th Av. *Rabbi Gottheil.*
Temple Israel of Harlem, 5th Av., cor. 125th St.
Thifereth Israel Merupin, 10 Norfolk St.
Zichron Osher, 80th St. and 10th Av.

LUTHERAN.

Christ, 404 E. 19th St.
Emigrant House Chapel, 26 State St.
Evangelical of the Epiphany, 72 E. 128th St.
Evangelical of Holy Trinity, 47 W. 21st St.
Gustavus Adolphus, 151 E. 22d St.
Immanuel, 215 E. 83d St.
Immanuel, 88th St., cor. Lexington Av.
St. James', 216 E. 15th St.
St. John's, 81 Christopher St.
St. John's, 217 E. 119th St.
St. John's, 801 E. 169th St.
St. Luke's, 233 W. 42d St.
St. Mark's, 323 6th St.
St. Matthew's, 354 Broome St.
St. Matthew's, German, Cortlandt Av., near E. 154th St.
St. Paul's, 226 6th Av.
St. Paul's, 149 W. 123d St.
St. Paulus German Evangelical, 928 E. 150th St.
St. Peter's, 474 Lexington Av.
Trinity, 139 Av. B.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Allen St., 126 Allen St.
Asbury, 82 Washington Sq., E.
Bedford St., 28 Morton St.
Beekman Hill, 319 E. 50th St., near 2d Av.
Bethany Chapel, 123d St., near 1st Av.
Calvary, 129th St. and 7th Av.
Centenary, Washington Av., cor. E. 166th St.
Central, 58 7th Av., near 14th St.
Cornell Memorial, E. 76th St., near 2d Av.
Duane, 294 Hudson St.
Eighteenth St., 307 W. 18th St.
Eleventh St. Chapel, 545 E. 11th St.
Fifty-sixth St., 440 W. 56th St.
First German, 252 2d St.
Fordham, 2790 Marion Av.
Forsyth St., 10 Forsyth St.
Forty-fourth St., 461 W. 44th St.
Forty-third St., 253 W. 43d St.
Franklin St., 176 Franklin St.
German, Elton Av., cor. E. 158th St.
German, 346 W. 40th St.
German Emmanuel, 170 E. 11th St.
German Mission House, 27 State St.
Grace, 131 W. 10th St.
Hedding, 337 E. 17th St.
Jane St., 13 Jane St.
John St., 44 John St.
Ladies' Five Points Home Mission, 63 Park St.
Madison Avenue, Madison Av., cor. 60th St.
Mott Avenue, Mott Av., cor. E. 150th St.
North New-York, Willis Av., cor. E. 141st St.
Park Avenue, Park Av., cor. 86th St.
Perry St., 122 Perry St.
Rose Hill, 221 E. 27th St.
St. Andrew's, 71st St., near Columbus Av.
St. James', Madison Av., cor. 126th St.
St. John's, 231 W. 53d St.
St. Luke's, 110 W. 41st St.
St. Mark's, 65 W. 35th St.
St. Paul's, 4th Av., cor. 22d St.
St. Paul's, German, 508 E. 55th St.
St. Stephen's, King's Bridge Road, cor. Broadway.
Saviour, 109th St., near Madison Av.
Second St., 276 2d St.
Seventh St., 24 Seventh St.
Sixty-first St., 229 E. 61st St.
Swedish, Lexington Av., cor. E. 52d St.
Thirtieth Street, 331 W. 30th St.
Thirty-fifth St., 460 W. 35th St.
Thirty-seventh St., 225 E. 37th St.
Tremont, Washington Av., cor. E. 178th St.
Trinity, 323 E. 118th St.
Twenty-fourth St., 359 W. 24th St.
Washington Heights, 10th Av., cor. 153d St.
Washington Square, 137 W. 4th St.
Wesley Chapel, 87 Attorney St.
West Farms, 1264 Tremont Av.
West Harlem, 7th Av., cor. 129th St.
Willett St., 9 Willett St.
Woodlawn, Woodlawn.

CHURCHES—*Continued.*

PRESBYTERIAN.

Adams Memorial, 211 E. 30th St.
Alexander Chapel, 7 King St.
Bethany, E. 137th St., near Willis Av.
Brick, 5th Av., cor. 37th St.
Calvary, 113th St., cor. Madison Av.
Canal St., 17 Greene St.
Central, 220 W. 57th St.
Chalmers, 7th Av., near 18th St.
Chinese Mission, 15 University Place.
Christ, 228 W. Thirty-fifth St.
Covenant, Park Av., cor. 35th St. Covenant Chapel, 310 E. 42d St.
East Harlem, 233 E. 116th St.
Faith, 423 W. 46th St.
Fifth Avenue, 708 5th Av. Chapel, 131 7th Av. Romeyn Chapel, 420 E. 14th St. *Rev. Dr. John Hall's.*
First, 54 5th Av., cor. 12th St.
First, Washington Av., near E. 174th St.
First of Morrisania, Washington Av., near E. 167th St.
First Union, 147 E. 86th St.
First United, 34th St., bet. 7th and 8th Aves.
Fourth, 124 W. 34th St. West Side Chapel, 439 W. 33d St.
Fourth Av., 286 4th Av. Hope Chapel, 311 E. 4th St. Grace Chapel, 347 E. 22d St.
Fourteenth St., 225 2d Av.
French Evangelical, 126 W. 16th St.
German, 292 Madison St.
Harlem, 43 E. 125th St.
Knox, 252 E. 72d St.
Madison Av., 506 Madison Av.
Madison Square, 9 Madison Av.
Mount Washington, Inwood.
New-York, 7th Av., cor. 128th St.
North, 374 9th Av.
Park, Amsterdam Av., cor. 86th St.
Phillips, Madison Av., cor. 73d St.
Prospect Hill, 82d St., near Park Av.
Puritans', 15 W. 130th St.
Riverdale, Riverdale.
Rutgers Riverside Church, Boulevard and W. 73d St.
Scotch, 53 W. 14th St. Salem Mission, 185 Spring St.
Sea and Land, 19 Market St.
Second German, 435 E. Houston St.
Seventh, 138 Broome St.
Shiloh, 167 W. 26th St.
Spring St., 246 Spring St.
Thirteenth St., 145 W. 13th St.
Twenty-third St., 210 W. 23d St.
Thirty-seventh St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves.
University Place, cor. 10th St. Missions, 226 Thompson St.; Bethlehem, 180 Wooster St.; Emmanuel Chapel, 735 6th St.
Washington Heights, 10th Av., cor. 155th St.
Welsh, 225 E. 13th St.
West, 31 W. 42d St. *Rev. Dr. Paxton's.*
West End, 105th St. and Amsterdam Av.
West Farms, 1243 Samuel St.
W. Fifty-first St., 359 W. 51st St.
Westminster, W. 23d St., near 7th Av.
Zion, German, 135 E. 40th St.

REFORMED (formerly Dutch Reformed).

Bloomingdale, Boulevard, cor. W. 68th St.
Collegiate, 5th Av., cor. W. 48th St.
Collegiate, 14 Lafayette Pl.
Collegiate, 29th St. and 5th Av.
Collegiate Missions, 113 Fulton St.; DeWitt Chapel, 160 W. 29th St.; Knox Memorial, 514 9th Av.
Collegiate of Harlem, First Church, 191 E. 121st St.
Collegiate of Harlem, Second Church, 123d St. and Lenox Av.
Fifth Ave., cor. W. 29th St.
Fordham, King's Bridge Road, near Aqueduct Av
Fourth, German, 244 W. 40th St.
German Evangelical Mission, 141 E. Houston St.
German Reformed Protestant, 131 Norfolk St.
Grace, 845 7th Av.
Hamilton Grange, W. 145th St. and Convent Av.
High Bridge, Ogden Av., near Birch St.
Holland, 279 W. 11th St.
Madison Av. Reformed, cor. 57th St.
Manhattan, 71 Av. B.
Melrose, Elton Av., cor. E. 156th St.

REFORMED (formerly Dutch Reformed)—Con.

Prospect Hill, 153 E. 86th St.
St. Paul's, 3d Av., cor. 146th St.
South, Madison Av., cor. 38th St. Manor Chapel, 348 W. 26th St.
Thirty-fourth St., 307 W. 34th St.
Union, 25 6th Av.
West Farms, Boston Road, cor. Clover St.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN.

First, 39 W. 119th St.
First, 123 W. 12th St.
Fourth, 365 W. 48th St.
Second, 227 W. 39th St.
Third, 238 W. 23d St.

UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

Harlem, 302 E. 119th St.
Seventh Av., 29 7th Av.
Third, 41 Charles St.
Forty-fourth St., 423 W. 44th St.
West Twenty-third St., 303 W. 23d St.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, Bishop, h. 160 W. 59th St.
All Angels', W. 81st St., cor. West End Av.
All Saints', 286 Henry St.
All Souls' Church, Madison Av. and 66th St. *Rev. Dr. Heber Newton's.*
Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr, 222 W. 11th St.
Annunciation, 142 W. 14th St.
Ascension, 36 5th Av.
Beloved Disciple, 89th St., near Madison Av.
Calvary, 273 4th Av. Chapel, 220 E. 23d St. Galilee Mission, 340 E. 23d St.
Chapel of the Comforter, 814 Greenwich St.
Christ, Boulevard and 71st St.
Christ, Riverdale.
Du St. Esprit, 30 W. 22d St.
Epiphany, 47th St., near Lexington Av.
Grace, 800 Broadway.
Grace, 212 E. 116th St.
Grace, West Farms, Vyse St., near Tremont Av.
Grace Chapel, 132 E. 14th St.
Heavenly Rest, 551 5th Av.
Holy Apostles, 300 9th Av.
Holy Comforter, 343 W. Houston St.
Holy Communion, 324 6th Av.
Holy Cross Mission, 43 Av. C.
Holy Faith, E. 166th St., near Boston Road.
Holy Innocents', 136th St., near 7th Av.
Holy Martyrs, 39 Forsyth St.
Holy Sepulchre, E. 74th St., near Park Av.
Holy Trinity, 5 W. 125th St. Chapel, 307 E. 112th St.
Holy Trinity, 319 Madison Av. Chapel, 46 E. 43d St. *Rev. Dr. Warren's.*
Holy Trinity, 122d St. and Lenox Av.
Incarnation, 205 Madison Av. *Rev. Dr. Arthur Brooks'.*
Intercession, 158th St., cor 11th Av.
Mediator, 2937 Church St.
Memorial Chapel of the Ascension, 330 W. 42d St.
Moravian, cor. Lexington Av. and 30th St.
Nativity, 70 Av. C.
Our Saviour, foot Pike St. Mission, 34 Pike St.
Reconciliation, 242 E. 31st St.
Redeemer, Park Av., cor. E. 82d St.
St. Ambrose, 117 Thompson St.
St. Andrew's, 127th St., near 5th Av.
St. Ann's, St. Ann's Av., near E. 140th St.
St. Ann's, 7 W. 18th St.
St. Augustine's Chapel, 107 E. Houston St.
St. Barnabas' Chapel, 306 Mulberry St.
St. Bartholomew's, 348 Madison Av.
St. Chrysostom's Chapel, 201 W. 39th St.
St. Clement's, 108 W. 3d St. Mission, 173 Macdougal St.
St. Edward the Martyr, 109th St., near 5th Av.
St. George's Chapel, 130 Stanton St.
St. George's, 7 Rutherford Pl. *Rev. Dr. Rainsford's.*
St. Ignatius', 56 W. 40th St. (*Ritualistic.*)
St. James', 71st St., cor. Madison Av.
St. James', Fordham, Jerome Av., cor. St. James St.
St. John the Baptist, 259 Lexington Av.

CHURCHES—*Continued.*

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—Continued.

St. John the Evangelist, 222 W. 11th St.
St. John's, 46 Varick St.
St. Luke's, 483 Hudson St.
St. Mark's, 2d Av. and 10th St. Memorial Chapel, 288 E. 10th St. *Rev. Dr. Rylance's.*
St. Mary the Virgin, 228 W. 45th St. (*Ritualistic.*)
St. Mary's, Alexander Av., cor. E. 142d St.
St. Mary's, Lawrence St., near 10th Av.
St. Matthew's, 1389 9th Av.
St. Michael's, 10th Av., near 99th St.
St. Paul's, Broadway, cor. Vesey St.
St. Paul's, 3d Av., near 170th St.
St. Peter's, 342 W. 20th St.
St. Philip's, 161 W. 25th St.
St. Stephen's, 57½ W. 46th St.
St. Thomas', 5th Av., cor. 53d St. Chapel, 230 E. 60th St.
St. Timothy's, 253 W. 53d St.
Santiago, 273 4th Av.
San Salvatore, 309 Mulberry St.
Transfiguration, 5 E. 29th St. *Rev. Dr. Houghton's.* Chapel, W. 69th St., near Boulevard.
Trinity, Broadway and Wall St.
Trinity, 3d Av., near 163d St.
Trinity Chapel, 15 W. 25th St.
Zion, 253 W. 53d St. Zion Chapel, 418 W. 41st St.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Bloomingdale, cor. Boulevard and 68th St.
First, Madison Av., cor. 55th St.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

All Saints', Madison Av., cor. 129th St.
Annunciation, B. V. M., Broadway, cor. 131st St.
Assumption, 427 W. 49th St.
Blessed Sacrament, W. 71st St., near Boulevard.
Epiphany, 373 2d Av.
Guardian Angel, 513 W. 23d St.
Holy Cross, 335 W. 42d St.
Holy Rosary, 442 E. 119th St.
Holy Innocents, 126 W. 37th St.
Holy Name of Jesus, 10th Av., cor. 97th St.
Immaculate Conception, 505 E. 14th St.
Immaculate Conception, German, 151st St., near 3d Av.
Mary, Star of the Sea, 7 State St.
Mission of the Infant Saviour, 235 E. 14th St.
Most Holy Redeemer, 165 3d Av.
Nativity, 48 2d Av.
Our Lady of Good Counsel, 236 E. 90th St.
Our Lady of Mercy, Fordham.
Our Lady of Mount Carmel, 447 E. 115th St.
Our Lady of Perpetual Succor, 321 E. 61st St.
Our Lady of Sorrows, 105 Pitt St.
Our Lady of the Angels, 228 E. 113th St.
Sacred Heart, Anderson Av., near Birch St.
Sacred Heart of Jesus, 447 W. 51st St.
St. Agnes, 143 E. 43d St.
St. Alphonsus, 230 S. 5th Av.
St. Andrew's, Duane St., cor. City Hall Pl.
St. Ann's, 112 E. 12th St.
St. Anthony of Padua, 153 Sullivan St.
St. Augustine's, 867 Jefferson St.
St. Benedict the Moor, 210 Bleecker St.
St. Bernard's, 332 W. 14th St.
St. Boniface, 852 2d Av.
St. Brigid's, 123 Av. B.
St. Catharine of Genoa, W. 153d St., near Boulevard.
St. Cecilia, E. 106th St., near Lexington Av.
St. Charles Borromeo, 2665 8th Av.
St. Columbus, 339 W. 25th St.
St. Elizabeth, King's Bridge Road, near 187th St.
St. Francis of Assisi, 130 W. 31st St.
St. Francis Xavier, 36 W. 16th St.
St. Gabriel's, 310 E. 37th St.
St. James', 32 James St.
St. Jean Baptiste, 159 E. 76th St.
St. Jerome, Alexander Av., cor. E. 137th St
St. John Baptist, 209 W. 30th St.
St. John Evangelist, 355 E. 55th St.
St. John's, 2911 Church St.
St. Joseph's, 59 6th Av., 1850 Washington Av., 408 E. 87th St., 125th St., cor. 9th Av.

ROMAN CATHOLIC—Continued.

St. Lawrence, Park Av., cor. E. 84th St
St. Leo's, 11 E. 28th St.
St. Mary Magdalen's, 527 E. 17th St.
St. Mary, 438 Grand St.
St. Michael's, 408 W. 32d St.
St. Monica's, 409 E. 79th St.
St. Nicholas', 125 2d St.
St. Patrick's, Mott St., cor. Prince St.
St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th Av., cor. 50th St.
St. Paul's, 121 E. 117th St.
St. Peter's, 22 Barclay St.
St. Raphael's, 509 W. 40th St.
St. Rose of Lima, 36 Cannon St.
St. Stanislaus', 43 Stanton St.
St. Stephen's, 149 E. 28th St.
St. Teresa, Rutgers St., cor. Henry St.
St. Thomas Aquinas, 1271 Tremont Av.
St. Veronica's, 153 Christopher St.
St. Vincent de Paul, 127 W. 23d St.
St. Vincent Ferrer, 871 Lexington Av.
Transfiguration, 25 Mott St.

UNITARIAN.

All Souls', 245 4th Av.
Lenox Av., 126th St., near Lenox Av.
Messiah, 6 E. 34th St., cor. Park Av. *Rev. Dr. Collyer's.*

UNIVERSALIST.

Divine Paternity, 5th Av., cor. 45th St.
Second, 121 E. 127th St.
Third, 133 W. 11th St.

OTHER DENOMINATIONS.

Annex Hall Mission, 14 4th Av.
Battery Park Mission, 27 State St.
Bowery Mission, 36 Bowery.
Broome St. Tabernacle, 395 Broome St.
Camp Chapel, 126 Elizabeth St.
Catholic Apostolic, 417 W. 57th St.
Chinese Sunday-School Union, 52 E. 23d St.
Christian Israelites' Sanctuary, 108 1st St.
Church Mission to Deaf Mutes, 220 E. 13th St.
Church of Christ (Scientist), Hardman Hall, 19th St. and 5th Av.
City Temple, 325 E. 86th St.
Colored Mission, 135 W. 30th St.
Cremorne Mission, 104 W. 32d St.
DeWitt Memorial, 280 Rivington St.
East Side Chapel, 404 E. 15th St.
Fulton St. Daily Prayer Meeting, 113 Fulton St., 12 m. to 1 p.m.
German Evangelical Reformed, 97 Suffolk St.
God's Providence Mission, 237 Broome St.
Gospel Chapel, 305 W. 30th St.
Gospel Tabernacle, 44th St. and 8th Av.
Hebrew-Christian Church, 17 St. Mark's Pl.
Italian Mission, 153 Worth St.
Lenox Av. Union, Lenox Av. and 127th St.
Manhattan Chapel, 422 E. 26th St.
Mariners, 46 Catharine St.
Martha Memorial Reformed, German, 419 W. 52d St.
Medical Mission, 81 Roosevelt St.
Memorial Chapel, 133 Av. A.
New Jerusalem, Swedenborgian, 114 E. 35th St.
New-York Christian Mission, 258 W. 18th St.
Olivet, 63 2d St.
People's, 97 Varick St.
Reformed Catholic, 79 W. 23d St.
St. Paul Evangelical, 250 W. 34th St.
Seamen's Mission, 7 Coenties Slip.
Second Church of Disciples of Christ, E. 169th St., near Franklin Av.
Sixth Av. Gospel Mission, 180 6th Av.
Society for Ethical Culture, at Chickering Hall.
Strachan Margaret, Chapel, 103 W. 27th St.
True Dutch Reformed, 58 Perry St.
Union Tabernacle, 139 W. 35th St.
United Brethren, English Moravian, 154 Lexington Av.
United Brethren, German Moravian, 636 6th St.

Cemeteries.

Name.	Location.	New-York Office.	Railroad Station or Ferry.
Calvary	Newtown, L. I.	266 Mulberry St.	East 10th Street Ferry.
Cypress Hills	Myrtle Avenue and Jamaica Plank Road, Brooklyn	124 Bowery	Williamsburg Ferries.
Evergreens	Bushwick Avenue, E. New-York	At Cemetery	Grand and Roosevelt Ferries.
Greenwood	5th Ave., opp. 25th St., Brooklyn	26 Broadway	Brooklyn Bridge and Fifth Avenue Elevated, Fulton, Wall, South and Hamilton Ferries.
Holy Cross	Flatbush, L. I.		Fulton, Grand & Roosevelt Ferries.
Kensico	On Harlem R. R., 23 miles from Grand Central Depot	17 E. 42d Street	Harlem R.R.
Linden Hill (M. E.)	East Williamsburg, L. I.	456 E. Houston St.	Williamsburgh Ferries.
Lutheran	Jamaica Plank Road, near Middle Village	293 Broadway	Williamsburgh Ferries.
Machpelah	New Durham, Hudson Co., N. J.	304 W. 20th Street	Weehawken Ferry.
Machpelah (Heb.)	Adjoining Cypress Hill Cem.	42 Great Jones St.	Williamsburgh Ferries.
Maple Grove	Maple Grove, L. I.	1273 Broadway	E. 34th Street Ferry.
Mount Hope	Mount Hope, Westchester Co.	380 Sixth Avenue	Northern R.R.
Mount Olivet	Maspeth, L. I.	54 East 23d Street	Williamsburgh Ferries.
New-York Bay	Greenville, N. J.		Central R.R. of New-Jersey.
Rockland	Sparkill and Piermont, Rockland Co., N. Y.	155 Broadway	Northern R. R. of New-Jersey.
Trinity Church	Amsterdam Avenue and W. 153d to W. 155th Streets	187 Fulton Street	Sixth Avenue Elevated R.R.
U. S. Cremation Co.	Fresh Pond, L. I.	140 Nassau Street	Long Island R.R.
Washington	Near Parkville, L. I.	291 Broadway	Prospect Park and Coney Isl. R.R.
Woodlawn	On Jerome Ave., in 24th Ward	20 E. 23d Street	Harlem R.R.

Clubs.

Aldine, 20 Lafayette Place.
American Athletic, Geo. S. Young, Sec., 135th Street, west of 3d Avenue, on Harlem River.
American Yacht, H. A. Taylor, Sec., 10 Wall Street; club house at Milton Point, Rye, N. Y.
Arion, Park Avenue, cor. E. 59th Street.
Authors, 19 W. 24th Street.
Calumet, 267 Fifth Avenue.
Catholic, W. 59th Street, near 6th Avenue.
Central Turn Verein, 67th Street, bet. 2d and 3d Avenues.
Century, 7 W. 43d Street.
Cercle Français de l'Harmonie, 24 W. 26th Street.
City Reform, 41 Park Row.
Clergy, 29 Lafayette Place.
Coaching, F. Bronson, Sec., 319 Fifth Avenue.
Colonial, 127 W. 72d Street.
Columbia Yacht, foot W. 86th Street; Geo. Parkhill, Sec., 61 E. 130th Street.
Commonwealth, R. W. G. Welling, Sec., 2 Wall Street.
Coney Island Jockey, 173 Fifth Avenue.
Congregational, Irving C. Gaylord, Sec., 278 W. 125th Street.
Corinthian Yacht, Tomkinsville, S. I., M. R. Schuyler, Sec., 55 Beaver Street.
Cosmos, Washington Square, cor. Waverly Place.
Delta Kappa Epsilon, 435 Fifth Avenue.
Delta Phi, 5 E. 27th Street.
Democratic, 617 Fifth Avenue.
Deutscher Liederkranz, 111 E. 58th Street.
Deutscher Press Club, 6 Centre Street.
Down Town Association, 60 Pine Street.
Drawing Room, 501 Fifth Avenue.
Electric, 17 E. 22d Street.
Fellowcraft, 12 E. 29th Street.
Freundschaft, 72d Street, cor. Park Avenue.
German, 112 W. 59th Street.
Grolier, 29 E. 32d Street.
Harlem, 123d Street and Lenox Avenue.
Harlem Democratic, 15 E 125th Street.
Harlem Republican, 140 W. 125th Street.
Harmonie, 45 W. 42d Street.
Harvard, 11 W. 22d Street.
Insurance, 52 Cedar Street.
Kit Kat, cor. 61 Lexington Avenue.
Knickerbocker, 319 Fifth Avenue.
Knickerbocker Yacht, foot of E. 132d Street.
Lambs, 34 W. 26th Street.
Lawyers', 120 Broadway.
Lotos, 149 Fifth Avenue.
Manhattan, 5th Avenue, cor. 34th Street.
Manhattan Athletic, cor. Madison Avenue and 45th Street.
Mendelssohn Glee, 108 W. 55th Street.
Merchants', 108 Leonard Street.
Metropolitan, 751 Fifth Avenue.
New Amsterdam, 6 W. 28th Street.
New-York, 2 W. 35th Street.
New-York Athletic, 104 W. 55th Street; boat house, track and grounds at Travers Island.
New-York Camera, 314 Fifth Avenue.
New-York Chess, 59 Bowery.
New-York Driving, A. Raymond, Treas., 256 Broadway.
New-York Etching, 51 W. 10th Street.
New-York Free Trade, James Gaunt, Sec., 365 Canal Street.
New-York Jockey, 173 Fifth Avenue; race course at Westchester, N. Y.
New-York Press, 120 Nassau Street.
New York Railroad, 28 W. 30th Street.
New-York Southern Society, 18 W. 25th Street.
New-York Turn Verein, 66 E. 4th Street.
New-York Whist, 18 W. 30th Street.
New-York Yacht, 67 Madison Avenue, and Bay Ridge, L. I., and Newport, R. I.
Nineteenth Century, Wm. T. Jerome, Sec., 33 W. 19th Street.
Palette, 21 W. 24th Street.
Players' Club, 16 Gramercy Park.
Progress, cor. 5th Avenue and 63d Street.
Psi Upsilon, 33 W. 42d Street.
Racquet, 27 W. 43d Street.
Reform, cor. 5th Avenue and 27th Street.
Republican, 450 Fifth Avenue.
Riding, 7 E. 58th Street.
Sagamore, 21 W. 124th Street.
Salmagundi, 49 W. 22d Street.
Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht, 7 E. 32d Street.
Seventh Regiment Veteran Club, 756 Fifth Avenue.
Sigma Phi, 9 E. 27th Street.
Sorosis, 42 W. 47th Street.
St. Anthony (Delta Psi), 29 E. 28th Street.
St. Nicholas, 356 Fifth Avenue.
Tenderloin Club, 114 W. 32d Street.
Tennis, 212 W. 41st Street.
Thirteen, 37 John Street, Wm. Fowler, Custodian.
Tile, 58 W. 10th Street.
Tuxedo, Wm. Kent, Sec., 59 Liberty Street.
Twilight, C. F. Wingate, Sec., 119 Pearl Street.
Union, 1 W. 21st Street.
Union League, 1 E. 39th Street.
United Service, 37 W. 31st Street.
University, 32 E. 26th Street.
Women's Press, 11 W. 18th Street.
Zeta Psi, 8 W. 29th Street.

Consuls in New York.

REPRESENTING FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Argentine Republic.—Carlos Carranza, C. G.; Felix L. de Castro, V. C., 65 Wall Street.
Austria-Hungary.—Theodore A. Havemeyer, C. G.; Anton von Palitschek, C.; Otto P. Eberhard, V. C., 33 Broadway.
Belgium.—Charles Mali, C.; Pierre Mali, V. C., 329 Broadway.
Bolivia.—Melchor Obarrio, C. G., 126 Liberty Street.
Brazil.—Arthur T. de Macedo, C. G., 22 State Street; Gustav H. Gossler, V. C., 148 Pearl Street.
Chile.—Federico A. Beelan, C. G., 15 Cortlandt Street; Justo R. de la Espriella, C., 59 Liberty Street.
China.—Shen Woon, C.; Lin Y. Lew, V. C., 26 W. 9th Street.
Colombia.—Climaco Calderon, C. G.; J. Gerardo Polo, V. C., 24 State Street.
Costa Rica.—Charles R. Flint, C. G.; C. A. Delgado, C., 59 Liberty Street.
Denmark.—Henri M. Braem, C.; Louis O. G. Amundsen, V. C., 69 Wall Street.
Dominican Republic.—Leonico Julia, C., 31 Broadway.
Ecuador.—Domingo L. Ruiz, C. G., 51 Liberty Street; A. Romero, Chancellor, 51 Liberty Street.
France.—Vte Paul d'Abzac, C. G., 4 Bowling Green; J. Dupas, V. C.
German Empire.—August Feigel, C. G.; C. Bernhard Marheinecke, C.; Ferdinand Ritschl, V. C., 2 Bowling Green.
Great Britain.—William Lane Booker, C. G.; Gilbert Fraser, C., 24 State Street; Horace D. Nugent, 1st V. C.; James A. Donnelly, 2d V. C., 2 State Street.
Greece.—Demetrius N. Botassi, C. G., 115 Pearl Street.
Guatemala.—Jacob Baiz, C. G., 102 Front Street.
Hawaiian Islands.—Elisha H. Allen, C. G., 51 Leonard Street.
Hayti.—John Haustedt, C. G.; William Klatte, V. C., 101 Pearl Street.
Honduras.—Jacob Baiz, C. G., 102 Front Street; Francis Spies, V. C.
Italy.—Giovanni P. Riva, C. G.; Cesare Poma, 1st V. C.; Girolamo Naselli, 2d V. C., 24 State Street.
Japan.—Kogoro Takahira, C. G.; T. Kito, V. C.; K. Tanake, Chancellor, 7 Warren Street.
Korea.—Everett Frazar, C. G., 124 Water Street.
Liberia.—Joseph W. Yates, C.; Charles T. Geyer, V. C., 19 William Street.
Mexico.—Juan N. Navarro, C. G.; Ramon V. Williams, Chancellor, 35 Broadway.
Monaco.—James Dupas, C., 4 Bowling Green.
Netherlands.—John R. Planten, C. G.; William M. B. Gravenhorst, V. C., 17 William Street.
Nicaragua.—Alexander I. Cotheal, C. G.; Gerardo Canton, C., 76 Beaver Street; Adolph D. Straus, V. C., 15 Broadway.
Norway.—Karl Woxen, C.; Christopher Raon, V. C., 41 Broad Street.
Orange Free State.—Charles D. Pierce, C. G., 80 Beaver Street.
Persia.—H. Ruthven Pratt, C. G., 15 Broad Street.
Peru.—Juan Quintana, C. G., 25 Whitehall Street; F. Perez de Velasco, C., 61 William Street.
Portugal.—Barao d'Almeirim, C. G.; Adelino A. Ferreira, Chancellor, 148 Pearl Street.
Russia.—A. Olarovsky, C. G.; Christian G. Petersen, V. C., 24 State Street.
Salvador.—J. A. P. Bonalde, C. G., 16 Beaver Street.
Siam.—I. T. Smith, C. G., Union League Club.
Spain.—Arturo Baldasano, C. G.; Manuel de la Cueva, V. C., 30 Broadway.
Sweden.—Karl Woxen, C.; Christopher Raon, V. C., 41 Broad Street.
Switzerland.—Jacob Bertschmann, C., 69 Beaver Street; J. Eugene Robert, V. C., 30 Maiden Lane.
Turkey.—Xenophon Baltazzi, C. G., 132 Broadway.
Uruguay.—Enrique M. Estrazulas, C. G.; José Martl, C., 120 Front Street.
Venezuela.—Dr. J. Alfonzo Ortega, 18 Broadway.

Courts of Law.

CIVIL COURTS.

SUPREME COURT.—County Court House.

Presiding Justice.—Charles H. Van Brunt.
Associate Justices.—George C. Barrett, Abraham R. Lawrence, George P. Andrews, Edward Patterson, Morgan J. O'Brien, George L. Ingraham.
Clerk.—William J. McKenna. Office, County Court House.

SUPERIOR COURT.—County Court House.

Judges.—John Sedgwick, Chief Judge; John J. Freedman, Charles H. Truax, David McAdam, Henry A. Gildersleeve and P. Henry Dugro.
Clerk.—Thomas Boese; William P. Miner, Deputy. Office, County Court House.

CITY COURT.—City Hall.

Judges—Simon M. Ehrlich, Joseph E. Newburger, Henry P. McGown, Rob't. A. Van Wyck, Jas. M. Fitzsimons and John Henry McCarthy.
Clerk.—James T. Keating; John Reid, Deputy.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—County Court House.

Judges.—Joseph F. Daly, Chief Judge; Henry Bischoff, Jr., Miles Beach, Henry W. Bookstaver, Roger A. Pryor and Leonard A. Giegerich.
Clerk.—Samuel Jones; Joseph Brewster Coe, Deputy.

SURROGATE'S COURT.—County Court House.

Surrogate.—Rastus S. Ransom.
Chief Clerk.—William V. Leary.

COURT OF ARBITRATION FOR THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—32 Nassau Street and 229 Broadway.

Arbitrator—Enoch L. Fancher.
Clerk.—George Wilson.

DISTRICT COURTS.

First District.—All that part of First Ward west of Broadway and Whitehall Street, Third, Fifth and Eighth Wards; Chambers Street, corner Centre Street; Peter Mitchell, *Justice;* Lewis C. Bruns, *Clerk.*

Second District.—All that part of First Ward east of Broadway and Whitehall Street, Second, Fourth, Sixth and Fourteenth Wards; Centre Market; Charles M. Clancy, *Justice;* James Dunphy, *Clerk.*

Third District.—Ninth and Fifteenth Wards; 125 Sixth Avenue; William F. Moore, *Justice;* William H. Corsa, *Clerk;* Daniel Williams, *Assistant.*

Fourth District.—Tenth and Seventeenth Wards; 30 First Street; Alfred Steckler, *Justice;* Julius Harburger, *Clerk;* David Lyons, *Assistant.*

COURTS OF LAW—*Continued.*

Fifth District.—Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards; 154 Clinton Street; Henry M. Goldfogle, *Justice;* John Duane, Jr., *Clerk;* James H. Shields, *Assistant.*

Sixth District.—Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards; 61 Union Place; Samson Lachman, *Justice;* Philip Ahern, *Clerk;* Abram Bernard, *Assistant.*

Seventh District.—Nineteenth Ward; 151 East 57th Street; John B. McKean, *Justice;* Sylvester E. Nolan, *Clerk;* Patrick McDavitt, *Assistant.*

Eighth District.—Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards; 200 West 22d Street; John Joralemon, *Justice;* Carson G. Archibald, *Clerk;* Thomas Costigan, *Assistant.*

Ninth District.—All of the Twelfth Ward north of East 86th Street, east of 5th Avenue, and north of West 110th Street; 150 East 125th Street; Joseph P. Fallon, *Justice;* William H. Liscomb, *Clerk;* John C. Munzinger, *Assistant.*

Tenth District.—Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards; East 158th Street, corner 3d Avenue; Andrew J. Rogers, *Justice;* Matthew P. Breen, *Clerk;* Richard D. Hamilton, *Assistant.*

Eleventh District.—Twenty-second Ward, and all of the Twelfth Ward south of West 110th Street and west of 6th Avenue; 910 Eighth Avenue; Thomas E. Murray, *Justice;* James J. Galligan, *Clerk.*

CRIMINAL COURTS FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

OYER AND TERMINER.—County Court House.

Is held by a Justice of the Supreme Court.

GENERAL SESSIONS (Parts 1, 2 and 3).—32 Chambers Street.

Held by the Recorder, City Judge or Judge of Sessions.

Recorder of the City of New-York.—Frederick Smyth.
Judges.—James Fitzgerald, Rufus B. Cowing and Randolph B. Martine. Chambers, 32 Chambers Street.
Clerk of Oyer and Terminer and General Sessions.—John Sparks. Office, 32 Chambers Street.
Deputy.—Edward J. Hall.
Assistant Clerk.—William N. Penny.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.—32 Chambers Street.

District Attorney.—De Lancey Nicoll.
Assistant District Attorneys.—Gunning S. Bedford, Vernon M. Davis, Francis L. Wellman, Henry H. B. Stapler and Bartow S. Weeks.
Chief Deputy.—Henry D. Macdona.
Deputy Assistants.—John D. Lindsey, W. Lynn, Charles F. Sims, Jr., Jacob Washburn, John F. McIntyre, Robert Townsend.
Secretary.—H. W. Unger.
Chief Clerk.—Edward T. Flynn.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.—The Tombs.

Held by three Police Justices on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays at 10.30 A.M
Clerk.—John F. Carroll.

BOARD OF POLICE JUSTICES.

Justices.—J. Henry Ford, James T. Kilbreth, Thomas F. Grady, Patrick G. Duffy, Solon B. Smith, Andrew J. White, Daniel O'Reilly, Charles Welde, Daniel F. McMahon, James E. Kelley, Edward Hogan, Charles N. Taintor, Patrick Divver, John J. Ryan.
Secretary.—George W. Cregier.
First District.—At the Tombs, Centre Street, corner Franklin Street; Second District—125 Sixth Avenue; Third District—69 Essex Street; Fourth District—151 East 57th Street; Fifth District—123 East 125th Street; Sixth District—East 158th Street, corner 3d Avenue.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—Post Office Building.

Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court and Judge of the Circuit Court.—Samuel Blatchford.
Circuit Judges.—William J. Wallace and E. Henry Lacombe.
Clerk.—John A. Shields.
General Terms.—First Monday in April and Third Monday in October.
Equity Term.—Last Monday in February.
Terms of Criminal Court.—Second Wednesdays in January, March, May, October, December, and Third in June.
Commissioners.—John I. Davenport, John A. Shields, Samuel H. Lyman, Timothy Griffith, James R. Angel, George F. Betts, Samuel R. Betts, Samuel A. Blatchford, Henry A. Butler, Eugene A. Brewster, Jr., J. Rider Cary, Macgrane Coxe, Joseph M. Deuel, Frederick G. Gedney, James M. Gilbert, Samuel M. Hitchcock, Robert H. Hunter, James Kent, Jr., John W. Little, Ed. S. Owen, Enos N. Taft, Joseph A. Welch, Herman J. Koehler.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Post Office Building.

Judge of the District Court.—Addison Brown.
Clerk.—Samuel H. Lyman.
General Term.—First Tuesday in every month.
Special Term.—Every Tuesday for return of process.
U. S. District Attorney.—Edward Mitchell.
Assistant District Attorneys.—Henry C. Platt, John O. Mott, Thomas Greenwood, Charles D. Baker, James T. Van Rensselaer, Maxwell Evarts.
Marshal.—John W. Jacobus.

Distances in the City of New-York.

From the Battery.	From the City Hall.		From the Battery.	From the City Hall.	
¼ miles		To Rector Street.	4½ miles	4 miles	To E. 54th Street.
½ "		" Dey Street.	4¾ "	4¼ "	" E. 58th Street.
¾ "		" City Hall.	5 "	4½ "	" E. 63d Street.
1 "	½ miles	" LeonardStreet.	5¼ "	4¾ "	" E. 68th Street.
1¼ "	¾ "	" Canal Street.	5½ "	5 "	" E. 73d Street.
1½ "	1 "	" Spring Street.	5¾ "	5¼ "	" E. 78th Street.
1¾ "	1¼ "	" E. Houston St.	6 "	5½ "	" E. 83d Street.
2 "	1½ "	" E. 4th Street.	6¼ "	5¾ "	" E. 88th Street.
2¼ "	1¾ "	" E. 9th Street.	6½ "	6 "	" E. 93d Street.
2½ "	2 "	" E. 14th Street.	6¾ "	6¼ "	" E. 97th Street.
2¾ "	2¼ "	" E. 19th Street.	7 "	6½ "	" E. 102d Street.
3 "	2½ "	" E. 24th Street	7¼ "	6¾ "	" E. 107th Street.
3¼ "	2¾ "	" E. 29th Street.	7½ "	7 "	" E. 112th Street.
3½ "	3 "	" E. 34th Street.	7¾ "	7¼ "	" E. 117th Street.
3¾ "	3¼ "	" E. 38th Street.	8 "	7½ "	" E. 121st Street.
4 "	3½ "	" E. 44th Street.	8¼ "	7¾ "	" E. 126th Street.
4¼ "	3¾ "	" E. 49th Street.	10½ "	10 "	" W. 166th St.

Every twenty blocks above Houston Street measure one mile.

CROSSTOWN DISTANCES.

The distance across the city:

At Battery Place is ½ mile.
" Fulton Street " ¾ "
" Chambers Street is 1 "
" Grand Street is 2⅛ "
At Houston Street is 2⅛ miles.
" Fourteenth Street is 2⅝ "
" Twenty-third Street is 2⅜ miles.
" Inwood is ¾ mile.

From Twenty-third Street northward to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street the width of the island averages from 2 to 2¼ miles.

Exchanges.

Exchanges.	Location of Buildings.	Number of Members.	Membership Admission Fee or Value of Seats.	Exchanges.	Location of Buildings.	Number of Members.	Membership Admission Fee or Value of Seats.
Building Material	59 Liberty St.	302	$100	Mercantile	Hudson and Harrison Sts.	791	$50
Coffee	53 Beaver St.	312	350	Metal	Pearl St. and Burling Slip.	249	1,000
Consolidated Stock and Petroleum	Broadway and Exchange Place	2,362	300	Produce	Broadway and Beaver St.	3,000	900
Cotton	Hanover Sq.	454	500	Public Grain and Stock	18 Broadway	....	....
Maritime	Produce Ex. Building	1,355	50	Real Estate	59 Liberty St.	600	1,050
Mechanics and Traders	14 Vesey St.	300	100	Stock	10 to 14 Broad St.	1,100	24,000

Education.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Commissioners.	Residence.	Place of Business.	Term Expires Jan.
John L. N. Hunt, *President*	207 West 69th Street	137 Broadway	1895.
Thaddeus Moriarty	39 West 130th Street	209 Park Row	1895.
Charles C. Wehrum	315 East 20th Street		1895.
Miles M. O'Brien	135 East 71st Street	224 Church Street	1895.
Schuyler Crosby			1895.
Charles H. Knox	757 Madison Avenue	5 William Street	1895.
Adolph L. Sanger	50 East 63d Street	115 Broadway	1895.
Robert Maclay	50 West 57th Street	432 Canal Street	1893
Mrs. Clara M. Williams	130 West 70th Street		1893
James W. Gerard	17 Gramercy Park		1893
Joseph F. Mosher	52 West 76th Street	62 Wall Street	1893.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION—*Continued.*

Commissioners.	Residence.	Place of Business.	Term Expires Jan.
Randolph Guggenhelmer	16 East 81st Street	46 Wall Street	1893.
William Lummis	547 Madison Avenue	3 Broad Street	1893.
Charles H. Hubbell	143 West 64th Street	2 Wall Street	1893.
Frederick W. Devoe	Fordham	101 Fulton Street	1894.
Samuel M. Purdy	West Farms	West Farms	1894.
Charles L. Holt	117 West 130th Street	188 Front Street	1894.
Joseph J. Little	23 West 45th Street	10 Astor Place	1894.
James W. McBarron	283 East Broadway	283 East Broadway	1894.
Isaac A. Hopper	163 West 122d Street	200 West 124th Street	1895.
William H. Gray	130 West 11th Street	22 Wooster Street	1894.

GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
1	30 Vandewater St.	32	357 W. 35th St.	62	3d Ave., near 158th St.
2	116 Henry St.	33	418 W. 28th St.	63	North 3d Ave. and 173d St.
3	488 Hudson St.	34	108 Broome St.	64	2436 Webster Ave., Fordham.
4	203 Rivington St.	35	60 W. 13th St.	65	Locust Ave., cor. Walker St.
5	222 Mott St.	36	710 E. 9th St.	66	Albany Ave., Kingsbridge.
7	60 Chrystie St.	37	119 E. 87th St.	67	225 W. 41st St.
8	29 King St.	38	8 Clarke St.	68	116 W. 28th St.
9	West End Ave. and 82d St.	39	235 E. 125th St.	69	131 W. 54th St.
10	180 Wooster St.	40	225 E. 23d St.	70	209 E. 75th St.
11	314 W. 17th St.	41	40 Greenwich Ave.	71	186 Seventh St.
12	371 Madison St.	42	30 Allen St.	72	Lexington Ave., near 105th St.
13	239 E. Houston St.	43	Amsterdam Ave. and 129th St.	73	209 E. 46th St.
14	225 E. 27th St.	44	12 North Moore St.	74	220 E. 63d St.
15	728 Fifth St.	45	225 W. 24th St.	75	25 Norfolk St.
16	208 W. 13th St.	46	St. Nicholas Ave. & W. 156th St.	76	Lexington Ave. and 68th St.
17	335 W. 47th St.	47	36 E. 12th St.	77	1st Ave., near 86th St.
18	121 E. 51st St.	48	124 W. 28th St.	78	Pleasant Ave. and 119th St.
19	344 E. 14th St.	49	237 E. 37th St.	79	42 First St.
20	160 Chrystie St.	50	211 E. 20th St.	80	252 W. 42d St.
21	55 Marion St.	51	523 W. 44th St.	82	1st Ave. and 70th St.
22	Stanton and Sheriff Sts.	52	206th St. (Inwood).	83	216 E. 110th St.
23	36 City Hall Pl.	53	207 E. 79th St.	84	430 E. 50th St.
24	68 Elm St.	54	Amsterdam Ave. and 104th St.	85	735 E. 138th St.
25	324 Fifth St.	55	140 W. 20th St.	86	Lexington Ave. and 96th St.
26	124 W. 30th St.	56	351 W. 18th St.	87	Amsterdam Ave. and W. 77th St.
27	206 E. 42d St.	57	176 E. 115th St.	88	300 Rivington St.
28	257 W. 40th St.	58	317 W. 52d St.	89	Lenox Ave. and 134th St.
29	97 Greenwich St.	59	228 E. 57th St.	90	Eagle Ave. and 163d St.
30	143 Baxter St.	60	College Ave. and 145th St.	91	Ogden Ave., Highbridge.
31	200 Monroe St.	61	3d Ave., near 169th St.		

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
1	105 Ludlow St.	14	75 Oliver St.	32	182d St. and Wadsworth Ave.
2	101 Bayard St.	15	68 Pearl St.	34	203 Pearl St.
3	509 E. 120th St.	16	215 E. 32d St.	35	988 First Ave.
4	413 E. 16th St.	19	135th St. and 8th Ave.	36	68 Monroe St.
5	269 E. 4th St.	20	187 Broome St.	37	67 Warren St.
6	17 E. 3d St.	22	150 First Ave.	40	106 Norfolk St.
7	274 W. 10th St.	23	266 W. 124th St.	41	462 W. 58th St.
8	64 Mott St.	24	31 Horatio St.	42	234 E. 88th St.
9	1913 Second Ave.	26	536 E. 12th St.	44	Concord Ave. and 145th St.
10	28 Cannon St.	27	517 W. 37th St.	45	1787 Weeks St., Mount Hope.
11	31 Vestry St.	28	322 E. 20th St.	46	Spuyten Duyvil.
12	85 Roosevelt St.	29	433 E. 19th St.	47	Albany Turnpike.
13	11 Downing St.	31	272 Second St.		

EVENING HIGH SCHOOLS.

No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
26	124 W. 30th St.	39	235 E. 125th St.	74	220 E. 63d St.
75	25 Norfolk St.				

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR MALES.

No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
1	32 Vandewater St.	22	Stanton St., cor. Sheriff St.	70	E. 75th St., near 3d Ave.
44	North Moore and Varick Sts.	37	87th St., near 4th Ave.	32	W. 35th St., near 9th Ave.
38	10 Clarke St.	79	42 First St.	58	52d St., near 8th Ave.
16	W. 13th St., near 7th Ave.	25	5th St., near 1st Ave.	62	3d Ave., near 157th St.
20	160 Chrystie St.	40	23d St., near 2d Ave.		

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FEMALES.

No.	Location.	No.	Location.	No.	Location.
2	116 Henry St.	21	Marion St., near Prince St.	59	E. 57th St., near 3d Ave.
8	King St., near Macdougal St.	45	24th St., near 8th Ave.	49	37th St., near 2d Ave.
71	186 Seventh St.	19	14th St., near 1st Ave.	17	335 W. 47th St.
4	203 Rivington St.	13	239 E. Houston St.		

Expresses.

Adams.—Main office, 59 Broadway. Branch offices, 684 Broadway, 12 West 23d Street, 40 East 42d Street, 309 Canal Street, 122 West Broadway; 2 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

American.—Main office, 65 Broadway. Branch offices, 40 Hudson Street, 302 Canal Street, 715, 940 Broadway, 15 East 14th Street, 30th Street and 10th Avenue, 45th Street, cor. Vanderbilt Avenue, 48th Street, cor. Madison Avenue, 53d Street, cor. 8th Avenue, 121 East 125th Street, 237 West 125th Street, 138th Street and Railroad Avenue, and 3485 Third Avenue.

Baldwin's European Express.—53 Broadway.

Downing's Foreign Express.—63 Beaver Street.

International.—Main office, 280 Canal Street. Branch offices, 49, 207, 683, 1313 Broadway, 101 Mercer Street, 72 West 125th Street, 142 West Street, 11 East 14th Street.

Long Island.—Main office, foot of New Chambers Street, E. R., and foot of East 34th Street. Branch offices, 683, 942, 1313 Broadway, 11 East 14th Street, 29 Canal Street, 142 West Street, 62 West 125th Street. In Brooklyn, L. I. R. R. Depot, cor. Flatbush and Atlantic Avenues, 333 Fulton Street, and 107 Broadway, E.D., and Long Island City.

Morris' European and American Express.—18 and 20 Broadway.

National.—Main office, 145 Broadway. Branch offices, 302 Canal Street, 136 Franklin Street, 785, 940 Broadway, 12 Park Place, cor. 47th Street and Madison Avenue, foot Jay Street, foot West 42d Street.

New England Despatch. See International Express.

New York and Boston Despatch.—Main office, 304 Canal Street. Branch offices, 940 Broadway, 45 Church Street.

New York Transfer Co.—1323 Broadway. Branch offices, 296, 849, 944 Broadway, 1 Astor House, 737 Sixth Avenue, 521 Seventh Avenue, 1170 Ninth Avenue, 134 East 125th Street, 264 West 125th Street, 18 Exchange Place, Jersey City, 4 Court Street, 52 Nassau Street, 862 Fulton Street, 98 Broadway, Brooklyn.

United States.—Main office, 49 Broadway. Branch offices, 946, 1313 Broadway, 142 West Street, 16 West 4th Street, 8 Reade Street, 296 Canal Street, 11 East 14th Street, foot Christopher and Whitehall Streets, 875 Sixth Avenue, 342 Third Avenue, 72 West 125th Street, 251 West 135th Street. In Jersey City, 66 Montgomery Street, and D. L. & W. Depot, Hoboken.

Wells, Fargo & Co.—Main office, 63 Broadway. Branch offices, 317, 713, 957 Broadway, 66 Beekman Street, 304 Canal Street, 143 Bowery, foot Chambers Street, foot West 23d Street, 16 Bloomfield Street, New Washington Market, 97 Mercer Street and 62 West 125th Street. In Brooklyn, 240 Fulton Street, 329 Cumberland Street, and 107 Broadway, E. D. In Jersey City, 74 Montgomery Street and Pier 4, Erie Depot.

Westcott.—Main office, 12 Park Place. Branch offices, 785, 942 Broadway, 314 Canal Street, Grand Central Depot, foot of Barclay, Christopher, Jay and West 42d Streets. In Brooklyn, 333 Washington Street, 19 Bergen Street, 398 Bedford Avenue, E. D.

Ferries from New York.

To Astoria.—From ft. E. 92d Street.
" Brooklyn.—From ft. Catherine Slip to Main Street, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. E. 10th and ft. E. 23d Streets to Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. E. 23d Street to Broadway, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. E. Houston Street to Grand Street, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Fulton Street to Fulton Street, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Grand Street to Grand Street and Broadway, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Pier 2, E. R., to 39th Street, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Roosevelt Street to Broadway, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Wall Street to Montague Street, Brooklyn.
" " From ft. Whitehall Street to Atlantic and Hamilton Avenues, Brooklyn.
" College Point.—From ft. E. 99th Street.
" Fort Lee.—From ft. W. 130th Street.
" Hoboken.—From ft. Barclay and ft. Christopher Streets to Newark Street, Hoboken. (Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad.)
" " From ft. W. 14th Street to 14th Street, Hoboken.
" Long-Island City.—From ft. E. 34th Street and ft. James Slip. (Long-Island Railroad.)

To Jersey City.—From ft. Chambers Street to Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City. (New-York, Lake Erie and Western, Northern of New-Jersey, Greenwood Lake and New-Jersey, and New-York Railroads.)
" Jersey City.—From ft. Cortlandt Street to Exchange Place, Jersey City. (Pennsylvania Railroad and New-York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad.)
" " From ft. Desbrosses Street to Exchange Place, Jersey City. (Pennsylvania Railroad and New-York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad.)
" " From ft. Liberty Street to Communipaw, Jersey City. (Central Railroad of New-Jersey and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.)
" " From ft. W. 23d Street to Pavonia Avenue, Jersey City. (New-York, Lake Erie and Western, Northern of New-Jersey, Greenwood Lake and New-Jersey and New-York Railroads.)
" Staten-Island.—From ft. Whitehall Street to St. George, Staten-Island. (Staten-Island Rapid Transit.)
" Weehawken.—From ft. Jay Street and ft. W. 42d Street. (West Shore Railroad.)

Fire Department.

OFFICIAL LIST.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS.

NAMES.	Term Began.	Term Expires.	Salary	NAMES.	Term Began.	Term Expires.	Salary
Henry D. Purroy, Pres....	May 1, '89	May 1, '95	$5,000	S. Howland Robbins.....	May 1, '89	May 1, '93	$5,000
Anthony Eickhoff.....	May 1, '91	May 1, '97	5,000				

FIRE DEPARTMENT—*Continued.*

Chief of Department.	When Appointed.	Salary.
Hugh Bonner	Sept. 18, 1865	$5,000

Deputy-Chiefs of Department.	When Appointed.	Salary.	Deputy-Chiefs of Department.	When Appointed.	Salary.
John McCabe	Sept. 25, 1866	$3,500	Francis J. Reilly	Sept. 27, 1865	$3,500
Chiefs of Battalions.			**Chiefs of Battalions.**		
Benjamin A. Gicquel	Oct. 16, 1865	$2,750	Thomas Lally	Aug. 15, 1870	$2,750
William Rowe	Oct. 20, 1865	2,750	Charles D. Purroy	Jan. 22, 1880	2,750
John I. Fisher	Jan. 9, 1868	2,750	Joseph F. McGill	March 21, 1866	2,750
Samuel Campbell	Oct. 16, 1865	2,750	John J. Cashman	Oct. 17, 1866	2,750
John J. Bresnan	Oct. 20, 1865	2,750	John H. Kehoe	Oct. 20, 1865	2,750
Michael F. Reeves	April 16, 1867	2,750	Peter H. Short	May 1, 1875	2,750

LOCATION OF ENGINE COMPANIES.

Engine Companies.

No. 1.—165 W. 29th Street.
2.—530 W. 43d Street.
3.—417 W. 17th Street.
4.—39 Liberty Street.
5.—340 E. 14th Street.
6.—100 Cedar Street.
7.—22 Chambers Street.
8.—165 E. 51st Street.
9.—55 East Broadway.
10.—8 Stone Street.
11.—437 E. Houston Street.
12.—201 William Street.
13.—99 Wooster Street.
14.—14 E. 18th Street.
15.—269 Henry Street.
16.—223 E. 25th Street.
17.—91 Ludlow Street.
18.—132 W. 10th Street.
19.—355 W. 25th Street.
20.—47 Marion Street.
21.—216 E. 40th Street.
22.—159 E. 85th Street.
23.—235 W. 58th Street.
24.—78 Morton Street.
25.—342 Fifth Street.
26.—220 W. 37th Street.
27.—173 Franklin Street.
28.—604 E. 11th Street.
29.—193 Fulton Street.
No. 30.—253 Spring Street.
31.—116 Leonard Street.
32.—108 John Street.
33.—15 Great Jones Street.
34.—440 W. 33d Street.
35.—223 E. 119th Street
36.—2333 Fourth Avenue.
37.—83 Lawrence Street.
38.—10th Avenue, near W. 154th Street.
39.—157 E. 67th Street.
40.—W. 68th Street, near Boulevard.
41.—3d Avenue, near E. 146th Street.
42.—Fulton Avenue, near E. 167th Street.
43.—Foot Clinton Street. (Fire Boat.)
44.—221 E. 75th Street.
45.—West Farm Street.
46.—Morris Street, near Washington Avenue.
47.—10th Avenue, near West 97th Street.
48.—2500 Webster Avenue.
49.—Blackwell's Island.
50.—E. 166th Street, near 3d Avenue.
51.—Foot W. 13th Street. (Fire Boat.)
52.—Riverdale Street.
53.—175 E. 104th Street.
54.—304 W. 47th Street.
55.—173 Elm Street.
56.—120 W. 83d Street.
57.—Castle Garden (Fire Boat.

Hook and Ladder Companies.

No. 1.—26 Chambers Street.
2.—126 E. 50th Street.
3.—108 E. 13th Street.
4.—788 Eighth Avenue.
5.—96 Charles Street.
6.—77 Canal Street.
7.—217 E. 28th Street.
8.—7 North Moore Street.
9.—209 Elizabeth Street.
10.—191 Fulton Street.
11.—742 Fifth Street.
No. 12.—243 W. 20th Street.
13.—159 E. 87th Street
14.—120 E. 125th Street.
15.—Old Slip, near Front Street.
16.—159 E. 67th Street.
17.—E. 143d Street, near 3d Avenue.
18.—84 Attorney Street.
19.—Highbridge.
20.—155 Mercer Street.
21.—432 W. 36th Street.
22.—776 Amsterdam Avenue.

The headquarters of the Fire Department are at No. 157 E. 67th Street.

Greater New-York.

The Commission appointed by act of the Legislature in 1890 to inquire into the expediency of consolidating the city of New-York and the various municipalities and towns in the State of New-York composing its suburbs, presented a bill in the Legislature in April, 1891, having the following provisions: The commissioners appointed by and under the provisions of Chapter 311 of the Laws of 1890 are hereby authorized and directed to prepare and submit to the Legislature a charter for the incorporation, government and administration of a city to comprehend the following described territory:

The city of New-York, the county of Kings, the county of Richmond, the town of Westchester and that portion of the towns of East-Chester and Pelham which lies southerly of a straight line drawn from the point where the northerly line of the city of New-York intersects the centre line of the Bronx River to the middle of the channel between Hunter's and Glen Islands, in Long Island Sound, Long Island City, the town of Newtown, the town of Flushing, the town of Jamaica, and that part of the town of Hempstead which is westerly of a straight line drawn from the point where the easterly line of the town of Flushing meets the waters of Long Island Sound, through the middle of the channel between Rockaway Beach and Shelter Island to the waters of the Atlantic Ocean.

The Commission has its office at 214 Broadway. Andrew H. Green is President, J. S. T. Stranahan, Vice-President, and Albert E. Henschel, Secretary.

Government of the City of New-York.

DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

Mayor.—Hugh J. Grant.
Secretary and Chief Clerk.—Willis Holly, 6 City Hall.
Marshals.—Daniel Englehard, Frank Fox; office, 1 City Hall.
Clerk of Board of Aldermen.—Francis J. Twomey; office, 8 City Hall.
Board of Aldermen.—President, John H. V. Arnold; *Vice-President*, Andrew A. Noonan; Samuel H. Bailey, Nicholas T. Brown, William Clancy, Peter J. Dooling, Jacob C. Wund, Joseph Martin, Cornelius Flynn, Horatio S. Harris, Harry C. Hart, Charles J. Smith, Henry L. School, Abraham Mead, James A. Cowie, George B. Morris, Whitfield Van Cott, Rollin M. Morgan, William H. Murphy, Patrick J. O'Beirne, David J. Roche, Frank Rogers, Patrick J. Ryder, Charles Smith, William Tait, William H. Schott.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.—15 Stewart Building.

Comptroller.—Theodore W. Myers.
Deputy.—Richard A. Storrs.
Book-keeper General.—Isaac S. Barrett.
First Auditor of Accounts.—William J. Lyon, 21 Stewart Building.
Second Auditor.—David E. Austen.
Collector of Assessments and Arrears.—Osborne Macdaniel, 35 Stewart Building.
Receiver of Taxes.—George W. McLean, 57 Chambers Street.
Deputy.—Alfred Vredenburgh.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.—Mayor, Recorder, Comptroller, Chamberlain, Chairman Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen.
Collector of City Revenue and Superintendent of Markets.—James Daly, 1 Stewart Building.
City Chamberlain.—Thomas C. T. Crain, 27 Stewart Building.
Deputy.—John H. Campbell.
City Paymaster.—John H. Timmerman, 33 Reade Street.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC PARKS.—51 Chambers Street.

President.—Albert Gallup.
Commissioners.—Waldo Hutchins, Nathan Straus and Paul Dana.
Secretary.—Charles DeF. Burns.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.—Central Office, 300 Mulberry Street.

President.—Charles F. MacLean.
Commissioners.—James J. Martin, John McClave, John R. Voorhis.
Superintendent.—William Murray.
Inspectors.—Thomas Byrnes, Henry V. Steers, Alexander S. Williams and Peter Conlin.
Chief Clerk.—William H. Kipp.
Chief Bureau of Elections.—Theophilus F. Rodenbough.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.—Office, 31 Chambers Street.

Commissioner.—Thomas F. Gilroy.
Deputy Commissioner.—Maurice F. Holahan.
Chief Clerk.—Robert H. Clifford
Superintendent Bureau of Repairs and Supplies.—William G. Bergen.
Superintendent Bureau of Streets and Roads.—John B. Shea.
Superintendent Bureau of Street Improvements.—William M. Dean; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Superintendent Bureau of Lamps and Gas.—Stephen McCormick; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Superintendent Bureau of Encumbrances.—Michael T. Cummings; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Chief Engineer of the Croton Aqueduct.—George W. Birdsall; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Water Purveyor.—William H. Burke; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Water Registrar.—Joseph Riley; office, 31 Chambers Street.
Engineer in Charge of Sewers.—Horace Loomis; office, 31 Chambers Street.

DEPARTMENT OF DOCKS.—Office, Pier A, North River.

Commissioners.—President, Edwin A. Post; *Treasurer*, James Matthews; J. Sergeant Cram.
Secretary, Augustus T. Docharty; *Engineer-in-Chief*, George S. Greene, Jr.

DEPARTMENT OF STREET CLEANING.—Office, 187 Stewart Building.

Commissioner.—Thomas S. Brennan.
Deputy.—William Dalton.
Chief Clerk.—J. J. Scully.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.—Office, 301 Mott Street.

Commissioners.—Charles G. Wilson, Joseph D. Bryant.
Secretary.—Emmons Clark.
Attorney.—William P. Prentice.
Chief Clerk.—C. Golderman.
Sanitary Superintendent.—William A. Ewing, M.D.
Contagious Diseases.—*Chief Inspector*, Cyrus Edson, M.D.
Sanitary Inspections.—*Chief Inspector*, Willard Bullard.
Light and Ventilation, Plumbing, Drainage, etc.—*Chief Inspector*, John C. Collins.
Register of Records.—Roger S. Tracy, M.D.
Deputy Register of Records.—John T Nagle, M.D.

EXCISE DEPARTMENT.—Office, 54 Bond Street.

President.—Alexander Meakin.
Commissioners.—Edward T. Fitzpatrick, Joseph Koch.
Secretary and Chief Clerk.—James F. Bishop.
Counsel.—Edward Browne.

LAW DEPARTMENT.—Office, Tyron Row.

Counsel to the Corporation.—William H. Clark.
Assistants.—David J. Dean, Edward H. Hawke, Jr., John J. Townsend, George S. Coleman, Sidney J. Cowen, George L. Sterling, William A. Sweetser, Charles Blandy, Charles W. Ridgway, C. D. Olendorf, John J. Delany and Theodore Connolly.
Chief Clerk.—Andrew T. Campbell.
Corporation Attorney.—Louis Hanneman; office, 49 Beekman Street.
Assistants.—Herman Stiefel and Henry J. Appel, Jr.
Public Administrator.—Charles E. Lydecker, 49 Beekman Street.
Assistant.—F. W. Arnold.
Chief Clerk.—Robert D. Bronson.
Board of Street Openings.—John P. Dunn, Matthew P. Ryan; office, 49 Beekman Street.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES AND CORRECTION, ETC. Office, East Eleventh Street, cor. Third Avenue.

President.—Henry H. Porter.
Commissioners.—Charles E. Simmons, Edward C. Sheehy.
Secretary.—George F. Britton.
Almshouse.—*Warden*, William S. McNamara.
Bellevue Hospital.—*Warden*, William B. O'Rourke.
Bureau of Medical and Surgical Relief for the Outdoor Poor, foot East Twenty-sixth Street.—*Apothecary*, Henry H. Savage.
City Hospital, Blackwell's Island.—*Warden*, Robert Roberts.
City Prison.—*Warden*, John Fallon.
District Prisons.—*Warden*, James W. Ledwith.
Emergency Hospital.—223 East Twenty-sixth Street.
Epileptic, Fever and Incurables Hospitals, Blackwell's Island, and Idiot, Randall's Island.

GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK—*Continued.*

Gouverneur Hospital, Gouverneur Slip, corner Front Street.—*House Surgeon*, William H. Steers.

Harlem Hospital, foot East One Hundred and Twentieth Street.—*House Surgeon*, Walter H. Dade.

Ward's Island Hospital.—*Chief of Staff*, George T. Stewart.

Infants' Hospital, Randall's Island.—*Medical Superintendent*, H. C. Elsing.

Lunatic Asylum.—*Medical Superintendent*, Emmet C. Dent.

New York City Asylum for Insane, Ward's Island.—*General Superintendent of Insane*, A. E. Macdonald; *Medical Superintendent*, W. A. Macy.

Nursery Hospital.—*Steward*, William H. Kennelly.

Out-Door Poor Department.—*Superintendent*, William Blake, East Eleventh Street, corner Third Avenue.

Penitentiary.—*Warden*, Louis D. Pilsbury.

Workhouse, Blackwell's Island.—*Superintendent*, Lawrence Dunphy.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.—157 East Sixty-seventh Street.

Commissioners.—President, Henry D. Purroy; S. Rowland Robbins. *Treasurer.*—Anthony Eickhoff.

Secretary to Board.—Carl Jussen.

(See separate statement entitled "Fire Department.")

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

(See separate statement under head of "Education.")

RAPID TRANSIT COMMISSIONERS.

President.—William Steinway; John H. Starin, Eugene L. Bushe, Samuel Spencer and John H. Inman.

INSPECTORS AND SEALERS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

First District.—*Inspector*, Henry B. Masterson, 949 Eighth Avenue; *Sealer*, Samuel K. Porter, 2 Fourth Avenue.

Second District.—*Inspector*, Michael Hahn, 9 Prospect Place; *Sealer*, John Bogert, 104 Elm Street.

CITY RECORD.—2 City Hall.

Supervisor.—William J. K. Kenny.

AQUEDUCT COMMISSIONERS.—209 Stewart Building.

Mayor, Commissioner of Public Works.

Comptroller.—James C. Duane.

Commissioners.—Francis M. Scott, John J. Tucker and Henry W. Cannon.

Secretary.—John C. Sheehan.

BOARD OF ASSESSORS.—27 Chambers Street.

Assessors.—Edward Gilon, Edward Cahill, Patrick M. Haverty and Charles E. Wendt.

Secretary.—William H. Jasper.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.—County Court House.

County Clerk.—William J. McKenna.

Deputy.—P. Joseph Scully.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.—County Court House.

Sheriff.—John J. Gorman.

Under Sheriff.—John B. Sexton.

Counsel.—William E. Stillings.

Warden of County Jail.—Thomas Dunlap.

Deputies.—Joel O. Stevens, David Barry, Peter McGinness, Victor Heimburger, John M. Tracy, James Young, James Carraher, John M. Fox, Thomas Murphy, Frank J. Walgering, Henry P. Mulvaney and Daniel E. Finn.

REGISTER'S OFFICE.—Hall of Records.

Register.—Frank T. Fitzgerald.

Deputy.—James A. Hanley.

COMMISSIONER OF JURORS.—Office, 127 Stewart Building.

Commissioner.—Bernard F. Martin.

Deputy Commissioner.—James E. Connor.

COMMISSIONERS OF ACCOUNTS.—Office, 115 Stewart Building.

Commissioners—Michael T. Daly and Charles G. F. Wahle.

COMMISSIONERS OF ELECTRICAL SUBWAYS.—Office, 1265 Broadway.

Commissioners.—Mayor, Jacob Hess, Theodore Moss.

Chief Engineer.—Henry S. Kearny.

Assistant Secretary.—John B. Trainer.

Electrical Expert.—Schuyler S. Wheeler.

CORONERS.—Office, 124 Second Avenue.

Coroners.—Ferdinand Levy, Michael J. B. Messemer, Louis W. Schultze, James B. Shea.

Deputies.—William A. Conway, William T. Jenkins, Albert T. Weston, Philip E. Donlin.

Clerk.—Edward F. Reynolds.

TAX COMMISSIONERS.—Office, Tryon Row.

Commissioners.—Edward P. Barker, Thomas L. Feitner, Edward L. Parris.

Secretary.—Floyd T. Smith.

BUREAU COLLECTION OF ARREARS OF PERSONAL TAXES.—Office, 41 Stewart Building.

Attorney.—John G. H. Meyers.

Clerk.—Michael J. Dougherty.

STATE OFFICERS.

COMMISSIONERS OF QUARANTINE.—Office, 71 Broadway.

President.—George W. Anderson.

Commissioners.—John A. Nichols and Charles F. Allen.

Health Officer.—William M. Smith.

Secretary.—Edwin S. Mellen.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTS.—Office, 24 State Street.

Commissioners.—Samuel Harding, Ambrose Snow, J. H. Winchester, Edward Hincken and Elihu Spicer.

Secretary.—Daniel A. Nash.

PORT WARDENS.—Office, 17 South Street.

President.—William H. Leaycraft.

Wardens.—F. G. Comstock, John McGroaty, W. G. Watt, Henry A. Barnum, J. S. Kidder, Isaac W. Edsall, Hiram Calkins and James E. Jones.

Secretary.—William Conselyea.

Collector.—A. W. Dodge.

COMMISSIONERS OF FISHERIES.—81 Fulton Street.

Commissioners.—William H. Bowman, A. Sylvester Joline and Henry Burden. *Secretary.*—Edward P. Doyle.

FEDERAL OFFICERS.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Wall, corner William Street.

Collector.—Francis Hendricks, Custom House.

Chief Clerk of Customs and Special Deputy Collector.—Joseph N. Couch.

Deputy Collectors.—John H. Gunner, Frank Raymond, Dudley F. Phelps, Thomas Hunt, Nelson G. Williams, Levi M. Gano, Charles A. Burr, Dennis Shea and Wilson Berryman.

Cashier.—William L. Bostwick, William Street, corner Exchange Place.

Disbursing Agent.—Samuel W. Thompson.

Auditor.—Henry D. Stanwood, William, corner Wall Street.

Naval Officer.—Theodore B. Willis, 22 Exchange Place.

Deputy Naval Officer.—H. W. Gourley.

Surveyor.—George W. Lyon, William, corner Wall Street.

Deputy Surveyors.—A. B. Catlin, J. W. Corning.

Barge Officer.—John Collins, Custom House.

General Appraisers.—George H. Sharp, George C. Technor, C. H. Hamm, J. A. Jewell, J. B. Wilkinson, Jr., T. S. Sharretts, William F. Lunt and F. N. Surtleff.

Appraiser.—Marvelle W. Cooper.

SUB-TREASURY.—Wall, corner Nassau Street.

Assistant Treasurer.—Ellis H. Roberts.

Cashier.—Maurice L. Muhleman.

Deputy Assistant Treasurer.—Edward W. Hale.

GOVERNMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK—*Continued.*

ASSAY OFFICE.—30 Wall Street.

Superintendent.—Andrew Mason.
Assayer.—Herbert G. Torrey.
Melter and Refiner.—Benjamin T. Martin.

INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICERS.

Second District.—1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, 15th and parts of the 14th and 16th Wards, Michael Kerwin, *Collector*, 7 Beekman Street.

Third District.—7th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and parts of the 14th and 16th Wards, Ferdinand Eidman, *Collector*, 153 Fourth Avenue.

NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER.

Examiner.—A. Barton Hepburn

PENSION AGENCY.—Office, 398 Canal Street.

Pension Agent.—Frank C. Loveland.

UNITED STATES SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION.—Office, United States Barge Office Building, Battery Park.

Superintendent.—John B. Weber.
Assistant Superintendent.—James R. O'Beirne.

UNITED STATES INSPECTORS OF STEAM VESSELS.—Office, Post-Office Building.

Supervising Inspector.—George H. Starbuck.
Local Inspectors.—Samuel G. Fairchild, Thomas H. Barrett.

UNITED STATES SHIPPING COMMISSIONER.—Office, 25 Pearl Street.

Commissioner.—James C. Reed.
Deputy.—Eugene B. Kingsbury.

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU.—Office, 120 Broadway.

Observer.—Elias B. Dunn.

UNITED STATES LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.—Office, 24 State Street.

Inspector.—Charles A. Abbey.

Hack and Cab Fares.

RATES REGULATED BY LAW.

THE city ordinance regulating the rates which may be charged customers by cab men is as follows: Distance is computed at twenty blocks to a mile north and south, and seven blocks to a mile east and west.

SEC. 89. The price or rates of fare to be asked or demanded by the owners or drivers of hackney coaches or cabs shall be as follows:

Cabs.

1. For conveying one or more persons any distance, sums not exceeding the following amount: Fifty cents for the first mile or part thereof; and each additional half mile or part thereof, twenty-five cents. By distance, for "stops" of over five minutes and not exceeding fifteen minutes, twenty-five cents. For longer stops, the rate will be twenty-five cents for every fifteen minutes or fraction thereof, if more than five minutes. For a brief stop, not exceeding five minutes in a single trip, there will be no charge.

2. For the use of a cab, by the hour, with the privilege of going from place to place and stopping as often and as long as may be required, one dollar for the first hour or part thereof, and for each succeeding half-hour or part thereof, fifty cents.

Coaches.

3. For conveying one or more persons any distance, sums not exceeding the following amounts: One dollar for the first mile or part thereof, and each additional half mile or part thereof, forty cents. By distance for "stops" of over five minutes and not exceeding fifteen minutes, thirty-eight cents. For longer stops the rate will be thirty-eight cents for every fifteen minutes. For a brief stop, not exceeding five minutes in a single trip, there will be no charge.

4. For the use of a coach, by the hour, with the privilege of going from place to place and stopping as often and long as may be required, one dollar and fifty cents for the first hour or part thereof, and for each succeeding half-hour or part thereof, seventy-five cents.

5. No cab or coach shall be driven by the time rate at a pace less than five miles an hour.

6. From "line balls," one or two passengers, to any point south of Fifty-ninth Street, two dollars; each additional passenger, fifty cents; north of Fifty-ninth Street each additional mile shall be charged for at a rate not to exceed fifty cents per mile.

7. Every owner or driver of any hackney coach or cab shall carry on his coach or cab one piece of baggage, not to exceed fifty pounds in weight, without extra charge; but for any additional baggage he may carry, he shall be entitled to extra compensation at the rate of twenty-five cents per piece.

8. All disputes as to prices or distance shall be settled by the Mayor or such other person as he may designate.

9. In all cases where the hiring of a hackney coach or a cab is not at the time thereof specified to be by the hour, it shall be deemed to be by the mile; and for any detention exceeding fifteen minutes, when so working by the mile, the owner or driver may demand at the rate of one dollar per hour.

It shall be the duty of the driver of every such hackney coach or cab, at the commencement of his employment, to present the passenger employing him with a printed card or slip, containing, in case of cabs, subdivisions 1 and 2, and in cases of coaches, subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 89 of this article.

Any person or persons who shall violate any or either of the provisions of above sections of this article shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars.

Complaints for violations of the above ordinances may be made at the office of the Mayor's Marshal, Room 1, City Hall.

Health Department.

301 MOTT STREET.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

COMMISSIONERS.	Appointed.	Terms End.	Salaries.
Charles G. Wilson, President	May 2, 1889	May 2, 1895	$5,000
Joseph D. Bryant, M.D.	July 6, 1887	July 6, 1893	4,000
William M. Smith, M.D., Health Officer of the Port, *ex-officio*			
Charles F. McLean, President of Board of Police, *ex-officio*			

HEALTH DEPARTMENT—*Continued.*

OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

Officers.	Official Duties.	Salaries.
Emmons Clark	Secretary of the Board	$4,800
William H. Prentice	Attorney to the Board	4,800
William A. Ewing, M.D	Sanitary Superintendent	4.800
Edward H. Jones, M.D	Assistant Sanitary Superintendent	2,600
Roger S. Tracy, M.D	Register of Records	3,000
John T. Nagle, M.D	Deputy Register of Records	2,600
Willard Bullard	Chief Sanitary Inspector	2,750
Cyrus Edson, M.D	Chief Inspector Contagious Diseases	3,200
F. R. Percival, M.D	Physician Riverside Hospital	1,500
F. W. Lester, M.D	Physician Willard Parker Hospital	1,500
John C. Collins	Chief Inspector Plumbing	2,750
Edward W. Martin	Chemist	2,250

NUMBER OF DEATHS AND DEATH RATIOS IN NEW YORK, 1880 TO 1890.

Year.	Population Estimated.	Deaths.	Death-Rate.	Year.	Population Estimated.	Deaths.	Death-Rate.
1880	1,209,268	31,937	26.41	1886	1,447,166	37,351	25.81
1881	1,246,011	38,624	30.99	1887	1,491,137	38,933	26.11
1882	1,283,870	37,924	29.54	1888	1,536,444	40,175	26.15
1883	1,322,880	34,011	25.71	1889	1,583,120	39,679	25.06
1884	1,363,075	35,034	25.70	1890	1,631,232	40,103	24.58
1885	1,404,401	35,682	25.40				

Hotels.

LOCATIONS OF PRINCIPAL HOTELS.

Aberdeen, Broadway and 21st Street.
Albemarle, Broadway and 24th Street.
Arno, 1170 Broadway.
Ashland, 4th Avenue and 24th Street.
Astor House, Broadway, opposite Post-Office.
Bancroft House, Broadway and 21st Street.
Barrett House, Broadway and 43d Street.
Belmont, 141 Fulton Street.
Belvedere, 4th Avenue and 18th Street.
Brevoort House, 11 Fifth Avenue.
Bradford, 55 Eleventh Street.
Bristol, 17 E. 11th Street.
Brower House, 24 W. 28th Street.
Buckingham, 5th Avenue and 50th Street.
Cambridge, 334 Fifth Avenue.
Clarendon, 4th Avenue and 18th Street.
Coleman House, Broadway and 27th Street.
Colonnade, 726 Broadway.
Compton House, cor. 3d Avenue and 24th Street.
Continental, 904 Broadway.
Cosmopolitan, Chambers Street and West Broadway.
Earle's, Canal Street, cor. Centre Street.
Everett House, 4th Avenue and 17th Street
Fifth Avenue, 5th Avenue and 23d Street.
Gedney House, Broadway and 40th Street.
Gerlach, 55 W. 27th Street.
Gilsey House, Broadway and 29th Street.
Gladstone, 59th Street and 8th Avenue.
Gramercy Park, E. 20th Street, bet. 3d and 4th Aves.
Grand, Broadway and 31st Street.
Grand Central, 671 Broadway.
Grand Union, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
Hanover, 2 E. 15th Street.
Hoffman House, 1111 Broadway.
Hotel Albert, 11th Street, near Broadway
Hotel Bartholdi, Broadway and 23d Street.
Hotel Beresford, W. 81st Street and Central Park.
Hotel Bristol, 5th Avenue and 42d Street.
Hotel Brunswick, 225 Fifth Avenue.
Hotel Dam, 104 E. 15th Street.
Hotel de l'Europe, 237 E. 14th Street.
Hotel Devonshire, 42d Street, near Madison Avenue.
Hotel Espanol Hispano, 116 W. 14th Street.
Hotel Glenham, 155 Fifth Avenue.
Hotel Hamilton, 5th Avenue and 42d Street.
Hotel Imperial, Broadway and 32d Street.
Hotel Marlborough, Broadway and 36th Street.
Hotel Metropole, Broadway, bet 41st and 42d Streets.
Hotel Monico, 7 E. 18th Street.
Hotel Normandie, Broadway and 38th Street.
Hotel Royal, 6th Avenue and 40th Street.
Hotel St. George, 49 E. 12th Street.
Hotel St. Marc, 432 Fifth Avenue.
Hotel St. Stephen, 46 E. 11th Street.
Hotel Vendome, Broadway and 41st Street.
Hotel Winthrop, 7th Avenue and 125th Street.
Langham, 5th Avenue and 52d Street.
Lenox, 72 Fifth Avenue.
Madison Avenue, Madison Avenue and 58th Street.
Madison Square, Madison Avenue and 27th Street.
Metropolitan, Broadway and Prince Street.
Morton House, Broadway and 14th Street.
Murray Hill, Park Avenue and 40th Street.
New-York, 721 Broadway.
Oriental, Broadway and 39th Street.
Parker House, Broadway and 34th Street.
Park Avenue, Park Avenue and 32d Street.
Plaza, 5th Avenue and 59th Street.
Revere, 636 Broadway.
San Marco, cor. Madison Avenue and 27th Street.
St. Charles, 648 Broadway.
St. Cloud, Broadway and 42d Street.
St. Denis, Broadway and 11th Street.
St. James, Broadway and 26th Street.
St. Nicholas, Broadway and Washington Place.
St. Omer, 6th Avenue and 23d Street.
Shelbourne, 34th Street and 3d Avenue.
Sherwood, 5th Avenue and 44th Street.
Sinclair House, 754 Broadway.
Smith and McNeils, 197 Washington Street.
Spingler House, University Place and 14th Street.
Stevens House, 23 Broadway.
Stirling, 73 Fifth Avenue.
Sturtevant, 1186 Broadway.
Sweeney's Hotel, 23 Duane Street.
Tremont, 663 Broadway.
Union Square, 16 Union Square.
United States, Fulton and Water Streets.
Vanderbilt, 42d Street and Lexington Avenue.
Victoria, 5th Avenue and 27th Street.
Westminster, Irving Place and 16th Street.
West Side, 227 Sixth Avenue.
Wilton, 45 W. 27th Street.
Windsor, 5th Avenue and 46th Street.

Hospitals.

Name.	Location.
All Saints' Convalescent Home	521 East 120th St.
Babies	657 Lexington Ave.
Bellevue*	Foot East 26th St.
Charity*	Blackwell's Island.
Colored Hospital & Home†	65th St. and 1st Ave.
Christoforo Colombo†	328 East 109th St.
Columbian Institute	142 East 34th St.
Emergency	223 East 26th St.
Epileptic*	Blackwell's Island.
Five Points	Worth St., n. Mulberry St.
French Benevolent	320 West 34th St.
Fordham Reception	2456 Valentine Ave.
German†	Park Ave. and 77th St.
Gouverneur*	Gouverneur Slip.
Hahnemann Hospital†	67th St. and Park Ave.
Harlem Reception*	535 East 120th St.
Home of Rest for Consumptives	1831 Anthony Ave.
Homœopathic	Ward's Island.
Italian Home	179 Second Ave.
Isabella Heimath	190th St. & Amsterdam Ave.
Laura Franklin*	17 East 111th St.
Manhattan Dispensary†	Amsterdam Ave. & 131st St.
Manhattan Eye and Ear†	Park Ave., cor. 41st St.
Maternity	East 69th St., cor. 3d Ave.
Metropolitan Throat*	351 West 34th St.
Montefiore†	138th St. and Boulevard.
Mt. Sinai	E. 66th St. and Lex. Ave.
New Amsterdam Eye and Ear	212 West 38th St.
New-York†	7 West 15th St.
New-York Cancer	2 West 106th St.
N. Y. Home for Convalescents	433 East 118th St.
N. Y. Homœopathic	64th St. & E. Boulevard.
N. Y. Inst. for Eye and Ear†	206 West 42d St.
N. Y. Medical College	215 West 54th St.
N. Y. Ophthalmic*	East 23d St. and 3d Ave.
N. Y. Ophthalmic and Aural†	46 East 12th St.
N. Y. Orthopædic†	126 East 59th St.
N. Y. Polyclinic	214 East 34th St.
N. Y. Post Grad. Med. Sch.	226 East 20th St.
N. Y. Skin and Cancer†	243 East 34th St.
N. Y. Sanitarian	247 West 49th St.
N. Y. Society for Relief Ruptured and Crippled	42d St. and Lex. Ave.
Nursery and Childs	571 Lexington Ave.
Paralytic*	Blackwell's Island.
Presbyterian†	E. 70th St. & Mad. Ave.
Reception*	Foot East 16th St.
Riverside*	North Brother's Island.
Roosevelt	W. 59th St. and 9th Ave.
St. Andrew's for Women	213 East 17th St.
St. Elizabeth's	225 West 31st St.
St. Francis'*	609 Fifth St.
St. Joseph's	E. 143d St., cor. Brook Ave.
St. Luke's†	W. 54th St. and 5th Ave.
St. Mark's	66 St. Mark's Place.
St. Vincent's	11th St. and 7th Ave.
Santarian Hebrew Children	124 East 14th St.
Sloane Maternity*	W. 59th St. & Amste'd'm Av.
Trinity	59 Varick St.
Willard Parker	Foot East 16th St.
Woman's	Park Ave. and E. 55th St.
Woman's Infirmary†	247 West 40th St.

* Free. † Partly free.

Fire Insurance Companies.

NEW-YORK CITY COMPANIES.

Alliance, 69 William St., Pres., James Yereance.
American Fire, 146 Broadway, Pres., David Adee.
Broadway, 158 Broadway, Pres., E. B. Magnus.
Citizens, 156 Broadway, Pres., E. A. Walton.
Commonwealth, William St., Pres., M. M. Belding.
Continental, 100 Broadway, Pres., F. C. Moore.
Eagle Fire, 71 Wall St., Pres., A. J. Clinton.
Empire City Fire, 166 Broadway, Pres., Lindley Murray, Jr.
Farragut Fire, 346 Broadway, Pres., J. E. Leffingwell.
German American, 115 Broadway, Pres., Emil Oelbermann.
Germania Fire, 177 Broadway, Pres., Hugo Schumann.
Globe Fire, 161 Broadway, Pres., James S. Eadie.
Greenwich, 161 Broadway, Pres., Mason A. Stone.
Hamilton Fire, 155 Broadway, Pres., D. D. Whitney.
Hanover Fire, 40 Nassau St., Pres., I. Remsen Lane.
Home, 119 Broadway, Pres., D. A. Heald.
Kings County, 139 Broadway, Pres., Wm. E. Horwill.
Lafayette, 165 Broadway, Pres., Samuel Van Wyck.
Manufacturers and Builders, 152 Broadway, Pres., Edward V. Loew.
Mutual Fire, 45 Cedar St., Pres., J. C. Hatie.
Nassau Fire, 151 Broadway, Pres., William T. Lane.
National Fire, 35 Pine St., Pres., Henry T. Drowne.
New-York Bowery Fire, 124 Bowery, Pres. H. Silberhorn.
Niagara Fire, 135 Broadway, Pres., Peter Notman.
North River Fire, 175 Broadway, Pres., William E. Hutchins.
Pacific Fire, 151 Broadway, Pres., Frank T. Stinson.
Peter Cooper Fire, 3d Ave. and 9th St., Pres., William H. Riblet.
Phenix, 195 Broadway, Pres., George P. Sheldon.
Queen, 60 Wall St., Pres., J. A. Macdonald.
Rutgers Fire, 200 Park Row, Pres., E. B. Fellows.
Standard Fire, 52 Wall St., Pres., Wm. M. St. John.
Stuyvesant, 157 Broadway, Pres., George B. Rhodes.
United States Fire, 172 Broadway, Pres., W. Wilson Underhill.
Westchester Fire, 66 Wall St., Pres., G. R. Crawford.
Williamsburgh City, 150 Broadway, Pres., Marshall S. Driggs.

FOREIGN COMPANIES.

British America, Toronto, 32 Pine St., Manager, John M. Whiton.
Caledonian, Edinburgh, 24 Pine St., Agents, Delesderniers & Perrins.
Commercial Union, London, 58 William St., Manager, Charles Sewell.
Guardian, London, 50 Pine St., Manager, Henry E. Bowers.
Hamburg Bremen, Hamburg, 22 Pine St., Manager, F. O. Affeld.
Imperial Fire, London, 33 Pine St., Manager, Banta & Courtney.

INSURANCE COMPANIES—*Continued.*

Lancashire, Manchester, 25 Pine St., Manager, Edward Litchfield.
Lion Fire, London, 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Liverpool and London and Globe, 45 William St., Manager, Henry W. Eaton.
London and Lancashire, Liverpool, 57 and 59 William St., Manager, Jeffrey Beavan.
London Assurance, London, 69 Wall St., Manager, George H. Marks.
Manchester Fire, Manchester, Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
North British and Mercantile, London, 54 William St., Manager, Samuel P. Blagden.
Northern, London, 38 Pine St., Manager, George W. Babb, Jr.
Norwich Union, Norwich, 61 Wall St., Manager, J. Montgomery Hare.
Phœnix, London, 67 Wall St., Manager, A. D. Irving.
Prussian National, Stettin, Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
Royal, Liverpool, 50 Wall St., Manager, E. F. Beddall.
Scottish Union and National, Edinburgh, 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Sun, 54 Pine St., Manager, J. J. Guile.
Transatlantic Fire, 54 Pine St., Manager, E. Harbers.
United Fire, 28 Nassau St., Manager, William Wood.
Union, London, Managers, Hall & Henshaw.
Western, 32 Pine St., Managers, Roosevelt & Boughton.

AGENCIES OF OTHER STATE COMPANIES.

Ætna, Ct., 52 William St., Agents, Scott, Alexander & Talbot.
Agricultural, N. Y., 72 Wall St., Agents., C. Patterson & Son.
American, Mass., 52 William St., Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
American, N. J., 168 Broadway, Agent, B. T. Rhoads, Jr.
American Fire, Pa., 58 Cedar St., Agent, C. E. Shade.
American Central, Mo., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Armenia, Pa., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Boyiston, Mass., 58 Cedar St., Agent, C. E. Shade.
California, Cal., 32 Pine St., Agent, John M. Whiton.
Citizens, Mo., 30 Pine St., Agent, Harold Herrick.
Citizens, Pa., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Commerce, Albany, 32 Pine St., Agents, Roosevelt & Boughton.
Connecticut Fire, 52 William St., Agents, Scott, Alexander & Talbot.
Detroit, Fire and Marine, 30 Pine St., Agent, Harold Herrick.
Equitable Fire and Marine, R. I., 54 William St., Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
Farmers, York, Pa., 30 Pine St., Agent, H. Herrick.
Fire Association, Pa., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Fireman's Fund, Cal., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Fire Insurance Co., County of Philadelphia, 50 Pine St., Agents, Weed & Kennedy.
Firemen's, N. J., 168 Broadway, Agent, B. T. Rhoads, Jr.
Firemen's Fire, Mass., 58 Cedar St., Agent, C. E. Shade.
Franklin Fire, Pa., 45 Pine St., Agents, Rowell & Hone.
German, Pa., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Girard F. & M., Pa., 170 Broadway, Agents, Henry Honig & Son.
Glens Falls, N. Y., 26 Pine St., Agent, T. Y. Brown.
Grand Rapids, Mich., 26 Pine St., Agent, T. Y. Brown.
Hartford Fire, Ct., 61 William St., Agents, Young & Hodges.
Ins. Co. of North America, 16 Exchange Pl., Agent, B. Lockwood.
Ins. Co. of State of Pa., 16 Exchange Pl., Agent, B. Lockwood.
Jersey City, N. J., 115 Broadway, Agent, German American Ins. Co.
Manufacturers and Merchants, Pa., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Mechanics' Fire, Pa., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Mechanics and Traders, La., 135 Broadway, Agents, Howe, Post & Co.
Mercantile F. & M., Mass., 54 William St., Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
Merchants, N. J., 83 Liberty St., Agents, Ogden & Katzenmeyer.
Merchants, R. I., 54 William St., Agents, Hall & Henshaw.
Michigan F. and M., 26 Pine St., Agent, T. Y. Brown.
Milwaukee Mechanics, Wis., 26 Pine St., Agent, T. Y. Brown.
National Fire, Ct., 168 Broadway, Agent, F. V. Price.
Newark Fire, N. J., 83 Liberty St., Agents, Ogden & Katzenmeyer.
New-Hampshire Fire, N. H., 26 Pine St., Agent, T. Y. Brown.
North American, Mass., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Northwestern Nat., Wis., 179 Broadway, Agent, Hugo Schumann.
Orient, Ct., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Pennsylvania Fire, 58 Cedar St., Agent, C. E. Shade.
People's Fire, N. H., 32 Pine St., Agent, J. M. Whiton.
Phœnix, Ct., 166 Broadway, Agent, J. R. McCay.
Providence Washington, R. I., 52 William St., Agents, Scott, Alexander & Talbot.
Reading Fire, Pa., 30 Pine St., Agent, Harold Herrick.
Reliance, Pa., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
St. Paul F. & M., Minn., 32 Pine St., Agent, J. M. Whiton.
St. Paul German, Minn., 55 Liberty St., Agent, A. F. Smith.
Security, Ct., 32 Pine St., Agents, Roosevelt & Boughton.
Springfield F. & M., Mass., 52 William St., Agents, Scott, Alexander & Talbot.
Spring Garden, Pa., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
State Investment, Cal., 41 Pine St., Agents, Ackerman, Deyo & Hilliard.
Syndicate, Minn., 135 Broadway, Agents, Howe, Post & Co.
Teutonia, La., 135 Broadway, Agents, Howe, Post & Co.
Traders, Ill., Agents, Young & Hodges.
Union, Cal., 32 Pine St., Agents, Roosevelt & Boughton.
United Firemen's, Pa., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Union, Pa., 33 Pine St., Agents, Banta & Courtney.
Western, Pa., 58 Cedar St., Agent, C. E. Shade.

Life Insurance Companies.

NEW-YORK COMPANIES.

Brooklyn Life, 51 Liberty St., Pres., Wm. M. Cole.
Commercial Alliance, 45 Broadway, Pres. J. I. Holly.
Equitable Life, 120 Broadway, Pres., Henry B. Hyde.
Germania Life, 20 Nassau Street, Pres., Hugo Wessendonck.
Home Life, 254 Broadway, Pres., Charles A. Townsend.
Manhattan Life, 156 Broadway, Pres., H. B. Stokes.
Metropolitan Life, Church St. and Park Pl., Pres., John R. Hegeman.
Mutual Life, 32 Nassau St., Pres., R. A. McCurdy.
New-York Life, 346 Broadway, Pres., Wm. H. Beers.
Provident Savings Life, 29 Broadway, Pres., Sheppard Homans.
United States Life, 265 Broadway, Pres., George H. Burford.
Washington Life, 21 Cortlandt St., Pres., William A. Brewer.

INSURANCE COMPANIES—*Continued.*

AGENCIES OF OTHER STATE COMPANIES.

Ætna Life, Hartford, Ct., 165 Broadway, Agents, Mumford & Bushnell.
Berkshire Life, Pittsfield, Mass., 271 Broadway, Agent, George W. English.
Connecticut General Life, Hartford, Ct.
Connecticut Mutual Life, Hartford, Ct., 1 Wall St., Agent, Philip S. Miller.
John Hancock Mutual Life, Boston, Mass., 28 Union Sq., Agent, C. W. Talpey.
Massachusetts Mutual Life, Springfield, Mass., 258 Broadway, Agents, Morse & Slade.
Mutual Benefit Life, Newark, N. J., 137 Broadway, Agent, L. Spencer Goble.
National Life, Montpelier, Vt., 151 Broadway, Agent, Joseph Wells.
New-England Mutual Life, Boston, Mass., 208 Broadway, Agents, Kennedy & Ratcliffe.
Northwestern Mutual Life, Milwaukee, Wis., 207 Broadway, Agent, John I. D. Bristol.
Penn Mutual Life, Philadelphia, Pa., 13 Park Row, Agent, Ezra De Forest.
Phœnix Mutual Life, Hartford, Ct., 189 Broadway, Agent, H. Lindsley.
Provident Life and Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa., 409 Broadway, Agents, Murray, Lebar & Kennard.
Prudential Life, Newark, N. J., 234 Centre St., Agent, John F. Collins.
State Mutual Life, Worcester, Mass., 189 Broadway, Agent, C. W. Anderson.
Traveler's, Hartford, Ct., 140 Broadway, Agent, R. M. Johnson.
Union Central Life, Cincinnati, O., 18 Cortlandt St., Agent, J. O. Bache.
Union Mutual Life, Portland, Me., 54 William St., Agent, H. P. Townsley.

CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

American Casualty, Md., 120 Broadway, Agents, Beecher, Schenck & Benedict.
American Employers' Liability, 10 Wall St., Pres., I. H. Crane.
American Surety, 160 Broadway, Pres., William L. Trenholm.
Fidelity and Casualty, 140 Broadway, Pres., W. M. Richards.
Hartford Steam Boiler, 285 Broadway, Manager, T. H. Babcock.
Lawyers' Title, 120 Broadway, Pres., E. W. Coggeshall.
Title Guarantee and Trust, 55 Liberty St., Pres., John W. Murray.
Travelers', Ct., 140 Broadway, Manager, R. W. Johnson.
United States Guarantee, 111 Broadway, Pres., E. Rawlings.

PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Fidelity and Casualty, 140 Broadway, Pres., W. M. Richards.
Lloyds Plate Glass, 63 William St., Pres., James G. Beecher.
Metropolitan Plate Glass, 66 Liberty St., Pres., Henry Harteau.
New-York Plate Glass, 24 Pine St., Pres., E. R. Kennedy.

MARINE COMPANIES.

Atlantic Mutual, 51 Wall St., Pres., John D. Jones.
British and Foreign, Cotton Exchange, Underwriter, L. A. Wight.
Mannheim, 16 Exchange Pl., Attorney, Hugo Menzel.
New-York Mutual, 61 William St., Pres., T. B. Bleecker, Jr.
Thames and Mersey, of Liverpool, 69 Wall St., Manager, A. J. Macdonald.
Union, 51 Wall St., Attorneys, Jones & Whitlock.

ASSESSMENT ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bankers & Traders, 155 Broadway, Pres., Fletcher H. Bangs.
Mercantile Mutual Accident, 45 Broadway, Pres., Austin Dall.
Merchants' Casualty, 234 Broadway, Pres., George J. Medole.
National Accident, 280 Broadway, Pres., John W. Harman.
Preferred Mutual Accident, 257 Broadway, Pres., P. C. Lounsbury.
Provident Fund, 29 Broadway, Pres., A. N. Lockwood.
St. Lawrence Life, 171 Broadway, Pres., John J. Barnsdall.
Traders' & Travelers', 287 Broadway, Pres., J. E. Vail.
United States Mutual Accident, 320 Broadway, Pres., Charles B. Peet.

INSURANCE COMPANIES—*Continued.*

ASSESSMENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

American Temperance Life, 187 Broadway, Pres., George Merrill.
Citizens' Mutual Life, 115 Broadway, Pres., Augustus S. Whiton.
Fidelity Mutual Life, 142 Pulitzer Building, Manager, Samuel M. Davis.
Globe Mutual Benefit, 18 Broadway, Pres., Charles W. Tankersley.
Guarantee Alliance, 137 Broadway, Pres., B. S. McKean.
Hartford Life & Annuity, 189 Broadway, Pres., H. A. Whitman.
Home Benefit Asso., 137 Broadway, Pres., William A. Caup.
Home Benefit Soc., 161 Broadway, Pres., John F. H. King.
Income & Life Association of America, 18 Broadway, Pres., William H. Bramhall.
Life Union, 234 Broadway, Pres., Joseph T. Baldwin.
Massachusetts Benefit, 38 Park Row, Manager, George E. Curtis.
Mercantile Benefit, 319 Broadway, Pres., Joseph W. Congdon.
Mutual Benefit Life., 12 East 42d Street, Pres., William H. Whiton.
Mutual Reserve Fund Life, 38 Park Row, Pres., Edward B. Harper.
United Life Ins., 69 Pulitzer Build., Pres., Peter Bowe.
Woman's Mutual Insurance Association, 191 Broadway, Pres., A. Sterling.

NEW-YORK BOARD OF FIRE UNDERWRITERS.

Offices: Mutual Life Building, 32 Nassau Street.
President, Samuel P. Blagden; *Vice-President*, E. R. Kennedy; *Secretary*, William W. Henshaw; *Assistant Secretary*, Thomas J. Gaines; *Treasurer*, Lindley Murray, Jr.
Committee on Finance.—David Adee, T. Y. Brown, M. S. Driggs, Henry W. Eaton, William M. St. John, Hugo Schumann, J. M. Whiton.
Committee on Fire Patrol.—Benjamin G. Ackerman, Henry E. Bowers, J. Jay Nestell, William B. Ogden, George T. Patterson, George B. Rhoads, Mason A. Stone.
Committee on Laws and Legislation.—J. Montgomery Hare. William E. Hutchins, J. H. Kattenstroth, Peter Notman, Charles M. Peck, Charles Sewall and George P. Sheldon.
Committee on Surveys.—F. O. Affeld, A. D. Irving, I. Remsen Lane, B. Lockwood, Edward Rowell, J. H. Washburn and James Yereance.
Committee on Police and Origin of Fires.—George W. Babb, Jr., William DeL. Boughton, E. Litchfield, J. R. McCay, Alexander C. Milne, Frank M. Parker and W. W. Underhill.

LIFE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK.

President, George P. Haskell; *First Vice-President*, Alvah W. Brown; *Second Vice-President*, Julius Gerow; *Third Vice-President*, Robert J. Murray; *Secretary*, Moses Stearns; *Treasurer*, Ezra DeForest; *Executive Committee*, William Ratcliffe, Jr., Charles H. Raymond and Gilford Morse, with the president *ex-officio*.

Jury Duty.

To be qualified to serve, a person must be not less than 21 nor more than 70 years of age, and he must be a male citizen of the United States, and a resident of this City and County; and he is a resident within the meaning of the jury law, if he dwells or lodges here the greater part of the time between the first day of October and the last day of June. He must be the owner, in his own right, of real or personal property of the value of $250; or the husband of a woman who is the owner, in her own right, of real or personal property of that value. He must also be in the possession of his natural faculties, and not be infirm or decrepit; intelligent; of good character, and able to read and write the English language understandingly.

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION.

A Clergyman, Minister of any religion officiating as such, and not following any other calling. A practising Physician, Surgeon or Surgeon-Dentist not following any other calling, and a licensed Pharmaceutist or Pharmacist while actually engaged in his profession as a means of livelihood. An Attorney or Counsellor-at-Law regularly engaged in the practice of law as a means of livelihood. A Professor or Teacher in a college, academy or public school, not following any other calling Editor, Editorial Writer or Reporter of a daily newspaper regularly employed as such, and not following any other vocation. The holder of an office under the United States, or the State or City or County of New-York, whose official duties, at the time, prevent his attendance as a juror. A Consul of a foreign nation. A Captain, Engineer or other officer actually employed upon a vessel making regular trips; a licensed Pilot, actually following that calling. A Superintendent, Conductor or Engineer employed by a Railroad Company other than a street railroad company, or a Telegraph Operator, employed by a Telegraph Company who is actually doing duty in an office, or along the railroad or telegraph line of the company by which he is employed. Honorably discharged Firemen. Active and honorably discharged Militiamen and active members of the Old Guard. Inspectors and Poll Clerks, or a person who is physically incapable. A duly licensed Engineer of Steam Boiler actually employed as such. Grand, Sheriff's and Civil Court Jurors.

Libraries.

Aguilar Free Library, 721 Lexington Avenue and 206 East Broadway and 624 Fifth Street.—Open 9 A.M. to 9 P.M. Saturdays, 7 to 10 P.M. only.

American Institute, 113 West 38th Street.—Open in summer, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.; in winter, 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Apprentices', 18 East 16th Street, free.—Open 8 A.M. to 9 P.M., except Sundays and holidays.

Astor, free, 34 Lafayette Place.—Open, except Sundays and holidays, in summer, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.; winter, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Broome Street, free, 391 Broome Street.—Open Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday, 4 to 9 P.M.

City, 12 City Hall, free.—Open 10 A.M. to 4 P.M

Columbia College, 41 East 49th Street.

Cooper Union, 7th Street and 4th Avenue.—Ope 8 A.M. to 10 P.M.

Five Points Mission, free, 63 Park Street.—Open 6 to 9 P.M.

Harlem, 2238 Third Avenue.—Open 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Historical Society, 170 Second Avenue.—Open from 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Law Institute, 116 Post-Office Building.—Open 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.; free, except to the profession.

Law Library of Equitable Life Assurance Society, 120 Broadway.—Open 8 A.M. to 8 P.M.

Lenox, 895 Fifth Avenue.—Open 10 A.M. to 4 P.M., except Sundays and Mondays.

Library of American Museum of Natural History, 77th Street and 8th Avenue.—Open 10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Maimonides, 203 East 57th Street.—Open 9 A.M. to 9 P.M., except Saturdays, and on Sundays, 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.

Masonic, 75 West 23d Street.—Open 3.30 to 5.30 P.M. and 7 to 10.30 P.M., except Sundays.

Mercantile, Astor Place.—Open 8 A.M. to 8 P.M. Rates: clerks, $4 per annum; others, $5.

New-York Society, 67 University Place.—Open 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Produce Exchange, Produce Exchange.—Open 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

St. Barnabas', 38 Bleecker Street, free. Open 7 to 10 P.M.

Seaman's, 34 Pike Street, free. Open 3 to 10 P.M.

University Law, 41 University Building.

Washington Heights, free, 10th Avenue, near 156th Street.—Open 9 A.M. to 12 M., and 1.30 to 9 P.M., except Sundays and holidays.

Woman's Library, 19 Clinton Place.—Open 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Woman's Free Reading Room and Library, 16 Clinton Place.—Open 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

Young Men's Christian Association, 52 East 23d Street, 153 Bowery, 142 Second Avenue, 153 East 86th Street, 470 West 30th Street, 5 West 125th Street and 361 Madison Avenue.—Open 8 A.M. to 10 P.M., and on Sundays from 1.30 to 10 P.M. $5 per annum.

Young Men's Institute, 222 Bowery.

Young Women's Christian Association, 7 East 15th Street.—Open 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except Sundays, and every day 7 to 9.15 P.M.

Lighting Streets.

THE following table states the time required by municipal ordinance for the lighting and extinguishing of the public lamps of the city:

Months.	Date.	Begin to Light.	Begin to Extinguish.	Months.	Date.	Begin to Light.	Begin to Extinguish.	Months.	Date.	Begin to Light.	Begin to Extinguish.
		H. M.	H. M.			H. M.	H. M.			H. M.	H. M.
May.....	1	6.45	4.00	September..	3	6.15	4.30	January....	1	4.30	6.30
"	7	6.55	3.40	" ..	10	6.05	4.40	"	8	4.40	6.30
"	14	7.00	3.30	" ..	17	5.55	4.50	"	15	4.50	6.25
"	21	7.10	3.15	" ..	24	5.40	5.00	" ...	22	5.00	6.25
"	28	7.15	3.15	October	1	5.30	5.00	"	29	5.05	6.15
June.....	4	7.25	3.15	"	8	5.20	5.10	February...	5	5.10	6.10
"	11	7.25	3.15	"	15	5.10	5.20	"	12	5.20	5.55
"	18	7.30	3.15	"	22	5.00	5.30	" ...	19	5.30	5.55
"	25	7.30	3.15	"	29	4.45	5.35	" ...	26	5.30	5.45
July.....	2	7.30	3.15	November..	5	4.40	5.45	March.....	5	5.40	5.35
"	9	7.30	3.15	" ..	12	4.30	6.00	"	12	5.50	5.20
"	16	7.20	3.15	" ..	19	4.25	6.00	"	19	6.00	5.10
"	23	7.20	3.15	" ..	26	4.20	6.10	"	26	6.10	4.55
"	30	7.10	3.30	December..	3	4.20	6.15	April.....	2	6.15	4.40
August.....	6	7.10	3.45	" ..	10	4.20	6.20	"	9	6.25	4.30
"	13	6.55	4.00	" ..	17	4.20	6.20	"	16	6.30	4.20
"	20	6.45	4.10	" ..	24	4.20	6.25	"	23	6.40	4.10
"	27	6.30	4.20					"	30	6.45	4.00

Markets.

Catharine, foot of Catharine Street, East River.

Central, East 42d Street, near Park Avenue.

Centre, Centre Street, between Grand and Broome Streets.

Clinton, bounded by Spring, Canal, West and Washington Streets.

Essex, Grand Street, between Ludlow and Essex Streets.

Fulton, bounded by Beekman, Fulton, South and Front Streets.

Fulton Fish, South Street, opposite Fulton Market.

Jefferson, Greenwich Avenue and Sixth Avenue.

Market Wagon Stand, Little 12th Street, Washington, Gansevoort and West Streets.

Tompkins, 3d Avenue, between 6th and 7th Streets.

Union, Houston and 2d Streets and Avenue D.

Washington, bounded by Washington, West, Vesey and Fulton Streets. The principal market of New-York.

West Washington, bounded by West Washington and Gansevoort Streets.

Messenger Service.

OFFICES OF THE AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Dist.

1. Produce Exchange, 8 A.M. to 7 P.M.
2. 134 Pearl Street, 7 A.M. to 8 P.M.
3. 16 Broad Street, 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.
4. 120 Broadway, 7 A.M. to 6 P.M.
5. 122 Front Street, 8 A.M. to 6.30 P.M.
6. 68 Fulton Street, 6 A.M to 8 P.M.
7. 151 Church Street, 7 A.M. to 6 P.M.
8. 195 Broadway, always open.
9. Cotton Exchange, 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
10. Stewart Building, 7 A.M. to 7 P.M.
11. 142 West Street, 7.30 A.M. to 6 P.M.
12. Pier 41, N. R., 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
13. 314 Greenwich Street, 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
14. 233 Grand Street, always open.
15. 407 Broadway, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
16. 255 Church Street, 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
17. 444 Broome Street, 8 A.M. to 6 P.M.
19. 599 Broadway, always open.
21. 336 W. 14th Street, 7 A.M to 6 P.M.
25. 110 W. 14th Street, 8 A.M. to 9 P.M.
27. 201 E. 14th Street, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
28. 834 Broadway, always open.
29. 70 Eighth Avenue, 7.30 A.M. to 9 P.M.
30. 344 Third Avenue, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
31. 8 W. 23d Street, always open.
32. 270 W. 23d Street, always open.

Dist.

33. 1140 Broadway, always open.
34. Manhattan Market, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
35. 1227 Broadway, always open.
36. 270 W. 34th Street, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
37. 401 Fifth Avenue, always open.
38. 666 Sixth Avenue, always open.
40. Grand Central Depot, always open.
41. 821 Sixth Avenue, always open.
42. 539 Fifth Avenue, always open.
43. 844 Third Avenue, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
44. 990 Sixth Avenue, always open.
45. 985 Eighth Avenue, always open.
46. 1059 Third Avenue, always open.
47. 45th Street and 1st Avenue, always open.
48. 1369 Third Avenue, always open.
49. 1170 Ninth Avenue, always open.
51. 81st Street and 9th Avenue, Elevated Railroad Station, Down-town side, 7.30 A.M. to 9 P.M.
53. 93d Street and 9th Avenue, 7.30 A.M. to 9 P.M.
54. 1616 Third Avenue, 8 A.M. to 9 P.M.
57. 268 W. 116th Street, 8 A.M. to 9 P.M.
58. 2097 Third Avenue, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
64. 134 E. 125th Street, always open.
65. 53 W. 125th Street, always open.
66. 264 W. 125 Street, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
67. 2300 Seventh Avenue, 7.30 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Messengers can be called from all hotels, restaurant and public places, day or night The above offices connect with the Western Union Telegraph Company.

OFFICES OF THE MUTUAL DISTRICT TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Dist.	Dist.	Dist.	Dist.
1. 45 Broadway.	10. 7 Murray Street.	31. 202 Fifth Avenue.	41. 812 Sixth Avenue.
2. 1 Broadway.	15. 438 Broadway.	32. 275 W. 23d Street.	44. 988 Sixth Avenue.
3. 36 New Street.	26. 11 University Place.	35. 1209 Broadway.	46. 763 Madison Avenue.
4. 10 Wall Street.	28. 843 Broadway.	38. 397 Fifth Avenue.	48. 935 Madison Avenue.
6. 153 Fulton Street.	29. 954 Broadway.		

The main office of the company is at 29 Murray Street.

Militia.

FIRST BRIGADE, NATIONAL GUARD, STATE OF NEW-YORK.

Commander.....Brig.-General Louis Fitzgerald.

Asst. Adjt.-Gen.....Lieut.-Col. S. H. Olin.
Inspector.....Major A. P. Montant.
Judge Advocate.....Major H. S. Van Duzer.
Quartermaster.....Major W. Goodwin.
Commissary.....Major C. L. Perkins.
Surgeon.....Major R. V. McKim.
Engineer.....Major F. V. Greene.
Ordnance.....Major Paul Dana.

INFANTRY REGIMENTS IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Name.	Armory.	Numerical Strength.		Colonel.	Lieut.-Colonel.	Major.
		Commissioned Officers.	Men.			
Seventh.....	Park Ave. and 67th St. ..	39	1,002	Daniel Appleton.	Geo. M. Smith.	William H. Kipp.
Eighth.....	Park Ave. and 94th St....	28	489	George D. Scott..	F. A. Schilling.	H. Chauncey, Jr.
Ninth.....	221 East 26th St.....	35	566	Wm. Seward, Jr.	Thos. B. Rand.	Solomon E. Japha.
Twelfth.....	9th Ave. and W. 62d St..	35	658	Heman Dowd....	Geo. A. Miller.	R. W. Leonard.
Twenty-second.	W. Boulevard and 68th St.	35	639	John T. Camp...	William V. King	.....
Sixty-ninth.....	3d Ave and 7th St.....	36	863	James Cavanagh.	James Moran..	Edward Duffy.
Seventy-first....	Broadway and W. 45th St.	34	583	Frederick Kopper	J. A. Dennison.	W. A. Downs.

ARTILLERY, CAVALRY AND SIGNAL CORPS IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Name.	Armory.	Numerical Strength.		Captain Commanding.
		Commissioned Officers.	Men.	
First Battery...	340 West 44th St.....	5	82	Louis Wendel.
Second Battery.	810 Seventh Ave.....	6	75	David Wilson.
Troop A.....	154 West 56th St.....	4	95	Charles F. Roe.
Signal Corps...	132 West 56th St.....	1	19	Albert Gallup.
Naval Reserve.	5th Ave. and 26th St.....	6	285	(Lieutenant Commanding) J. W. Miller.
Total.....		274	5,355	.....

Monuments and Statues.

LOCATION OF.

BEETHOVEN, bronze bust, on a granite pedestal, 15 feet high, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled, 1884.

BOLIVAR, equestrian statue of General Simon Bolivar, Central Park, near the 81st Street entrance; unveiled, 1884.

BURNS, bronze statue. Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled, 1880.

COLUMBUS, marble statue, Central Park Arsenal; to be located hereafter.

COMMERCE, bronze figure, Central Park, near the 8th Avenue and 59th Street entrance; unveiled, 1865.

DODGE, bronze statue of William E. Dodge, at Broadway, 6th Avenue and 36th Street; unveiled, 1885.

FARRAGUT, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, near 5th Avenue and 26th Street.

FRANKLIN, bronze statue, Printing House Square; unveiled, 1872.

GARIBALDI, bronze statue, Washington Square; unveiled, 1888.

GREELEY, bronze statue, at the front entrance of the *Tribune* Office; unveiled, 1890.

HALE, bronze statue of Nathan Hale, the martyr spy of the Revolution; to be erected this year in City Hall Park, near Broadway and Chambers Street, by the Sons of the Revolution.

HALLECK, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled, 1877.

HAMILTON, granite statue of Alexander Hamilton, Central Park, on the East Drive, above the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

HOLLEY, bronze bust of Alexander Holley, Washington Square; unveiled, 1890.

HUMBOLDT, bronze bust, Central Park, near the 5th Avenue and 59th Street entrance.

INDIAN HUNTER, bronze figure, Central Park, near lower entrance to the Mall.

IRVING, bronze bust, Bryant Park, on W. 40th Street; unveiled, 1866.

LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, Union Square, lower end of Park; unveiled, 1876.

LIBERTY ENLIGHTENING THE WORLD, on Bedlow's Island, in the Harbor, copper statue, on granite and concrete pedestal; statue, 151 feet high; pedestal, 155 feet high; total height above low-water mark, 305 feet, 11 inches; unveiled, 1886.

LINCOLN, bronze statue, Union Square, southwest corner; unveiled, 1868.

MARTYRS' MONUMENT, Trinity Churchyard, in memory of the American soldiers and sailors who died in the British prison ships in the Revolutionary War.

MAZZINI, bronze bust, Central Park, on the West Drive.

MOORE, bronze bust of Thomas Moore, the poet, Central Park, near the Pond and 5th Avenue entrance; unveiled, 1880.

MORSE, bronze statue of the inventor of the telegraph, Central Park, near 5th Avenue and 72d Street entrance; unveiled, 1871.

OBELISK, Central Park, near the Metropolitan Museum of Art; brought from Egypt, and erected, 1877; it is of granite, 70 feet long, and weighs 200 tons.

SCHILLER, bronze bust, Central Park, in the Ramble; unveiled, 1859.

SCOTT, bronze statue of Sir Walter Scott, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled, 1872.

SEVENTH REGIMENT, bronze figure of a soldier of this regiment, to commemorate its dead in the Civil War, Central Park, on the West Drive; unveiled, 1874.

SEWARD, bronze statue, southwest corner of Madison Square Park; unveiled, 1876.

SHAKESPEARE, bronze statue, Central Park, at the lower end of the Mall; unveiled, 1872.

STUYVESANT, marble effigy of Governor Peter Stuyvesant, in the outer wall of St. Mark's Church.

THE PILGRIM, bronze statue, Central Park, near E. 72d Street entrance.

WASHINGTON, bronze equestrian statue, Union Square, southeast side.

WASHINGTON, bronze statue, at the entrance to the Sub-Treasury Building, Wall Street; unveiled, 1883.

WEBSTER, bronze statue, Central Park, on the West Drive, near 72d Street.

WORTH, granite shaft, in honor of Major-General Worth, U. S. A., at Broadway, 5th Avenue and 25th Street; unveiled, 1857.

Navy of the United States.

UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, FOOT YORK STREET, BROOKLYN.

Commandant.—Captain Henry Erben.

Captain of the Yard.—Captain T. F. Kane.
Equipment Officer.—Captain G. W. Sumner.
Ordnance Officer.—Commander A. H. McCormick.
Medical Department.—Medical Inspector E. Kershner.
General Storekeeper —Pay Inspector A. S. Kenney.
Paymaster of the Yard.—H. T. B. Harris.
In charge Clothing Factory.—Paymaster G. H. Read.
Chief Engineer of the Yard.—S. L. P. Ayres.
Naval Constructor.—F. L. Fernald.
In charge Yards and Docks Department.—Civil Engineer C. P. Asserson.
In charge Hospital.—Medical Director A. L. Gihon.
Laboratory.—Medical Director D. Bloodgood.
Commanding Marine Barracks.—Major R. W. Huntington.
In charge Board of Inspection.—Commander W. H. Whiting.

Ordinances

PROVIDING FOR PUBLIC HEALTH AND COMFORT AND PREVENTION OF CERTAIN ABUSES.

THE following is a synopsis of the requirements of certain municipal ordinances providing for the public health and comfort and the prevention of nuisances and abuses.

Ashes and Rubbish.—No person shall throw, cast or lay any ashes, offal, vegetables, garbage, shavings or other rubbish of any kind in any street of the city.

Awnings.—Owners or occupants of property are permitted to erect awnings in front of their premises, providing the street exceeds 40 feet in width. The awnings must be placed 8½ feet above the curb, and if made of cloth or canvas, must not hang loosely from their supports.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.—Every clergyman, magistrate and other person who may perform a marriage ceremony shall keep a registry of the marriage celebrated, and therein enter the full names of the parties married, with age, residence and condition of each. Every physician, midwife and other person who may professionally assist or advise at any birth shall make and keep a registry of every such birth, and therein enter the time and place, ward and street number of such birth. The color and sex of every child born must be entered upon the registry also.

Every physician or professional adviser who has attended any person at a last illness, or has been present by request at the death of a person, shall make and preserve a registry of such death.

In all three cases above mentioned, it shall be the duty of said persons to present to the Sanitary Bureau a copy of such register properly signed.

ORDINANCES—*Continued.*

Cellar Doors.—No person shall construct a cellar door which shall extend more than one-twelfth part of any street, or more than five feet into any street under penalty of $250 for each offence.

Coal.—All coal which shall be sold from any coalyard in the city shall be sold by the bushel, except anthracite, which may be sold by weight.

Diseases and Contagions.—Every physician shall report to the Sanitary Bureau, in writing, every person having a contagious disease. The name of the person, the residence and nature of disease must be registered also. Two reports a week shall be required. In case a patient dies, it is the duty of the physician to report immediately to the Board of Health the fact. Every keeper of a boarding-house, lodging-house or hotel shall report within 24 hours the same particulars in writing to the Sanitary Bureau.

Dogs.—It is not lawful to permit dogs to go abroad loose or at large in any of the public streets of the city. The penalty is a fine of $3 for each offence, to be recovered against the owner, possessor or person who knowingly harbors such dog. The price for a dog license is $2 for a first license and $1 for each annual renewal thereof.

Fire-Escapes.—All dwelling-houses of more than two stories in height, occupied by two or more families, shall be provided with good and sufficient fire-escapes or other means of egress in case of fire, as shall be directed by the Superintendent of Buildings. This applies to factories, hotels, lodging-houses, boarding-houses having more than fifteen rooms, and every mill, office building, hospital, asylum, schools. It is the duty of every policeman, fireman and officer of the Department of the Inspection of Buildings to report any case where fire-escapes are encumbered.

Encumbrances in Streets.—No person shall encumber or obstruct any street which has been opened in the city with any article whatsoever, without first having obtained written permission from the Commissioner of Public Works. The penalty for violation of the ordinance is $5 for each offence, and a furthur penalty for each day or part thereof that the encumbrance continues.

Passage-ways in Churches and Theatres.—The aisles and passage-ways of churches, theatres and enclosed public places of assemblage shall be kept free from camp-stools, chairs, sofas and other obstructions. No person shall be allowed to stand or occupy said aisles during any service, performance, exhibition, lecture or public assemblage.

Police, Duties of.—Each member of the police force shall devote his whole time and attention to the business of the department. He is expressly forbidden from following any other calling or being employed in any other capacity. The members of the police force are relieved at certain times from the performance of duties, but they are required, however, to be at all times in readiness for duty.

Snow and Ice, Removal of.—The owners or occupants of any premises or lots of ground shall in the first few hours after a fall of snow have the same removed from the sidewalk. The failure to comply with this ordinance is punishable by a fine of $3. Ice which has accumulated upon sidewalks must be removed within a reasonable time.

Water, Regulations for the Use of.—The Commissioner of Public Works shall from time to time establish scales of rents for the supplying of water. The water shall be apportioned to different classes of buildings in reference to their dimensions, values, exposures to fire, ordinary uses for dwellings, stores, shops and private stables, and other common purposes. Meters will be placed in all houses where there is an extra use of water. Charges will be made at the discretion of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Parks.

Audubon, on the Hudson River, at W. 156th St. and Boulevard.
Battery, foot of Broadway.
Bowling Green, foot of Broadway.
Bronx, on Bronx River, north of Kingsbridge Road and east of Southern Boulevard.
Bryant, between 5th and 6th Aves. and W. 40th and W. 42d Sts.
City Hall Park, Broadway, Mail St., Park Row and Chambers St.
Claremont, bounded by Elliott and Walnut Sts., Anthony and Fleetwood Aves., in the 24th ward.
Crotona, east of 3d Ave., south of Tremont Ave. and 175th St., east of Boston Road and north of the 23d Ward line.
East River Park, between Ave. B. and East River and E. 84th and E. 86th Sts.
Gramercy Park, between E. 20th and E. 21st Sts. and 3d and 4th Aves.
Jeannette Park, Coenties Slip, between Front and South Sts.
Madison Square, between 5th and Madison Aves., and E. 23d and E. 26th Sts.
Morningside Park, between Manhattan, 9th and Morningside Aves. and W. 110th and W. 123d Sts.
Mount Morris Park, between Madison and Mt. Morris Aves. and 120th and 124th Streets.
Pelham Bay, on Long-Island Sound and East Chester Bay.
Riverside Park, between Riverside and 12th Aves. and W. 72d and W. 129th Sts.
St. Mary's Park, Morrisania.
Stuyvesant Square, between Rutherford and Livingston Places and E. 15th and E. 17th Sts.
Tompkins Square, between Aves. A and B and E. 7th and E. 10th Sts.
Union Square, between Broadway and 4th Ave. and E. 14th and E. 17th Sts.
Van Cortlandt, just below the line of the city of Yonkers.
Washington Square, between Wooster and Macdougal Sts. and Waverley Pl. and W. 4th St.

CENTRAL PARK.

The great Park of New-York extends from 59th St. to 110th St., being over 2½ miles long, and from 5th Ave. to 8th Ave., being over a half mile wide. It covers 862 acres, of which 185 are in lakes and reservoirs and 400 in forests, wherein over half a million trees and shrubs have been planted. There are nine miles of roads, 5¼ of bridle-paths, and 28¼ of walks. The landscape architects of the Park were Frederick Law Olmsted and Calvert Vaux. Public park carriages can be found (except in winter) at the entrances on 5th Ave. and 8th Ave. The fare for an extended ride through the Park is 25 cents. Work was begun on the Park in 1857. The following fanciful names have been officially applied to the several entrances to the Park: 5th Ave. and 59th St., Scholar's Gate; 6th Ave. and 59th St., Artist's Gate; 7th Ave. and 59th St., Artisan's Gate; 8th Ave. and 59th St., Merchant's Gate; 8th Ave. and 72d St., Woman's Gate; 8th Ave. and 81st St., Hunter's Gate; 8th Ave. and 85th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 96th St., Gate of All Saints; 8th Ave. and 100th St., Boys' Gate; 8th Ave. and 110th St., Stranger's Gate; 5th Ave. and 67th St., Student's Gate; 5th Ave. and 72d St., Children's Gate; 5th Ave. and 79th St., Miner's Gate; 5th Ave. and 90th St., Engineer's Gate; 5th Ave. and 96th St., Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 102d St., Girl's Gate; 5th Ave. and 110th St., Pioneer's Gate; 6th Ave. and 110th St., Farmer's Gate; 7th Ave. and 110th St., Warrior's Gate.

Piers.

North River.		East River.			
Pier No.	Street.	Pier No.	Street.	Pier No.	Street.
A & 1	Battery Pl.	34	Harrison.	1, 2	Whitehall.
2, 3	Battery Pl. & Morris.	New 34	Canal.	3	Moore.
4	Morris.	35	Franklin.	4	Moore & Broad.
5, 6, 7	Morris & Rector.	New 35	Spring.	5	Broad & Coenties Sl.
8	Rector.	36	N. Moore.	6, 7, 8	Coenties Slip.
9, 10	Rector & Carlisle.	New 36	Spring & Charlton.	9, 10	Coenties & Old Slip.
11	Carlisle.	New 37	Charlton.	11, 12	Old Slip.
12	Albany.	New 38	King.	13	Old Slip & Gouverneur Lane.
13	Albany & Cedar.	39	Vestry & Desbrosses.	14	Jones Lane.
14	Cedar.	New 39	W. Houston.	15, 16	Wall.
15	Liberty.	40	Watts.	17	Pine.
16	Liberty & Cortlandt.	New 40	Clarkson.	18	Maiden Lane.
17, 18	Cortlandt.	41, 42	Canal.	19	Fletcher.
19	Cortlandt & Dey.	New 41	Leroy.	20, 21	Burling Slip.
20	Dey.	New 42	Morton.	22	Fulton.
New 20	Chambers.	New 43	Barrow.	23	Beekman.
21	Fulton.	New 44	Christopher.	24	Beekman & Peck Sl.
New 21	Duane.	New 45, 46, 47	W. 10th.	25, 26	Peck Slip.
22	Fulton & Vesey.	New 48	W. 11th.	27	Dover.
23	Vesey.	54	Perry.	28	Dover & Roosevelt.
24	Vesey & Barclay.	New 54	W. 24th.	29	Roosevelt.
New 24	Franklin & N. Moore.	New 55	W. 25th.	30	Roosevelt & James Slip.
25	Barclay.	56	Bethune.	31, 32	James Slip.
26	Barclay & Park Pl.	New 56	W. 26th.	33	Oliver
New 26	Beach.	57	Bogart	34, 35	Catherine.
27	Park Place.	New 57	W. 27th.	36	Catherine & Market.
New 27	Hubert.	58	Bloomfield.	37, 38	Market.
28	Murray.	59	Little 12th.	39	Market & Pike.
New 28	Laight.	New 59	W. 29th.	40, 41	Pike.
32	Duane & Jay.			42	Pike & Rutgers.
33	Jay.			43, 44	Rutgers.
				45	Rutgers & Jefferson.
				46	Jefferson.
				47	Jefferson & Clinton.
				48	Clinton.
				49	Clinton & Montgomery.
				50	Montgomery.
				51, 52	Gouverneur Slip.
				53	Jackson.
				54	Corlears.
				55	Cherry.
				56, 57	Broome.
				58, 59	Delancey.
				60	Rivington.
				61	Rivington & Stanton.
				62	Stanton.
				63	Third.
				64	Fifth.
				65	Sixth.
				66	Seventh.
				67	Eighth.
				68	E. 9th.
				69	E. 10th.
				70	E. 11th.
				71	E. 12th.
				72	E. 13th.
				73	E. 14th.

The old numbers of the piers are given except when otherwise stated.

Police.

BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

Commissioners.	Terms Began.	Terms Expire.	By Whom Appointed.	Salaries.
Charles F. McLean, *President.*	May 10, 1888	May 1, 1894	Mayor Hewitt	$5,000
John McClave	Nov. 11, 1890	May 1, 1896	" Grant	5,000
John R Voorhis	May 10, 1889	May 1, 1893	" Grant	5,000
James J. Martin	May 22, 1889	May 1, 1895	" Grant	5,000

SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE.

William Murray.	.....	Life	Board of Police Commissioners.	$6,000

INSPECTORS OF POLICE.

Thomas Byrnes	April 23, 1888	Life	Board of Police Commissioners.	$5,000
Henry V. Steers	March 24, 1885	"	" " " "	3,500
Alexander S. Williams	Aug. 10, 1887	"	" " " "	3,500
Peter Conlin	Aug. 10, 1887	"	" " " "	3,500

CHIEF OF BUREAU OF ELECTIONS.

General T. F. Rodenbough	Jan. 1, 1890	Jan. 31, 1893	Board of Police Commissioners.	$4,000

CHIEF CLERK.

William H. Kipp	Nov. 1884	Life	Board of Police Commissioners.	$[illegible],000

PROPERTY CLERK.

John F. Harriot	April 16, 1883	Life	Board of Police Commissioners.	$2,500

Central Office, 300 Mulberry Street. Bureau of Elections, 300 Mulberry Street. House for Detention of Witnesses, 203 Mulberry Street.

POLICE—*Continued.*

STATION HOUSES.

Precinct and Location.	Precinct and Location.
1st. Old Slip and Front Street.	20th. 434 W. 37th Street.
2d. Liberty and New Church Streets.	21st. 120 E. 35th Street.
3d. City Hall.	22d. 345 W. 47th Street.
4th. 9 Oak Street.	23d. 163 E. 51st Street.
5th. 19 Leonard Street.	23d. (Sub.) Grand Central Depot.
6th. 19 Elizabeth Street.	24th. Pier A. N. R., Steamboat Patrol.
7th. 247 Madison Street.	25th. 155 E. 67th Street.
8th. 128 Prince Street.	26th. 134 W. 100th Street.
9th. 94 Charles Street.	27th. 432 E. 88th Street.
10th. 205 Mulberry Street.	28th. Pier A, N. R.
11th. 105 Eldridge Street.	29th. 148 E. 126th Street.
12th. Cor. Attorney and Delancey Streets.	30th. 346 W. 125th Street.
13th. Union Market, E. Houston Street.	31st. High Bridge.
14th. 81 First Avenue.	32d. Tenth Avenue, cor. 152d Street.
15th. 221 Mercer Street.	33d. Town Hall, Morrisania.
16th. 230 W. 20th Street.	34th. Bathgate Avenue and 177th Street.
17th. 34 E. 29th Street.	35th. 6 King's Bridge Road.
18th. 327 E. 22d Street.	36th. Pier A, N. R.
19th. 137 W. 30th Street.	

Prisons.

Prison.	Location.	Warden.	Appointed.	Salary.	Prison Accommodation.
Tombs	Centre St., cor. Franklin St.	John Fallon	May 23, 1891	$2,500	750
Second District	Jefferson Market	J. W. Ledwith	July 15, 1889	2,000	150
Third "	Essex Market	"	"	2,000	100
Fourth "	57th St., near 3d Av.	"	"	2,000	70
Fifth "	118 E. 126th St.	"	"	2,000	50
Sixth "	158th St. and 3d Av.	"	"	2,000	30
Penitentiary	Blackwell's Island	L. D. Pillsbury	May 15, 1886	2,500	1,200
Workhouse	" "	L. Dunphy	April 1, 1889	2,000	1,375
Branch House	Hart's Island	E. A. Reilly	March 1, 1891	1,500	375

Post-Office.

CORNELIUS VAN COTT, Postmaster; JAMES GAYLER and BANKSON T. MORGAN, Assistant-Postmasters.

OFFICES AND OFFICE HOURS.

SECOND FLOOR.

Postmaster.—Room No. 1, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 3 P.M.

Assistant-Postmaster.—Room No. 2, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Superintendent City Delivery.—Room No. 5, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Auditor.—Room 9, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Cashier.—Rooms 21 and 23, Park Row side. Office hours, 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

Money Orders.—Superintendent of Department, Room 16, Broadway side. Office hours, 10 A.M. to 6 P.M. Domestic and Postal Notes, Rooms 22 and 26, Broadway side. Office hours, 10 A.M. to 6 P.M. International, Rooms No. 30 and 34, Broadway side. Office hours, 10 A.M to 4 P.M.

Inquiry Office for Missing Letters, etc.—Room 14, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Superintendent of Railway Mail Service.—Room, No. 15, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

MEZZANINE FLOOR.

First landing at the head of main stairway, south end of building.

Superintendent of Mails.—Room No. 11, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Assistant Custodian.—An officer of the Treasury Department in charge of the building and watch. Room No. 1, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 4 P.M.

Registered Letters and Parcels Department.—Windows for reception, Rooms Nos. 4 and 6, Broadway side. Office hours, 8 A.M to 6.30 P.M. Windows for Delivery, Rooms No. 4 and 6, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

[All offices on the Second and Mezzanine Floors are closed on Sundays, and at 10 A.M. on holidays. No Money Order or Registry business transacted on these days.]

ENTRANCE FLOOR.

Bank Window.—Sec. 13, Park Row side.

Poste Restante.—A to I Window, sec. 5, Park Row side; I to Z Window. sec. 5, Park Row side; Advertised Letter Window, sec. 6, Park Row side; Foreign Letter Window, sec. 7, Park Row Side; Ladies' Window, sec. 9, Park Row side.

Foreign Supplementary Mail Window.—Sec. 22, Park Row side.

Superintendent Foreign Mail Department.—Sec. 28, Park Row side.

Superintendent Carriers' Department.—General P. O. District, sec. 17, Park Row side.

Postage Stamps, etc.—Stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers and postal cards. Sales in sums *over* $1, Windows Nos. 5, 6 and 7, sec. 27, Broadway side. Sales in sums of *less* than $1, Windows Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, sec. 27, Broadway side.

POST-OFFICE—*Continued.*

OPEN ALWAYS.

Superintendent Outgoing Domestic Letter Mails Department.—Sec. 22, Broadway side.

Superintendent General Post-Office Delivery Department.—Sec. 11, Park Row side.

Mail in Quantities.—For New-York City delivery, received at Window 12, Broadway side. For letters for outgoing domestic mails, received at Window 20, Broadway side. For letters for foreign countries received at Window 26, Park Row side. For circulars received at Window 23, Broadway side.

Delivery for Newspaper Exchanges.—Sec. 17, Park Row side.

Drops.—For outgoing domestic mails, sec. 25, Park Row side. For outgoing domestic mails, secs. 13, 15, 17 and 19, Broadway side. For New-York City delivery, sec. 25, Park Row side. For New-York City delivery, sec. 11, Broadway side. For foreign countries, sec. 27, Park Row side, and sec. 21, Broadway side.

Lock Boxes.—South end and Broadway side. Lock Boxes for newspaper exchanges, Park Row side.

On general holidays—viz.: January 1, February 22, May 30, July 4, December 25, and such days as the President of the United States may designate as national fast and thanksgiving days, all mails are closed at 10 A.M., and only such carrier deliveries are made as may have been previously announced.

BRANCH POST-OFFICES.

A, 21, 23 and 25 East Houston Street, southeast corner of Crosby Street.
B, 380 Grand Street (north side), between Norfolk and Suffolk Streets.
C, 95 Bank Street, near Hudson Street.
D, 217 East 9th Street, junction of Stuyvesant Street (east of 3d Avenue).
E, 322 and 324 Seventh Avenue, northwest corner of West 28th Street.
F, 401 Third Avenue (east side), between East 28th and 29th Streets.
G, 1661 Broadway (west side), between West 51st and 52d Streets.
H, 156 E. 54th Street (south side), between Lexington and 3d Avenues.
J, 213 West 125th Street (north side), near 7th Avenue.
K, 203 East 86th Street, near 3d Avenue.
L, 117 East 125th Street (north side), between Lexington and 4th Avenues.
M, 10th Avenue, near 157th Street.
P, Stone Street, corner Produce Exchange Building.
R, (Morrisania), southeast corner East 150th Street and 3d Avenue.
S, (Kingsbridge), Broadway, north of Railway Station.
S, Sub-office at Riverdale, New-York Central and Hudson River Railway Station, Riverdale.
T, (Tremont), 719 Tremont Avenue (north side), between Railroad and Washington Avenues.
W, 1470 Ninth Avenue, near 87th Street.
High Bridge, Sedgwick Avenue and Depot Place.

[All branch stations are open for the sale of postage stamps, and for money orders, registry of letters, postal notes, etc., from 7 A.M. to 8 P.M. on week days, and from 9 to 11 A.M. on Sundays, except at Stations S and High Bridge, which are closed on Sundays. On holidays all branch stations are open from 7 to 10 A.M.]

Railroads.

FROM THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Railroads.	Depot or Ferry.
Baltimore & Ohio	Foot of Liberty Street, North River.
Central New-Jersey	Foot of Liberty Street, North River.
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	Foot of Barclay and Christopher Streets, North River.
Erie (New York, Lake Erie & Western)	Foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets, North River.
Lehigh Valley	Foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets.
Long Island Railroad and branches	Foot of James Slip and E. 34th Sts., also Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.
New-Jersey Southern	Foot of Rector and Liberty Streets, North River.
New-Jersey & New-York	Foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets, North River.
New-York & Greenwood Lake	Foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets, North River.
New-York & Harlem	Grand Central Depot, 42d Street and 4th Avenue.
New-York & Long Branch	Via Central Railroad of New-Jersey, foot of Liberty Street; Pennsylvania Railroad, foot Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, North River.
New-York & Northern	155th Street and Eighth Avenue.
New-York & Rockaway Beach	Foot of James Slip and East 34th Street, East River.
New-York & Sea Beach	Foot of Whitehall Street, East River.
New-York Central & Hudson River	Grand Central Depot, 42d Street and 4th Avenue.
New-York, New-Haven & Hartford	Grand Central Depot, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
New-York, Ontario & Western	Foot of Jay and West 42d Streets, North River.
New-York, Susquehanna & Western	Foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, North River.
Northern of New-Jersey	Foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets, North River.
Pennsylvania	Foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, North River.
Philadelphia & Reading	Foot of Liberty Street, North River.
Staten Island	Foot of Whitehall Street, East River.
West Shore	Foot of Jay and West 42d Streets, North River.

RAILROADS—*Continued.*

Railroads—Elevated.

THE fare on the Elevated Railroads of New-York and Brooklyn is Five Cents each passenger, except children under five years of age, who are permitted to ride free.

NEW-YORK ELEVATED RAILROADS.

SECOND AVENUE LINE.

Trains run between South Ferry and 127th Street will run at intervals of 2 to 5 minutes from 5.20 A.M. to 12 midnight. Time, 43 minutes.

Sunday. From South Ferry to 127th Street every 5 minutes. Transfer to and from Third Avenue Line at Chatham Square.

STATIONS.

South Ferry.	1st St. and 1st Ave.	50th St. and 2d Ave.	105th St. and 2d Ave.
Hanover Square.	8th St. and 1st Ave.	57th St. and 2d Ave.	111th St. and 2d Ave.
Fulton and Pearl Sts.	14th St. and 1st Ave.	65th St. and 2d Ave.	116th St. and 2d Ave.
Franklin Square.	19th St. and 1st Ave.	70th St. and 2d Ave.	120th St. and 2d Ave.
Chatham Square.	23d St., bet. 1st and 2d Aves.	75th St. and 2d Ave.	127th St. and 2d Ave. connects with Suburban Rapid Transit.
Canal and Allen Sts.	34th St. and 2d Ave., branch to 34th St. Ferry, E. R.	80th St. and 2d Ave.	
Grand and Allen Sts.		86th St. and 2d Ave.	
Rivington and Allen Sts.	42d St. and 2d Ave.	92d St. and 2d Ave.	

THIRD AVENUE LINE.

Trains run between City Hall and 129th Street will run at intervals of 3 to 5 minutes from 5.30 A.M. to 12.30 A.M., then every 15 minutes to 5.30 A.M.

Trains run between South Ferry and 129th Street will run at intervals of 4 to 8 minutes from 4.45 A.M. to 12 night, then every 15 minutes to 4.45 A.M.

Branch to Grand Central Depot every few minutes from 6 A.M. to 12 P.M. daily.

Branch to 34th Street Ferry every few minutes from 5.30 A.M. to 12 P.M. daily.

Time between City Hall and 129th Street, 38 minutes; Chatham Square to 129th Street, 36 minutes.

Transfer to and from Second Avenue Line at Chatham Square. Sunday trains every 3 minutes.

STATIONS.

South Ferry.	Houston and Bowery.	42d St. and 3d Ave. branch to Grand Central Depot.	89th St. and 3d Ave.
Hanover Square.	9th St. and 3d Ave.	47th St. and 3d Ave.	98th St. and 3d Ave.
Fulton and Pearl Sts.	14th St. and 3d Ave.	53d St. and 3d Ave.	106th St. and 3d Ave.
Franklin Square.	18th St. and 3d Ave.	59th St. and 3d Ave.	116th St. and 3d Ave.
City Hall.	23d St. and 3d Ave.	67th St. and 3d Ave.	125th St. and 3d Ave.
Chatham Square.	28th St. and 3d Ave.	76th St. and 3d Ave.	129th St. and 3d Ave.
Canal and Bowery.	34th St. and 3d Ave. branch to 34th St. Ferry, E. R.	84th St. and 3d Ave.	
Grand and Bowery.			

SIXTH AVENUE LINE.

Trains run between South Ferry and Central Park or Harlem at intervals of 2 to 5 minutes from 5.30 A.M. to 12 P.M., then every 20 minutes to 5.30 A.M. alternately to 58th Street and 155th Street.

Sunday. Trains run 6.30 A.M. to 12 P.M. at intervals of 4 minutes, then every 20 minutes to 6.30 A.M., alternately to 58th Street and 6th Avenue and 155th Street and 8th Avenue.

The through time from Rector Street to 58th Street is 25 minutes; to 155th Street, 48 minutes.

Passengers transferred at 59th Street to 9th Avenue Line without extra charge.

Cross-town cars run from Grand Central to 42d Street stations.

STATIONS.

South Ferry.	Bleecker & South 5th Ave.	50th St. and 6th Ave.	116th St. and 8th Ave.
Battery Place.	8th St. and 6th Ave.	58th St. and 6th Ave.	125th St. and 8th Ave.
Rector & New Church Sts.	14th St. and 6th Ave.	53d St. and 8th Ave.	135th St. and 8th Ave.
Cortlandt & N. Church Sts.	18th St. and 6th Ave.	59th St. and 9th Ave.	145th St. and 8th Ave.
Park Place and Church Sts.	23d St. and 6th Ave.	72d St. and 9th Ave.	155th St. and 8th Ave., connects with New York and Northern Railway.
Chambers & W. Broadway	28th St. and 6th Ave.	81st St. and 9th Ave.	
Franklin & W. Broadway.	33d St. and 6th Ave.	93d St. and 9th Ave.	
Grand and South 5th Ave.	42d St. and 6th Ave.	104th St. and 9th Ave.	

NINTH AVENUE LINE.

Trains run between South Ferry and 59th Street will run every 5 minutes between 5.30 A.M. and 8 P.M. Time, 26 minutes.

Sunday. Trains run every 5 minutes from 6.45 A.M. to 8 P.M.

Passengers transferred at 59th Street to 6th Avenue Line without extra charge.

STATIONS.

South Ferry.	Warren & Greenwich Sts.	Christopher & Greenwich	42d St. and 9th Ave.
Rector and Greenwich Sts.	Franklin & Greenwich Sts.	14th St. and 9th Ave.	50th St. and 9th Ave.
Cortlandt & Greenwich Sts.	Desbrosses & Greenwich.	23d St. and 9th Ave.	59th St. and 9th Ave.
Barclay & Greenwich Sts.	Houston & Greenwich Sts.	34th St. and 9th Ave.	

BROOKLYN ELEVATED RAILROADS.

FULTON FERRY AND MYRTLE AVENUE LINE.

Trains run between Fulton Ferry and Ridgewood via Myrtle Avenue.

First train leaves Fulton Ferry at 5.31 A.M.; last train leaves at 12.48 night. First train leaves Ridgewood at 5.04 A.M.; last train leaves at 12.16 night.

Through time from Fulton Ferry to Broadway, 17 minutes, to Ridgewood, 24 minutes.

STATIONS.

Fulton Ferry.	Vanderbilt Ave.	Sumner Ave.	Wyckoff Ave.
York and Washington Sts. (Bridge).	Washington Ave.	Broadway.	Ridgewood.
Bridge St.	Franklin Ave.	Evergreen Ave.	
Navy St.	Nostrand Ave.	De Kalb Ave.	
	Tompkins Ave.	Knickerbocker Ave.	

Transfer at Navy Street for stations on Grand and Lexington Avenues and for City Hall. Transfer at Broadway for stations on Broadway Line, Grand, Roosevelt and 23d Street Ferries and East New-York.

BROADWAY LINE.

Trains run between Broadway Ferry and East New-York.

First train leaves Broadway Ferry at 5.21 A.M.; last train leaves at 12.59 night. First train leaves East New-York at 4.56 A.M.; last train leaves at 12.34 night.

Through time from Broadway Ferry to East New-York, 20 minutes.

STATIONS.

Broadway Ferry.	Lorimer St.	DeKalb Ave.	Manhattan Junction.
Driggs St.	Flushing Ave.	Gates Ave.	Alabama Ave.
Marcy Ave.	Park Ave.	Halsey St.	Van Siclen Ave.
Hewes St.	Myrtle Ave.	Chauncey St.	East New-York.

Transfer at Myrtle Avenue for stations on Myrtle Avenue for Ridgewood, Brooklyn Bridge and Fulton Ferry. Transfer at Gates Avenue for stations on Grand, Lexington and Fifth Avenues, and for City Hall.

GRAND AND LEXINGTON AVENUE LINES.

Trains run between Brooklyn Bridge and East New-York.

First train leaves Brooklyn Bridge at 5.26 A.M.; last train leaves at 1.10 night. First train leaves East New-York at 4.53 A.M.; last train leaves at 12.30 night.

Through time from Brooklyn Bridge to Gates Avenue, 22 minutes, to East New-York, 30 minutes.

STATIONS.

Brooklyn Bridge.	Myrtle and Grand Aves.	Sumner Ave.	Alabama Ave.
Myrtle Ave. & Adams St.	DeKalb Ave.	Reid Ave.	Van Siclen Ave.
Bridge St.	Greene Ave.	Gates Ave.	East New-York.
Navy St.	Franklin Ave.	Halsey St.	
Vanderbilt Ave.	Nostrand Ave.	Chauncey St.	
Washington Ave.	Tompkins Ave.	Manhattan Beach Crossing	

On this line trains run every 5 minutes. Transfer at Navy Street for stations on Myrtle Avenue and for Ridgewood. Transfer at Gates Avenue for Broadway Ferries.

FIFTH AVENUE AND GREENWOOD LINE.

Trains run between Brooklyn Bridge and Greenwood Cemetery via Fifth Avenue. First train leaves Brooklyn Bridge at 5.27 A.M.; last train at 12.59 night. First train leaves 36th Street at 5.06 A.M.; last train at 12.32 night. Trains leave 3d Street 8 minutes later than 36th Street. Through time from Bridge Depot to 36th Street, 20 minutes. This line connects with Prospect Park and Coney Island (Culver's) and Brooklyn, Bath & West End R. R. at Union Depot, 36th Street.

STATIONS.

Brooklyn Bridge.	Hudson Ave. & Fulton St.	Union St.	20th St.
Adams St. & Myrtle Ave. (City Hall).	Flatbush & Atlantic Aves. (L. I. R. R. Depot).	3d St.	25th St. & 5th Ave. (Greenwood Entrance).
Bridge St. & Myrtle Ave.	5th Ave. & St. Mark's Pl.	9th St.	36th St.
		16th St.	

On this line trains run about every 5 minutes. Transfer at Bridge Street and Myrtle Avenue for Ridgewood and East New-York.

FULTON STREET LINE.

Trains run from Fulton Ferry and Brooklyn Bridge through Fulton Street to Van Sicklen Avenue.

STATIONS.

Fulton Ferry.	Duffield Street.	Brooklyn Avenue.	Rockaway Avenue.
Brooklyn Bridge.	Flatbush Avenue.	Tompkins Avenue.	Manhattan Crossing.
Clark Street.	Lafayette Avenue.	Albany Avenue.	Atlantic Avenue.
Tillary Street.	Cumberland Street.	Sumner Avenue.	Eastern Park.
Court Street.	Vanderbilt Avenue.	Utica Avenue.	Pennsylvania Avenue.
Myrtle Avenue.	Grand Avenue.	Ralph Avenue.	Van Sicklen Avenue.
Boerum Place.	Franklin Avenue.	Saratoga Avenue.	
Elm Place.	Nostrand Avenue.		

Trains run on this line continuously day and night, and from 12.30 midnight to 5 A.M. every 45 minutes. Trains for bridge and ferry display no signals; for bridge only, white signals; for ferry only, green signals. The length of the route is 7 miles and time of trip 30 minutes.

Railroads, Horse and Cable Surface.

FARES on all New-York and Brooklyn surface horse and cable railroads, five cents. Children under five years of age free.

NEW-YORK RAILROADS.

Avenue C Line.—Transfers with Broadway and 7th Avenue. Leaves Erie Depot, Chambers and West Streets.

Runs through West, Charlton, Prince, Bowery, Stanton, Pitt, Avenue C, 18th, Avenue A, 23d, 1st Avenue, 35th, Lexington Avenue to 42d Street. Returns by 42d, Lexington Avenue, 36th, 1st Avenue, 23d, Avenue A, 17th, Avenue C, 3d, 1st Avenue, Houston, West to Chambers Street. First car leaves 17th Street and Avenue C 4.57 A.M. First car leaves Chambers Street 5.36 A.M., last car, 12.36 P.M. Last car leaves Grand Central Depot 11.35 P.M.

Tenth Street Ferry Branch.—Leaves Erie Depot, Chambers and West Streets.

Runs through West, Charlton, Prince, Bowery, Pitt, Avenue C to 10th Street Ferry. Returns by 10th, Avenue D, 11th, Avenue C, 3d, 1st Avenue, Houston, West, to Chambers Street. First car leaves 10th Street Ferry 5.59 A.M., last car, 11.56 P.M. First car leaves Chambers Street 6.39 A.M., last car, 12.30 A.M.

Bleecker Street and Fulton Ferry.—Leaves Fulton Ferry. Runs through Fulton, William, Ann, Broadway, Bleecker, Macdougal, 4th, W. 12th, Hudson, 14th, 9th Avenue, 23d to 23d Street Ferry. Returns by 23d, 9th Avenue, 14th, Hudson, Bleecker, Broadway, Park Row, Beekman, South to Fulton Ferry. First car leaves W. 23d Street Ferry 5 A.M., last car, 11.03 P.M. First car leaves Fulton Ferry 5.50 A.M., last car, 12.20 A.M.

Brooklyn Bridge Branch.—Runs through Fulton, William, Ann, Park Row, Centre, Leonard, Canal, Broadway, Bleecker, thence same as above. Returning from W. 23d Street Ferry, same as above to Broadway, Canal, Elm, Reade, Centre to ferry. First car from Bridge at 5.40 A.M., last car at 11.40 P.M.

Boston Avenue Line.—From 129th Street and 3d Avenue. Crosses Harlem River, and runs via 3d Avenue through Mott Haven and Melrose to Boston Avenue, Morrisania, thence through Boston Avenue to West Farms; returns by same route. First car leaves West Farms 5.20 A.M., last car, 11.20 P.M. First car leaves 129th Street 6 A.M., last car, 12.05 night.

Broadway and Seventh Avenue.—Leaves South Ferry. Runs through Whitehall Street and Broadway to 44th Street, 7th Avenue to 59th Street. First car leaves 59th Street 4.55 A.M., last car, 12 P.M. First car leaves South Ferry 5.47 A.M., last car, 1.47 A.M.

Broadway and University Place.—Leaves corner Broadway and Barclay Street. Runs through Barclay, Church, Canal, Greene, Clinton Place, University Place, Union Square, Broadway, 7th Avenue to 59th Street. Returns by same route to University Place, Wooster, crosses Canal Street, W. Broadway, College Place, Barclay to starting point. First car leaves 7th Avenue and 51st Street at 7 A.M., last car, 5.30 P.M. First car leaves Barclay Street at 7.40 A.M., last car, 6.10 P.M.

Central Cross-Town.—Leaves East 23d Street Ferry. Runs through Avenue A, 18th, Broadway, 14th, 7th Avenue, W. 11th, West to Christopher Street Ferry. Returns by West Street to W. 11th, 7th Avenue, 14th, Broadway, 17th, Avenue A, to 23d Street Ferry. First car leaves 23d Street 5.30 A.M., last car, 12.30 A.M. First car leaves Christopher Street 6 A.M., last car, 1 A.M.

Central Park, East River and Avenue A.—East Side Belt Line leaves South Ferry, foot of Whitehall Street. Runs through Whitehall, South, Broad, Water, Old Slip, South, Grand, Goerck, Houston, Avenue D, 14th, Avenue A, 23d, 1st Avenue, 59th to 54th Street. Returns by same route to 59th, Avenue D, 8th, Lewis, Houston, Mangin, Grand, Corlears, Monroe, Jackson, Front, Whitehall, to South Ferry. First car leaves 54th and 10th Avenue at 4.30 A.M., last car, 10 P.M. First car leaves South Ferry 5.26 A.M., last car, 11.30 P.M.

Central Park, North River and Tenth Avenue.—West Side Belt Line leaves South Ferry. Runs through Whitehall, Bowling Green, Battery Place, West, 10th Avenue, to 54th Street. Returns by same route to Bowling Green, State to Ferry. First car leaves 54th and 10th Avenue 4.25 A.M., last car, 11 P.M. First car leaves South Ferry at 5.22 A.M., last car, 12 night.

Chambers and Grand Street Ferry.—Runs through Jackson, Madison, Chambers to North River. Returns through Duane, New Chambers to starting point. First car leaves Grand Street Ferry 5 A.M., last car, 11.59 P.M. First car leaves ferry 5.28 A.M., last car, 12.20 A.M.

Roosevelt Street Branch.—From foot of Roosevelt, along South, James' Slip, New Chambers to North River. Returns through Duane, New Chambers to starting point First car leaves foot of Roosevelt Street 6.54 A.M., last car 6.46 P.M. First car leaves foot Chambers Street 6.40 A.M., last car, 7 P.M.

Christopher and Tenth Street.—Leaves Christopher Street Ferry. Runs through Christopher, Greenwich Avenue, E. 8th, Avenue A to E. 10th Street Ferry. Returns by E. 10th, Avenue A, E. 9th, Stuyvesant Place, 8th, 6th Avenue, Greenwich Avenue, W. 10th to Christopher Street Ferry. First car leaves Christopher Street 5.30 A.M., last car, 12.55 A.M. First car leaves E. 10th Street 5.57 A.M., last car, 1.22 A.M.

City Hall, Avenue B, and Thirty-Fourth Street.—Leaves Ann Street and Broadway. Runs through Park Row, Chatham, E. Broadway, Clinton, Avenue B, 14th, 1st Avenue, 34th to ferry. Returns by same route to 2d, Avenue A, Essex, E. Broadway, Chatham, Park Row to Broadway. Every 30 minutes all night.

Desbrosses, Vestry and Grand Street.—Leaves Grand Street Ferry. Runs through Grand, Sullivan, Vestry, Greenwich, Desbrosses to Desbrosses Street Ferry. Returns by Desbrosses, Washington, Vestry, thence by same route to starting point. Every 15 minutes all night.

Dry Dock and East Broadway.—Leaves Ann Street and Broadway. Runs through Park Row, Chatham, E. Broadway, Grand, Columbia, Avenue D, 14th, Avenue A to 23d Street Ferry. Returns same route to 14th, Avenue B, Avenue D, 8th, Lewis, Grand, E. Broadway, Chatham to Broadway. First car leaves Ann Street and Broadway 5.32 A.M., last car, 11.45 P.M. First car leaves 23d Street Ferry 6.21 A.M., last car, 10.30 P.M.

Eighth Avenue.—Leaves Broadway and Vesey Streets. Runs through Vesey, Church, Chambers, W. Broadway, Canal, Hudson, 8th Avenue to 59th Street. Returns by same route to College Place, Vesey Street to Broadway. Every 15 minutes all night.

Broadway and Canal Street Branch.—Runs through Canal, Hudson, 8th Avenue to 154th Street, returning by same route. First car leaves 154th Street 5.47 A.M., last car, 12.03 night. First car leaves Broadway and Canal Street, 7.03 A.M., last car, 11.03 P.M.

First and Second Avenue.—Leaves Fulton Ferry. Runs through Fulton, Water, Peck Slip, Pearl,

RAILROADS—HORSE AND CABLE—*Continued.*

Chatham, Bowery, Grand, Forsyth, Houston, 2d Avenue to E. 129th Street. Returns by 2d Avenue, 23d, 1st Avenue, Houston, Allen, Grand, Chrystie, Bowery, Chatham, Pearl, Peck Slip, South to Fulton Ferry. Branch, corner 86th Street and 2d Avenue, to Astoria Ferry, foot 92d Street, East River.

Worth Street Branch.—Runs from Chatham, through Worth to Broadway, returning by Worth, Chatham, then as main line. First car leaves Worth Street 5.44 A.M., last car, 7.58 P.M. First car leaves 96th Street 4.33 A.M., last car, 6.56 P.M.

Astor Place Branch.—Runs from Broadway and Astor Place, Stuyvesant, 2d Avenue, 59th, 1st Avenue to 129th Street. Returns by same route. First car leaves Harlem 6 A.M., last car, 8.30 P.M. First car leaves Broadway 7.06 A.M., last car, 9.37 P.M. Runs all night.

Forty-Second and Grand Street.—Leaves Grand Street Ferry. Runs through Grand, Goerck, Houston, 2d, Avenue A, 14th, 4th Avenue, 23d, Broadway, 34th, 10th Avenue to Weehawken Ferry. Returns by same route to Cannon, Grand, to Grand Street Ferry. First car leaves 42d Street Ferry 4.40 A.M., last car, 11.40 P.M. First car leaves Grand Street Ferry 5.34 A.M., last car, 12.34 A.M.

Madison Avenue.—From Grand Central Depot, 44th, Madison Avenue to 86th Street, transfer to 138th Street. First car leaves 32d to 86th Streets 5.27 A.M., to 138th Street, 5.43 A.M. First car leaves 86th Street 6.04 A.M., leaves 138th Street, 6.45 A.M.

Ninth Avenue.—Leaves Broadway and Fulton Street. Runs through Fulton, Greenwich, 9th Avenue, 64th, Boulevard, 10th Avenue to 126th Street, connecting with Manhattanville Cable Road. Returns same route to Gansevoort, Washington and Fulton. First car leaves Manhattan Street 6.38 A.M., last car, 11.10 P.M. First car leaves Broadway and Fulton at 5.49 A.M., last car, 11.43 P.M.

One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth Street and Tenth Avenue.—Cable Road, starts from foot 125th Street, East River. Runs through 125th and Manhattan, 130th Street, North River, returns same route. First car leaves East River 4.32 A.M., last car, 1.10 A.M. First car leaves North River 4.56 A.M., last car, 12.50 A.M.

Tenth Avenue Branch.—Starts from foot of E. 125th Street. Runs through 125th, Manhattan, 10th Avenue to 187th Street. First car leaves foot of E. 125th Street 4.17 A.M., last car, 1.05 A.M. First car leaves 187th Street 5 A.M., last car, 2 A.M.

Port Morris.—Starts from 129th and 3d Avenue. Crosses Harlem River and through 3d Avenue to 138th Street, to Port Morris. Returns by same route. First car leaves Port Morris 6 A.M., last car, 12 night. First car leaves 129th Street 5.37 A.M., last car, 11.45 P.M.

Seventh Avenue.—Leaves Broadway and Park Place. Runs through Park Place, Church, Canal, Sullivan, W. 3d, Macdougal, Clinton Place, Greenwich Avenue, 7th Avenue to 59th Street. Returns by same route to 4th Street, Thompson, Canal, W. Broadway, College Place, Park Place to Broadway. First car leaves 51st Street at 5.30 A.M., last car, 11.15 P.M. First car leaves Broadway and Park Place 6.10 A.M., last car, 11.55 P.M.

Fordham.—Starts from 129th Street and 3d Avenue. Crosses Harlem River through 3d Avenue, Mott Haven, Melrose, Morrisania, Tremont to Fordham. Returns by same route. Every 15 minutes all night.

Forty-Second Street, Manhattanville, and St. Nicholas Avenue.—From W. 42d Street, North River, through 42d Street, 1st Avenue, 34th Street, East River.

Broadway and Boulevard Branch.—Leaves E. 34th Street and 1st Avenue. Runs through 1st Avenue, 42d, 7th Avenue, Broadway, Boulevard, Manhattan, 129th to 130th Street, North River. Returns by same route. First car leaves 34th Street, East River, at 5.15 A.M., last car, 11 P.M. First car leaves Fort Lee Ferry 5.15 A.M., last car, 11.50 P.M.

Manhattan Street and 110th Street Branch.—Leaves Fort Lee Ferry, and runs through 129th, Manhattan, St. Nicholas Avenue, 110th to 1st Avenue. Returns same route. First car leaves Fort Lee Ferry 5.30 A.M., last car, 12.18 A.M. First car leaves 1st Avenue and 110th Street 5.53 A.M., last car, 12.41 A.M. Every 15 minutes all night.

Fourth Avenue.—Leaves Broadway, opposite Astor House. Runs through Park Row, Centre, Grand, Bowery, 4th Avenue to Grand Central Depot. Transfer car through 32d Street, Lexington Avenue to 34th Street Ferry. Returns same route to Broome, Centre to starting point. First car leaves Grand Central Depot 5.30 A.M., last car, 10.30 P.M. First car leaves 34th Street Ferry 6.10 A.M., last car, 11.30 P.M. First car leaves Astor House 6.10 A.M., last car, 12.03 night.

Fourteenth Street and Union Square.—From Christopher Street Ferry to Greenwich, 9th Avenue, 14th, 4th Avenue, returning through 14th, 9th Avenue, Washington, Christopher to ferry, transfer to and from Hoboken Ferry, foot West 14th, at corner 9th Avenue and 14th. First car leaves ferry at 5.30 A.M., last car, 12.55 A.M. First car leaves 14th Street and 4th Avenue 5.46 A.M., last car, 1.13 A.M.

Grand and Cortlandt Street.—Leaves Grand Street Ferry. Runs through Grand, E. Broadway, Canal, Walker, W. Broadway, North Moore, Washington to Cortlandt Street Ferry. Returns by Cortlandt, Greenwich, Beach, W. Broadway, Lispenard, Broadway, Canal Street, same route to starting point. First car leaves Grand Street Ferry 5 A.M., last car, 11 P.M. First car leaves Cortlandt Street Ferry 5.36 A.M., last car, 11.36 P.M.

Sixth Avenue.—Leaves corner Broadway and Vesey Street. Runs through Vesey, Church, Chambers, W. Broadway, Canal, Varick, Carmine, 6th Avenue to 59th Street. Returns by same route to W. Broadway, College Place and Vesey Street. Every 15 minutes all night.

Sixth Avenue.—Broadway and Canal Street. Runs through Canal, Varick, 6th Avenue to 59th Street and returns by same route. First car leaves 42d Street 7 A.M., last car, 10.45 P.M. First car leaves Broadway and Canal Street at 7.30 A.M., last car at 11.27 P.M.

South Ferry and Vesey Street.—Runs from Whitehall, Battery Place, Greenwich, North Church to Vesey Street. Runs from 6 A.M. to 6.30 P.M.

Third Avenue.—Runs from opposite the Astor House through Park Row, Chatham Street, Bowery, 3d Avenue to 130th Street, and returns by same route. Runs every 15 minutes through the night.

Twenty-third Street and Erie Ferry.—Runs from West 23d Street, North River, to East 23d Street, East River. First car leaves 23d Street, North River, 5.30 A.M., last car, 12.15 A.M. First car leaves 23d Street, East River, 5.44 A.M., last car, 12.39 A.M.

Thirty-fourth Street Branch.—Runs through 23d Street to 2d Avenue, 28th Street and 1st Avenue to 34th Street Ferry. Returns by 1st Avenue, 29th, 2d Avenue to Erie Ferry. First car leaves 23d Street, North River, 5.15 A.M., last car, 12.05 A.M. First car leaves 34th Street Ferry 5.45 A.M., last car, 12.34 A.M.

One Hundred and Tenth Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.—From 1st Avenue and 110th Street via 110th Street, St. Nicholas Avenue, Manhattan to North River.

BROOKLYN RAILROADS.

Adams Street.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton to Front, to Catharine Ferry, to Adams Street, to Brooklyn Bridge, to Fulton Street, to Boerum Place, Atlantic Avenue, 5th Avenue and 15th Street, to Prospect Park at 9th Avenue, along 9th Avenue to Greenwood, connecting with Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad; also, 5th Avenue, to Greenwood Cemetery, main entrance. Last car leaves Fulton Ferry at 12.07 night.

Bergen Street.—From South Ferry, Atlantic Avenue, to Boerum Place, to Albany Avenue. Last car leaves South Ferry at 12.55 night.

Bergen Street.—From South Ferry, Atlantic Avenue, to Boerum Place, to Bergen, to Albany Avenue; return via same route, or via Hoyt to Sackett, to Hamilton Ferry, or via Boerum Place to Fulton, to Adams, to Brooklyn Bridge, to Front, to Fulton Ferry. Last car leaves South Ferry at 12.55 night.

Brooklyn, Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton Steam Cars.—From 26th Street and 3d Avenue, to Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton via 3d Avenue.

Brook'yn, Bushwick and Queens County.—From foot of Broadway, through Kent Avenue, North 2d Street and Metropolitan Avenue to Lutheran Cemetery, Middle Village and St. John's Cemetery.

Bushwick.—From Grand, Houston and Roosevelt Street Ferries, through Kent Avenue to Broadway, to Bedford Avenue, to South 4th Street, to Meserole Street, to Bushwick Avenue, to Myrtle Avenue, to Ridgewood Transfer at Graham Avenue and Meserole Street to Flushing Avenue Line. Night cars leave ferry depot at 12.47, 1.07, 1.37, 2.07, 2.43, 3.17, 3.47, 4.23, 4.57, 5.27 A.M.

Butler Street.—From Fulton Ferry, Fulton to Front, Catharine Ferry to Adams, Brooklyn Bridge, to Boerum Place, to Atlantic Avenue; or Wall and South Ferries, Atlantic Avenue to Washington Avenue, to Butler (connecting with Brighton Beach Railroad), to Nostrand Avenue. Last car leaves South Ferry at 12.09 night.

Calvary Cemetery.—From foot Broadway, through Kent Avenue to Grand Street, to Humboldt, to Meeker Avenue, to Calvary Cemetery. Last car leaves ferry at 1.33 A.M.

Calvary Cemetery, Greenpoint and Brooklyn.—From Fulton Ferry to Concord Street, to Navy Street, to Park Avenue, to Throop Avenue, to Broadway, to Union Avenue, to Driggs Street, to Van Cott Avenue, to Oakland Street, to Box Street, to Manhattan Avenue. Transfer Crosstown Line at Park and Washington Avenues.

Court Street.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton to Court, to Hamilton Avenue, to 3d Avenue, to 25th Street, to 5th Avenue, to Greenwood Cemetery, connecting with Coney Island and Fort Hamilton trains. Night cars from Fulton Ferry 1.37, 2.07, 2.37, 3.07, 3.37, 4.07, 4.37, 5.07, 5.22 A.M.

Crosstown.—From Erie Basin, through Richards Street to Woodhull, to Columbia, to Atlantic Avenue (South Ferry), to Court Street, to Joralemon, to Willoughby, to Raymond Street, to Park Avenue, to Washington Avenue, to Kent Avenue, to Broadway (passing Grand and Roosevelt Ferries), to Driggs Street, to Van Cott Avenue, to Manhattan Avenue, to Newtown Creek. Branch to Long Island City, through Central Avenue and Borden Avenue to 34th Street Ferry and Long Island Railroad Depot. Night cars leave depots 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 4.00 A.M.

Crosstown (Atlantic Avenue Railroad).—From Fulton Ferry, Fulton to Front, Catharine Ferry, to Adams, Brooklyn Bridge, to Fulton, to Boerum Place, to Bergen, to Hoyt (transfer at Hoyt Street to Bergen Street Line to and from Albany Avenue), to Sackett, to Hamilton Ferry. Last car leaves Hamilton Ferry at 1.10, Bridge at 12.40 night.

Cypress Hills.—From Ridgewood depot to Myrtle Avenue, to Cypress Avenue, to Cypress Hills Cemetery, passing Evergreen and Jewish Cemeteries. Last car leaves City Line at 9.15 P.M.

Cypress Hills Extension.—From Fulton and Alabama Avenue, through Fulton Avenue to Cypress Avenue, to main entrance Cypress Hills Cemetery.

De Kalb Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Water Street to Washington Street, to Fulton Street, to De Kalb Avenue, to City Line. Transfer to Franklin Avenue Line without extra charge. Night cars leave ferry 11.25 P.M., 4.14, 4.44, 5.14 A.M.; night cars leave Bridge 11.30, 11.37, 11.44, 11.51 P.M., 12 night, 12.10, 12.22, 12.37, 12.51, 1.06, 1.36, 2.06, 2.36, 3.06, 3.36, 4.20, 4.50, 5.20 A.M.

East New-York.—From Broadway ferries, through Broadway to East New-York; return same route. Night cars leave ferry at 1.50, 2.30, 3.10, 3.50, 4.30, 5.10 A.M.

Fifteenth Street.—From Hamilton Ferry, through Hamilton Avenue to 15th Street, to 9th Avenue, to 20th Street (Culver's Depot). Last car leaves ferry 11.39 night.

Fifth Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Furman Street, passing Wall and South Ferries, to Atlantic and 5th Avenues, to Greenwood Cemetery. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 12.47, 1.17, 1.47, 2.17, 2.47, 3.17, 3.47, 4.17, 4.47, 5.17 A.M.

Flatbush Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry and Bridge Depot, through Fulton to Flatbush Avenue, to Prospect Park and Flatbush. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.37, 2.07, 2.37, 3.07, 3.37, 4.07, 4.37, 5.07, 5.37, 6.07 A.M.

Flushing Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton to Sands, to Navy Street, to Flushing Avenue, to Broadway and Graham Avenue, to Van Cott Avenue, to Manhattan Avenue, to Greenpoint Avenue, to 10th and 23d Street Ferries, Greenpoint. Transfers passengers to Greenpoint Line at Classon and Flushing Avenues, and to Ridgewood and Grand Street, and Broadway ferries at Graham Avenue and Meserole Street, also from Flushing Avenue, and Broadway through Flushing Avenue to Metropolitan Avenue, town of Newtown. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.08, 1.23, 1.38, 1.53, 2.22, 2.52, 3.22, 3.52, 4.22, 4.52, 5.22, 5.38 A.M.

Franklin Avenue.—From foot Grand Street, through Water Street to Kent Avenue, to South 8th, to Wythe Avenue, to Franklin Avenue, to Prospect Park. Last car leaves Prospect Park 12 midnight, Grand Street, 12.55 at night.

Fulton Street and East New-York.—From Fulton Ferry to Bridge Depot, through Fulton Street to East New-York. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.08, 1.22, 2.08, 2.30, 3.00, 3.30, 4.00, 4.30, 5.01, 5.23.

Furman Street.—From Fulton Ferry, Furman Street, to Atlantic Avenue (South Ferry), to Columbia Street, to Sackett Street, to Hamilton Ferry. Transfers to Van Brunt Street and Erie Basin Line and to Hamilton Avenue Line from Hamilton Ferry.

Gates Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton Street to Greene Avenue, to Franklin Avenue, to Gates Avenue, to Broadway, to Ridgewood. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.52, 2.23, 3.07, 3.38, 4.09, 4.59 A.M.

Grand Street and Newtown.—From foot of Broadway, through Kent Avenue to Grand Street, to Newtown. Last car leaves ferry 11.52 P.M.

RAILROADS—HORSE AND CABLE—*Continued.*

BROOKLYN CONTINUED.

Greenpoint.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton Street to Myrtle Avenue, to Classon (or Washington) Avenue, to Kent Avenue, to 1st Street, to Franklin Street, to Commercial Street, to Newtown Creek. This line passes all Eastern District ferries. Transfer to Flushing Avenue Line at Classon and Flushing Avenues. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.12, 1.37, 2.07, 3.07, 3.37, 4.37, 5.33 A.M.

Greenpoint and Lorimer Street.—From 10th and 23d Street Ferries, Greenpoint, to Manhattan Avenue, to Van Cott Avenue, to Lorimer Street, to Gwinnett Street, to Nostrand Avenue, to Park Avenue. Transfer for Nostrand Avenue and Prospect Park.

Hamilton Avenue.—From Hamilton Avenue Ferry, through Hamilton Avenue to 3d Avenue, to 25th Street, to Greenwood Cemetery, connecting at 3d Avenue and 25th Street for Fort Hamilton, Bay Ridge and Coney Island.

Hamilton Avenue and Prospect Park.—From Hamilton Ferry, through Hamilton Avenue, through 9th Street to Prospect Park.

Hicks Street.—Through Hicks Street, Atlantic Avenue, to Boerum Place, to Adams Street, to Brooklyn Bridge, Catharine and Fulton Ferries. Return by same route through Hicks Street to Hamilton Avenue, 15th Street, to Prospect Park, 5th Avenue, to Greenwood Cemetery and 9th Avenue, to Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad and Greenwood Cemetery.

Jamaica (Electric).—From Manhattan Beach crossing to Jamaica, distance 6¼ miles, at intervals of 15 minutes, on Sundays every 5 minutes.

Knickerbocker Avenue.—From Bushwick and Flushing Avenues, through Flushing Avenue to Knickerbocker Avenue, to Ridgewood.

Lee and Nostrand Avenue.—From foot of Broadway, to Driggs Street, to Division Avenue, to Lee Avenue, to Nostrand Avenue, to Malbone Street, to Willink entrance, Prospect Park. Night cars leave Broadway ferries 12.18, 12.58, 1.22, 1.55 A.M.

Lutheran Cemetery.—From City Line to Myrtle Avenue, to Palmetto, to Metropolitan Avenue (Lutheran Cemetery, Middle Village). Last car leaves City Line at 10 P.M.

Myrtle Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton Street to Myrtle Avenue, to Ridgewood. Night cars leave Fulton Ferry 1.22, 1.52, 2.22, 2.52, 3.22, 3.52, 4.22, 4.52, 5.22, 5.52 A.M.

Ninth and Vanderbilt Avenue.—From Brooklyn Bridge, through Washington Street to Concord Street, to Navy Street, to Park Avenue, to Vanderbilt Avenue, to 9th Avenue, to Greenwood Cemetery, connecting with Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad. Last car leaves Bridge 12.15 night.

Newtown.—From foot of Broadway, through Kent Avenue to Grand, to Newtown. Last car leaves ferry 11.52 P.M.

Park Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Park and Central Avenues to Evergreen Cemetery.

Prospect Park and Flatbush.—Flatbush Avenue (Willink entrance Prospect Park) to Greenwood Cemetery.

Prospect Park and Holy Cross Cemetery.—From Flatbush Avenue and Malbone Street, through Malbone Street, Clove Road, East New-York Avenue (Almshouse, Hospital and Asylum), and New-York Avenue to Holy Cross Cemetery.

Putnam Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry and East River Bridge through Fulton Street to Putnam Avenue, to Nostrand Avenue, to Halsey Street, to Broadway. Last car leaves Fulton Ferry 12.40 A.M.

Ralph Avenue.—From Broadway and Ralph Avenue, through Ralph Avenue to Atlantic Avenue. East New-York cars transfer both ways.

Reid Avenue.—From Broadway ferries, Broadway, to Reid Avenue, to Fulton Avenue, to Utica Avenue, to Atlantic Avenue. Night cars leave ferry at 2.10, 2.50, 3.00, 3 30, 4.10, 4.55 A.M.

Seventh Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Water, passing Catharine Ferry, to Washington, Brooklyn Bridge, to Fulton, to Boerum Place, to Atlantic Avenue, to 5th Avenue, to Flatbush Avenue, to 20th Street, to 9th Avenue, to Greenwood, connecting with Prospect Park and Coney Island Railroad at 20th Street. Last car leaves 20th Street and 9th Avenue at 11.35; Fulton Ferry, 12.22 night. Night cars leave Bridge at 1.02, 1.32, 2.02, 2.32, 3.02, 3.32, 4.02, 4.32, 5.02, 5.32 A.M.

Smith and Jay Street.—From Fulton Ferry through Water, to Main, to Prospect, to Jay, to Smith and Huntington Street Depot. Connects at corner Smith and 9th Streets with cars to Prospect Park and Hamilton Ferry. Last car leaves Fulton Ferry depot 12.44 A.M.

Sumner Avenue.—From Broadway ferries, through Broadway to Sumner Avenue, to Fulton Street, to Troy Avenue, to Bergen Street. Last night car leaves ferry at 1.19 night.

Third Avenue.—From Fulton Ferry, through Fulton Street to Flatbush Avenue, to 3d Avenue, to 25th Street, to Greenwood Cemetery, connecting with trains to Fort Hamilton, Bay Ridge and Coney Island. Last car leaves ferry at 12.46 A.M.

Tompkins Avenue.—From Atlantic and Nostrand Avenues, through Nostrand to Fulton, to Tompkins Avenue, to Harrison Avenue, to Division Avenue, to Roebling Street, to Broadway, to Roosevelt and Grand Street ferries. This line runs to Prospect Park also.

Van Brunt Street and Erie Basin.—From Hamilton Ferry, through Hamilton Avenue to Van Brunt Street, to Erie Basin, through Elizabeth Street, to Columbia Street, Erie Basin Dry Docks. Transfer at Hamilton Ferry for South, Wall and Fulton Ferries, also by Sackett and Bergen Street Line to Albany Avenue, also by South Brooklyn Central Railroad from Hamilton Ferry, through Sackett, Hoyt and Bergen Streets to Albany Avenue.

Trust Companies.

American Loan and Trust Company, 113 Broadway.
Atlantic Trust Company, 39 William Street.
Central Trust Company, 54 Wall Street.
Equitable Trust Company, 32 Pine Street.
Farmers' Trust and Loan Company, 20 and 22 William Street.
Knickerbocker Trust Company, 5th Avenue and 27th Street.
Holland Trust Company, 7 Wall Street.
Manhattan Trust Company, 10 Wall Street.
Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway.
Metropolitan Trust Company, 37 Wall Street.
New-York Guaranty and Indemnity Company, 52 Broadway.
New-York Life Insurance and Trust Company, 52 Wall Street.
Union Trust Company, 73 Broadway.
United States Trust Company, 49 Wall Street.

Steamships.

FOR OCEAN PORTS.

Amsterdam, 5th St., Hoboken, Netherlands Am. Line, 39 Broadway and 25 S. William St.

Antigua, foot W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

Antwerp, foot Sussex St., Jersey City, Red Star Line, 6 Bowling Green.

Antwerp, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, White Cross Line, 27 S. William St.

Antwerp, 2d St., Hoboken, Wilson Line, 21 State St.

Azores, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, 102 Broad St.

Bahia, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Baltimore, Md., Pier 7, N. R.

Barbadoes, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Barcelona, Woodruff Stores, Brooklyn, Fabre Line, 47 South St.

Bermuda, foot W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 39 Broadway.

Bordeaux, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, 27 S. William St.

Bremen, 2d St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd, 2 Bowling Green.

Bristol, Eng., foot W. 26th St., Bristol City Line, 25 Whitehall St.

Brunswick, Ga., foot Burling Slip, Pier 20, E. R., and 362 Broadway.

Buenos Ayres, Empire Stores, Brooklyn, 90 Wall St.

Cardenas, foot of Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.

Charleston, S. C., Pier 29, E. R., 5 Bowling Green and 347 Broadway.

Colon, Pier 10, E. R.

Colon, foot of Canal St., Pacific Mail S.S. Co., foot of Canal St.

Copenhagen, 4th St., Hoboken, Thingvalla Line, 25 S. William and 28 State St.

Copenhagen, 1st St., Hoboken, Baltic Line, 37 Broadway and 61 Broadway.

Demerara, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Trinidad Line, 29 Broadway.

Dominica, foot of W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

Fernandina, foot of Burling Slip, Pier 20, E. R., and 362 Broadway.

Fernandina, foot of Clinton St., St. Augustine S.S. Co., 62 South St.

Galveston, Burling Slip, Pier 20, E. R., and 362 Broadway.

Genoa and Gibraltar, 2d St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd, 2 Bowling Green.

Genoa and Gibraltar, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.

Glasgow, W. 24th St., Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.

Glasgow, Columbia Stores, Brooklyn, Allan—State Line, 53 Broadway.

Gonaives, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 24 State St.

Greytown, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, Bond. and Cent. Am. S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Guadeloupe, W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

Halifax, Warren St., Brooklyn, Red Cross Line, 18 Broadway.

Hamburg, 1st St., Hoboken, Hamburg American Line, 37 Broadway.

Hamburg, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, Union Line, 25 S. William St.

Havana, Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.

Havana, Pier 10, E. R., near Old Slip.

Havre, Morton St., French Line, 3 Bowling Green.

Hong Kong and Hiogo, Pier 54, N. R., 69 Wall St.

Hull, Wilson Pier, Brooklyn, Wilson Line, 24 State St.

Jacksonville, 29 E. R., 5 Bowling Green and 347 Broadway.

Key West, Burling Slip, Pier 20, E. R., and 362 Broadway.

Kingston, Jamaica, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.

Kingston, Jamaica, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 24 State St.

Liverpool, Clarkson St., Cunard Line, 4 Bowling Green.

Liverpool, Christopher St., Inman Line, 6 Bowling Green.

Liverpool, W. 10th St., White Star Line, 29 Broadway.

Liverpool, King St., Guion Line, 35 Broadway.

Liverpool, Houston St., National Line, 27 State St.

Leghorn, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green

Leith, W. 24th St., Arrow Line, 29 Broadway.

London, Houston St., National Line, 27 State St.

London, Wilson Pier, Brooklyn, Wilson Hill Line, 21 State St.

London, Pier 57, N. R., Atlantic Transport Line, 4 Broadway.

Malaga, Red Cross Line, 112 Pearl St.

Marseilles, Woodruff Stores, Brooklyn, Fabre Line, 47 South St.

Marseilles, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.

Marseilles, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn, 27 S. William St.

Martinique, W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

Matanzas, Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.

Messina, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, Henderson Bros., 7 Bowling Green.

Mobile, Pier 1, N. R., N. Y. and Gulf S.S. Co., 31 Broadway.

Naples, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.

Naples, Woodruff Stores, Brooklyn, Fabre Line, 47 South St.

Nassau, Pine St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.

Nassau, 9 E. R., Bahamas S.S. Co., 63 Pine St.

Newcastle, Eng., Wilson Pier, Brooklyn, Wilson Line, 21 State St.

New Orleans, Pier 9, N. R., Cromwell Line, Pier 9, N. R.

New Orleans, N. Moore St., Southern Pacific Co., foot of N. Moore St. and 343 Broadway.

Norfolk, Beach St., Old Dominion S.S. Co., 235 West St.

Para, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Pernambuco, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Petersburg, Va., Beach St., Old Dominion S.S. Co., 235 West St.

Philadelphia, 33½ and 34 E. R., Pier 33½, E. R.

Port au Prince, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 24 State St.

Portland, Me., Market St., Maine Steamship Co., Pier 38, E. R.

Richmond, Beach St., Old Dominion S.S. Co., 235 West St.

Rio de Janeiro, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.

Rio de Janeiro, *via* Robert Stores, Brooklyn, Sloman's Line, 27 S. William St.

Rio de Janeiro, Martin Stores, Brooklyn, Room 301, Produce Exchange.

Rotterdam, 5th St., Hoboken, Netherlands Line, 39 Broadway and 25 S. William St.

San Francisco, Atlantic and Pacific S.S. Line, 31 Broadway.

Santiago de Cuba, Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.

Santiago de Cuba, Pier 10, E. R.

Savannah, Ga., Canal St., Ocean S.S. Co., Pier 35, N. R., and 317 Broadway.

Shanghai, Pier 54, N. R., 69 Wall St.

St. Augustine, Fla., Pier 49, E. R., St. Augustine S.S. Co., 62 South St.

St. Croix, W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

St. Domingo City, 15 E. R., 5 Bowling Green.

St. Johns, N. F., Warren St., Brooklyn, Red Cross Line, 18 Broadway.

St. John's, Porto Rico, Warren St., Brooklyn, N.Y. and Porto Rico S.S. Co., 76 Beaver St.

St. Kitt's, W. 10th St., Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway.

This table gives first the street from the foot of which the steamships sail, and second the location of the office of the agent.

STEAMSHIPS—*Continued.*

St. Marc, Hayti, 15 E. R., 5 Bowling Green.
St. Marc, Hayti, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 24 State St.
St. Thomas, Robert Stores, Brooklyn, U. S. and Brazil S.S. Co., 19 Whitehall St.
Stettin, 4th St., Hoboken, Thingvalla Line, 25 S. William St. and 28 State St.
Swansea, W. 26th St., Bristol City Line, 25 Whitehall St.
Tampico, Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.
Tampico, Pier 10, E. R.
Trieste, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 7 Bowling Green.
Trinidad, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Trinidad Line, 29 Broadway.
Turks Island, 15, E. R., 5 Bowling Green.
Vera Cruz, Wall St., N. Y., and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.
Washington, D. C., Beach St., Old Dominion Line, 23 West St.
Wilmington, N. C., Pier 29, E. R., 5 Bowling Green and Pier 29, E. R.
Yokohama, Pier 54, N. R., 09 Wall St.

Steamboats

TO LANDINGS ON THE HUDSON RIVER.

Landings.	Pier Foot of Street.	Landings.	Pier Foot of Street.
Albany Day Boat	Vestry, N. R.*	Peekskill	Harrison, N. R.*
Albany, People's Line (night)	Canal, "	Poughkeepsie (Day Line)	Vestry, " *
Albany, Citizens' Line (night)	Christopher, "	Poughkeepsie (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "
Cornwall (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "	Rhinebeck (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, " *
Fishkill Landing	Vestry, "	Rondout (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, " *
Fort Lee	Canal, " *	Rondout (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "
Fort Lee	W. 130th "	Sing Sing	Franklin, "
Hudson (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, "	Tarrytown	Harrison, "
Hyde Park (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "	Tivoli	Jay, "
Milton (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "	Tivoli	Harrison, "
Newburg (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, " *	Troy (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, " *
Newburg (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "	Troy (Citizens' Line)	W. Tenth, "
New Hamburg (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "	West Point (Albany Day Line)	Vestry, " *
New Hamburg	Franklin, "	West Point (Mary Powell)	Vestry, "
Nyack	Harrison, " *	Yonkers	Harrison, " *

* Land also at foot of West Twenty-second Street.

TO LANDINGS NOT ON THE HUDSON RIVER.

Astoria	22 E. R.	New-Haven	Cortland, N. R.
Bay Ridge Ferry	Whitehall, E. R.	New-London	Spring, "
Bedlow's Island	" "	Newport	Murray, "
Blackwell's Island	26th, E. R.	New-Rochelle	Pike, E. R.
Boston *via* Fall River	Murray, N. R.	Perth Amboy	Harrison, N. R.
Boston *via* Norwich	Watts, N. R.	Providence	Spring, "
Boston *via* Stonington	Spring, "	Roslyn	Peck Slip, E. R.*
Bridgeport	Catharine, E. R.	Sag Harbor	Beekman, "
Coney Island	Pier 1, N. R.	Sand's Point	Peck Slip, " *
Fall River	Murray, "	Sandy Hook	Rector, N. R.
Glen Cove	Peck Slip, E. R.*	Saybrook	Peck Slip, E. R.
Governor's Island	Pier 3, E. R.	Seabright	Franklin, N. R.
Greenport	Beekman, E. R.	Shelter Island	Beekman, E. R.
Greenwich, Ct.	Pike, E. R.	South Amboy	Harrison, N. R.
Hartford	Peck Slip, E. R.	South Norwalk	Beekman, E. R.*
Keyport, N. J.	W. 10th, N. R.	Stamford	Pike, E. R.
Long Branch	Franklin, "	Stonington	Spring, N. R.
Martha's Vineyard	Market, E. R.	Whitestone	Beekman, E. R.
New-Bedford	Pier 39, "	Willett's Point	Pier 3, E. R.
New-Brunswick, N. J.	Harrison, N. R.	Worcester	Watts, N. R.
New-Haven	Peck Slip, E. R.		

* Land also at foot of East Thirty-fourth Street.

DISTANCES BETWEEN THE AVENUES.

South of 23d Street.

Aves. D and C	676 ft.	Aves. 4th and 5th	920 ft.
" C and B	676 "	" 5th and 6th	920 "
" B and A	666 "	" 6th and 7th	800 "
" A and 1st	613 "	" 7th and 8th	800 "
" 1st and 2d	650 "	" 8th and 9th	800 "
" 2d and 3d	610 "	" 9th and 10th	800 "
" 3d & Ir. pl.	42c "	" 10th and 11th	800 "
" Ir. pl. & 4th	425 "	" 11th and 12th	800 "

23d to 34th Streets.

Aves. D and C	646 ft.	Aves. Mad. and 5th	420 ft.
" C and B	646 "	" 5th and 6th	920 "
" B and A	646 "	" 6th and 7th	800 "
" A and 1st	613 "	" 7th and 8th	800 "
" 1st and 2d	650 "	" 8th and 9th	800 "
" 2d and 3d	610 "	" 9th and 10th	800 "
" 3d and Lex.	420 "	" 10th and 11th	800 "
" Lex. & 4th	425 "	" 11th and 12th	800 "
" 4th & Mad.	425 "		

34th to 42d Streets.

Aves. D and C	646 ft.	Aves. 3d and Lex	420 ft.
" C and B	646 "	" Lex. and 4th	405 "
" B and A	646 "	" 4th and Mad.	405 "
" A and 1st	613 "	" Mad. and 5th	420 "
" 1st and 2d	650 "	" 5th and 6th	920 "
" 2d and 3d	610 "	" 6th and 7th	800 "
Aves. 6th and 7th	800 ft.	Aves. 9th and 10th	800 ft.
" 7th and 8th	800 "	" 10th and 11th	800 "
" 8th and 9th	800 "	" 11th and 12th	800 "

42d to 110th Streets.

Aves. B and A	646 ft.	Aves. 5th and 6th	920 ft.
" A and 1st	613 "	" 6th and 7th	800 "
" 1st and 2d	650 "	" 7th and 8th	800 "
" 2d and 3d	610 "	" 8th and 9th	800 "
" 3d and Lex.	420 "	" 9th and 10th	800 "
" Lex. & 4th	405 "	" 10th and 11th	800 "
" 4th & Mad.	400 "	" 11th and 12th	800 "
" Mad. & 5th	420 "		

North of 107th Street.

Aves. 10th & 11th 775 ft. | Aves. 11th & 12th. 775 ft.

North of 110th Street.

Aves. B and A	646 ft.	Aves. 5th and 6th	895 ft.
" A and 1st	613 "	" 6th and 7th	750 "
" 1st and 2d	650 "	" 7th and 8th	775 "
" 2d and 3d	610 "	" 8th and 9th	800 "
" 3d & Lex.	420 "	" 9th and 10th	800 "
" Lex. & 4th	405 "	" 10th and 11th	775 "
" 4th & Mad.	400 "	" 11th and 12th	775 "
" Mad. & 5th	420 "		

Madison Avenue to 4th, between 120th and 124th Streets, is 405 feet.

WIDTH OF THE AVENUES AND STREETS.

All the avenues are 100 feet wide, except the following:

Avenue A, south of 23d Street	80 ft.
" B, " "	60 "
" C, " "	80 "
" D, " "	60 "
Boulevard	150 "
Lexington Avenue	75 "
Madison Avenue, south of 42d Street	75 "
" north " "	80 "
" bet. 120th & 124th Sts.	100 "
4th Avenue, north of 34th Street	140 "
6th " " 110th "	150 "
7th " " 110th "	150 "
11th " " 107th "	150 "

All streets are 60 feet wide, except the following, which are 100 feet:

14th	72d	116th	165th
23d	79th	125th	175th
34th	86th	135th	195th
42d	96th	145th	205th
57th	106th	155th	215th

185th Street is 80 feet.
122d Street, west of 9th Avenue, 80 feet.
127th Street, west of 11th Avenue, 100 feet.
110th Street, west of 8th Avenue, 80 feet.

LENGTH OF BLOCKS NORTH OF HOUSTON STREET.

THE DISTANCES BETWEEN

1st	and	3d	Streets are	211	feet	11	inch.	16th	and	21st	Streets are	184	feet	—	inch.
3d	"	5th	"	192	"	1	"	21st	"	42d	"	197	"	6	"
5th	"	6th	"	194	"	1¼	"	42d	"	71st	"	200	"	10	"
6th	"	7th	"	181	"	9	"	71st	"	86th	"	204	"	4	"
7th	"	8th	"	195	"	—	"	86th	"	96th	"	201	"	5	"
8th	"	9th	"	187	"	10	"	96th	"	125th	"	201	"	10	"
9th	"	10th	"	184	"	6½	"	North of 125th			"	199	"	10	"
10th	"	11th	"	189	"	7	"	121st and 122d, W. of 9th Ave.,				191	"	10	"
11th	"	16th	"	206	"	6	"	122d and 123d,			"	191	"	10	"

The monuments on Avenues A, B, C, D—1st, 2d, 3d and 4th—stand in the angle of the northwesterly corners. On 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th Avenues the monuments stand in the angle of the northeasterly corners.

All the above distances are horizontal measures of medium temperature.

The above was prepared by the Bureau of Buildings.

Street Directory.

CROSS STREET CORNER NUMBERS ON BROADWAY, THIRD, FIFTH AND MADISON AVENUES.

BROADWAY.

1 Battery Place.	259 Warren.	658 Bond.	957 E. 23d.	1447 W. 41st.
8 Beaver.	271 Chambers.	681 W. 3d.	957 Fifth Ave.	1467 W. 42d.
27 Morris.	287 Reade.	682 Great Jones.	Madison Square.	1489 W. 43d.
55 Exchange Al.	303 Duane.	694 Fourth.	1099 W. 24th.	1505 W. 44th.
56 Exchange Pl.	317 Thomas.	713 Wash'ton Pl.	1119 W. 25th.	1525 W. 45th.
73 Rector.	318 Pearl.	727 Waverley Pl.	1139 W. 26th.	Seventh Ave.
86 Wall.	334 Worth.	744 Astor Place.	1159 W. 27th.	1549 W. 46th.
106 Pine.	344 Catharine La.	755 Eighth.	1183 W. 28th.	1569 W. 47th.
111 Thames.	348 Leonard.	770 E. 9th.	1203 W. 29th.	1589 W. 48th.
119 Cedar.	362 Franklin.	784 E. 10th.	1227 W. 30th.	1609 W. 49th.
145 Liberty.	378 White.	801 E. 11th.	1251 W. 31st.	1629 W. 50th.
171 Cortlandt.	398 Walker.	824 E. 12th.	1273 W. 32d.	1649 W. 51st.
172 Maiden Lane.	413 Lispenard.	840 E. 13th.	1291 W. 33d.	1665 W. 52d.
184 John.	416 Canal.	858 E. 14th.	Sixth Ave.	1687 W. 53d.
191 Dey.	432 Howard.	Union Square.	1311 W. 34th.	1709 W. 54th.
210 Fulton.	458 Grand.	857 E. 17th.	1329 W. 35th.	1729 W. 55th.
222 Ann.	486 Broome.	871 E. 18th.	1349 W. 36th.	1749 W. 56th.
Vesey.	526 Spring.	887 E. 19th.	1369 W. 37th.	1769 W. 57th.
227 Barclay.	566 Prince.	901 E. 20th.	1391 W. 38th.	1787 W. 58th.
237 Park Alley.	608 Houston.	919 E. 21st.	1409 W. 39th.	1805 W. 59th.
247 Murray.	640 Bleecker.	939 E. 22d.	1429 W. 40th.	Central Park.

FIFTH AVENUE.

1 Wash'ton Sq.	263 29th.	637 51st.	919 73d.	1129 94th.
7 Clinton Place.	281 30th.	653 52d.	929 74th.	1139 95th.
21 9th.	299 31st.	671 53d.	939 75th.	1149 96th.
33 10th.	315 32d.	685 54th.	949 76th.	1159 97th.
41 11th.	331 33d.	703 55th.	959 77th.	1169 98th.
51 12th.	353 34th.	719 56th.	969 78th.	1179 99th.
61 13th.	371 35th.	737 57th.	979 79th.	1189 100th.
67 14th.	387 36th.	651 58th.	989 80th.	1199 101st.
96 15th.	405 37th.	769 59th.	999 81st.	1209 102d.
81 16th.	421 38th.	787 60th.	1009 82d.	1219 103d.
95 17th.	439 39th.	799 61st.	1019 83d.	1229 104th.
107 18th.	457 40th.	809 62d.	1029 84th.	1239 105th.
115 19th.	477 41st.	817 63d.	1039 85th.	1249 106th.
133 20th.	499 42d.	829 64th.	1049 86th.	1259 107th.
147 21st.	511 43d.	839 65th.	1059 87th.	1269 108th.
165 22d.	529 44th.	849 66th.	1069 88th.	1279 109th.
185 23d.	545 45th.	856 67th.	1079 89th.	2002 124th.
Broadway.	561 46th.	869 68th.	1089 90th.	2020 125th.
25th.	575 47th.	879 69th.	1099 91st.	2040 126th.
216 26th.	593 48th.	889 70th.	1109 92d.	2056 127th.
231 27th.	609 49th.	899 71st.	1119 93d.	2076 128th.
249 28th.	623 50th.	909 72d.		

MADISON AVENUE.

1 E. 23d.	330 E. 43d.	708 E. 63d.	1103 E. 83d.	1869 E. 121st.
11 E. 24th.	344 E. 44th.	726 E. 64th.	1121 E. 84th.	1889 E. 122d.
21 E. 25th.	350 E. 45th.	750 E. 65th.	* * *	1909 E. 123d.
37 E. 26th.	E. 46th.	770 E. 66th.	1549 E. 105th.	1929 E. 124th.
60 E. 27th.	E. 47th.	790 E. 67th.	1569 E. 106th.	1949 E. 125th.
78 E. 28th.	412 E. 48th.	811 E. 68th.	1589 E. 107th.	1969 E. 126th.
96 E. 29th.	430 E. 49th.	826 E. 69th.	1609 E. 108th.	1991 E. 127th.
116 E. 30th.	450 E 50th.	846 E. 70th.	1629 E. 109th.	2013 E. 128th.
132 E. 31st.	E. 51st.	E. 71st.	1649 E. 110th.	2029 E. 129th.
150 E. 32d.	E. 52d.	E. 72d.	1669 E. 111th.	2049 E. 130th.
168 E. 33d.	510 E. 53d.	E. 73d.	1689 E. 112th.	2071 E. 131st.
184 E. 34th.	530 E. 54th.	931 E. 74th.	1709 E. 113th.	2099 E. 132d.
198 E. 35th.	540 E. 55th.	951 E. 75th.	1729 E. 114th.	2119 E. 133d.
214 E. 36th.	570 E. 56th.	971 E. 76th.	1749 E. 115th.	2139 E. 134th.
228 E. 37th.	578 E. 57th.	E. 77th.	1769 E. 116th.	2149 E. 135th.
244 E. 38th.	606 E. 58th.	1009 E. 78th.	1789 E. 117th.	E. 136th.
262 E. 39th.	634 E. 59th.	1029 E. 79th.	1809 E. 118th.	E. 137th.
280 E. 40th.	650 E. 60th.	1047 E. 80th.	1829 E. 119th.	E. 138th.
298 E. 41st.	670 E. 61st.	1071 E. 81st.	1849 E. 120th.	Harlem River.
314 E. 42d.	686 E. 62d.	E. 82d.		

STREET DIRECTORY—*Continued.*

THIRD AVENUE.

1 Seventh.	407 E. 32d.	951 E. 57th.	1451 E. 82d.	1943 E. 107th.
Astor Place.	487 E. 33d.	969 E. 58th.	1469 E. 83d.	1965 E. 108th.
19 St. Mark's Pl.	505 E. 34th.*	989 E. 59th.*	1487 E. 84th.*	1981 E. 109th.
28 E. 9th.*	523 E. 35th.	1009 E. 60th.	1505 E. 85th.	2007 E. 110th.
45 E. 10th.	541 E. 36th.	1029 E. 61st.	1525 E. 86th.	2023 E. 111th.
63 E. 11th.	557 E. 37th.	1047 E. 62d.	1545 E. 87th.	2041 E. 112th.
83 E. 12th.	577 E. 38th.	1069 E. 63d.	1565 E. 88th.	2063 E. 113th.
103 E. 13th.	597 E. 39th.	1083 E. 64th.	1583 E. 89th.*	2082 E. 114th.
123 E. 14th.*	617 E. 40th.	1109 E. 65th.	1605 E. 90th.	2100 E. 115th.
145 E. 15th.	635 E. 41st.	1129 E. 66th.	1627 E. 91st.	2123 E. 116th.*.
165 E. 16th.	657 E. 42d.*	1148 E. 67th.*	1643 E. 92d.	2141 E. 117th.
185 E. 17th.	679 E. 43d.	1160 E. 68th.	1657 E. 93d.	2161 E. 118th
203 E. 18th.*	701 E. 44th.	1185 E. 69th.	1677 E. 94th.	2181 E. 119th
223 E. 19th.	721 E. 45th.	1205 E. 70th.	1693 E. 95th.	2199 E. 120th
243 E. 20th.	739 E. 46th.	1229 E. 71st.	1722 E. 96th.	2217 E. 121st.
201 E. 21st.	755 E. 47th.*	1245 E. 72d.	E. 97th.	2241 E. 122d.
281 E. 22d.	773 E. 48th.	1265 E. 73d.	E. 98th.*	2261 E. 123d.
299 E. 23d.*	793 E. 49th.	1289 E. 74th.	1781 E. 99th.	2281 E. 124th.
319 E. 24th.	813 E. 50th.	1309 E. 75th.	1800 E. 100th.	2297 E. 125th.*
337 E. 25th.	835 E. 51st.	1329 E. 76th.*	1816 E. 101st.	2319 E. 126th.
355 E. 26th.	857 E. 52d.	1349 E. 77th.	1843 E. 102d	2339 E. 127th.
373 E. 27th.	875 E. 53d.*	1371 E. 78th.	1861 E. 103d.	2359 E. 128th.
391 E. 28th.*	895 E. 54th.	1389 E. 79th.	1881 E. 104th	2375 E. 129th.*
411 E. 29th.	913 E. 55th.	1409 E. 80th.	1897 E. 105th.	2398 E. 130th.
429 E. 30th.	933 E. 56th.	1433 E. 81st.	1923 E. 106th.*	Harlem River.
449 E. 31st.				

* Elevated railway stations.

Telegraph Rates.

WESTERN UNION RATES FROM NEW-YORK CITY TO PLACES IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

EXPLANATION: Day rate, 30–3, means 30 cents for ten words and 3 cents for each additional word; night rate, 30–2, means 30 cents for ten words and 2 cents for each additional word.

Places.	Rate. Day.	Rate. Night.
ALABAMA	50–3	30–2
ARIZONA	1.00–7	1.00–7
ARKANSAS:		
Helena, Hot Springs, Little Rock, Pine Bluff	50–3	30–2
All other places	60–4	40–3
BRITISH COLUMBIA:		
Vancouver	175–12	160–11
CALIFORNIA	1.00–7	1.00–7
COLORADO	75–5	60–4
CONNECTICUT	25–2	25–1
DELAWARE	25–2	25–1
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	25–2	25–1
FLORIDA	60–4	40–3
GEORGIA	50–3	30–2
IDAHO	1.00–7	1.00–7
ILLINOIS:		
Chicago, Union Stock Yards	40–3	30–2
All other places	50–3	30–2
INDIANA:		
Columbus, Fort Wayne, Indianapolis, Jeffersonville, La Fayette, Logansport, Richmond, Union City	40–3	30–2
All other places	50–3	30–2
INDIAN TERRITORY	75–5	60–4
IOWA:		
Burlington, Clinton, Council Bluffs, Davenport, Des Moines, Dubuque, Fort Madison, Iowa City, Keokuk, Muscatine, Sioux City	50–3	30–2
All other places	60–4	40–3
KANSAS:		
Atchison, Leavenworth	50–3	30–2
All other places	60–4	40–3
KENTUCKY:		
Covington, Louisville, Newport	40–3	30–2
All other places	50–3	30–2
LOUISIANA	60–4	40–3
MAINE	25–2	25–1
MANITOBA	75–5	60–4
MARYLAND:		
Annapolis, Baltimore, Chesapeake City, Chestertown, Cumberland, Elkton, Frederick, Greensboro, Hagerstown, Havre de Grace, Perryville, Port Deposit, Queen Anne, Rolandsville, Singerly, Whitaker	25–2	25–1
All other places	40–3	30–2
MASSACHUSETTS	25–2	25–1
MICHIGAN:		
Ann Arbor, Bay City, Detroit, East Saginaw, Flint, Mount Clemens, Port Huron, Saginaw City, So. Bay City, Ypsilanti	40–3	30–2
All other places	50–3	30–2
MINNESOTA:		
Duluth, Hastings, Minneapolis, Red Wing, St. Paul, Stillwater, Wabasha, Winona	50–3	30–2
All other places	60–4	40–3
MISSISSIPPI	50–3	30–2
MISSOURI:		
Hannibal, Jefferson City, Kan-		

TELEGRAPH RATES—*Continued.*

Offices.	Rate. Day.	Rate. Night.
Missouri—*Continued.*		
sas City, Louisiana, Sedalia, St. Joseph, St Louis	50-3	30-2
All other places	60-4	40-3
Montana	75-5	60-4
Nebraska:		
Omaha	50-3	30-2
All other places	60-4	40-3
Nevada	1.00-7	1.00-7
New Brunswick:		
St. Stephens	35-2	25-1
All other places	50-3	30-2
Newfoundland:		
St. Johns	125-11	125-11
New-Hampshire	25-2	25-1
New-Jersey:		
Bloomfield, Carlstadt, East Orange, Elizabeth, Glen Ridge, Hoboken, Jersey City, Mountain Station, Newark, Orange, Orange Valley, Passaic, Paterson, Rutherford, South Orange, Weehawken	20-1	20-1
All other places	25-2	25-1
New-Mexico	75-5	60-4
New-York:		
Astoria, Brooklyn, Flatbush, Fordham Heights, Governor's Island, High Bridge, Hunter's Point, King's Bridge, Long Island City, Morris Dock, New-York City, Ravenswood, Riverdale, Spuyten Duyvil, Van Cortlandt, William's Bridge, Woodlawn, Yonkers	20-1	20-1
All other places	25-2	25-1
North-Carolina	50-3	30-2
North-Dakota	75-5	60-4
Nova Scotia	50-3	30-2
Ohio:		
Bellaire, Bridgeport, Martin's Ferry	35-2	25-1
All other places	40-3	30-2
Oklahoma Territory	75-5	60-4
Ontario	40-3	30-2
Oregon	1.00-7	1.00-7
Pennsylvania:		
Philadelphia	20-1	20-1
All other places	25-2	25-1
Quebec:		
Stanstead	25-2	25-1
All other places	40-3	30-2
Rhode-Island	25-2	25-1
South-Carolina	50-3	30-2
South-Dakota	75-5	60-4
Tennessee:		
Bristol, Clarksville, Memphis, Nashville	40-3	30-2
All other places	50-3	30-2
Texas:		
Dallas, Denison, Fort Worth, Gainesville, Galveston, Houston, Paris, Sherman, Waco	75-5	50-3
All other places	75-5	60-4
Utah	75-5	60-4
Vermont	25-2	25-1
Virginia:		
Alexandria, Fredericksburg	25-2	25-1
Norfolk, Petersburg, Portsmouth, Richmond, Staunton	35-2	25-1
All other places	40-3	30-2
Washington	1.00-7	1.00-7
West-Virginia:		
Parkersburg, Piedmont, Wheeling	35-2	25-1
All other places	40-3	30-2
Wisconsin	50-3	30-2
Wyoming	75-5	60-4

TELEGRAPH RATES TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

These rates are from New-York City. The address and signature are included in the chargeable matter, and the length of words is limited to ten letters. When a word is composed of more than ten letters, every additional ten or the fraction of ten letters will be counted as a word.

	Per Word.		Per Word.		Per Word.		Per Word.
Algeria	$0.33	Cyprus	$0.58	Martinique	$2.39	Scotland	$0.25
Alexandria	.63	Demerara	3.15	Matanzas	.60	Servia	.37
Antigua	2.20	Denmark	.35	Melbourne	2.54	Shanghai	1.99
Argentine Republic	1.82	England	.25	Mexico City	.30	Sicily	.34
Austria	.36	France	.25	Natal	2.39	Siam	1.43
Bahia (Brazil)	1.89	Germany	.25	Netherlands	.33	Singapore	1.82
Barbadoes	2.63	Gibraltar	.43	New South Wales	2.58	Spain	.39
Belgium	.31	Greece	.40	New Zealand	2.82	St. Thomas	1.96
Bermuda	.81	Guatemala	.77	Norway	.35	Sweden	.39
Bolivia	2.09	Havana	.20	Orange Free State	2.43	Switzerland	.31
Bulgaria	.49	Hayti	1.40	Panama	.97	Sydney, N. S. W.	2.58
Burmah	1.37	Hong Kong	1.99	Penang	1.62	Tangier	.45
Callao	1.89	Hungary	.36	Portugal	.39	Tasmania	2.68
Cairo (Egypt)	.63	India	1.31	Queensland	2.64	Transvaal	2.43
Canton	2.00	Ireland	.25	Rio de Janeiro	1.89	Turkey (Europe)	.39
Cape Colony	2.43	Italy	.34	Roumania	.37	Turkey (Asia)	.49
Ceylon	1 37	Jamaica	1.14	Russia (Europe)	.43	Uruguay	2.00
Chile	2.25	Japan	2.21	Russia (Asia, West)	.68	Venezuela	2.16
Cochin China	1.64	Java	1.92	Russia (Asia, East)	.90	Vera Cruz	.30
Colon	.97	Lima (Peru)	1.72	Santo Domingo	1.90	Victoria (Aus.)	2.54
Corea (Seoul)	2.56	Malta	.39				

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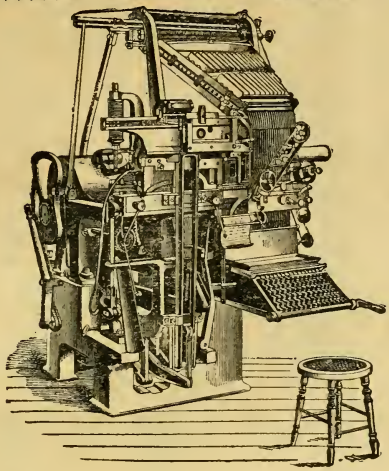

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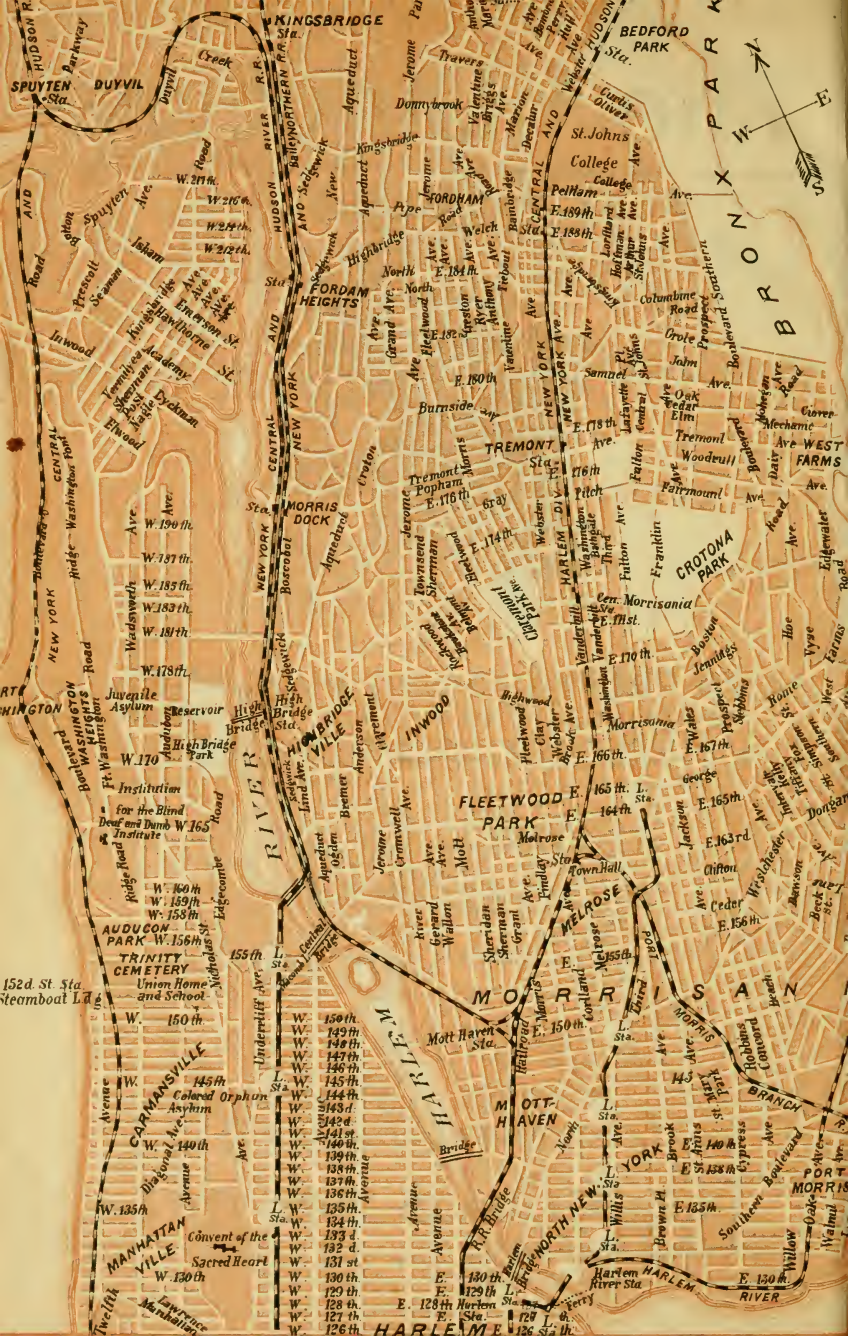
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E. 188th
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Morrisania
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Jennings
Boston
Prospect
Southern
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Ave.
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Fleetwood
Clay
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E. 167th
Walton
Prospect
Sheridan
Jackson
George
E. 165th
E. 164th
E. 163rd
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NEW YORK CENTRAL
Washington Heights
Boulevard
Ft. Washington
Juvenile Asylum
Reservoir
Audubon
High Bridge Park
W. 170
Institution for the Blind Deaf and Dumb Institute
W. 165
W. 160th
W. 159th
W. 158th
AUDUBON PARK W. 156th
TRINITY CEMETERY
Union Home and School
155th
152d. St. Sta.
Steamboat Line
W. 150th
Underclift Ave.
Nicholas Ave.
Edgecombe
Ridge Road
Jerome Ave.
Cromwell Ave.
Morris Ave.
Cortlandt Ave.
Melrose
Bronx Park
Bronx Zoo
Bronx River
Mott Haven Sta.
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Twelfth
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W. 140th
W. 135th
W. 130th
W. 150th
W. 149th
W. 148th
W. 147th
W. 146th
W. 145th
W. 144th
W. 143d.
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W. 190th
W. 187th
W. 185th
W. 183th
W. 181th
W. 178th
W. 174th
W. 171st
W. 169th
W. 167th
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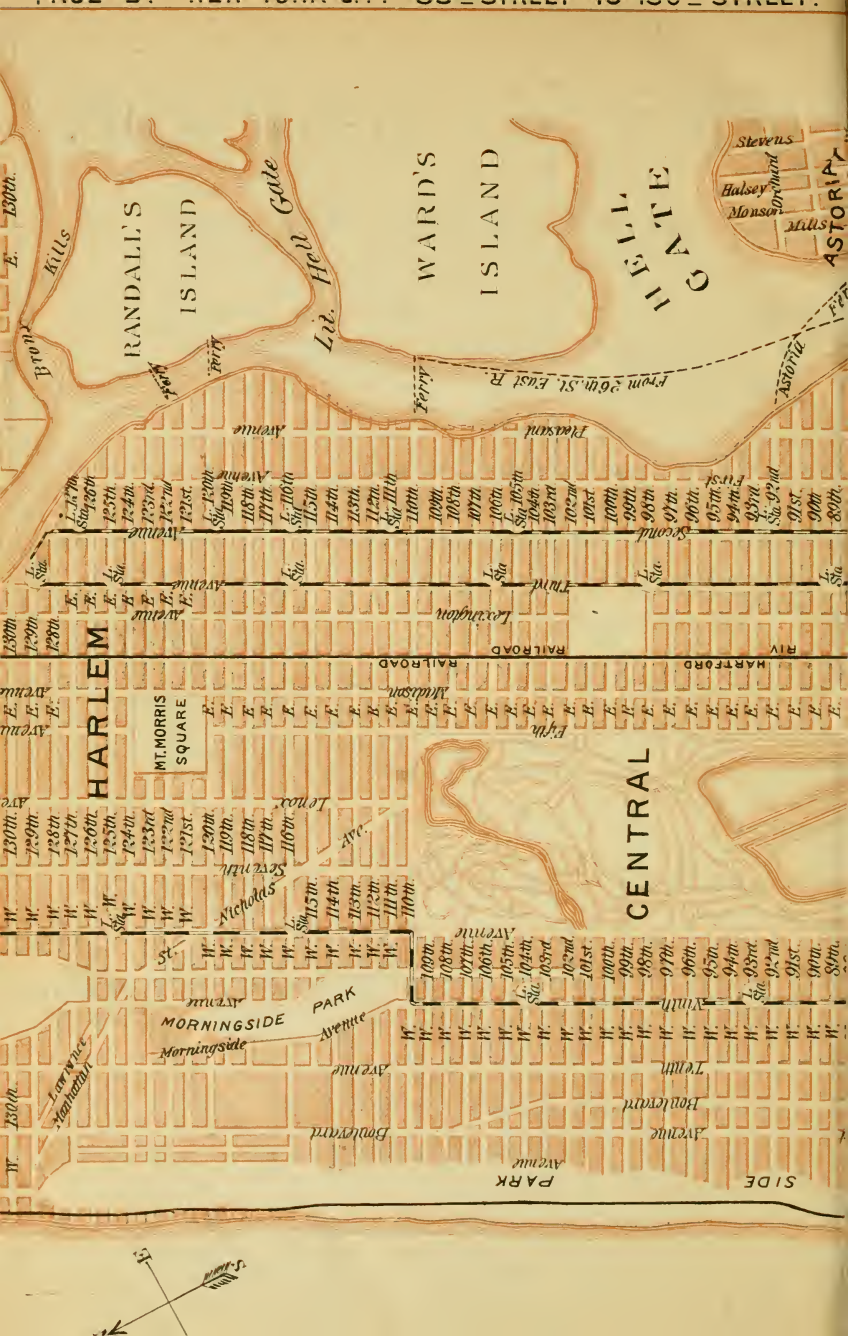
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WARD'S ISLAND
HELL GATE
Lit. Hell Gate
Bronx Kills
Ferry
From 26th St. East R.
Pleasant Avenue
Second Avenue
First Avenue
Third Avenue
Lexington Avenue
Madison Avenue
Fifth Avenue
Lenox Ave.
Seventh Avenue
Nicholas Ave.
Vinth Avenue
Tenth Avenue
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HARLEM
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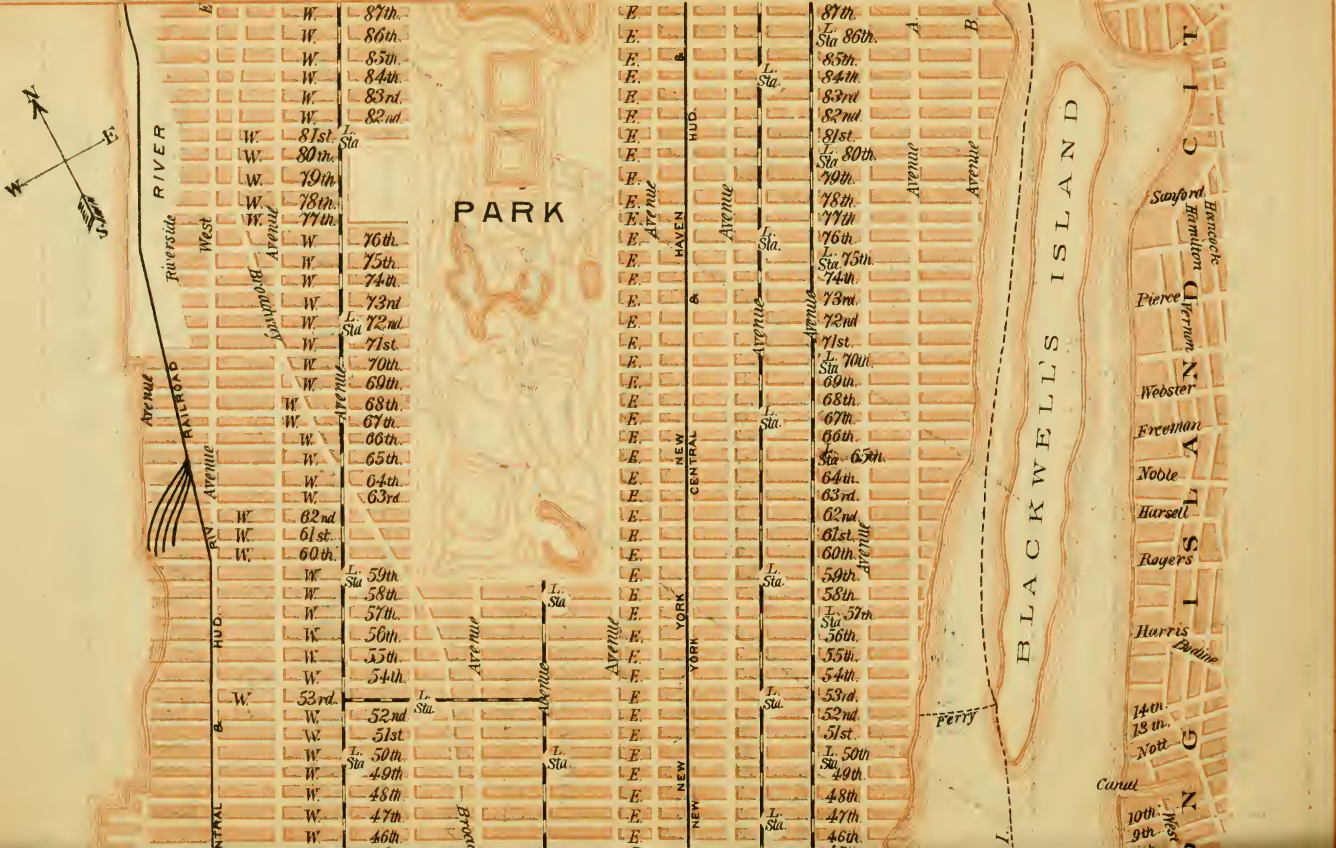
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RIVER
Riverside
West
Avenue
Broadway
Avenue
RAILROAD
NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUD.
NEW HAVEN & HUD.
Avenue
Avenue
Avenue

HUNTER'S POINT
N.Y.W.S. & Buf. Ry.
N.Y.C. & H.R. Freight Depot
Bristol City Line
Atlas Line
S.S. to Antwerp
Iron S.B. Co. to Copenhagen
Hamb. Am. Packet Co.
North German Lloyd Co.
Packet Co.
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Reservoir
Madison Sq.
Gramercy Park
Union Sq.
Washington Park
Washington Pl.
Tompkins Square
St. Marks
St. Jones
Bond
Bleecker
Clinton Pl.
Abingdon Sq.
Greenwich Ave.
Hunter's Pt. Ferry
Ferry to Blackwell's I. & Ward's I.
Long I.R.R. Depot
Flushing
Pigeon
Newtown Creek
Ferry from James Slip N.Y.
Ferry from 4th St. N.Y.
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TRADE MARK
ROOFING 2½
FAY'S PATENT WATER-PROOF MANILLA
CEILING
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A QUARTER OF A CENTURY OLD
FAY'S PATENT
WATER-PROOF
MANILLO-LEATHER
TRADE MARK
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3½
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CEILING
SHEATHING
CARPETING
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ROOFING
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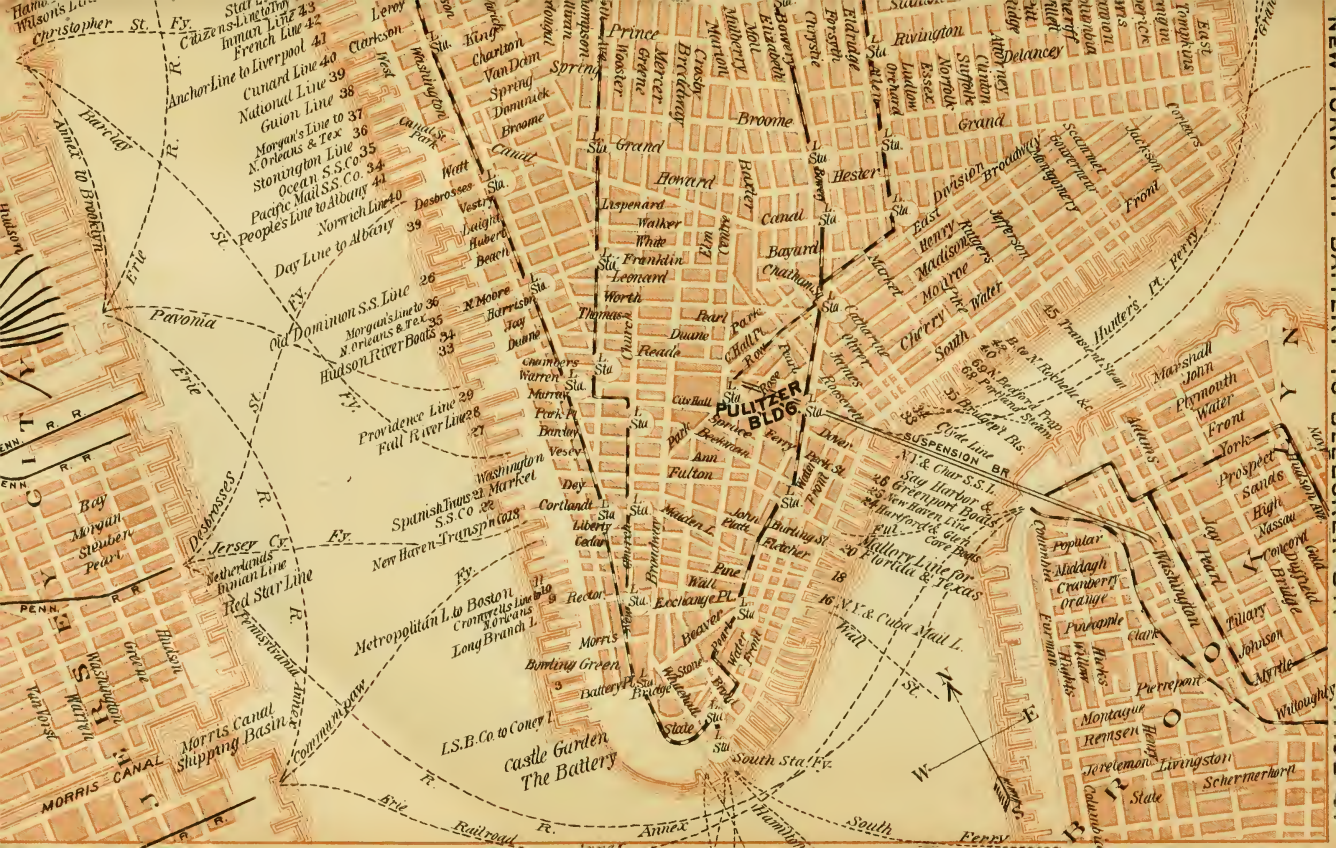
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SUSPENSION BR.
Castle Garden
The Battery
Wilson's Line
Christopher St. Fy.
Citizens Line
Inman Line 43
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Jersey Cr.
Netherlands
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Red Star Line
Pennsylvania
Metropolitan L. to Boston
Cromwell's Line 10
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Long Branch L.
Rector
Morris
Bowling Green
Battery Pl.
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Shipping Basin
Commerce
Greenwich
Washington
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Hudson
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Steuben
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L.S.B. Co. to Coney I.
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Annex
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Prince
Spring
Kings
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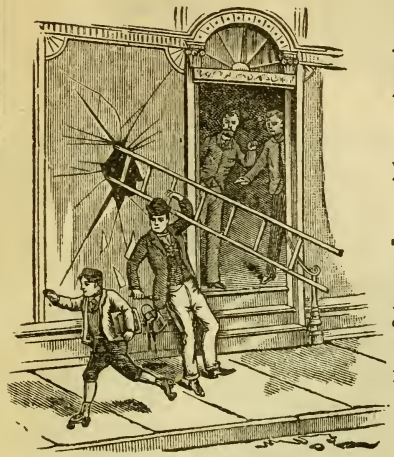

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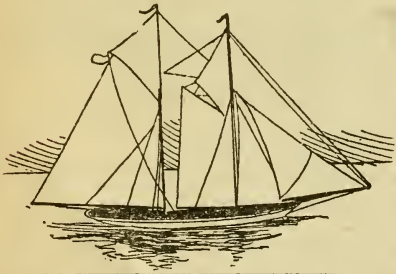

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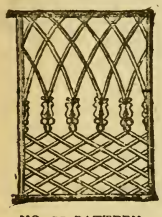

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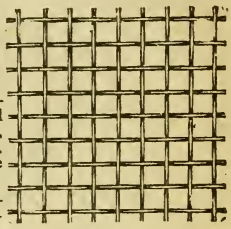

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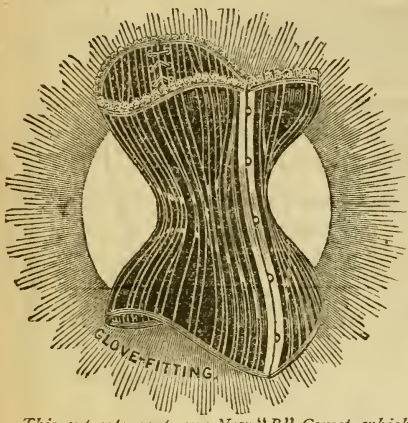

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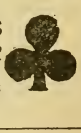

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